Case 5:19-cv-00036-RWS Document 442-3 Filed 07/24/20 Page 1 of 7 PageID #: 24418

# **EXHIBIT 2**

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### (12) United States Patent Schiffer

#### (54) METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR CONTROLLING ACCESS TO A COMPUTER SYSTEM

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- (52) U.S. Cl. ..... 455/410; 455/419; 455/411; 455/424; 455/426.1; 455/269; 455/418; 455/420
- (58) Field of Search ...... 455/419, 411, 455/129, 269, 410, 418, 420

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#### (45) Date of Patent: Mar. 22, 2005

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#### (57)ABSTRACT

For one embodiment, a short-range, wireless communication link, such as a Bluetooth link, is established between a mobile phone and a computer system. The mobile phone transmits an access code via the link to the computer system. The access code is generated using data stored in the subscriber identity module (SIM) in the mobile phone. Access to the computer system is granted in response to receiving the access code. In this manner, the SIM is used not only to identify the user during cellular phone calls (or other long-range, wireless communication) but also to authenticate the user and to gain access to a computer system.

#### 16 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets



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Figure 1

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#### METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR **CONTROLLING ACCESS TO A COMPUTER** SYSTEM

The present invention relates to computer systems and 5 more particularly to controlling access to a computer system by granting access to a user having a device that wirelessly transmits an access code.

#### BACKGROUND

Computer systems, from small handheld electronic devices to medium-sized mobile and desktop systems to large servers and workstations, are becoming increasingly pervasive in our society. As such, people are becoming more reliant on computer systems to store and access information, much of which may be confidential. To maintain the confidentiality of this information, some computer systems may be voluntarily "locked" or "secured" by a user. When a computer system is locked, access to the computer system 20 may be limited. This not only serves to maintain the confidentiality of information stored on the computer system but also deters theft of the computer system.

One way in which access to a computer system may be limited is by password-protecting the system. In a password- $_{25}$ protected computer system, access to the system is only granted to a user that enters a proper password. One advantage to this type of protection mechanism is that the user need not carry special security devices, such as keys or cards, to gain access to the computer system. The user need only remember a password. Another advantage to this type of protection is that different levels of access may be granted according to the password entered.

Unfortunately, password-protected computer systems may not be secure. There are a number of ways to crack a 35 password-protected computer system. For example, a thief or spy may surreptitiously observe a user when the user enters their password. Later, the thief may simply steal the computer system, confident in the knowledge that the system can be unlocked by the thief by entering the observed 40 having data stored therein. A protected memory region is a password. This security problem is particularly of concern to mobile computer users. Alternatively, the spy may log onto the computer system in the user's absence using the observed password. The spy may then access confidential information without the user knowing that their security has 45 ever been compromised.

The present invention addresses this and other problems associated with the prior art.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention is illustrated by way of example and not limitation in the accompanying figures in which like references indicate similar elements and in which:

FIG. 1 is a system formed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG. 2 is a flow chart showing a method of the present invention:

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

In accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, the subscriber identity module (SIM) in a user's mobile phone is used to gain access to a locked computer system. Initially, access to the computer system is limited. When a user with a mobile phone comes into short-range, 65 wireless communication range of the computer system, a short-range, wireless communication link is automatically

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established (i.e. established without user intervention). This short-range, wireless communication link may be a Bluetooth\* link. (\*Trademarks and trade names are the property of their respective owners.)

For one embodiment, the computer system transmits information to the mobile phone via the wireless link to indicate that access to the computer system is limited. In response, the mobile phone transmits an access code back to the computer system via the link. This access code is <sup>10</sup> generated using data stored in the SIM in the mobile phone. After the computer system verifies the access code, access to the computer system is granted in response to receiving the access code.

In this manner, the SIM is used not only to identify the user during cellular phone calls (or other long-range, wireless communication) but also to authenticate the user to the computer system. Note that for one embodiment, the user may authenticate himself or herself to the mobile phone by, for example, entering a password into the mobile phone.

A more detailed description of embodiments of the present invention, including various configurations and implementations, is provided below.

FIG. 1 is a system formed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. Mobile phone 100 includes long-range transceiver circuit 102 along with short-range transceiver circuit 103, both coupled to SIM 101. Keypad 105 is also coupled to SIM 101. Computer system 110 includes short-range transceiver circuit 111, coupled to processor 112, which is coupled to memory 113.

Mobile phone 100 of FIG. 1 may be any mobile phone capable of long-range communication. For example, for one embodiment, mobile phone 100 is a cellular phone, in which case long-range transceiver circuit 102 may communicate with a cell base. For another embodiment, mobile phone 100 is a satellite phone, in which case long-range transceiver circuit 102 may communicate with a satellite or relay station.

SIM 101 of FIG. 1 includes a protected memory region memory region that is not generally modifiable by typical users. Thus, important information may be securely stored in the protected memory region of SIM 101 with a low risk of being compromised. The data stored in the protected memory region of SIM 101 includes the subscriber identity number associated with the user of mobile phone 100. This subscriber identity number may be securely programmed into SIM 101 by the manufacturer or distributor of mobile phone 100.

The subscriber identity number may be unique to each mobile phone or mobile phone account holder. This number is used to uniquely identify the mobile phone subscriber when a mobile phone call (e.g. a cellular phone call) is placed via long-range transceiver circuit 102 of FIG. 1. The subscriber identity number is wirelessly communicated, along with the user's voice/data communication, via longrange transceiver circuit 102. The phone company then uses this subscriber identity number to bill the proper account holder.

As described in more detail below, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, data stored in the protected memory region of SIM 101 of FIG. 1, including the subscriber identity number, is used to wirelessly authenticate the user to computer system 110 by transmitting an access code. Once the access code is verified, authentication is complete, and computer system **110** grants access to the user. Thus, the data in SIM 101 that is already used by the

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