

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA**

NOVO NORDISK INC. and NOVO  
NORDISK A/S,

Plaintiffs,

v.

VIATRIS INC. and MYLAN  
PHARMACEUTICALS INC.

Defendants.

C.A. No. 1:23-cv-00013-TSK

**PLAINTIFFS' ANSWER TO COUNTERCLAIMS**

Plaintiffs Novo Nordisk Inc. and Novo Nordisk A/S (collectively, “Plaintiffs”), by their undersigned attorneys, for their Answer to the counterclaims of Mylan Pharmaceuticals Inc. (“MPI”) (together with Viatris Inc., the “Defendants”) allege:

**PARTIES**

1. Plaintiffs admit, upon information and belief, based on facts alleged in MPI’s Counterclaims, that MPI purports to have a principal place of business at 3711 Collins Ferry Road, Morgantown, West Virginia 26505.
2. Plaintiffs admit that, by letter to Novo Nordisk Inc. and Novo Nordisk A/S dated December 16, 2022, MPI stated that it was the owner of ANDA No. 27705 (“Defendants’ ANDA”), which MPI submitted to the FDA seeking approval for semaglutide injection, 0.25 mg/0.5 mL, 0.5 mg/0.5 mL, 1 mg/0.5 mL, 1.7 mg/0.75 mL, and 2.4 mg/0.75 mL single-dose prefilled pens (“Defendants’ Proposed ANDA Product”). Plaintiffs otherwise lack knowledge or

information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 2 of the counterclaims and therefore deny those allegations.

3. Plaintiffs admit the allegations of Paragraph 3.

4. Plaintiffs admit the allegations of Paragraph 4.

#### **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

5. Paragraph 5 contains conclusions of law to which no answer is required. To the extent an answer is required, Plaintiffs admit that MPI purports to seek a declaratory judgement under the patent laws, 35 U.S.C. § 100 et seq., and the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2201 et seq., that United States Patent Nos. 8,129,343 (“343 patent”), 8,536,122 (“122 patent”), 9,764,003 (“003 patent”), 10,888,605 (“605 patent”), and 11,318,191 (“191 patent”) (collectively, the “patents-in-suit”) are invalid and/or not infringed. Plaintiffs deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 5.

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

6. Paragraph 6 contains conclusions of law to which no answer is required. To the extent an answer is required, Plaintiffs do not contest that this Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338(a), 2201, and 2202.

7. Paragraph 7 contains conclusions of law to which no answer is required. To the extent an answer is required, Plaintiffs do not contest that this Court has personal jurisdiction in this judicial district for the limited purpose of this action only.

8. Paragraph 8 contains conclusions of law to which no answer is required. To the extent an answer is required, Plaintiffs do not contest venue in this judicial district for the limited purpose of this action only.

9. Plaintiffs admit that an actual and justiciable controversy currently exists between Plaintiffs and Defendants as to the infringement and validity of the patents-in-suit.

### **BACKGROUND**

10. Plaintiffs admit, on information and belief, that MPI (as an agent or alter ego of Viatris), submitted Abbreviated New Drug Application (“ANDA”) No. 217705 (“Defendants’ ANDA”) seeking to obtain FDA approval for semaglutide injection, 0.25 mg/0.5 mL, 0.5 mg/0.5 mL, 1 mg/0.5 mL, 1.7 mg/0.75 mL, and 2.4 mg/0.75 mL single-dose prefilled pens (“Defendants’ Proposed ANDA Product”). Plaintiffs otherwise lack knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the counterclaims and therefore denies those allegations.

11. Plaintiffs admit that NNI holds approved New Drug Application (“NDA”) No. 215256 for WEGOVY® (semaglutide) injection, for subcutaneous use, administered with 0.25 mg/0.5 mL, 0.5 mg/0.5 mL, 1 mg/0.5 mL, 1.7 mg/0.75 mL and 2.4 mg/0.75 mL Pre-filled Single-dose Pens under Section 505(b) of the Federal Food Drug and Cosmetic Act (“FFDCA”).

12. Plaintiffs admit that the patents in suit are listed in FDA’s *Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations* (commonly known as the “Orange Book”) in connection with WEGOVY® and the related NDA No. 215256 and claim at least the drug listed in NDA No. 215256, a method of using, or a kit containing that drug.

13. Plaintiffs admit the allegations of Paragraph 13.

14. Plaintiffs admit the allegations of Paragraph 14.

15. Plaintiffs admit the allegations of Paragraph 15.

16. Plaintiffs admit the allegations of Paragraph 16.

17. Plaintiffs admit the allegations of Paragraph 17.

18. Plaintiffs admit the allegations of Paragraph 18.

19. Plaintiffs admit that Defendants' ANDA purports to provide "Paragraph IV" certifications under 21 U.S.C. §505(j)(2)(A)(vii)(IV) that the patents-in-suit are invalid, unenforceable, and/or will not be infringed by the commercial manufacture, use, or sale of Defendants' Proposed ANDA Product. Plaintiffs deny that the patents-in-suit are invalid, unenforceable, and/or will not be infringed by the commercial manufacture, use, or sale of Defendants' Proposed ANDA Product. Plaintiffs deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 19.

20. Plaintiffs admit that, on December 16, 2022, MPI sent Plaintiffs a letter titled "Notice of Paragraph IV Certification Regarding U.S. Patent Nos.: 8,129,343; 8,536,122; 9,764,003; 10,888,605; and 1,318,191" ("MPI's Notice Letter") that purported to provide Plaintiffs written notice of MPI's Paragraph IV Certifications, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(2)(B) and asserted that the claims of the patents-in-suit are invalid, unenforceable, and/or will not be infringed by Defendants' ANDA or the products or activities described therein. Plaintiffs deny that the claims of the patents-in-suit are invalid, unenforceable, and/or will not be infringed by Defendants' ANDA or the products or activities described therein. Plaintiffs deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 20.

21. Plaintiffs admit that MPI's Notice Letter purported to include legal and factual bases for the Paragraph IV certifications included in Defendants' ANDA, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(2)(B)(iv)(II) and 21 C.F.R. § 314.95(c)(6). Plaintiffs deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 21.

22. Plaintiffs admit they filed the present lawsuit alleging infringement of the patents-in-suit on January 27, 2023. The remaining allegations in Paragraph 22 contain conclusions of

law to which no answer is required. To the extent an answer is required, Plaintiffs admit that, as of the submission of Defendants' ANDA, an actual and justiciable controversy exists between Plaintiffs and Defendants as to the infringement of the patents-in-suit, including as to whether Defendants' Proposed ANDA Product would infringe, induce infringement, or contribute to the infringement of at least one valid and enforceable claim of the patents-in-suit. Plaintiffs deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 22.

**FIRST COUNTERCLAIM: DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NON-INFRINGEMENT**  
**OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,129,343**

23. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference the averments contained in Paragraphs 1-22 of this Answer to MPI's Counterclaims.

24. Plaintiffs deny the allegations of Paragraph 24.

25. Plaintiffs admit that they assert that Defendants' Proposed ANDA Product infringes the claims of the '343 patent and will continue to assert such infringement. Plaintiffs deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 25.

26. Plaintiffs deny the allegations of Paragraph 26.

27. Plaintiffs admit that an actual and justiciable controversy exists between Plaintiffs and Defendants as to infringement of the '343 patent. Plaintiffs deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 27.

28. The allegations in Paragraph 28 contain conclusions of law to which no answer is required. To the extent an answer is required, Plaintiffs deny that Defendants' Proposed ANDA Product does not infringe the claims of the '343 patent. Plaintiffs deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 28.

# Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

## Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

## Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

## Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

## API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

## LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

## FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

## E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.