## WEBSTER'S

**NEW UNIVERSAL** 

## UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY

DELUXE SECOND EDITION

BASED UPON THE BROAD FOUNDATIONS LAID DOWN BY

Noah Webster

EXTENSIVELY REVISED BY THE PUBLISHER'S EDITORIAL STAFF UNDER THE GENERAL SUPERVISION OF

JEAN L. McKECHNIE

INCLUDING ETYMOLOGIES, FULL PRONUNCIATIONS, SYNONYMS, AND AN ENCYCLOPEDIC SUPPLEMENT OF GEOGRAPHICAL AND BIOGRAPHICAL DATA, SCRIPTURE PROPER NAMES, FOREIGN WORDS AND PHRASES, PRACTICAL BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, ABBREVIATIONS, TABLES OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, SIGNS AND SYMBOLS, AND FORMS OF ADDRESS

ILLUSTRATED THROUGHOUT

**Dorset & Baber** 



Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

## WEBSTER'S NEW TWENTIETH CENTURY DICTIONARY

Second Edition

Copyright © 1983 and 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1962, 1964, 1968, 1970, 1975, 1977, 1979 by Simon & Schuster, a Division of Gulf & Western Corporation Full-Color Plates Copyright © 1972 by Simon & Schuster, a Division of Gulf & Western Corporation All rights reserved including the right of reproduction in whole or in part in any form Published by New World Dictionaries/Simon and Schuster A Simon & Schuster Division of Gulf & Western Corporation Simon & Schuster Building Rockefeller Center 1230 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10020 SIMON AND SCHUSTER, TREE OF KNOWLEDGE and colophon are trademarks of Simon & Schuster.

Dictionary Editorial Offices New World Dictionaries 850 Euclid Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

Manufactured in the United States of America

10 9 8 7 6 5

Library of Congress Catalog Card Number: 83-42537

ISBN 0-671-41819-X

Previous editions of this book were published by The World Publishing Company, William Collins +World Publishing Co., Inc. and William Collins Publishers, Inc.



lection.
6. not salt: said of water.
7. recently drawn; pure and cool; not warm or vapid; as, a glass of fresh water.
8. original, spontaneous, and stimulating; as, the conversation was fresh and delightful.
9. not tired; vigorous; lively; having new vigor; as, he rose fresh for the combat.
10. new; that has lately come or arrived; not known before; as, fresh news; fresh dispatches.

patches.

11. sweet; in a good state; not spoiled, rotten, or stale; as, fresh milk.
12. not salted, preserved, pickled, etc.; as,

fresh meat.

13. unpracticed; inexperienced; not before employed; as, a fresh hand on board ship.

14. not worn, soiled, faded, etc.; vivid; bright; clean; as, fresh linen.

15. additional; further; as, he made a fresh start.

16. designating or of a cow that has newly come into the state of a milker, as after having borne a calf.

fresh out of; having just sold or used up.

[Slang.]

fresh out of; naving sacretisms.

Syn.—brisk, strong, vigorous, lively, unimpaired, unfaded, florid, ruddy, new, novel, recent, rare, unpracticed, unaccustomed, unused, inexperienced.

fresh, a. [from G. frech, bold, impudent.]

1. bold; saucy; impertinent; impudent.

fresh, a. [from G. frech, bold, impudent.]

1. bold; saucy; impertinent; impudent.
[Slang.]

2. drunk; tipsy. [Slang.]

fresh, n. 1. a freshet; a stream in overflow.

2. a spring of fresh water flowing into a river or into the ocean.

3. the mingling of fresh water with turbid or with salt water, especially the mingling of the waters of a river or brook with the salt water of a bay or estuary.

4. a freshman. [College Slang.]

fresh'en, v.t.; freshened, pt., pp.; freshening, ppr. 1. to make fresh; to separate from saline particles; as, to freshen water, fish, or meat.

2. to refresh; to revive.

3. in nautical usage, to apply new service to (a cable); as, to freshen the hawes.

to freshen ballast; to readjust ballast.

to freshen he hawse; to pay out or take in a little of the cable of a vessel at anchor, so as to expose another part of it to the fraying action at the hawse hole.

to freshen he way; to increase the speed, as of a ship in motion.

fresh'en, v.i. 1. to grow or become fresh.

2. to have a calf: said of a cow.

3. to come into milk.

fresh'et, n. 1, a flood or overflowing of a river, on account of heavy rains or melted snow.

2. a stream or rush of fresh water flowing into the sea.

fresh'-look"ing, a. appearing fresh.

into the sea.
fresh'-look"ing, a. appearing fresh. fresh'ly, adv. 1. in a fresh manner.
2. recently; just now; newly.
fresh'man, n.; pl. fresh'men, 1. a novice; a

beginner.

2. a student of the first year in a college or high school, 3. a person in his first year at any enter-prise; as, Senator Smith is a freshman in Con-

fretted

5. pertaining to, produced by, or living in water that is fresh, or not salt; as, fresh-water geological deposits, fresh-water fish.

fret's with fret's fret's fre't

the fret's Freu mu psy Freu

ana Freu

of psy

cau Frey

god pro

Frey des ten Frey frī-à-

rub fria frī'à

to frī'ā frī'ā

fra ber ord

> not is g

> silv

zoi frī'ā

yne nec

etc frī'a

chi frī'ă Ac ho frī'ă lati frī'ă

Cni frī'ă

of fri'a the frī'ā

frī'ā

ast frī'ā

frī-ā

frib

frib

frib

fog

roi

frib frib! frib frī/b lit. ple frï-cl me sau friç-

fric

tot Of

fri

fres l'son, n. in logic, one of the valid modes. fret, n. a strait. [Obs.]

fret, n. a strait. [Obs.]
fret, v.t.; fretted, pt., pp.; fretting, ppr. [ME.
freten; AS. fretan, contr. of foretan, to eat up,
devour; for., and etan, to eat.]

1. to wear away by gnawing, rubbing, chafing, corroding, rusting, etc.; also, to make or
form by wearing away.

2. to gnaw; to eat away; as, a worm frets
the planks of a ship.

3. to agitate; to disturb; to make rough; to
cause to ripple; as, to fret the surface of water.

4. to tease; to irritate; to vex; to make
angry.

angry.

Fret not thyself because of evildoers.

--Ps. xxxvii. 1.

--Ps. xxxvii. 1.

5. to devour. [Obs.]
Syn.—chafe, gall, vex, anger, gnaw, corrode, rub, agitate, disturb.

fret, v.i. 1. to gnaw (into, on, or upon).

2. to be worn away; to be corroded, worn, frayed, etc.; as, any substance will in time fret away by friction.

3. to be agitated; to become rough or disturbed.

4. to be vexed; to be chafed or irritated; to be annoyed or querulous; to worry.

He frets, he fumes, he stares, he stamps the ground.

—Dryden. ground.

ground.

ret, n. 1. the agitation of the surface of a fluid, as when boiling, fermenting, etc.

2. a wearing away.

3. a worn place.

4. irritation; annoyance; worry.

5. in mining, the washed side of a river bank, showing outcroppings by means of which miners are able to locate veins of ore.

6. a cutaneous eruption, as tetter; a chafing, as in the folds of the skin of fat children.

ret, v.l.; fretted, pl., pp.; fretting, ppr. [OFr.

fret, v.t.; fretted, pt., pp.; frettin., ppr. [OFr. fretter, fretter, to cross, interlece, from frete, iron band, ferrule, from LL. ferrata, an iron grating.] to ornament with a fret or fretwork. fret, n. [OFr. frete, an iron band, ferrule, from LL. ferrata, an iron grating, iron railing, from

L. ferrum, iron.]



1. an ornamental net or network, especially one formerly worn by women as a headdress.
2. an ornamental pattern of small, straight bars intersecting or joining one another at right angles to form a regular design, as for a border.

3. in architecture, an ornamental pattern of this kind in relief; fretwork.
4. in heraldry, a transverse cross interlaced with a hollow, diamond-shaped figure. fret, n. [Fr., a band, a ring, from OFr. freter, to make fast.]

1. any of several narrow, lateral ridges fastened across the finger board of a banjo, guitar, mandolin, etc. to regulate the fingering.

2. a caul of gold or silver wire worn by ladies in the middle ages.

fret, v.t. to furnish with frets. fretfyl, a. disposed to fret; ill-humored; peevish; angry; in a state of vexation; as, a fretful

temper.

Syn.—peevish, cross, captious.—Peevish marks the inward spirit, and fretful the outward act, while both imply a complaining impatience. Crossness is peevishness mingled with vexation or anger.

fretfully, adv. peevishly; angrily.
fretfullness, n. peevishness; ill-humor; disposition to fret and complain.
fret saw, a saw with a long, narrow, finetothed blade, for cutting thin wooden boards or metal plates into patterns.
frette, n. [Fr., a hoop.] a hoop of steel or wrought iron for strengthening the outside of a cannon or gun.
fret'ted, [past tense and past participle of fret temper.

fret'ted, [past tense and past participle of fret (to ornament).] a. decorated with frets. fret'ted, [past tense and past participle of fret (to vex).] a. 1. away; chafed.
2. worried; anxious; discontented.

or controls its motion, as the fold under the tongue: also spelled fraenum.

2. a characteristic ridge upon some insects.

3. ren'zled, a. frenzied. [Obs.]

4. fren'zled, a. wildly excited; frantic.

5. fresh, fresch, from AS. fersc, fresh; D. versch; fren'zled, madly; distractedly.

6. H. opin; fresher; superl. freshest, [ME. fresk, fresch, from AS. fersc, fresh; D. versch; fren'zled, y. midl excitedly.

7. having the color and appearance of yout; lively; as, a fresh complexion.

8. new; recently grown or produced; as, fresh vegetables; newly laid; as, fresh eggs.

7. reen'zy, a. passionate; madly excited. [Obs.]

8. reen'zy, v.t.; frenzied, pt., pp.; frenzying, ppr.

8. to paint in fresco.

6. H. of frisc; Ice. ferskr; Sw. frisk; Dan. frisk.]

9. L. brisk; strong: said of the wind.

9. having the color and appearance of yout; lively; as, a fresh complexion.

9. new; recently grown or produced; as, fresh vegetables; newly laid; as, fresh eggs.

7. to fill with frenzy; to make frantic.

8. not impaired by time; not forgotten or obliterated; as, the ideas are fresh in my recollection. 2. a characteristic ridge upon some interesting the point some inflammation of the brain, from phren, mind.] wild excitement; frantic outburst; brief delirium that is almost insanity.

fren'zy, a. passionate; madly excited. [Obs.]
fren'zy, a. passionate; madly excited. [Obs.]
fren'zy, a.t.; frenzied, pt., pp.; frenzying, ppr.
to fill with frenzy; to make frantic.
fre'on, n. [fluorine, and refrigerant, and -on as
in neon, etc.] a colorless gas, CClsFs, used
especially as a refrigerant: a trade-mark
(Freon).

(Freon).

frèquence, n. [Fr. frèquence; L. frequentia, a throng, crowd, from frequens (-entis), crowded.]

1. a crowd; a throng; a concourse; an assembly. [Obs.]

2. same as frequency.

frèquency, n.; pl. frèquencies, 1. originally, (a) the condition of being crowded; (b) a crowd.

2. the fact of occurring often or repeatedly; frequent occurrence.

2. the fact of occurring often or repeatedly; frequent occurrence.
3. the number of times any action or occurrence is repeated in a given period.
4. in mathematics and statistics, (a) the ratio of the number of actual occurrences to the number of possible occurrences in a given period; (b) the ratio of the number of individuals occurring in a specific class to the total number of individuals under survey.
5. in physics, (a) the number of vibrations or cycles per unit of time; (b) the number of cycles per second of an alternating electric current.

frē'quen.cy mod ū lā'tion, 1. the changing of the frequency of the transmitting radio wave in accordance with the sound being

broadcast.

2. broadcasting that uses this, characterized by freedom from static and more faithful reproduction of sound.

Distinguished from amplitude modulation.

frequent, a. [Fr. frequent, from L. frequens (-entis), crowded, repeated.]

1. often seen or done; happening at short intervals; often repeated or occurring; as, we made frequent visits to the hospital.

2. accustomed often to practice anything; as, he was frequent and loud in his declamations against the revolution.

3. full; crowded; thronged. [Obs.]

4. told often; of common report. [Obs.]

5. constant; habitual.

Syn.—many, repeated, numerous, recurrent, general, continual, usual, common, recurring.

curring.

frē-quent', v.t.; frequented, pt., pp.; frequenting, ppr. [Fr. fréquenter, from L. frequentare, to fill, crowd, visit often, from frequents, crowded, frequent, repeated.] to visit often; to be at or in habitually; as, they frequent

the theater.

He frequented the court of Augustus.

—Dryden.

fre quent'à ble, a. accessible.
fre quent'àge, n. the practice of frequenting.
[Rare.]

fre quen ta'tion, n. the act or practice of fre-

fre quent'a tive, a. [LL. frequentativus, frequentative, from frequentare, to do or make use of frequently.] in grammar, denoting the frequent repetition of an action; as, a frequentative verb. frequent'a tive, n. a verb which denotes the frequent occurrence or repetition of an action. frequent'er, n. one who frequents; a constant visitor.

frē'quent·ly, adv. often; many times; at short intervals; commonly.

frē'quent·ness, n. the quality of being frequent or often repeated.

frère (frār), n. [Fr.] 1. a brother. 2. a friar fres'çāde, n. [OFr. fresade, fresquade, from It. fresco, fresh, cool.] a.cool walk; a shady place fresh'cool, as noun, coolness, freshness, from O.H.G. frisc, fresh.]

1. coolness; shade; a cool, refreshing state of the air. [Obs.]

2. the art or technique of painting with water colors on wet plaster.

3. a picture or design painted by the above method.

3. a person in his first year at any enterprise; as, Senator Smith is a freshman in Congress.

the freshman curriculum.

Lord! how the seniors knocked about The freshman class of one! —Holmes. fresh'mān ship, n. the state of a freshman. fresh'ness, n. the condition or quality of being fresh, in any sense of the word.

fresh'-new, a. unpracticed. [Obs.]

fresh water only; as, a fresh-water sailor.

2. raw; unskilled; inexperienced; as, freshwater soldiers.

3. in or of the hinterland; inland.

4. somewhat provincial, obscure, etc.; as,