UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

APPLE INC., Petitioner,

v.

MASIMO CORPORATION, Patent Owner.

> IPR2021-00208 Patent 10,258,266 B1

Before JOSIAH C. COCKS, ROBERT L. KINDER, and AMANDA F. WIEKER, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

KINDER, Administrative Patent Judge.

DOCKET

Δ

JUDGMENT Final Written Decision Determining All Challenged Claims Unpatentable 35 U.S.C. § 318(a)

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Background

Apple Inc. ("Petitioner") filed a Petition (Paper 2, "Pet.") pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §§ 311–319 to institute an *inter partes* review of claims 1–6, 8–16, 18, and 19 ("challenged claims") of U.S. Patent No. 10,258,266 B1 (Ex. 1001, "the '266 patent"). We instituted the petitioned review (Paper 7).

Masimo Corporation ("Patent Owner") filed a Patent Owner Response (Paper 15, "PO Resp.") to oppose the Petition. Petitioner filed a Reply (Paper 18, "Pet. Reply") to the Patent Owner Response. Patent Owner filed a Sur-reply (Paper 22, "Sur-reply") to the Reply. We conducted an oral hearing on March 15, 2022. A transcript has been entered into the record (Paper 31, "Tr.").

We have jurisdiction under 35 U.S.C. § 6(b)(4) and § 318(a). This Decision is a final written decision under 35 U.S.C. § 318(a) and 37 C.F.R. § 42.73 as to the patentability of claims 1–6, 8–16, 18, and 19 of the '266 patent. We determine Petitioner has shown by a preponderance of the evidence that those claims are unpatentable.

B. Related Matters

The parties identify the following matters related to the '266 patent: *Masimo Corporationv. Apple Inc.*, Civil Action No. 8:20-cv-00048 (C.D. Cal.);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01520 (PTAB Aug. 31, 2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,258,265 B1);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01521 (PTAB Sept. 2, 2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,292,628 B1);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01523 (PTAB Sept. 9,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 8,457,703 B2);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01524 (PTAB Aug. 31,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,433,776 B2);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01526 (PTAB Aug. 31, 2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 6,771,994 B2);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01536 (PTAB Aug. 31,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,588,553 B2);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01537 (PTAB Aug. 31,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,588,553 B2);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01538 (PTAB Sept. 2,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,588,554 B2);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01539 (PTAB Sept. 2,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,588,554 B2);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01713 (PTAB Sept. 30,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,624,564 B1);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01714 (PTAB Sept. 30,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,631,765 B1);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01715 (PTAB Sept. 30,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,631,765 B1);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01716 (PTAB Sept. 30,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,702,194 B1);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01722 (PTAB Oct. 2,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,470,695 B2);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01723 (PTAB Oct. 2,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,470,695 B2);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01733 (PTAB Sept. 30, 2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,702,195 B1);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2020-01737 (PTAB Sept. 30, 2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,709,366 B1);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2021-00193 (PTAB Nov. 20, 2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,299,708 B1);

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2021-00195 (PTAB Nov. 20,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,376,190 B1); and

Apple Inc. v. Masimo Corporation, IPR2021-00209 (PTAB Nov. 20,

2020) (challenging claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,376,191 B1).

Pet. 1, 72–73;¹ Paper 3, 1, 3–4.

Patent Owner further identifies certain issued patent applications, as well as other pending and abandoned applications, that claim priority to, or share a priority claim with, the '266 patent. Paper 3, 1-3.

C. The '266 Patent

The '266 patent is titled "Multi-Stream Data Collection System for Noninvasive Measurement of Blood Constituents," and issued on April 16, 2019, from U.S. Patent Application No. 16/212,537, filed December 6, 2018. Ex. 1001, codes (21), (22), (45), (54). The '266 patent claims priority through a series of continuation and continuation-in-part applications to Provisional Application Nos. 61/086,060, 61/086,108, 61/086,063, and 61/086,057, each filed on August 4, 2008, as well as 61/091,732 filed on

¹ Petitioner lists "U.S. Patent[] 10,299,708 (IPR2020-00193)" as a related *inter partes* review petition. Pet. 73. The case number associated with Patent No. 10,299,708 B1 is IPR2021-00193 and not "IPR2020-00193" as listed by Petitioner.

IPR2021-00208 Patent 10,258,266 B1

August 25, 2008, and 61/078,228 and 61/078,207, both filed July 3, 2008. *Id.* at codes (60), (63).

The '266 patent discloses a two-part data collection system including a noninvasive sensor that communicates with a patient monitor. *Id.* at 2:31– 33. The sensor includes a sensor housing, an optical source, and several photodetectors, and is used to measure a blood constituent or analyte, e.g., oxygen or glucose. *Id.* at 2:22–28, 55–58. The patient monitor includes a display and a network interface for communicating with a handheld computing device. *Id.* at 2:35–41.

Figure 1 of the '266 patent is reproduced below.

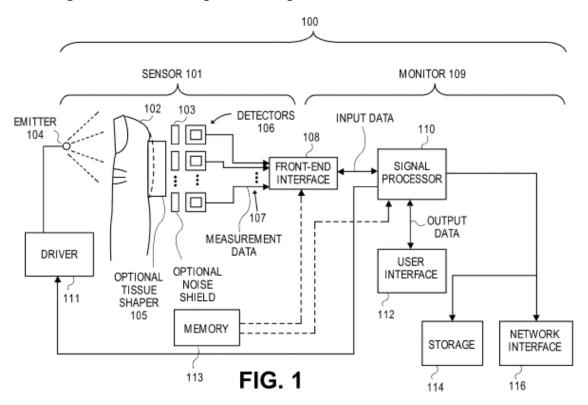


Figure 1 illustrates a block diagram of data collection system 100 including sensor 101 and monitor 109. *Id.* at 11:36–38. Sensor 101 includes emitter 104 and detectors 106. *Id.* at 11:48–50. Emitter 104 emits light that is attenuated or reflected by the patient's tissue at measurement site 102. *Id.*

DOCKET A L A R M



Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.