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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC. and SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD., Petitioner,

٧.

SMARTFLASH LLC, Patent Owner.

Case CBM2014-00193 Patent 8,061,598 B2

Before JENNIFER S. BISK, RAMA G. ELLURU, GREGG I. ANDERSON, MATTHEW R. CLEMENTS, and PETER P. CHEN, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

CLEMENTS, Administrative Patent Judge.

DECISION Institution of Covered Business Method Patent Review 37 C.F.R. § 42.208

CBM2014-00193 Patent 8,061,598 B2

INTRODUCTION

A. Background

Samsung Electronics America, Inc. and Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. ("Petitioner")¹ filed a Petition requesting covered business method patent review of claim 7 (the "challenged claim") of U.S. Patent No. 8,061,598 (Ex. 1001, "the '598 patent") pursuant to § 18 of the Leahy-Smith America Invents Act ("AIA").² Paper 2 ("Pet."). Smartflash LLC ("Patent Owner") filed a Preliminary Response. Paper 5 ("Prelim. Resp.").

We have jurisdiction under 35 U.S.C. § 324, which provides that a covered business method patent review may not be instituted "unless . . . it is more likely than not that at least 1 of the claims challenged in the petition is unpatentable."

After considering the Petition and Preliminary Response, we determine that the '598 patent is a covered business method patent and that 'Petitioner has demonstrated that it is more likely than not that the challenged claim is unpatentable. Accordingly, we institute a covered business method patent review of claim 7 of the '598 patent.

B. Asserted Grounds

Petitioner contends that the challenged claim is unpatentable under 35 U.S.C. §§ 101 and/or 103 in view of Stefik '235,³ Stefik '980,⁴ and

⁴ U.S. Patent No. 5,629,980 (Ex. 1014) ("Stefik '980")

¹ Samsung Telecommunications America, LLC is listed as a real party-ininterest in the Petition, but merged with and into Samsung Electronics America, Inc., after the filing of the Petition. Paper 6, 1.

² Pub. L. No. 112-29, 125 Stat. 284, 296–07 (2011)

³ U.S. Patent No. 5,530,235 (Ex. 1013) ("Stefik '235")

CBM2014-00193 Patent 8,061,598 B2

Gruse.⁵ Pet. 3. Petitioner also provides a declaration from Jeffrey A. Bloom, Ph.D ("the Bloom Declaration"). Ex. 1003.

C. Related Matters

The parties indicate that the '598 patent is the subject of the following district court cases: *Smartflash LLC v. Apple Inc.*, Case No. 6:13-cv-447 (E.D. Tex.); *Smartflash LLC v. Samsung Electronics Co.*, Case No. 6:13-cv-448 (E.D. Tex.). Pet. 1; Paper 4, 2-3. Patent Owner also indicates that the '598 patent is the subject of a third district court case: *Smartflash LLC v. Google, Inc.*, Case No. 6:14-cv-435 (E.D. Tex.). Paper 4, 3. Related patents claiming priority back to a common series of applications currently are the subject of CBM2014-00102, CBM2014-00106, CBM2014-00108, and CBM2014-00112, filed by Apple Inc. *See* Paper 4, 2–3.

Petitioner filed a concurrent petition for covered business method patent review of the '598 patent: CBM2014-00198 ("the 198 Petition").⁶ In addition, Petitioner filed eight other Petitions for covered business method patent review challenging claims of patents owned by Patent Owner and disclosing similar subject matter: CBM2014-00190; CBM2014-00192; CBM2014-00194; CBM2014-00196; CBM2014-00197; CBM2014-00199; CBM2014-00200; and CBM2014-00204.

⁵ PCT Publication No. WO 00/08909 (Ex. 1006) ("Gruse")

3

⁶ Patent Owner argues that the multiple petitions filed against the '598 patent violate the page limit requirement of 37 C.F.R. § 42.24(a)(iii), but does not cite any authority to support its position. Prelim. Resp. 9–12. The page limit for a petition requesting covered business method patent review is 80 pages (37 C.F.R. § 42.24(a)(iii)), and each of this Petition and the 198 Petition meets that requirement.

CBM2014-00193 Patent 8,061,598 B2

D. The '598 Patent

The '598 patent relates to "a portable data carrier for storing and paying for data and to computer systems for providing access to data to be stored" and the "corresponding methods and computer programs."

Ex. 1001, 1:21–25. Owners of proprietary data, especially audio recordings, have an urgent need to address the prevalence of "data pirates" who make proprietary data available over the internet without authorization. *Id.* at 1:29–55. The '598 patent describes providing portable data storage together with a means for conditioning access to that data upon validated payment. *Id.* at 1:59–2:11. This combination allows data owners to make their data available over the internet without fear of data pirates. *Id.* at 2:11–15.

As described, the portable data storage device is connected to a terminal for internet access. *Id.* at 1:59–67. The terminal reads payment information, validates that information, and downloads data into the portable storage device from a data supplier. *Id.* The data on the portable storage device can be retrieved and output from a mobile device. *Id.* at 2:1–5. The '598 patent makes clear that the actual implementation of these components is not critical, and the alleged invention may be implemented in many ways. *See, e.g., id.* at 25:49–52 ("The skilled person will understand that many variants to the system are possible and the invention is not limited to the described embodiments.").

E. Challenged Claim

Petitioner challenges claim 7 of the '598 patent. Claim 7 depends from claim 1. Claims 1 and 7 recite the following:

4

CBM2014-00193

Patent 8,061,598 B2

1. A portable data carrier comprising:

- an interface for reading and writing data from and to the portable data carrier;
- content data memory, coupled to the interface, for storing one or more content data items on the carrier;
- use rule memory to store one or more use rules for said one or more content data items;
- a program store storing code implementable by a processor;
- and a processor coupled to the content data memory, the use rule memory, the interface and to the program store for implementing code in the program store,
- wherein the code comprises code for storing at least one content data item in the content data memory and at least one use rule in the use rule memory.

Ex. 1001, 25:54–67.

7. A portable data carrier as claimed in claim 1, further comprising payment data memory to store payment data and code to provide the payment data to a payment validation system.

Id. at 26:25-28.

ANALYSIS

A. Claim Construction

In a covered business method patent review, claim terms are given their broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the specification in which they appear and the understanding of others skilled in the relevant art. *See* 37 C.F.R. § 42.300(b); *see also In re Cuozzo Speed Techs., LLC*, No. 2014-1301, 2015 WL 448667, at *7 (Fed. Cir. Feb. 4, 2015) ("We conclude that Congress implicitly adopted the broadest reasonable interpretation standard in enacting the AIA."). Applying that standard, we interpret the claim terms of the '598 patent according to their ordinary and customary meaning in the context of the patent's written description. *See In re Translogic Tech., Inc.*,

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