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respiratory quotient n (ca. 1890); a ratio indicating the relation of the volume of carbon dioxide given off in respiration to that of the oxygen

consumed respiratory syncytial virus n (1961): a paramyxovirus (species Human respiratory syncytial virus of the genus Pneumovirus) that is responsible for severe respiratory diseases (as bronchopneumonia and bronchiolitis) in children and esp. in infants respiratory system n (1888): a system of organs functioning in respiration and in humans consisting esp. of the nose, nasal passages, pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, and lungs respired; r

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respiratory system: 1 nostril, 2 nose, 3 nasal cavity, 4 na-sopharynx, 5 oropharynx, 6 larynx, 7 trachea, 8 bron-

chus, 9 lung

res-pi-rom-e-ter \res-po-'rä-mo-tor\

res-pi-rom-e-ter \res-pa-\ris-ma-tar\ n (ca. 1883): an instrument for studying the character and extent of respiration — res-pi-rom-et-ric\ -res-pi-rom-e-try\ -ris-ma-tric\ n adi — res-pi-rom-e-try\ -ris-ma-tric\ n res-pi-rom-e-try\ -ris-ma-tric\ n [ME res-pit f. n [ME res-pit, fr. AF, fr. ML respectus, fr. L, act of looking back — more at RESPECT] (13c) 1: a period of temporary delay 2: an interval of rest or relief respite w re-spit-ed: re-spit-ing (14c)

<sup>2</sup>respite v/ re-spit-ed; re-spit-ing (14c) 1: to grant a respite to 2

3 PUT OFF, DELAY respite adj (1978): providing or being temporary care in relief of a primary caregiver  $\langle \sim \text{care} \rangle$  (a  $\sim \text{worker} \rangle$  re-splen-dence  $\rangle$  ri-splen-dan(t)s $\rangle$  n (15c): the quality or state of being

re-splen-dence \(\mathbb{r}\_i\)-splen-dan(t)s\(n\) (15c): the quality or state of being resplen-dent: SPLENDOR re-splen-dent\(-\dank\) add \([\text{IME}, \text{In}\) (a. 1611): RESPLENDENCE re-splen-dent\(-\dank\) add \([\text{IME}, \text{In}\) in \(-\text{Lexplendent}\), resplendens, prp. of resplendere to shine back, fr. \(re-\) splendere to shine \(-\text{more}\) more at \(\text{SPLENDID}\) \([\text{Ime}\) (15c): shining brilliantly: characterized by a glowing splendor \((\text{more}\) more at \(\text{SPLENDID}\) \(-\text{re-respondor}\) adows \(-\text{with wildflowers}\) \(-\text{Outdoor World}\) \(\text{Syn}\) see \(\text{SPLENDID}\) \(-\text{re-respondor}\) \(\text{In}\) \((\text{Ime}\)\) is a engaged pillar supporting an arch or closing a colonnade or arcade \(\text{respondor}\) \(\text{Ime}\) \(\t

a colonnade or arcade

respond b [alter. of ME responden, fr. AF respundre, fr. L respondere respond w [alter. of ME respounden, fr. AF respundre, fr. L respondēre to promise in return, answer, fr. re-+ spondēre to promise — more at sprouse] w (1572) 1: to say something in return: make an answer ⟨ to criticism⟩ 2 a: to react in response ⟨ do a call for help⟩ b: to show favorable reaction ⟨ to surgery⟩ 3: to be answerable ⟨ to in damages⟩ w: REPLY — re-sponder \-1-spān-dər\n |
1-re-spondent \-1-spān-dən\n n [L respondent-, respondens, prp. of respondere] (1528) 1: one who responds: as a : one who maintains a thesis in reply b (1): one who answers in various legal proceedings (as in equity cases) (2): the prevailing party in the lower court c: a person who responds to a poll 2: a reflex that occurs in response to a specific external stimulus — compare OPERANT
2-respondent adj (1726) 1: making response: RESPONSIVE; esp: being a respondent at law 2: relating to or being behavior or responses to a stimulus that are followed by a reward ⟨ conditioning⟩ — compare OPERANT 3

re-sponse \ri-'span(t)s\ n [ME & L; ME response, fr. AF respons, re

OPERANT 3
re-sponse \( \) i-'sp\( \) sp\( \) n [ME & L; ME \( r \) is pounce, \( f \). A \( F \) response, \( r \). Fesponse \( r \) is the people of reaction; as \( \) a 's everse, phrase, or word sung or said by the people of choir after or in reply to the officiant in a liturgical service \( b \): the activity or inhibition of previous activity of an organism or any of its parts resulting from stimulation \( c \): the output of a transducer or detecting device resulting from a given input \( syn \) see ANSWER

re-spon-si-bil-i-ty \( \) 'ri-sp\( \) in(t)-si-bil-te\( \) \( n \), \( p \) - tiles \( (1771) \) 1: the quality or state of being responsible: as \( a \): moral, legal, or mental accountability \( b : RELIABILITY \), TRUSTWORTHINES \( 2 \): something for which one is responsible: BURDEN \( \) has neglected his responsibilities \( \) (re-spon-si-bil-bi \( \) 'ri-sp\( \) in(t) -sp\( \) (in(t) \( T \) responsable, \( f \). Tresponsibility \( \) (1643) \( 1 a : \) liable to be called on to answer \( b \) (1): liable to be called to account as the primary cause, motive, or agent \( a \) committee \( \sim \) for the job \( \) (2): being the cause or explanation \( \) mechanical defects were \( \sim \) for the accident \( \) \( c : \) finable to legal review or in case of fault to penalties \( 2 a : \) able to answer for one's conduct and obligations: TRUSTWORTHY \( b : able to answer for one's conduct and obligations: TRUSTWORTHY \( b : able to answer for one's conduct and obligations: TRUSTWORTHY \( b : able to answer for one's conduct and obligations: TRUSTWORTHY \( b : able to answer for one's conduct and obligations in answer also provide to submit to the electorate if defeated by the legislature \( - \) used esynometric to submit to the electorate if defeated by

SYR RESPONSIBLE, ANSWERABLE, ACCOUNTABLE, AMENABLE, LIABLE mean subject to being held to account. RESPONSIBLE implies holding a specific office, duty, or trust (the bureau responsible for revenue collection). ANSWERABLE suggests a relation between one having a moral or legal obligation and a court or other authority charged with oversight of its observance (an intelligence agency answerable to Congress). ACCOUNTABLE suggests imminence of retribution for unfulfilled trust or violated obligation (elected officials are accountable to the voters). AMENABLE and LIABLE stress the fact of subjection to review, censure, or control by a designated authority under certain conditions (laws are amenable to judicial review) (not liable for the debts of the former spouse).

e-spon-sions (vi-span(t)-shonz) n pl [ME responcioun response, sum

of the former spouse). re-spon-sions \( \text{in-lysin} \) n pl [ME responcioun response, sum to be paid, fr. AF or ML; AF responsion, fr. ML responsion-, responsion, fr. L., answer, fr. respondere] (1813): an examination formerly required for matriculation as an undergraduate at Oxford re-spon-sive \( \text{ir-lysin} \) and \( (15c) \) 1: giving response: constituting a response: ANSWERING \( \alpha \simp \) glance \( \lambda \simp \) aggression \( \simp \) 2: quick

to respond or react appropriately or sympathetically : SENSITIVE 3 : using responses  $\langle a \sim \text{liturgy} \rangle$  — re-spon-sive-ly adv — re-sponsive-ness n

to respond or react appropriately or sympathetically: SENSITIVE 3: using responses (a ~ liturgy) — re-spon-sive-ly adv — re-spon-sory \-\frac{1}{2}\text{spān}(t)\s-(2)-r\text{c}\text{ n, pl-ries} [ME, fr. ML responsorium, fr. L respondere] (15c): a set of versicles and responses sung or said after or during a lection re-spon-sum \ri-'sp\text{sp\text{in}}(t)-som\text{ n, pl-sa} \risks\text{ [NL, fr. L, reply, response] (1896): a written decision from a rabbinic authority in response to a submitted question or problem response to a submitted question or problem response. The response to a submitted question or problem response. The response to a submitted question or problem response. The response to a submitted question or problem response to a submitted question or problem response. The response to a submitted question of problem response to a submitted question of problem response to a submitted question of problem response to a submitted question of response of the response of the response these feelings directly rest \rightarrow rest \rig

rest area n (1911): an area adjacent to a nignway at which restrooms and refreshments are usu, available re-start \( \( \)\_{\text{re-start}} \ \( \)

re-state-ment\-mant\n (1803) 1: something that is restated 2: the act of restating res-tau-rant\\res-t(s)-n'ant also-t(s)-ront,-tornt\n [F, fr. prp. of restau-rer to restore, fr. L restau-reg! (ca. 1766): a business establishment where meals or refreshments may be purchased res-tau-ra-teur\\_res-to-ro-tor\ also res-tau-ra-teur\\_res-to-ro-tor\ also res-tau-ran-teur\\_ran\-n [F restau-rateur\, fr. LL restau-rateur\] (1796): the operator or proprietor of a restaurant rest-ed\(\text{vic}\) (1765): having had sufficient rest or sleep re-ste-no-sis\\_res-to-\no\sis\\_res-to-\no\sis\\_n [NL]\] (1954): the recocurrence of stenosis in a blood wassel or heart yelve after it has been treated with

of stenosis in a blood vessel or heart valve after it has been treated with

of stenosis in a blood vessel of neart varie after it has been dealed with apparent success rest-ful 'trest-fol\ adj (14c) 1: marked by, affording, or suggesting rest and repose (a ~ color scheme) 2: being at rest: QUIET Synsec COMFORTABLE — rest-ful-ly\-1-5-fo\ adv — rest-ful-ness n rest home n (1925): an establishment that provides housing and general care for the aged or the convalescent rest house n (1807): a building used for shelter by travelers rest-ing \('\text{res-tin}\)\ adj (14c) 1: being or characterized by dormancy: QUIESCENT (a ~ spore\)\('\text{cbill}\)\ (builties) or characterized by dormancy or marked by division: \('\text{VESTATIVE}\)\((a ~ \text{nucleus}\)\)\ res-titue \('\text{res-tin}\)\ div\('\text{tot-ted}\)\ -tut-leg: Tut-lin\('\text{Int}\)\('\text{tot-ted}\)\ -tut-leg: Tut-lin\('\text{Int}\)\('\text{tot-ted}\)\ -tut-leg: Tut-lin\('\text{Int}\)\('\text{tot-ted}\)\ -tut-lin\('\text{Int}\)\('\text{tot-ted}\)\ -tut-lon\('\text{tot-ted}\)\ -tut-lin\('\text{tot-ted}\)\ -tut-lin\('\text{tot-ted}\)\

— more at STATUTE] (14c) 1: an act of restoring or a condition of being restored: as a: a restoration of something to its rightful owner b: a making good of or giving an equivalent for some injury 2: a legal action serving to cause restoration of a previous state res-tive \(\forall \) restriction (restriction to stop, resist, remain] (15c) 1: stubbornly resisting control: BALKY 2: marked by impatience or uncasiness: FIDGETY \( syn \) see CONTRARY — restively \( adv \) — rest-less \( \text{Trest-las} \) \( adf \) (bef. 12c) 1: lacking or denying rest: UNRASY \( a \sim \) night\( 2 \) : continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea : characterized by or manifesting unrest esp. of mind \( \sim \) pacing; \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea : characterized by or manifesting unrest esp. of mind \( \sim \) pacing; \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: UNQUET (the \sim \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: \( also \) in the continuously moving: \( also \) sea sea \( also \) in the continuously moving: \( also \) in the continuously moving

restless legs syndrome n (1976): a nervous disorder characterized by aching, crawling, or creeping sensations of the legs that occur esp. at night usu, when lying down (as before sleep) and cause a compelling urge to move the legs — called also resiless legs, resiless legs, androme rest mass n (1914): the mass of a body exclusive of additional mass the body acquires by its motion according to the theory of relativity re-stor-able \rightharpoonup in a control of the cort of relativity re-stor-able \rightharpoonup in a control of the cort of relativity re-stor-able \rightharpoonup in a control of the cort of relativity re-stor-able \rightharpoonup in a control of the cort of relativity re-stor-able \rightharpoonup in a control of relativity re-stor-able \ri

ing re-stor-al \-ol\ n (ca. 1611): RESTORATION res-to-ra-tion \\_res-to-ra-shon\ n (14c) 1: an act of restoring or the condition of being restored: as a: a bringing back to a former position or condition: REINSTATEMENT  $\langle$  the  $\sim$  of peace  $\rangle$  b: RESTITITION C: a restoring to an unimpaired or improved condition  $\langle$  the  $\sim$  of a painting  $\rangle$  d: the replacing of missing teeth or crowns 2: something that is restored early a representation or reconstruction. thing that is restored; esp: a representation or reconstruction of the original form (as of a fossil or a building) 3 cap a: the reestablishing

of th Engl some : hav 2resto re-stc restar GIV 3: to 4 : to stor. STRAI somet keep t force. able syn 1 contr or pe progr CURB tite>. : re-strai or extra times is applica vidual t individu re-strain restrain stricts n the experefine with or distril re-stricttion: as : availab count re-stric-ti b: a limi act of re DNA into called als restriction the length zyme acti genetic m re-stric-tic phy favor re-stric-tiv b : serving erence of : tion - res restrictive the definit original die rest-room viding toile re-struc-tui nization, or re-sult \ri-'2 tare to leap consequence to have an <sup>2</sup>result n (16 conclusion: obtained by sult-less \
re-sul-tant ²resultant n re-sume \risumer, fr. I. CONSUME] v. his seat by the after interrup to pick up something in ré-su-mé or rā-\ n [F rés; sumer] (1804) complishmen re-sump-tion

resumption-, resuming: RI