

# EXHIBIT B

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
WACO DIVISION**

RFCYBER CORP.

Plaintiff,

v.

APPLE INC.,

Defendant.

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Case No. 6:21-CV-00916-ADA

**AGREED PROTECTIVE ORDER**

WHEREAS, Plaintiff RFCyber Corp. and Defendant Apple, Inc., hereafter referred to as “the Parties,”<sup>11</sup> believe that certain information that is or will be encompassed by discovery demands by the Parties involves the production or disclosure of trade secrets, confidential and/or commercially sensitive business information, or other proprietary information;

WHEREAS, the Parties seek a protective order limiting disclosure thereof in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c):

THEREFORE, it is hereby stipulated among the Parties and ORDERED that:

1. Each Party may designate as confidential for protection under this Order, in whole or in part, any document, information, or material that constitutes or includes, in whole or in part, confidential, commercially sensitive, or proprietary information or trade secrets of the Party or a Third Party to whom the Party reasonably believes it owes an obligation of

<sup>11</sup> “Party” or “Parties” mean any party to this case, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel and their support staffs.

confidentiality with respect to such document, information, or material (“Protected Material”). Protected Material shall not include: (i) advertising materials that have been actually published or publicly disseminated; and (ii) materials that show on their face they have been disseminated to the public. Nothing in this Order shall prevent or restrict a Producing Party’s<sup>2</sup> own disclosure or use of its own Protected Material for any purpose, and nothing in this Order shall preclude any Producing Party from showing its Protected Material to an individual who prepared the Protected Material. Designations under this Order shall be made with care and shall not be made absent a good faith belief that the designated material satisfies the criteria set forth below. If it comes to a Producing Party’s attention that designated material does not qualify for protection at all, or does not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, the Producing Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing or changing the designation.

(a) **Designating Written Discovery and Documents and Tangible Things:**

Protected Material includes written discovery, documents (which include “electronically stored information,” as that phrase is used in Federal Rule of Procedure 34) and tangible things. Protected Material shall be designated by the Party producing it by affixing a legend or stamp on such document, information, or material as follows: “CONFIDENTIAL,” “CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” or “CONFIDENTIAL - OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE” (“DESIGNATED MATERIAL”).<sup>3</sup> The words

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<sup>2</sup> “Producing Party” means any Party or non-party that discloses or produces any Discovery Material in this case.

<sup>3</sup> The term DESIGNATED MATERIAL is used throughout this Order to refer to the class of materials designated as “CONFIDENTIAL,” “CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES

“CONFIDENTIAL,” “CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” or “CONFIDENTIAL - OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE” shall be placed clearly on each page of the Protected Material for which such protection is sought (except deposition and hearing transcripts, native files, and videotapes for which such protection is sought prior to production). For digital files being produced, the Producing Party may mark each viewable page or image with the appropriate designation, and mark the medium, container, and/or communication in which the digital files were contained. In the event that original documents are produced for inspection, the original documents shall be presumed “CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” during the inspection and re-designated as appropriate during the copying process.

**(b) Designating Transcripts:** Parties or testifying persons or entities may designate depositions and other testimony with the appropriate designation by indicating on the record at the time the testimony is given or by sending written notice of how portions of the transcript of the testimony is designated within thirty (30) days of receipt of the transcript of the testimony. If no indication on the record is made, all information disclosed during a deposition shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” until the time within which it may be appropriately designated as provided for herein has passed. Any Party that wishes to disclose the transcript, or information contained therein, may provide written notice of its intent to treat the transcript as non-confidential, after which time, any Party that wants to

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ONLY,” or “CONFIDENTIAL - OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE,” individually and collectively.

maintain any portion of the transcript as confidential must designate the confidential portions within fourteen (14) days, or else the transcript may be treated as non-confidential. Any Protected Material that is used in the taking of a deposition shall remain subject to the provisions of this Order, along with the transcript pages of the deposition testimony dealing with such Protected Material. In such cases the court reporter shall be informed of this Order and shall be required to operate in a manner consistent with this Order. For deposition and hearing transcripts, the words “CONFIDENTIAL,” “CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” or “CONFIDENTIAL - OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE” shall be placed on the cover page of the transcript (if not already present on the cover page of the transcript when received from the court reporter) by each attorney receiving a copy of the transcript after that attorney receives notice of the designation of some or all of that transcript as “CONFIDENTIAL,” “CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” or “CONFIDENTIAL - OUTSIDE ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY - SOURCE CODE.” Counsel for any Producing Party shall have the right to exclude from oral depositions, other than the deponent, deponent’s counsel, the reporter and videographer (if any), any person who is not authorized by this Order to receive or access Protected Material based on the designation of such Protected Material. Such right of exclusion shall be applicable only during periods of examination or testimony regarding such Protected Material.

- (c) **Designating Videotaped Depositions:** In the event the deposition is videotaped, the original and all copies of the videotape shall be marked by the video technician

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