UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

APPLIED MATERIALS, INC., Petitioner v. OCEAN SEMICONDUCTOR LLC, Patent Owner.

IPR2021-01342 (Patent 6,968,248) IPR2021-01344 (Patent 6,907,305)

> Record of Oral Hearing Held: November 15, 2022

Before MIRIAM L. QUINN, JOHN D. HAMANN, and DAVID D. COTTA, Administrative Patent Judges.

APPEARANCES:

ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER:

ERIC A. KRAUSE, ESQ. of: Axinn, Veltrop & Harkrider LLP 55 Second Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 490-1491 ekrause@axinn.com

ON BEHALF OF THE PATENT OWNER:

ALAN WRIGHT, ESQ. Devlin Law Firm LLC 1526 Gilpin Avenue Wilmington, DE 19806 (302) 449-9010 awright@devlinlawfirm.com

The above-entitled matter came on for hearing Tuesday, November 15, 2022, commencing at 11:21 a.m. CST at the USPTO Texas Regional Office, 207 South Houston Street, Suite 159, Dallas, Texas.

1	P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S
2	11:21 a.m.
3	JUDGE QUINN: We are convening this afternoon for the session
4	concerning IPRs 2021-1342 and IPR 2021-1344. We already did an
5	introduction this morning and gave the instructions this morning. Those are
6	still relevant for this session. So to the extent again, if you have objections,
7	we don't do speaking objections, you reserve them for your argument time.
8	And with that, Petitioner, you are first, and you have a total of 30
9	minutes, and how much time do you want to reserve?
10	MR. KRAUSE: I'd like to reserve 15 minutes, Your Honor.
11	JUDGE QUINN: All right, you may proceed.
12	MR. KRAUSE: May it please the honorable panel, I'm Eric Krause
13	for petitioner of Applied Materials. You can jump to slide 3. On slide
14	3 we have Claim 1 from each of the two patents at issue in this
15	combined proceeding. On the left, Claim 1 of the 305 patent, and on
16	the right, Claim 1 of the 248 patent, with the differences between the
17	claims underlined in red. As patent owner's expert testified, the minor
18	differences between the two claims do not impact the obviousness
19	determination.
20	We can jump back to slide 2. The two patents at issue in this
21	proceeding are related to each other by a continuation application, and
22	share the same specification dating to April of 2002. Now in 2002,
23	the motivation in the semi-conductor industry was increasingly to
24	integrate and automate. Houses were developing more advanced
25	technologies to increase efficiency and to deal with increasing and

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

growing complexity in products as the semiconductor industry progressed to smaller and smaller geometries.

Fabrication facilities would use a manufacturing execution system, or MES, to control tools, but the MES has to be updated and personnel were used to provide those updates, introducing potential errors and delay into the system. And so as the overall drive in the industry was to increase profitability, that was driving an increased desire to automate and integrate.

We jump to slide 8. These motivations would drive a POSA to
the Shulze reference, assigned to petitioner-Applied Materials.
Schulze discloses adding an automated monitoring and assessment
system 107, circled here and color-filled in in blue, separate from the
MES 102. Schulze discloses integrating that automated monitoring
and assessment system be of the bus105, which also connects both of
those components to the various equipment 115 or tools in the fab.

Messages sent from the tools would be received by the monitoring and assessment system, which would maintain a state for the overall fab at all times. This would be a resource for the MES to query the monitoring and assessment system to see the state of the fab to help determine what to do next and how to control the tools. Some of the messages sent by the tools to the automated monitoring and assessment system would trigger certain events.

For example, if a tool gave a message that it was going offline suddenly, then the status could be updated for that tool by the automated monitoring system, so know that that tool is now

1	experiencing unscheduled down time. This would help the MES not
2	send lots to that tool for processing because that tool is offline.
3	JUDGE QUINN: And did you say that in Schulze the MES
4	also controlled whether to send a new lot or not to a machine that has
5	been detected as down?
6	MR. KRAUSE: I think it would depend on the particular
7	design of the fab and organization of the fab, but certainly the MES is,
8	generally speaking, the MES is used to control the ongoings in the
9	fab. And so the MES would be making a recommendation or a
10	determination of what to do next.
11	JUDGE QUINN: But Schulze does not control the conveyor
12	system or anything like that. I didn't see any of that in Schulze.
13	MR. KRAUSE: No, Schulze doesn't get as specific into
14	specific machinery being controlled. In fact, Schulze is assessment
15	and monitoring. So Schulze is receiving messages and status, and it's
16	maintaining a status. So the Schulze system will track whether the
17	lots have arrived at a tool and are being loaded, whether they're
18	finished in the tool and need to be unloaded, not necessarily where
19	they need to go next, not a decision, but more like a status, right?
20	This lot is here. So Schulze would track that.
21	JUDGE QUINN: Got it.
22	MR. KRAUSE: And with that realtime tracking info, a POSA
23	would be motivated to further use that information to make things like
24	scheduling decisions or decisions about what to do next, and that
25	would bring the POSA to Gupta, which discloses a realtime event-

DOCKET A L A R M



Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.