# EXHIBIT 10



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the standard definition of "non-volatile" memory [is] memory that is maintained even when the power is removed from the storage system (Exhibit 13, 6/21/01 Office Action, p. 108.)

This definition is the same as the meaning understood by those skilled in the art. (Exhibit 11, p. 94.) The Defendants have not included this limitation in their proposed construction.

The parties have also exchanged constructions for "volatile memory area" in which the parties essentially agree is "memory that is not maintained when the power is removed from the storage system."

#### B. <u>"program" / "software program" / "application software program"</u>

Defendants' construction of these terms is entirely motivated by their search for an infringement defense. Every person of skill in the computer field knows exactly what a "program" is: a set of instructions that can be executed by a computer. The '941 patent uses the term "program" broadly to include "software" (Ex. 1, '941 patent, col. 1, line 8, col. 1, line 13, col. 4, line 42) or an "application" (Ex. 1, '941 patent, col. 1, lines 53-54, col. 2, lines 29-30, col. 2, line 37, col. 2, lines 48-56, col. 3, line 40, col. 4, lines 44). The Microsoft Computer Dictionary defines the term "program" as "a sequence of instructions that can be executed by a computer," and that the term "program" is "also called software." (Ex. 11, p. 95.)

In this litigation, however, the defendants seeks to *exclude* the "operating system" from the scope of <u>all three</u> of these terms:

software that performs a specific task by interacting with the operating system through an API (application programming interface). (Italics added.)



in a manner different from the plain import of its terms.") These are all terms that defendants' conjured to avoid infringement, contrary to controlling law. <sup>5</sup>

### C. <u>"selecting a program residing in the volatile memory"</u>

Ancora's Construction	<b>Defendants' Construction</b>
running a program in the volatile	choosing from a group of programs
memory	that have been loaded into the
	computer's volatile memory

Briefly, this step is performed when the claimed "program" discussed above is run on the computer. The specification states: "the specified program is run on the specified computer." (Ex. 1, col. 1, lines 60-61.) The defendants, however, propose:

choosing from *a group of programs* that have been loaded into the computer's volatile memory.

(Italics added.)

The only dispute is the Defendants' proposed limitation that there must be a "group" of different loaded programs from which one must be "chosen." The terms "group" and "choosing" are not used anywhere in the '941 patent.

This construction, like the others, is engineered to avoid infringement by excluding the possibility that only <u>one</u> program (such as Microsoft's accused operating system at computer startup) is loaded into memory for execution. This is another improper exclusionary construction having no basis whatsoever in the intrinsic record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> It is unclear at this time how the Defendants' proposed constructions for "program," "software," and "application" differ, if at all. Accordingly, Ancora reserves the right to substantively respond to the Defendants' positions on these terms in Ancora's Response to Defendants' Opening Claim Construction Brief.



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