UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

ECOBEE TECHNOLOGIES ULC, Petitioner,

v.

ECOFACTOR, INC., Patent Owner.

IPR2022-00969 Patent 8,596,550 B2

Before SCOTT B. HOWARD, PAUL J. KORNICZKY, and BRENT M. DOUGAL, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

KORNICZKY, Administrative Patent Judge.

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DECISION Granting Institution of *Inter Partes* Review 35 U.S.C. § 314

I. INTRODUCTION

ecobee Technologies ULC ("Petitioner") filed a Petition for *inter partes* review of claims 17–23 of U.S. Patent No. 8,596,550 B2 (Ex. 1001, "the '550 patent"). Paper 2 ("Pet."). EcoFactor, Inc. ("Patent Owner") filed a Preliminary Response opposing institution. Paper 7 ("Prelim. Resp.").

Under 35 U.S.C. §§ 6(b)(4), 314 and 37 C.F.R. § 42.4(a), we have authority to institute an *inter partes* review if "the information presented in the petition . . . and any response . . . shows that there is a reasonable likelihood that the petitioner would prevail with respect to at least 1 of the claims challenged in the petition." 35 U.S.C. § 314(a) (2018). After considering the Petition, Preliminary Response, and evidence of record, we determine that Petitioner has demonstrated a reasonable likelihood of showing the unpatentability of at least one of the challenged claims. Thus, we grant Petitioner's request to institute an *inter partes* review of claims 17– 23 of the '550 patent.

II. BACKGROUND

A. Real Parties-in-Interest

As required by 37 C.F.R. § 42.8(b)(1), each party identifies the real party-in-interest. Petitioner identifies ecobee Technologies ULC, ecobee Ltd., and Generac Holdings Inc. as the real parties-in-interest. Pet. 76. Patent Owner identifies itself as a real party-in-interest. Paper 5, 1.

B. Related Proceedings

As required by 37 C.F.R. § 42.8(b)(2), Petitioner and Patent Owner identify the judicial or administrative matters that would affect or be affected

by a decision in this proceeding. Petitioner and Patent Owner state the '550 patent is the subject matter of:

(1) Emerson Electric Co. v. EcoFactor, Inc., 1-21-cv-00317 (D. Del. March 1, 2021);

(2) *Google, LLC f/k/a Google Inc. v. EcoFactor, Inc.*, 3-21-cv-01468 (N.D. Cal. March 1, 2021);

(3) *ecobee, Inc. v. EcoFactor, Inc.*, 1-21-cv-00323 (D. Del. March 2, 2021);

(4) *Carrier Global Corp. v. EcoFactor, Inc.*, 1-21-cv-00328 (D. Del. March 3, 2021);

(5) *EcoFactor, Inc. v. Google, LLC*, 6-22-cv-00350 (W.D. Tex. April 1, 2022);

(6) Certain Smart Thermostat Systems, Smart HVAC Systems, Smart HVAC Control Systems, And Components Thereof, Inv. No. 337-TA-1258 (April 4, 2022) (Initial Determination) ("Certain Smart Thermostat Systems"); and

(7) ecobee Technologies ULC v. EcoFactor, Inc., IPR2022-00983.Pet. 76–77; Paper 5, 1.

C. Overview of the '550 Patent (Ex. 1001)

The '550 patent is titled "System, Method and Apparatus for Identifying Manual Inputs to and Adaptive Programming of a Thermostat." Ex. 1001, code (54). The '550 patent describes a system and methods for controlling climate control systems such as heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems. *Id.* at code (57).

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According to the '550 patent, programmable thermostats, which control HVAC systems, offer two types of advantages over nonprogrammable devices. Ex. 1001, 1:18–20. First, "programmable thermostats can save energy . . . because they automate the process of reducing conditioning during times when the space is unoccupied, or while occupants are sleeping, and thus reduce energy consumption." *Id.* at 1:21– 25. Second, "programmable thermostats can also enhance comfort" and "allows homeowners to anticipate [a] desired result by programming a preconditioning of the home." *Id.* at 1:26–38. For example, "if the homeowner gets out of bed at 7 AM, setting the thermostat to change from the overnight setpoint of 64 degrees to 70 at 6 AM can make the house comfortable when the consumer gets up." *Id.* at 1:38–41.

The '550 patent, however, states "all of the advantages of a programmable thermostat depend on the match between the preferences of the occupant and the actual settings employed." Ex. 1001, 1:45–47. "If the temperatures programmed into a thermostat do not accurately reflect the preferences of the occupants, those occupants are likely to resort to manual overrides of the programmed settings." *Id.* at 1:64–67. "The need to correct the 'mistakes' of the thermostat is likely to annoy many users" and, "because people tend to overshoot the desired temperature when they make such manual changes, these overrides are likely to result in excessive heating and cooling, and thus unnecessary energy use." *Id.* at 1:67–2:5. "That is, if a person feels uncomfortable on a summer afternoon when the setting is 73 degrees, they are likely to change it to 68 or 69 rather than 71 or 72 degrees, even if 72 degrees might have made enough of a difference." *Id.* at 2:5–8.

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Thus, the '550 patent explains that it would be desirable to have a system and method which may adapt to the occupants' manual temperature changes and incorporate the information contained in such gestures into long-term programming and which accounts for both outside weather conditions and the thermal characteristics of individual homes in order to improve the ability to dynamically achieve the best possible balance between comfort and energy savings. Ex. 1001, 2:9–17. To achieve these goals, the '550 patent discloses systems and methods for incorporating manual changes to the setpoint for a thermostatic controller into long-term programming of the thermostatic controller. Id. at code (57). It discloses servers 106 which log the temperature readings from inside each house and the timing and duration of air conditioning cycles, and databases 300 which contain a history of the thermal performance of each house. Id. at 5:21–25. According to the '550 patent, this performance data allows "server 106 to calculate an effective thermal mass for each such structure — that is, the speed with the temperature inside a given building will change in response to changes in outside temperatures." Id. at 5:22-29. Because the server will also log these inputs against other inputs including time of day, humidity, etc., the '550 patent explains that "the server will be able to predict, at any given time on any given day, the rate at which inside temperature should change for given inside and outside temperatures." Id. at 5:30-34.

According to the '550 patent, this performance data also permits server 106 to calculate and automate setpoints and schedule future set point changes to reduce energy consumption, etc. Ex. 1001, 5:54–6:3; *see also, e.g., id.* at 5:63–6:1 (stating "for time0 the setpoint as scheduled by server 106 according to the standard setpoint programming (S0), and for time0 the

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