



NDA 022341

NDA APPROVAL

Novo Nordisk Inc.
Attention: Mary Ann McElligott, Ph.D.
Associate Vice President, Regulatory Affairs
100 College Road West
Princeton, NJ 08540

Dear Dr. McElligott:

Please refer to your March 23, 2008, new drug application (NDA) submitted under section 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FDCA) for Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) injection, solution for subcutaneous use.

We acknowledge receipt of your submissions dated May 23, June 18, July 8 and 11, August 14 and 25, September 17 and 23, October 3, 7, and 14, November 6 and 14, and December 17, 19, 23 (2), and 24, 2008, January 14, 16, and 21, February 11, 13 (2), 20, 25, and 26, March 27 and 30, April 17 and 22, May 8, 18, 22, and 28, June 22 and 25, July 8, 17, 20, and 29, August 5, 6, 11, 12, 25, 27, and 28, September 2, 4 (2), 11, 16, 17, 22, 23, 25, 29, and 30, October 5, 7, 8, 13, 21, and 26, November 3, 11, 16, 23 (2), and 25, and December 1, 3, 4 (2), 10, 21, 22 (2), and 28, 2009, and January 4, 7, 11, 21, and 22, 2010.

This new drug application provides for the use of Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) injection), solution for subcutaneous use, as an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus.

We have completed our review of this application, as amended. It is approved, effective on the date of this letter, for use as recommended in the enclosed agreed-upon labeling text.

CONTENT OF LABELING

As soon as possible, but no later than 14 days from the date of this letter, please submit the content of labeling [21 CFR 314.50(l)] in structured product labeling (SPL) format as described at <http://www.fda.gov/ForIndustry/DataStandards/StructuredProductLabeling/default.htm>. The content of labeling must be identical to the submitted labeling (package insert submitted January 22, 2010, and Medication Guide submitted January 21, 2010). The content of labeling should be provided by submitting a link to your SPL file submitted to the drug establishment registration and labeling system. The drug establishment and labeling system will transmit the labeling to the National Library of Medicine for public dissemination. For administrative purposes, please designate this submission, “**SPL for approved NDA 022341.**”

We request that the labeling approved today be available on your website within 10 days of receipt of this letter.

CARTON AND IMMEDIATE-CONTAINER LABELS

Submit final printed carton and immediate-container labels that are identical to the enclosed carton and immediate-container labels as soon as they are available, but no more than 30 days after they are printed. Please submit these labels electronically according to the guidance for industry titled *Providing Regulatory Submissions in Electronic Format – Human Pharmaceutical Product Applications and Related Submissions Using the eCTD Specifications*. Alternatively, you may submit 12 paper copies, with 6 of the copies individually mounted on heavy-weight paper or similar material. For administrative purposes, designate this submission “**Final Printed Carton and Container Labels for approved NDA 022341.**” Approval of this submission by FDA is not required before the labeling is used.

Marketing the product with FPL that is not identical to the approved labeling text may render the product misbranded and an unapproved new drug.

REQUIRED PEDIATRIC ASSESSMENTS

Under the Pediatric Research Equity Act (PREA) (21 U.S.C. 355c), all applications for new active ingredients, new indications, new dosage forms, new dosing regimens, or new routes of administration are required to contain an assessment of the safety and effectiveness of the product for the claimed indications in pediatric patients unless this requirement is waived, deferred, or inapplicable.

We are waiving the pediatric study requirement for ages 0 to 9 years (inclusive) because the necessary studies are impossible or highly impractical. This is because there are too few children in this age range with type 2 diabetes mellitus to study.

We are deferring submission of your pediatric studies for ages 10 to 16 years (inclusive) until May 17, 2013, because this product is ready for approval for use in adults and the pediatric studies have not been completed.

Your deferred pediatric studies required by section 505B(a) of the FDCA are required postmarketing studies. The status of these postmarketing studies must be reported annually according to 21 CFR 314.81 and section 505B(a)(3)(B) of the FDCA. These required studies are listed below.

1583-1: A phase 1 pharmacokinetic pediatric study to determine doses for the subsequent phase 3b study that will be conducted under PREA to evaluate the efficacy and safety of liraglutide for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus in pediatric patients ages 10 to 16 years 11 months.

The timetable you submitted on **January 7, 2010**, states that you will submit this study report according to the following schedule:

Study Completion Date:	June 30, 2010
Final Report Submission:	October 31, 2010

1583-2: A randomized and controlled pediatric study under PREA to evaluate the efficacy and safety of liraglutide for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus in pediatric patients ages 10 to 16 years 11 months.

This study must not be initiated until at least 1 month after you have submitted the complete study report for your postmarketing requirement **1583-5** (13-week mouse study to determine if liraglutide-induced focal C-cell hyperplasia depends on a thyroid GLP-1 receptor and rearranged-during-transfection [RET] proto-oncogene activation).

The timetable you submitted on **January 7, 2010**, states that you will submit this study report according to the following schedule:

Final Protocol Submission:	July 31, 2012
Study Completion Date:	November 30, 2015
Final Report Submission:	March 30, 2016

Submit all final study reports to NDA 022341. Use the following designator to prominently label all submissions:

Required Pediatric Assessment

POSTMARKETING REQUIREMENTS UNDER 505(o)

Section 505(o) of the FDCA authorizes FDA to require holders of approved drug and biological product applications to conduct postmarketing studies and clinical trials for certain purposes, if FDA makes certain findings required by the statute (section 505(o)(3)(A)).

We have determined that an analysis of spontaneous postmarketing adverse events reported under subsection 505(k)(1) of the FDCA will not be sufficient to assess the signal of a serious risk of medullary thyroid carcinoma, a signal of a serious risk of cardiovascular events, and the signal of a serious risk of acute pancreatitis, including necrotizing pancreatitis.

Furthermore, the new pharmacovigilance system that FDA is required to establish under section 505(k)(3) of the FDCA has not yet been established and is not sufficient to assess these serious risks.

Therefore, based on appropriate scientific data, FDA has determined that you are required to conduct the following:

1583-3: A 2-year study in mice to determine if 26 weeks of liraglutide treatment increases the lifetime risk of thyroid C-cell tumors. The study must include a 26-week interim sacrifice group to determine the incidence of focal C-cell hyperplasia and tumors at the end of the treatment period.

The timetable you submitted on **January 7, 2010**, states that you will submit this study report according to the following schedule:

Final Protocol Submission:	July 31, 2010
Study Completion Date:	January 31, 2013
Final Report Submission:	July 31, 2013

1583-4: A 3-month study of the effects of liraglutide on the exocrine pancreas in a rodent model of insulin-resistant type 2 diabetes mellitus. This study must include monitoring biomarkers for pancreatitis (amylase, lipase) and glucose-lowering efficacy (HbA1c) during the treatment period and a thorough assessment of macroscopic and microscopic pathology of the pancreas including pancreatic exocrine cell and ductal cell proliferation/metaplasia. Reversibility of any effects on the pancreas must also be determined.

The timetable you submitted on **January 14, 2010**, states that you will conduct this study according to the following schedule:

Final Protocol Submission:	July 31, 2010
Study Completion Date:	May 30, 2011
Final Report Submission:	July 31, 2011

1583-5: A 13-week mouse study to determine if liraglutide-induced focal C-cell hyperplasia depends on a thyroid glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor and rearranged-during-transfection (RET) proto-oncogene activation. Autoradiographic ligand binding in thyroid tissue sections can be used to determine GLP-1 receptor localization in mice with and without focal C-cell hyperplasia. RET activation and downstream signaling must be assessed in normal C-cells and focal hyperplastic C-cells from mouse thyroid tissue sections.

The timetable you submitted on **January 14, 2010** states that you will conduct this study according to the following schedule:

Final Protocol Submission:	July 31, 2010
Study Completion Date:	May 30, 2011
Final Report Submission:	July 31, 2011

1583-6: A five-year prospective epidemiological study using a large healthcare claims database to determine the incidence of thyroid cancer among patients with type 2 diabetes exposed to Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) Injection and patients with type 2 diabetes not exposed to Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) Injection, as

well as the incidence of serious hypoglycemia, pancreatitis, hypersensitivity, and overall malignant neoplasms.

The timetable you submitted on **January 7, 2010** states that you will conduct this study according to the following schedule:

Final Protocol Submission:	April 30, 2010
Study Completion Date:	July 31, 2015
Final Report Submission:	January 31, 2016

1583-7: A medullary thyroid carcinoma case series registry of at least 15 years duration to systematically monitor the annual incidence of medullary thyroid carcinoma in the United States and to identify any increase related to the introduction of Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) Injection into the marketplace. This study will also establish a registry of incident cases of medullary thyroid carcinoma and characterize their medical histories related to diabetes and use of Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) Injection.

The timetable you submitted on **January 7, 2010** states that you will conduct this study according to the following schedule:

Final Protocol Submission:	July 31, 2010
Study Completion Date:	September 15, 2025
Final Report Submission:	September 15, 2026

1583-8: Submission of the complete final study report for Study 1797, a head-to-head efficacy and safety comparison of Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) Injection and exenatide.

The timetable you submitted on **January 7, 2010** states that you will submit this trial report according to the following schedule:

Final Report Submission:	February 26, 2010
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Finally, there have been signals of a serious risk of cardiovascular events with some medications developed for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus, and available data have not definitively excluded the potential for this serious risk with Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) Injection. We have determined that only a clinical trial (rather than a nonclinical or observational study) will be sufficient to assess a signal of a serious risk of cardiovascular events with antidiabetic medications, including Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) injection. Therefore, based on appropriate scientific data, FDA has determined that you are required to conduct the following:

1583-9: A randomized, double-blind, controlled trial evaluating the effect of Victoza (liraglutide [rDNA origin]) injection on the incidence of major adverse cardiovascular events in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. This trial must also assess adverse events of interest including the long-term effects of Victoza

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