

I. U.S. Pat. No. 8,385,966

Disputed Claim	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>1</sup>	Court's Construction
A method comprising: using a processor to initialize for $i=0$ a first power control adjustment state $g(i)$ for an uplink control channel and a second power control adjustment state $f(i)$ for an uplink shared channel to each reflect an open loop power control error;	"preamble power"  No construction necessary.	"preamble power"  "a transmit power of a preamble sent on an access channel"	
using the processor to compute an initial transmit power for the uplink shared channel using all path loss compensation, <b>herein the initial transmit power depends on a preamble power of a first message sent on an access channel and the second power control adjustment state <math>f(0)</math></b> ; and	"wherein the initial transmit power depends on a preamble power of a first message sent on an access channel and the second power control adjustment state $f(0)$ "  No construction necessary.	"wherein the initial transmit power depends on a preamble power of a first message sent on an access channel and the second power control adjustment state $f(0)$ "  "wherein the initial transmit power takes into account both the preamble power and the second power control adjustment state $f(0)$ "	
sending from a transmitter a third message on the uplink shared channel at the initial	"wherein the second power control adjustment state $f(i)$ for $i=0$ is initialized as:  $P_{0-UE-PUSCH} + f(0) = \Delta P_{PC} + \Delta P_{rampup}$ "  No construction necessary.	"wherein the second power control adjustment state $f(i)$ for $i=0$ is initialized as:  $P_{0-UE-PUSCH} + f(0) = \Delta P_{PC} + \Delta P_{rampup}$ "  "wherein $f(0)$ is calculated	

<sup>1</sup> Defendants consist of AT&T Mobility LLC; LG Electronics, Inc.; LG Electronics USA, Inc.; Cellco Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless; Sprint Solutions, Inc.; Sprint Spectrum L.P.; Boost Mobile, LLC; T-Mobile USA, Inc.; T-Mobile US, Inc.; Sony Mobile Communications (USA) Inc.; and Kyocera Communications, Inc. Each Defendant proposes constructions only with respect to the claims asserted against that Defendant.

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EXHIBIT A PUR 4516 CLAIM CONSTRUCTION CHART

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<p>transmit power;</p> <p><i>herein the second power control adjustment state <math>f(i)</math> for <math>i=0</math> is initialized as:</i></p> <p><math>P_{0-UE-PUSCH} + f(0) = \Delta P_{PC} + \Delta P_{rampup}</math>;</p>	<p>Alternatively, "wherein the second power control adjustment state <math>f(i)</math> for <math>i=0</math> is set such that <math>P_{0-UE-PUSCH} + f(0) = \Delta P_{PC} + \Delta P_{rampup}</math>"</p>	<p>from the values of <math>P_{0-UE-PUSCH}</math>, <math>\Delta P_{PC}</math>, and <math>\Delta P_{rampup}</math> by calculating a sum of <math>f(0)</math> and <math>P_{0-UE-PUSCH}</math> and a sum of <math>\Delta P_{PC}</math> and <math>\Delta P_{rampup}</math> and equating the two calculated sums"</p>	
<p>which:</p> <p><math>P_{0-UE-PUSCH}</math> is a power control constant for the uplink shared channel that is specific for a user equipment executing the method;</p> <p><math>P_{rampup}</math> is a ramp-up power for preamble transmissions; and</p> <p><math>P_{PC}</math> is a power control command indicated in a second message that is received in response to sending the first message.</p>	<p>"<math>\Delta P_{PC}</math>"</p> <p>No construction necessary.</p>	<p>"<math>\Delta P_{PC}</math>"</p> <p>"the difference between a target preamble power and a power actually observed at a base station"</p>	
<p>The method according to claim 1, wherein the first message comprises a random access request message, the</p>	<p>"preamble power"</p> <p>No construction necessary.</p>	<p>"preamble power"</p> <p>"a transmit power of a preamble sent on an access channel"</p>	

EXHIBIT A - PUR 4516 CLAIM CONSTRUCTION CHART

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<p>method further comprising:</p> <p>computing the <i>preamble power</i> using full path loss compensation,</p> <p>sending from the transmitter on the access channel the first message and in response receiving at a receiver a second message that comprises an indication of resources on which the third message is sent;</p> <p>and after sending the third message, the method further comprises using the processor to compute an updated transmit power for the uplink shared channel using fractional power control and sending from the transmitter a subsequent message on the uplink shared channel using the updated transmit power.</p>			
<p>The method according to claim 1, <i>wherein the first power control adjustment state (i) for i=0 is initialized as:</i></p>	<p>“wherein the first power control adjustment state g(i) for i=0 is initialized as:  <math>P_{0-UE-PUCCH} + g(0) = \Delta P_{PC} + \Delta P_{rampup}</math>”</p>	<p>“wherein the first power control adjustment state g(i) for i=0 is initialized as:  <math>P_{0-UE-PUCCH} + g(0) = \Delta P_{PC} + \Delta P_{rampup}</math>”</p>	

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<p><math>P_{O\_UE\_PUSCH} + g(0) = \Delta P_{PC} + \Delta P_{rampup}</math>;</p> <p>herein: <math>P_{O\_UE\_PUSCH}</math> is a power control constant for the uplink control channel power that is specific for a user equipment executing the method.</p>	<p>No construction necessary.</p> <p>Alternatively, "wherein the first power control adjustment state <math>g(i)</math> for <math>i=0</math> is set such that <math>P_{O\_UE\_PUSCH} + g(0) = \Delta P_{PC} + \Delta P_{rampup}</math>"</p>	<p>"wherein <math>g(0)</math> is calculated from the values of <math>P_{O\_UE\_PUSCH}</math>, <math>\Delta P_{PC}</math>, and <math>\Delta P_{rampup}</math> by calculating a sum of <math>g(0)</math> and <math>P_{O\_UE\_PUSCH}</math> and a sum of <math>\Delta P_{PC}</math> and <math>\Delta P_{rampup}</math> and equating the two calculated sums"</p>	
<p>The method according to claim 1,</p> <p>herein the initial transmit power <math>P_{Msg3}</math> of the third message for <math>i=0</math> is equal to:</p> <p><math>P_{Msg3} = \min\{P_{max}, P_{preamble} + \Delta_0, P_{preamble} - M_{msg3} + \Delta_{PC} - M_{msg3} + 10 \log_{10}(M_{PUSCH}(i)) + \Delta_{TF}(TF(i))\}</math>;</p> <p>which:</p> <p><math>P_{MAX}</math> is a maximum allowed transmission power;</p> <p><math>P_{preamble}</math> is the <i>preamble power</i> of the first message;</p> <p><math>M_{PUSCH}(i)</math> is determined from an uplink resource allocation of</p>	<p>"preamble power"</p> <p>No construction necessary.</p> <p>"wherein the initial transmit power <math>P_{Msg3}</math> of the third message for <math>i=0</math> is equal to:</p> <p><math>P_{Msg3} = \min\{P_{max}, P_{preamble} + \Delta_0, P_{preamble} - M_{msg3} + \Delta_{PC} - M_{msg3} + 10 \log_{10}(M_{PUSCH}(i)) + \Delta_{TF}(TF(i))\}</math>"</p> <p>No construction necessary. Not indefinite.</p>	<p>"preamble power"</p> <p>"a transmit power of a preamble sent on an access channel"</p> <p>"wherein the initial transmit power <math>P_{Msg3}</math> of the third message for <math>i=0</math> is equal to:</p> <p><math>P_{Msg3} = \min\{P_{max}, P_{preamble} + \Delta_0, P_{preamble} - M_{msg3} + \Delta_{PC} - M_{msg3} + 10 \log_{10}(M_{PUSCH}(i)) + \Delta_{TF}(TF(i))\}</math>"</p> <p>Indefinite.</p>	

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<p>second message received in response to sending the first message;</p> <p><math>TF(TF(i))</math> is calculated from received signaling;</p> <p><math>PC - Msg3</math> is indicated by a power control command received at the receiver; and</p> <p><math>0,preamble - Msg3</math> is an offset from the <i>preamble power</i>.</p>			
<p>A computer readable memory storing a computer program that when executed by processor results in actions comprising:</p>	<p>“preamble power”</p> <p>No construction necessary.</p>	<p>“preamble power”</p> <p>“a transmit power of a preamble sent on an access channel”</p>	
<p>initializing for <math>i=0</math> a first power control adjustment state <math>g(i)</math> for an uplink control channel and a second accumulation power control adjustment state <math>f(i)</math> for an uplink shared channel to each reflect an open loop power control error;</p> <p>computing an initial transmit power for the uplink shared channel using full path loss</p>	<p>“wherein the initial transmit power depends on a preamble power of a first message sent on an access channel and the second power control adjustment state <math>f(0)</math>”</p> <p>No construction necessary.</p>	<p>“wherein the initial transmit power depends on a preamble power of a first message sent on an access channel and the second power control adjustment state <math>f(0)</math>”</p> <p>“wherein the initial transmit power takes into account both the preamble power and the second power control adjustment state <math>f(0)</math>”</p>	

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