UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

TRILLER, INC., Petitioner

v.

TIKTOK PTE. LTD. Patent Owner

Case IPR2022-00179 Patent 9,648,132 B2

PATENT OWNER TIKTOK PTE. LTD.'S PRELIMINARY RESPONSE

A L A R M Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at <u>docketalarm.com</u>.

DOCKET

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTRODUCTION
II.	LEVEL OF ORDINARY SKILL
III.	CLAIM CONSTRUCTION
IV.	ABRAMS FAILS TO PROVIDE ALL ELEMENTS OF THE INDEPENDENT CLAIMS
A.	The Petition Fails To Demonstrate A "Software Application Embodied On A Non-Transitory Storage Medium" And "Executable On A Portable Wireless Computing Device," That Provides the Claimed Functions (Grounds 1a-2 and 4-6)
B.	The Petition Fails to Demonstrate that the System of Abrams Would Have "inherently" Performed the Claimed Functions "over a wireless connection" as Required by the Independent Claims (Grounds 1a-2 and 4-6)
C.	The Petition fails to address the limitation "creat[ing] on a remote server one or more user accounts" recited in independent claims 1 and 31 (Grounds 1a-2 and 4-6)
V.	KNIGHT 2010 IS NOT PRIOR ART TO THE '132 PATENT (GROUNDS 3a AND 3b)
A.	Legal Standard for Written Description Support27
B.	The 2007 PCT Application Provides Written Description Support for Claims 3 and 27
C.	The 2007 PCT Application Provides Written Description Support for Claim 6 36
D.	Grounds 3a and 3b Fail Because Knight 2010 is Not Prior Art to the '132 Patent
VI.	CONCLUSION

LIST OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description
EX2001	U.S. Patent Pub. No. 2004/0268005 to Dickie ("Dickie")
EX2002	U.S. Patent Pub. No. 2007/0130592 to Haeusel ("Haeusel")
EX2003	U.S. Patent No. 7,260,381 to Lipsit ("Lipsit")
EX2004	U.S. Patent Pub. No. 2007/0214141 ("Sittig")

I. INTRODUCTION

The Petition sets forth eight Grounds of unpatentability, each of which suffers from critical defects that render *Inter Partes* Review untenable. Throughout the Petition, Triller repeatedly identifies high level descriptions in the cited references without specifying how each specific claim recitation is found within the references, while insisting that other non-disclosed features occur "inherently" or would occur in "all" such systems with no support for such assertions. This failure to properly demonstrate how each claim element is provided in the prior art is pervasive throughout the Petition, including both the independent and dependent claims.

To start, Triller fails to demonstrate that the cited Abrams reference (EX1009) includes a software application "executable on a portable wireless computing device" that performs each of the functions recited by the challenged claims. Rather, Abrams discloses a web-server that performs various functions and merely "sends out Web pages" to end user devices. EX1009, [0077]. That is, as demonstrated below, all relevant functionality described in Abrams is performed at a "Web application server" and not by a software application installed on and executed by a portable wireless computing device. *Id.*

Second, Triller argues that all of the functions recited by the challenged claims would "inherently occur over a 'wireless connection'" in Abrams's system. Pet., 27.

However, as demonstrated below, the evidence of record shows that such functionality is anything but inherent.

Finally, the Knight 2010 reference (EX1012) does not qualify as prior art with respect to any of the challenged claims because all of the challenged claims (and in particular, dependent claims 3, 6, and 27) are fully supported by the earlier-filed May 2007 PCT application to which the '132 patent claims priority. As demonstrated below, each of Grounds 1-6 as articulated in the Petition fail and therefore institution should be denied.

II. LEVEL OF ORDINARY SKILL

For purposes of this IPR, Patent Owner submits that a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the alleged invention (a "POSITA") would have had a Bachelor's degree in Computer Science, Computer Engineering, Human Factors, or an equivalent degree and at least two years of experience working in the fields of user interfaces, communications applications, networking applications, or media applications, or a person with equivalent education, work, or experience in such fields.

III. CLAIM CONSTRUCTION

Patent Owner submits that all claim terms should be construed according to the *Phillips* standard. *Phillips v. AWH Corp.*, 415 F.3d 1303 (Fed. Cir. 2005); 37 C.F.R. §42.100. Unless otherwise noted below, Patent Owner submits that terms

DOCKET A L A R M



Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.