## U.S. Patent No. 9,427,539 Declaration in Support of Petition for Inter Partes Review

UNITED STATES PATENT	AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
BEFORE THE PATENT TR	RIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

ResMed Inc., Petitioner,

v.

New York University, Patent Owner,

Case No. IPR2022-00989

DECLARATION OF DR. KHOSROW BEHBEHANI IN SUPPORT OF PETITION FOR INTER PARTES REVIEW OF U.S. PATENT NO. 9,427,539



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		1.	<b>Preamble:</b> "A positive airway pressure system for treatment of a sleeping disorder in a patient, the system comprising:"	40
		2.	<b>24[a]:</b> "a generator supplying airflow and applying a pressure to an airway of a patient;"	42
		3.	<b>24[b]:</b> "a sensor measuring data corresponding to patient's breathing patterns from data indicate of the airflow supplied to the patient using at least one of a flow sensor or pressure sensor; and"	43
		4.	<b>24[c]:</b> "a hardware processor analyzing the breathing patterns to determine whether breathing patterns indicate an asleep state or an awake state have occurred;"	51
	D.	Depe	endent Claims 25-30	59
		1.	Claim 25: "The positive airway pressure system according to claim 24, wherein the hardware processor further analyzes the breathing patterns to determine whether breathing patterns indicative of a transition from an awake state to an asleep state have occurred."	59
		2.	Claim 26: "The positive airway pressure system according to claim 25, wherein the hardware processor determines that breathing pattern indicative of a transition from an awake state to an asleep state occurs when a regularity of breathing is detected."	63
		3.	Claim 27: "The positive airway pressure system according to claim 25, the hardware processor determines that a transition from an awake state to an	



		asleep state occurs when a series of obstructions are detected."	67	
	4.	Claim 28: "The positive airway pressure system		
		according to claim 25, the hardware processor		
		determines that a breathing pattern indicative of a		
		transition from an awake state to an asleep state occurs		
		when one of a plurality of indictors is present, the		
		indicators being regularity of breathing and a series of		
		obstructions."	71	
	5.	Claim 29: "The positive airway pressure system		
	J.	according to claim 28, wherein the hardware processor		
		sends a control signal to the generator to increase		
		pressure provided to the patient when the hardware		
		processor determines that a breathing pattern indicative		
		of a transition from an awake state to an asleep state has occurred."	72	
		occurred	1 2	
	6.	Claim 30: "The positive airway pressure system		
		according to claim 29, wherein the generator is		
		configured to use a ramp system to increase pressure."	74	
E.	Inde	Independent Claims 1 and 11		
	1.	Preamble: "A positive airway pressure system for		
		treatment of a sleeping disorder in a patient, the system		
		comprising:" / "A method for treatment of sleeping		
		disorder in a patient using a positive airway pressure,		
		the method comprising: "	75	
		the memou comprising.	, 5	
	2.	1[a]/11[a]: "a generator supplying airflow to an airway		
		of a patient;" / "supplying an airflow to an airway of a		
		patient using a flow generator;"	75	
	3.	1[b]/11[b]: "one or more flow sensors measuring data		
	٥.	corresponding to the supplied airflow; and" / "measuring		
		data corresponding to changes in flow or pressure of the		
		airflow supplied to the patient using at least one of a flow sensor or a pressure sensor;"	76	
		sensor or a pressure sensor,	/ 0	
	4.	1[c]: "at least one hardware processor,"	76	
		<u></u>		



	5.	<b>1[d]:</b> "wherein the hardware processor receives the measured data from the one or more flow sensors and provides operational control signals to the generator,"76
	6.	11[c]: "analyzing, using a hardware processor, the measured data to determine whether the data includes breathing patterns indicative of at least one of an awake state or an asleep state;"
	7.	1[e]/11[d]: "wherein the hardware processor analyzes the measured data to determine whether a patient breathing pattern indicative at least one transition between an awake state and an asleep state has occurred, the hardware processor providing instructions to the generator to adjust the applied pressure in response to the patient's breathing patterns indicative of the at least one transition." / "when a breathing pattern indicates a transition has occurred between an awake state and an asleep state, adjusting the supplied pressure to a first value
F.	Depe	ndent Claims 2, 5-10, 13, 15-2480
	1.	Claim 2: "The system according to claim 1, wherein the one or more flow sensors comprise at least one of an airflow sensor or a pressure sensor." 80
	2.	Claim 5, 17: "The system according to claim 1, wherein when the patient breathing pattern indicative of a change from the awake state to the asleep state has occurred, the hardware processor transmits an operational control signal to the generator to increase a pressure of airflow provided to the patient." / "The method according to claim 11, further comprising controlling the generator to increase the supplied pressure when a breathing pattern indicative of one of an elevated upper airway resistance, hypopnea or a repetitive obstructive apnea is detected."80
	3.	Claim 6, 19: "The system according to claim 5, wherein the hardware processor determines that the patient breathing pattern indicative of a change from the awake



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