# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE ————— BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD ————— APPLE INC., Petitioner

V.

SCRAMOGE TECHNOLOGY, LTD., Patent Owner

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Case IPR2022-00118 U.S. Patent No. 10,804,740

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SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JOSHUA PHINNEY, PH.D., UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.68



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I, Joshua Phinney, Ph.D., declare:

#### A. Introduction

- 1. I am the Joshua Phinney, who has previously submitted a declaration as Ex.1003 and a supplemental declaration as Ex.1018 in this proceeding. The terms of my engagement, my background and qualifications, prior testimony, and the legal standards and claim constructions that I am applying are set forth in my previous CV and declarations. *See* Ex.1003; Ex.1004; Ex.1018. I am making this second supplemental declaration at the request of Apple Inc. in the matter of the *Inter Partes* Review of U.S. Patent No. 10,804,740 (the "740 Patent") to An et al.
- 2. In the preparation of this declaration, I have studied the materials noted in my previous declarations, as well as the following additional materials:
  - (1) **Ex.1022** U.S. Patent No. 9,178,369 to Partovi; and
  - (2) **Ex.1023** U.S. Patent No. 9,178,369 to Suzuki et al.
  - **3.** In forming the opinions expressed below, I have considered:
  - (1) The documents listed above, and
  - (2) My own knowledge and experience, including my work experience in the field of networking, as described below.



## B. <u>A POSITA would have found substitute claims 21-23 as obvious under 35 U.S.C. § 103 over Kato.</u>

- 4. I have been asked to provide my opinion as to whether Substitute Claims 21-23 of the Revised Motion to Amend ("Revised Motion," Paper 28) would have been obvious in view of the prior art. The discussion below provides a detailed analysis of how the prior art reference identified below teaches the limitations of the Substitute Claims of the '740 Patent.
- 5. As stated in my previous declaration, I have considered the scope and content of the prior art and any differences between the alleged invention and the prior art as part of my analysis. I describe in detail below the scope and content of the prior art, as well as any differences between the alleged invention and the prior art, on an element-by-element basis for Substitute Claims 21-23 of the '740 Patent.
- **6.** As described in detail below, the alleged invention of the Substitute Claims 21-23 would have been obvious in view of the teachings of Kato as well as the knowledge of a POSITA.

## a. <u>Kato teaches the wireless power transceiver of Substitute</u> Claims 21-23.

7. Like the '740 Patent, Kato relates to a "non-contact power-transmission coil for use in power transmission in a noncontact manner ... when charging a rechargeable battery incorporated in a small-size, thin portable terminal



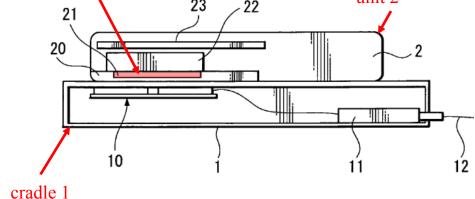
such as a mobile phone unit." Ex.1017, [0003]. Therefore, Kato describes a "coil" in a mobile phone unit for wireless power reception via electromagnetic induction:

This invention relates to a noncontact power-transmission coil for use in power transmission in a noncontact manner using electromagnetic induction, when charging a rechargeable battery incorporated in a small-size, thin portable terminal such as a mobile phone unit.

Id. (emphasis added).

mobile phone unit 2 23 22 21

secondary power-transmission coil 21 (wireless power receiver)



Ex.1017, Fig. 3 (annotated)

Fig. 3 of Kato, reproduced and annotated above, illustrates a mobile 8. phone unit 2 having a "secondary power-transmission coil 21" that wirelessly receives power from "primary power-transmission coil 10" within a cradle 1. Id. at



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