UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD Configit A/S, Petitioner v. Versata Development Group, Inc., Patent Owner Case IPR2021-01055 U.S. Patent No. 6,836,766

PATENT OWNER'S PRELIMINARY RESPONSE

Mail Stop "PATENT BOARD"

Patent Trial and Appeal Board U.S. Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450



TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Summary of the '766 patent						
	A.	The '766 patent describes a problem with conflicting rules in a complex configurator					
	B.	Two types of configuration errors					
		1.	State errors	4			
		2.	Exception errors	5			
	C.		'766 patent teaches and claims a debugger for high- plexity configuration systems	6			
	D.	Con	figuration error testing	8			
II.	Pros	ecutio	n history: the examiner tested the '766 patent	9			
III.	Perso	on of o	ordinary skill in the art	9			
IV.	Clai	Claim construction					
	A. Configuration errors						
		1.	The specification defines a "configuration error" as the condition that occurs when "a rule or series of rules is not properly defined and produces an undesired effect" or "a series of improperly defined rules causes a part to be in more than one state at the same time"	10			
		2.	The Prosecution History is silent on configuration error	13			
	B.	Test	Test case				
		1.	Definition from the specification	13			
		2.	Claim differentiation supports this definition	14			
		3.	The Prosecution History is consistent with the definition of test case	15			
V.	Neither Oracle1 nor Oracle2 are prior art to the '766 Patent and Memon is not § 102(b) prior art						
	A.	Oracle1, Oracle2, and Memon are not prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b)					
	B.	Oracle1 and Oracle2 are not prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a)17					



		1.	Configit knows how to show the date of a prior art reference but has not done so for Oracle1 and Oracle217			
		2.			nce" that Oracle1 and Oracle2 were published contradictory and insufficient19	
			a)		Tina Brand Declaration does not support figit's arguments	
				(1)	The Tina Brand Declaration calls into question even the April 2000 and March 2000 purported dates of Oracle1 and Oracle2 and fails to establish another date19	
				(2)	Much of Brand's declaration is inadmissible hearsay	
			b)	Conf	testimony of Andrew Wolfe does not support figit's argument for the same reasons the Brand aration does not	
VI.	Clair	ns 1–5	& 9–	19 are	not unpatentable24	
	A.				1 in view of Oracle2 does not render claims 1, ous	
		1.			scribes an implementation of a product or rather than a debugger for configurators26	
		2.	Orac	ele2 is s	similar to Oracle128	
		3.	Inde	pender	nt claim 1	
			a)		ele1 and Oracle2 do not teach a configuration	
				(1)	Oracle1 does not teach the "configuration error" of the preamble (element 1.pre(i))28	
				(2)	Oracle1 and Oracle2 do not teach a computer system to detect configuration errors in the product configuration (element 1.1)	
				(3)	Oracle1 and Oracle2 do not teach processing anything to detect whether any changes produce a configuration error (element 1.2)32	



IPR2021-01055 U.S. Patent No. 6,836,766

			(4)	Oracle1 and Oracle2 do not teach an explanation of a configuration error (element 1.3)	33
		4.	Dependent c	elaim 9 is not taught by Oracle1 and Oracle2	33
		5.	Dependent c	elaim 10 is not taught by Oracle1 and Oracle2	34
		6.	Dependent c	elaim 14	34
		7.	Dependent c	elaim 19	35
		8.	Reasons to c	combine Oracle1 and Oracle2	35
	B.			cle1-Oracle2 Combination in Further View not render claims 15 and 16 obvious	35
	C.			cle1-Oracle2 combination in further view of do not renders claims 11–13 and 17 obvious	35
	D.			cle1-Oracle2 combination in further view of der claims 2 and 18 obvious	36
	E.			cle1-Oracle2-Memon combination in further do not render claims 3–5 obvious	36
VII	Conc	lusion			36



PATENT OWNER'S EXHIBIT LIST

Exhibit No.	Description				
2001	Declaration of Paul A. Navrátil in Support of Patent Owner's Preliminary Response				
2002	Curriculum vitae of Paul A. Navrátil				
2003	Lora Green & Brian McNamara (JJ.), <i>Best Practices for Proving a Document is a Printed Publication</i> , at 14 (Dec. 7, 2017), at https://www.uspto.gov/sites/default/files/documents/proving_a_document_is_a_printed_publication_12_7_2017.pdf				



DOCKET

Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

