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Additional inventors are being named on the <u>1</u> separately numbered sheets attached hereto.		
TITLE OF THE INVENTION (500 characters max): HERBICIDE-TOLERANT PLANTS		
Direct all correspondence to: CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS		
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PTO/SB/16 (12-08)

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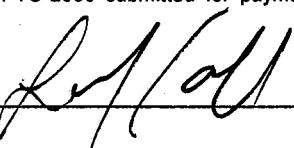
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Date July 16, 2010

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Docket Number: B248 1010.P2

**SUPPLEMENTAL SHEET TO
PROVISIONAL APPLICATION COVER SHEET (PTO/SB/16)
(Page 1 of 1)**

First Named Inventor	Scots L. Mankin	Docket Number	B248 1010.P1
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HERBICIDE-TOLERANT PLANTS

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

- [0001] Rice is one of the most important food crops in the world, particularly in Asia. Rice is a cereal grain produced by plants in the genus *Oryza*. The two most frequently cultivated species are *Oryza sativa* and *Oryza glaberrima*, with *O. sativa* being the most frequently cultivated domestic rice. In addition to the two domestic species, the genus *Oryza* contains more than 20 wild species. One of these wild species, *Oryza rufipogon* ("red rice" also referred to as *Oryza sativa* subsp. *rufipogon*) presents a major problem in commercial cultivation. Red rice produces red coated seeds. After harvest, rice seeds are milled to remove their hull. After milling, domestic rice is white while wild red rice appears discolored. The presence of discolored seeds reduces the value of the rice crop. Since red rice belongs to the same species as cultivated rice (*Oryza sativa*), their genetic makeup is very similar. This genetic similarity has made herbicidal control of red rice difficult.
- [0002] Domestic rice tolerant to imidazolinone herbicides have been developed and are currently marketed under the tradename CLEARFIELD®. Imidazolinone herbicides inhibit a plant's acetohydroxyacid synthase (AHAS) enzyme. When cultivating CLEARFIELD® rice, it is possible to control red rice and other weeds by application of imidazolinone herbicides. Unfortunately, imidazolinone herbicide-tolerant red rice and weeds have developed.
- [0003] Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase; EC 6.4.1.2) enzymes synthesize malonyl-CoA as the start of the de novo fatty acid synthesis pathway in plant chloroplasts. ACCase in grass chloroplasts is a multifunctional, nuclear-genome-encoded, very large, single polypeptide, transported into the plastid via an N-terminal transit peptide. The active form in grass chloroplasts is a homomeric protein, likely a homodimer.
- [0004] ACCase enzymes in grasses are inhibited by three classes of herbicidal active ingredients. The two most prevalent classes are aryloxyphenoxypropanoates ("FOPs") and cyclohexanediones ("DIMs"). In addition to these two classes, a third class phenylpyrazolines ("DENs") has been described.

[0005] A number of ACCase-inhibitor-tolerance (AIT) mutations have been found in monocot weed species exhibiting tolerance toward one or more DIM or FOP herbicides. Further, an AIT maize has been marketed by BASF. All such mutations are found in the carboxyltransferase domain of the ACCase enzyme, and these appear to be located in a substrate binding pocket, altering access to the catalytic site.

[0006] DIMs and FOPs are important herbicides and it would be advantageous if rice could be provided that exhibits tolerance to these classes of herbicide. Currently, these classes of herbicide are of limited value in rice agriculture. In some cases, herbicide-tolerance-inducing mutations create a severe fitness penalty in the tolerant plant. Therefore, there remains a need in the art for an AIT rice that also exhibits no fitness penalty. This need and others are met by the present invention.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] The present invention relates to herbicide-tolerant plants and methods of producing and treating herbicide-tolerant plants. In one embodiment, the present invention provides a rice plant tolerant to at least one herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant. Typically, an herbicide-tolerant rice plant of the invention expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence differs from an amino acid sequence of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a wild-type rice plant. By convention, mutations within monocot ACCase amino acid residues are typically referred to in reference to their position in the *Alopecurus myosuroides* (blackgrass) ACCase sequence (Genbank CAC84161.1) and denoted with an (*Am*). Examples of amino acid positions at which an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a herbicide-tolerant plant of the invention differs from the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the corresponding wild-type plant include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*). Examples of differences at these amino acid positions include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at

position 2,078(*Am*) is other than aspartate; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is other than cysteine; or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is other than glycine. In some embodiments, the present invention provides a rice plant expressing an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence that comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

[0008] The present invention also provides methods of producing herbicide-tolerant plants and plants produced by such methods. An example of a plant produced by the methods of the invention is an herbicide-tolerant rice plant which is tolerant to at least one herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of said plant, wherein the herbicide-tolerant plant is produced by: a) obtaining cells from a plant that is not tolerant to the herbicide; b) contacting the cells with a medium comprising one or more acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase inhibitors; and c) generating an herbicide-tolerant plant from the cells. Herbicide-tolerant plants produced by methods of the invention include, but are not limited to, herbicide-tolerant plants generated by performing a), b) and c) above and progeny of a plant generated by performing a), b), and c) above. In one embodiment, cells used to practice methods of this type will be in the form of a callus.

[0009] The present invention provides plants expressing acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes comprising defined amino acid sequences. For example, the present invention provides a rice plant, wherein one or more of the genomes of said rice plant encode a protein comprising a modified version of one or both of SEQ ID NOS: 2 and 3, wherein the sequence is modified such that the encoded protein comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine. Table 3

below provides an alignment of the *Alopecurus myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase sequence (SEQ ID NO:1), the *Oryza sativa* Indica1 acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase sequence (SEQ ID NO:2) and the *Oryza sativa* Japonica acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase sequence (SEQ ID NO:3) with examples of positions where the wild type sequences may differ with sequences of the invention indicated.

[0010] In another embodiment, the present invention comprises seeds deposited in an acceptable depository in accordance with the Budapest Treaty, cells derived from such seeds, plants grown from such seeds and cells derived from such plants, progeny of plants grown from such seed and cells derived from such progeny. The growth of plants produced from deposited seed and progeny of such plants will typically be tolerant to acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a corresponding wild-type plant. In one embodiment, the present invention provides a rice plant grown from a seed having ATCC accession number PTA-10267. The present invention also encompasses mutants, recombinants, and/or genetically engineered derivatives of the plant grown from a seed having ATCC accession number PTA-10267 as well as any progeny of the plant grown from a seed having ATCC accession number PTA-10267 so long as such plants or progeny have the herbicide tolerance characteristics of the plant grown from a seed having ATCC accession number PTA-10267. The present invention also encompasses cells cultured from such seeds and plants and their progeny produced from the cultured cells.

[0011] An herbicide-tolerant plant of the invention may be a member of the species *O. sativa*. Herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention are typically tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a corresponding wild-type plant, for example, a rice plant. In some embodiments, an herbicide-tolerant plant of the invention is not a GMO-plant. The present invention also provides an herbicide-tolerant plant that is mutagenized, for example, a mutagenized rice plant. The present invention also encompasses cells derived from the plants and seeds of the herbicide-tolerant plants described above.

[0012] The present invention provides methods for controlling growth of weeds. In one embodiment, the present invention provides a method of controlling growth of weeds in vicinity to rice plants. Such methods may comprise applying to the weeds and rice plants an amount of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide that inhibits naturally occurring acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity, wherein said rice plants comprise altered acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity such that said rice plants are tolerant to the applied amount of herbicide. Methods of the invention may be practiced with any herbicide that interferes with acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity including, but not limited to, aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

[0013] The present invention provides a method for controlling growth of weeds in vicinity to rice plants. One example of such methods may comprise applying one or more herbicides to the weeds and to the rice plants at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant, wherein at least one herbicide inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. Such methods may be practiced with any herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. Suitable examples of herbicides that may be used in the practice of methods of controlling weeds include, but are not limited to, aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

[0014] The present invention encompasses a method for controlling growth of weeds. One example of such methods may comprise (a) crossing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant with other rice germplasm, and harvesting the resulting hybrid rice seed; (b) planting the hybrid rice seed; and (c) applying one or more acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides to the hybrid rice and to the weeds in vicinity to the hybrid rice at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant. Such methods may be practiced with any herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. Suitable examples of herbicides that may be used in the practice of methods of controlling weeds include, but are not limited to, aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

[0015] In another embodiment, the present invention includes a method for selecting herbicide-tolerant rice plants. One example of such methods may comprise (a) crossing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant with other rice germplasm, and harvesting the resulting hybrid rice seed; (b) planting the hybrid rice seed; (c) applying one or more herbicides to the hybrid rice at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant, wherein at least one of the herbicides inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase; and (d) harvesting seeds from the rice plants to which herbicide has been applied. Such methods may be practiced with any herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. Suitable examples of herbicides that may be used in the practice of methods of controlling weeds include, but are not limited to, aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

[0016] The present invention also encompasses a method for growing herbicide-tolerant rice plants. One example of such a method comprises (a) planting rice seeds; (b) allowing the rice seeds to sprout; (c) applying one or more herbicides to the rice sprouts at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant, wherein at least one of the herbicides inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase. Such methods may be practiced with any herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. Suitable examples of herbicides that may be used in the practice of methods of controlling weeds include, but are not limited to, aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

[0017] In one embodiment, the present invention provides a seed of an herbicide-tolerant rice plant. Such seed may be used to grow herbicide-tolerant rice plants, wherein a plant grown from the seed is tolerant to at least one herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant. Examples of herbicides to which plants grown from seeds of the invention would be tolerant include but are not limited to, aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

[0018] In another embodiment, the present invention provides a seed of a rice plant, wherein a plant grown from the seed expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence differs from an amino acid sequence of an acetyl-

Coenzyme A carboxylase of a wild-type rice plant at one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*).

Examples of differences at these amino acid positions include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is other than aspartate; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is other than cysteine; or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is other than glycine. In some embodiments, a plant grown from a seed of the invention may expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence that comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

[0019] The present invention encompasses seeds of specific cultivars. One example of such seeds is a seed of rice cultivar Indica1, wherein a representative sample of seed of said cultivar was deposited under ATCC Accession No. PTA-10267. The present invention also encompasses a rice plant, or a part thereof, produced by growing the seeds as well as a tissue culture of cells produced from the seed. Tissue cultures of cells may be produced from a seed directly or from a part of a plant grown from a seed, for example, from the leaves, pollen, embryos, cotyledons, hypocotyls, meristematic cells, roots, root tips, pistils, anthers, flowers and/or stems. The present invention also includes plants and their progeny that have been generated from tissue cultures of cells. Such plants will typically have all the morphological and physiological characteristics of cultivar Indica1.

[0020] The present invention also provides methods for producing rice seed. Such methods may comprise crossing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant with other rice germplasm; and harvesting the resulting hybrid rice seed, wherein the herbicide-tolerant rice plant is tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides,

phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

[0021] The present method also comprises methods of producing F1 hybrid rice seed. Such methods may comprise crossing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant with a different rice plant; and harvesting the resultant F1 hybrid rice seed, wherein the herbicide-tolerant rice plant is tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

[0022] The present invention also provides methods of producing herbicide-tolerant rice plants that may also comprise a transgene. One example of such a method may comprise transforming a cell of a rice plant with a transgene, wherein the transgene encodes an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme that confers tolerance to at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof. Any suitable cell may be used in the practice of the methods of the invention, for example, the cell may be in the form of a callus. In some embodiments, the transgene may comprise a nucleic acid sequence encoding an amino acid sequence comprising a modified version of one or both of SEQ ID NOs: 2 and 3, wherein the sequence is modified such that the encoded protein comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine. The present invention also encompasses plants produced by such methods. Another example of a method of producing an herbicide-tolerant plant comprising a transgene may comprise transforming a cell of a rice plant with a transgene encoding an enzyme that confers herbicide tolerance, wherein the cell was produced from a rice plant or seed thereof expressing an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme that confers tolerance to at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof. Any suitable cell may be used in the practice of the

methods of the invention, for example, the cell may be in the form of a callus. The present invention also encompasses herbicide-tolerant plants produced by such methods.

[0023] In one embodiment, the present invention comprises methods of producing recombinant plants. An example of a method for producing a recombinant rice plant may comprise transforming a cell of a rice plant with a transgene, wherein the cell was produced from a rice plant expressing an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme that confers tolerance to at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof. Any suitable cell may be used in the practice of the methods of the invention, for example, the cell may be in the form of a callus. A transgene for use in the methods of the invention may comprise any desired nucleic acid sequence, for example, the transgene may encode a protein. In one example, the transgene may encode an enzyme, for example, an enzyme that modifies fatty acid metabolism and/or carbohydrate metabolism. Examples of suitable enzymes include but are not limited to, fructosyltransferase, levansucrase, alpha-amylase, invertase and starch branching enzyme or encoding an antisense of stearyl-ACP desaturase. The present invention also encompasses recombinant plants produced by methods of the invention.

[0024] Methods of the invention may be used to produce a plant, e.g., a rice plant, having any desired traits. An example of such a method may comprise: (a) crossing a rice plant that is tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant with a plant of another rice cultivar that comprises the desired trait to produce progeny plants; (b) selecting one or more progeny plants that have the desired trait to produce selected progeny plants; (c) crossing the selected progeny plants with the herbicide-tolerant plants to produce backcross progeny plants; (d) selecting for backcross progeny plants that have the desired trait and herbicide tolerance; and (e) repeating steps (c) and (d) three or more times in succession to produce selected fourth or higher backcross progeny plants that comprise the desired trait and herbicide tolerance. Any desired trait may be introduced using the methods of the invention. Examples of traits that may be desired include, but are not limited to, male sterility, herbicide tolerance, drought

tolerance insect resistance, modified fatty acid metabolism, modified carbohydrate metabolism and resistance to bacterial disease, fungal disease or viral disease. An example of a method for producing a male sterile rice plant may comprise transforming a rice plant tolerant to at least one herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant with a nucleic acid molecule that confers male sterility. The present invention also encompasses male sterile plants produced by such methods.

[0025] The present invention provides compositions comprising plant cells, for example, cells from a rice plant. One example of such a composition comprises one or more cells of a rice plant; and an aqueous medium, wherein the medium comprises a compound that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. In some embodiments, the cells may be derived from a rice plant tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant. Any compound that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity may be used in the compositions of the invention, for example, one or more of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides and combinations thereof.

[0026] The present invention comprises nucleic acid molecules encoding all or a portion of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme. In some embodiments, the invention comprises a recombinant, mutagenized, synthetic, and/or isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a rice acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence differs from an amino acid sequence of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a wild-type rice plant at one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*). Examples of differences at these amino acid positions include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is other than aspartate; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is other than cysteine; or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is other than glycine. In some embodiments, a nucleic acid

molecule of the invention may encode an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence that comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine. In some embodiments, the invention comprises a recombinant, mutagenized, synthetic, and/or isolated encoding a protein comprising all or a portion of a modified version of one or both of SEQ ID NOs: 2 and 3, wherein the sequence is modified such that the encoded protein comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

[0027] In one embodiment, the present invention provides an herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant. Typically such a plant is one having increased tolerance to an ACCase-inhibitor (ACCI) as compared to a wild-type variety of the plant. Such plants may be produced by a process comprising either:

(I) the steps of

- (a) providing BEP clade plant cells having a first, zero or non-zero level of ACCI tolerance;
- (b) growing the cells in contact with a medium to form a cell culture;
- (c) contacting cells of said culture with an ACCI;
- (d) growing ACCI-contacted cells from step (c) to form a culture containing cells having a level of ACCI tolerance greater than the first level of step (a); and
- (e) generating, from ACCI-tolerant cells of step (d), a plant having a level of ACCI tolerance greater than that of a wild-type variety of the plant; or

(II) the steps of

- (f) providing a first, herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant having increased tolerance to an ACCase-inhibitor (ACCI) as compared to a wild-type

- variety of the plant, said herbicide-tolerant plant having been produced by a process comprising steps (a)-(e); and
- (g) producing from the first plant a second, herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant that retains the increased herbicide tolerance characteristics of the first plant;

thereby obtaining an herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant. In some embodiments, an herbicide-tolerant plant of the invention may be a member of the Bambusoideae - Ehrhartoideae subclade. Any suitable medium for growing plant cells may be used in the practice of the invention. In some embodiments, the medium may comprise a mutagen while in other embodiments the medium does not comprise a mutagen. In some embodiments, an herbicide-tolerant plant of the invention may be a member of the subfamily Ehrhartoideae. Any suitable cells may be used in the practice of the methods of the invention, for example, the cells may be in the form of a callus. In some embodiments, an herbicide-tolerant plant of the invention may be a member of the genus *Oryza*, for example, may be a member of the species *O. sativa*.

[0028] The present invention includes herbicide-tolerant BEP clade plants produced by the above method. Such herbicide-tolerant plants may express an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence differs from an amino acid sequence of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a corresponding wild-type BEP clade plant at one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*). Examples of differences at these amino acid positions include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is other than aspartate; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is other than cysteine; or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is other than glycine. In some embodiments, an herbicide-tolerant BEP clade plant of the invention may express an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence that comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is

cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

[0029] The present invention also encompasses herbicide-tolerant BEP clade plants produced by the process of (a) crossing or back-crossing a plant grown from a seed of an herbicide-tolerant BEP clade plant produced as described above with other germplasm; (b) growing the plants resulting from said crossing or back-crossing in the presence of at least one herbicide that normally inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase, at levels of the herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a plant; and (c) selecting for further propagation plants resulting from said crossing or back-crossing, wherein the plants selected are plants that grow without significant injury in the presence of the herbicide.

[0030] The present invention also encompasses a recombinant, mutagenized, synthetic, and/or isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a mutagenized acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a plant in the BEP clade of the Family Poaceae, in which the amino acid sequence of the mutagenized acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase differs from an amino acid sequence of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the corresponding wild-type plant at one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*). Such a nucleic acid molecule may b produced by a process comprising either:

- (I) the steps of
 - (a) providing BEP clade plant cells having a first, zero or non-zero level of ACCase-inhibitor (ACCI) tolerance;
 - (b) growing the cells in contact with a medium to form a cell culture;
 - (c) contacting cells of said culture with an ACCI;
 - (d) growing ACCI-contacted cells from step (c) to form a culture containing cells having a level of ACCI tolerance greater than the first level of step (a); and
 - (e) generating, from ACCI-tolerant cells of step (d), a plant having a level of ACCI tolerance greater than that of a wild-type variety of the plant; or
- (II) the steps of

(f) providing a first, herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant having increased tolerance to an ACCase-inhibitor (ACCI) as compared to a wild-type variety of the plant, said herbicide-tolerant plant having been produced by a process comprising steps (a)-(e); and
(g) producing from the first plant a second, herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant that retains the increased herbicide tolerance characteristics of the first plant;
thereby obtaining an herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant; and
isolating a nucleic acid from the herbicide-tolerant BEP clade plant.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- [0031] Figure 1 is a bar graph showing relative growth rice calli derived from *Oryza sativa* subsp. *indica* grown in the presence of difference selection levels of herbicide. Figure 1A shows the results obtained with tepraloxoxydim, Figure 1B shows the results obtained with sethoxydim, and Figure 1C shows the results obtained with cycloxydim.
- [0032] Figure 2 is a diagram of the selection process used to produce herbicide-tolerant rice plants.
- [0033] Figure 3 shows photographs of plants taken one week after treatment with herbicide.
- [0034] Figure 4 shows photographs of plants taken two weeks after treatment with herbicide.
- [0035] Figure 5 provides the GenBank record for acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase from *Alopecurus myosuroides* accession number CAC84161.
- [0036] Figure 6 provides the GenBank record for the mRNA encoding acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase from *Alopecurus myosuroides* accession number AJ310767 region: 157..7119.
- [0037] Figure 7A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Oryza sativa* Indica acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:5).
- [0038] Figure 7B provides the amino acid sequence of *Oryza sativa* Indica acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:3).

- [0039] Figure 8A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Oryza sativa* Japonica acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:6).
- [0040] Figure 8B provides the amino acid sequence of *Oryza sativa* Japonica acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:3).
- [0041] Figure 9A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Zea mays* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:11).
- [0042] Figure 9B provides the amino acid sequence of *Zea mays* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:12).
- [0043] Figure 10A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Zea mays* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:13).
- [0044] Figure 10B provides the amino acid sequence of *Zea mays* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:14).
- [0045] Figure 11A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Triticum aestivum* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:15).
- [0046] Figure 11B provides the amino acid sequence of *Triticum aestivum* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:16).
- [0047] Figure 12A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Setaria italica* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:17).
- [0048] Figure 12B provides the amino acid sequence of *Setaria italica* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:18).
- [0049] Figure 13A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Setaria italica* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:19).
- [0050] Figure 13B provides the amino acid sequence of *Setaria italica* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:20).
- [0051] Figure 14A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Setaria italica* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:21).

[0052] Figure 14B provides the amino acid sequence of *Setaria italica* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:22).

[0053] Figure 15A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Alopecurus myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:23).

[0054] Figure 15B provides the amino acid sequence of *Alopecurus myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:24).

[0055] Figure 16A provides the nucleotide sequence encoding *Aegilops tauschii* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:).

[0056] Figure 16B provides the amino acid sequence of *Aegilops tauschii* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (SEQ ID NO:).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0057] Definitions

[0058] As used herein, "tolerant" or "herbicide-tolerant" indicates a plant or portion thereof capable of growing in the presence of an amount of herbicide that normally causes growth inhibition in a non-tolerant (e.g., a wild-type) plant or portion thereof. Levels of herbicide that normally inhibit growth of a non-tolerant plant are known and readily determined by those skilled in the art. Examples include the amounts recommended by manufacturers for application. The following table contains a list of herbicides with the maximum rate of herbicide that is typically applied. The maximum rate is an example of an amount of herbicide that would normally inhibit growth of a non-tolerant plant.

Table 1 List of Herbicides

ACCase Inhibitor	Class	Company	Example Trade Names	Red Rice Control	Maximum Rate [g ai/ha]	Use
alloxydim	DIM	BASF	Fervin, Kusagard, NP-48Na, BAS 9021H	Good	1000	POST
butoxydim	DIM	Syngenta	Falcon, ICI-A0500	Good	75	POST
clethodim	DIM	Valent	Select, Prsim, RE-45601	Good	280	POST
clodinafop-propargyl	FOP	Syngenta	Discover, Topik, CGA 184 927	Unsure	80	POST
cycloxydim	DIM	BASF	Focus, Laser, Stratos, BAS 517H	Good	448	POST
cyhalofop-butyl	FOP	Dow	Clincher, XDE 537, DEH	None	310	POST

				112			
diclofop-methyl	FOP	Bayer	Hoegrass, Hoelon, Illoxan, HOE 23408	Good	1120	POST	
fenoxaprop-P-ethyl	FOP	Bayer	Super Whip, Option Super, Exel Super, HOE-46360, Aclaim, Puma S	Partial	111	POST	
fluazifop-P-butyl	FOP	Syngenta	Fusilade, Fusilade 2000, Fusilade DX, ICI-A 0009, ICI-A 0005, SL- 236, IH-773B, TF-1169	Good	210	POST	
haloxyfop-ethyl	FOP	Dow	Gallant, DOWCO 453EE	Good	600	POST	
haloxyfop-methyl	FOP	Dow	Verdict, DOWCO 453ME	Good	600	POST	
haloxyfop-P-methyl	FOP	Dow	Edge, DE 535	Good	600	POST	
metamifop	FOP	Dongbu	NA	None	201	POST	
pinoxaden	DEN	Syngenta	Axial	Good	60	POST	
profoxydim	DIM	BASF	Aura, Tetris, BAS 625H	None	212	POST	
propaquizafop	FOP	Syngenta	Agil, Shogun, Ro 17- 3664	Good	150	POST	
quizalofop-P-ethyl	FOP	DuPont	Assure, Assure II, DPX-Y6202-3, Targa Super, NC-302	Good	112	POST	
quizalofop-P-tefuryl	FOP	Uniroyal	Pantera, UBI C4874	Good	112	POST	
sethoxydim	DIM	BASF	Poast, Poast Plus, NABU, Fervinal, NP-55, Sertin, BAS 562H	Partial	560	POST	
tepraloxydim	DIM	BASF	BAS 620H, Aramo	Good	60	POST	
tralkoxydim	DIM	Syngenta	Achieve, Splendor, ICI-A0604	Good	3400	POST	

[0059] As used herein, "recombinant" refers to an organism having genetic material from different sources.

[0060] As used herein, "mutagenized" refers to an organism having an altered genetic material as compared to the genetic material of a corresponding wild-type organism, wherein the alterations in genetic material were induced and/or selected by human action. Examples of human action that can be used to produce a mutagenized organism include, but are not limited to, tissue culture of plant cells (e.g., calli) in sub-lethal concentrations of herbicides (e.g., acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase inhibitors such as cycloxydim or sethoxydim), treatment of plant cells with a chemical mutagen and subsequent selection with herbicides (e.g., acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase inhibitors such as cycloxydim or sethoxydim); or by

treatment of plant cells with x-rays and subsequent selection with herbicides (e.g., acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase inhibitors such as cycloxydim or sethoxydim). Any method known in the art may be used to induce mutations. Methods of inducing mutations may induce mutations in random positions in the genetic material or may induce mutations in specific locations in the genetic material (i.e., may be directed mutagenesis techniques).

[0061] As used herein, a “genetically modified organism” (GMO) is an organism whose genetic characteristics have been altered by insertion of genetic material from another source organism or progeny thereof that retain the inserted genetic material. The source organism may be of a different type of organism (e.g., a GMO plant may contain bacterial genetic material) or from the same type of organism (e.g., a GMO plant may contain genetic material from another plant). As used herein, recombinant and GMO are considered synonyms and indicate the presence of genetic material from a different source whereas mutagenized indicates altered genetic material from a corresponding wild-type organism but no genetic material from another source organism.

[0062] As used herein, “wild-type” or “corresponding wild-type plant” means the typical form of an organism or its genetic material, as it normally occurs, as distinguished from mutagenized and/or recombinant forms.

[0063] Plants

[0064] The present invention provides herbicide-tolerant monocotyledonous plants of the grass family Poaceae. The family Poaceae may be divided into two major clades, the clade containing the subfamilies Bambusoideae, Ehrhartoideae, and Pooideae (the BEP clade) and the clade containing the subfamilies Panicoideae, Arundinoideae, Chloridoideae, Centothecoideae, Micrairoideae, Aristidoideae, and Danthonioideae (the PACCMAD clade). The present invention relates to plants of the BEP clade, in particular plants of the subfamilies Bambusoideae and Ehrhartoideae. Plants of the invention are typically tolerant to at least one herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity as a result of expressing an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme of the invention as described below.

[0065] In one embodiment, the present invention provides herbicide-tolerant plants of the Bambusoideae subfamily. Such plants are typically tolerant to one or more herbicides that inhibit acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. Examples of herbicide-tolerant plants of the

subfamily Bambusoideae include, but are not limited to, those of the genera *Arundinaria*, *Bambusa*, *Chusquea*, *Guadua*, and *Shibataea*.

[0066] In one embodiment, the present invention provides herbicide-tolerant plants of the Ehrhartoideae subfamily. Such plants are typically tolerant to one or more herbicides that inhibit acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. Examples of herbicide-tolerant plants of the subfamily Ehrhartoideae include, but are not limited to, those of the genera *Erharta*, *Leersia*, *Microlaena*, *Oryza*, and *Zizania*.

[0067] In one embodiment, the present invention provides herbicide-tolerant plants of the Pooideae subfamily. Such plants are typically tolerant to one or more herbicides that inhibit acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. Examples of herbicide-tolerant plants of the subfamily Ehrhartoideae include, but are not limited to, those of the genera *Triticeae*, *Aveneae*, and *Poeae*.

[0068] In one embodiment, herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention are rice plants. Two species of rice are most frequently cultivated, *Oryza sativa* and *Oryza glaberrima*. Numerous subspecies of *Oryza sativa* are commercially important including *Oryza sativa* subsp. *indica*, *Oryza sativa* subsp. *japonica*, *Oryza sativa* subsp. *javanica*, *Oryza sativa* subsp. *glutinosa* (glutinous rice), *Oryza sativa* Aromatica group (basmati), and *Oryza sativa* Floating rice group. The present invention encompasses herbicide-tolerant plants in all of the aforementioned species and subspecies.

[0069] In one embodiment, herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention are wheat plants. Two species of wheat are most frequently cultivated, *Triticum aestivum*, and *Triticum turgidum*. Numerous other species are commercially important including, but not limited to, *Triticum timopheevii*, *Triticum monococcum*, *Triticum zhukovskyi* and *Triticum urartu* and hybrids thereof. The present invention encompasses herbicide-tolerant plants in all of the aforementioned species and subspecies. Examples of *T. aestivum* subspecies included within the present invention are *aestivum* (common wheat), *compactum* (club wheat), *macha* (macha wheat), *vavilovi* (vavilovi wheat), *spelta* and *sphaerococcum* (shot wheat). Examples of *T. turgidum* subspecies included within the present invention are *turgidum*, *carthlicum*, *dicoccum*, *durum*, *paleocolchicina*, *polonicum*, *turanicum* and *dicoccoides*. Examples of *T. monococcum* subspecies included within the present invention are

monococcum (einkorn) and aegilopoides. In one embodiment of the present invention, the wheat plant is a member of the *Triticum aestivum* species, and more particularly, the CDC Teal cultivar.

[0070] In one embodiment, herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention are barley plants. Two species of barley are most frequently cultivated, *Hordeum vulgare* and *Hordeum arizonicum*. Numerous other species are commercially important including, but not limited, *Hordeum bogdanii*, *Hordeum brachyantherum*, *Hordeum brevisubulatum*, *Hordeum bulbosum*, *Hordeum comosum*, *Hordeum depressum*, *Hordeum intercedens*, *Hordeum jubatum*, *Hordeum marinum*, *Hordeum marinum*, *Hordeum parodii*, *Hordeum pusillum*, *Hordeum secalinum*, *Hordeum spontaneum*. The present invention encompasses herbicide-tolerant plants in all of the aforementioned species and subspecies.

[0071] In one embodiment, herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention are rye plants. Two species of rye are most frequently cultivated *Lolium canariense* and *Lolium edwardi*. Numerous other species are commercially important including, but not limited to, *Lolium multiflorum*, *Lolium perenne*, *Lolium persicum*, *Lolium remotum*, *Lolium rigidum*, and *Lolium temulentum*. The present invention encompasses herbicide-tolerant plants in all of the aforementioned species and subspecies.

[0072] In one embodiment, herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention are turf plants. Numerous commercially important species of Turf grass include *Zoysia japonica*, *Agrostis palustris*, *Poa pratensis*, *Poa annua*, *Digitaria sanguinalis*, *Cyperus rotundus*, *Kyllinga brevifolia*, *Cyperus amuricus*, *Erigeron canadensis*, *Hydrocotyle sibthorpioides*, *Kummerowia striata*, *Euphorbia humifusa*, and *Viola arvensis*. The present invention encompasses herbicide-tolerant plants in all of the aforementioned species and subspecies.

[0073] In addition to being able to tolerate herbicides that inhibit acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity, plants of the invention may also be able to tolerate herbicides that work on other physiological processes. For example, plants of the invention may be tolerant to acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase inhibitors and also tolerant to other herbicides, for example, enzyme inhibitors. Examples of other enzyme inhibitors to which plants of the invention may be tolerant include, but are not limited to, inhibitors of 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase (EPSPS) such as glyphosate, inhibitors of acetohydroxyacid synthase

(AHAS) such as imidazolinones, sulfonylureas and sulfonamide herbicides, and inhibitors of glutamine synthase such as glufosinate. In addition to enzyme inhibitors, plants of the invention may also be tolerant of herbicides having other modes of action, for example, auxin herbicides such as 2,4-D or dicamba, chlorophyll/carotenoid pigment inhibitors such as hydroxyphenylpyruvate dioxygenase (HPPD) inhibitors or phytoene desaturase (PDS) inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen-IX oxidase inhibitors, cell membrane destroyers, photosynthetic inhibitors such as bromoxynil or ioxynil, cell division inhibitors, root inhibitors, shoot inhibitors, and combinations thereof.

[0074] Furthermore, plants are also covered that, in addition to being able to tolerate herbicides that inhibit acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity, are by the use of recombinant DNA techniques capable to synthesize one or more insecticidal proteins, especially those known from the bacterial genus *Bacillus*, particularly from *Bacillus thuringiensis*, such as delta-endotoxins, e. g. CryIA(b), CryIA(c), CryIF, CryIF(a2), CryIIA(b), CryIIIA, CryIIIB(b1) or Cry9c; vegetative insecticidal proteins (VIP), e. g. VIP1, VIP2, VIP3 or VIP3A; insecticidal proteins of bacteria colonizing nematodes, e. g. *Photorhabdus* spp. or *Xenorhabdus* spp.; toxins produced by animals, such as scorpion toxins, arachnid toxins, wasp toxins, or other insect-specific neurotoxins; toxins produced by fungi, such Streptomyces toxins, plant lectins, such as pea or barley lectins; agglutinins; proteinase inhibitors, such as trypsin inhibitors, serine protease inhibitors, patatin, cystatin or papain inhibitors; ribosome-inactivating proteins (RIP), such as ricin, maize RIP, abrin, luffin, saporin or bryodin; steroid metabolism enzymes, such as 3-hydroxy-steroid oxidase, ecdysteroid-IDP-glycosyl-transferase, cholesterol oxidases, ecdysone inhibitors or HMG-CoA-reductase; ion channel blockers, such as blockers of sodium or calcium channels; juvenile hormone esterase; diuretic hormone receptors (helicokinin receptors); stilben synthase, bibenzyl synthase, chitinases or glucanases. In the context of the present invention these insecticidal proteins or toxins are to be understood expressly also as pre-toxins, hybrid proteins, truncated or otherwise modified proteins. Hybrid proteins are characterized by a new combination of protein domains, (see, e. g. WO 02/015701). Further examples of such toxins or genetically modified plants capable of synthesizing such toxins are disclosed, e. g., in EP-A 374 753, WO 93/007278, WO 95/34656, EP-A 427 529, EP-A 451 878, WO 03/18810 und WO 03/52073. The methods for producing such genetically modified plants

are generally known to the person skilled in the art and are described, e. g. in the publications mentioned above. These insecticidal proteins contained in the genetically modified plants impart to the plants producing these proteins tolerance to harmful pests from all taxonomic groups of arthropods, especially to beetles (Coleoptera), two-winged insects (Diptera), and moths (Lepidoptera) and to nematodes (Nematoda). Furthermore, plants are also covered that are by the use of recombinant DNA techniques capable to synthesize one or more proteins to increase the resistance or tolerance of those plants to bacterial, viral or fungal pathogens. Furthermore, plants are also covered that are by the use of recombinant DNA techniques capable to synthesize one or more proteins to increase the productivity (e.g. biomass production, grain yield, starch content, oil content or protein content), tolerance to drought, salinity or other growth-limiting environmental factors or tolerance to pests and fungal, bacterial or viral pathogens of those plants. Furthermore, plants are also covered that contain by the use of recombinant DNA techniques a modified amount of substances of content or new substances of content, specifically to improve human or animal nutrition. Furthermore, plants are also covered that contain by the use of recombinant DNA techniques a modified amount of substances of content or new substances of content, specifically to improve raw material production.

[0075] The present invention also encompasses progeny of the plants of the invention as well as seeds derived from the herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention and cells derived from the herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention.

[0076] Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase Enzymes

[0077] The present invention provides plants expressing acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes with amino acid sequences that differ from the amino acid sequence of the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme found in the corresponding wild-type plant. For ease of understanding, the amino acid numbering system used herein will be the numbering system used for the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase from *Alopecurus myosuroides* [Huds.] (also referred to as black grass). The mRNA sequence encoding the *A. myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase is available at GenBank accession number AJ310767 and the protein sequence is available at GenBank accession no. CAC84161 both of which are specifically incorporated herein by reference. The number of the amino acid referred to will

be followed with (*Am*) to indicate the amino acid in the *Alopecurus myosuroides* sequence to which the amino acid corresponds. The following table provides the amino acid sequence of *Alopecurus myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase.

[0078] Table 2 *Alopecurus myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase amino acid sequence GenBank accession no. CAC84161. Amino acids that by be altered in the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention are indicated in bold double underline.

1 MGSTHLPIVG FNASTTPSL S TLRQINSAAA AFQSSSPRS SKKKSRVKS IRDDGDGSPV
 61 DPAGHGQSIR QGLAGIIDLP KEGASAPDVS ISHGSEDHKA SYQMNGILNE SHNGRHASLS
 121 KVYEFCTELG GKTPIHSVLV ANNGMAAAKF MRSVRTWAND TFGSEKAIQL IAMATPEDMR
 181 INAEHIRIAD QFVEVPGGTN NNNYANVQLI VEIAERTGVS AVWPGWGHAS ENPELPDALT
 241 AKGIVFLGPP ASSMNALGDK VGSALIAQAA GVPTLAWSGS HVEIPPLELCL DSipeemyrk
 301 ACVTTADEAV ASCQMIGYPA MIKASWGGGG KGIRKVNNDD EVKALFKQVQ GEVPGSPIFI
 361 MRLASQRHL EVQLLCDEYG NVAALHSRDC SVQRRHQKII EEPVTVPAPR ETVKELEQAA
 421 RRLAKAVGYV GAATVEYLYS METGEYYFLE LNPRQLQVEHP VTESIAEVNL PAAQVAVGMG
 481 IPLWQIPEIR RFYGMDDNGGG YDIWRKTAAL ATPPNFDEV D SQWPKGHCVA VRITSENPD
 541 GFKPTGGKV EISFKSKPNV WGYFSVKSGG GIHEFADSQF GHVFAYGETR SAAITSMSLA
 601 LKEIQIRGEI HTNVDTVDL LNAPDFRENT IHTGWLDTRI AMRVQAERPP WYISVVGGAL
 661 YKTITTNAET VSEYVSYLIK GQIPPKHISL VHSTISLNIE ESKYTIEIVR SGQGSYRLRL
 721 NGSLIEANVQ TLCDDGGLMQ LDGNSHVIYA EEEAGGTRL IDGKTCLLQN DHDPSSLAE
 781 TPCKLLRFLI ADGAHVDA DV PYAEVEVMKM CMPLLSPAAG VINVLLSEGQ AMQAGDLIAR
 841 LDLDPPSAVK RAEPFEGSFP EMSLPIAASG QVHKRCAASL NAARMVLAGY DHAANKVVQD
 901 LVWCLDTPAL PFLQWEELMS VLATRLPRL KSELEGKYNE YKLNDHVKI KDFPTEMLRE
 961 TIEENLACVS EKEMVTIERL VDPLMSLLKS YEGGRESHAH FIVKSLFEY LSVEELFSDG
 1021 IQSDVIERL LQYSKDLQKV VDIVLSHQGV RNKTKLIL MEKLVYPNPA AYRDQLIRFS
 1081 SLNHKRYYKL ALKASELLEQ TKLSELRTSI ARNLSALDMF TEEKADFSLQ DRKLAINESM
 1141 GDLVTAPLPV EDALVSLFDC TDQTLQQRVI QTYISRLYOP QLVKDSIQLK YQDSGVIALW
 1201 EFTEGNHEKR LGAMVILKSL ESVSTAIGAA LKDASHYASS AGNTVHIAL DADTQLNTTE
 1261 DSGDNDOAQD KMDKLSFVLK QDVVMIDLRA ADVKVVSCIV QRDGAIMPMR RTFLLSEEKL
 1321 CYEEEPILRH VEPPLSALLE LDKLKVKGYN EMKYTPSRDR QWHIYTLRNT ENPKMLHRVF
 1381 FRTLVRQPSA GNRFTSDHIT DVEVGHAEEP LSFTSSSILK SLKIAKEE LHAI RTGHSH
 1441 MYLCILKEQK LLDLVPVSGN TVVDVGQDEA TACSLKEMA LKIHELVGAR MHHL SVCQWE
 1501 VKLKLVSDGP ASGSWRVVTT NVTGHTCTVD IYREVEDTES QKLVYHSTAL SSGPLHGVAL
 1561 NTSYQPLSVI DLKRC SARNN KTTCYDFPL TFEAAVQKSW SNISSENNQC YVKATELVFA
 1621 EKNGSWGTP I PMQRAAGLN DIGMVAWILD MSTPEFPSGR QIIVIANDIT FRAGSF GPRE
 1681 DAFFEAVTNL ACEKKLPLIY LAANSGARIG IADEVKSCFR VGWTDDSSPE RGFRYI YM TD
 1741 EDHDRIGSSV IAHKMQLD SG EIRWVIDSVV GKEDGLGVEN IHGSAAIASA YSRAYEETFT
 1801 LTFVTGRTVG IGAYLARLGI RCIQRIDQPI I LTGFSLALNK LLGREVYSSH MQLGGPKIMA
 1861 TNGVVHLTVP DDLEGVS NIL RWLSYVPANI GGPLPITKSL DPIDRPVAYI PENTCDPRAA
 1921 ISGIDDSQGK WLGGMF D KDS FVETFEGWAK TVVTGRAKLG GIPVGVI AVE TQTMMQLVPA
 1981 DPGQPDSHER SVPRA GQVWF PDSATKTAQA MLDFNREGLP LFILAN WRGF SGGQRDLFEG
 2041 ILQAGSTIVE NLRTYNQPAF VYIPKAAELR GGAWVVI DSK INPDRIE CYA ERTAK GNVLE
 2101 PQGLIEIKFR SEELKECMGR LDPELIDLKA RLQGANGSLS DGE SLQKSIE ARKKQLLPL
 2161 TQIAVRFAEL HDTSRMAAK GVIRKVV DWE DSRSFFYKRL RRR LSEDVLA KEIRGVIGEK
 2221 FPHKSAIELI KKWLASEAA AAGSTDW DDD DAFVAWREN P ENYKEYIKEL RAQRVSRLLS
 2281 DVAGSSSDLQ ALPQGLSMLL DKMDPSKRAQ FIEEV MKV LK

[0079] The amino acid sequences of wild-type *Oryza sativa* Indica (OSI) and *Oryza sativa* Japonica (OSJ) acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase is provided in the following table.

[0080] Table 3 Amino acid sequence of wild-type *Oryza sativa* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylases aligned with *Alopecurus myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase with critical residues denoted.

Table 2	1	60
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1) MGSTHLPIVGFNASTPSLSTLRQINSAAAFAQSSSPRSSKKSRVKSIRDDGDGSVP	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1) MTSTHVATLGVGAQAPPRHQ---KKSAGTAFVSSGSSRPSYRKNGQRTRSLREESNGGV	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1) MTSTHVATLGVGAQAPPRHQ---KKSAGTAFVSSGSSRPSYRKNGQRTRSLREESNGGV	
	61	120
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(61) DPAGHGQSIRQGLAGIIDLPKEGASAPDVDISHGSEDHKA----SYQMNGILNESHNGR	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(58) DSKKLNHSIRQGLAGIIDLPNDAAS--EVDISHGSEDPRGPTVPGSYQMNGIINETHNGR	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(58) DSKKLNHSIRQGLAGIIDLPNDAAS--EVDISHGSEDPRGPTVPGSYQMNGIINETHNGR	
	121	180
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(116) HASLSKVYEFCTELGGKTPIHSQLVANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANDTFGSEKAIQLIAMAT	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(116) HASVSKVVEFCTALGGKTPIHSQLVANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANDTFGSEKAIQLIAMAT	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(116) HASVSKVVEFCTALGGKTPIHSQLVANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANDTFGSEKAIQLIAMAT	
	181	240
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(176) PEDMRINAEHIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLIVEIAERTGVSAVWPGWGHASENP	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(176) PEDLRINAEHIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLIVEIAERTGVSAVWPGWGHASENP	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(176) PEDLRINAEHIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLIVEIAERTGVSAVWPGWGHASENP	
	241	300
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(236) PDALTAKGIVFLGPPASSMNALGDKVGSALIAQAAGVPTLAWSGSHVEIPLECLDSIPE	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(236) PDALTAKGIVFLGPPASSMHALGDKVGSALIAQAAGVPTLAWSGSHVEVPLECLDSIPD	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(236) PDALTAKGIVFLGPPASSMHALGDKVGSALIAQAAGVPTLAWSGSHVEVPLECLDSIPD	
	301	360
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(296) EMYRKACVTTADEAVASCQMIIGYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVNNDEVKALFKQVQGEVPG	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(296) EMYRKACVTTTEAVASCQVVGYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVHNDEVRTLKVQVQGEVPG	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(296) EMYRKACVTTTEAVASCQVVGYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVHNDEVRTLKVQVQGEVPG	
	361	420
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(356) SPIFIMRLASQSRHLEVQLLCDEYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRRHQKIIIEGPVTVAPRETVKE	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(356) SPIFIMRLAAQSRHLEVQLLCQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRRHQKIIIEGPVTVAPRETVKE	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(356) SPIFIMRLAAQSRHLEVQLLCQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRRHQKIIIEGPVTVAPRETVKE	
	421	480
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(416) LEQAARRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGEYYFLELNPRLQVEHPVTESTAEVNLPAAQV	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(416) LEQAARRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGEYYFLELNPRLQVEHPVTEWIAEVNLPAQV	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(416) LEQAARRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGEYYFLELNPRLQVEHPVTEWIAEVNLPAQV	
	481	540
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(476) AVGMGIPLWQIPEIRRHYGMDNGGYDIWRKTAALATPFFNDEVDSQWPKGHCVAVRITS	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(476) AVGMGIPLWQIPEIRRHYGMNHGGGYDLWRKTAALATPFFNDEVDSKWPKGHCVAVRITS	

OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(476) AVGMGIPLWQIPEIRRFGMNHGGYDLWRKTAALATPWNFDEVDSKWPKGHCVAVRITS
	541
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(536) ENPDDGFKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNVWGYFSVKSGGGIHEFADSQFGHVFAVGETRSAAIT
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(536) EDPDDGFKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNWAYFSVKSGGGIHEFADSQFGHVFAVGTTRSAAIT
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(536) EDPDDGFKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNWAYFSVKSGGGIHEFADSQFGHVFAVGTTRSAAIT
	600
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(596) SMSLALKEIQIRGEIHTNVDVTVDLLNAPDFRENTIHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISV
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(596) TMALALKEVQIRGEIHSNVDVTVDLLNASDFRENKIHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISV
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(596) TMALALKEVQIRGEIHSNVDVTVDLLNASDFRENKIHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISV
	660
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(656) VGGALYKTITNAETVSEYVSYLIKGQIPPKHISLVHSTISLNIEESKYTIEIVRSGQGS
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(656) VGGALYKTVTANTATVSDYVGYLTKGQIPPKHISLVTTVALNIDGKKYTIDTVRSGHGS
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(656) VGGALYKTVTANTATVSDYVGYLTKGQIPPKHISLVTTVALNIDGKKYTIDTVRSGHGS
	720
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(716) YRLRLNGSLIEANVQTLCDGGLMQLDGNSHVIYAEEEAGGTRLLIDGKTCLLQNDHDPS
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(716) YRLRMNGSTVDANVQILCDGGLMQLDGNSHVIYAEEEASGTRLLIDGKTCLLQNDHDPS
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(716) YRLRMNGSTVDANVQILCDGGLMQLDGNSHVIYAEEEASGTRLLIDGKTCLLQNDHDPS
	780
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(776) RLLAETPCKLLRFLIADGAHVADVPYAEVEVMKCMPLSPAAGVINVLLSEGQAMQAG
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(776) KLLAETPCKLLRFLVADGAHVADVPYAEVEVMKCMPLSPASGVIHVVMSEGQAMQAG
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(776) KLLAETPCKLLRFLVADGAHVADVPYAEVEVMKCMPLSPASGVIHVVMSEGQAMQAG
	840
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(836) DLIARLDDPSAVKRAEPFEGSFPEMSLPIAASGQVHKRCAASLNAARMVLAGYDHAAN
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(836) DLIARLDDPSAVKRAEPFEDTFPQMGLPIAASGQVHKLCAASLNACRMILAGYEHDID
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(836) DLIARLDDPSAVKRAEPFEDTFPQMGLPIAASGQVHKLCAASLNACRMILAGYEHDID
	900
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(896) KVVQDLVCLDTPALPFLQWEELMSVLATRLPRLKSELEGKYNEYKLNVDHVKIKDFPT
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(896) KVVPVELVYCLDTPELPFLQWEELMSVLATRLPRLKSELEGKYEEYKVKFDSGIINDFPA
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(896) KVVPVELVYCLDTPELPFLQWEELMSVLATRLPRLKSELEGKYEEYKVKFDSGIINDFPA
	960
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(956) EMLRETIEENLACVSEKEMVTIERLVDPLMSLLKSYEGGRESHAHFIVKSLFEEYLSVEE
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(956) NMLRVIIEENLACGSEKEKATNERLVEPLMSLLKSYEGGRESHAHFVVKSLFEEYLYVEE
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(956) NMLRVIIEENLACGSEKEKATNERLVEPLMSLLKSYEGGRESHAHFVVKSLFEEYLYVEE
	1020
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1016) LFSDGIQSDVIERLRLQYSKDLQKVVDIVLSHQGVRNKTLLALMEKLVYPNPAAYRDQ
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1016) LFSDGIQSDVIERLRLQHSKDLQKVVDIVLSHQSVRNKTLLKLMESLVYPNPAAYRDQ
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1016) LFSDGIQSDVIERLRLQHSKDLQKVVDIVLSHQSVRNKTLLKLMESLVYPNPAAYRDQ
	1080

	1081	1140
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1076)	LIRFSSLNKHRYYKLALKASELLEQTKLSELRTSIARNLSALDMTEEKADFSIQLDRKLA
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1076)	LIRFSSLNKHRYYKLALKASELLEQTKLSELRTARIARSLSELEMFTEESKGLSMHKREIA
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1076)	LIRFSSLNKHRYYKLALKASELLEQTKLSELRTARIARSLSELEMFTEESKGLSMHKREIA
	1141	1200
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1136)	INESMGDLVTAPIPVEDALVSLFDCTDQTLQQRVIQTYISRLYQPQLVKDSIQLKYQDSG
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1136)	IKESMEDLVTAPIPVEDALISLFDCSDTTVQQRVIETYIARLYQPHLVKDSIKMKWIESG
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1136)	IKESMEDLVTAPIPVEDALISLFDCSDTTVQQRVIETYIARLYQPHLVKDSIKMKWIESG
	1201	1260
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1196)	VIALWEFTEGNHEKR-----LGAMVILKSLESVSTAIGAALKDASHYASSAGNTV
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1196)	VIALWEFPEGHF DARNGGAVLGDKRWGAMVIVKSLESLSMAIRFALKETSHYTSSEGNMM
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1196)	VIALWEFPEGHF DARNGGAVLGDKRWGAMVIVKSLESLSMAIRFALKETSHYTSSEGNMM
	1261	1320
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1246)	HIALLDADTQLNTTEDSGNDQAQDKMDKLSFVLQDVVMADLRAADVKKVSCIVQRDG
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1256)	HIALLGADNMHIIQESG---DDADRIAKLPLILKD--VTDLHASGVKTISFIVQRDEA
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1256)	HIALLGADNMHIIQESG---DDADRIAKLPLILKD--VTDLHASGVKTISFIVQRDEA
	1321	1380
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1306)	IMPMRRTFLLSEEKLCYEEEPILRHVEPPLSALLELDKLKVKGYNEMKYTPSRDRQWHIY
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1311)	RMTMRRTFLWSDEKLSYEEEPILRHVEPPLSALLELDKLKVKGYNEMKYTPSRDRQWHIY
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1311)	RMTMRRTFLWSDEKLSYEEEPILRHVEPPLSALLELDKLKVKGYNEMKYTPSRDRQWHIY
	1381	1440
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1366)	TLRNTENPKMLHRVFFRTLVRQPSAGNRFTSDHITDVEGHAAEPLSFTSSILKSLKIA
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1371)	TLRNTENPKMLHRVFFRTLVRQPSVSNKFSSGQIGDMEVGSAEPLSFTSTSILRSLMTA
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1371)	TLRNTENPKMLHRVFFRTLVRQPSVSNKFSSGQIGDMEVGSAEPLSFTSTSILRSLMTA
	1441	1500
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1426)	KEELELHAIRTGHSHMYLCILKEQKLLDLVPVSGNTVVVGQDEATACSLLKEMALKIHE
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1431)	IEELELHAIRTGHSHMYLHVILKEQKLLDLVPVSGNTVLDVGQDEATAYSLLKEMAMKIHE
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1431)	IEELELHAIRTGHSHMYLHVILKEQKLLDLVPVSGNTVLDVGQDEATAYSLLKEMAMKIHE
	1501	1560
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1486)	LVGARMHHL SVCQWEVKLKLVSDGPASGSWRVVTNTVGTHTCTVDIYREVEDTESQKLVY
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1491)	LVGARMHHL SVCQWEVKLKLDGDPASGTWRIVTTNVTSHTCTVDIYREMEDKESRKLVY
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1491)	LVGARMHHL SVCQWEVKLKLDGDPASGTWRIVTTNVTSHTCTVDIYREMEDKESRKLVY
	1561	1620
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1546)	HSTALSSGPLHGVALNTSYQPLSVIDLKRC SARNNKTTCYDFPLTFEA VQKSWNSISS
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1551)	HPATPAAGPLHGVALNNPYQPLSVIDLKRC SARNRRTTYCYDFPLAFETAVRKSWSSSTS
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1551)	HPATPAAGPLHGVALNNPYQPLSVIDLKRC SARNRRTTYCYDFPLAFETAVRKSWSSSTS
	1621	1680
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1606)	-----ENNQCYVKATELVFAEKNGSWGTP II PMQRAAGLNDIGMVAILDSTMPEFPSG

OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1611) GASKVENAQCYVKATELVFADKHGSWGTPLVQMDRPAGLNDIGMVAWTLKMSTPEFPSG	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1611) GASKVENAQCYVKAT-----ELVQMDRLAGLNDIGMVAWTLKMSTPEFLSG	
	1681	1740
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1660) RQIVIANDITFRAGSFGPREDAFFEAVTNLACEKKLPLIYLAANSGARIGIADEVKSCF	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1671) REIIVVANDITFRAGSFGPREDAFFEAVTNLACEKKLPLIYLAANSGARIGIADEVKSCF	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1658) REIIVVANDITFRAGSFGPREDAFFEAVTNLACEKKLPLIYLAANSGARIGIADEVKSCF	
	1741	1800
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1720) RVGWTDSSPERGFRIYMTDEDHDRIGSSVIAHKMQLDSGEIRWVIDSVVGKEDGLGV	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1731) RVGWSDDGSPERGFQYIYLSEEDYARIGTSVIAHKMQLDSGEIRWVIDSVVGKEDGLGV	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1718) RVGWSDDGSPERGFQYIYLSEEDYARIGTSVIAHKMQLDSGEIRWVIDSVVGKEDGLGV	
	1801	1860
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1780) NIHGSAAIASAYSRAYEETFTLTFTVGRIGAYLARLGIRCIQRIDQPIILTGFSALN	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1791) NIHGSAAIASAYSRAYKETFTLTFTVGRIGAYLARLGIRCIQRIDQPIILTGFSALN	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1778) NIHGSAAIASAYSRAYKETFTLTFTVGRIGAYLARLGIRCIQRIDQPIILTGFSALN †I1781 (Am) L	
	1861	1920
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1840) KLLGREVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVVHLLTVPPDLEGVSNILRWLSYVPANIGGPLPITKS	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1851) KLLGREVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVVHLLTVSDLEGVSNILRWLSYVPAYIGGPLPVTP	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1838) KLLGREVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVVHLLTVSDLEGVSNILRWLSYVPAYIGGPLPVTP	
	1921	1980
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1900) LDPIDRPVAYIPENTCDPRAISGIDDSQGKWLGGMFKDSFVETFEGWAKTVVTGRAKL	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1911) LDPPDRPVAYIPENSCDPRAIRGVDDSQGKWLGGMFKDSFVETFEGWAKTVVTGRAKL	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1898) LDPPDRPVAYIPENSCDPRAIRGVDDSQGKWLGGMFKDSFVETFEGWAKTVVTGRAKL	
	1981	2040
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(1960) GGIPVGVIAVETQTMMQLVPADPGQPDSHERSVPRAGQWFPDSATKTAQAMLDNFNREGL	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(1971) GGIPVGVIAVETQTMMQTIPADPGQQLDSREQSVPRAQWFPDSATKTAQALLDFNREGL	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(1958) GGIPVGVIAVETQTMMQTIPADPGQQLDSREQSVPRAQWFPDSATKTAQALLDFNREGL W1999 (Am) C†	
	2041	2100
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(2020) PLFILANWRGFSGGQRDLFEGILQAGSTIVENLRTYNQPAFVYIPKAAELRGGA伟VIDS	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(2031) PLFILANWRGFSGGQRDLFEGILQAGSTIVENLRTYNQPAFVYIPMAAELRGGA伟VVDS	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(2018) PLFILANWRGFSGGQRDLFEGILQAGSTIVENLRTYNQPAFVYIPMAAELRGGA伟VVDS W2027 (Am) C† I2041 (Am) N† D2078 (Am) G†	
	2101	2160
AmACCI [CAC84161]	(2080) KINPDRIECYAERTAKGNVLEPQGLIEIKFRSEELKECMGRLDPELIDLKARLQGAN-GS	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]	(2091) KINPDRIECYAERTAKGNVLEPQGLIEIKFRSEELQDCMSRLDPTEIDLKAKLEVANKNG	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685]	(2078) KINPDRIECYAERTAKGNVLEPQGLIEIKFRSEELQDCMSRLDPTEIDLKAKLEVANKNG C2088 (Am) R† †G2096 (Am) A	

2161	2220
AmACCI [CAC84161] (2139) LSDGESLQKSIEARKKQLLPLYTQIAVRFAELHDTSLRMAAKGVIRKVVWDWEDSRSSFFYK	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385] (2151) SADTKSLQENIEARTKQLMPLYTQIAIRFAELHDTSLRMAAKGVIKKVVWDWEESRSFFYK	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685] (2138) SADTKSLQENIEARTKQLMPLYTQIAIRFAELHDTSLRMAAKGVIKKVVWDWEESRSFFYK	
2221	2280
AmACCI [CAC84161] (2199) RLRRRLSEDVLAKEIRGVIGEKFPHKSAIELIKKWYLASEAAAAGSTDWDDDDAFVAWRE	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385] (2211) RLRRRISEDVLAKEIRAVAGEQFSHOPAIELIKKWYSASHAA-----EWDDDDDAFVAWMD	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685] (2198) RLRRRISEDVLAKEIRAVAGEQFSHOPAIELIKKWYSASHAA-----EWDDDDAFVAWMD	
2281	2340
AmACCI [CAC84161] (2259) NPENYKEYIKELRAQRVSRLLSVDVAGSSSDLQALPQGLSMLLDKMDPSKRAQFIEEVMKV	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385] (2266) NPENYKDYIQYLKAQRVSQSLSLSDSSSDLQALPQGLSMLLDKMDPSRRAQLVEEIRKV	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685] (2253) NPENYKDYIQYLKAQRVSQSLSLSDSSSDLQALPQGLSMLLDKMDPSRRAQLVEEIRKV	
2341	
AmACCI [CAC84161] (2319) LK	
OSIACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385] (2326) LG	
OsJACCI [EAZ33685] (2313) LG	

[0081] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 1781(*Am*). Wild-type *A. myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase has an isoleucine at position 1781(*Am*). Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an amino acid other than isoleucine at this position. Suitable examples of amino acids that may be found at this position in the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention include, but are not limited to, leucine and alanine. In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme of the invention will have a leucine at 1781(*Am*).

[0082] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 1999(*Am*). Wild-type *A. myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase has a tryptophan at position 1999(*Am*). Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an amino acid other than tryptophan at this position. Suitable examples of amino acids that may be found at this position in the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention include, but are not limited to, cysteine . In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme of the invention will have a cysteine at 1999(*Am*).

[0083] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2027(*Am*). Wild-type *A. myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase has a tryptophan at position 2027(*Am*). Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an amino acid other than tryptophan at this position. Suitable examples of amino acids that may be found at this position in the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention include, but are not limited to, cysteine. In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme of the invention will have a cysteine at 2027(*Am*).

[0084] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2041(*Am*). Wild-type *A. myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase has an isoleucine at position 2041(*Am*). Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an amino acid other than isoleucine at this position. Suitable examples of amino acids that may be found at this position in the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention include, but are not limited to, asparagine. In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme of the invention will have an asparagine at 2041(*Am*).

[0085] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2078(*Am*). Wild-type *A. myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase has an aspartate at position 2078(*Am*). Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an amino acid other than aspartate at this position. Suitable examples of amino acids that may be found at this position in the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention include, but are not limited to, glycine. In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme of the invention will have a glycine at 2078(*Am*).

[0086] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2088(*Am*). Wild-type *A. myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase has a cysteine at position 2088(*Am*). Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an amino acid other than cysteine at this position. Suitable examples of amino acids that may be found at this position in the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the

invention include, but are not limited to, arginine. In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme of the invention will have an arginine at 2088(*Am*).

[0087] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2096(*Am*). Wild-type *A. myosuroides* acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase has a glycine at position 2096(*Am*). Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an amino acid other than glycine at this position. Suitable examples of amino acids that may be found at this position in the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention include, but are not limited to, alanine. In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme of the invention will have an alanine at 2096(*Am*).

[0088] The present invention also encompasses acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes with an amino acid sequence that differs in more than one amino acid position from that of the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme found in the corresponding wild-type plant. For example, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention may differ in 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 positions from that of the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme found in the corresponding wild-type plant.

[0089] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 1781(*Am*) and at one or more additional amino acid positions. Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*). In addition, enzymes of this embodiment will also comprise one or more of a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*), a glycine at position 2078(*Am*), an arginine at position 2088(*Am*), and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*) and a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*) and an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*) and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a leucine or an alanine at

position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), and an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*), and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*).

[0090] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 1999(*Am*) and at one or more additional amino acid positions. Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*). In addition, enzymes of this embodiment will also comprise one or more of a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*), a glycine at position 2078(*Am*), an arginine at position 2088(*Am*), and an alanine at position 2096. In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*) and a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*) and a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*) and a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*) and an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*) and a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), and an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*).

[0091] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2027(*Am*) and at one or more additional amino acid positions. Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*). In addition, enzymes of this embodiment will also comprise one or more of a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*), an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*), a glycine at position 2078(*Am*), an arginine at position 2088(*Am*), and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*) and a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*).

[0092] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2041(*Am*) and at one or more additional amino acid positions. Acetyl-Coenzyme A

carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an isoleucine at position 2041(*Am*). In addition, enzymes of this embodiment will also comprise one or more of a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), a glycine at position 2078(*Am*), an arginine at position 2088(*Am*), and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*) and a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*).

[0093] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2078(*Am*) and at one or more additional amino acid positions. Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have a glycine at position 2078(*Am*). In addition, enzymes of this embodiment will also comprise one or more of a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*), an arginine at position 2088(*Am*), and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a glycine at position 2078(*Am*) and a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have a glycine at position 2078(*Am*) and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*).

[0094] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2088(*Am*) and at one or more additional amino acid positions. Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an arginine at position 2088(*Am*). In addition, enzymes of this embodiment will also comprise one or more of a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*), a glycine at position 2078(*Am*), and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have an arginine at position 2088(*Am*) and a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have an arginine at position 2088(*Am*) and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*).

[0095] In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention differs from the corresponding wild-type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase at amino acid position 2096(*Am*) and at one or more additional amino acid positions. Acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes of the invention will typically have an alanine at position 2096(*Am*). In addition, enzymes of this embodiment will also comprise one or more of a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 1999(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*), a glycine at position 2078(*Am*), and an arginine at position 2088(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have an alanine at position 2096(*Am*) and a leucine or alanine at position 1781(*Am*). In one embodiment, an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention will have an alanine at position 2096(*Am*) and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*).

[0096] Nucleic acid molecules

[0097] The present invention also encompasses nucleic acid molecules that encode all or a portion of the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes described above. Nucleic acid molecules of the invention may comprise a nucleic acid sequence encoding an amino acid sequence comprising a modified version of one or both of SEQ ID NOs: 2 and 3, wherein the sequence is modified such that the encoded protein comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine, as well as nucleic acid molecules complementary to all or a portion of the coding sequences. In some embodiments, a nucleic acid molecule of the invention may encode an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase having multiple differences from the wild type acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase as described above.

[0098] In one embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule of the invention may encode an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase comprising a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*) and a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*). In one embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule of the invention may encode an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase comprising a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*) and an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*). In one embodiment, a nucleic

acid molecule of the invention may encode an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase comprising a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*) and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*). In one embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule of the invention may encode an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase comprising a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), and an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*). In one embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule of the invention may encode an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase comprising a leucine or an alanine at position 1781(*Am*), a cysteine at position 2027(*Am*), an asparagine at position 2041(*Am*), and an alanine at position 2096(*Am*).

[0099] A nucleic acid molecule of the invention may be DNA, derived from genomic DNA or cDNA, or RNA. A nucleic acid molecule of the invention may be naturally occurring or may be synthetic. A nucleic acid molecule of the invention may be isolated, recombinant and/or mutagenized.

[0100] In one embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule of the invention encodes an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme in which the amino acid at 1781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine or is complementary to such a nucleic acid molecule. Such nucleic acid molecules include, but are not limited to, genomic DNA that serves as a template for a primary RNA transcription, a plasmid molecule encoding the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase, as well as an mRNA encoding such an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase.

[0101] Nucleic acid molecules of the invention may comprise non-coding sequences, which may or may not be transcribed. Non-coding sequences that may be included in the nucleic acid molecules of the invention include, but are not limited to, 5' and 3' UTRs, polyadenylation signals and regulatory sequences that control gene expression (e.g., promoters). Nucleic acid molecules of the invention may also comprise sequences encoding transit peptides, protease cleavage sites, covalent modification sites and the like. In one embodiment, nucleic acid molecules of the invention encode a chloroplast transit peptide sequence in addition to a sequence encoding an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme.

[0102] In another embodiment, nucleic acid molecules of the invention may encode an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme having at least 50%, 60%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95% or more sequence identity to a modified version of one or both of SEQ ID NOs: 2 and 3, wherein the sequence is modified such that the encoded protein comprises one or more

of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine, as well as nucleic acid molecules complementary to all or a portion of the coding sequences.

[0103] As used herein, "percent (%) sequence identity" is defined as the percentage of nucleotides or amino acids in the candidate derivative sequence identical with the nucleotides or amino acids in the subject sequence (or specified portion thereof), after aligning the sequences and introducing gaps, if necessary to achieve the maximum percent sequence identity, as generated by the program BLAST available at <http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi> with search parameters set to default values.

[0104] The present invention also encompasses nucleic acid molecules that hybridize to nucleic acid molecules encoding acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention as well as nucleic acid molecules that hybridize to the reverse complement of nucleic acid molecules encoding an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the invention. In one embodiment, nucleic acid molecules of the invention comprise nucleic acid molecules that hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule encoding one or more of a modified version of one or both of SEQ ID NOs: 2 and 3, wherein the sequence is modified such that the encoded protein comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine, as well as nucleic acid molecules complementary to all or a portion of the coding sequences, or the reverse complement of such nucleic acid molecules under stringent conditions. The stringency of hybridization can be controlled by temperature, ionic strength, pH, and the presence of denaturing agents such as formamide during hybridization and washing. Stringent conditions that may be used include those defined in *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, Vol. 1, Chap. 2.10, John Wiley & Sons, Publishers (1994) and

Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning*, Cold Spring Harbor (1989) which are specifically incorporated herein as they relate to teaching stringent conditions.

[0105] In one embodiment, nucleic acid molecules invention encompasses oligonucleotides that may be used as hybridization probes, sequencing primers, and/or PCR primers. Such oligonucleotides may be used, for example, to determine a codon sequence at a particular position in a nucleic acid molecule encoding an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase, for example, by allele specific PCR. Such oligonucleotides may be from about 15 to about 30, from about 20 to about 30, or from about 20-25 nucleotides in length.

[0106] Herbicides

[0107] The present invention provides plants, e.g., rice plants, that are tolerant of concentrations of herbicide that normally inhibit the growth of wild-type plants. The plants are typically resistant to herbicides that interfere with acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity. Any herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity can be used in conjunction with the plants of the invention. Suitable examples include, but are not limited to, cyclohexanedione herbicides, aryloxyphenoxy propionate herbicides, and phenylpyrazole herbicides. In some methods of controlling weeds and/or growing herbicide-tolerant plants, at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of sethoxydim, cycloxydim, tepraloxoxydim, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

[0108] Table 4 provides a list of cyclohexanedione herbicides (DIMs, also referred to as: cyclohexene oxime cyclohexanedione oxime; and CHD) that interfere with acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity and may be used in conjunction with the herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention. One skilled in the art will recognize that other herbicides in this class exist and may be used in conjunction with the herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention.

[0109] Table 4

Active Name	Synonyms	Example Products
Alloxydim	Carbodimedon, Zizalon, BAS 90210H	
Butoxydim	Butoxydim	Falcon
Caloxydim		
Clethodim	Cletodime	Select; Prism; Centurion
Cloproxydim		

Active Name	Synonyms	Example Products
Cycloxydim	BAS 517H, BAS 517	Focus
Profoxydim	Clefoxydim, BAS 625H, BAS 625	Aura
Sethoxydim	Cyethoxydim, BAS 562H, BASF 620	Roast; Rezult; Vantage
Tepraloxydim	BAS 620H, BAS 620	Aramo
Tralkoxydim	Tralkoxydime; Tralkoxidym	Achieve; Splendor

[0110] Table 5 presents a list of aryloxyphenoxy propionate herbicides (also referred to as aryloxyphenoxy propanoate; aryloxyphenoxyalkanoate; oxyphenoxy; APP; AOPP; APA; APPA; FOP, note that these are sometime written with the suffix ‘-oic’) that interfere with acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity and may be used in conjunction with the herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention. One skilled in the art will recognize that other herbicides in this class exist and may be used in conjunction with the herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention.

[0111] Table 5

Active Name	Synonyms	Example Products
Chlorazifop		
Clodinafop		Discover, Topik
Clofop	Fenofibric Acid	Alopex
Cyhalofop		Barnstorm; Clincher
Diclofop	Dichlorfop; Illoxan	Hoelon; Hoegrass
Fenoxyprop, Fenoxyprop-P		Option; Fusion; Acclaim
Fenthiafop		Taifun; Joker
Fluazifop, Fluazifop-P		Fusilade DX; Fusion
Haloxifop, Haloxifop-P		Motsa; Verdict; Gallant
Isoxapryifop		
Metamifop		
Propaquizafop		Correct; Shogun
Quizalofop, Quizalofop-P	Quizafop	Assure; Targa
Trifop		

[0112] In addition to the herbicides listed above, any other herbicide that interferes with acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity may be used in conjunction with the herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention. One example is phenylpyrazoline (also known as DEN; and

sometimes referred to under the more general class of Phenylpyrazole). An example of such an herbicide is pinoxaden and it is sold under the tradename Axial.

[0113] In addition, any of the above acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides can be combined with one or more herbicides of another class, for example, any of the acetohydroxyacid synthase-inhibiting herbicides, EPSP synthase-inhibiting herbicides, glutamine synthase-inhibiting herbicides, lipid- or pigment-biosynthesis inhibitor herbicides, cell-membrane disruptor herbicides, photosynthesis or respiration inhibitor herbicides, or growth regulator or growth inhibitor herbicides known in the art. Non-limiting examples include those recited in Weed Science Society of America's *Herbicide Handbook*, 9th Edition edited by S.A. Senseman, copy right 2007. An herbicidal composition herein can contain one or more agricultural active ingredient(s) selected from the agriculturally-acceptable fungicides, insecticides (including nematicides), miticides, and molluscicides. Non-limiting examples include those recited in 2009 Crop Protection Reference (www.greenbook.net), Vance Publications.

[0114] In one embodiment of the invention, any of the above acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides are combined with herbicides which exhibit low damage to rice, whereby the rice tolerance to such herbicides may optionally be a result of genetic modifications of the crop plants. Examples of such herbicides are the acetohydroxyacid synthase-inhibiting herbicides imazamethabenz, imazamox, imazapic, imazapyr, imazaquin, imazethapyr, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron, chlorimuron, cyclosulfamuron, ethoxysulfuron, flucetosulfuron, halosulfuron, imazosulfuron, metsulfuron, orthosulfamuron, propyrisulfuron, pyrazosulfuron, bispyribac, pyrimisulfan or penoxsulam, the EPSP synthase-inhibiting herbicides glyphosate or sulfosate, the glutamine synthase-inhibiting herbicides glufosinate, glufosinate-P or bialaphos, the lipid biosynthesis inhibitor herbicides benfuresate, molinate or thiobencarb, the photosynthesis inhibitor herbicides bentazon, paraquat, prometryn or propanil, the bleacher herbicides benzobicyclone, clomazone or tefuryltrione, the auxin herbicides 2,4-D, fluroxypyr, MCPA, quinclorac, quinmerac or triclopyr, the microtubule inhibitor herbicide pendimethalin, the VLCFA inhibitor herbicides anilofos, butachlor, fentrazamide, ipfencarbazone, mefenacet, pretilachlor, acetochlor, metolachlor or S-

metolachlor or the protoporphyrinogen-IX-oxidase inhibitor herbicides carfentrazone, oxadiazon, oxyfluorfen, pyraclonil or saflufenacil.

[0115] In one embodiment of the invention, any of the above acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides are combined with herbicides which exhibit low damage to cereals such as wheat, barley or rye, whereby the cereals tolerance to such herbicides may optionally be a result of genetic modifications of the crop plants. Examples of such herbicides are the acetohydroxyacid synthase-inhibiting herbicides imazamethabenz, imazamox, imazapic, imazapyr, imazaquin, imazethapyr, amidosulfuron, chlorsulfuron, flucetosulfuron, flupyrsulfuron, iodosulfuron, mesosulfuron, metsulfuron, sulfosulfuron, thifensulfuron, triasulfuron, tribenuron, tritosulfuron, florasulam, pyroxsulam, pyrimisulfan, flucarbazone, propoxycarbazone or thiencarbazone, the EPSP synthase-inhibiting herbicides glyphosate or sulfosate, the glutamine synthase-inhibiting herbicides glufosinate, glufosinate-P or bialaphos, the lipid biosynthesis inhibitor herbicides prosulfocarb, the photosynthesis inhibitor herbicides bentazon, chlorotoluron, isoproturon, ioxynil, bromoxynil, the bleacher herbicides diflufenican, flurtamone, picolinafen or pyrasulfotole, the auxin herbicides aminocyclopyrachlor, aminopyralid, 2,4-D, dicamba, fluroxypyr, MCPA, clopyralid, MCPP, or MCPP-P, the microtubule inhibitor herbicides pendimethalin or trifluralin, the VLCFA inhibitor herbicide flufenacet, or the protoporphyrinogen-IX-oxidase inhibitor herbicides bencarbazone, carfentrazone or saflufenacil, or the herbicide difenoquat.

[0116] In one embodiment of the invention, any of the above acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides are combined with herbicides which exhibit low damage to turf, whereby the turf tolerance to such herbicides may optionally be a result of genetic modifications of the crop plants. Examples of such herbicides are the acetohydroxyacid synthase-inhibiting herbicides imazamethabenz, imazamox, imazapic, imazapyr, imazaquin, imazethapyr, flazasulfuron, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, trifloxysulfuron, bispyribac or thiencarbazone, the EPSP synthase-inhibiting herbicides glyphosate or sulfosate, the glutamine synthase-inhibiting herbicides glufosinate, glufosinate-P or bialaphos, the photosynthesis inhibitor herbicides atrazine or bentazon, the bleacher herbicides mesotrione, picolinafen, pyrasulfotole or topramezone, the auxin herbicides aminocyclopyrachlor, aminopyralid, 2,4-D, 2,4-DB, clopyralid, dicamba, dichlorprop, dichlorprop-P, fluroxypyr,

MCPA, MCPB, MCPP, MCPP-P, quinclorac, quinmerac or trichlopyr, the microtubule inhibitor herbicide pendimethalin, the VLCFA inhibitor herbicides dimethenamide, dimethenamide-P or ipfencarbazone, the protoporphyrinogen-IX-oxidase inhibitor herbicides saflufenacil or sulfentrazone, or the herbicide indaziflam.

[0117] Furthermore, any of the above acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides can be combined with safeners. Safeners are chemical compounds which prevent or reduce damage on useful plants without having a major impact on the herbicidal action of the herbicides towards unwanted plants. They can be applied either before sowings (e. g. on seed treatments, shoots or seedlings) or in the pre-emergence application or post-emergence application of the useful plant. The safeners and the aforementioned herbicides can be applied simultaneously or in succession. Suitable safeners are e. g. (quinolin-8-oxy)acetic acids, 1-phenyl-5-haloalkyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-carboxylic acids, 1-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-5-alkyl-1H-pyrazol-3,5-dicarboxylic acids, 4,5-dihydro-5,5-diaryl-3-isoxazol carboxylic acids, dichloroacetamides, alpha-oximinophenylacetonitriles, acetophenonoximes, 4,6-dihalo-2-phenylpyrimidines, N-[[4-(aminocarbonyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]-2-benzoic amides, 1,8-naphthalic anhydride, 2-halo-4-(haloalkyl)-5-thiazol carboxylic acids, phosphorthiolates and N-alkyl-O-phenylcarbamates. Examples of safeners are benoxacor, cloquintocet, cyometrinil, cyprosulfamide, dichlormid, dicyclonon, dietholate, fenchlorazole, fenclorim, flurazole, fluxofenim, furilazole, isoxadifen, mefenpyr, mephenate, naphthalic anhydride, oxabetrinil, 4-(dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (MON4660, CAS 71526-07-3) and 2,2,5-trimethyl-3-(dichloroacetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine (R-29148, CAS 52836-31-4).

[0118] Those skilled in the art will recognize that some of the above mentioned herbicides and/or safeners are capable of forming geometrical isomers, for example E/Z isomers. It is possible to use both, the pure isomers and mixtures thereof, in the compositions according to the invention. Furthermore, some of the above mentioned herbicides and/or safeners have one or more centers of chirality and, as a consequence, are present as enantiomers or diastereomers. It is possible to use both, the pure enantiomers and diastereomers and their mixtures, in the compositions according to the invention. In particular, some of the aryloxyphenoxy propionate herbicides are chiral, and some of them are commonly used in enantiomerically enriched or enantiopure form, e. g. clodinafop,

cyhalofop, fenoxaprop-P, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop-P, metamifop, propaquizafop or quizalofop-P. As a further example, glufosinate may be used in enantiomerically enriched or enantiopure form, also known as glufosinate-P.

[0119] Those skilled in the art will recognize that any derivative of the above mentioned herbicides and/or safeners can be used in the practice of the invention, for example agriculturally suitable salts and esters.

[0120] The herbicides and/or safeners, or the herbicidal compositions comprising them, can be used, for example, in the form of ready-to-spray aqueous solutions, powders, suspensions, also highly concentrated aqueous, oily or other suspensions or dispersions, emulsions, oil dispersions, pastes, dusts, materials for broadcasting, or granules, by means of spraying, atomizing, dusting, spreading, watering or treatment of the seed or mixing with the seed. The use forms depend on the intended purpose; in any case, they should ensure the finest possible distribution of the active ingredients according to the invention.

[0121] The herbicidal compositions comprise an herbicidal effective amount of at least one of the acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides and potentially other herbicides and/or safeners and auxiliaries which are customary for the formulation of crop protection agents.

[0122] Examples of auxiliaries customary for the formulation of crop protection agents are inert auxiliaries, solid carriers, surfactants (such as dispersants, protective colloids, emulsifiers, wetting agents and tackifiers), organic and inorganic thickeners, bactericides, antifreeze agents, antifoams, optionally colorants and, for seed formulations, adhesives. The person skilled in the art is sufficiently familiar with the recipes for such formulations.

[0123] Examples of thickeners (i.e. compounds which impart to the formulation modified flow properties, i.e. high viscosity in the state of rest and low viscosity in motion) are polysaccharides, such as xanthan gum (Kelzan® from Kelco), Rhodopol® 23 (Rhone Poulenc) or Veegum® (from R.T. Vanderbilt), and also organic and inorganic sheet minerals, such as Attaclay® (from Engelhardt).

[0124] Examples of antifoams are silicone emulsions (such as, for example, Silikon® SRE, Wacker or Rhodorsil® from Rhodia), long-chain alcohols, fatty acids, salts of fatty acids, organofluorine compounds and mixtures thereof.

[0125] Bactericides can be added for stabilizing the aqueous herbicidal formulations.

Examples of bactericides are bactericides based on diclorophen and benzyl alcohol hemiformal (Proxel® from ICI or Acticide® RS from Thor Chemie and Kathon® MK from Rohm & Haas), and also isothiazolinone derivates, such as alkylisothiazolinones and benzisothiazolinones (Acticide MBS from Thor Chemie).

[0126] Examples of antifreeze agents are ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, urea or glycerol.

[0127] Examples of colorants are both sparingly water-soluble pigments and water-soluble dyes. Examples which may be mentioned are the dyes known under the names Rhodamin B, C.I. Pigment Red 112 and C.I. Solvent Red 1, and also pigment blue 15:4, pigment blue 15:3, pigment blue 15:2, pigment blue 15:1, pigment blue 80, pigment yellow 1, pigment yellow 13, pigment red 112, pigment red 48:2, pigment red 48:1, pigment red 57:1, pigment red 53:1, pigment orange 43, pigment orange 34, pigment orange 5, pigment green 36, pigment green 7, pigment white 6, pigment brown 25, basic violet 10, basic violet 49, acid red 51, acid red 52, acid red 14, acid blue 9, acid yellow 23, basic red 10, basic red 108.

[0128] Examples of adhesives are polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl alcohol and tylose.

[0129] Suitable inert auxiliaries are, for example, the following: mineral oil fractions of medium to high boiling point, such as kerosene and diesel oil, furthermore coal tar oils and oils of vegetable or animal origin, aliphatic, cyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons, for example paraffin, tetrahydronaphthalene, alkylated naphthalenes and their derivatives, alkylated benzenes and their derivatives, alcohols such as methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol and cyclohexanol, ketones such as cyclohexanone or strongly polar solvents, for example amines such as N-methylpyrrolidone, and water.

[0130] Suitable carriers include liquid and solid carriers. Liquid carriers include e.g. non-aqueous solvents such as cyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons, e.g. paraffins, tetrahydronaphthalene, alkylated naphthalenes and their derivatives, alkylated benzenes and their derivatives, alcohols such as methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol and cyclohexanol, ketones such as cyclohexanone, strongly polar solvents, e.g. amines such as N-methylpyrrolidone, and water as well as mixtures thereof. Solid carriers include e.g. mineral earths such as silicas, silica gels, silicates, talc, kaolin, limestone, lime, chalk, bole, loess, clay, dolomite, diatomaceous earth, calcium sulfate, magnesium sulfate and magnesium oxide, ground synthetic materials, fertilizers such as ammonium sulfate, ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate and ureas, and products of vegetable origin, such as cereal meal, tree bark meal, wood meal and nutshell meal, cellulose powders, or other solid carriers.

[0131] Suitable surfactants (adjuvants, wetting agents, tackifiers, dispersants and also emulsifiers) are the alkali metal salts, alkaline earth metal salts and ammonium salts of aromatic sulfonic acids, for example lignosulfonic acids (e.g. Borrespers-types, Borregaard), phenolsulfonic acids, naphthalenesulfonic acids (Morwet types, Akzo Nobel) and dibutylnaphthalenesulfonic acid (Nekal types, BASF AG), and of fatty acids, alkyl- and alkylarylsulfonates, alkyl sulfates, lauryl ether sulfates and fatty alcohol sulfates, and salts of sulfated hexa-, hepta- and octadecanols, and also of fatty alcohol glycol ethers, condensates of sulfonated naphthalene and its derivatives with formaldehyde, condensates of naphthalene or of the naphthalenesulfonic acids with phenol and formaldehyde, polyoxyethylene octylphenol ether, ethoxylated iso octyl-, octyl- or nonylphenol, alkylphenyl or tributylphenyl polyglycol ether, alkylaryl polyether alcohols, isotridecyl alcohol, fatty alcohol/ethylene oxide condensates, ethoxylated castor oil, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers or polyoxypropylene alkyl ethers, lauryl alcohol polyglycol ether acetate, sorbitol esters, lignosulfite waste liquors and proteins, denatured proteins, polysaccharides (e.g. methylcellulose), hydrophobically modified starches, polyvinyl alcohol (Mowiol types Clariant), polycarboxylates (BASF AG, Sokalan types), polyalkoxylates, polyvinylamine (BASF AG, Lupamine types), polyethyleneimine (BASF AG, Lupasol types), polyvinylpyrrolidone and copolymers thereof.

- [0132] Powders, materials for broadcasting and dusts can be prepared by mixing or concomitant grinding the active ingredients together with a solid carrier.
- [0133] Granules, for example coated granules, impregnated granules and homogeneous granules, can be prepared by binding the active ingredients to solid carriers.
- [0134] Aqueous use forms can be prepared from emulsion concentrates, suspensions, pastes, wettable powders or water-dispersible granules by adding water. To prepare emulsions, pastes or oil dispersions, the herbicidal compositions, either as such or dissolved in an oil or solvent, can be homogenized in water by means of a wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier. Alternatively, it is also possible to prepare concentrates comprising active compound, wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier and, if desired, solvent or oil, which are suitable for dilution with water.
- [0135] Methods of controlling weeds
- [0136] Herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention may be used in conjunction with an herbicide to which they are tolerant. Herbicides may be applied to the plants of the invention using any techniques known to those skilled in the art. Herbicides may be applied at any point in the plant cultivation process. For example, herbicides may be applied pre-planting, at planting, pre-emergence, post-emergence or combinations thereof.
- [0137] Herbicide compositions hereof can be applied, e.g., as foliar treatments, soil treatments, seed treatments, or soil drenches. Application can be made, e.g., by spraying, dusting, broadcasting, or any other mode known useful in the art.
- [0138] In one embodiment, herbicides may be used to control the growth of weeds that may be found growing in the vicinity of the herbicide-tolerant plants invention. In embodiments of this type, an herbicide may be applied to a plot in which herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention are growing in vicinity to weeds. An herbicide to which the herbicide-tolerant plant of the invention is tolerant may then be applied to the plot at a concentration sufficient to kill or inhibit the growth of the weed. Concentrations of herbicide sufficient to kill or inhibit the growth of weeds are known in the art.
- [0139] It will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the relevant arts that other suitable modifications and adaptations to the methods and applications described herein are

obvious and may be made without departing from the scope of the invention or any embodiment thereof. Having now described the present invention in detail, the same will be more clearly understood by reference to the following examples, which are included herewith for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to be limiting of the invention.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

[0140] Tissue culture conditions

[0141] An *in vitro* tissue culture mutagenesis assay has been developed to isolate and characterize plant tissue (e.g., rice tissue) that is tolerant to acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase inhibiting herbicides, e.g., tepraloxoym, cycloxydim, and sethoxydim. The assay utilizes the somaclonal variation that is found in *in vitro* tissue culture. Spontaneous mutations derived from somaclonal variation can be enhanced by chemical mutagenesis and subsequent selection in a stepwise manner, on increasing concentrations of herbicide.

[0142] The present invention provides tissue culture conditions for encouraging growth of friable, embryogenic rice callus that is regenerable. Calli were initiated from 4 different rice cultivars encompassing both Japonica (Taipei 309, Nipponbare, Koshihikari) and Indica (Indica 1) varieties. Dehusked seed were surface sterilized in 70% ethanol for approximately 1 min followed by 20% commercial Clorox bleach for 20 minutes. Seeds were rinsed with sterile water and plated on callus induction media. Various callus induction media were tested. The ingredient lists for the media tested are presented in Table 6.

Table 6

Ingredient	Supplier	R001M	R025M	R026M	R327M	R008M	MS711R
B5 Vitamins	Sigma					1.0 X	
MS salts	Sigma			1.0 X	1.0 X	1.0 X	1.0 X
MS Vitamins	Sigma			1.0 X	1.0 X		
N6 salts	Phytotech	4.0 g/L	4.0g/L				
N6 vitamins	Phytotech	1.0 X	1.0 X				
L-Proline	Sigma	2.9 g/L	0.5 g/L				1.2 g/L
Casamino Acids	BD	0.3 g/L	0.3 g/L	2 g/L			
Casein Hydrolysate	Sigma						1.0 g/L
L-Asp Monohydrate	Phytotech						150 mg/L
Nicotinic Acid	Sigma						0.5 mg/L
Pyridoxine HCl	Sigma						0.5 mg/L

Ingredient	Supplier	R001M	R025M	R026M	R327M	R008M	MS711R
Thiamine HCl	Sigma						1.0 mg/L
Myo-inositol	Sigma						100 mg/L
MES	Sigma	500 mg/L					
Maltose	VWR	30 g/L	30 g/L	30 g/L	30 g/L		
Sorbitol	Duchefa			30 g/L			
Sucrose	VWR					10 g/L	30 g/L
NAA	Duchefa					50 µg/L	
2,4-D	Sigma	2.0 mg/L					1.0 mg/L
MgCl ₂ ·6H ₂ O	VWR					750 mg/L	
→pH		5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7
Gelrite	Duchefa	4.0 g/L				2.5 g/L	
Agarose Type1	Sigma		7.0 g/L	10 g/L	10 g/L		
→Autoclave		15 min	20 min				
Kinetin	Sigma		2.0 mg/L	2.0 mg/L			
NAA	Duchefa		1.0 mg/L	1.0 mg/L			
ABA	Sigma		5.0 mg/L				
Cefotaxime	Duchefa		0.1 g/L	0.1 g/L	0.1 g/L		
Vancomycin	Duchefa		0.1 g/L	0.1 g/L	0.1 g/L		
G418 Disulfate	Sigma		20 mg/L	20 mg/L	20 mg/L		

[0143] R001M callus induction media was selected after testing numerous variations.

Cultures were kept in the dark at 30°C. Embryogenic callus was subcultured to fresh media after 10-14 days.

EXAMPLE 2

[0144] Selection of herbicide-tolerant calli

[0145] Once tissue culture conditions were determined, further establishment of selection conditions were established through the analysis of tissue survival in kill curves with cycloxydim, tepraloxymid, sethoxydim (Figure 1) or haloxyfop (not shown). Careful consideration of accumulation of the herbicide in the tissue, as well as its persistence and stability in the cells and the culture media was performed. Through these experiments, a sub-lethal dose has been established for the initial selection of mutated material.

[0146] After the establishment of the starting dose of sethoxydim, cycloxydim, tepraloxymid, and haloxyfop in selection media, the tissues were selected in a step-wise fashion by increasing the concentration of the ACCase inhibitor with each transfer until cells are recovered that grew vigorously in the presence of toxic doses (see Figure 2). The resulting calli were further subcultured every 3-4 weeks to R001M with selective agent. Over 26,000 calli were subjected to selection for 4-5 subcultures until the selective pressure

was above toxic levels as determined by kill curves and observations of continued culture. Toxic levels were determined to be 50 µM sethoxydim, 20 µM cycloxydim, 2.5 µM tepraloxoxydim (Figure 1) and 10 µM haloxyfop (not shown).

[0147] Alternatively, liquid cultures initiated from calli in MS711R (Table 5) with slow shaking and weekly subcultures. Once liquid cultures were established, selection agent was added directly to the flask at each subculture. Following 2-4 rounds of liquid selection, cultures were transferred to filters on solid R001M media for further growth.

EXAMPLE 3

[0148] Regeneration of plants

[0149] Tolerant tissue was regenerated and characterized molecularly for ACCase gene sequence mutations and/or biochemically for altered ACCase activity in the presence of the selective agent.

[0150] Following herbicide selection, calli were regenerated using a media regime of R025M for 10 – 14 days, R026M for ca. 2 weeks, R327M until well formed shoots were developed, and R008S until shoots were well rooted for transfer to the greenhouse (Table 5). Regeneration was carried out in the light. No selection agent was included during regeneration.

[0151] Once strong roots were established, M0 regenerants were transplant to the greenhouse in 4" square pots in a mixture of sand, NC Sandhills loamy soil, and Redi-earth (2:4:6) supplemented with gypsum. Transplants were maintained under a clear plastic cup until they were adapted to greenhouse conditions (ca. 1 week). The greenhouse was set to a day/night cycle of 27°C/21°C (80°F/70°F) with 600W high pressure sodium lights supplementing light to maintain a 14 hour day length. Plants were watered 2-3 times a day depending in the weather and fertilized daily. Rice plants selected for seed increase were transplanted into one gallon pots. As plants approached maturity and prepared to bolt, the pots were placed in small flood flats to better maintain water and nutrient delivery. Plants were monitored for insects and plant health and managed under standard Integrated Pest Management practices.

EXAMPLE 4

- [0152] Sequence analysis
- [0153] Leaf tissue was collected from clonal plants separated for transplanting and analyzed as individuals. Genomic DNA was extracted using a Wizard® 96 Magnetic DNA Plant System kit (Promega, US Patent Nos. 6,027,945 & 6,368,800) as directed by the manufacturer. Isolated DNA was PCR amplified using one forward and one reverse primer.
- [0154] Forward Primers:
- [0155] OsACCPU5142: 5'-GCAAATGATATTACGTTAGAGCTG-3' (SEQ ID NO:7)
- [0156] OsACCPU5205: 5'-GTTACCAACCTAGCCTGTGAGAAG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 8)
- [0157] Reverse Primers:
- [0158] OsACCPL7100: 5'-GATTCTTCAACAAGTTGAGCTCTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 9)
- [0159] OsACCPL7054: 5'-AGTAACATGGAAAGACCCTGTGGC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 10)
- [0160] PCR amplification was performed using Hotstar Taq DNA Polymerase (Qiagen) using touchdown thermocycling program as follows: 96°C for 15 min, followed by 35 cycles (96°C, 30 sec; 58°C – 0.2 °C per cycle, 30 sec; 72°C, 3 min and 30 sec), 10 min at 72°C.
- [0161] PCR products were verified for concentration and fragment size via agarose gel electrophoresis. Dephosphorylated PCR products were analyzed by direct sequence using the PCR primers (DNA Landmarks). Chromatogram trace files (.scf) were analyzed for mutation relative to Os05g0295300 using Vector NTI Advance 10™ (Invitrogen). Based on sequence information, two mutations were identified in several individuals. I1781L and D2078G were present in the heterozygous state. Sequence analysis was performed on the representative chromatograms and corresponding AlignX alignment with default settings and edited to call secondary peaks.
- [0162] Samples inconsistent with an ACCase mutation were spray tested for tolerance and discarded as escapes. Surprisingly, most of the recovered lines were heterozygous for the I1781L mutation and resistant events were generated in all tested genotypes using

cycloxydim or sethoxydim: Indica1 (\geq 18 lines), Taipei 309 (\geq 14 lines), Nipponbare (\geq 3 lines), and Koshihikare (\geq 6 lines). One line was heterozygous for a D2078G mutation. The D2078G heterozygote line appeared stunted with narrow leaves, while the I1781L heterozygotes varied in appearance, but most looked normal relative to their parental genotype. Several escapes were recovered and confirmed by sequencing and spray testing; however, sequencing results of the herbicide sensitive region of ACCase revealed that most tolerant mutants were heterozygous for an I1781L, A to T mutation. One line, ARWI010, was heterozygous for a D2078G, A to G mutation. To date, all recovered plants lacking an ACCase mutation have been sensitive to herbicide application in the greenhouse.

EXAMPLE 5

- [0163] Demonstration of herbicide-tolerance
- [0164] Selected mutants and escapes were transferred to small pots. Wild-type cultivars and 3 biovars of red rice were germinated from seed to serve as controls.
- [0165] After ca. 3 weeks post-transplant, M0 regenerants were sprayed using a track sprayer with 400-1600 g ai/ha cycloxydim (BAS 517H) supplemented with 0.1% methylated seed oil. After the plants had adapted to greenhouse conditions, a subset were sprayed with 800 g ai/ha cycloxydim. Once sprayed, plants were kept on drought conditions for 24 hours before being watered and fertilized again. Sprayed plants were photographed and rated for herbicide injury at 1 (Figure 3) and 2 weeks after treatment (Figure 4). No injury was observed on plants containing the I1781L heterozygous mutation while control plants and tissue culture escapes (regenerated plants negative for the sequenced mutations) were heavily damaged after treatment (Figures 3 & 4). Figures 5-16 provide nucleic acid and/or amino acid sequences of acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzymes from various plants.
- [0166] While the foregoing invention has been described in some detail for purposes of clarity and understanding, it will be appreciated by one skilled in the art from a reading of this disclosure that various changes in form and detail can be made without departing from the true scope of the invention and appended claims. All patents and publications cited herein are entirely incorporated herein by reference.

What is claimed is:

1. A rice plant tolerant to at least one herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.
2. A rice plant that expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence differs from an amino acid sequence of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a wild-type rice plant at one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*).
3. A rice plant, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is other than aspartate; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is other than cysteine; or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is other than glycine.
4. A rice plant, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine ; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is Arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.
5. An herbicide-tolerant rice plant which is tolerant to at least one herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of said plant, wherein the herbicide-tolerant plant is produced by:
 - a) obtaining cells from a plant that is not tolerant to the herbicide;
 - b) contacting the cells with a medium comprising one or more acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase inhibitors; and
 - c) generating an herbicide-tolerant plant from the cells;wherein the herbicide-tolerant plant was generated by performing a), b) and c) or is a progeny of a plant generated by performing a), b), and c).

6. A rice plant, wherein one or more of the genomes of said rice plant encode a protein comprising an amino acid sequence comprising one or more of a modified SEQ ID NO:2 and a modified SEQ ID NO:3, wherein the sequence is modified such that the encoded protein comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

7. A rice plant wherein:

- (a) growth of said plant is tolerant to acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant;
- (b) said plant is grown from a seed having ATCC accession number PTA-10267; or is a mutant, recombinant, or genetically engineered derivative of the plant grown from a seed having ATCC accession number PTA-10267 or of any progeny of the plant grown from a seed having ATCC accession number PTA-10267; or is a plant which is the progeny of any of these plants; and
- (c) said plant has the herbicide tolerance characteristics of the plant grown from a seed having ATCC accession number PTA-10267.

8. An herbicide-tolerant rice plant according to claim 5, wherein the cells are in the form of a callus.

9. A plant of any one of claims claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7, wherein said plant is a member of the species *O. sativa*.

10. A rice plant according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7, wherein growth of the plant is tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

11. A rice plant according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7, wherein growth of the plant is tolerant to at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aloxydim, butroxydim, caloxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxoxydim, tralkoxydim, chlorazifop, clodinafop, clofop, diclofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P, fenthiafop,

fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, isoxapyrifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P, trifop, and pinoxaden or a derivative of any of these herbicides at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

12. A rice plant according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7, wherein growth of the plant is tolerant to an amount of one or more of sethoxydim, cycloxydim, tepraloxydim, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, or a derivative of any of these herbicides at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

13. A rice plant according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7, wherein said rice plant is not a GMO-plant.

14. A rice plant according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7, wherein said rice plant is a mutagenized rice plant.

15. A cell from a rice plant according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7.

16. A method for controlling growth of weeds in vicinity to rice plants, comprising: applying to the weeds and rice plants an amount of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide that inhibits naturally occurring acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity, wherein said rice plants comprise altered acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity such that said rice plants are tolerant to the applied amount of herbicide.

17. The method of claim 16, wherein said acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

18. The method according to claim 16, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aloxydim, butoxydim, caloxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxydim, tralkoxydim, chlorazifop, clodinafop, clofop, diclofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P, fenthiaprop, fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, isoxapyrifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P, trifop, and pinoxaden or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

19. The method according to claim 16, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of sethoxydim, cycloxydim, tepraloxydim, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, or a derivative of any of these herbicides that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

20. A method for controlling growth of weeds in vicinity to rice plants, comprising: applying one or more herbicides to the weeds and to the rice plants at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant, wherein at least one herbicide inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity.

21. A method according to claim 20, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

22. A method according to claim 20, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aloxydim, butoxydim, caloxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxoxydim, tralkoxydim, chlorazifop, clodinafop, clofop, diclofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P, fenthiaprop, fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, isoxapryifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P, trifop, and pinoxaden, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

23. A method according to claim 20, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of sethoxydim, cycloxydim, tepraloxoxydim, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

24. A method for controlling growth of weeds, comprising:

- (a) crossing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant with other rice germplasm, and harvesting the resulting hybrid rice seed;
- (b) planting the hybrid rice seed; and
- (c) applying one or more acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides to the hybrid rice and to the weeds in vicinity to the hybrid rice at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

25. A method according to claim 24, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

26. A method according to claim 24, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aloxydim, butoxydim, caloxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxoxydim, tralkoxydim, chlorazifop, clodinafop, clofop, diclofop, fenoxaprop,

fenoxaprop-P, fenthiafop, fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, isoxapryifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P, trifop, and pinoxaden, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

27. A method according to claim 24, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of sethoxydim, cycloxydim, tepraloxydim, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

28. A method for selecting herbicide-tolerant rice plants, comprising:

(a) crossing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant with other rice germplasm, and harvesting the resulting hybrid rice seed;

(b) planting the hybrid rice seed;

(c) applying one or more herbicides to the hybrid rice at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant, wherein at least one of the herbicides inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase; and

(d) harvesting seeds from the rice plants to which herbicide has been applied.

29. A method according to claim 28, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

30. A method according to claim 28, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of alloxydim, butroxydim, caloxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxydim, tralkoxydim, chlorazifop, clodinafop, clofop, diclofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P, fenthiafop, fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, isoxapryifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P, trifop, and pinoxaden, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

31. A method according to claim 28, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of sethoxydim, cycloxydim, tepraloxydim, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

32. A method for growing herbicide-tolerant rice plants, comprising:

(a) planting rice seeds;

(b) allowing the rice seeds to sprout;

(c) applying one or more herbicides to the rice sprouts at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant, wherein at least one of the herbicides inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

34. A method according to claim 32, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aloxydim, butoxydim, caloxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxoxydim, tralkoxydim, chlorazifop, clodinafop, clofop, diclofop, fenoxyprop, fenoxyprop-P, fenthiaprop, fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, isoxapryifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P, trifop, and pinoxaden, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

35. A method according to claim 32, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of sethoxydim, cycloxydim, tepraloxoxydim, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

36. A method for selecting herbicide-tolerant plants ...

37. A seed of rice cultivar **Indica1**, wherein a representative sample of seed of said cultivar was deposited under ATCC Accession No. PTA-10267.

38. A rice plant, or a part thereof, produced by growing the seed of claim 37.

39. A tissue culture of cells produced from the seed of claim 37.

40. A tissue culture of cells produced from the plant of claim 38, wherein said cells of the tissue culture are produced from a plant part selected from the group consisting of leaves, pollen, embryos, cotyledons, hypocotyls, meristematic cells, roots, root tips, pistils, anthers, flowers and stems.

41. A rice plant generated from the tissue culture of any one of claims 39 or 40, wherein the plant has all the morphological and physiological characteristics of cultivar Indical.

42. A seed of an herbicide-tolerant rice plant, wherein a plant grown from the seed is tolerant to at least one herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

43. A seed of a rice plant, wherein a plant grown from the seed expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence differs from an amino acid sequence of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a wild-type rice plant at one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*).

44. A seed of a rice plant, wherein a plant grown from the seed expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is other than aspartate; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is other than cysteine; or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is other than glycine.

45. A seed of a rice plant, wherein a plant grown from the seed expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

46. A method for producing rice seed, comprising:
crossing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant with other rice germplasm; and
harvesting the resulting hybrid rice seed, wherein the herbicide-tolerant rice plant is tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

47. A method for producing an F1 hybrid rice seed, comprising:
crossing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant with a different rice plant; and

harvesting the resultant F1 hybrid rice seed, wherein the herbicide-tolerant rice plant is tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.

48. A method of producing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant, comprising:
transforming a cell of a rice plant with a transgene, wherein the transgene encodes an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme that confers tolerance to at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.
49. A method according to claim 48, wherein the cell is in the form of a callus.
50. A method according to claim 48, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aloxydim, butoxydim, caloxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxydim, tralkoxydim, chlorazifop, clodinafop, clofop, diclofop, fenoxyprop, fenoxyprop-P, fenthiaprop, fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, isoxapryifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P, trifop, and pinoxaden, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.
51. A method according to claim 48, wherein at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of sethoxydim, cycloxydim, tepraloxydim, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, or a derivative of any of these herbicides.
52. A method according to claim 48, wherein the transgene comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein comprising an amino acid sequence comprising one or more of a modified SEQ ID NO:2 and a modified SEQ ID NO:3, wherein the sequence is modified such that the encoded protein comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.
53. An herbicide-tolerant rice plant produced by the method of claim 48.
54. A method of producing an herbicide-tolerant rice plant, comprising:

transforming a cell of a rice plant with a transgene encoding an enzyme that confers herbicide tolerance,

wherein the cell was produced from a rice plant expressing an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme that confers tolerance to at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

55. A method according to claim 54, wherein the cell is in the form of a callus.

56. An herbicide-tolerant rice plant produced by the method of claim 54.

57. A method of producing a recombinant rice plant, comprising:

transforming a cell of a rice plant with a transgene,

wherein the cell was produced from a rice plant expressing an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme that confers tolerance to at least one herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

58. A method according to claim 57, wherein the cell is in the form of a callus.

59. The method according to claim 57, wherein the transgene encodes a protein.

60. The method according to claim 59, wherein the protein is an enzyme that modifies fatty acid metabolism and/or carbohydrate metabolism.

61. The method according to claim 57, wherein the transgene is selected from the group consisting of nucleotide sequences encoding fructosyltransferase, levansucrase, alpha-amylase, invertase and starch branching enzyme or encoding an antisense of stearyl-ACP desaturase.

62. A recombinant rice plant produced by the method of claim 57.

63. A method of producing a rice plant having a desired trait, comprising:

(a) crossing a rice plant that is tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant with a plant of another rice cultivar that comprises the desired trait to produce progeny plants;

- (b) selecting one or more progeny plants that have the desired trait to produce selected progeny plants;
- (c) crossing the selected progeny plants with the herbicide-tolerant plants to produce backcross progeny plants;
- (d) selecting for backcross progeny plants that have the desired trait and herbicide tolerance; and
- (e) repeating steps (c) and (d) three or more times in succession to produce selected fourth or higher backcross progeny plants that comprise the desired trait and herbicide tolerance.
64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the desired trait is selected from the group consisting of male sterility, herbicide tolerance, drought tolerance insect resistance, modified fatty acid metabolism, modified carbohydrate metabolism and resistance to bacterial disease, fungal disease or viral disease.
65. A method of producing a male sterile rice plant wherein the method comprises transforming a rice plant tolerant to at least one herbicide that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant with a nucleic acid molecule that confers male sterility.
66. A male sterile rice plant produced by the method of claim 65.
67. A composition, comprising:
one or more cells of a rice plant; and
an aqueous medium, wherein the medium comprises a compound that inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity, and wherein the cells are derived from a rice plant tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a rice plant.
68. A composition according to claim 67, wherein the compound comprises one or more of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides and combinations thereof.
69. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a rice acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence differs from an amino acid sequence of

an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a wild-type rice plant at one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*).

70. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a rice acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is other than aspartate; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is other than cysteine; or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is other than glycine.

71. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a rice acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is Arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

72. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a protein comprising SEQ ID NO:XX.

73. An herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant having increased tolerance to an ACCase-inhibitor (ACCI) as compared to a wild-type variety of the plant, wherein the herbicide-tolerant plant is produced by a process comprising either:

(I) the steps of

- (a) providing BEP clade plant cells having a first, zero or non-zero level of ACCI tolerance;
- (b) growing the cells in contact with a medium to form a cell culture;
- (c) contacting cells of said culture with an ACCI;
- (d) growing ACCI-contacted cells from step (c) to form a culture containing cells having a level of ACCI tolerance greater than the first level of step (a); and
- (e) generating, from ACCI-tolerant cells of step (d), a plant having a level of ACCI tolerance greater than that of a wild-type variety of the plant; or

(II) the steps of

- (f) providing a first, herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant having increased tolerance to an ACCase-inhibitor (ACCI) as compared to a wild-type variety of the plant, said herbicide-tolerant plant having been produced by a process comprising steps (a)-(e); and
- (g) producing from the first plant a second, herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant that retains the increased herbicide tolerance characteristics of the first plant;

thereby obtaining an herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant.

74. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein said plant is a member of the Bambusoideae - Ehrhartoideae subclade.

75. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein said plant is a member of the subfamily Ehrhartoideae.

76. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein the cells are in the form of a callus.

77. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein said plant is a member of the genus *Oryza*.

78. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein said plant is a member of the species *O. sativa*.

79. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein the medium does not comprise a mutagen.

80. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein said herbicide-tolerant plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence differs from an amino acid sequence of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a corresponding wild-type BEP clade plant at one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*).

81. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein said herbicide-tolerant plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is other than

isoleucine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is other than tryptophan; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is other than isoleucine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is other than aspartate; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is other than cysteine; or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is other than glycine;

82. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein said herbicide-tolerant plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid sequence comprises one or more of the following: the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine; the amino acid at position 1,999(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; the amino acid at position 2,078(*Am*) is glycine; the amino acid at position 2088(*Am*) is Arginine or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

83. An herbicide-tolerant plant, wherein said plant is produced by the process of:

(a) crossing or back-crossing a plant grown from a seed of a plant according to claim 73 with other germplasm;

(b) growing the plants resulting from said crossing or back-crossing in the presence of at least one herbicide that normally inhibits acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase, at levels of the herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a plant; and

(c) selecting for further propagation plants resulting from said crossing or back-crossing, wherein the plants selected are plants that grow without significant injury in the presence of the herbicide.

84. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a mutagenized acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of a plant in the BEP clade of the Family Poaceae, in which the amino acid sequence of the mutagenized acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase differs from an amino acid sequence of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase of the corresponding wild-type plant at one or more of the following positions: 1,781(*Am*), 1,999(*Am*), 2,027(*Am*), 2,041(*Am*), 2,078(*Am*), 2088(*Am*) or 2,096(*Am*).

85. A nucleic acid according to claim 84, wherein the nucleic acid has been isolated from a plant by a process comprising either:

(I) the steps of

- (a) providing BEP clade plant cells having a first, zero or non-zero level of ACCase-inhibitor (ACCI) tolerance;
 - (b) growing the cells in contact with a medium to form a cell culture;
 - (c) contacting cells of said culture with an ACCI;
 - (d) growing ACCI-contacted cells from step (c) to form a culture containing cells having a level of ACCI tolerance greater than the first level of step (a); and
 - (e) generating, from ACCI-tolerant cells of step (d), a plant having a level of ACCI tolerance greater than that of a wild-type variety of the plant; or
- (II) the steps of
- (f) providing a first, herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant having increased tolerance to an ACCase-inhibitor (ACCI) as compared to a wild-type variety of the plant, said herbicide-tolerant plant having been produced by a process comprising steps (a)-(e); and
 - (g) producing from the first plant a second, herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant that retains the increased herbicide tolerance characteristics of the first plant;
- thereby obtaining an herbicide-tolerant, BEP clade plant; and
isolating a nucleic acid from the herbicide-tolerant BEP clade plant.

86. A rice plant according to claim 4, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is leucine or alanine and at least one of the following: the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine; the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine; or the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

87. A rice plant according to claim 86, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine.

88. A rice plant according to claim 86, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine.

89. A rice plant according to claim 86, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid at position 2,049(*Am*) is phenylalanine.

90. A rice plant according to claim 86, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid at position 2,078 (*Am*) is glycine.

91. A rice plant according to claim 86, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid at position 2,096(*Am*) is alanine.

92. A rice plant according to claim 86, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid at position 2,027(*Am*) is cysteine and the amino acid at position 2,041(*Am*) is asparagine.

93. A rice plant according to claim 4, wherein said plant expresses an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase (ACCase) in which the amino acid at position 1,781(*Am*) is alanine, the amino acid at position 2027(*Am*) is cysteine, and the amino acid at position 2041(*Am*) is asparagine.

94. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein said plant is a wheat, barley or rye plant and is a member of the genus *Triticum*, *Hordeum*, or *Lolium*.

95. A wheat, barley or rye plant according to claim 94, wherein growth of the plant is tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a wheat, barley or rye plant.

96. A wheat, barley or rye plant according to claim 94, wherein growth of the plant is tolerant to at least one herbicide selected from the group consisting of butroxydim, clethodim, cycloxydim, profoxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxoxydim, clodinafop, clofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P, fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, metamifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P and pinoxaden or a derivative of any of these herbicides at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a wheat, barley or rye plant.

97. A method for controlling growth of weeds in vicinity to wheat, barley or rye plants, comprising:

applying to the weeds and wheat, barley or rye plants an amount of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide that inhibits naturally occurring acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity, wherein said wheat, barley or rye plants comprise altered acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity such that said wheat, rye or barley plants are tolerant to the applied amount of herbicide.

98. The method of claim 97, wherein said acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

99. The method of claim 97, wherein said acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide is selected from the group consisting of butroxydim, clethodim, cycloxydim, profoxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxydim, clodinafop, clofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P, fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, metamifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P and pinoxaden or a derivative of any of these herbicides or combinations thereof.

100. The method of claim 97, 98 or 99, wherein said acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide is used in combination with at least one other herbicide selected from the group consisting of the acetohydroxyacid synthase-inhibiting herbicides imazamethabenz, imazamox, imazapic, imazapyr, imazaquin, imazethapyr, amidosulfuron, chlorsulfuron, flucetosulfuron, fluprysulfuron, iodosulfuron, mesosulfuron, metsulfuron, sulfosulfuron, thifensulfuron, triasulfuron, tribenuron, tritosulfuron, florasulam, pyroxsulam, pyrimisulfan, flucarbazone, propoxycarbazone and thiencarbazone, the EPSP synthase-inhibiting herbicides glyphosate and sulfosate, the glutamine synthase-inhibiting herbicides glufosinate, glufosinate-P and bialaphos, the lipid biosynthesis inhibitor herbicides prosulfocarb, the photosynthesis inhibitor herbicides bentazon, chlorotoluron, isoproturon, ioxynil, bromoxynil, the bleacher herbicides diflufenican, flurtamone, picolinafen and pyrasulfotole, the auxin herbicides aminocyclopyrachlor, aminopyralid, 2,4-D, dicamba, fluroxypyr, MCPA, clopyralid, MCPP and MCPP-P, the microtubule inhibitor herbicides pendimethalin and trifluralin, the VLCFA inhibitor herbicide flufenacet, or the protoporphyrinogen-IX-oxidase inhibitor herbicides bencarbazone, carfentrazone and saflufenacil, and the herbicide difenzoquat or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

101. An herbicide-tolerant plant according to claim 73, wherein said plant is a turf plant and is a member of the genus Zoysia japonica, Agrostis palustris or Poa pratensis.

102. A turf grass plant according to the claim 101, wherein growth of the plant is tolerant to aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a turf grass plant.

103. A turf grass plant according to claim 101, wherein growth of the plant is tolerant to at least one herbicide selected from the group consisting of aloxydim, butoxydim, clethodim, cycloxydim, profoxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxoym, tralkoxydim, clodinafop, clofop, diclofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P, fluazifop, fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, metamifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P and pinoxaden or a derivative of any of these herbicides at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a turf grass plant.

104. A turf grass plant according to claim 101, wherein growth of the plant is tolerant to at least one herbicide selected from the group consisting of clethodim, cycloxydim, profoxydim, sethoxydim and tepraloxoym or a derivative of any of these herbicides at levels of herbicide that would normally inhibit the growth of a turf grass plant.

105. A method for controlling growth of weeds in vicinity to turf grass plants, comprising:

applying to the weeds and turf grass plants an amount of an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide that inhibits naturally occurring acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity, wherein said turf grass plants comprise altered acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase activity such that said turf grass plants are tolerant to the applied amount of herbicide.

106. The method of claim 105, wherein said acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide is selected from the group consisting of aryloxyphenoxypropionate herbicides, cyclohexanedione herbicides, phenylpyrazoline herbicides or combinations thereof.

107. The method of claim 105, wherein said acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide is selected from the group consisting of butoxydim, clethodim, cycloxydim, profoxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxoym, clodinafop, clofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P, fluazifop,

fluazifop-P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, metamifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P and pinoxaden or a derivative of any of these herbicides or combinations thereof.

108. The method of claim 105, wherein said acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide is selected from the group consisting of clethodim, cycloxydim, profoxydim, sethoxydim and tepraloxydim or a derivative of any of these herbicides or combinations thereof.

109. The method of claim 105, 106, 107 or 108, wherein said acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide is used in combination with at least one other herbicide selected from the group consisting of the acetohydroxyacid synthase-inhibiting herbicides imazamethabenz, imazamox, imazapic, imazapyr, imazaquin, imazethapyr, flazasulfuron, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, trifloxysulfuron, bispyribac and thiencarbazone, the EPSP synthase-inhibiting herbicides glyphosate and sulfosate, the glutamine synthase-inhibiting herbicides glufosinate, glufosinate-P and bialaphos, the photosynthesis inhibitor herbicides atrazine and bentazon, the bleacher herbicides mesotrione, picolinafen, pyrasulfotole and topramezone, the auxin herbicides aminocyclopyrachlor, aminopyralid, 2,4-D, 2,4-DB, clopyralid, dicamba, dichlorprop, dichlorprop-P, fluroxypyr, MCPA, MCPB, MCPP, MCPP-P, quinclorac, quinmerac and trichlopyr, the microtubule inhibitor herbicide pendimethalin, the VLCFA inhibitor herbicides dimethenamide, dimethenamide-P and ipfencarbazone, the protoporphyrinogen-IX-oxidase inhibitor herbicides saflufenacil and sulfentrazone, and the herbicide indaziflam or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

110. The method of claim 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34 or 35, wherein said acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicide is used in combination with at least one other herbicide selected from the group consisting of the acetohydroxyacid synthase-inhibiting herbicides imazamethabenz, imazamox, imazapic, imazapyr, imazaquin, imazethapyr, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron, chlorimuron, cyclosulfamuron, ethoxysulfuron, flucetosulfuron, halosulfuron, imazosulfuron, metsulfuron, orthosulfamuron, propyrisulfuron, pyrazosulfuron, bispyribac, pyrimisulfan and penoxsulam, the EPSP synthase-inhibiting herbicides glyphosate and sulfosate, the glutamine synthase-inhibiting herbicides glufosinate, glufosinate-P and bialaphos, the lipid biosynthesis inhibitor herbicides benfuresate, molinate and thiobencarb, the photosynthesis inhibitor herbicides bentazon, paraquat, prometryn and propanil, the bleacher herbicides benzobicyclone, clomazone and tefuryltrione, the auxin

herbicides 2,4-D, fluroxypyr, MCPA, quinclorac, quinmerac and triclopyr, the microtubule inhibitor herbicide pendimethalin, the VLCFA inhibitor herbicides anilofos, butachlor, fentrazamide, ipfencarbazone, mefenacet, pretilachlor, acetochlor, metolachlor and S-metolachlor and the protoporphyrinogen-IX-oxidase inhibitor herbicides carfentrazone, oxadiazon, oxyfluorfen, pyraclonil and saflufenacil or a derivative of any of these herbicides.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention provides herbicide-tolerant plants. The present invention also provides methods for controlling the growth of weeds by applying an herbicide to which herbicide-tolerant plants of the invention are tolerant. Plants of the invention may express an acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme that is tolerant to the action of acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase enzyme inhibitors.

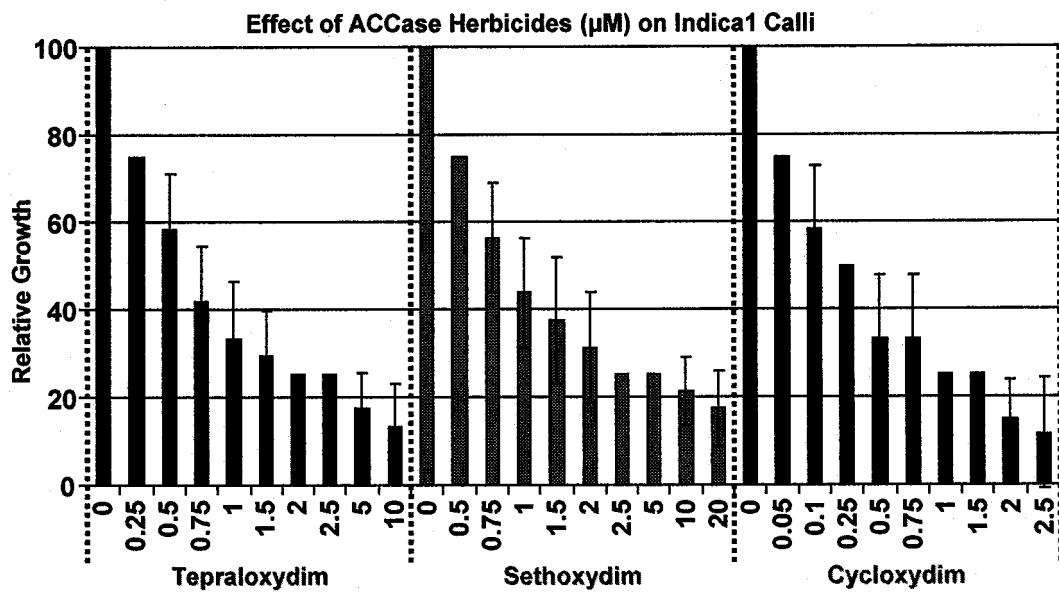
FIGURE 1

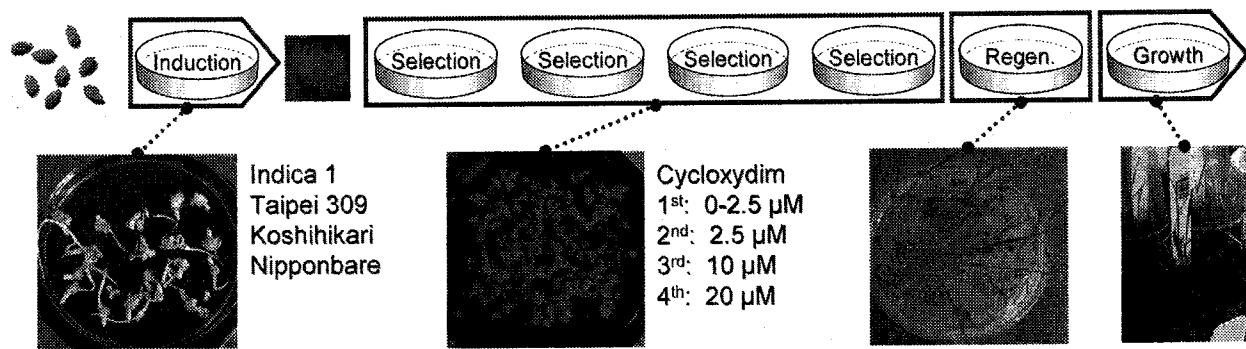
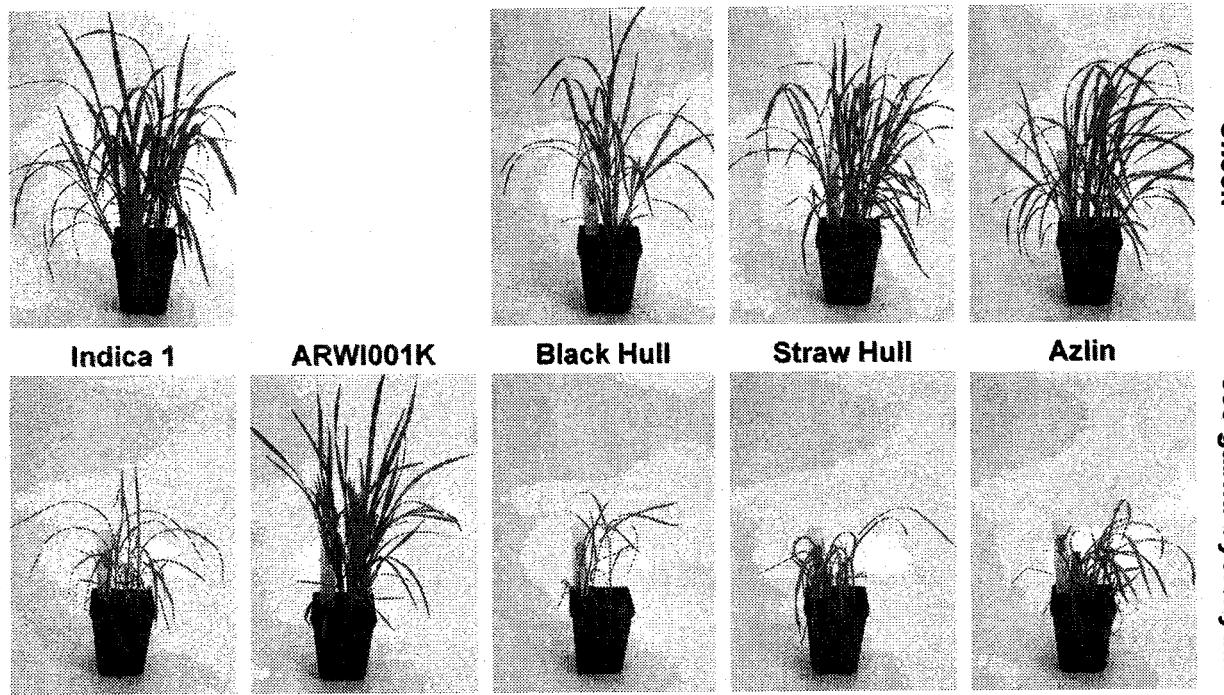
FIGURE 2

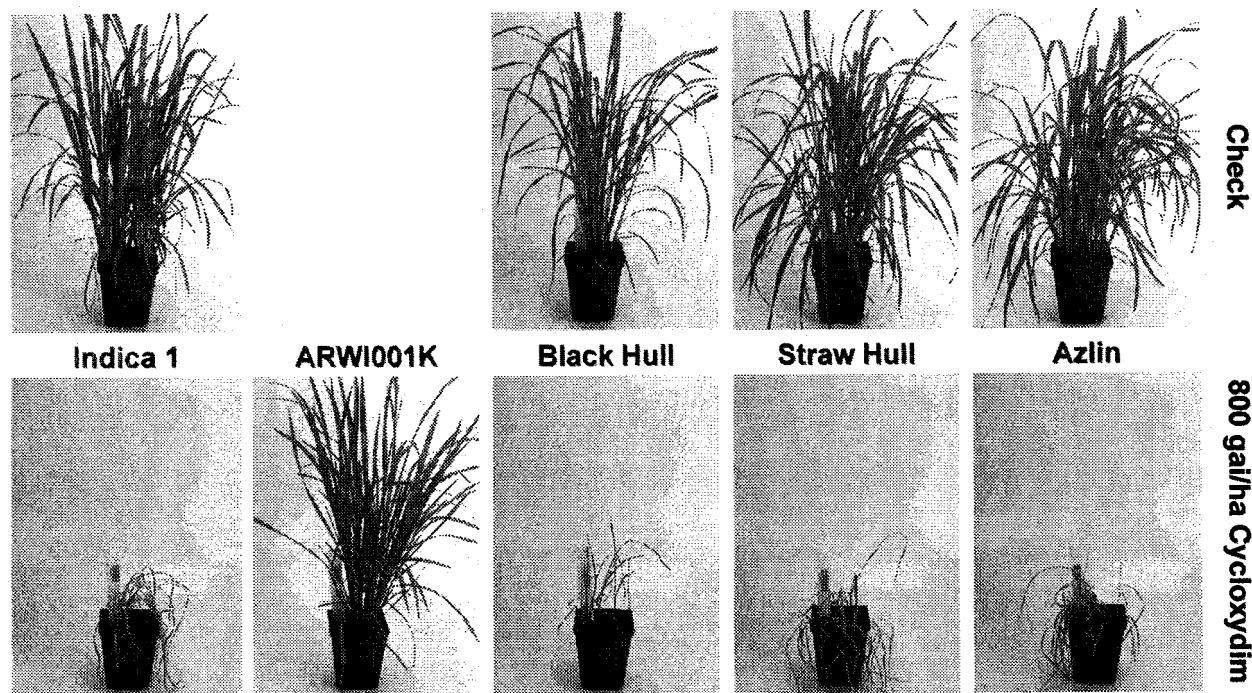
FIGURE 3



Check

800 gai/ha Cycloxydien

FIGURE 4



Check
800 gai/ha Cycloxydim

FIGURE 5

LOCUS CAC84161 2320 aa linear PLN 14-NOV-
 2006
 DEFINITION acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase [Alopecurus myosuroides].
 ACCESSION CAC84161
 VERSION CAC84161.1 GI:20975574
 DBSOURCE embl accession AJ310767.1
 KEYWORDS .
 SOURCE Alopecurus myosuroides
 ORGANISM Alopecurus myosuroides
 Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta;
 Tracheophyta;
 Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae; BEP
 clade; Pooideae; Aveneae; Alopecurus.
 REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Matejicek,A. and Gasquez,J.
 TITLE PCR-based detection of resistance to acetyl-CoA
 carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides in black-grass (*Alopecurus*
myosuroides Huds) and ryegrass (*Lolium rigidum* gaud)
 JOURNAL Pest Manag. Sci. 58 (5), 474-478 (2002)
 PUBMED 11997974
 REFERENCE 2
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Calmes,E. and Matejicek,A.
 TITLE SNP markers for black-grass (*Alopecurus myosuroides* Huds.)
 genotypes resistant to acetyl CoA-carboxylase inhibiting
 herbicides
 JOURNAL Theor. Appl. Genet. 104 (6-7), 1114-1120 (2002)
 PUBMED 12582620
 REFERENCE 3
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Zhang,X.Q., Chalopin,C., Michel,S. and Powles,S.B.
 TITLE An isoleucine residue within the carboxyl-transferase domain of
 multidomain acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase is a major determinant
 of
 sensitivity to aryloxyphenoxypropionate but not to
 cyclohexanedione
 inhibitors
 JOURNAL Plant Physiol. 132 (3), 1716-1723 (2003)
 PUBMED 12857850
 REFERENCE 4
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Straub,C., Michel,S. and Le Corre,V.
 TITLE Nucleotide variability at the acetyl coenzyme A carboxylase gene
 and the signature of herbicide selection in the grass weed
Alopecurus myosuroides (Huds.)
 JOURNAL Mol. Biol. Evol. 21 (5), 884-892 (2004)
 PUBMED 15014166
 REFERENCE 5
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Zhang,X.Q., Michel,S., Matejicek,A. and Powles,S.B.
 TITLE Molecular bases for sensitivity to acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase
 inhibitors in black-grass
 JOURNAL Plant Physiol. 137 (3), 794-806 (2005)
 PUBMED 15579665
 REFERENCE 6 (residues 1 to 2320)
 AUTHORS Delye,C.
 TITLE Direct Submission

JOURNAL Submitted (18-JUN-2001) Delye C., Malherbologie et Agronomie,
 Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique, B. P. 86510, 21035
 Dijon cedex, FRANCE

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers

source 1..2320
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 /db_xref="CDD:86111"

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 /note="Biotin carboxyl carrier protein [Lipid metabolism]; COG0511"
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FIGURE 6

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 DEFINITION Alopecurus myosuroides mRNA for acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase.
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 VERSION AJ310767.1 GI:20975573
 KEYWORDS acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase.
 SOURCE Alopecurus myosuroides
 ORGANISM Alopecurus myosuroides
 Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta;
 Tracheophyta;
 Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae; BEP
 clade; Pooideae; Aveneae; Alopecurus.
 REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Matejicek,A. and Gasquez,J.
 TITLE PCR-based detection of resistance to acetyl-CoA
 carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides in black-grass (*Alopecurus*
myosuroides Huds) and ryegrass (*Lolium rigidum* gaud)
 JOURNAL Pest Manag. Sci. 58 (5), 474-478 (2002)
 PUBMED 11997974
 REFERENCE 2
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Calmes,E. and Matejicek,A.
 TITLE SNP markers for black-grass (*Alopecurus myosuroides* Huds.)
 genotypes resistant to acetyl CoA-carboxylase inhibiting
 herbicides
 JOURNAL Theor. Appl. Genet. 104 (6-7), 1114-1120 (2002)
 PUBMED 12582620
 REFERENCE 3
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Zhang,X.Q., Chalopin,C., Michel,S. and Powles,S.B.
 TITLE An isoleucine residue within the carboxyl-transferase domain
 of
 multidomain acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase is a major
 determinant of
 sensitivity to aryloxyphenoxypropionate but not to
 cyclohexanedione
 inhibitors
 JOURNAL Plant Physiol. 132 (3), 1716-1723 (2003)
 PUBMED 12857850
 REFERENCE 4
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Straub,C., Michel,S. and Le Corre,V.
 TITLE Nucleotide variability at the acetyl coenzyme A carboxylase
 gene
 and the signature of herbicide selection in the grass weed
Alopecurus myosuroides (Huds.)
 JOURNAL Mol. Biol. Evol. 21 (5), 884-892 (2004)
 PUBMED 15014166
 REFERENCE 5
 AUTHORS Delye,C., Zhang,X.Q., Michel,S., Matejicek,A. and Powles,S.B.
 TITLE Molecular bases for sensitivity to acetyl-coenzyme A
 carboxylase
 inhibitors in black-grass
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PUBMED 15579665
 REFERENCE 6 (bases 1 to 6963)
 AUTHORS Delye, C.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (18-JUN-2001) Delye C., Malherbologie et Agronomie,
 Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique, B. P. 86510,
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 ggaaaaaactt
 3961 tggtacgagg aagagccat tcttcggcat gtggagcctc cactttctgc
 acttctttag
 4021 ttggataaat tgaaagtgaa aggatacaat gagatgaagt atacaccgtc
 acgtgatcgt
 4081 cagtggcata tatacacact tagaaatact gaaaatccaa aaatgctgca
 cagggattt
 4141 ttccgaacac ttgtcagaca acccagtgcg ggcaacaggt ttacatcaga
 ccatatcact
 4201 gatgttgaag taggacacgc agaggaacct cttaatttta cttcaagcag
 catattaaaa
 4261 tcgttgaaga ttgctaaaga agaattggag cttcacgcga tcaggactgg
 ccattctcat
 4321 atgtacttgt gcatattgaa agagcaaaag cttcttgacc ttgttcctgt
 ttcagggAAC
 4381 actgttgtgg atgttgtca agatgaagct actgcattgt ctctttgaa
 agaaatggct
 4441 ttaaagatac atgaacttgt tggtgcaaga atgcattcatc tttctgtatg
 ccagtgggaa
 4501 gtgaaactta agtttgttag cgatggcct gccagtgta gctggagagt
 tgtaacaacc
 4561 aatgttactg gtcacacctg cactgtggat atctaccggg aggtcgaaga
 tacagaatca
 4621 cagaaactag tataccactc caccgcattt tcatctggc ctttgcattgg
 tgttgcactg
 4681 aatacttcgt atcagcctt gagggttatt gattttaaac gttgctctgc
 caggaacaac
 4741 aaaactacat actgctatga tttccattt acatttgaag ctgcagtgc
 gaagtcgtgg
 4801 tctaaccattt ccagtaaaaa caaccaatgt tatgttaaag cgacagagct
 tgtgtttgt
 4861 gaaaagaatg ggtcgtgggg cactcctata attccttatgc agcgtgctgc
 tgggctgaat
 4921 gacatttgta tggtagcctg gatcttggac atgtccactc ctgaattttcc
 cagcggcaga
 4981 cagatcattt ttatcgaaaa tgatattaca ttttagagctg gatcatttgg
 cccaaggggaa
 5041 gatgcatttt tcgaagctgt aaccaacctg gcttggaga agaagcttcc
 acttatctac
 5101 ttggctgcaa actctggc tcggattggc attgctgatg aagtaaaatc
 ttgcttcgt
 5161 gttggatgga ctgatgatag cagccctgaa cgtggattta ggtacatttta
 tatgactgac
 5221 gaagaccatg atcgtattgg ctcttcaggat atagcacaca agatgcagct
 agatagtggc
 5281 gagatcaggat gggttatttga ttctgttgg gaaaaagagg atggactagg
 tgtggagaac

5341 atacatggaa gtgctgctat tgccagtgcc tattctaggg cgtacgagga
 gacatttaca
 5401 cttacattcg ttactggacg aactgttgga atcggagcct atcttgctcg
 acttggcata
 5461 cggtcatac agcgtattga ccagcccatt atttgaccg gttttctgc
 cctgaacaag
 5521 cttcttggc gggaggtgta cagctccac atgcagttgg gtggtcccaa
 aatcatggcg
 5581 acgaatggtg ttgtccatct gactgttcca gatgaccttg aaggtgttc
 taatatattg
 5641 aggtggctca gctatgttcc tgcaaacatt ggtggacctc ttcctattac
 aaaatctttg
 5701 gacccaatag acagaccgt tgcatacatc cctgagaata catgtgatcc
 tcgtgcagcc
 5761 atcagtggca ttgatgacag ccaaggaaa tgggtgggtg gcatgtttga
 caaagacagt
 5821 tttgtggaga catttgaagg atgggcgaag acagtagtta ctggcagagc
 aaaacttggaa
 5881 gggattcctg ttgggttat agctgtggag acacagacca tcatgcagct
 cgtccccgct
 5941 gatccaggcc agcctgattc ccacgagcgg tctgttcctc gtgctggca
 agtttggttt
 6001 ccagattctg ctaccaagac agcgcaggcg atgttggact tcaaccgtga
 aggattac
 6061 ctgttcatac ttgctaactg gagaggcttc tctggagggc aaagagatct
 ttttgaagga
 6121 attctgcagg ctgggtcaac aattgttgag aaccttagga catacaatca
 gcctgcctt
 6181 gtatatatcc ccaaggctgc agagctacgt ggaggagcct gggtcgtat
 tgatagcaag
 6241 ataaacccag atcgcatcga gtgctatgct gagaggactg caaaggtaa
 ttttctcgaa
 6301 cctcaagggt tgattgagat caagttcagg tcagaggaac tcaaagaatg
 catggtagg
 6361 cttgatccag aattgataga tctgaaagca agactccagg gagcaaatgg
 aagcctatct
 6421 gatggagaat ccttcagaa gagcatagaa gctcggaga aacagttgt
 gcctctgtac
 6481 acccaaatcg cggtacgtt tgcggattg cacgacactt cccttagaat
 ggctgctaaa
 6541 ggtgtgatca ggaaagttgt agactggaa gactctcggt ctttcttcta
 caagagatta
 6601 cggaggaggc tatccgagga cgttctggca aaggagatta gaggtgtaat
 tggtgagaag
 6661 tttcctcaca aatcagcgat cgagctgatc aagaaatggt acttggcttc
 tgaggcagct
 6721 gcagcaggaa gcaccgactg ggatgacgac gatgctttg tcgcctggag
 ggagaaccct
 6781 gaaaactata aggagtata caaagagctt agggctaaa ggttatctcg
 gttgctctca
 6841 gatgttgcag gctccagttc ggatttacaa gccttgccgc agggctttc
 catgctacta
 6901 gataagatgg atccctctaa gagagcacag tttatcgagg aggtcatgaa
 ggtcctgaaa

6961 tga

//

FIGURE 7A

>OsI.ACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]
atgacatccacacatgtggcgacattggagttggccaggcacctcctcgtaaccagaaaaagttag
ctggcaactgcattgttatcatctgggtcatcaagaccctcataccgaaagaatggtcagcgtactcggt
acttagggaaagaagcaatggaggagtgtctgattccaaaagcttaaccacttattcgccaagggttt
gctggcatcattgacccatgcagcagcttcagaagttgatattccatcggtccaaaggatccca
ggggccctacggtccaggttccatccaaatgaatgggattatcaatgaaacacataatgggaggcatgc
ttcagtcctccaagggttgtttagtttgcacttggcaaaaacaccaattcacagtgttattagtg
gccaacaatggaatggcagcagctaagttcatcgagggtgtccgaacatggctaattgatactttggat
cagagaaggcaattcagctgatagctatggcaactccggaggatctgaggataatgcagagcacatcag
aattgccatcaattttaggtttaggttgcacttggcaacaaaacaacaactatgcataatgtccaaactcata
gtggagatagcagagagaacagggtttctgtgtttggctgtttgggtcatgcattgagaatcctg
aacttccagatgcgctgactgcaaaaggaatttttcttggccaccagcatcatcaatgcattgcatt
aggagacaagggtggctcagctcttgcattgtcaagcagctggagttccaacacttgcttggagtgatca
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ctaccacagaggaagcagttcaagttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcatt
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ggcgaagtacctggccatattatcatgaggcttagtgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgtt
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cctttctgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgtt
tggaggccaaatgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgtt
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cgcttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgtt
agaaataaaactaagctgataactaaactcatggagagtctggctatccaaatctgcattgttgcattgtt
atcaatttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgttgcattgtt

FIGURE 7B

>Osi.ACCI [BGIOSIBCE018385]

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MTSTHVATLGVGAQAPPRHQKKSAGTAFVSSGSSRPSYRKNGQRTRSLREESNGGVSDSKKLNHSIROGL
AGIIDLPNDAASEVDISHGEDPRGPTVPGSYQMNGIINETHNKRASVSKVVEFTALGGKTPIHSQLV
ANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANDTFGSEKAIQLIAMATPEDLRINAHEIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLI
VEIAERTGVSAWPGWGHASENPELPDALTAKGIVFLGPPASSMHALGDVKVGSALIAQAAGVPTLAWSGS
HVEVPLECCLDSIPDEMRYKACVTTEEAVASCQVVGYPAMIKASWGGGGKIRKVHNDEVRTLFQVQ
GEVPGSPIFIMRLAAQSRHLEVQLLCDQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRRHQKIEEGPVTVAPRETVKELEQAA
RRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLISMETGEYYFLELNPRLOVEHPTEWIAEVNLPAQVAVGMGIPLWQIPEIR
RFYGMNHGGGYDLWRKTAALATPFNFDEVDSKWPKGHCVAVRITSEDPDDGFKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNV
WAYFSVKSGGGIHEFADSQFGHFVFAYGTRSAAITMALALKEVQIRGEIHSNDYTVDLLNASDFRENK
IHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISVVGALYKTVTANTATVDYVGYLTKQIPPKHISLVYTTVALNID
GKKYTIDTVRGHGSYRLRMNGSTVDANQILCDGGLMQLDGNSHVIYAEEEASGTRLLIDGKTCMLQN
DHDKSLLAETPCCKLRLFLVADGAHVADVPYAEVEMKCMPLSPASGVIHVMSEGQAMQAGDLIAR
LDLDDPSAVKRAEPFEDTFPQMGLPIAASGQVHKLCAASLNACRMILAGYEHDIDKVVPELVYCLDTPEL
PFLQWEELMSVLATRLPRNLKSELEGKYEEYKVFDGIIIDFPANMLRVIIENLACGSEKEKATNERL
VEPLMSLLKSYEGGRESHAHFVVKSLFEELYVEELFSDGIQSDVIERLRLQHSKDLQKVVDIVLSHQSV
RNKTKLILKLMESLVPNPAAQRDQLIRFSSLNKHAKYKLALKASELLEQTKLSELRARIALSELEMF
TEESKGLSMHKREIAIKESMEDLVTAPLPVEDALISLFDCSDTTVQQRVIETYIARLYQPHLVKDSIKMK
WIESGVIALWEFPFHGDARNGGAVLGDKRWGAMVIVKSLESLSMAIRFALKETSHYTSSEGNMMHIALL
GADNKMHIQESGDDADRIAKLPLILKDNTDLHASGVKTISFIVQRDEARMRTFLWSDEKLSYEEE
PILRHVEPLSALLELDKLKVKGYNEMKYTPSRDRQWHIYTIRNTENPKMLHRVFRTLVRQPSVSNKFS
SGQIGDMEVGSAAEPLSFTSTSILRSLMTAIEEELHAIRTGHSHMYLHVLKEQKLLDLVPVSGNTVLDV
GQDEATAYSLLKEMAMKIHELVGARMHHL SVCQWEV рр K L D C D G P A S G T W R I V T T N V T S H T C T V D I Y R E M
EDKESRKLVYHPATPAAGPLHGVALNNPYQPLSVIDLKRC SARNNRTTYCYDFPLAFETAVRKSWSSSTS
GASKGVENAQCYVKATELVFADKHGSWGTPLVQMDRPAGLNDIGMVAWLKMSTPEFPSGREIIVVANDI
TFRAGSFGRPREDAFFEAVTNLACEKKLPLIYLAANS GARIGIADEVKSCFRVGWSDDGSPERGFQYIYLS
EEDYARIGTSVIAHKMQLDSGEIRWVIDSVVGKEDGLGVENIHGSAAIASAYSRAYKETFTLT FVTGRTV
GIGAYLARLGIRCIQRLDQPIILTGYSALNKLLGREVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVHLLTVSDDLEGVSNI
LRWLSYVPAYIGGPLVTTPLDPPDRPVAYIPENSCDPRAAIRGVDDSQGKWLGGMF DKS FVET FEGWA
KT VVTGRAKLG GIPVG VIAVETQTMMQTIPADPGQLDSREQSVPRAGQVWF PDSATKTAQALLDFNREGL
PLFILANWRGFSGGQRDLFEGILQAGSTIVENLRTYNQPAFVYIPMAAELRGGA VVVVDSKINPDRIECY
AERTAKGNVLEPQGLIEIKFRSEELQDCMSRLDPTLIDLKAKLEVANKNGSADTKSLQENIEARTKQIMP
LYTQIAIRFAELHDTSLRMAAKGVIKKVVWDWEESRSFFYKRLRRRISEDVLAKEIRAVAGEQFSHQPAIE
LIKWWYSA SHAAEWDDDAFVAWMN PENYKDYIQYLKAQRVSQSLSSLDSSDLQALPQGLSMLLDKM
DPSRRAQLV E EIRKVLG

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FIGURE 8A

caaggattatattcaatatcttaaggctaaagagtatccaatccctctcaagtcttcagattccagc
tcagatttgcaagccctgccacagggtcttccatgttactagataagatggatccctctagaagagctc
aacttgttgaagaaatcaggaaggccttggttga

FIGURE 8B

>OsjACCI [EAZ33685]

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MTSTHVATLGVAQAPPRHQKKSAGTAFVSSGSSRPSYRKNGQRTRSLREESNGGVSDSKLNLHSIRQGL
AGIIDLPNDAASEVDISHGSEDPRGPTVPGSYQMNGIINETHNGRHASVSKVVEFCTALGGKTPIHSQLV
ANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANDTEGSEKAIQLIAMATPEDLRINAEHIRIADQFVEVPGTNNNNYANVQLI
VEIAERTGVSAWPGWGHASENPelpDALTAKGIVFLGPPASSMHALGDVKVGSALIAQAAGVPTLAWSGS
HVEVPLECCLDSIPDEMYRKACVTTEEAVASCQVVGYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVHNDDEVRTLFKQVQ
GEVPGSPIFIMRLAAQSRHLEVQLLCDQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRRHQKIIIEGPVTVAPRETVKELEQAA
RRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLISMETGEYYFLELNPRLQVEHPTEWIAEVNLPAQAVGMGIPLWQIPEIR
RFYGMNHGGGYDLWRKTAALATPFNFDEVDSKWPKGHCVAVRITSEDPPDGFKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNV
WAYFSVKSGGGIHEFADSQFGHFVFAYGTRSAAITMALALKEVQIRGEIHSNVDTVDLLNASDFRENK
IHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISVVGALYKTVTANTATVDYVGYLTKGQIPPKHISLVYTTVALNID
GKKYTIDTVRSGHGSYRLRMNGSTVDANVQILCDGGLLMQLDGNSHVIYAEEEASGTRLLIDGKTCLMQN
DHDPSKLLAETPCCKLRLFLVADGAHDADVPYAEEVMKCMPLLS PASGVIHVMSEGQAMQAGDLIAR
LDLDDPSAVKRAEPFEDTFPQMGLPIAASGQVHKLCAASLNACRMILAGYEHDIDKVVPELVYCLDTPEL
PFLQWEELMSVLATRLPRNLKSELEGKYEEYKVFKFDGIIIDFPANMLRVIEENLACGSEKEKATNERL
VEPLMSLLKSYEGGRESHAHFVVKSLFEEYLYVEELFSDGIQSDVIERLRLQHSKDLQKVVDIVLSHQSV
RNKTKLILKLMESLUVYPNPAAYRDQLIRFSSLNKHAKYKLALKASELLEQTKLSELRLARIARSLSELEMF
TEESKGLSMHKREIAIKESMEDLVTAPLPVEDALISLFDCSDTTVQQRVIETYIARLYQPHLVKDSIKMK
WIESGVIALWEFPEGHFDARNGGAVLGDKRWGAMVIVKSLESLSMAIRFALKETSHYTSSEGNMMHIALL
GADNMKHIIQESGDDADRIAKLPLILKDNTDLHASGVKTISFIVQRDEARMRTFLWSDEKLSYEEE
PILRHVEPLSALLELDKLKVKGYNEMKYTPSRDROWHIYTLRNTENPKMLHRVFFRTLVRQPSVSNKFS
SGQIGDMEVGSAAEPLSFTSTSILRSLMTAIEELELHAIRTGHSHMYLHVLKEQKLLDLPVSGNTVLDV
GQDEATAYSLLKEMAMKIHELVGARMHHSVCQWEV рука KLCDGPASGTWIRTTNTSHTCTVDIYREM
EDKESRKLVYHPATPAAGPLHGVALNNPYQPLSVIDLKRC SARNNRTTYCYDFPLAFETAVRKSWSSSTS
GASKGVENAQCYVKA TELVQMDRLAGLNDIGMVAVTLKMSTPEFLSGREIIVVANDITFRAGSFGRPREDA
FFEAVTNLACEKKLPLIYLAANSGARIGIADEVKSCFRVGWSDDGS PERGFQYIYLSEEDYARIGTSVIA
HKMQLDSGEIRWVIDSVVGKEDGLGVENIHGSAAIASAYSRAYKETFTLTFTVGR TVGIGAYLARLGIRC
IQRLDQPIILTGYSAINKLLGREVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVVH LT VSSDLEGVS NILRWLSYV PAYIGG
PLPVTTPLDPPDRPVAYI PENSCDPRAAIRGVDDS QGKWLGGMF DKS FVETFEGWAKTVTGRAKLGGI
PVGVIAVETQTMMQTIPADPGQLDSREQSVPRAGQVWF PDSATKTAQ ALLDFNREGLPLFI LANWRGFSG
GQRDLFEGILQAGSTIVENLRTYNQPAFYI PMAAELRGGA WVV VDSKINPDRIECYAERTAKGNVLEPQ
GLIEIKFRSEELQDCMSRLDPTLIDLKAKLEVANKNGSADTKSLQENIEARTKQLMPLYTQIAIRFAELH
DTSLRMAAKGVIKKVVDWEESRSFFYKRLRRRISEDVLAKEIRAVAGEQFSHQPAIELIKK WYSASHAAE
WDDDAFVAWMNDNPENYKDYIQYLKAQRVSQSLSSLDSSD LQALPQGLSMLLDKMDPSRRAQLVEEIR
KVLG

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FIGURE 9A

>AY312172_Zea mays

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ATGTCACAGCTGGATTAGCCGAGCTGCCAAAGGCCCTGCCACTACTCCCTAACGCCAGAGAACGTT
CAGCTGGGACTACATTCTCATCATCTTCAATTATCGAGGCCCTAAACAGAACAGAAAAGCCGTACTCGTTC
ACTCCGTATGGCGGAGATGGGTATCAGATGCCAAAAGCACAGCCAGTCTGTCGTCAAGGTCTTGCT
GGCATTATCGACCTCCAAGTGGAGGCACCTCCGAAGTGGATATTCACATGGATCTGAGGATCCTAGGG
GCCAACAGATTCTTACAAATGAATGGATTATCAATGAAACACATAATGGAAGAACATGCCCTAGTGTG
CAAGGTTGTGAATTGTGCGGCACTAGGTGGAAACACCAATTACAGTATATTAGTGGCCAACAAT
GGAATGGCAGCAGCAAATTTATGAGGAGTGTCCGGACATGGGCTAATGATACTTTGGATCTGAGAAGG
CAATTCAACTCATAGCTATGCCAACTCCGGAAAGACATGAGGATAATGAGAACACATAGAATTGCTGA
CCAATTCTGAGGGTGCCTGGTGGAAACAAACAATAACTACGCCAATGTCAACTCATAGTGGAGATG
GCACAAAAACTAGGTGTTCTGCTGTTGGCCTGGTGGGTATGCTTGTGAGAACATCTGAACGCCAG
ATGCATTGACCGCAAAGGGATCGTTTCTTGGCCCACCTGCATCATCAATGAATGCTTGGGAGATAA
GGTCGGCTCAGCTCTCATTGCTCAAGCAGCCGGGCTCCAACTCTTGCTCGAGTGGATCACATGTTGAA
GTTCATTAGAGTGCTGCTTAGACGCGATACTGAGGAGATGTATAGAAAAGCTTGCCTTACTACCACAG
AGGAAGCAGTTGCAAGTTGTCAAGTGGTTGGTATCCTGCCATGATTAAGGCATCCTGGGAGGTGGTGG
TAAAGGAATAAGAAAGGTTCATAATGATGATGAGGTTAGAGCGCTGTTAAGCAAGTACAAGGTGAAGTC
CCTGGCTCCCCAATATTGTCATGAGGCTTGCATCCCAGAGTCGGCATCTGAAGTTCAGTTGCTTGTG
ATCAATATGGTAATGTAGCAGCACTTCACAGTCGTGATTGCAACGGCAGACACCAGAACGATTAT
TGAAGAAGGTCCAGTTACTGTTGCTCCTCGTGGACAGTAAAGCACTTGAGCAGGCAGCAAGGAGGCTT
GCTAAGGCTGTGGGTTATGTTGGTGTGCTACTGTTGAGTATCTTACAGCATGGAAACTGGAGACTACT
ATTTCTGAACTTAATCCCCACTACAGGTTGAGCATCCAGTCACCGAGTGGATAGCTGAAGTAAATCT
GCCCTGCAGCTCAAGTTGCTGGAATGGGCATACCTTGGCAGATTCCAGAAATCAGACGTTCTAT
GGAATGGACTATGGAGGGAGGGTATGACATTGGAGGAAACAGCAGCTTGCTACACCATTAAATTG
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TTCTCAGTAAAGTCTGGTGGAGGCATTGATGAATTGCTGATTCTCAGTTGGACATGTTTGCATATG
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TCATTCAAATGTTGATTACACAGTTGACCTTAAATGCTCAGACTTAGAGAAAACAAGATTCAACT
GGTGGCTCGACACCAGAAATAGCTATGCGTGTCAAGCTGAGAGGCCCATGGTATATTGAGTTG
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GGGCCAGATTCCACCAAAGCATATATCCCTGTCATTCTACAGTTAATTGAATATAGAAGGGAGCAA
TACACAATTGAAACTGTAAGGACTGGACATGGTAGCTACAGGTTGAGAATGAATGATTCAACAGTGAAG
CGAATGTACAATCTTATGTGATGGTGGCCTTTAATGCAAGTTGGATGAAACAGCCATGTAATTATGC
AGAAGAAGAAGCTGGTGGTACACGGCTTCAGATTGATGGAAAGACATGTTATTGAGAATGACCATGAT
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TGAGCACAATTAAATGAAGTCGTTCAAGATTGGTATGCTGCCGGACAACCCCTGAGCTCCTTCCTA
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GCATCAGCACAGTAAAGACCTGAGAACGGTTGAGACATTGTTGTCACCAGGGTGTGAGGAACAAA
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ATGAGTATTAAAGGATAACATGGAAGATTAGTCTGCCCCATTACCTGTTGAAGATGCTCTGATTCTT
TGTGTTGATTACAGTGTGAACTGTTCAAGCAGAAAGTGAAGACATACATATCACGATTGTACAGCC
TCATCTTGTAAAGGATAGCATCCAAATGAAATTCAAGGAATCTGGTGTATTACTTTGGGAAATTAT

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GAAGGGCATGTTGATACTAGAAATGGACATGGGGCTATTATTGGTGGGAAGCGATGGGGTGCCATGGTC
 TTCTCAAATCACTGAATCTGCCTCAACAGCCATTGGCTGCATTAAAGGATTGGCACAGTCAACAG
 CTCTGAGGGCAACATGATGCACATTGCATTATTGAGTGCTGAAAATGAAAGTAATATAAGTGGAAATAAGC
 AGTGATGATCAAGCTAACATAAGATGGAAAAGCTTAGCAAGATACTGAAGGATACTAGCGTTGCAAGTG
 ATCTCCAAGCTGCTGGTTGAAGGTATAAGTTGACATTGTCAGGAAAGAGATGAAGCTCGCATGCCAATGCG
 CCACACATTCCCTGGTGGATGACAAGAGTTGATGAAGAAGAGCAGATTCTCCGGCATGTGGAGCCT
 CCCCTCTACACTCTTGAATTGGATAAGGTGAAAGGATAACATGAAATGAAGTATACTCCTT
 CGCGTACCGCCAATGGCATATCACACACTAACAAACTGAAAACCCCCAAATGTTGCATAGGGTGT
 TTTCCGAACATTGTCAGGCAACCCAATGCAGGCAACAAGTTACATCGGCTCAGATCAGCAGCCTGAA
 GTAGGATGTCCCAGAAGAATCTCTTCATTACATCAAATAGCATTGACTGCTATTG
 AAGAATTAGAGCTTCATGCAATTAGGACAGGTCAATTCTCACATGTATTGTCATACTGAAAGAGCAAA
 GCTTCTTGACCTCATTCCATTTCAGGGAGTACAATTGTTGATGTTGCCAAGGATGAAAGCTACCCTGT
 TCACCTTTAAAATCAATGGCTTGAAGATACATGAGCTTGTGGCAAGGATGATCATCTGTCGTAT
 GCCAGTGGGAGGTGAAACTCAAGTTGGACTGTGATGGCCCTGCAAGTGGTACCTGGAGAGTTGTAAC
 AAATGTTACTGGTCACACCTGCACCATTGATATACCGAGAAGTGGAGGAAATAGAATCGCAGAAGTTA
 GTGTACCATTCAGCCACTTCGTCAGCTGGACCATTGCACTGGTGTGCACTGAAATACCATACCT
 TGAGTGTGATTGATCTAAAGCGCTCTGCTAGGAACAAACAGAACACATATTGCTATGATTTCGCT
 GGCCTTGAACACTGCACTGCAGAAGTCATGGCAGTCCAATGGCTCTACTGTTCTGAAGGCAATGAAA
 AGTAAATCCTACGTGAAGGCAACTGAGCTAGTGTGTTGCTGAAAACATGGGCTGGGCACTCCTATAA
 TTCCGATGGAACGCCGCTGGCTCAACGACATTGGTATGGTGCCTGGATCATGGAGATGTCACACC
 TGAATTCCAATGGCAGGCAAGATTGTTGAGCAAATGATATCACTTCAGAGCTGGATCATTGGC
 CCAAGGGAAAGATGCATTGGAAACTGTCACTAACCTGGCTGCGAAAGGAAACTCCTCTTATATACT
 TGGCAGCAAACCTGGTCTAGGATTGGCATAGCTGATGAAGTAAATCTGCTCCGTGTTGGATGGTC
 TGACGAAGGCAGTCCTGAACGAGGGTTTCAGTACATCTGACTGAAGAAGACTATGCTCGCATTAGC
 TCTTCTGTTAGCACATAAGCTGGAGCTAGATAGTGGTGAATTAGGTGATTATTGACTCTGTTG
 GCAAGGGAGGATGGGCTTGGTGCAGAACATACATGGAAGTGCTGCTATTGCCAGTGCTTATTCTAGGG
 ATATGAGGAGACATTACACTTACATTGACTGGCGACTGTAGGAATAGGAGCTATCTGCTCGA
 CTGGTATAACGGTCATACAGCGCTTGACCAGCCTATTATTAAACAGGGTTCTGCCCTGAACAAAGC
 TCCTGGGGCGGAAAGTGTACAGCTCCACATGCGAGCTGGTGGCTTAAGATCATGGGACTAATGGT
 TGTCACCTCACTGTTCCAGATGACCTGAGGTGTTCCAATATATTGAGGTGGCTCAGCTATGTT
 GCAAACATTGGTGGACCTCTCCTATTACCAAACCTCTGGACCCCTCAGACAGACACTGTTGCTTACATCC
 CTGAGAACACATGCGATCCACGTGCAGCTATCTGTTGAGATGACAGCCAAGGGAAATGGTGG
 TATGTTGACAAGACAGCTTGTGGAGACATTGAGGATGGCAAAACAGTGGTACTGGCAGAGCA
 AAGCTGGAGGAATTCTGTGGCGTCATAGCTGTGGAGACACAGACCATGATGCAAGATCATCCCTGCTG
 ATCCAGGTAGCTGATTCCATGAGCGATCTGCCCTCGTGGACAAGTGTGGTCCAGATTCT
 AACCAAGACCGCTCAGGCATTATTAGACTTCAACCGTGAAGGATTGCCCTGTCATCCTGGCTAATTGG
 AGAGGCTCTCTGGGACAAGAGATCTCTTGAGGAATTCTCAGGCTGGGCTAACAAATTGTCGAGA
 ACCTTAGGACATCTAACAGCCTGCTTTGTACATTCTATGGCTGGAGAGCTCGTGGAGGAGCTG
 GGTTGTGGTCAGTACAAAATAATCCAGACCGCATTGAGTGTATGCTGAAGGACTGCCAAAGGTAAT
 GTTCTGAAACCTCAAGGGTTAATTGAAATCAAGTTCAGGTCAGAGGAACCTCAAGACTGTATGGTAG
 TTGACCCAGAGTTGATAATCTGAAAGCAAAACTCCAAGATGTAATCATGGAAATGGAAGTCTAC
 CATAGAAGGGATCGGAAGAGTATAGAACGACGTACGAAACAGTGTGCTGCCATTATACCCAGATTGCA
 ATACGGTTGCTGAATGCGATGATACTCCCTAACGAAATGGCAGCTAACAGGTGTGATTAAGAAAGTGT
 ACTGGGAAGAATCACGCTCGTTCTCTATAAAAGGCTACGGAGGAGGATCGCAGAAGATGTTCTGCAA
 AGAAATAAGGAGATAGTCGGTGATAAAATTACGCACCAATTAGCAATGGAGCTCATCAAGGAATGGTAC
 CTTGCTTCTCAGGCCACAACAGGAAGCACTGGATGGGATGACGATGATGCTTTGTTGCCCTGGAGGACA
 GTCTGAAACTACAAGGGCATATCCAAAAGCTTAGGGCTCAAAAGTGTCTCATCGCTCTGATCT
 TGCTGACTCCAGTTCAAGATCTGCAAGCATTCTCGCAGGGTCTTCTACGCTATTAGATAAGATGGAT
 TCCAGAGAGCGAAGTTGTTCAAGGAAGTCAAGAAGGTCCTGATTGA

FIGURE 9B

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MSQLGLAAAASKALPLLPNRQSSAGTTFSSSSLSRPLNRRKSR
TRSLRDGGDGVSDAKKHSQSVRQGLAGIIDLPSEAPSEVDISHGEDPRGPTDSYQMN
GIINETHNGRHASVSKVEFCAALGGKTPIHSILVANNGMAAAKFMRSVRTWANDTFG
SEKAIQLIAMATPEDMRINAEHIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANQLIVEMAQKLGVA
VWPWGWHASENPPELPDALTAKGIVFLGPPASSMNALGDKVGSALIAQAAGVPTLARSG
SHVEVPLECCLDAIPEEMYRKACVTTEEAVASCQVVGYPAMIKASWGGGGKIRKVH
NDDEVRALFKQVQGEVPGSPIFVMRLASQSRHLEVQLLCDQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRR
HQKIIIEGPVTVAPRETVKALEQAARRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGDYYFLELNP
RLQVEHPVTEWIAEVNLPAAQAVGMGIPWLWQIPEIRRFYGMDYGGGYDIWRKTAALA
TPFNFDEVDSQWPKGHCVAVRITSEDPPDGFKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNWAYFSVKSG
GGIHEFADSQFGHVFAVGLRSAAITNMTLALKEIQIRGEIHNSVDYTVDLLNASDFR
ENKIHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISVVGALYKTVTNAATVSEYVSYLTKGQIPP
KHISLVNSTVNLNIEGSKYTIEVTGHSYRLRMNDSTVEANVQSLCDGGLLMQLDG
NSHVIYAEEEAGGTRLQIDGKTCALLQNDHDKSKLLAETPCCKLRLFLVADGAHVADVP
YAEVEVMKCMPLLSPASGVIHCMMSSEGQALQAGDLIARLDLDDPSAVKRAEPFDGIF
PQMELPVAVSSQVHKRYAASLNAARMVLAGYEHNNINEVQDILVCCLDNPELPFLQWDE
LMSVLATRLPRNLKSELEDKYKEYKLNFYHGKNEDFPSKLLRDIIEENLSYGSEKEKA
TNERLVEPLMNLLKSYEGGRESHAHFVVKSLFEEYLTVEEFLSDGIQSDVIETLRHQH
SKDLQKVVDIVLSHQGVRNKAALKVTALMEKLVYPNPGGYRDLILVRFSSLNHKRYYKLA
LKASELLEQTKLSELRASVARSLSDLGMHKGEMSIKDNMEDLVSAPIPEDALISLFD
YSDRTVQQKVIETYISRLYQPHLVKDSIQMKFKESGAITFWEFYEGHVDRNGHAI
GGKRGWGMVVLKSLESASTAIVAALKDSAQFNSSEGNMMHIALSAENESNISGISSD
DQAQHKMEKLSKILKDTVASDLQAGLKVISCIVQRDEARMPMRHTFLWLDDKSCYE
EEQILRHVEPPLSTLLELDKLKVGYNEMKYTPSRRDRQWHIYTLRNTENPKMLHRVFF
RTIVRQPNAGNKFTSAQISDAEVGCPEEELSFTSNSILRSLMTAIEEELHAIRTGHS
HMYLCILKEQKLLDLIPFSGSTIVDVGQDEATACSSLKSMALKIHELGVARMHHLSC
QWEVKLKLDCDGPASGTWRVVTNTVTGHTCTIDIYREVEEIESQKLVYHSATSSAGPL
HGVALNNPYQPLSVIDLKRC SARNNRTTYCYDFPLAFETALQKSWQSNGSTVSEGNEN
SKSYVKATELVFAEKHGSWTPIIPMERPAGLNDIGMVAWIMEMSTPEFPNGRQIIVV
ANDITFRAGSGFGPREDAFFETVTNLACERKLPLIYLAANSGARIGIADEVKSCFRVGW
SDEGS PERGFQYIYLTEEDYARISSVIAHKLELDSGEIRWIIDS VVGKEDGLGVENI
HGSAAIASAYSRAYEETFTLTFVTGRTVGIGAYLARLGIRCICQRLDQPIILTGFSA
KLLGREVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVHHTVPPDDLEGVSNILRWLSYV PANIGGPLPIT
KPLDPPDRPVAYIPENTCDPRAAICGVDDS QGKW LGGMF DKS FVET FEGWAKTVVTG
RAKLG GI P V G V I A V E T Q T M M Q I I P A D P G Q L D S H E R S V P R A G Q V W F P D S A T K T A Q A L L D
F N R E G L P L F I L A N W R G F S G G Q R D L F E G I L Q A G S T I V E N I R T S N Q P A F V Y I P M A G E L R G
G A W V V V D S K I N P D R I E C Y A E R T A K G N V L E P Q G L I E I K F R S E E L Q D C M G R L D P E L I N L K
A K L Q D V N H G N G S L P D I E G I R K S I E A R T K Q L L P L Y T Q I A I R F A E L H D T S L R M A A K G V I K
K V V D W E E S R S F F Y K R L R R I A E D V L A K E I R Q I V G D K F T H Q L A M E L I K E W Y L A S Q A T T G
S T G W D D D D A F V A W K D S P E N Y K G H I Q K L R A Q K V S H S I S D L A D S S S D I Q A F S Q G L S T I L L D
K M D P S Q R A K F V Q E V K K V L D

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FIGURE 10A

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ATGTCACAGCTTGGATTAGCCGCAGCTGCCCTAAAGGCCCTGCAACTACTCCCTAACGCCAGAGAAGTT
CAGCTGGGACTACATTCTCATCATCTTCAATTATCGAGGCCCTAACAGAAGGAAAAGCCGTACTCGTTC
ACTCCGTGATGGCGGAGATGGGTATCAGATGCCAAAAGCACAGCCAGTCTGTCGTCAAGGTCTTGCT
GGCATTATCGACCTCCAAGTGGACCTCCGAAGTGGATATTCACATGGATCTGAGGATCCTAGGG
GCCAACAGATTCTTCAAATGAATGGATTATCAATGAAACACATAATGGAAGACATGCCCTAGTGTC
CAAGGTTGTGAATTGTGCGGCCTAGGTGGCAAAACACCAATTACAGTATATTAGTGGCCAACAAT
GGAATGGCAGCAGCAAAATTATGAGGAGTGTCCGGACATGGGCTAACATGATACTTTGGATCTGAGAAGG
CAATTCAACTCATAGCTATGGCAACTCCGGAAAGACATGAGGATAATGCAGAACACATTAGAATTGCTGA
CCAATTCGTAGAGGTGCCTGGAACAAACAATAATAACTACGCCAACATGTCAACTCATAGTGGAGATG
GCCACAAAACTAGGTGTTCTGCTGTTGGCCTGGTGGGGTCAATGCTTGTGAGAATCCTGAACGTGCCAG
ATGCATTGACCGCAAAAGGGATCGTTTCTGGCCCACCTGCATCATCAATGAATGCTTGGAGATAA
GGTCGGCTCAGCTCTATTGCTCAAGCAGCCGGGTCCAACCTCTGCTGGAGTGGATCACATGTTGAA
GTTCCATTAGAGTGCTGCTAGACGCGATACTGAGGAGATGTATAGAAAAGCTTGCCTACTACCACAG
AGGAAGCAGTTGCAAGTGTCAAGTGGTTATCTGCCATGATTAAGGCATCCTGGGGAGGTGGTGG
TAAAGGAATAAGAAAGGTTCAATATGATGATGAGGTTAGAGCCTGTTAACAGCAAGTACAAGGTGAAGTC
CCTGGCTCCCCAATATTGTCAATGAGGCTTGATCCCAGAGTCGGCATCTGAAGTTCAGTTGCTTGTG
ATCAATATGGTAATGTAGCAGCACTTCACAGTCGTGATTGCAAGGGCAGACACCAGAACAGATTAT
TGAAGAAGGTCCAGTTACTGTTGCTCCTCGTGAGACAGTTAACAGCAACTTGAGCAGGCAGCAAGGAGGCTT
GCTAAGGCTGTGGGTTATGTTGGTCTGCTACTGTTGAGTATCTTACAGCATGGAAACTGGAGACTACT
ATTTTCTGGAACCTTAATCCCGACTACAGGTTGAGCATTCCAGTCACCGAGTGGATAGCTGAAGTAAATCT
GCCCTGCAGCTCAAGTGTGTTGAATGGCATAACCTCTTGGCAGATTCCAGAAATCAGACGTTCTAT
GGAATGGACTATGGAGGAGGGTATGACATTGGAGGAAACAGCAGCTCTGCTACACCATTAAATTG
ATGAAGTAGATTCTCAATGGCAAAGGGCATTGTTGAGTAACTAGTTAACAGCCTAATGTTGGGCTAC
TGGTTCAAACCTACTGGTGGGAAAGTGAAGGAGATAAGTTAACAGCCTAATGTTGGGCTAC
TTCTCAGTAAAGTCTGGTGGAGGCATTGAAATTGCTGATTCTCAGTTGGACATGTTTGCAATG
GGCTCTCTAGATCAGCAGCAATAACAAACATGACTCTGCTTAAAGAGATTCAAATTGAGGAAAT
TCATTCAAATGTTGATTACACAGTTGACCTTAAATGCTCAGACTTTAGAGAAAACAAGATTCTACT
GGTTGGCTCGACACCAGAACAGCTATGCGTGTCAAGCTGAGAGGCCCATGGTATATTCAGTGGTTG
GGGGTCTTATATAAACAGTAACCACCAATGCAGCCACTGTTCTGAATATGTTAGTATCTCACCAA
GGGCCAGATTCCACCAAAGCATATATCCCTGTCATTCTACAGTTAACATAGAAGGGAGCAA
TACACAATTGAAACTGTAAGGACTGGACATGGTAGCTACAGGTTGAGAACATGAAATTCAACAGTGAAG
CGAATGTACAATTTATGTGATGGTGGCCTTAAATGCAGTTGGATGAAACAGCCATGTAATTATGC
AGAAGAAGAAGCTGGTGGTACACGGCTTCAGATTGATGGAAAGACATGTTATTGCAAGATGACCATGAT
CCATCAAAGTTATTAGCTGAGACACCCTGCAAACCTCTGTTCTGGTGTGATGGTGTCTGTTG
ATGCGGATGTACCATACGCGGAAGTTGAGGTTATGAAAGATGTGATGCCCTCTGTCGCTGCTCTGG
TGTCAATTGATGATGTCAGGGCCAGGCATTGCAAGGCTGGTATCTATAGCAAGGTTGGATCTT
GATGACCTCTGCTGTTGAAAAGAGCTGAGCCATTGATGGAATATTCCACAAATGGAGCTCCCTGTTG
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TGAGCACAATATTAAATGAAGTCGTTCAAGATTGGTATGCTGCCGGACACCCCTGAGCTTCCCTA
CAGTGGGATGAACTTATGTCAGTCAACGAGGCCCTCAAGAACATCTCAAGAGTGAAGTTAGAGGATA
AAATACAAGGAATACAAGTTGAATTTCACCATGGAAAAAACGAGGACTTCCATCCAAGTTGCTAAGAGA
CATCATTGAGGAAATCTTCTTATGGTTAGAGAACAGGCTACAAATGAGAGGCCCTGAGCCT
CTTATGAACCTACTGAAGTCATAGAGGGTGGGAGAGAGGCCATGCACATTGTTGTCAGTCTCTT
TCGAGGAGTATCTACAGTGGAAAGACTTTAGTGTGATGGCATTCTGAGTGTGATGAAACATTGCG
GCATCAGCACAGTAAAGACCTGAGAAGGGTAGACATTGTTGTCCTCAGGCCAGGGTGTGAGGAACAAA
GCTAAGCTTGTAAACGGCACTTATGGAAAAGCTGGTTATCCAAATCCTGGTGGTACAGGGATCTGTTAG
TTCGCTTTCTCCCTCAATCATAAAAGATATTATAAGTTGGCCCTTAAAGCAAGTGAACCTCTGAACA
AACCAAACATAAGTGAACCTCCGTGCAAGCAGTGCAGAACAGCCTTCGGATCTGGGATGCCATAAGGGAGAA
ATGAGTATTAAAGGATAACATGGAAAGATTAGTCTCTGCCCCATTACCTGTTGAAGATGCTCTGATTCTT
TGTTTGATTACAGTGTGAACTGTTCAAGAACAGTGGATCTGAGACATACATATCACGATTGTACCGCC
TCATCTGAAAGGATAGCATCCAAATGAAATTCAAGGAATCTGGTGTCTTACTTTTGGGAATTAT
GAAGGGCATGTTGATACTAGAAATGGACATGGGGCTATTATGGTGGGAAGCGATGGGGTGCCTGGT
TTCTCAAATCACTGAATCTGCGTCAACAGCCATTGTTGCTGCATTAAAGGATTCCGGCACAGTTCAACAG
CTCTGAGGGCAACATGATGCACATTGCAAGTGTGAAAGTAATATAAGTGAAGATAAGTGAATAAGT

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GATGATCAAGCTAACATAAGATGGAAAAGCTTAGCAAGATACTGAAGGATACTAGCGTTGCAAGTGATC
 TCCAAGCTGCTGGTTGAAGGTTATAAGTGCATTGTCAAAGAGATGAAGCTCGCATGCCAATGCGCCA
 CACATTCCCTCTGGTTGGATGACAAGAGAGTTATGAAGAAGAGCAGATTCTCCGGCATGTGGAGCCTCCC
 CTCTCTACACTCTTGAAATTGGATAAGTTGAAGGTGAAAGGATAACAATGAAGTAACTCCTTCGC
 GTGACCGCCAATGGCATATCTACACACTAAGAAACTGAAAACCCAAAATGTTGCATAGGGTGT
 CCGAAGTATTGTCAGGCAACCCAAATGCAGGCAACAAAGTTACATCGGCTCAGATCAGCGACGCTGAAGTA
 GGATGTCCCGAAGAATCTCTTCATTTACATCAAATAGCATCTTAAGATCATTGATGACTGCTATTGAAG
 AATTAGAGCTTCATGCAATTAGGACAGGTCAATTCTCACATGTATTGTCATACTGAAAGAGCAAAGCT
 TCTTGACCTCATTCCATTTCAGGGAGTACAATTGTTGATGTTGCCAAGATGAAGCTACCGCTTGTCA
 CTTTAAAATCAATGGCTTGAAGAATACATGAGCTTGGTGCAGGATGCATCATCTGTCTGTATGCC
 AGTGGGAGGTGAAACTCAAGTTGGACTGTGATGGCCCTGCAAGTGGTACCTGGAGAGTTGTAAC
 TGTTACTGGTCACACCTGCACCATGATATATACCGAGAAGTGGAGGAAATAGAATCGCAGAAGTTAGTG
 TACCAATTGAGCCACTTCGTCAGCTGGACCATTGCATGGTGCAGTGAATAATCCATATCAACCTTG
 GTGTGATTGATCTAAAGCGCTGCTCTGCTAGGAACAACAGAACATATTGCTATGATTTCGCTGG
 CTTGAAACTGCACTGCAGAAGTCATGGCAGACCAATGGCTCTACTGTTCTGAAGGCAATGAAAATAGT
 AAATCCTACGTGAAGGCAACTGAGCTAGTGGTGTGAAAAACATGGGTCTGGGCACCTCTATAATT
 CGATGGAACGCCCTGCTGGGCTCAACGACATTGGTATGGTGCCTGGATCATGGAGATGTCACACACCTGA
 ATTCCCAATGGCAGGCAGATTATTGTTGAGCAAATGATATCCTTCAGAGCTGGATCATTGGCCA
 AGGGAAAGATGCATTTTGAAACTGTCACTAACCTGGCTTGCGAAAGGAAACTCCTCTTATATACTTGG
 CAGCAAACACTGGTGTAGGATTGGCAGTGTGATGAAGTAAAATCTTGCTCCGTGTGGATGGTCTGA
 CGAAGGCAGTCCTGAACGAGGGTTTCAGTACATCTACTGACTGAAGAAGACTATGCTCGCATTAGCTCT
 TCTGTTATAGCACATAAGCTGGAGCTAGATAGTGGTGAATTAGGTGGATTATTGACTCTGTTGG
 AGGAGGATGGGCTTGGTGTGAGAACATACTGGAGTGTGCTATTGCCAGTGCTTATTCTAGGGCATA
 TGAGGAGACATTACACTTACATTGACTGGCGGACTGTAGGAATAGGAGCTTATCTGCTCGACTT
 GGTATACGGTCATACAGCGTCTGACCAGCCTATTATTTAACAGGGTTCTGCCCCGTAACAAGCTCC
 TTGGGCGGGAAAGTGTACAGCTCCCACATGCAGCTTGGTCTTAAGATCATGGCAGTAATGGTGT
 CCACCTCACTGTTCCAGATGACCTTGAAAGGTGTTCCAATATATTGAGGTGGCTCAGCTATGTTCTG
 AACATTGGTGGACCTCTCCTTACAAACCTCTGGACCCCTCCAGACAGACCTGTTGCTTACATCCCTG
 AGAACACATGCGATCCACGTGCACTGCTATCTGTGGTGTAGATGACAGCCAAGGGAAATGGTGG
 GTTGTGACAAGACAGCTTGTGGAGACATTGAAGGATGGCAAAACAGTGGTACTGGCAGAGCAAAG
 CTTGGAGGAATTCCCTGTGGCGTCAGACTGTGGAGACACAGACCATGATGCGAGATCATCCCTG
 CAGGTCAGCTGATTCCCATGAGCGATCTGCCCTCGTGGACAAGTGTGGTCCAGATTCTGCAAC
 CAAGACCGCTCAGGCATTATTAGACTTCAACCGTGAAGGATTGCTCTGTTCATCCTGGCTAATTGG
 GAGGCTCTGGTGGACAAAGAGATCTTGAAGGAATTCTCAGGCTGGTCAACAATTGTCGAGAAC
 TTAGGACATATAATCAGCCTGTTTGTGATCATTCTATGGCTGGAGAGCTCGTGGAGGAGCTGG
 TGTGGTCAGACAAATAATCCAGACCGCATTGAGTGTATGCTGAAAGGACTGCCAAAGGTAATGTT
 CTCGAACCTCAAGGGTTAATTGAAATCAAGTTCAGGTCAAGGAACTCCAAGACTGTATGGTAGG
 ACCCAGAGTTGATAAAATCTGAAAGCAAACCTCCAAGATGTAATCATGAAATGGAAGTCTACCAGAC
 AGAAGGGATCGGAAGAGTATAGAACGACGTCAGAACAGTTGCTGCCCTTATATACCCAGATTG
 CGTTTGCTGAATTGCGATGATACTTCCCTAAGAATGGCAGCTAAAGGTGTGATTAAGAAAGTTG
 TAGACTGGGAAGAATCACGCTCGTCTTCTATAAAAGGCTACGGAGGAGTCGAGAAGATGTTCTG
 AAAAGGCAAGATAGTCGGTGTATAAATTACGCAACATTAGCAATGGAGCTCATCAAGGAATGG
 TACCTGCTCAGGCCACAACAGGAAGCACTGGATGGATGACGATGATGCTTTGTTGCCTGGAG
 GAGCAGTCCTGAAACTACAAGGGCATATCCAAAAGCTTAGGGCTAAAAAGTGTCTATTG
 CGCTCTGATCTGCAAGCATTCTCGCAGGGTCTTCTACGCTATTAGATAAGATGGATCC
 CAGAGAGCGAAGTTGTTGAGGAAGTCAAGAAGGTCTTGATTGA

FIGURE 10B

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MSQLGLAAAASKALPLLPNRQRSSAGTFSSSSLSRPLNRRKSR
TRSLRDGGDGVDAAKHSQSVRQLAGIIDLPSEAPSEVDISHGEDPRGPTDSYQMN
GIINETHNGRHASVSKVEFCAALGGKTPIHSILVANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANDTGF
SEKAIQLIAMATPEDMRINAEHIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLIVEMAQKLGVA
VWPWGWHASENPPELPDALTAKGIVFLGPASSMNALGDKVGSALIAQAAGVPTLAWSG
SHVEVPLECCLDAIPEEMYRKACVTTEEAVASCQVVGYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVH
NDDEVRALFKQVQGEVPGSPIFVMRLASQRHLEVQLLCDQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRR
HQKIIIEGPVTVAPRETVKALEQAARRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGDYYFLENP
RLQVEHPVTEWIAEVNLPAAQAVGMGIPLWQIPEIRRFGMDYGGGYDIWRKTAALA
TPFNFDDEVDSQWPKGHCVAVRITSEDPPDGKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNWAYFSVKSG
GGIHEFADSQFGHVFAVGLRSAAITNMTLALKEIQIRGEIHSNVDVTVDLLNASDFR
ENKIHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISVVGALYKTWTNAATVSEYVSYLTKGQIPP
KHISLVNSTVNLNIEGSKYTIEVTGHSYRLRMNDSTVEANVQSLCDGGLLMQLDG
NSHVIYAESEEAGGTRLQIDGKTCALLQNDHDKSLLAETPCKLRLFLVADGAHVADVP
YAEVEVMKCMPLLS PASGVIHCMMSSEGQALQAGDLIARLDLDDPSAVKRAEPFDGIF
PQMELPVAVSSQVHKRYAASLNAARMVLAGYEHNNINEVQDILVCCLDNPELPFLQWDE
LMSVLATRLPRNLKSELEDKYKEYKLNFYHGKNEDFPSKLLRDIIENLSYGSEKEKA
TNERLVEPLMNLKS YEGGRE SHAHFVVKS LFE EYL TVEE LFSDGIQSDVIETLRHQH
SKDLQKVVDIVL SHQGVRN KAKL VTAL MEKL VYPN PGYR DILL VR FSS L NHK RY KLA
LKASELLEQT KLS EL RAS VAR SLDL GMH KGEMS I KDN MEDI L VS APL PVED ALI SLD
YSDRTVQQKVIETYI SRLY QPH LV KDS IQM KF KES GAI T FWE F YEGH VD TR NGH GAI I
GGK RWG AMV VL KS LES A ST A IV A AL K DS A QF NS SE GN MM HIA LL SA EN E NIS G IS DD
QAQH KME KLS KIL KDT S VAS DL Q AAGL KV I SCIV QR D E A R M PR HT FL WL D DK SC YEE
EQIL RH VEP PL ST L LE LD KL KV GY NEM KY T PS R DR QW HI Y T LR NT EN PK ML HR V FFR
TIV R QP NAG N KFT SA Q I S D A E V G C P E E S L S FT S N S I L R S L M T A I E E L H A I R T G H S H
MYLCILKEQKLLD LIP FSG ST I DV GQ D E A T C S L K S M A L K I H E L V G A R M H H L S V C Q
WEV K L K L D C D G P A S G T W R V V T T N V T G H T C T I D I Y R E V E E I E S Q K L V Y H S A T S A G P L H
GVALNNPYQPLSVIDLKRC SAR NNRTTYCYDFPLAFETALQKSWQTNGSTVSEGNENS
KSYVKATELVFAEKHGSWGTPIIPMERPAGLNDIGMVAWIMEMSTPEFPNGRQIIVVA
NDITFRAGSFGRPREDAFFETVTNLACERKLPLIYLAANS GARIGIADEVKSCFRVGWS
DEGS PERG FQYIYL TEEDYARISSVIAKLELD SGEIRWIIDS VVG KED GLG VENIH
GSAAIASAYSRAYEETFTLTFTVGR TVGIGAYLARLGIRCIQRLDQPIILTGF S AL NK
LLGREVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVH LTV PDDLEGVS N I RLW LS YV PANIGGPLP ITK
PLDPDRPVAYI PENTCDPRAICGVDDS QGKWLGGMF D KDS F VET FEGWAKTVVTGR
AKLGGI PVG VIA VET QTMMQ I I PAD PG QL D SH ERS V P RAG QVW FPDS AT KTA Q AL DF
NREG LPLF ILANWRGFS GGQ RD L FEG I L QAG ST I VEN LRT YN QPA FV YI PMAGE LRG G
AWVVVDSKINPDRIECYAERTAKGNVLEPQGLIEIKFRSEELQDCMGR LDPE LINLKA
KLQDVNHGNGSLPDIEGIRKSIEARTKQLLPLYTQIAIRFAELHDTSLRMAAKGVIKK
VVDWEERSFFYKRLRRRIAEDVLAKEIRQIVGDKFTHQLAME LIKEWYL ASQATTGS
TGWD DDDA FVAWKDS PENYK GHI QKL RAQKV SHS LSDLADSS SDLQAF SQGL ST LLDK
MDPSQR AKFVQEVKKVLD

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FIGURE 11A

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ATGGGATCCACACATTGCCATTGTCGGCCTTAATGCCCGACAACACCATCGTATCCACTATCGCC
CGGTAAATTCAAGCCGGTGCATGCCAACCATCTGCCCTCTAGAACCTCAAGAAGAAAAGTCGTCG
TGTCAGTCATTAAGGGATGGAGGCATGGAGGCGTGCAGACCTAACCGTCTATTGCCAAGGTCTT
GCCGCATCATTGACCTCCAAAGGAGGGCACATCAGCTCCGGAAAGTGGATATTCACATGGGTCCGAAG
AACCCAGGGCTCCTACCAAATGAATGGGAACTGAATGAAGCACATAATGGGAGGCATGCTCGTGTG
TAAGGTTGTCGAATTGATGGCATTGGCGAAACACCAATTACAGTGTATTAGTGCAGAACAT
GGAATGGCAGCAGCTAAGTCATGCCAGTGTCCGAACATGGGCTAATGAAACATTGGGTAGAGAAGG
CAATTCAAGTGTGATAGCTATGGCTACTCCAGAACATGGGATAATGCAGAGCACATTAGAATTGCTGA
TCAATTGTTGAAGTACCCGGTGGAAACAAACAATAACAACATGCAAATGTCCAACATAGTGGAGATA
GCAGTGAGAACCGGTGTTCTGCTGTTGGCCTGGTGGGCCATGCATCTGAGAACATCCTGAACCTCCAG
ATGCACTAAATGCAAACGAAATTGTTTCTTGGGCCACCATCATCAATGAACGCACACTAGGTGACAA
GGTTGGTTCAGCTCTCATTGCTCAAGCAGCAGGGGTTCCGACTCTCCTGGAGTGGATCACAGGTGGAA
ATTCCATTAGAAGTTGTTGGACTCGATACCCGGAGATGTATAGGAAAGCTTGTGTTAGTACACGG
AGGAAGCAGTGCAGTGTGAGATGATTGGGTATCCGCCATGATTAAAGCATCATGGGTGGTGGTGG
TAAAGGGATCCGAAAGGTTAAATGACGATGATGTCAGAGCACTGTTAACGCAAGTGCAGGGTGAAGTT
CCTGGCTCCCCAATATTTATCATGAGACTTGCATCTCAGAGTCGACATCTGAAAGTTCAAGTGTGTTGTG
ATCAATATGGCAATGTAGCTGCCCTCACAGTCGTGACTGCAGTGTGCAACGGCGACACACAAAGATTAT
TGAGGAAGGACCAGTTACTGTTGCTCGAGACAGTGAAAGAGCTAGAGCAAGCAGCAAGGAGGCTT
GCTAAGGCTGTGGTTATGTTGGTGCCTACTGTTGAATATCTACAGCATGGAGACTGGTGAATACT
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CGGATTCAAGCCTACCGGTGGAAAAGTAAAGGAGATCAGTTTAAAGCAAGCCAATGTTGGCCTAT
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TATACAATTGAAACTATAAGGAGCGGACAGGGTAGCTACAGATTGCAATGAATGGATCAGTTATTGAAG
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CTCGCTTCTCCCTCAATCACAAAAGATATTATAAGTTGGCCCTTAAAGCTAGCGAGCTTGTGAACA
AACCAAGCTTAGTGAGCTCCGCACAAGCATTGCAAGGAGCCTTCAGAACTGAGATGTTACTGAAGAA
AGGACGGCATTAGTGAGATCATGGGAGATTAGTGACTGCCACTGCCAGTTGAAGATGCACTGGTTT
CTTGTGTTGATTGATGAACTCTCAGCAGAGGTGATCGAGACGTACATATCTCGATTACCA

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GCCTCATCTGTCAAGGATAGTATCCAGCTGAAATATCAGGAATCTGGTGTATTGCTTATGGGAATTG
 GCTGAAGCGCATTCAAGAGAAGGATGGGTCTATGGTTATTGTGAAGTCGTTAGAACATCTGTATCAGCAG
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 GACAAACTTCTGCACACTGGAACAAAATACTGTACAGCTGATCTCCGTGCTGCTGGTGAAGGTTA
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 AAGTTGAAAGTGAAGGATAACATGAGGTGAAGTATAACACCGTCACGTGATCGTCAGTGGAACATATACA
 CACTTAGAAATACAGAGAACCCAAAATGTTGCACAGGGTTTTCCGAACCTTGTCAAGCAACCCGG
 TGCTTCCAACAAATTCACATCAGGCAACATCAGTGATGTTGAAGTGGGAGGAGCTGAGGAATCTCTTCA
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 GGTCTTGCATGGCGTGCAGTGAATACTCCATATGCCCTTGAGTGTATTGATCTGAAACGTTGCT
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 CCAAATTATGGCGACAAACGGTGTGTCATCTGACAGTTACGCTTACATTGAGGTGTATCTAATAT
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 CCTGACAGACCGTTGCTTACATCCCTGAGAATACATGCGATCCTCGTGCCTGACATTGATG
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 ACCTCTGTTCATCCTGCTAACTGGAGAGGCTTCTGGTGGACAAAGAGATCTTGAAGGAATCCTT
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 TGCTGAGAGGACTGCAAAGGGCAATGTTCTGCAACCTCAAGGGTTGATCGAGATCAAGTTCAGGTCAAG
 GAACTCCAAGAGTGCATGGTAGGCTTGATCCAGAATTGATAAACTGAAGGCAAAGCTCCAGGGAGTAA
 AGCATGAAAATGGAAGTCTACCTGAGTCAGAATCCCTCAGAAGAGCATAGAACGCCGGAAGAACAGTT
 GTGCCCTTGTATACTCAAATTGGGTACGGTTCGCTGAATTGATGACACTTCCCTTGAATGGCTGCT
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 GGATATCCGAGGATGTTCTGCGAAGGAAATTAGAGGTGAAGTGGCAAGCAGTTTCTCACCAATCGGC
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 GACGATGCTTTGTTGCCTGGAGGGAAAACCTGAAAACACTACCAGGAGTATATCAAAGAAACTCAGGGCTC
 AAAGGGTATCTCAGTTGCTCTCAGATGTTGCAGACTCCAGTCCAGATCTAGAACGCTTGCCACAGGGTCT
 TTCTATGCTATTAGAGAAGATGGATCCCTCAAGGGAGGACAGTTGTTGAGGAAGTCAAGAAAGTCCTT
 AAATGA

FIGURE 11B

>AAC39330 Triticum aestivum
MGSTHLPIVGLNASTPSLSTIRPVNSAGAAFQPSAPSRTSKKK
SRRVQSLRDGGGVSDPNQSIRQGLAGIIDLPKEGTSAPEVDISHGSEEPRGSYQMN
GILNEAHNGRHASLSKVEFCMALGGKTPIHSQLVANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANETFG
SEKAIQLIAMATPEDMRINAEHIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLIVEIAVRTGSA
VWPGWGHASENPPELPDALNANGIVFLGPSSSMNALGDKVGSALIAQAAGVPTLPWSG
SQVEIPLEVCLDSIPAEMYRKACVSTTEEALASCQMIGYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVN
NDDDVRALFKQVQGEVPGSPIFIMRLASQSRHLEVQLLCDQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRR
HQKIIIEEGPVTVAPRETVELEQAARRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGEYYFLELNP
RLQVEHPVTEWIAEVNLPAAQAVGMGIPLWQVPEIRRFGMDNGGGYDIWRKTAALA
TPFNFDDEVDSQWPKGHCVAVRITSEDPPDGKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNVWAYFSVKSG
GGIHEFADSQFGHVFAVGVSRAAAITNMSLALKIEIQRGEIHSNVDVTVDLLNASDFK
ENRIHTGWLDNRIAMRVQAERPPWYISVVGALYKTITSNTDTVSEYVSYLVKGQIPP
KHISLVHSTVSLNIESKYTIETIRSGQGSYRLRMGSVIEANVQTLCDDGGLMQLDG
NSHVIYAEAAAEGGTRLLIDGKTCALLQNDHDPSSLAAETPCKLRLFLVADGAHVEADVP
YAEVEVMKCMPLLSPAAGVINVLLSEGQPMQAGDLIARLDLDDPSAVKRAEPFNGSF
PEMSLPIAASGQVHKRCATSLNAARMVLAGYDHPIKVVQDLVSCLDAPELPFLQWE
LMSVLATRLPRLKSELEGKYSEYKLNVGHGKSKDFPSKMLREIIEENLAHGSEKEIA
TNERLVEPLMSLLKSYEGRRESHAFIVKSLFEDYLSVEELFSDGIQSDVIERLRQQH
SKDLQKVVDIVLSHQGVRNKTLLTMEKLVYPNPAVYKDQLTRFSSLNHKRYYKLA
LKASELLEQTKLSELRTSIARSLSELEMFTERTAISEIMGDIVTAPLPVEDALVSLF
DCSDQTLQQRVIETYISRLYQPHLVKDSIQLKQESGVIALWEFAAHSEKRLGAMVI
VKSLESVSAAIAGAALKGTSRYASSEGNIMHIALLGADNQMHGTEDSGDNDQAQVRIDK
LSATLEQNTVTADLRAAGVKVISCIVQRDGALMPMRHTFLLSDEKLCYEEPVLRHVE
PPLSALLELGKLKVGYNEVVKYTPSRDQWNITYTLRNTENPKMLHRVFFRTLVRQPG
SNKFTSGNISDVEVGGAEELSFTSSSILRSLMTAIEELELHAIRTGHSHMFLCILKE
QKLLDLVPGVSGNKVVDIGQDEATACLLKEMLQIHELVGARMHHSVCQWEVKLKD
SDGPASGTWRVVTNTSHTCTVDIYREVEDTESQKLVYHSAPSSGPLICHGVALNTPY
QPLSVIDLKRCARSNNRTTYCYDFPLAFETAVQKSWNSNISSDTNRCYVKATELVFAHK
NGSWGTPVIPMERPAGLNDIGMVAILDSTMPEYPNGRQIVVIANDITFRAGSFGP
DAFFETVTNLACERKLPLIYLAANSGARIGIADEVKSCFRVGWSDDGSPERGFQYIYL
TEEDHARIASVIAHKMQLDNGEIRWVIDSVVGKEDGLGVENIHGSAIASAYSRAYE
ETFTLTFTVGRGTVGIGAYLARLGIIRCQTDQPIILTGFSLANKLLGREVYSSHMQLG
GPKIMATNGVHVLTVSDDLEGVSNILRWLSYV PANIGGPLPITKSLDPPDRPVAYIPE
NTCDPRAAISGIDDSQGKWLGGMFDKDSFVETFEGWAKSVTGRAKLGIPVGVIAVE
TQTMMQLIPADPGQLDSHERSVPRAGQVWFPSATKTAQAMLDFNREGPLFILANWR
GFSGGQRDLFEGILQAGSTIVENLRTYNQPAFVYIPKAAELRGGAWWVIDSKINPDRI
EFYAERTAKGNVLEPQGLIEIKFRSEELQECMGRLDPELINLKAKLQGVKHENGSLPE
SESLQKSIEARKKQLLPLYTQIAVRFAELHDTSLRMAAKGVIKKVVDWEDSRFFYKR
LRRRISEDEVLAKEIRGVSGKQFSHQSAIELIQLKWLASKGAETGSTEWDDDAFVAWR
ENPENYQEYIKELRAQRVSQLSDVADSSPDLEALPQGLSMLEKMDPSRRAQFVEEV
KKVLK

FIGURE 12A

>AY219174_Setaria italica (foxtail millet)
ATGTCGCAACTTGGATTAGCTGCAGCTGCCAAAGGCCTGCACTACTTCCTAATGCCATAGAACCT
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GGCATCATCGACCTCCCAAATGAGGCAACATCGGAAGTGGATATTCTCATGGATCCGAGGATCCAGGG
GCCAACCGATTCATATCAAATGAATGGGATTGTAAGTGAAGCACATAATGGCAGACATGCCAGTGCT
CAAGGTTGTGAATTTGTGCGGCTAGGGCAAAACACCAATTACAGTATACTAGTGGCCAACAAT
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CGATTCACTGCTATGGCAACTCCAGAAGACATGAGGATAAAATGAGAACACATAGAATTGCTGA
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AAGAAGCTGTTGCGAGGTTGTCAGGTGGTTGGTATCTGCCATGATTAAGGCATCCTGGGAGGTTGG
TAAAGGAATAAGAAAGGTTCATATGACGATGAGGTTAGAGCACTGTTAAGCAAGTACAAGGTGAAGTC
CCTGGCTCCCAAATATTATCATGAGGCTTGATCCCAGAGTCGTATCTGAAGTTCAGTTGCTTGTG
ATCAATATGGCAATGAGGAGCAGCACTTCACAGTCGTGATTGCAACGGCAGCACAAAAGATTAT
TGAGGAAGGCCAGTTACTGTTGCTCTCGTGGAGACAGTTAAAGCCTTGAGCAGGAGCAAGGAGGCTT
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GGAATGGACTATGGAGGAGGATATGACATTGGAGGAAAACAGCAGCTTGCCACACCATTAAATTG
ATGAAGTAGATTCTCAATGCCAAAGGGCATTGTTAGCAGTTAGAATTACTAGCGAGGATCCAGATGA
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TAGAAAATAAATCCAGACCGAATTGAGTGTATGCTGAGAGGACTGCTAAAGGCAATGTTCTGAAACCT
CAAGGGTTAATTGAAATCAAATTGAGATCAGAGGAGCTCCAAGACTGTATGGTAGGCTGACCCAGGGT
TGATAAAATCTGAAAGCAAACACTCCAAGGTGCAAAGCTGGAAATGGAAGCCTAACAGATGAGAACCT
TCAGAAGAGTATAGATGCTCGTAGAACACAGTTGTCCTTATACACCCAGATTGCAATACGGTTGCT
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CACGTTCTTCTTACAGAAGGCTACGGAGGAGATCTCTGAAAGATGTTCTGCAAAAGAAATAAGAGG
AATAGCTGGTGACCACCTCACTCACCAATCAGCAGTTGAGCTGATCAAGGAATGGTACTTGGCTCTCAA
GCCACAACAGGAAGCACTGAATGGGATGATGATGATGCTTTGTTGCCCTGGAAGGAGAATCTGAAACACT
ATAAGGGATATATCCAAGAGTTAAGGGCTCAAAGGTGTCTCAGTCGCTCTCCGATCTGCAAGACTCCAG
TTCAGATCTAGAAGCATTCTCACAGGGTCTTCCACATTATTAGATAAGATGGATCCCTCAGAGAGCC
AAGTCATTAGGAAGTCAAGAACAGGCTGGGTGA

FIGURE 12B

>AA062902 Setaria italica (foxtail millet)
MSQLGLAAAASKALPLLPNRHTSAGTFPSPVSSRPSNRRKSR
TRSLRDGGDGVDAAKHNQSVRQGLAGIIDLPNEATSEVDISHGEDPRGPTDSYQMN
GIVSEAHNGRHASVSKVEFCAALGGKTPIHSILVANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANDTGF
SEKAIQLIAMATPEDMRINAEHIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLIVEVAERIGSA
VWPWGWHASENPPELPDALTAKGVVFLGPPAASMNALGDKVGSLIAQAAGVPTLSWSG
SHVEVPLECCLDAIPEEMYRKACVTTTEAVASCQVVGYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVH
NDDEVRALFKQVQGEVPGSPIFIMRLASQSRHLEVQLLCDQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRR
HQKIIIEGPVTVAPRETVKALEQAARRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGEYYFLELNP
RLQVEHPVTEWIAEVNLPAAQAVGMGIPWLWQIPEIRRFDGMDYGGGYDIWRKTAALA
TPFNFDEVDSQWPKGHCVAVRITSEDPDDGFKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNWAYFSVKSG
GGIHEFVDSQFGHVAYGLRSAAITNMALALKEIQIRGEIHNSVDYTVDLLNASDFR
ENKIHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISVVGALYKVTANAATVSDYVSYLTKGQIPP
KHISLVSSTVNLNIEGSKYTVETVRTGHGSYRLRMNDSAIEANVQSLCDGGLLMQLDG
NSHVIYAESEEAGGTRLLIDGKTCLLQNDHDKSKLLAETPCKLLRFLVADGAHVDADVP
YAEVEVMKCMPLLS PASGVIH VMMSEGQALQAGDLIARLDLDDPSAVKRAEPFHGIF
PQMDLPVAASSQVHKRYAASWNAARMVLAGYEHNNINEVQDVLVCCCLDDPELPFLQWDE
LMSVLA TRLPRLKSELEDKYM EYKLNFYHGKNKDPSKLLRDIIEANLAYGSEKEKA
TNERLIEPLMSLLKS YEGGRE SHAHFVV KSLFKEYLA VEEL FSDGIQSDVIE TLRHQH
SKDLQKVVDIVL SHQGVRN KAKLV TALMEK LVYPN PAAYR DILL VRFSSL NHKRYYKLA
LKASELLEQTKLSEL RASTARS LSDLGMHK GEMTIEDS MEDI LSAPI PVED ALISL FD
YSDPTVQQKV IETYIS RLYQ PILLVK DS IQVKF KESGA FALWE FSEGH VDTKNG QGT VL
GRTRWGAM VAVKS VESART AIVA ALKD SAQH ASSEG NMMHIA LL SAENENN IS DDQAO
HRMEKLN KILK DTSV ANDL RAAGL KV SICIV QR DEAR MP MR HTLL WSDEK SCYEEQI
LRHVEPPLSMLLEM DKL KVKG YNEM KYTP SDR QW HITYL RNTEN PKML HRV FFRTIV
RQP NAGN KFISA QIGD TEVGGPEE SLSFTS NSI RL ALM TAI E E L HAIR TDH SHMYL
CILKEQKLLD LIP FSG STIV DVV QDE ATAC SLL KS MALKI HELV GAQ MH HLSVC QWEV
KLKLYCDGPAS GTW RVV TT NV TSHT CTVDI YREVEDTES QKL VY HSAS PSAS PL HGVA
LDNPYQPLS VIDL KHCS ARNN RTTY CYDFPL AFET ALQ KSW QSG SS VSEG SENS RSY
VKATELVFAEKHG SWG TP II S MER PAGL NDIGMVA WILEM STPEF PN GRQ IIVI ANDI
TFRAGSF GPREDAFF EAV TN LACER KLP LIYLA ANSGARIGIA DEV KSC FRV GS DEG
SPERGF QYI YLT DEDYAR ISL VIAH KLQ LDN GEIR WI ID SVV GK ED GL GV ENI HGSA
AIA SAYS RAY EET FT LT FVT GRT VGIGAY LAR LGI RC IQR L DQ PI ILTG FS ALN KLLG
REVYSSHMQ LGGPKI MAT NGV VH LT VS DDLEG VSN IL RWL SYV PAN IGGPL PIT KPLD
PPDRPVAYI PENTCDPRAAIRGV DDSQGKWLGGMF DKDSF VET FEGWAKT VVT GRAKL
GGIPVGVI AVET QTMM QLIPAD PGQ LD SHERS VPRAGQVWF PDSAT KTAQ AL LD FN RE
GPLF ILAN WRGF SG GQ RD LF EG IL QAG STI VEN LR TYN QP A FYI PMAGE L RG GA W
VVDSKINPDRIECYAERTAKGNVLEPQGLIEIKFRSEELQDCMGR LD PGL INL KAKL Q
GAKLGNGSLTDVESLQKSIDARTKQLLPLYTQIAIRFAELHDTSLRMAAKGV IKK VVD
WEESRSFFYRRLRRRISEDV LAKEIRGIAGDHFT HQSAV E LIKEW YLASQATTG STEW
DDDAFVAWKENPENYKGYI QELRAQKV SQS LSDLADSSD LEAFS QGL ST LLD KMDP
SQRAKFIQEVKKV LG

FIGURE 13A

>AY219175 _Setaria italica (foxtail millet)

ATGTCGCAACTTGGATTAGCTGCAGCTGCCAAAGGCCTGCACTACTTCCTAATGCCATAGAACCT
 CAGCTGGAACATACATTCCATCACCTGTATCATCGGGCCTCAAACCGAAGGAAAAGCCGACTCGTTC
 ACTTCGTGATGGAGGAGATGGGTATCAGATGCCAAAAGCACAACCAGTCGTCCGTCAAGGTCTTGCT
 GGCATCATCGACCTCCAAATGAGGCAACATCGGAAGTGGATATTCTCATGGATCCGAGGATCCCAGGG
 GCCAACCGATTCATATCAAATGAATGGGATTGTAATGAAGCACATAATGGCAGACATGCCTCAGTGT
 CAAGGTTGGATTTGTGGCGCTAGGGCAAACACCAATTACAGTATACTAGTGGCCAACAAT
 GGAATGGCAGCAAAGTTCATGAGGAGTGTCCGGACATGGCTAATGATACTTTGGATCGGAGAAGG
 CGATTCTAGCTCATGGCAACTCCAGAACATGAGGATAATGCAGAACACATTAGAATTGCTGA
 TCAATTGTAGAGGTGCCTGGAAACAAACAATTACAGTCAGGAAATGTCAACTCATAGTGGAGGTA
 GCAGAAAGAATAGGTGTTCTGCTGTTGGCTGGTGGGCTATGCTGAGAACATCTGAACATTCCAG
 ATGCATTGACCGCAAAGGAATTGTTCTGGCACCTGCGGACATCAATGAATGCATTGGGAGATAA
 GGTCGGTTCAGCTCTCATTGCTCAAGCAGCTGGGTCGGACCCCTTGTGGAGTGGACATGTTGAA
 GTTCCATTAGAGTGTGCTTAGATGCGATACTGAGGAAATGTATAGAAAAGCTTGTGTTACTACCACAG
 AAGAAGCTGTTGCGAGTGTGAGGTTGGTATCTGCCATGATTAAGGCATCCTGGGAGGTTGGTGG
 TAAAGGAATAAGAAAGGTTCATATGACGATGAGGTTAGAGCACTGTTAAGCAAGTACAAGGTGAAGTC
 CCTGGCTCCCCAATATTATCATGAGGCTTGCATCCCAGAGTCGTACATCTGAAGTTCAGTTGCTTGTG
 ATCAATATGGCAATGTGGCAGCACTTCACAGTCGTGATTGCACTGAGTCAGTGTGCAACGGCAGACACAAAAGATTAT
 TGAGGAAGGCCAGTTACTGTTGCTCTCGTGAGACAGTTAAAGCGCTTGAGCAGGAGCAAGGAGGCTT
 GCTAAGGCTGTGGGTTATGTTGGTGCTGCTACTGTTGAATACCTTACAGCATGGAGACTGGGAATACT
 ATTTCCTGGAGCTTAATCCCAGATTACAGGTCGAGCATCCAGTCAGTGGATTGCTGAAGTAAATCT
 TCCTGCAGCTCAAGTTGCAAGTGGAAATGGCATACTCTTGGCAGATTCCAGAAATCAGACGTTCTAT
 GGAATGGACTATGGAGGAGGATATGACATTGGAGGAAACAGCAGCTTGCCACACCATTAAATTG
 ATGAAGTAGATTCTCAATGCCAAAGGGCATTGTGAGCAGTTAGAATTACTAGCAGGAGATCCAGATGA
 TGGTTCAACCTACTGGTGGAAAGTGAAGGAGATAAGTTAAAGCAAGCCTAATGTTGGCCTAC
 TTCTCAGTAAAGTCTGGTGGAGGCATTCAATGCAATTGCTGATTCTCAGTTGGCATTGTTGCAATATG
 GGCTCTCTAGATCAGCAGCAATAACGAACATGGCTTGTGATTAAAGAGATTCAAATCGTGGAGAAAT
 TCATTCAAATGTTGATTACACAGTTGATCTTAAATGCTCAGACTTCAGAGAAAATAAGATTCTACT
 GGCTGGCTTGATACCAGAAATAGCTATGCGTGTCAAGCTGAGAGGCCCATGGTATATTCACTGGTTG
 GAGGAGCTCTATATAAAACAGTAACGCCAATGCAGCCACTGTTCTGATTATGTCAGTTATCTCACCAA
 GGGCCAGATTCCACCAAAGCATATATCCCTGTCAGTTCAACAGTTAATCTGAATATCGAAGGGAGCAA
 TACACAGTTGAAACTGTAAGGACTGGACATGGTAGCTACAGATTACGAATGAATGATTCACTGG
 CGAATGTACAATTTATGTGATGGAGGCCTTAAATGCAGTTGGATGAAATAGCCATGTAATTACGC
 GGAAGAAGAAGCTGGTGGTACACGACTCTGATTGATGGAAAGACATGCTTGTACAGAATGATCATGAT
 CCATCAAAGTTATTAGCTGAGACACCCTGCAAACCTCTCGGTTCTGGTGTGATGGTGTCTGTTG
 ATGCTGATGTTACCATATGCCAAAGTTGAGGTTATGAAATGTGCAATGCCCTCTTGTGCCCTGCTCTGG
 TGTCAATTGATGTTATGATGTCAGGGCCAGGCATTGCAAGGCTGGTGTGATCTATAGCAAGGCTGGATCTT
 GATGACCTCTGCTGTGAAAGAGCTGAACCATTGATGAAATTTCCACAAATGGACCTTCCCTGTTG
 CTGCCCTAGCCAAGTACACAAAAGATATGCTGCAAGTTGAATGCTGCTGCAATGGCCTTGAGGATA
 CGAGCATAATATCAATGAAGTTGACAAGATTGGTATGCTGCCGGATGATCCGAGCTCCCTCCTA
 CAGTGGGATGAACTATGTCAGTTCAACTAGGCTTCCAAGAAATCTTAAGAGTGTAGGAGGATA
 AATACATGGAATACAAGTTGAAACTTTACCATGGAAAACAAGGACTTCCGTCAGCTGCTGAGAGA
 CATCATTGAGGCAAATCTGCATATGGTTAGAGAAGGAAAAGCTACGAATGAGAGGCTTATTGAGCCT
 CTTATGAGCCTACTTAAGTCATATGAGGGTGGGAGAGAAAGCCATGCTCATTTGTTGTCAGTCCCTT
 TCAAGGAGTACCTGCTGGAAGAAACTTTCACTGATGGGATTGCTGAGCTGATGTGATTGAAACCCCTGCG
 TCACTGAGCACAGTAAAGACTTGCAAGGTTGAGACATTGTTGCTCACCAGGGTGTGAGGAACAAA
 GCTAAGCTTGTAAACAGCACTTATGGAAAAGCTGGTTATCCAAATCCTGCTGCTACAGGGATCTGTTGG
 TTCGCTTTCTTCACTCAATCATAAAAGATATTATAAGTTGGCCTTAAAGCAAGCGAACTTCTGAAACA
 AACTAAACTAAGTGAACACTCCGTGCAAGCAGTCGAAGAAGCCTTCTGATCTGGGATGCTAAGGGAGAA
 ATGACTATTGAAGATAGCATGGAAGATTAGTCTGCCCCATTACCTGTCAGATGCACTTATTCTT
 TGTTGATTACAGTGTGACTGCAACTGTTCAAGCAGAAAAGTGAATGAGACATACATATCTGATTGATCAGCC
 TCTTCTGTTGAAAGATAGCATGCAAGTGAATTTAAGGAATCTGGTGCCTTGTCTTATGGGAATTTC
 GAAGGGCATGTTGATACTAAAATGGACAAGGGACCCTTGTGCAACAAGATGGGTGCCATGGTAG
 CTGTCAAATCAGTTGAAATGCAAGCAGCCATTGTAAGCTGCACTAAAGGATTGCGCACAGCATGCCAG

CTCTGAGGGCAACATGATGCACATTGCCATTGAGTGTGAAAGATAATATCAGTGATGATCAA
GCTCAACATAGGATGGAAAAACTTAACAAGATACTCAAGGATACTAGTGTGCAAATGATCTCGAGCTG
CTGGTTGAAGGTTATAAGTTGCAATTGTCAGGAGATGAAGCACGCATGCCAATGCCACACATTACT
CTGGTCAGATGAAAAGAGTTGAGGAGAGCAGATTCTTCGGCATGTTGGAGCCTCCCTCTCCATG
CTCTTGAAATGGATAAGTTGAAAGGATACAATGAAATGAAGTATACTCCATACGTGATCGTC
AATGGCATATCTACACACTAAGAAACTGAAAACCCAAAATGTTGCATAGGGTATTTCGAACAT
TGTCAAGGCAACCCAATGCAGGCAACAAGTTATATCAGGCCAAATTGGCAGACTGAAGTAGGAGGTCT
GAGGAATCTTGTCAATTACATCTAACAGATTAAAGAGCCTGATGACTGCTATTGAAGAATTAGAGC
TTCATGCAATTAGGACTGGTCATTCTCACATGTATTGTCATATTGAAAGAACAAAGCTTCTGATCT
CATTCCGTTTCAGGGAGCACAATCGTGATGTTGGCCAAGACGAAGCTACTGCTGTTCACTTTAAAA
TCAATGGCTTGAAGATAACACGAACCTGTTGGTGCACAGATGCATCATCTTCTGTATGCCAGTGGGAGG
TGAAACTCAAGTTGACTGCGATGGCCTGCCAGTGGCACCTGGAGAGTTGTAACACAAATGTTACTAG
TCACACTTGCAACCATTGATATCTACCGGGAAAGTGGAAAGATACTGAATCGCAGAACAGTTAGTATACATTCA
GCTTCTCCGTCAGCTAGCCTTGCATGGTGTGGCCCTGGATAATCGTATCACACCTTGAGTGTCAATTG
ATCTAAAACGCTGCTGCTGCTAGGAACAACAGAACTACATATTGCTATGATTCCACTGGCATTGAAAC
TGCCCTGCAAGTCATGGCAGTCCAATGGCTCCAGTGGTCTGAAAGGCAGTGAAATAGTAGGCTTAT
GTGAAAGCAACAGAGCTGGTGTGCTGAAAAACATGGTCCTGGGCACCTCTATAATTCCATGGAGC
GTCCTGGCTGGCTCAATGACATTGGCATGGTAGCTGGATCTTAGAGATGCCACTCCCTGAATTCCCAA
TGGCAGGCAGATTATTGTCAAGCAAATGATAATTACTTCAGAGCTGGATCATTGGCCAAGGGAAAGAT
GGCTTTTGAAAGCTGTCACGAACCTGGCTGCGAGAGGAAGCTCCTTATATAACTGGCAGCAAAC
CCGGTCTAGGATTGGCATAGCCGATGAAGTGAAATCTGCTTCCGTGTTGGTGGTCCGATGAAGGCAG
CCCTGAACGGGGTTTCAGTACATTATCTGACTGACGAAGACTATGCCGTATTAGCTTGTCTGTTATA
GCACACAAGCTGCAGCTGGATAATGGTGAATTAGGGATTATTGACTCTGTTGTGGCAAGGAGGATG
GGCTTGGTGTGAGAATCTACATGGAAGTGCTGCTATTGCCAGTGCTATTCTAGGGCATATGAGGAGAC
ATTACACTTACATTGACTGGCGGACTGTTGGAATAGGAGCATATCTGCTCGGCTCGGTATACGG
TGCATACAGCGTCTGACCAGCTTATTATTAACTGGGTTCTGCCCTGAAACAGCTTGTGGCGGG
AAAGTGTACAGCTCCACATGCAGTTGGTGGCTAAAGATCATGGCAGGAATGGTGTGTCACCTGAC
TGTTTCAGATGACCTTGAAGGTGTTCAAATATTGAGGTGGCTCAGCTATGTTCTGCCAACATTGGT
GGACCTCTCCTATTACAAAACCTTGGACCCACCAGACAGACCTGTTGCATACATCCCTGAGAACACAT
GTGATCCGCGCGCAGCCATTGCGTGGTAGATGACAGGCCAAGGGAAATGGTGGTGGTATGTTGACAA
AGACAGCTTGTGAGACATTGAAGGATGGCGAAAACAGTGGTACGGCAGAGCAAAGCTTGGAGGA
ATTCCCTGTTGGTGTACAGCTGTTGAGACACAAACCATGATGCAGCTTACCTGCTGATCCAGGGCAGC
TTGATTCCCAGGCGATCTGTTCTCGGCTGGACAAGTGTGGTCCCAGATTCTGCAACCAAGACAGC
TCAGGCATTGTTGGACTTCAACCGTGAAGGATTGCCGCTGTTCATCCTGCTAACTGGAGAGGATTCTCT
GGTGGACAAGAGATCTGTTGAAGGAATTCTCAGGCTGGTCAACAATTGTTGAGAACCTTAGGACAT
ACAATCAGCCTGCTTGTACATTCTATGGCTGGAGAGCTGCGTGGAGGAGCTGGGTTGTGGTGA
TAGCAAATAAATCCAGACGAATTGAGTGTATGCTGAGAGGACTGCTAAAGGCAATGTTCTGAAACCT
CAAGGGTTAATTGAAATCAAATTGAGATCAGAGGAGCTCAAGACTGTATGGTAGGCTGACCCAGAGT
TGATAAACTGAAAGCAAAACTCCAAGGTGCAAAGCTGGAAATGGAAGCCTAACAGATGTAGAACCT
TCAGAAGAGTATAAGATGCTCGTACGAAACAGTTGTTGCCTTATACACCCAGATTGCAATACGGTTGCT
GAATTGCATGATACTTCCCTCAGAATGGCAGCTAAAGGTGTGATTAAGAAAGTTGAGATTGGGAGAAT
CACGTTCTTCTACAGAAGGCTACGGAGGAGATCTGAAAGATGTTCTGCAAAGAACAAATAAGAGG
AATAGCTGGTGACCACTCACTCACCAATCAGCAGTTGAGCTGATCAAGGAATGGTACTTGGCTCTCAA
GCCACACAACAGGAAGCAGTGAATGGGATGATGATGATGCTTTGTTGCCCTGAAAGGAGAACCTGAAA
ATAAGGGATATATCCAAGAGTTAAGGGCTCAAAAGGTGTCAGTCGCTCTCCGATCTGCAGACTCCAG
TTCAGATCTAGAAGCATTCTCACAGGGTCTTCCACATTATTAGATAAGATGGATCCCTCAGAGAGCC
AAGTTCATTCAGGAAGTCAAGAACAGGCTGGGTGA

FIGURE 13B

>AA062903_Setaria italica (foxtail millet)
 MSQGLAAAASKALPLLPNRHTSAGTTFPSPVSSRPSNRRKSR
 TRSLRDGGDGVDAAKHNQSVRQGLAGIIDLPNEATSEVDISHGEDPRGPTDSYQMN
 GIVNEAHNHRHASVKVEFCAALGGKTPIHSILVANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANDTGF
 SEKAIQLIAMATPEDMRINAHEHRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLIVEVAERIGVSA
 VWPGWGHASENPELPAALTAKGIVFLGPPAASMNALGDKVGSALIAQAAGVPTLSWSG
 SHVEVPLECCLDAIPEEMYRKACVTTEEAVASCQVVGYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVH
 NDDEVRALFKQVQGEVPGSPIFIMRLASQSRHLEVQLLCDQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRR
 HQKIIIEGPVTVAPRETAKALEQAARRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGEYYFLELNP
 RLQVEHPVTEWIAEVNLPAAQAVGMGIPWLWQIPEIRRFGMDYGGGYDIWRKTAALA
 TPFNFDEVDSQWPKGHCVAVRITSEDPDDGFKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNVWAYFSVKSG
 GGIHEFADSQFGHVFAVGLRSAAITNMALALKEIQIRGEIHNSVDYTVDLLNASDFR
 ENKIHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPWTISVVGALYKTVTANAATVSDYVSYLTKGQIPP
 KHISLVSSTVNLNIEGSKYTVEVTRGHSYRLRMNDSAIEANVQSLCDGGLLMQLDG
 NSHVIYAESEEAGGTRLLIDGKCLLQNDHDPSKLLAETPCKLRLFLVADGAHVADVP
 YAEVEVMKCMPLLS PASGVIHVMMSSEGQALQAGDLIARLDLDDPSAVKRAEPFHGIF
 PQMDLPVAASSQVHKRYAASLNAARMVLAGYEHNNNEVVQDLVCCCLDDPELPFLQWDE
 LMSVLATRLPRNLKSELEDKYM EYKLNFYHGKNDFPSKLLRDIIEANLAYGSEKEKA
 TNERLIEPLMSLLKS YEGGRE SHAHFVVKSLSFKEYLA VEE FSDGIQSDVIETLRHQH
 SKDLQKVVDIVL SHQGVRNKAKLV TALMEKLVYPNPAAYRDLVRFSSLNHKRYYKLA
 LKASELLEQTKLSEL RASIARSLSDLGMHKGEMTIEDSMEDLVSAPLPVEDALISLF
 YSDPTVQQKVIETYISRLYQPLLVKDSIQVKFKESGAFALWEFSEGHVDTKNGQGTVL
 GRTRWGAMAVKSVESARTAIVAALKDSAQHASSEGNNMHIALSAENENNISDDQAO
 HRMEKLNKILKDTSVANDLRAAGLKVIS CIVQRDEARMPMRHTLLWSDEKSCYEEEQI
 LRHVEPPLSMLEMDKLKVKGYNEMKYTPS RDQWHIYTLRNTENPKMLHRVFFRTIV
 RQP NAGNKFISAQIGDTEVGGPEE SLSFTSNSILRALMTAIEEELHAIRTGHSHMYL
 CILKEQKLLD LIPFSGSTIVDVGQDEATACSLLKSMALKIHELVGAQMHHLSVCQWEV
 KLKLYCDGPASGTWRVTTNVTSHTCTIDIYREVEDTESQKLVYHSAPSASPLHGVA
 LDNPYQPLSVIDLKRC SARNNRTTYCYDFPLAFETALQKSWQSNSSVSEGSENSRSY
 VKATELVFAEKHGSWGTPIISM ER PAGLNDIGMVAILEMSTPEFPNGRQIIVI ANDI
 TFRAGSF GPREDAFFEAVTNLACERKLPLIYLAANS GARIGIADEVKSCFRVGWSDEG
 SPERGFQYIYLTD EYARISLSVIAHKLQLDNGEIRWIIDS VVGKEDGLGVENLHGS
 AIASAYS RAYEETFTLTFVTGRTVGIGAYLARLGIRCIQRLDQPIILTGFSA LNKL LG
 REVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVH LTVSDDLEGVS N ILRWLSYV PANIGGPLP ITKPLD
 PPDRPVAYIPENTCDPRAAIRGVDDSQGKWLGGMF DKS FVETFEGWAKTVVTGRAKL
 GGIPVGVIAVETQTMMQLIPADPGQLD SHERSVPRAGQVWF PDSATKTAQALLDFNRE
 GLPLFILANWRGFSGGQRDLFEGI LQAGSTI VENIRL RTYNQPAFVYI PMAGE LRGGA W
 VVDSKINPDRIECYAERTAKGNVLEPQGLIEIKFRSEELQDCMGRLDPELINLKAKLQ
 GAKLGNGSLTDVESLQKSIDARTKQLLPLYTQIAIRFAELHDTSLRMAAKGVIKVVD
 WEESRSFFYRRLRRRISEDV LAKEIRGIAGDHFTHQSAV E LIKEWYLASQATTGSTE
 DDDDAFVAWKENPENYKGYI QELRAQKV SQSLSDIADSSSDLEAFSQGLSTLLDKMDP
 SQRAKFIQEVKKV LG

FIGURE 14A

>AF294805_Setaria italica (foxtail millet)
ATGTCGCACTGGATTAGCTGCAGCTGCCAAAGGCCTGCAACTTCTTAATGCCATAGAACCT
CAGCTGAACATACATCCCACCTGTATCATCGCCCTCAAACCGAAGGAAAAGCCGACTCGTC
ACTTCGTGATGGAGGAGATGGGTATCAGATGCCAAAAGCACAAACCAGTCTGTCGTCAGGTCTGCT
GGCATCATCGACCTCCAAATGAGGCAACATCGGAAGTGGATATTCTCATGGATCCGAGGATCCCAGGG
GCCAACCGATTCATCAAATGAATGGGATTGTAAATGAAGCACATAATGGCAGACATGCCCTAGTGTG
CAAGGTTGTGAATTGTGCGCGCTAGGTGGCAAAACACCAATTACAGTATACTAGTGGCCAACAAT
GGAATGGCAGCAGCAAAGTTCATGAGGAGTGTCCGGACATGGGCTAATGATACTTTGGATCGGAGAAGG
CGATTAGCTCATAGCTATGCCAACTCCAGAACATGAGGATAATGCAGAACACATTAGAATTGCTGA
TCAATTGTAGAGGTGCCTGGAAACAAACAACTATGCCAAATGTCACACTAGTGGAGGTA
GCAGAAAGAATAGGTGTTCTGCTGTTGGCTGGTGGGTATGCCATGAGAACATCTGAACCTCCAG
ATGCATTGACCGCAAAGGAATTGTTCTGGGCCACCTGCGGCATCAATGAATGCATTGGGAGATAA
GGTCGGTTCAGCTCTCATTGCTCAAGCAGCTGGGCTCCGACCCCTCGTGAGTGGATCACATGTTGAA
GTTCATTAGAGTGCTGCTTAGATGCGATACTGAGGAAATGTATAGAAAAGCTTGTGTTACTACCACAG
AAGAAGCTGTTGCGAGGTTGTCAGGTGGTTGGTATCCTGCCATGATTAAGGCATCCTGGGAGGTGG
TAAAGGAATAAGAAAGGTTATAATGACGATGAGGTTAGAGCACTGTTAACGAAGTACAAGGTGAAGTC
CCTGGCTCCCCAATATTATCATGAGGCTTGCATCCCAGAGTCGTACCTGAGTTCAAGTTCAGTTGCTTGTG
ATCAATATGGCAATGTCAGCCTACAGTCGATTGCACTGAGGAACTCAGGAGGCTT
TGAGGAAGGCCAGTTACTGTTGCTCCTCGTGAGACAGTTAAAGCAGCTTGAGCAGGAGCAAGGAGGCTT
GCTAAGGCTGTGGGTTATGTTGGTGCTGACTGTTGAATACCTTACAGCATGGAGACTGGGAAATACT
ATTTCTGGAGCTTAATCCCAGATTACAGGTCGAGCATCCAGTCAGTGGATTGCTGAAGTAAATCT
TCCTGAGCTCAAGTTGCAAGTGGCATACCTCTTGGCAGATTCCAGAAATCAGACGTTCTAT
GGAATGGACTATGGAGGAGGATATGACATTGGAGGAAACAGCAGCTTGCCACACCATTAAATTG
ATGAAGTAGATTCTCATGGCAAAGGCCATTGTCAGGTTAGAGATTACTAGCGAGGATCCAGATGA
TGGTTCAAACTACTGGTGGGAAAGTGAAGGAGATAAGTTAAAAGCAAGCCTAATGTTGGCCTAC
TTCTCAGTAAAGTCTGGTGGAGGCATTGATTAAGTGGCTGATTCTCAGTTGGCATGTTTGCAATG
GGCTCTCTAGATCAGCAGCAATAACGAACATGGCTCTGCACTAAAGAGATTCAAATCGTGGAGAAAT
TCATTCAAATGTTGATTACACAGTTGATCTTAAATGTTCAAGCTCAGAGAAAATAAGATTCAACT
GGCTGGCTTGATACCAGAAATAGCTATGCGTGGTCAAGCTGAGAGGCCCATGGTATATTTCAGTGGTTG
GAGGAGCTCTATATAAAACAGTAACGCAATGCAGCCACTGTTCTGATTATGTCAGTTCTCACCAA
GGGCCAGATTCCACCAAAGCATATCCCTGTCAGTTCAACAGTTAATCTGAATATCGAAGGGAGCAA
TACACAGTTGAAACTGTAAGGACTGGACATGGTAGCTACAGATTACGAATGAATGATTCAAGCAATTGAAG
CGAATGTACAATCTTATGTGATGGAGGCCTCTTAATGCAAGTTGATGAAATAGCCATGTAATTACGC
GGAAGAAGAAGCTGGTGGTACAGCACTCTGATTGATGGAAAGACATGCTTGTACAGAATGATCATGAT
CCATCAAAGTTATTAGCTGAGACACCCTGCAAACCTCTCGGTTCTGGTGTGATGGTGTCTGTTG
ATGCTGATGTACCATATCGGAAGTTGAGGTTATGAAAATGTGATGCATGCCCTCTTGTGCTGCTCTGG
TGTCAATTGATGTTATGATGTCAGGAGGCTGACCATTTGATGGAAATATTCCACAAATGGACCTCCGTTG
GATGACCTCTGCTGTCAGGAGGCTGAAACCATTCATGGAATATTCCACAAATGGACCTCCGTTG
CTGCCTCTAGCCAAGTACACAAAGATATGTCAGGTTGAATGCTGCTGAATGGCCTTGCAAGGATA
CGAGCATAATATCAATGAAGTTGACAGATTGGTATGCTGCCTGGATGATCCCAGCTCCCTCC
CAGTGGGATGAACTTATGTCAGTTCAACTAGGCTTCCAAGAAATCTTAAGAGTGAAGTAGAGGATA
AATACATGGAATACAAGTTGAAACTTACCATGGAAAAACAAGGACTTCCGTCAGCTGCTGAGAGA
CATCATTGAGGCAAATCTGCATATGGTTAGAGAAGGAAAAGCTACGAATGAGAGGTTATTGAGCCT
CTTATGAGCCTACTTAAGTCATATGAGGGTGGGAGAGAAAGCCATGCTCATTGTTGTCAGTCCCTT
TCAAGGAGTACCTGCTGTCAGGAAACTTTCAGTGTGATGGGATTCAGTCTGATGTGATGAAACCCCTGCG
TCATCAGCACAGTAAAGACTTGCAGAAGGTTGAGACATTGTTGTCACCAGGGTGTGAGGAACAAA
GCTAAGCTTGTAAACAGCACTTATGGAAAAGCTGGTTATCCAAATCCTGCTGCTTACAGGGATCTGTTGG
TTCGCTTTCTTCACTCAATCATAAAAGATATTATAAGTTGGCCCTTAAAGCAAGCGAACTTCTGAAACA
AACTAAACTAAGTGAACCTCGTGCAGCAGCATCGCAAGAACGCTTCTGATCTGGGATGCAAGGGAGAA
ATGACTATTGAGGATAGCATGGAAGATTAGTCTGCCCCATTACCTGTCAGGAGACATACATATCTGATTGATCAGCC
TCTTCTGAAAGATAGCATCCAAGTGAATTTAAGGAATCTGGTGCCTTGTGCTTATGGGAATTTC

GAAGGGCATGTTGATACTAAAAATGGACAAGGGACCCTTGGTCGAACAAGATGGGTGCCATGGTAG
CTGTCAAATCAGTTGAACTGCACGAACAGCCATTGTAGCTGCATTAAAGGATTGGCACAGCATGCCAG
CTCTGAGGGCAACATGATGCACATTGCCTTATTGAGTGCTGAAAATGAAAATAATATCAGTGTGATCAA
GCTCAACATAGGATGGAAAAACTTAACAAGATACTCAAGGATACTAGTGTGCAAATGATCTCGAGCTG
CTGGTTGAAGGTTATAAGTGCATTGTTCAAAGAGATGAAGCACGCATGCCAATGCCACACATTACT
CTGGTCAGATGAAAAGAGTTATGAGGAAGAGCAGATTCTCGGCATGGAGCCTCCCTCTCCATG
CTTCTGAAATGGATAAGTGAAGTGAAAGGATACAATGAAATGAAGTATACTCCATCACGTGATCGTC
AATGGCATATCTACACACTAAGAAATACTGAAAACCCAAAATGTTGCATAGGGTATTTCGAACAT
TGTCAAGGCAACCCAATGCAGGCAACAAGTTATCAGCCAAATTGGCAGACTGAAGTAGGAGGTCT
GAGGAATCTTGTCAATTACATCTAACAGATTAAAGGCCTGATGACTGCTATTGAAGAATTAGAGC
TTCATGCAATTAGGACTGGTCATTCTCACATGTATTGTCATATTGAAAGAACAAAAGCTTCTGATCT
CATTCCGTTTCAGGGAGCACAATCGTGATGTTGCCAAGACGAAGCTACTGCTGTCACTTTAAAA
TCAATGGCTTGAAGATAACACGAACATTGTTGGTGCACAGATGCATCATTCTGTATGCCAGTGGGAGG
TGAAACTCAAGTGTACTGCGATGGGCCTGCCAGTGGCACCTGGAGAGTTGTAACACTACAAATGTTACTAG
TCACACTTGCACCGTTGATATCTACCGGAAAGTGGAAAGATACTGAATCGCAGAACAGTTAGTATACCAATTCA
GCTTCTCCGTCAGCTAGTCCTTGCATGGTGTGCCCTGGATAATCGTATCACCTTGAGTGTCTTGT
ATCTAAAACGCTGCTGCTAGGAACAACAGAACTACATATTGCTATGATTTCACGGCATTTGAAAC
TGCCCTGAGTCAGTGGCAGTCCAATGGCTCCAGTGGTCTGAAGGCAGTGAAAATAGTAGGTCTTAT
GTGAAAGCAACAGAGCTGGTGTGAAACATGGGCTCTGGGCACTCCTATAATTCCATGGAGC
GTCCCCTGGGCTCAATGACATTGGCATGGTAGCTGGATCTAGAGATGTCACCTCTGAATTCCCAA
TGGCAGGCAGATTATTGTCATAGCAAATGATATTACTTCAGAGCTGGATCATTGGCCAAGGGAGAT
GCGTTTTGAAAGCTGTCACGAACCTGGCTGCGAGAGGAAGCTCCTCTATATAACTGGCAGCAAAC
CCGGTGTAGGATTGGCATAGCCGATGAAGTGAATCTGCTCCGTGTGGTGGTCCGATGAAGGCAG
CCCTGAACGGGTTTCAGTACATTATCTGACTGACGAAGACTATGCCGTATTAGCTTGTCTTATA
GCACACAAGCTGCAGCTGGATAATGGTGAATTAGGTTGATTGACTCTGTTGGCAAGGGAGGATG
GGCTTGGTGTGAGAATATACTGGAAAGTGCTGCTATTGCCAGTGCTTATTCTAGGGCATATGAGGAGAC
ATTTACACTTACATTGACTGGCGGACTGTTGGAATAGGAGCATATCTGCTCGGCTCGGTATACGG
TGCATACAGCGTCTGACCAGCTTATTATTAACTGGGTTTCTGCCCTGAAACAAGCTTCTGGCGGG
AAAGTGTACAGCTCCCACATGCAGTTGGTGGTCTAACAGATCATGGCACCAGACAGACCTGTCATACCC
GGACCTCTCTTACAAAACCTTGGACCCACCAGACAGACCTGTCATACATCCCTGAGAACACAT
GTGATCCGCGCGCAGCCATTGTTGAGATGACAGCCAAGGGAAATGGTGGGTATGTTGACAA
AGACAGCTTGTGAGACATTGAAGGATGGCGAAAACAGTGGTACGGGCAGAGCAAAGCTTGGAGGA
ATTCCCTGTTGGTGTACAGCTGTTGAGACACAAACCATGATGCAGCTTACCTGCTGATCCAGGCCAGC
TTGATTCCCATGAGCGATCTGTCCTCGGCTGGACAAGTGTGGTCCAGATTCTGCAACCAAGACAGC
TCAGGCATTGTTGACTTCACCGCTGAAGGATTGCCGCTGTTCATCCTGCTAACTGGAGAGGATCTCT
GGTGGACAAAGAGATCTGTTGAAGGAATTCTCAGGCTGGTCAACAATTGTTGAGAACCTTAGGACAT
ACAATCAGCCTGCTTGTCTACATTCTATGGCTGGAGAGCTGCGTGGAGGAGCTGGGTTGTGGTGA
TAGAAAATAATCCAGACCGAATTGAGTGTATGCTGAGAGGACTGCTAAAGGCAATGTTCTGAAACCT
CAAGGGTTAATTGAAATCAAATTCAAGATCAGAGGAGCTCAAGACTGTATGGTAGGCTGACCCAGAGT
TGATAAAATCTGAAAGCAAACACTCAAGGTGCAAAGCTGGAAATGGAAGCTAACAGATGAGTAAATCCCT
TCAGAAGAGTATAGATGCTCGTACGAAACAGTTGTCCTTATACACCCAGATTGCAATACGGTTGCT
GAATTGCACTGATACTTCCCTCAGAACATGGCAGCTAAAGGTGTGATTAAGAAAGTTGAGATTGGGAGAAT
TACGTTCTTCTTCTACAGAACAGGCTACGGAGGAGGATCTGAGGATGTTCTGCAAAGGAAATAAGAGG
AAAGCTGGTGACCACCTCACTCACCAATCAGCAGTTGAGCTGATCAAGGAATGGTACTTGGCTCTCAA
GCCACAACAGGAAGCACTGAATGGGATGATGATGCTTTGTCAGTCGCTCCGATCTGCAAGACTCCAG
TTCAGATCTAGAACGATTCTCACAGGGTCTTCCACATTATTAGATAAGATGGATCCCTCAGAGAGCC
AAGTTCATTCAAGGAAGTCAGAACAGGCTGGTTGA

FIGURE 14B

>AAL02056_Setaria italica (foxtail millet)
MSQLGLAAAASKALPLLPNRHTSAGTFPSPVSSRPSNRRKSR
TRSLRDGGDGVDAAKHNQSVRQGLAGIIDLPNEATSEVDISHGEDPRGPTDSYQMN
GIVNEAHNGRHASVSKVEFCAALGGKTPIHSILVANNGMAAKFMRSVRTWANDTFG
SEKAIQLIAMATPEDMRINAEHIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLIVEVAERIGSA
VWPGWGHASENPELPDALTAKGIVFLGPPAASMNALGDKVGSA
SHVEVPLECCLDAIPEEMYRKACVTTTEAVASCQVVGYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVH
NDDEVRALFKQVQGEVPGSPIFIMRLASQRHLEVQLLCDQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRR
HQKIIIEGPVTVAPRETAKALEQAARRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGEYYFLENP
RLQVEHPVTEWIAEVNLPAACQAVGMGIPLWQIPEIRRHYMDYGGGYDIWRKTAALA
TPFNFDEVDSQWPKGHCVA
RITSEDPDDGFKPTGGKVKEISFKSKPNVWAYFSVKSG
GGIHEFADSQFGHVFA
YGLRSAAITNMALALKEIQIRGEIHSNVDVTVDLLNASDFR
ENKIHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISVVGALYKTVTANAATVSDYVSYLTKGQIPP
KHISLVSSTVNLNIEGSKYT
VETVRTGHGSYRLRMNSAIEANVQSLCDGGLMQLDG
NSHVIYAE
EEAGGTRLLIDGKTC
LLQNDHDKSKLLAETPC
KLLRFLVADGAHVDADVP
YAEVEVMKCMPL
LSPASGVIVHMMSEGQALQAGDLIARLDLDDPSAVKRAEPFHGIF
PQMDLPVAASSQVHKRYAASLNAARMVLAGYEHNN
INEVVQDLVCC
LDDPELPFLQWDE
LMSVLATRIPRN
LKSELEDKYM
EYKLN
FYHGKN
KDFPSK
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FIGURE 15A

>AJ310767_Alopecurus myosuroides (black-grass)
ATGGGATCCACACATCTGCCATTGTCGGGTTAACATGCATCCACAAACACCATCGTATCCACTCTCGCC
AGATAAACTCAGCTGCTGCATTCCAATCTCGCCCTCAAGGTCAATCCAAGAAGAAAAGCCGACG
TGTAAAGTCATAAGGGATGATGGCGATGGAAGCGTGCCAGACCTGCAGGCCATGGCCAGTCTATTGCG
CAAGGTCTCGCTGGCATCATCGACCTCCAAAGGAGGGCGATCAGCTCCAGATGTGGACATTTACATG
GGTCTGAAGACCACAAGGCCTCCTACAAATGAATGGGAACTGAATGAATCACATAACGGGAGGCACGC
CTCTCTGTCTAAAGTTATGAATTTCACCGAATTGGGTGAAAAACACCAATTCACAGTGTATTAGTC
GCCAACAAATGGAATGGCAGCAGCTAAGTTCATGCGGAGTGTCCGGACATGGGCTAATGATACTTGGGT
CAGAGAAGGCATTCAAGTGTAGCTATGGCAACTCCGGAAAGACATGAGAATAATGAGCAGACATTAG
AATTGCTGATCAGTTGTTGAAGTACCTGGTGGAAACAACAATAACAACATGCAAATGTCAAACATCATA
GTGGAGATAGCAGAGAGAACTGGTGTCTCCGCCGTTGGCCTGGTTGGGCCATGCATCTGAGAATCCTG
AACTTCCAGATGCACTAAGTCAAAGGAAATTGTTTCTTGGGCCACCAGCATCATCAATGAACGCAC
AGGCAGACAAGGTTGGTTCAGCTCTATTGCTCAAGCAGCAGGGGTTCCCACCTTGCTGGAGTGGATCA
CATGTGAAATTCCATTAGAACTTTGTTGGACTCGATACCTGAGGAGATGTAGGAAAGCCTGTGTTA
CAACCGCTGATGAAGCAGTTGCAAGTTGTCAGATGATTGGTACCCCTGCCATGATCAAGGCATCTGGGG
TGGTGGTGGTAAGGGATTAGAAAGGTTATAATGATGACGAGGTGAAAGCAGTGTAAAGCAAGTACAG
GGTGAAGTCTCTGGCTCCCCGATATTATCATGAGACTTGCATCTCAGAGTCGTATCTGAAGTCCAGC
TGCTTGTGATGAATATGCAATGTAGCAGCACTTCACAGTCGTGATTGCAACGACGACACCA
AAAGATTATCGAGGAAGGACCAAGTACTGTTGCTCTCGTAAACAGTGAAGAGACTAGAGCAAGCAGCA
AGGAGGCTGCTAAGGCCGTTGGGTTACGTCGGTGTGCTACTGTTGAATATCTTACAGCATGGAGACTG
GTGAATACTATTTCTGGAGCTTAATCCACGGTTGCAAGGTTGAGCACCCAGTCACCGAGTCGATAGCTGA
AGTAAATTGCTGCAAGCCAAAGTTGCAAGTTGGATGGGTACCCCTTGGCAGATTCCAGAGATCAGA
CGTTTCTACGGAATGGACAATGGAGGAGGCTATGATATTGGAGGAAACAGCAGCTCGCTACTCCAT
TCAACTTTGATGAAGTAGATTCTCAATGGCCGAAGGGTATTGTTGCAAGTGTGAGCTTGGACACGTT
TCCAGATGATGGATTCAAGCCTACTGGTGGAAAAGTAAGGAGATAAGTTTAAAAGTAAGCCAAATGTC
TGGGGATATTCTCAGTTAAGTCTGGTGGAGGCATTGATGAATTGCGGATTCTCAGTTGGACACGTT
TTGCCTATGGAGAGACTAGATCAGCAGCAATAACCAGCATGTCCTGCACAAAGAGATTCAAATTGCG
TGGAGAAATTACACAAACGTTGATTACACGGTTGATCTCTGAATGCCAGACTTCAGAGAAAACACG
ATCCATACCGTTGGCTGGATACCAGAAATAGCTATGCGTGTCAAGCTGAGAGGCCCTGGTATATT
CAGTGGTTGGAGGAGCTATATAAAACAATAACCACCAATGCGGAGACCCTTCTGAATATGTTAGCTA
TCTCATCAAGGTCAGATTCCACCAAAGCACATATCCCTGTCATTCAACTATTCTTGAATATAGAG
GAAAGCAAATACAAATTGAGATTGAGGAGTGGACAGGGTAGCTACAGATTGAGACTGAATGGATCAC
TTATTGAAGCCAATGTACAAACATTATGTGATGGAGGCCCTTTAATGCAGCTGGATGAAATAGCCATGT
TATTTATGCTGAAGAAGAAGCGGGTGGTACACGGCTTCTTATTGATGGAAAAACATGCTTGCTACAGAAT
GACCATGATCCGTCAAGGTTATTAGCTGAGACACCCCTGCAAACCTCTCGTTCTTGATGCGATGGTG
CTCATGTTGATGCTGATGTACCATACCGGAAGTTGAGGTTATGAAGATGTCATGCCCTTGTGCC
TGCTGCTGGTGTCTTAATGTTGTTGTCAGGGCCAGGCATGCAGGCTGGTATCTTATAGCGAGA
CTTGATCTCGATGACCCCTCTGCTGTGAAGAGAGCCGAGCCATTGAAGGATCTTCCAGAAATGAGCC
TTCCTATTGCTGCTCTGGCCAAGTTCACAAAGATGTGCTGCAAGTTGAACGCTGCTCGAATGGCCT
TGCAGGATATGACCATGCGCCAACAAAGTGTGCAAGATTGGTATGGTGCCTTGATACACCTGCTCTT
CCTTCTACAATGGGAAGAGCTTATGTCAGTTAGCAACTAGACTTCCAAGACGTCTTAAGAGCGAGT
TGGAGGGCAAATACAAATGAATACAAGTTAAATGTTGACCATGTGAAGATCAAGGATTCCCTACCGAGAT
GCTTAGAGAGACAATGAGGAAAATCTGCATGTGTTGGAGAAGGAAATGGTACAATTGAGAGGCTT
GTTGACCCCTGATGAGCCTGCTGAAGTCATACGAGGGTGGAGAGAAAGCCATGCCACTTATTGTCA
AGTCCCTTTGAGGAGTATCTCGGTTGAGGAACATTCAAGTGTGATGGCATTCAAGTGTGATTGA
ACGCCTGCGCCTACAATATAGTAAAGACCTCCAGAAGGTTGAGACATTGTTGTCACCAGGGTGTG
AGAAACAAAACAAAGCTGATACTCGCGCTCATGGAGAAAATGGTCTATCCAAACCCCTGCTGCCTACAGAG
ATCAGTTGATTGCTTTCTCCCTCAACCATAAAAGATATTATAAGTTGGCTCTAAAGCTAGTGAAC
TCTTGAACAAACCAAGCTCAGCGAACTCCGCACAAGCATTGCAAGGAACCTTCAGCGCTGGATATGTT
ACCGAGGAAAAGGCAGATTCTCCTTGCAAGACAGAAAATTGGCCATTAAATGAGAGCATGGGAGATTAG
TCACTGCCCACTGCCAGTTGAGATGCACCTGTTCTTGATGTACTGATCAAACCTTCAGCA
GAGAGTGAATCAGACATACATATCTCGATTATACCGCCTCAACTTGTGAAGGGATAGCATCCAGCTGAAA
TATCAGGATTCTGGTGTATTGCTTTATGGGAATTCACTGAAGGAAATCATGAGAAGAGATTGGGTGCTA
TGGTTATCCTGAAGTCACTAGAAATCTGTCAACAGCCATTGGAGCTCTAAAGGATGCATCACATTA

TGCAAGCTCTGGGGCAACACGGTCATATTGCTTTGGATGCTGATAACCAACTGAATAACAACGTAA
 GATACTGGTGATAATGACCAAGCTCAAGACAAGATGGATAAAACTTCTTTGACTGAAACAAGATGTTG
 TCATGGCTGATCTACGTGCTGATGTCAAGGTTGTTAGTTGCATTGTCAGGAAAGAGATGGAGCAATCAT
 GCCTATGCGCCGTACCTCCTCTGTCAGAGGAAAACCTTGTACAGGAAAGAGCCGATTCTCGGCAT
 GTGGAGCCTCACTTCTGACTCTGAGTTGGATAAAATTGAAAGTGAAGGATAACAATGAGATGAAGT
 ATACACCGTCACGTGATCGTCAGTGGCATATATACACACTTAGAAATACTGAAAATCCAAAATGCTGCA
 CAGGGTATTTCGAAACACTTGTCAAGACAACCCAGTGCAGGCAACAGGTTACATCAGACCATACTCACT
 GATGTTGAAGTAGGACACGCAGAGGAACCTTCTTCAATTACTTCAAGCAGCATAATTAAAATCGTTGAAGA
 TTGCTAAAGAAGAATTGGAGCTTCACGCGATCAGGACTGCCATTCTCATATGTAATTGTCATATTGAA
 AGAGCAAAAGCTTCTTGACCTTGTTCAGGGAAACACTGTTGTTGGATGTTGGTCAGATGAAGCT
 ACTGCACTGCTCTTTGAAAGAAATGGCTTAAAGATACTGAACTTGTGTTGGTCAGAAGATGCATCATC
 TTTCTGTATGCCAGTGGGAAGTGAACACTTAAGTGTGAGCGATGGGCTGCCAGTGGTAGCTGGAGAGT
 TGTAACAAACCAATGTTACTGGTACACCTGCACTGTGGATATCTACCGGGAGGTGCAAGATAACAGAATCA
 CAGAAACTAGTATACCACTCCACCGCATTGTCATCTGGTCTTGCATGGTGTGCACTGAATACTTCGT
 ATCAGCCTTGAGTGTATTGATTAAAACGTTGCTCTGCCAGGAAACAACAAAACATACATGCTATGA
 TTTCCATTGACATTGAAGCTGCACTGCAAGACTGCTGGTCTAACATTCCAGTGAAACAAACCAATGT
 TATGTTAAAGCGACAGAGCTGTTGCTGAAAAGAATGGGTGTTGGGACTCCTATAATTCTATGC
 AGCGTGTGCTGGGCTGAATGACATTGGTATGGTAGCCTGGATCTGGACATGTCCACTCCTGAATTCC
 CAGCGGCAGACAGATCATTGTTATCGAAATGATATTACATTAGAGCTGGATCATGGGCCAAGGGAA
 GATGCAATTTCGAAGCTGTAACCAACCTGGCTTGTGAGAAGAAGCTTCCACTTACTTGGCTGCAA
 ACTCTGGTGTGCGATTGGCATTGCTGATGAAGTAAAATCTGCTTCCGTGTTGGATGGACTGATGATAG
 CAGCCCTGAACGTTGAGTACATTGACTGACGAAGACCATGATCGTATTGGCTTCTCAGTT
 ATAGCACACAAGATGCAGCTAGATAGTGGCAGAGTCAGGTGGGTATTGATCTGTTGGGAAAGAGG
 ATGGACTAGGTGTGGAGAACATACATGGAAGTGTGCTATTGCCAGTGCCTATTCTAGGGCGTACGAGGA
 GACATTTACACTTACATTGTTACTGGACGAACGTGTTGAAATGGGCTATCTGCTGACTTGGCATA
 CGGTGCATACAGCGTATTGACCAAGCCCATTATTTGACCGGGTTTCTGCCCTGAACAAGCTTCTGGG
 GGGAGGTGTACAGCTCCACATGCACTGGGTGGCCAAAATCATGGCGACGAATGGTGTGTCATCT
 GACTGTTCCAGATGACCTGAAAGGTGTTCTAATATATTGAGGGCTCAGCTATGTTCTGCAAACATT
 GGTGGACCTTCTCTTACAAAATCTTGGACCCAATAGACAGACCCGTTGCACTACATCCCTGAGAATA
 CATGTGATCCTCGTGCAAGCCATCAGTGGCATTGATGACAGCCAAGGGAAATGGTGGGATGTT
 CAAAGACAGTTTGTGGAGACATTGAAGGATGGCGAAGACAGTAGTACTGGCAGAGCAAAACTTGA
 GGGATTCCCTGTTGGTATAGCTGTTGAGACACAGACCATGATGTCAGCTCGTCCCCGCTGATCCAGGCC
 AGCCTGATTCCCACGAGCGGTCTGTTCTCGTGTGGCAAGTTGGTTCCAGATTCTGCTACCAAGAC
 AGCGCAGGGATGTTGGACTTCAACCGTGAAGGATTACCTCTGTCATACTGCTAATGGAGAGGGCTTC
 TCTGGAGGGCAAAGAGATCTTTGAAGGATTCTGCAAGGCTGGGCAACAAATTGTTGAGAACCTTAGGA
 CATAACAATCAGCCTGCTTGTATATATCCCCAAGGCTGCAAGAGCTACGTGGAGGAGCCTGGGCTGTGAT
 TGATAGCAAGATAAAACCCAGATCGCATCGAGTGCTATGCTGAGAGGACTGCAAAGGGTAATGTTCTCGAA
 CCTCAAGGGTTGATTGAGATCAAGTTCAAGGTCAGAGGAACACTCAAAGAATGCACTGGTAGGCTTGATCCAG
 ATTGATAGATCTGAAAGCAAGACTCCAGGGAGCAAATGGAAGGCTATCTGATGGAGAACCTTCAGAA
 GAGCATAGAAGCTCGGAAGAACAGTTGCTGCCCTGTACACCCAAATCGCGGTACGTTGCGGAATTG
 CACGACACTTCCCTAGAATGGCTGCTAAAGGTGATCAGGAAAGTTGTAAGACTGGGAAGACTCTCGGT
 CTTTCTCTACAAGAGATTACGGAGGAGGCTATCCGAGGACGTTCTGGCAAAGGAGATTAGAGGTGTAAT
 TGGTGAGGAAGTTCTCACAATCAGCGATCGAGCTGATCAAGAAAATGGTACTTGGCTCTGAGGCGACT
 GCAGCAGGAAGCACCAGTGGGATGACGACGATGCTTGTGCGCTGGAGGGAGAACCCCTGAAAACATATA
 AGGAGTATATCAAAGAGCTAGGGCTCAAAGGGTATCTCGGTTGCTCTCAGATGTTGCAAGGCTCCAGTTC
 GGATTTACAAGCCTGCCGAGGGCTTCCATGCTACTAGATAAGATGGATCCCTCTAAGAGAGCACAG
 TTTATCGAGGGAGGTGATGAAGGCTGAAATGA

FIGURE 15B

>CAC84161 *Alopecurus myosuroides* (black-grass)
 MGSTHLPPIVGFNASTPSLSTLRQINSAAAFCQSSPSRSSKKSRVKSIRDDGDSVPDPAGHGQSIR
 QGLAGIIDILPKEGASAPDVDISHGSEDHASYQMNGILNESHGRHASLSKVYEFCTELGGKTPIHSLV
 ANNGMAAAKFMRSVRTWANDTFGSEKAIQLIAMATPEDMRINAHEHIRIAQDFVEVPGGTNNNNYANVQLI
 VEIAERTGVSAWPGWGHASENPELPDALTAKGIVFLGPASSMNALGDVKVGSLIAQAAGVPTLAWSGS
 HVEIPPLECLDSIPEEMYRKACVTTADEAVASCQMIYPAMIKASWGGGGKIRKVNNNDEVKALFKQVQ
 GEVPGSPIFIMRLASQSRHLEVQLLCDEYGNVAALHSRDCSVRRHQKIEEGPVTVAPRETVKELEQAA
 RRLAKAVGYVGAATVEYLISMETGEYYFILENPRLQVEHPVTEESIAEVNLPAAQVAVGMGIPLWQIPEIR
 RFYGMNDGGYDIWRKTAALATPFDDEVDSQWPKGHCVAVRITSENPDGFKPCTGGKVKIEISFKSKPNV
 WGYFSVKSGGGIHEFADSQFGHFAYGETRSAAITSMSLALKIEIQRGEIHTNDYTVDLLNAPDFRENT
 IHTGWLDTRIAMRVQAERPPWYISVVGALYKTITNAETVSEYVSYLIKQIIPKHISLVHSTISLNIE
 ESKYTIEIVRSGQGSYRLRLNGSLIEANVQTLCDGGLMQLDGNSHVIYAEEEAGGTRLLIDGKTCLLQN
 DHDPSRLAETPCKLRLFLIADGAHVADVPYAEVEVMKCMPLLSPAAGVINVLLSEGQAMQAGDLIAR
 LDLDPSAVKRAEPFEGSFPEMSLPIAASGQVHKRCAASLNAARMVLAGYDHAANKVQDLWCLDTPAL
 PFLQWEELMSVLATRPLRRLKSELEGKYNEYKLNVDHVVKIKDFPTEMLRETIEENLACVSEKEMVTIERL
 VDPLMSLLKSYEGGRESHAFIVKSLFEELYLSVEELFSDGIQSDVIERLRLQYSKDLQKVVDIVLSHQGV
 RNKTKLILALMEKLVYPNPAAYRDQLIRFSSLNHKRYYKLALKASELLEQTKLSELRTSIARNLSALDMF
 TEEKADFSLQDRKLAINESMGDLVTAPLVEDALVSLFDCTDQTLQQRVIQTYISRLYQPQLVKDSIQLK
 YQDSGVIALWEFTEGNHEKRLGAMVILKSLESVSTAIGAALKDASHYASSAGNTVHIALLDADTQLNTTE
 DSGDNDQADKMDKLSFVLKQDVVMADLRAADVVKVSCIVQRDGAIMPMRRTFLLSEEKLCYEEEPILRH
 VEPPLSALLELDKLKVKGYNEMKYTPSRDRQWHIYTLRNTENPKMLHRVFFRTLVRQPSAGNRFTSDHIT
 DVEVGHAEEPLSFTSSSILKSILKIAKEELELHAIRTGSHMYLCILKEQKLLDLPVPSGNTVVDVGQDEA
 TACSLLKEMALKIHELVGARMHHLSVCQWEVKLKLVDGPASGSWRVVTTNVHTCTVDIYREVEDTES
 QKLVYHSTALSSGPLHGVALNTSYQPLSVIDLKRCSCARNNKTYCYDFPLTFEEAVQKWSNSISENNQC
 YVKATELVFAEKNGSWGTPPIPMQRAAGLNDIGMVAILDSTMPEFPSGRQIIVIANDITFRAGSGFGPRE
 DAFFEAVTNLACEKKPLIYLAANSGARIGIADEVKSCFRVGWTDDSSPERGFRIYMTDEDHDRIGSSV
 IAHKMQLDSEIRWVIDSVVGKEDGLGVENIHGSAIASAYSRAYEETFTLTFTVGRVGIGAYLARLG
 RCIQRIDQPIILTGSALNKLLGREVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVVHLTVPPDDLEGVSNILRWLSYVPANI
 GGPLPITKSLDPIDRPVAYIPENTCDPRAAISGIDDSQGKWLGGMFKDSFVETFEGWAKTVTGRAKLG
 GIPVGVIAVETQTMMQLVPADPGQPDSHERSVPRAGQVWFPSATKTAQAMLDNFNREGLPLFILANWRGF
 SGGQRDLFEGILQAGSTIVENLRTYNQPAFYIPKAAELRGGA伟VVIDSKINPDRIECYAERTAKGNVLE
 PQGLIEIKFRSEELKECMGRLDPELIDLKARLQGANGSLSDGESLQKSIEARKKQLLPLYTQIAVRFAEL
 HDTSLRMAAKGVIRKVVWDWEDSRFFYKRLRRRLSEDVLAKEIRGVIGEKPHKSAILIELIKKWLASEAA
 AAGSTDWDDDAFVAWREN PENYKEYIKELRAQRVSRLLSVAGSSSDLQALPQGLSMLLDKMDPSKRAQ
 FIEEVMKVLK

FIGURE 16A

>EU660897_Aegilops tauschii (jointed goatgrass)
ATGGGATCCACACATTGCCATTGCGCCTTAATGCCTCGACAACACCATCGCTATCCACTATTGCCCGGTAAA
TTCAGCCGGTGCCTGCATTCCAACCATCTGCCCTCTAGAACCTCCAAGAAGAAAAGTCGTCGTTCAGTCATTAA
GGGATGGAGGCGATGGAGGCGTGTCAAGACCTAACCAAGCTATTGCCAAGGTCTGCCGGCATCTGACCTCCC
AAGGAGGGCACATCAGCTCCGGAAGTGGATATTCACATGGGTCGAAGAACCCAGGGCTCTACCAAATGAATGG
GATACTGAATGAAGCACATAATGGGAGGCATGCTCGCTGTCTAAGGTTGCGAATTGTTATGGCATTGGCGGC
AAACACCAATTCATAGTGTATTAGTGCAGAACATGGAATGGCAGCAGCTAAGTCATGCCAGTGTCAGTCACATGG
GCTAATGAAACATTGGGTCAAGAGAAGGCAATTCAAGTGTAGTCAGTCTGGCTACTCCAGAACATGAGGATAATGC
AGAGCACATAGAATTGCTGATCAATTGTTGAAGTACCCGGTGAACAAACAATAACAATATGCAAATGTCCAAC
TCATAGTGGAGATAGCAGTGAGAACCGGTGTTCTGCTGTTGGCCTGGTGGGCCATGCATCTGAGAATCCTGAA
CTTCCAGATGCACTAAATGCAAACCGGAATTGTTCTGGCACCACATCATCAATGAAACGCACTAGGTGACAA
GGTGGTTCAGCTCTCATGCTCAAGCAGCAGGGTCCGACTCTCCTGGAGTGGATCACAGGTGGAATTC
TAGAAGTTGTTGGACTCGATAACCTCGGGATATGTATAGGAAAGCTTGTAGTACTACGGAGGAAGCAGTC
AGTTGTCAGATGATTGGGTATCCAGCCATGATTAAAGCATCATGGGTTGGTGGTAAAGGGATCCGAAAGGTTAA
TAACGACGATGATGTCAGAGCACTGTTAACGCAAGTGAAGGTGAAGTTCTGGCTCCCAATATTATCATGAGAC
TTGCATCTCAGAGTCGACATCTGTTGAAGTTCAGTTGCTGATCAATATGCAATGTAGCTGCGCTCACAGTC
GACTGCAGTGTGCAACGGCAGACACAAAAGATTATTGAGGAAGGACCAAGTTACTGTTGCTCTCGCAGACAGTGA
AGAGCTAGAGCAAGCAGCAAGGAGGCTTGCTAAGGCTGTTGTTATGTTGGTGTGCTACTGTTGAATATCTTACA
GCATGGAGACTGGTGAATACTATTTCTGAACTTAATCCACGGTTCAGGTTGAGCATCCAGTCACCGAGTGGATA
GCTGAAGTAAACTTGCTGCAAGCTCAAGTGCAGTTGGAATGGGTATACCCCTTGGCAGGTTCCAGAGATCAGAC
TTCTATGGAATGGACAATGGAGGGAGGCTATGACATTGGAGGAAACAGCAGCTCTGCTACCCATTAACTTTG
ATGAAGTGGATTCTCAATGCCAAAGGTCAATTGTTAGCAGTTAGGATAACCAAGTGGAGATCCAGATGACGGATT
AAGCCTACCGGTGGAAAAGTAAAGGAGATCAGTTAAAAGCAAGCAAATGTTGGCCTATTCTCTGTTAAGTC
CGTGGAGGCATTGATCAATTGCTGATTCTCAGTTGGACATGTTTGCAATATGGAGTGTCTAGCAGCAGCAA
TAACCAACATGCTCTGCGCTAAAGAGATTCAAATTGTTGGAGAAATTCAATTCAAATGTTGATTACACAGTTGAT
CTCTGAATGCTCTGCGACTCAAAGAAAACAGGATTCAACTGGCTGGCTGGATAACAGAAATAGCAATGCGAGTCCA
AGCTGAGAGACCTCCGTTATTCAGTGGTTGGAGGAGCTCTATATAAAACAATAACGAGCAACACAGACACTG
TTCTGAATATGTTAGCTATCTGCAAGGGTCAGATCCACCGAAGCATATATCCCTGTCATTCAACTGTTCT
TTGAATATAGAGGAAAGCAAATATAAACTGAAACTATAAGGAGCGACAGGGTAGCTACAGATTGCGAATGAATGG
ATCAGTTATTGAAGCAAATGTCAAACATTATGTGATGGTGGACTTTAATGCAAGTGGATGAAACAGCCATGTA
TTTATGCTGAAGAAGAGGCCGGTGGTACACGGCTCTAATTGATGGAAAGACATGCTTGTACAGAATGATCACGAT
CCTCAAGGTTATTAGCTGAGACACCCGCAAAACTCTCGTTCTGGTGGCGATGGTGTCTGTTAAGCT
TGTACCATATGCGGAAGTGTGGAGGTTATGAAAGATGTCATGCCCTCTGTCACCTGCTGCTGGTGTCAATTAGTT
TGGTGTCTGAGGGCCAGCCTATGCAAGCTGGTGTATCTTATAGCAAGACTTGATCTGATGACCCCTCTGCTGTGAAG
AGAGCTGAGCCGTTAACGGATCTTCCGAAATGAGCCTCCATTGCTGCTCTGCCAAGTTCAACAAAGATG
TGCACAAAGCTGAATGCTCGGATGGCTTGTGAGGATATGATCACCCGATCAACAAAGTTGACAGATCTGG
TATCCTGCTAGATGCTCTGAGCTCTTCTTACAATGGGAAGAGCTTGTCTGTTAGCAACTAGACTTCCA
AGGCTTCTTAAGAGCGAGTTGGAGGGTAAATACAGTGAATATAAGTTAAATGTTGGCCTATGGAAAGAGCAAGGATT
CCCTCCAAGATGCTAAGAGAGATAATGAGGAAAATTGTCACATGGTCTGAGAAGGAAATTGCTACAAATGAGA
GGCTGTTGAGCCTCTATGAGCTACTGAAGTCATATGAGGGTGGCAGAGAACGCCATGCACACTTATTGTAAG
TCCCTTCTGAGGACTATCTCTCGGTTGAGGAACATTCAGTGTGGCATTCACTGATGTGATTGAAACGCTGCG
CCAACAAACATAGTAAAGATCTCAGAACAGGTGTAGACATTGTTGCTCACCAGGGTGTGAGAACAAACTAAC
TGATACTAACACTCATGGAGAAACTGGTCTATCCAAACCCGCTGCCTACAAGGATCAGTGACTCGCTTCTC
CTCAATCACAAAAGATATTATAAGTTGCCCTTAAAGCTAGCGAGCTCTGTAACAAACCAAGCTAGTGAGCTCCG
CACAGCATTGCAAGGAGCCTTCAGAACACTGAGATGTTACTGAAGAACGGCAGGCCATTAGTGAGATCATGGAG
ATTAGTGACTGCCACTGCCAGTTGAAGATGCACTGGTTCTTGTGATTGAGTGTCAAACACTTCTCAGCAG
AGGGTGTGAGACGTACATATCTGATTATACCAGCCTCATCTGTCAGGATAGTATCCAGCTGAAATATCAGGA
ATCTGGTGTATTGCTTATGGGAATTGCGTAAGCGCATTCAAGAGAACAGGATTGGGTGCTATGGTATTGTAAGT
CGTTAGAATCTGTTATGGAGCTGCAGCAATTGGAGCTGCAGTAAAGGGTACATCACGCTATGCAAGCTGAGGGTAA
ATGCATATTGCTTATTGGGTGCTGATAATCAAATGCAAGTGGAAACTGAAGAACAGTGGTGTAAACGATCAAGCT
CAGGATAGACAAACTTCTGCGACACTGGAACAAAATACTGTCAGCTGATCTCCGTCGCTGGTGTGAAAGGTT
TTAGTTGCAATTGTTCAAAGGGATGGAGCACTCATGCCATTGCGCATTACCTCTTGTGCTCTTGAGTGGTAAGT
TATGAGGAAGAGCCGGTCTCCGGCATGTGGAGCCTCCTTGTGCTCTTGAGTGGTAAGTGTGAAAGTGA
AGGATACAATGAGGTGAAGTATAACCGTCACGTGATCGTCAGTGGAACATATAACACACTTAGAAATACAGAGAAC

CCAAAATGTGCACAGGGTGTTCGAACTCTGTCAAGCAACCCGGTGCTCCAACAAATTACATCAGGCAAC
 ATCAGTGATGTTGAAGTGGGAGGAGCTGAGGAATCTCTTCATTACATCGAGCAGCATATTAAGATCGCTGATGAC
 TGCTATAGAAGAGTTGGAGCTTCACGCGATTAGGACAGGTCACTCTCATATGTTTGTGCATATTGAAAGAGCAA
 AGCTTCTTGATCTGTCCCGTTCAAGGAACAAAGTGTGGATATTGGCCAAGAGTGAAGCTACTGCATGCTGCTT
 CTGAAAGAAATGGCTCACAGATACATGAACCTGTGGGTCAAGGATGCATCATCTTCTGTATGCCAATGGGAGGT
 GAAACTTAAGTTGGACAGCGATGGGCCTGCAGTGGTACCTGGAGAGTTGTAACAACCAATGTTACTAGTCACACCT
 GCACTGTGGATATCTACCGTGAGGTTGAAGATAACAGAAACTAGTGTACCCTGCTCCATCGTCATCT
 GGTCTTGCATGGCGTTGCACTGAATACTCCATATCAGCCTTGTGAGTGTATTGATCTGAAACGTTGCTCCGCTAG
 AAATAACAGAACTACATACTGCTATGATTTCCGTTGCATTGAAACTGCACTGCAGAAGTCATGGTCTAACATT
 CTAGTGACACTAACCGATGTTAGTTAAAGCGACGGAGCTGGTGTTCGTCACAAGAACGGGTATGGGCACACTCCT
 GTAATTCCATGGAGCGTCTGCTGGGCTCAATGACATTGGTAGGTAGCTGGATCTGGACATGTCCACTCCTGA
 ATATCCAATGGCAGGGCAGATTGTTGTCATCGCAAATGATATTACTTTAGAGCTGGATGTTGGTCCAAGGGAAG
 ATGCATTTTGAAACTGTTACCAACCTAGCTGTGAGAGGAAGCTCCTCATCTACTGGCAGCAAACACTGGT
 GCTCGGATCGGCATAGCAGATGAAGTAAAATCTGCTCCGTGTGGATGGTCTGATGATGGCAGCCCTGAACGTTG
 GTTCAATATATTACTGACTGAAGAAGACCATGCTCGTATTAGCCTCTGTTAGCGCACAAGATGCAGCTTG
 ATAATGGTGAATTAGGTGGTTATTGATTCTGTTAGGGAGGAGTGGCTAGGTGTGGAGAACATACATGGA
 AGTGTGCTATTGCCAGTGCTATTCTAGGGCTATGAGGAGACATTACGTTACATTGACTGGAAGGACTGT
 TGAATAGGAGCATATTGCTCGACTTGGCATACTGGCATTAGCAGTACTGACCAGCCATTATCCTAAGGGT
 TCTCTGCCTGAACAAGCTTCTGGCCGGAAAGTGTACAGCTCCACATGCAGTTGGTGGCCAAAATTATGGCC
 ACAAACGGTGTGTCATCTGACAGTTCAAGTGAAGGTGTATCTAATATATTGAGGTGGCTCAGCTATGT
 TCCTGCCAACATTGGTGGACCTCTTCTTACAAAATCTTGGACCCACCTGACAGACCCGTTGCTTACATCCCTG
 AGAATACATGTGATCCTCGTCAGCCATCAGTGGCATTGATGATAGCCAAGGAAATGTTGGGGGTATGTCGAC
 AAAGACAGTTGTGGAGACATTGAAGGATGGCGAAGTCAGTAGTTACTGGCAGAGCGAAACTCGGAGGGATTCC
 GGTGGGTGTATAGCTGTGGAGACACAGACTATGATGCAGCTCATCCCTGCTGATCCAGGTCAAGCTGATTCCATG
 AGCGGTCTGTTCCCTGCTGGCAAGTCTGGTTCCAGATTAGCTACTAAGACAGCGCAGGCAATGCTGGACTTC
 AACCGTGAAGGATTACCTCTGTTCATCCTTGTAACTGGAGAGGCTCTGGTGGCAAAGAGATCTTTGAAGG
 AATCCTTCAGGCTGGTCAACAATTGTTGAGAACCTTAGGACATACAATCAGCCTGCCTTGTATATATCCCCAAGG
 CTGCAGAGCTACGTGGAGGGCTGGTGTGATTGATAGCAAGATAATCAGATCGCATTGAGTTCTATGCTGAG
 AGGACTGCAAAGGGCAATGTTCTGAACCTCAAGGGTGATTGAGATCAAGTTCAAGGTCTAGGACTCCAAGAGT
 CATGGGCAGGCTTGACCCAGAATTGATAAAATTGAAGGCAAACACTCTGGAGCAAAGCATGAAAATGGAAGTCTAT
 CTGAGTCAGAATCCCTCAGAAGAGCATAGAACGCCGGAAGAACAGTTGTGCTTGTATACTCAAATTGCGGTA
 CGGTTGCTGAATTGCATGACACTCCCTAGAATGGCTGCTAAGGGTGTGATTAAGAAGGTTGTAGACTGGGAAGA
 TTCTAGGTCTTCTTACAAGAGATTACGGAGGAGATCCGAGGATGTTCTGCAAAGGAAATTAGAGGTGTAA
 GTGGCAAGCAGTTTCACCAATCGGCAATCGAGCTGATCCAGAAATGGTACTTGGCTCTAAGGGAGCTGAAACG
 GGAAACACTGAATGGGATGATGACGATGCTTTGTTGCCCTGGAGGGAAAACCTGAAAACCTACCAAGGAGTATATCAA
 AGAACTCAGGGCTCAAAGGGTATCTCAGTTGCTCTCAGATGTTGCAGACTCCAGTCCAGATCTAGAACGCTGCCAC
 AGGGTCTTCTATGCTACTAGAGAAGATGGATCCCTCAAGGAGAGCACAGTTGTTGAGGAAGTCAAGAACGGCCCTT
 AAATGA

FIGURE 16B

>ACD46679 Aegilops tauschii (jointed goatgrass)
MGSTHLPIVGLNASTPSLSTIRPVNSAGAAFQPSAPSRTSKKSRRVQSLRDGGDGGSDPNQSIRQGL
AGIIDLPKEGTSAPEDISHGSEEPRGSYQMNGILNEAHNGRHASLSKVVEFCMALGGKTPIHSVLVANN
GMAAAKFMRSVRTWANETFGSEKAIQLIAMATPEDMRINAEEHIRIADQFVEVPGGTNNNNYANQVLIVEI
AVRTGVSAVWPWGHASENPELPDALNANGIVFLGPPSSSMNALGDVKGSALIAQAAGVPTLPWSGSQE
IPEVCLESDIPADMYRKACVSTTEEALASCQMIYPAMIKASWGGGGKGIRKVNNDDVRALFKQVQGEV
PGSPIFIMRLASQSRLEVQLLCDQYGNVAALHSRDCSVQRHQKIEEGPVTVAPRETVKELEQAARRL
AKAVGYVGAATVEYLYSMETGEYYFLENPRLQVEHPVTEWIAEVNLPAQVAVGMGIPLWQVPEIRRKY
GMDNGGGYDIWRKTAALATPFNDEVDSQWPKGHCVAVRITSEDPDDGFKPTGGKVEISFKSKPNVWAY
FSVKSGGGIHEFADSQFGHFVAFYGVSRRAAITNMSLALKEIQIRGEIHSNDYTVDLLNASDFKENRIHT
GWLDNRIAMRVQAERPPWYISVVGGALYKTITSNTDTVSEYVSYLVKGQIPPKHISLVHSTVSLNIEESK
YTIEETIRSGQGSYRLRMNGSVEIANVQTLCDDGILLMQLDGNSHVIYAEEEAGGTRILLIDGKTCLLQNDHD
PSRLLAETPCKLLRFLVADGAHVEADVPYAEEVMKCMPLSPAAGVINVLLSEGQPMQAGDLIARLDL
DDPSAVKRAEPFNGSFPEMSLPIAASGQVHKRCATSLNAARMVLAGYDHPIKVVQDLVSCLDAPELPFL
QWEELMSVIALTRLPRLLKSELEGKYSEYKLNVGHGSKDFPSKMLREIIENLAHSEKEIATNERLVEP
LMSLLKSYEGGRESHAFIVKSLFEDYLSVEELFSDGIQSDVIERLRQQHSKDLQKVVDIVLSHQGVRNK
TKLILTLMEKLVYPNPAAYKDQLTRFSSLNHKRYYKLALKASELLEQTKLSELRTSIARSLSELEMTEE
RTAISEIMGDLVTAPLPVEDALVSLFDSCDQTLLQQRVIETYISRLYQPHLVKDSIQLKYQESGVIALWEF
AAEHSEKRLGAMVIVKSLESVSAAGAALKGTSRYASSEGNIMHIALLGADNQMHGTEDSGDNDQAQVRI
DKLSATLEQNTVTADLRAAGVKVISCIVQRDGALMPMRHTFLSDEKLCYEEPVLRHVEPPLSALLELG
KLKVGYNEVKYTPSRDRQWNITYTLRNTENPKMLHRVFFRTLVRQPGASNKFTSGNISDVEVGGAESLS
FTSSSILRSLMTAIEELELHAIRTGHSHMFLCILKEQKLLDLVPVSGNKVVDIGQDEATACLLKEMALQ
IHELVGARMHHSVCQWEVKLKLDSDGPASGTWRVTTNTSHTCTVDIYREVEDTESQKLVYHSAPSSS
GPLHGVALNTPYQPLSVIDLKRCSARNRRTTYCYDFPLAFETAVQKSWSNISSDTNRCYVKATELVFAHK
NGSWGTPVIPMERPAGLNDIGMVAWILDMSPEYPNGRQIVVIANDITFRAGSFGRDAFFETVTNLAC
ERKLPLIYIANGARIGIADEVKSCFRVGWSDDGSPERGFQYIYLTEEDHARISASVIAHKMQLDNGEI
RWVIDSVVGKEDGLGVENIHGSAAIASAYSRAYEETFTLTFTVGRIGAYLARLGIRCIQRTDQPIIL
TGFSALNKLKGREVYSSHMQLGGPKIMATNGVHVLTSDDLEGVSNILRWLSYV PANIGGPLPITKSLDP
PDRPVAYIPENTCDPRAAISGIDDSQGKWLMGMFDKDSFVETFEGWAKSVTGRAKLGIPVGIAVETQ
TMMQLIPADPGQLDERSVPRAGQVWFPSATKTAQAMLDFNREGPLFILANWRGFSGGQRDLFEGIL
QAGSTIVENLRTYNQPAFYIPKAAELRGGAWWVIIDSKINPDRIEFYAAERTAKGNVLEPQGLIEIKFRSE
ELQECMGRLDPELINLKAKLLGAKHENGSLOSESESLOKSIEARKKQLPLYTQIAVRFAELHDTSLRMAA
KGVIKKVVDWEDSRFFYKRLRRRISEDVLAKEIRGVSGKQFSHQSIAIELIQKWLASKGAETGNTEWD
DDAFVAWREN PENYQEYIKELRAQRVSQLLSDVADSSPDLEALPQGLSMLEKMDPSRRAQFVEEVKKAL
K