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of the English Language

FOURTH EDITION







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Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

The American Heritage dictionary of the English language.-4th ed.

p. cm.
ISBN 0-395-82517-2 (hardcover) — ISBN 0-618-08230-1 (hardcover with CD ROM)

1. English language-Dictionaries PE1628 .A623 2000 423-dc21

00-025369

Manufactured in the United States of America



bulimia nervosa | bullroarer

from Greek boulīmiā: bous, ox; see gwou- in Appendix I + līmos, hun-

ger, —buli'mic adj. & n.
bulimia ner•vo•sa (nûr-vô/ss) n. See bulimia (sense 1). [New
Latin būlimia nervōsa: būlimia, bulimia + nervōsa, feminine of nervōsus,

Dullma nervõsa: huit.voss). n. see Dulmia (sense 1), riew Latin bālimia nervõsa: tbilimia, bulimia i nervõsa; feminine of nervõus. nervous.]

bulk (būlk) n. 1. Size, mass, or volume, especially when very large. 2a. A distinct mass or portion of matter, especially a large one: the dark bulk of buildings against the sky. D. The body of a human, especially when large or muscular. 3. The major portion or greater part: "The great bulk of necessary work can never be amything but paniful" (Bertrand Russell). 4. See fiber (sense 6). 5. Thickness of paper or cardboard in relation to weight. 6. A ship's cargo. 4- bulked, bulkving, bulks.—mitt. 1. To be or appear to be massive in terms of size, volume, or importance; loom: Safety considerations bulked large during development of the new space-craft. 2. To grow or increase in size or importance. 3. To cohere or form a mass: Ortain paper bulks well. —r. 1. To cause to swell or expand. 2. To cause to othere or form a mass. Ortain paper bulks well. —r. 1. To cause to swell or expand. 2. To cause to othere or form a mass. Ortain paper bulks well. —r. 1. To cause to othere or form a gain weight by gaining muscle dietary supplements that helped the weight-lifters bulk up. —idiom: in bulk 1. Unpackaged; loose. 2. In large numbers, amounts, or volume. (Middle English, perhaps partly alteration of bouk, belly, trunk of the body (from Old English buk) and partly from Old Norse bulki, cargo, heap; see bhel-l'i appendix I.]

*bulk-head (būlk/hed/) n. 1a. One of the upright partitions dividing a ship into compartments and serving to add structural rigidity and to prevent the spread of leakage or fire. b. A partition or wall serving a similar purpose in a whicle, such as an aircraft or spacecraft. 2. A wall or an embankment, as in a mine or along a waterfront, that acts as a protective barrier. 3. Chiefly New England A horizontal or sloping structure providing access to a cellar stairway. [bulk, stall, partition (perhaps of Scandinavian origin) + HaD.]

bulkey (būlk/e) adj. -i-er, -i-es

winvieldy. — bulk'i•ly ak: —bulk'i•ness n. bull'i (bōōl) n. 1a. An adult male bovine mammal. b. The uncastrated adult male of domestic cattle. c. The male of certain other large animals, such as the alligator, elephant, or moose. 2. An exceptionally large, strong, and aggressive person. 3a. An optimist, especially regarding business conditions. b. A person who buys commodities or securities in anticipation of a rise in prices or who tries by speculative purchases to effect such a rise. 4. Slang A police officer or detective. 5. Slang a. Foolish, deceitful, or boastful language. b. Insolent talk or behavior. ♦ v. bulled, bull•ing, bulls—ir. To push hade or through forcefully: "He bulls through the press horde that encircles the car" (Scott Turow). ♦ adj. 1. Male. 2. Large and strong like a bull. 3. Characterized by trising prices: a bull market.— ldlom: grab (or take) the bull by the horns To deal with a problem directly and resolutely. (Middle English bule, from Old English bule, from Old English bule, probably from Old Norse boli. See

tne norns To deal with a problem directly and resolutely. [Middle English bule, from Old English bula, probably from Old Norse boli. See bhel-2 in Appendix I.]

bull? (boöl) n. 1. An official document issued by the pope and sealed with a bulla. 2. The bulla used to seal such a document. [Middle English bulle, from Old French, from Medieval Latin bulla. See BULLA.]

bull3 (bool) n. A gross blunder in logical speech or expression. [Origin

Bull (bool) n. See Taurus.

Bull (bod) n. See aurus.

Bull (bod), böd), Ole Bornemann 1810–1880. Norwegian violinist who toured extensively through the United States and attempted to found a Norwegian colony in Pennsylvania (1852).

bull. abbr. bulletin

bul•la (bō0l/s) n., pl. bul•lae (bō0l/ē) 1. A round seal affixed to a papal bull. 2. Pathology A large blister or vesicle. [Medieval Latin, from Latin, bubble, seal.]

Latin, bubble, seal.]
bul-lace (bööl'is) n. See damson. [Middle English bolas, from
Anglo-Norman bullace, from Medieval Latin bolluca.]
bul-lace (bööl'e) n. Plural of bulla.
bul-late (bööl'at', būl'-) adj. Having a puckered or blistered appearance: bullate leaves. [Latin bullatus, from bulla, bubble.]
bull-bait'ing (bööl/bă') n. See nighthawk (sense la) [Erop its rasping bull-bait's, see nighthawk (sense la) [Erop its rasping.]

bull•bat (bool/bat') n. See nighthawk (sense 1a). [From its roaring

sound in flight.]

bull-boat (bool/bot') n. A shallow, saucer-shaped skin boat used especially by Plains Indians for transporting possessions and sometimes persons across rivers or streams.

bull-dog (boōl/dog', dog') n. 1. Any of a breed of short-haired dog characterized by a large head, strong square jaws with dewlaps, and a stocky body. It was originally bred for bullbaiting. 2. A short-barreled, large-calibre revolver or pistol. 3. A heat-resistant material used to line puddling furnaces. 4. Chiefly British A proctor's assistant at Oxford University or Cambridge University. 4 adj. Stubborn. 4 tr.w. dogged, dog-dog-log-dog-bestern U.S. To throw (a calf or steer) by seizing its horns and twisting its neck until the animal falls.—bull/dog'ger n. bull-doge (boōl/dog') v. -dozed, doz-ing, -dozes —tr. 1. To horns and twisting its neck until the animal falls.—bull/dog' ger 'n. bull-doze (bolol/doz') v. -dozed, -dozeing, -dozes -mt. 1. To clear, dig up, or move with a bulldozer. 2. To treat in an abusive manner; bully. 3. To coerce in an unsympathetic or cruel way. See synonyms at intimidate. 4. To do away with; demolish: "A massive bipartisan majority voted... to bulldoze the social programs of decades in the next 30 days' (Peter Goldman).—intr. 1. To operate a bulldozer. 2. To proceed forcefully or insensitively: "intends to bulldoze ahead with plans for extensive reconstruction" (New York Times). [Perhaps from alteration of obsolete bulldoze, severe beating: BULl' + DOSE.]
bull-dozeer (bolol/do/zar) n. 1. A heavy, driver-operated machine

for clearing and grading land, usually having continuous treads and a broad hydraulic blade in front. 2. An overbearing person; a bully, bull dyke n. Offensive Used as a disparaging term for a lesbian, especially, one exhibiting behavior associated with stereotypically macqu.

line traits.

bul-let (bool/lt) n. 1a. A usually metal projectile in the shape of a pointed cylinder or a ball that is expelled from a firearm, especially a rifle or handgun. b. Such a projectile in a metal casing; a cartridge. 2. An object resembling a projectile in shape, action, or effect. 3. Printing A heavy dot (*) used to highlight a particular passage. [French boulette, diminutive of boule, ball, from Old French, from Latin bulla.]

bul-let-ed (bul/i-tid) adj. Printing Highlighted or set off with bul-

lets: a bulleted list.

bul-le-tin (bööl/1-tm,-lin) n. 1. A brief report, especially an official statement on a matter of public interest issued for immediate publication or broadcast. 2. A brief update or summary of current news, as on television or radio or in a newspaper. 3. A periodical, especially one published by an organization or society. 4. A printed program, especially one listing the order of worship for a religious service: a church bulletin.

† tr.v.-tined, -tin-ing, -tins To announce or make known by bulletin. [French, probably from Italian bullettin, od imminutive of bolleta, bill, diminutive of bolleta, bill, diminutive of bolleta, bull, from Medieval Latin bulla. See Bull, diminutive of bolla. minuture of boila, bubble, bull, brill witches are bosted. 2. Com-bulletin board n. 1. A board on which notices are posted. 2. Com-puter Science A system that enables users to send or read electronic mes-sages, files, and other data that are of general interest and addressed to

no particular person (bööl/finch') n. A public spectacle, performed especially in Spain, Portional manual manual manual spain performed the spain and the spain person method, bulletprof againements. It may proofed, proofing, proofs To make impenetrable by bullets.

bullet train n. A high-speed passenger train. bull fiddle n. See double bass. bull-flight (bööl/fitt') n. A public spectacle, performed especially in Spain, Portugal, and parts of Latin America, in which a fighting bull is engaged in a series of traditional maneuvers culminating usually with the ceremonial execution of the bull by sword. In Portugal the bull is often fought from horseback and is not killed. —bull/fight'er n. —bull/fight'ing n. bull-finch (bööl/finch') n. 1. A Function bull-finch (bööl

fight'ing n. bull-finch (boöl/finch') n. 1. A European bird (Pyrrhula pyrrhula) having a short thick bill and in the male a red breast, blue-gray back, and black head, wings, and tail. 2. Any of several similar finches. bull-frog (boöl/fróg, -fróg)' n. Any of several sime, heavy-bodied frogs, chiefly of the genus Rana and especially R. catesbeiana, native to North America and having a characteristic deep resonant croak. bull-head (boöl/hed') n. 1. Any of several large-headed North American freshwater catfishes of the genus Ictalurus. 2. Any of several fishes of the family Cottidae, such as the sculpin and the miller's thumb. 3. Upper Northern U.S. See Catfish.

3. Upper Northern U.S. See catfish.
bull-head-ed (bööl/hēd/ld) adj. Foolishly or irrationally stubborn;
headstrong. See synonyms at obstinate. —bull/head/ed-ly adv.
bull-horn (bööl/hönr/) n. A portable device consisting of a microphone attached to a loudspeaker, used especially to amplify the voice.
bull-lion (bööl/yən) n. 1a. Gold or silver considered with respect to
quantity rather than value. b. Gold or silver in the form of bars, ingots,
or plates. 2. A heavy lace trimming made of twisted gold or silver
threads, [Middle English, ingot of precious metal, from Anglo-Norman,
from Old French billon (from bille, stick; see BILUN) and from Old
French bouillon, bubble on the surface of boiling liquid (from boilir, to
boil; see Boll'.)]
bull-ish (bööl/ish) adj. 1a. Having a heavy muscular physioue. b.

boil; see Boil!).]
bullieish (böbl/ish) adj. 1a. Having a heavy muscular physique. b.
Bullheaded. 2a. Causing, expecting, or characterized by rising stock
market prices: "Cheaper energy is bullish because it stimulates growth"
(Eric Gelman). b. Optimistic or confident bullish on the prospects of
reaching a negotiated settlement. —bull/ish•ly adv. —bull/ish•ness.n. reaching a negotiated settlement. —bull'ish*ly adv. —bull'ish*ess n. bull*mas-sitff (böbl'mās'tif) n. A large, heavy-set, powerful dog of a breed developed from the bulldog and the mastiff.

Bull Moose n. A member or supporter of the U.S. Progressive Party founded to support the presidential candidacy of Theodore Roosevelt in 1912. [From the party's emblem.]

Bull Moose Party n. See Progressive Party (sense 1).

bull-necked (böbl'někt') adj. Having a short thick neck. —bull'neck' n.

bull nose (bool noz') n. A rounded edge, corner, or projection, as on a stairstep or paving stone.

bul•lock (bool/ak) n. 1. A castrated bull; a steer. 2. A young bull.

[Middle English bullok, from Old English bulluc. See bhel-2 in Appendix

bul-lock's heart (bool/aks) n. See custard apple.

bull-lock's nearl (bold/sks) n. See custard apple.

Bull-lock's oriole (bold/sks) n. A subspecies (Icterus galbula bullockii) of the northern oriole in its western range, distinguished from the Baltimore oriole in the male by its orange cheeks and large white wing patches and in the female by its whiter belly. [After William Bullock, 19th-century British naturalist.]

19th-century British naturalist.]

bull*pen (bööl/pén') n. 1. Baseball a. An area where relief pitchers warm up during a game. b. The relief pitchers of a team considered as a group. 2. A temporary holding area for prisoners, as in a courthouse. 3. An open area in an office with workspace for a number of employees. [Earlier, stockade, exercise area for prisoners.]

bull*ring (bööl/ring') n. A circular arena for bullfights.

bull*roar*er (bööl/rör'ər, rötr'-) n. A small wooden slat attached to a string that makes a roaring noise when whirled.





bulldozer



bullet train



bullfinch male bullfinch Pyrrhula pyrrhula

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