

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

MILTENYI BIOMEDICINE GmbH and MILTENYI BIOTEC INC.,
Petitioners,

v.

TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA,
Patent Owner.

Case IPR 2022-00853
Patent 9,464,140

SURREPLY OF PATENT OWNER
TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
AND REAL PARTY IN INTEREST NOVARTIS PHARMA AG

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. Porter Is Not The Work Of “Another”1

II. Miltenyi’s “Claim Construction” Arguments Are Meritless.....3

III. The Board Should Deny Institution Under § 325(d).....5

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

CASES

<i>Eli Lilly v. Teva Pharms.</i> , 8 F.4th 1331 (Fed. Cir. 2021)	3, 4
<i>In re Katz</i> , 687 F.2d 450 (C.C.P.A. 1982)	1, 2
<i>Riverwood Int’l v. R.A. Jones</i> , 324 F.3d 1346 (Fed. Cir. 2003)	2
<i>Biocon Pharma v. Novartis Pharms.</i> , IPR2020-01263, Paper 12 (PTAB Feb. 16, 2021).....	5
<i>Fresenius v. Chugai</i> , IPR2021-01288, Paper 30 (PTAB Feb. 23, 2022).....	1
<i>Nelson Products, Inc. v. BAL Seal Engineering, Inc.</i> , IPR2014-00573, Paper 9 (PTAB Sep. 29, 2014).....	3
<i>Watson Labs. Inc., v. United Therapeutics Corp.</i> , IPR2017-01621, Paper 10 (PTAB Jan. 11, 2018)	3
<i>Sanofi-Aventis U.S. LLC v. Immunex Corp.</i> , IPR2017-01879, Paper 19 (PTAB Feb. 15, 2018).....	3
<i>Pfizer v. Genentech</i> , IPR2018-00373, Paper 12 (Aug. 2, 2018)	1
<i>R.J. Reynolds v. Altria</i> , IPR2021-00793, Paper 7 (PTAB Oct. 27, 2021).....	1

Miltenyi's Reply misconstrues the relevant legal standards and ignores key arguments Patent Owner made in its POPR. Institution should be denied.

I. Porter Is Not The Work Of "Another"

Miltenyi does not dispute that the Porter clinical trial is the same one reported in the patent: the seminal study demonstrating, after years of failure, that CAR-T therapy would work as a cancer treatment. Instead, Miltenyi suggests that institution should be granted despite proof that Porter is not "by another" because declarations "attempting to disqualify prior art in [POPRs]" should not defeat institution. Reply 2. But the Board has denied institution on the basis of declarations, like the one here, showing that alleged prior art is not the "work of another," *In re Katz*, 687 F.2d 450, 454 (C.C.P.A. 1982). *E.g.*, *R.J. Reynolds v. Altria*, IPR2021-00793, Paper 7, at 5–7 (PTAB Oct. 27, 2021) (denying institution based on author declaration and evidence of "a common inventive entity"); *cf. Fresenius v. Chugai*, IPR2021-01288, Paper 30 at 41–42 (PTAB Feb. 23, 2022) (considering antedation declaration at institution); *Pfizer v. Genentech*, IPR2018-00373, Paper 12, at 15 (Aug. 2, 2018) (denying institution where Examiner had considered attribution declaration).

Miltenyi's alleged "factual questions" are illusory. Reply 2. As in *R.J. Reynolds*, the documentary evidence here indicates common inventorship even before considering Dr. Bagg's declaration. The named inventors are all co-authors of Porter. And on their face, the patent and Porter plainly disclose the *very same*

clinical trial results. Compare, e.g., Ex. 1001 fig.12 D with Ex. 1012 at 5 (depicting identical patient CT scans).

Miltenyi disputes none of this, and is constrained to flyspeck Dr. Bagg’s role. Contrary to Miltenyi’s assertions, both Porter and Dr. Bagg’s declaration consistently indicate that Dr. Bagg analyzed samples, determined laboratory results indicating remission, and passed that information on to the inventors. Ex. 2044 at 3; Ex. 1013 at 36, 37; Reply 1–2. In fact, the assays that Miltenyi touts were described in both Porter *and the patent. Compare* Ex. 1013, 36 (describing MRD assessments, cited at Reply 1), *with* Ex. 1001, 57:18–26. Dr. Bagg’s contribution—performing “assays and testing” at the inventors’ instruction, Ex. 2044 at 2–3—may warrant discretionary co-authorship of academic papers, but does not constitute legal inventorship; he is not part of the “common inventive entity” that conceived the work reported in both Porter and the patent. *Katz* at 455; *Riverwood Int’l v. R.A. Jones*, 324 F.3d 1346, 1356 (Fed. Cir. 2003). There also is no factual dispute because Dr. Bagg did not contribute “the portions of the reference *relied on as prior art.*” *Riverwood*, 324 F.3d at 1356. Dr. Bagg’s assays were only one factor in *Dr. Porter’s* “clinical determination of remission.” Ex. 2044 at 3. Miltenyi equates that determination, not the assays, to the “antitumor effect,” and does not reference the assay results in its Petition. POPR 42; *compare* Pet. 65–69 *with* Ex. 2044 ¶¶ 7–13.

Miltenyi’s cases involve much closer questions. In *Watson*, the Board found

Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.