

United States Patent [19]

Chess et al.

[54] SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROTECTING INTEGRITY OF ALTERABLE ROM USING DIGITAL SIGNATURES

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- [58] Field of Search 711/102, 163. 711/103, 164; 395/651-653, 186, 188.01, 183.09. 183.12, 183.14, 183.21

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[57] ABSTRACT

A system and method for verifying the integrity of a computer system's BIOS programs stored in alterable read only memory (such as FLASH ROM), and preventing malicious alteration thereof. The system and method regularly check the contents of the alterable read only memory using a digital signature encrypted by means of an asymmetrical key cryptosystem.

28 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets



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FIG.3



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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROTECTING **INTEGRITY OF ALTERABLE ROM USING** DIGITAL SIGNATURES

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to the protection of the integrity of computer system basic input-output systems.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Modern general-purpose computers contain programs stored in non-volatile read-only memory (ROM) which are used to "bootstrap" the system when power is turned on. and to provide basic low-level access to the hardware. These programs generally perform various tests for proper func- 15 tioning of the system hardware at power-on and then locate, load and transfer control to the operating system bootstrap code. They also provide a standard interface (sometimes called the basic Input/Output System, or BIOS) to the functions of the hardware.

While such system ROMs were originally of the permanently "burned-in" variety, which can be changed only by physically replacing a microchip, advances in technology have recently made it possible to utilize alterable, or "FLASH" ROM instead. The advantage of alterable ROM is 25 that its contents can be altered by software. making ROM updates significantly simpler. As alterable ROM technology advances, and as systems become more complex, requiring more frequent ROM updates, the use of FLASH for this purpose is quickly becoming more common.

While software-alterable ROM has definite advantages, it also has dangers; since the ROM is the basic software that controls the startup and low-level operation of the system, if it becomes corrupted (accidently or maliciously), the integrity of the system as a whole can be compromised, and it can ³⁵ be very difficult either to detect the corruption or to repair it.

There are well-known methods of verifying the integrity of the contents of ROMs (FLASH and otherwise) by performing a simple checksum, to ensure that, to a very high probability, no accidental changes have been made to the contents of the ROM. The techniques used to do this verification are typically a simple additive checksum or a cyclic redundancy check: these techniques are designed to be simple and fast, while having a high probability of detecting typical accidental or defect-caused changes to ROM. They are, however, easily "invertible"; that is, given the current contents of ROM and the current value of the checksum, an attacker desiring to make intentional changes to the ROM without modifying the checksum would be able 50 to do so with little difficulty.

A further feature of many current systems is that they allow the user to access the built-in programs stored in ROM for examining and altering system configuration settings. This typically is accomplished by starting the system from 55 a special diskette, or pressing a combination of keys during system setup. But the configuration programs, and the programs that decide whether or not to pass control to them, are themselves alterable ROM (on machines that have alterable ROM), and therefore could become corrupted.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The current invention functions in a component of a computing system containing alterable ROM to verify that the alterable ROM has not been changed, or that a proposed 65 update to the alterable ROM is legitimate. This verification

having the characteristic that it is not easily invertible: even an attacker with full knowledge of the code used to verify the digital signature, and with the ability to alter the current contents of the ROM and the current signature, would have 5 to perform a prohibitive amount of computation to generate a new content/signature pair that would pass the test.

The manufacturer, on the other hand, by virtue of having access to a secret piece of data (for example, the private key in an asymmetrical-key cryptosystem), is able to produce signatures for new versions of the contents of alterable ROM 10 very easily.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

FIG. 1 is a system in accordance with the invention.

FIG. 2 is a flow diagram describing a method for checking the integrity of an alterable ROM, in accordance with one aspect of the invention.

FIG. 3 is a flow diagram describing a method for updating 20 or restoring the contents of an alterable ROM in accordance with a further aspect of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a system in accordance with the present invention.

The system includes a CPU 100 with optional cache memory 102, a permanent storage device 104, such as a hard disk drive, random access memory 106, an input device such as keyboard 108, and an output device, such as display 110. The system components are connected via bus 112.

The system further comprises an unalterable ROM 114. which stores various programs used to bootstrap the system at startup and provide basic low level system hardware access. Also provided is an alterable ROM 116, such as a FLASH ROM, which stores additional bootstrapping and hardware access programs. The programs in the ROMs 114 and 116 together constitute first and second portions of a 40 general bootstrap program.

Also provided in accordance with the invention is an alterable ROM corruption detect and repair means 118. The means 118 can be implemented as software running in unalterable ROM 114. Means 118 operates as described with respect to FIGS. 2 and 3 to detect unauthorized modifications to the alterable ROM 116, and also either to restore the alterable ROM to its uncorrupted state, or to make authorized changes to the alterable ROM. Means 118 can either constitute part of unalterable ROM 114, or reside in a separate hardware or software location in the system.

In one embodiment of the invention, a system bootstrap routine is stored in unalterable ROM 114. the routine performing, when called, a signature computation on the current contents of the alterable ROM 116 and the current signature (stored in ROM 114 or elsewhere), and then passes control to the bootstrap code in the ROM 116 only if the signature is validated. Defect-caused or malicious changes to the FLASH ROM would therefore prevent the system from starting up correctly at the next power-on. The system could also be configured so that an attempt to update ROM 60 116 will cause an immediate restart from unalterable ROM 114, immediately revealing a corrupted update. More complex implementations involve a secure-update module that guarantees (for example by monitoring instruction fetches using methods known to the art) that ROM 116 updates could be done only by code running from the ROM 116

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