

COLLEGE *dic·tion·ar·y*



THIRD EDITION

Neonode Smartphone LLC, Exhibit 2050
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Fleet Street *n.* British journalism. [After *Fleet Street* in central London, long the headquarters of many British newspapers.]
flei·shig (flā'shik) *adj.* Consisting of, prepared with, or relating to meat or meat products. [Yiddish *fleyschik* < *fleysch*, meat < MHGer. *fleisch*, meat < OHGer. *fleisk*, flesh.]

Flem. *abbr.* Flemish.

Flem·ing (flēm'ing) *n.* 1. A native or inhabitant of Flanders.

2. A Belgian who speaks Flemish. [ME < MDu. *Vlāming*.]

Fleming, Sir Alexander. 1881–1955. British bacteriologist who discovered penicillin in 1928 and shared a 1945 Nobel Prize.

Fleming, Ian Lancaster. 1908–64. British writer noted for his spy novels featuring the secret agent James Bond.

Fleming, Peggy Gale. b. 1948. Amer. figure skater who won the women's title at the 1968 Olympics.

Flem·ish (flēm'ish) *adj.* Of or relating to Flanders, the Flemings, or their language or culture. — *n.* 1. The West Germanic language of the Flemings. 2. The Flemings.

Flens·burg (flēnz'bürg, flēns'böörk') *n.* A city of N Germany on Flensburg Fjord, an arm of the Baltic Sea. Pop. 86,873.

flense (flēns) *tr.v.* **flensed**, **flens·ing**, **flens·es**. To strip the blubber or skin from (a whale, for example). [Dan.] — **flens'er** *n.*

flesh (flēsh) *n.* 1. **a.** The soft tissue of the body of a vertebrate, consisting mainly of skeletal muscle and fat. **b.** The surface or skin of the human body. 2. The meat of animals as distinguished from the edible tissue of fish or fowl. 3. *Bot.* The pulpy, usu. edible part of a fruit or vegetable. 4. Excess fatty tissue; plumpness. 5. **a.** The body as opposed to the mind or soul. **b.** The physical or carnal nature of humankind. **c.** Sensual appetites. 6. Humankind in general; humanity. 7. One's family; kin. 8. Substance; reality. — *v.* **fleshed**, **flesh·ing**, **flesh·es**. — *tr.* 1. To give substance or detail to; fill out: *fleshed out the story*. 2. To clean (a hide) of adhering flesh. 3. To encourage (a falcon, for example) to participate in the chase by feeding it flesh from a kill. 4. To inure to battle or bloodshed. 5. To plunge or thrust (a weapon) into flesh. — *intr.* To become plump or fleshy; gain weight. — **idiom.** **In the flesh**. 1. Alive. 2. In person; present. [ME < OE *flāsc*.] — **flesh'less** *adj.*

flesh and blood *n.* 1. Human nature or physical existence, together with its weaknesses. 2. A person's blood relatives; kin. 3. Substance and depth in artistic portrayal; lifelikeness.

flesh fly *n.* Any of various flies of the family Sarcophagidae whose larvae are parasitic in animal tissue or feed on carrion.

flesh·ly (flēsh'lē) *adj.* -**li·er**, -**li·est**. 1. Of or relating to the body; corporeal. See **Syns** at **bodily**. 2. Of, relating to, or inclined to carnality; sensual. 3. Not spiritual; worldly. 4. Tending to plumpness; fleshy. — **flesh'li·ness** *n.*

flesh·pot (flēsh'pōt') *n.* 1. A district or an establishment offering sensual pleasures or entertainment. Often used in the plural. 2. Physical or sensual gratification.

flesh wound (wōōnd) *n.* A wound that penetrates the flesh but does not damage underlying bones or vital organs.

flesh·y (flēsh'ē) *adj.* -**i·er**, -**i·est**. 1. **a.** Relating to, consisting of, or resembling flesh. **b.** Having abundant flesh; plump. See **Syns** at **fat**. 2. Having a juicy or pulpy texture. 3. Fleshy; carnal. — **flesh'i·ness** *n.*

fleshy fruit *n.* A fruit that has a soft, pulpy wall.

fletch (flēch) *tr.v.* **fletched**, **fletch·ing**, **fletch·es**. To feather (an arrow). [Prob. back-formation < **FLETCHER**.]

fletch·er (flēch'ər) *n.* One who makes arrows. [ME *fleccher* < OFr. *flechier* < *fleche*, arrow, of Gmc. orig. See **pleu·***.]

Fletch·er (flēch'ər), **John**. 1579–1625. English playwright who collaborated with Francis Beaumont on romantic tragicomedies, including *The Maid's Tragedy* (1611).

flex·ion (flēk'shən) *n.* 1. Also **flec·tion**. **Anat. a.** The bending of a joint or limb by the action of flexors. **b.** The resulting condition of being bent. 2. A part that is bent. [Lat. *flexiō*, *flexiōn*, a bending < *flexus*, p.part. of *flectere*, to bend.]

flex·i·ble·ness *n.* — **flex'i·bly** *adv.*

flex·ile (flēk'səl, -sil') *adj.* Flexible.

flex·ion (flēk'shən) *n.* 1. Also **flec·tion**. **Anat. a.** The bending of a joint or limb by the action of flexors. **b.** The resulting condition of being bent. 2. A part that is bent. [Lat. *flexiō*, *flexiōn*, a bending < *flexus*, p.part. of *flectere*, to bend.]

flex·i·time (flēk'si-tīm') *n.* See **flexitime**.

flex·og·ra·phy (flēk-sōg'rə-fē) *n.* A system of printing on a rotary press employing water-based ink, used esp. for printing on plastic or cardboard. — **flex·og'ra·pher** *n.* — **flex'o·graph'ic** (-sə-grāf'ik) *adj.* — **flex'o·graph'i·cal·ly** *adv.*

flex·or (flēk'sər) *n.* A muscle that when contracted acts to bend a joint or limb in the body. [NLat. < Lat. *flexus*, p.part. of *flectere*, to bend.]

flex·time (flēk'stīm') *n.* A system by which employees may schedule their work, esp. their starting and finishing hours.

flex·u·ous (flēk'shō-əs) *adj.* Bending or winding alternately from side to side; sinuous. [< Lat. *flexuosus* < *flexus*, a bending, a turning < *flectere*, to bend.] — **flex'u·os'i·ty** (-ōs'i-tē) *n.* — **flex'u·ous·ly** *adv.*

flex·ure (flēk'shər) *n.* 1. A curve, turn, or fold. 2. The act or an instance of bending or flexing; flexion. — **flex'ur·al** *adj.*

fley (flā) *tr.v.* **fleyed**, **fley·ing**, **fleys**. **Scots.** To frighten. [ME *fleien* < OE *flȳgan*, *flēgan*. See **pleu·***.]

flib·ber·ti·gib·bet (flib'ər-tē-jīb'it) *n.* A silly, scatterbrained, or garrulous person. [ME *flipergetet*.]

flic (flik) *n.* **Slang.** A police officer, esp. in France. [Fr.]

flick (flik) *n.* 1. **a.** A light quick blow, jerk, or touch. **b.** The sound accompanying this motion. 2. A light splash, dash, or daub. — *v.* **flicked**, **flick·ing**, **flicks**. — *tr.* 1. To touch or hit with a light quick blow. 2. To cause to move with a light blow; snap. 3. To remove with a light quick blow. — *intr.* To twitch or flutter. [Imit.] — **flick'a·ble** *adj.*

flick² (flik) *n.* **Slang.** A movie. [SHORT FOR **Flicker¹**.]

flick·er¹ (flik'ər) *v.* -**ered**, -**er·ing**, -**ers**. — *intr.* 1. To move waveringly; flutter. 2. To burn unsteadily. — *tr.* To cause to move waveringly. — *n.* 1. A brief movement; a tremor. 2. An inconstant or wavering light. 3. A brief or slight sensation. 4. **Slang.** A movie. [ME *flickeren*, to flutter < OE *flicerian*.]

flick·er² (flik'ər) *n.* Any of various large North American woodpeckers of the genus *Colaptes*, esp. *C. auratus*, the common flicker, which has a brown back, spotted breast, and white rump. [Perh. < **Flick¹**.]

flied (flid) *intr.v.* P.t. and p.part. of **fly¹** 7.

fly·er also **fly·er** (fli'ər) *n.* 1. One, such as an insect or a bird, that flies with wings. 2. The pilot of an aircraft. 3. A passenger in an aircraft. 4. A pamphlet or circular for mass distribution. 5. A step in a straight stairway. 6. **Informal.** A daring venture.

flies (fliz) *v.* Third pers. sing. pr.t. of **fly¹**.

flight¹ (flit) *n.* 1. **a.** The motion of an object in or through a medium, esp. through the earth's atmosphere or through space. **b.** An instance of such motion. **c.** The distance covered in such motion. 2. **a.** The act or process of flying through the air by means of wings. **b.** The ability to fly. 3. A swift passage or movement. 4. A scheduled airline run or trip. 5. A group, esp. of birds or aircraft, flying together. 6. A number of aircraft in the U.S. Air Force forming a subdivision of a squadron. 7. An exuberant or transcendent effort or display: *flights of oratory*. 8. A series of stairs rising from one landing to another. — *intr.v.* **flight·ed**, **flight·ing**, **flights**. To migrate or fly in flocks. [ME < OE *flyht*. See **pleu·***.]

flight² (flit) *n.* The act or an instance of running away; an escape. [ME < OE **flyht*. See **pleu·***.]

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fleur-de-lis
On a gold florin

flam·mer *n.* — **flam'flam'mer·y** *n.*

flim·sy (flim'zē) *adj.* -**si·er**, -**si·est**. 1. Lighthearted; inconsequential. 2. Lacking solidity or strength; flimsy; unconvincing. — *n.*, *pl.* -**sies**. 1. Their make multiple copies. 2. Something writ per. [?] — **flim'si·ly** *adv.* — **flim'si·ness** *n.*

flinch (flinch) *intr.v.* **flinched**, **flinch·ing**, **flinches**. To wince involuntarily, as from surprise or as from something unpleasant or difficult act or instance of flinching. [Obsolete Fr. orig.] — **flinch'er** *n.* — **flinch'ing·ly** *adv.*

flin·ders (flin'dərz) *pl.n.* Bits, fragments of flint. — **flin·ders Range** (flin'dərz). A mountain range in Australia E of Lake Torrens rising to 1,100 ft.

Flinders River. An intermittent river of NE Australia 837 km (520 mi) to the Gulf of Carpentaria.

fling (fling) *v.* **flung** (flung), **fling·ing**, **flings**. To throw with violence. See **Syns** at **throw**. — *n.* 1. A sudden or unexpected act. 2. To throw with abandon and energy. 3. To throw quickly, violently, or impulsively. — *intr.* To move quickly, violently, or impulsively. The act of flinging. 2. A brief period of activity. See **Syns** at **binge**. 3. **Informal.** An effort. [ME *flingen*, of Scand. orig. See **flint**.]

flint (flint) *n.* 1. A hard fine-grained quartz struck with steel. 2. **a.** A piece of flint used as a spark-producing alloy; ignite the fuel. 3. A piece of flint used in the manufacture of gunpowder. 4. Something hard like flint. [Fr.]

Flint (flint). A city of SE-central MI NNW on the site of a fur-trading post estab. in 1722.

flint corn *n.* A variety of corn (*Zea mays*) with small hard grains.

flint glass *n.* A soft, fusible, lustrous, brittle glass with high refraction and low thermal expansion. — **flint glass** *n.* See **wood ibis**.

flint·lock (flint'lɒk') *n.* 1. An obsolete type of flint embedded in the hammer produces the charge. 2. A firearm having this type of lock.

Flint River. A river of W GA flowing c. 53 miles to the Chattahoochee R. and forming the Apalachicola River.

flint·y (flint'ē) *adj.* -**i·er**, -**i·est**. 1. Containing flint. 2. Unyielding; stern. — **flint'i·ly** *adv.*

flip (flip) *v.* **flipped**, **flip·ping**, **flips**. — *tr.* 1. To toss or turn over or around, esp. motion. **b.** To turn through; leaf. 4. To slyly; flick. 5. To move or act on with a quick motion. — *intr.* 1. To turn over: *The canoe flipped over*. 2. To move in twists and turns quickly and lightly; snap: *The lid flipped*. 3. To go crazy. Often react strongly and esp. enthusiastically. **flipping**, esp.: **a.** A flick or tap. **b.** A sb. **c.** A somersault. 2. **Informal.** A rever mixed drink made with any of various liquors and often beaten eggs. — *adj.* **flip·per**, **flip·per**. Marked by casual disrespect; impertinent. — **flip·per** *n.* 1. To react strongly, enthusiastically. 2. To go crazy. [Perh. imit.]

flip·book (flip'boōk') *n.* A small book containing a series of images that give the illusion of continuous motion when the edges of the pages are flipped quickly.

ment following impact; **ass·ful** (glās'fūl') *n.* The quantity that a glass can hold. **1.** On initial consideration, **ass·ful** *n.* *Mus.* An instrument consisting of a set of graduated glass bowls on a rotating spindle that produce tones when a finger is pressed to their moistened rims. **2.** Chiefly *MHG.* *glanz* < *OHGer.* *glanz*. A greenhouse.

ass·line (glā'sēn') *n.* A nearly transparent resilient glazed pane; slanting or deflected, resistant to the passage of air and grease. **ass·jaw** *n.* *Sports.* Vulnerability of a boxer to a punch.

ass·mak'er (glās'mā'kər) *n.* One that makes glass. **ass·mak'ing** *n.* The process of making glass. **ass·snake** *n.* Any of several slender snakelike lizards of the genus *Ophisaurus*, having a tail that breaks or snaps off readily; secretes a substance. [*Fr.* and later regenerates. < the brittleness of its tail.]

ass·ware (glās'wār') *n.* Objects, esp. containers, made of glass.

ass·wool *n.* Fine-spun fibers of glass used esp. for insulation in air filters.

ass·work (glās'wūrk') *n.* **1.a.** The manufacture of glassware or glass. **b.** The cutting and fitting of glass panes; glazery.

ass·wort (glās'wūrt', -wōrt') *n.* Any of various plants of the genus *Salicornia*, growing in salt marshes and having fleshy, succulent leaves. [*<* its former use in making glass.]

ass·y (glās'ē) *adj.* **1.** Characteristic of or relating to, affecting, or resembling glass. **2.** Lifeless; expressionless. — **ass'y** *ly* *adv.*

ass·ton·bur'y (glās'tən-bēr'ē) *n.* A municipal borough of England SSW of Bristol; traditional site of King Arthur's tomb. Pop. 6,773. **2.** A city of central CT SE of Hartford; settled in 1650. Pop. 27,901.

ass·we·gian (glās-wē'jən, glāz-) *adj.* Of or relating to Glasgow, Scotland. — *n.* A native or resident of Glasgow, Scotland. [*Glas*(gow) + *Galwegian*, person from Galloway (Med. *Lat.* *Galuidia*, Galloway, a region of SW Scotland + *-ian*).]

ass·ber's salt (glou'berz) *n.* A sodium sulfate, Na₂SO₄·10H₂O, used in paper and glass manufacturing and as a cathartic. [*After* Johann Rudolf Glauber (1604–68), German chemist.]

ass·co·ma (glou-kō'mə, glō-) *n.* Any of a group of eye diseases characterized by abnormally high intraocular fluid pressure, damaged optic disk, and partial to complete loss of vision. [*Lat.* *glaucoma*, cataract < *Gk.* *glaukos* < *glaukos*, blue; *ma*, noun-forming suffix.] — **ass·co·matous** (-kō'mə-təs) *adj.*

ass·nite (glō'kə-nīt') *n.* A dark to yellowish green clay mineral, a hydrous silicate of variable composition, (K,Na)(Al,Fe,Mg)₂(Al,Si)₄O₁₀(OH)₂, found in greensand. [*Gk.* *glaukon*, neut. of *glaukos*, gray + *-nitē*.] — **ass·nitous** (-nīt'ik) *adj.*

ass·cus (glō'kəs) *adj.* **1.** Of a pale grayish or bluish green. **2.** Bot. Covered with a grayish, bluish, or whitish coating that is easily rubbed off. [*Lat.* *glauca* < *Gk.* *glaukos*.] — **ass·cus·ness** *n.*

ass·glaze (glāz) *n.* **1.** A thin smooth shiny coating. **2.** A thin glassy coating of ice. **3.a.** A coating of material applied to ceramics before firing. **b.** A coating, as of syrup, applied to food. **c.** A transparent coating applied to the surface of a painting to modify the color tones. **4.** A glassy film, as one over the eyes.

ass·glazed, **ass·ing**, **ass·glaz·es**. — *tr.* **1.** To fit, furnish, or secure with glass; *glaze a window*. **2.** To apply a glaze to; *glaze pottery*. **3.** To coat or cover thinly with ice. **4.** To give a smooth lustrous surface to. — *intr.* **1.** To be or become

shiny bright; glazing. **2.** To be or become smooth and blindingly white. **3.** To be or become glossy and very slippery.

ass·ly (*glāz*) *adv.* **1.** In a smooth shiny or glossy manner. **2.** In a smooth and blindingly white manner. **3.** In a glossy and very slippery manner.

ass·ness (*glāz*) *n.* The quality or state of being shiny, smooth, or glossy.

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John Glenn