

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

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TEVA PHARMACEUTICALS USA, INC.,  
Petitioner

v.

CORCEPT THERAPEUTICS, INC.  
Patent Owner

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Case PGR2019-00048  
Patent No. 10,195,214 B2

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**PETITIONER'S MOTION FOR *PRO HAC VICE* ADMISSION OF UMA N.  
EVERETT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 42.10(c)**

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Patent Trial and Appeal Board  
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

## **I. Introduction**

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 42.10(c), Petitioner Teva Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. (“Teva”) respectfully requests that the Board recognize Uma N. Everett as counsel *pro hac vice* in this proceeding.

Where the lead counsel is a registered practitioner, a non-registered practitioner may be permitted to appear *pro hac vice* “upon a showing that counsel is an experienced litigating attorney and has established familiarity with the subject matter at issue in the proceeding.” 37 C.F.R. § 42.10(c); *Unified Patents, Inc. v. Parallel Iron, LLC*, Case IPR2013-00639 (PTAB Oct. 15, 2013) (Paper 7) (setting forth requirements for *pro hac vice* admission).

As set forth in the accompanying Declaration (TEVA1061), Ms. Everett is a Director at Sterne Kessler Goldstein & Fox PLLC and a patent-litigation attorney with significant experience advising clients regarding patent matters, including as counsel in litigation involving Teva. Ms. Everett also represents Teva in connection with the underlying district-court litigation on the patent at issue in this proceeding, *i.e.*, U.S. Patent No. 10,195,214 (“the ’214 patent”). *See Corcept Therapeutics, Inc. v. Teva Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. et al.*, No. 1:18-cv-3632 (D.N.J.). Based on the underlying litigation and the other facts detailed below and in her declaration, Ms. Everett has significant familiarity with the particular subject matter in this PGR proceeding.

This motion is authorized by the Notice of Filing Date Accorded that was mailed on May 24, 2019. *See* Paper No. 3 at 2.

## **II. Statement of Facts**

As detailed in her declaration, Ms. Everett practices litigation, primarily patent-infringement litigation, and has done so throughout her career as an attorney. She has litigated many patent cases across the country, including in Delaware, New Jersey, and the International Trade Commission. She is familiar with the subject matter at issue in this proceeding because of her work on the concurrent district-court case involving the '214 patent.

Ms. Everett is a member in good standing of the Bar of the District of Columbia and is admitted to practice in numerous federal courts, including several U.S. district courts, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, and the Third Circuit. She has never been suspended or disbarred from practice before any court or administrative body; never been denied admission to practice before any court or administrative body; and never received sanctions or contempt citations from any court or administrative body. She has read and will comply with the PTO's Patent Trial Practice Guide and the Board's Rules of Practice set forth in 37 C.F.R., part 42. She also understands that she will be subject to the USPTO Rules of Professional Conduct set forth in 37 C.F.R. §§ 11.101 et. seq. and disciplinary jurisdiction under 37 C.F.R. § 11.19(a). Moreover, Ms. Everett will work in this

proceeding with lead counsel Deborah Sterling, a registered practitioner. Ms. Everett has previously requested *pro hac vice* admission before the PTAB in *Argentum Pharmaceuticals LLC et al v. Cipla Limited et al.*, IPR2017-00807 (PTAB), and was admitted.

### **III. Good Cause Exists For This Motion**

Petitioner requests that the Board recognize Ms. Everett as counsel *pro hac vice* because Ms. Everett serves a unique and critical role for Teva in this proceeding. Ms. Everett has substantial experience and expertise representing Teva in the concurrent litigation involving the '214 patent. Given the posture of the court litigation, significant financial resources in the underlying district-court litigation have been expended. Ms. Everett's knowledge of these litigation matters is important for purposes of this proceeding for several reasons, including ensuring consistency between Teva's position in those matters and in this proceeding.

Ms. Everett has extensively reviewed the '214 patent and gained significant familiarity with the invalidity issues in the concurrent litigation, which significantly overlap with the corresponding issues in this PGR proceeding involving the '214 patent. Ms. Everett was actively involved in analyzing and assessing in the intrinsic record and the prior-art references relied upon in the Petition, as many of these references are relevant in the concurrent litigation matter. Additionally, Ms. Everett worked on Petitioner's invalidity contentions in

the litigation. Ms. Everett thus has a detailed understanding of the '214 patent and the substantive and technical issues involved in this proceeding.

Finally, Ms. Everett's substantial experience and expertise with the pharmaceutical arts makes her uniquely positioned to represent Teva in this PGR proceeding. Ms. Everett's expertise with the technical subject matter of this PGR proceeding extends beyond her involvement with the Petition and the concurrent litigation matter. Ms. Everett has been involved in multiple prior litigations regarding pharmaceutical technologies. She lists these proceedings in paragraph 7 of her declaration. As part of these proceedings, Ms. Everett has analyzed a significant number of patents, articles, and books related to such technologies. She has also worked closely with experts related to such technologies, from academia and industry.

If the Board denies the present Motion, not only is Teva denied its choice of counsel, but it would also be prejudiced by having to undertake the burdensome task—at great cost—to prepare another attorney to replace Ms. Everett's specific combination of familiarity with the concurrent litigation, the '214 patent, the asserted prior-art references, and the relevant pharmaceutical technologies.

Teva has repeatedly retained Ms. Everett and her colleagues regarding disputes involving patents in this field of technology in order to provide continuity

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