

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
WACO DIVISION**

GENTEX CORPORATION and INDIGO
TECHNOLOGIES, LLC,

Plaintiffs,

THALES VISIONIX, INC.,

Involuntary Plaintiff,

v.

FACEBOOK, INC. and FACEBOOK
TECHNOLOGIES, LLC,

Defendants.

Case No. 6:21-cv-00755-ADA

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

AGREED PROTECTIVE ORDER

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs Gentex Corporation ("Gentex") and Indigo Technologies, LLC ("Indigo"), Involuntary Plaintiff Thales Visionix, Inc., and Defendants Meta Platforms, Inc.¹ ("Meta") and Facebook Technologies, LLC ("Facebook Techs."), hereafter referred to as "the Parties," believe that certain information that is or will be encompassed by discovery demands by the Parties involves the production or disclosure of trade secrets, confidential business information, or other proprietary information;

WHEREAS, the Parties seek a protective order limiting disclosure thereof in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c):

THEREFORE, it is hereby agreed among the Parties and ORDERED that:

¹ Effective October 28, 2021, named defendant Facebook, Inc.'s name is now Meta Platforms, Inc.

1. Each Party may designate as confidential for protection under this Order, in whole or in part, any document, information or material that constitutes or includes, in whole or in part, confidential or proprietary information or trade secrets of the Party or a Third Party to whom the Party reasonably believes it owes an obligation of confidentiality with respect to such document, information or material, or the disclosure of which may cause harm to a Party or non-Party ("Protected Material"). Protected Material shall be designated by the Party producing it by affixing a legend or stamp on such document, information or material as follows: "CONFIDENTIAL." The word "CONFIDENTIAL" shall be placed clearly on each page of the Protected Material (except deposition and hearing transcripts and natively produced documents) for which such protection is sought. For deposition and hearing transcripts, the word "CONFIDENTIAL" shall be placed on the cover page of the transcript (if not already present on the cover page of the transcript when received from the court reporter) by each attorney receiving a copy of the transcript after that attorney receives notice of the designation of some or all of that transcript as "CONFIDENTIAL." For natively produced Protected Material, the word "CONFIDENTIAL" shall be placed in the filename of each such natively produced document, and shall be included on any slipsheets when produced. Further, any Party when printing such natively produced Protected Material must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page of any printed copy thereof.
2. Any document produced before issuance of this Order, including pursuant to the Court's Order Governing Proceedings - Patent Case, with the designation "Confidential" or the like shall receive the same treatment as if designated CONFIDENTIAL under this order and any such documents produced with the designation "Confidential - Attorneys' Eyes Only" shall receive the same treatment as if designated "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS'

EYES ONLY" under this Order, unless and until such document is redesignated to have a different classification under this Order.

3. With respect to documents, information or material designated "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE" ("DESIGNATED MATERIAL"),² subject to the provisions herein and unless otherwise stated, this Order governs, without limitation: (a) all documents, electronically stored information, and/or things as defined by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; (b) all pretrial, hearing or deposition testimony, or documents marked as exhibits or for identification in depositions and hearings; (c) pretrial pleadings, exhibits to pleadings and other court filings; (d) affidavits; and (e) stipulations.³ All copies, reproductions, extracts, digests, and complete or partial summaries prepared from any DESIGNATED MATERIALS shall also be considered DESIGNATED MATERIAL and treated as such under this Order. The protections conferred by this Order do not cover the following information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the receiving Party after the disclosure

² The term DESIGNATED MATERIAL is used throughout this Protective Order to refer to the class of materials designated as "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE," both individually and collectively.

³ For the avoidance of doubt, where the accuracy of information is confirmed only through the review of DESIGNATED MATERIAL, the fact that such information is accurate is DESIGNATED MATERIAL. For example, the accuracy of unsubstantiated media speculations or rumors that are later confirmed to be accurate through access to DESIGNATED MATERIAL is not public information.

from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the designating Party.

4. A designation of Protected Material (i.e., "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE") may be made at any time. Inadvertent or unintentional production of documents, information or material that has not been designated as DESIGNATED MATERIAL shall not be deemed a waiver in whole or in part of a claim for confidential treatment. In the event that a producing Party inadvertently fails to designate Protected Material, the producing Party shall promptly give written notice of such inadvertent production after discovering it (the "Inadvertent Production Notice") and shall promptly reproduce copies of the Protected Material that are labeled with the appropriate confidentiality designation. Upon receipt of an Inadvertent Production Notice and properly labeled Protected Material, the receiving Party shall promptly destroy the inadvertently produced Protected Material and all copies thereof or return such together with all copies of such Protected Material to counsel for the producing Party. Should the receiving Party choose to destroy such inadvertently produced Protected Material, the receiving Party shall notify the producing Party in writing of such destruction within 14 calendar days of receipt of written notice of the Inadvertent Production Notice and properly labeled Protected Material. This provision is not intended to apply to any inadvertent production of any document, material, or testimony protected by attorney-client or work product privileges.
5. "CONFIDENTIAL" documents, information and material may be disclosed only to the following persons, except upon receipt of the prior written consent of the designating Party, upon order of the Court, or as set forth in paragraph 12 herein:

- (a) outside counsel of record in this Action⁴ for the Parties;
- (b) employees of such counsel assigned to and reasonably necessary to assist such counsel in the litigation of this Action;
- (c) up to three (3) in-house counsel for the Parties who are members of good standing of at least one state bar and have responsibility for making decisions dealing directly with the litigation of this Action;
- (d) outside consultants or experts⁵ (*i.e.*, not an existing employee or contractor of a Party, an affiliate of a Party, a current employee or contractor of a Party's competitor,⁶ or—at the time of retention—any person who is anticipated to become an employee or contractor of a Party or of a Party's competitor) retained for the purpose of this litigation, provided that: (1) such consultants or experts are not presently employed by the Parties hereto for purposes other than this Action⁷; (2)

⁴ This "Action" means Case No. 6:21-cv-00755-ADA.

⁵ For any such person, the curriculum vitae shall identify (i) the full name of the consultant or expert and the city or state of his or her primary residence, (ii) his/her current employer(s), (iii) each person or entity from whom s/he has received compensation or funding for work in his or her areas of expertise or to whom the s/he has provided professional services, including in connection with a litigation, at any time during the preceding five years; (iv) (by name and number of the case, filing date, and location of court) any litigation in connection with which s/he has offered expert testimony, including through a declaration, report, or testimony at a deposition or trial, during the preceding five years; and (v) any patents or patent applications in which the expert or consultant is identified as an inventor or applicant, is involved in prosecuting or maintaining, or has any pecuniary interest. If such consultant or expert believes any of this information is subject to a confidentiality obligation to a third party, then s/he should provide whatever information can be disclosed without violating any confidentiality agreements, and the Party seeking to disclose Protected Material to the consultant or expert shall be available to meet and confer with the designating Party regarding any such engagement.

⁶ For purposes of this paragraph, a competitor is a for-profit business that operates in the virtual, augmented, or mixed-reality space in the fields of entertainment or consumer products.

⁷ For avoidance of doubt, an independent expert or consultant retained (as opposed to employed) by a Party on another litigation would not be precluded under this section.

Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.