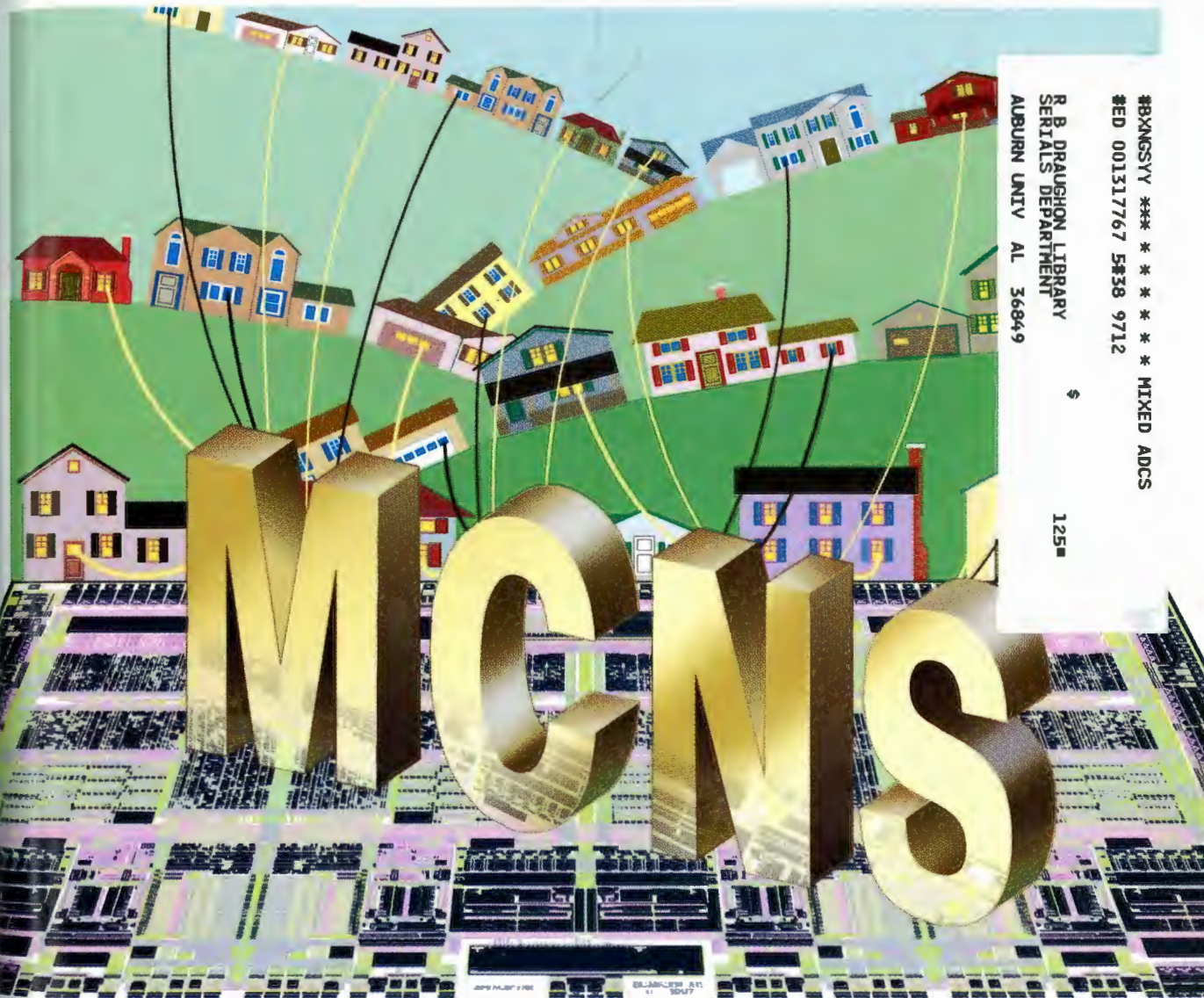


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# COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

■ Highlights and insights from the frontline of the communications revolution

## MCNS/DOCSIS MAC Clears A Path For The Cable-Modem Invasion

*The First Standards-Compliant Chip Means Affordable, Interoperable, Cable Modems, With Speed And Security Features.*

Lee Goldberg

With the introduction of the BCM3220 multimedia cable networking systems/Data-Over-Cable-Service Interface Specification (MCNS/DOCSIS) compliant media-access controller (MAC) chip, the cable data revolution has begun in earnest. By rolling out the first integrated implementation of the cable industry's recently developed DOCSIS, Broadcom Corporation has paved the way for the rapid development of inexpensive consumer-oriented cable data appliances. This move could provide a critical jump-start for the emerging cable data industry. If the next year goes according to plan, we may see a device that delivers multimegabit downstream Internet access being sold at K-Mart's and electronic discount stores at prices comparable to today's 56-kbit POTS modems.

### The Broadband Wars

The development of DOCSIS and the introduction of the BCM3220 mark the first hopeful chapter in the troubled history of cable media's efforts to maintain its dominant role in capturing the hearts, minds, and eyes of the American consumer. In the early nineties, the cable television industry faced a double threat: While saturated subscriber markets yielded flattening

surfing began to erode cable's near-lock on passive leisure activities.

After several ill-fated adventures with video-on-demand, interactive shopping, and other attempts to dictate consumer taste, cable marketers stumbled over the obvious hot application, broadband Internet access. Once early trials demonstrated the economic potential, it became clear that the only way to achieve a critical mass of users was to develop a transmission standard that would enable the production of mass-produced, inexpensive, interoperable cable modems and

the IEEE's 802.14 cable data standards committee, a group of large cable interests formed the MCNS group. Comprised of heavyweights like Comcast and Time-Warner, MCNS teamed with the cable industry's research consortium, Cable Labs, Louisville, Colo., to produce their own open standard for moving data between cable network headends and subscriber's homes.

### Enter DOCSIS

The first fruit of this alliance is the DOCSIS specification, developed by a group of manufacturers, under the direction of MCNS and Cable Labs. Participants in the initial development of DOCSIS included General Instruments, LAN City (now a part of Bay Networks), and Broadcom. This spec outlines the physical layer interfaces, MAC and transport protocols, security provisions, and other specifications necessary for designing interoperable cable data components. Subsequent fine-tuning was performed in an open forum hosted by Cable Labs and attended by most major players in the cable industry. The result is a standard that meets the needs of current users and anticipates the demands of future applications.

DOCSIS is designed to employ one



spectrum to transmit IP-based data across hybrid fiber coaxial networks. Complex phase/amplitude modulation enables each 6-MHz downstream channel to bring data into subscribers' homes at up to 38 Mbits/s. Depending on the bit rate selected by the operator, the shared downstream channel uses either 64- or 256-point quadrature-amplitude modulation (QAM). While little is known about what actual bandwidth requirements will be, initial results from field trials suggests that a single channel will provide groups of 200 to 1000 subscribers with Internet access that is substantially faster than today's best POTS-based services.

For communication from the home to headend, DOCSIS uses the 5-to-40-Hz sub-split band as a return path. Using QPSK today, or 16-QAM in subsequent versions, the upstream channel has a theoretical maximum throughput of 10 Mbits/s

(see "Broadband To The Home: Challenges On the Last Mile," *Electronic Design*, Oct. 2, 1995, pp 67-83).

Since DOCSIS also is intended to support IP-based video, provisions have been made to support several levels of quality of service (QoS). This

feature allows it to accommodate both traditional connectionless Internet traffic, as well as latency-sensitive multimedia streams. Selectable QoS also will let cable companies offer tiered services with various guaranteed bit rates and levels of latency to

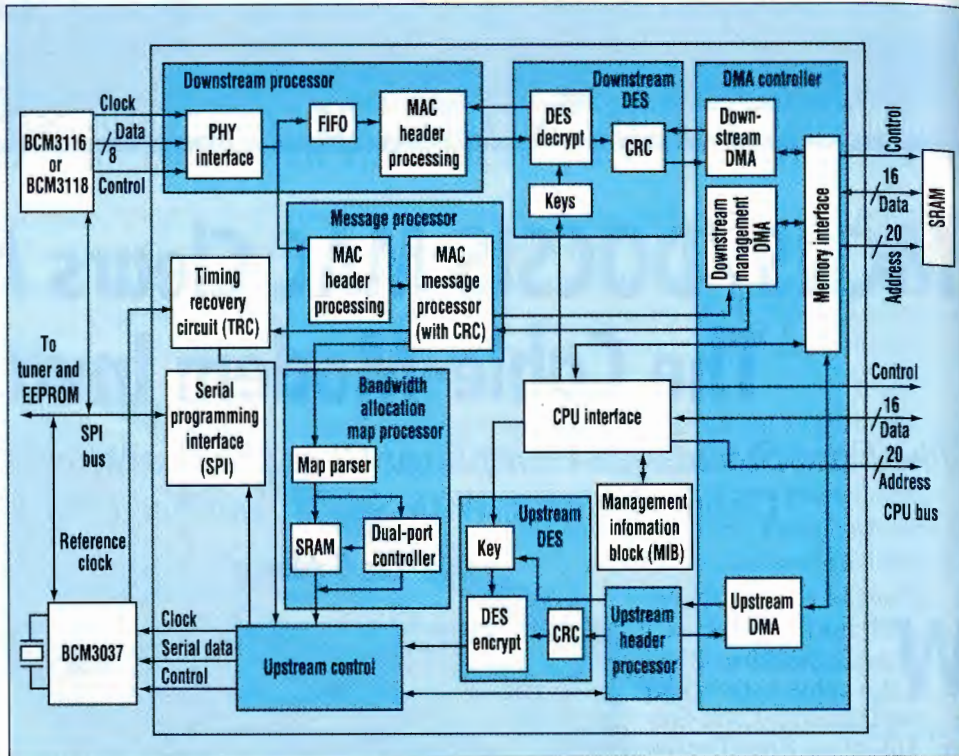
businesses which need them.

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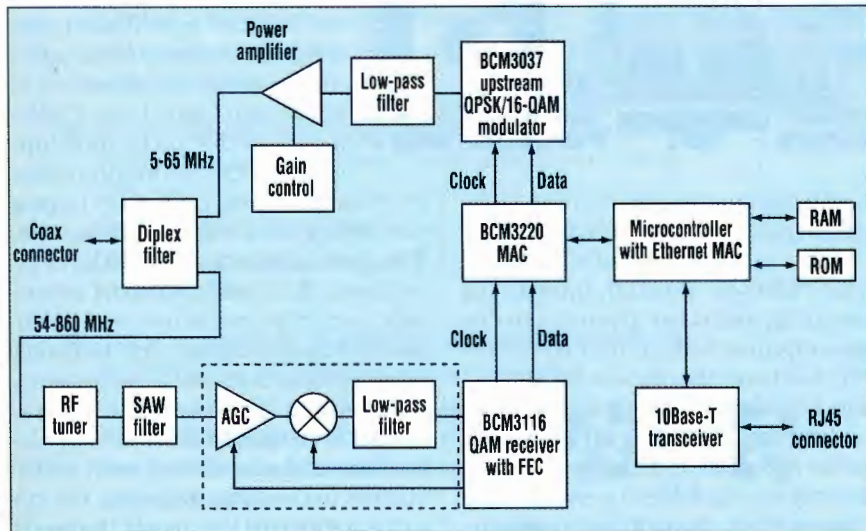
One interesting aspect of DOCSIS is that it uses MPEG II transport streams to move IP data. While not essential for today's applications, the standard's developers were looking toward the future. Today, MPEG encapsulation provides DOCSIS with a reliable, well-defined method of setting up multiple channels within a single data stream. In the near future, MPEG encapsulation will allow a single cable modem to support multiple sessions and multiple users, as well as delay-sensitive multimedia streams for voice or video over IP.

Using MPEG II transport streams also will allow DOCSIS to interoperate with the Open Cable standard for digital cable television that is currently under development. Open Cable also employs MPEG II transport streams for all of its media flows. This feature should greatly simplify traffic switching and processing within tomorrow's cable networks

Although it has some similarities to



2. The BCM3220 MAC chip incorporates all control, stream-processing, and security functions required for a MCNS/DOCSIS-compliant cable modem. A memory-based DMA interface assures efficient data transfers to and from the host controller. Both baseline and high-security modes also are supported.



1. A DOCSIS-compliant cable modem receives its data over unused 6-MHz video channels within the normal cable spectrum. Upstream traffic is carried back to the system headend in the 5-to-45-MHz sub-split band. To ensure that the modem will operate properly and not interfere with

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