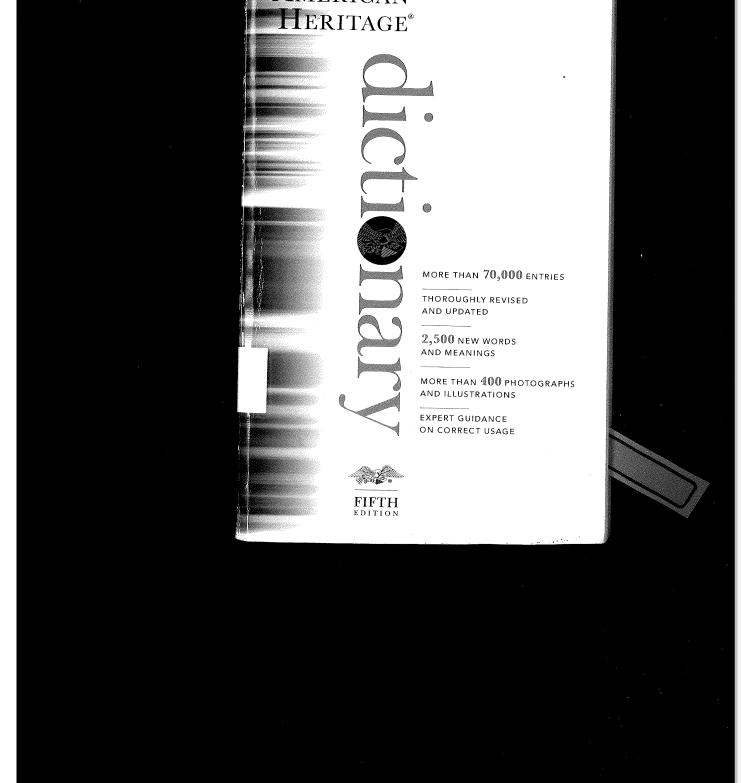
EXHIBIT O



Sale of this book without a front cover may be unauthorized. If this book is coverless, it may have been reported to the publisher as "unsold or destroyed" and neither the author nor the publisher may have received payment for it.

2012 Dell Mass Market Edition

Copyright © 2012 by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company All rights reserved.

Published in the United States by Dell, an imprint of The Random House Publishing Group, a division of Random House, Inc., New York.

Dell is a registered trademark of Random House, Inc., and the colophon is a trademark of Random House, Inc.

AMERICAN HERITAGE and the eagle logo are registered trademarks of American Heritage Inc. Their use is pursuant to a license agreement with American Heritage Inc.

Derived from the hardcover edition of the American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language, Fifth Edition, originally published in the United States by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt in November 2011.

Words are included in this dictionary on the basis of their usage. Words that are known to have current trademark registrations are shown with initial capital and are also identified as trademarks. No investigation has been made of common-law trademark rights in any word, because such investigation is impracticable. The inclusion of any word in this dictionary is not, however, an expression of the publisher's opinion as to whether or not it is subject to proprietary rights. Indeed, no definition in this dictionary is to be regarded as affecting the validity of any trademark.

ISBN 978-0-553-58322-9

Cover design: Stoltze Design Cover photograph: Getty Images

Printed in the United States of America

www.bantamdell.com

98765432

Dell mass market edition: July 2012

Table of Conten

Editorial and Production Staff

Guide to the Dictionary

Dictionary of the English Language

Picture Credits

Tables and Char

Bible

Calendar

Currency

Elements

Measurement



beach-comb•er (bĕch'kō'mər) ►n. 1. One who scavenges along beaches. 2. A seaside vaca-

beach·head (bēch'hĕd') ►n. 1. A position on

thone:

beach-head (bech/hed') > n. 1. A position on
an enemy shoreline captured by troops in
advance of an invading force. 2. A first achievement that opens the way; foothold.

bea-con (bef/kan) > n. 1. A lighthouse. 2. A radio
transmitter that emits a guidance signal for
aircraft. 3. A source of guidance. 4. A signal
fire. [< OB beacen.]

bead (bed) > n. 1a. A small piece of material piercd for stringing, b. beads A necklace
made of beads. c. beads A rosary. 2. A small
round object, as: a. A drop of moisture beads
of sweat. b. A knoblike forward sight on a firearm. > V To decorate with or collect into beads.

—idiom: draw (or get) a bead on To take
careful aim at. [< OB gebed, prayer.]
bead'th (bed'd) > n. A, former minor parish official in an English church. [< OB bydet.]
bead'th (bed'd) > n. A, small hound with droopincense and a smooth with block and tay

beads and so the small bound with droopincense and a smooth with block and tay

bear and smooth with block and tay

bear and tay

bear and the smooth with block and tay

bear and the smooth as the smooth with block and tay

bear and the smooth smooth with block and tay

bear and the smooth smoot

bea•gle (bel/gal) ►n. A small hound with drooping ears and a smooth white, black, and tan

beak (bēk) ▶n. 1. The horny projecting mandibles of a bird; bill. 2. A similar structure, as the spout on a pitcher. 3. Informal The human nose. [< Lat. beccus, of Celt. orig.]



from top to bottom: black skimmer, pileated

woodpecker, and American goldfinch

beak-er (be²kar) ▶ m. 1. A wide glass cylinder
with a pouring lip, used as a laboratory container. 2. A large, wide-mouthed drinking cup.
[< Med.Lat. bizarius.]
beam (bem) ▶ m. 1. A horizontal bar or support,
esp. one used in construction. 2a. The maximum breadth of a ship. b. The side of a ship.
3a. A ray of light. b. A concentrated stream of
particles or waves: a beam of protons. ▶ m. 1. To
radiate; shine. 2. To emit or transmit (e.g., a
signal). 3. To smile expansively. [< OE bēam.]
beam (bēn) ▶ m. 1a. Any of various twining
plants with edible pods and seeds. b. A seed or
pod of a bean plant. 2. Any of various plants
related to or suggestive of beans, including the
soybean and coffee bean. 3. Slang A person's
head. 4. beans Slang A small amount: I don't
know beans about investing. ▶ v. Slang To hit

on the head. —idiom: spill the beans To disclose a secret. [< OB bean.]
bean-bag (bēnrbāg') ▶n. 1. A small bag filled with dried beans and thrown in games. 2. An article, such as a chair, that is constructed as a bag filled with small pellets.
bean ball ▶n. Baseball A pitch aimed at the batter's head.
bean curd ▶n. Tofu, bean-ie (bêrne) ▶n. Al. Small brimless cap.
bean-o (bêrne) ▶n. P. →S A form of bingo, esp. one using beans as markers.
bean's (bêrne) ▶n. P. →S A form of bingo, esp. one using beans as markers.
bean's (bôrn) ▶n. P. →S A form of bingo, esp. one using beans as markers.
bear' (bôr) ▶ν. bore (bôr), borne (bôrn) or born (bôrn), bear-ing 1a. To carry (something) on one's person from one place to another. b. To move from one place to another. b. To move from one place to another a train bearing grain. 2. To carry or hold in the mind over time; harbor: bear a grudge. 3. To have as a visible characteristic or attribute: a letter bearing her name. 4. To conduct (oneself): bore herself with dignity. 5a. To hold up: support: This wall bears the weight of the roof. b. To be accountable for; assume: bearing heavy responsibilities. 6. To endure: couldn't bear the pain. 7. To warrant: bears investigation.
8. To have relevance: apply: We studied how psychology bears on politics. 9, ppart. born To give birth to. 10. To yield: bear flowers. See Synonyms at produce, 11. To offer; render: bear witness. 12. To proceed in a specified direction: bear left. —phrasal verbs: bear down 1. To exert muscular pressure downward, as in birthing a baby. 2. To advance in a threatening manner: The ship bor down on us. 3. To apply maximum effort and concentration. bear out To prove right; confirm. —idioms: bear a resemblance to be annear as freatening.

maximum effort and concentration. bear out To prove right; confirm. —idioms: bear a resemblance To be, appear, or function like, bear in mind To remember: Bear in mind that it will be cold. [< OE beran.] —bear/a-ble adj.—bear/a-bly adv. bear/ bay >n. 1. Any of various large, usu, omnivorous mammals having a shaggy coat and short tail. 2. A large, clumsy, or ill-mannered person. 3. One that sells securities or commodities in expectation of falling prices. 4. Something that is difficult or unpleasant: The final exam was a bear. [< OE bera.] —bear/ish adj.

ish adj.

beard (bird) > n. 1. A growth of hair on the chin, cheeks, and throat of a person, esp. a man. 2. A hairy or hairlike growth, as on certain animals and plants. > v. To confront boldly. [< OE.]

 bearer (bar∂sr) > n.
 One that carries or supports.
 One that holds a check or note for payment,

for payment, bear hug > m. A rough, tight hug. bear-ing (bar/ing) > m. 1. Deportment; demeanor. 2. A device that supports, guides, and reduces the friction of motion between fixed and moving machine parts. 3. Something that supports weight. 4. Direction, esp. angular direction measured using geographical or celestial reference lines. 5. often bearings. Awareness of new's nustlin relative to one's sur-Awareness of one's position relative to one's surroundings. 6. Relevant relationship: That has no bearing on our work. 7. A heraldic emblem. béar-naise sauce (bár-naz/, bá/ār-, -ər-) » n. A sauce of butter and egg yolks that is flavored with herbs. [Fr. béarnaise, of Béarn, former giving cosm

with herbs. [Fr. béarnaise, of Béarn, former region of France.]
bear-skin (bár/skin') > n. 1. Something, such as a rug, made from the skin of a bear. 2. A tall military hat made of black fur.
beast (bêst) > n. 1. An animal, esp. a large four-footed mammal. 2. A brutal person. [<

Lat. bēstia.

four-footed mammal. 2. A brutal person. [< Lat. bestia.]

beast-ly (best/le) ▶ adj. -li-er, -li-est 1. Of or like a beast, bestia. 2. Very disagreeable; nastybeastly behavior. —beast/li-ness n. beat (bet) ▶ w. beat, beat-en (bet'n) or beat, beat-ing 1a. To strike repeatedly; pound, b. To subject to repeated physical abuse; batter. 2. To flap, esp. wings. 3. To sound by striking; beat a drum. 4a. To shape by blows; forge, b. To make by trampling; beat a path. 5. To mix rapidly: beat egas. 6. To pulsate; throb. 7. To defeat 8. To strike against repeatedly and with force; pound; waves beating against the shore. 9. Informal To be better than: Riding beats walking. 10. Stang To baffle: it beats me. 11. Informal a. To circumvent: beat the traffic. b. To arrive or finish before (another). № 1. A stroke or blow. 2. A pulsation; throb 3. A steady succession of units of rhythm. 4. An area regularly covered, as by a reporter or police officer. *adj. Informal** as by a reporter or police officer. <code>bodi</code>, Informal Worn-out; fatigued. <code>—phrasal verb:</code> beat off To drive away. —ddoms: beat around (or about) the bush To fail to confront a subject directly. beat it Slang To leave hurriedly, [< OE beaten.] —beater n.

Syns: batter, hammer, pound, pummel, thrash

v.

be a-tifric (be'o-tifrik) ►adj. Showing exalted joy or bliss: a beatific smile. [< Lat. beatus, blessed.] —be'a-tiffical-ly adv. be-a-tiff (be'a-tif-al') - v. fied. -fying 1. Rom. Cath. Ch. To proclaim (a deceased person) to be worthy of religious veneration. 2. To exalt; glorify. —be-a-ti-ficaction n. be-a-ti-tude (be'atif-tood', -tyood') ►n. Surrame blessedness.

beati-tude (be-āt/j-tood', -tyood') ▶n. Supreme blessedness.

beat-nik (bet'nik) ▶n. A member of a group or movement esp. of the 1950s and early 1960s stressing nonconformity to social and cultural mores. [beat (generation), unconventional group of the 1950s and 1960s + ¬NIK.]

Bea-trix (bā'ɔ-triks', bē'-) b. 1938. Queen of the Netherlands (assumed the throne 1980), beat-up (bet'ūp') ▶adj. Slamp Damaged or worn through neglect or heavy use.

beau (bō) ▶n., pl. beaus or beaux (bōz) 1. A

through neglect or heavy use.

beau (bô) > n, pl. beaus or beaux (bôz) 1. A
suitor 2. A dandy; fop. [Fr. handsome.]

Beau-fort Sea (bô/fort) A part of the Arctic
Ocean No NE AK and NW Canada.

beau geste (bô zhêst') > n., pl. beaux gestes
or beau gestes (bô zhêst') 1. A gracious
gesture. 2. A gesture noble in form but meaningless in substance. [Fr.]

Beau-bearvairs (bô śr. sch.) Lesophing do
or waving. 2.

Beau-har-nais (bō-ār-nā/), Josephine

Beau-har-nais (bó-ār-nā'), Josephine de l763-1814. Empress of the French (1804-09) as the wife of Napoleon I. beau ideal; head type or model. [Pr. beau ideal.] beau monde (bō mōnd', mōnd') ➤ n., pl. beaux mondes (bō mōnd', or beau mondes (bō mōnd', or beau mondes (bō mōnd') > phasai verwind (bō mōnd') > phasai verwind (bō mōnd') = phasai verwind (bō mōnd') = phasai verwind (bō-dōnd') | bautiful. beau-te-ous (byō'ō'te-as) > adj. Beautiful. becoming (bō-dōnd') | bor suitable. 2. Portion (bō-dōnd') | bor suitable (bō-dōnd') | bor suitable. 2. Portion (bō-dōnd'

beau-ti-cian giving cosm beau-ti-ful (
beau-ti-ful (
beau-ti-fy (beau-ti-fy (beau-ty (byos pleases the properties as lence. 2. On ing example beautus pretty beautu mere beauty mark beauty parlo beauty salon beauty salor personal serv Beau-voir (b French write



beaux (bōz) > beaux-arts (bō [Fr.]

[Fr.]
beaver (be/vai
ing thick brow
flat tail, and sh bea-ver-board of compressed be bop (be bot two-beat phra be calm (bǐ-kā

be cause (bi-ki that; since. [M

or waving. 2. attract. [< OE

