UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE ————— BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD ———— APPLE INC., Petitioner v. LBT IP I LLC, Patent Owner ———

Case No. IPR2020-01189 U.S. Patent No. 8,497,774

PETITIONER'S REPLY TO PATENT OWNER'S RESPONSE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. INTRODUCTION	1
II. CLAIM CONSTRUC	ΓΙΟΝ1
 Prosecution History Patent Owner's Pro 	Disclaimer Must Be "Clear and Unequivocal" 2 Sposal Lacks Written Description Support
III. THE CLAIMS OF TH	E '774 PATENT ARE INVALID AS OBVIOUS10
1. Patent Owner's Att	08(c): SAKAMOTO TEACHES ADJUSTING CYCLE RATES 10 empt to Read a Schedule into the Claims Should Be
Sakamoto's Positioning a) Sakamoto's norm	to Address the Undisputed Evidence that Each of Modes Has an Associated Regular Update Rate12 al positioning mode has a regular refresh rate13 sensitivity positioning mode has a regular refresh rate
,	position searching mode has a regular refresh rate15 es not dispute that switching the positioning mode
updates the communication	cation signaling protocol15
B. LIMITATION 8(D): SAK	AMOTO TEACHES A "MULTITUDE" OF THRESHOLDS15
1. Sakamoto Teaches	at Least Four Threshold Values15
2. Petitioner's Argum	ent Applying Sakamoto's Additional Thresholds
Properly Responds to P	atent Owner's New Claim Construction18
IV. CONCLUSION	19



TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Cases:

3M Innovative Props. Co. v. Tredegar Corp., 725 F.3d 1315 (Fed. Cir. 2013)	3
Apple Inc. v. Andrea Electronics Corp., 949 F.3d 697 (Fed. Cir. 2020)	19
Avid Tech., Inc. v. Harmonic, Inc., 812 F.3d 1040 (Fed. Cir. 2016)	3
Gen. Hosp. Corp. v. Sienna Biopharm., Inc., 888 F.3d 1368 (Fed. Cir. 2018)	7
Intelligent Bio-Sys., Inc. v. Illumina Cambridge Ltd., 821 F.3d 1359 (Fed. Cir. 2016)	18
Purdue Pharma L.P. v. Faulding Inc., 230 F.3d 1320 (Fed. Cir. 2000)	7, 10
SanDisk Corp. v. Memorex Prod., Inc., 415 F.3d 1278 (Fed. Cir. 2005)	3
Statutes:	
35 U.S.C. § 102	2
35 U.S.C. § 312(a)(3)	18
Regulations:	
37 C.F.R. § 42.6	27
37 C.F.R. § 42.6(e)	27
37 C F R 8 42 121(b)(1)	9



I. INTRODUCTION

Patent Owner's Response (Paper 17, "Response") turns on two primary issues. First, Patent Owner argues Sakamoto does not teach "a schedule of repeating events or any updating of such schedule," a requirement Patent Owner contends is "implicitly required by" limitations [1(e)] and [8(c)] of the claims of the '774 Patent. Patent Owner's Motion to Amend (Paper 16, "Motion to Amend") at 21; see also Response at 9,12. Second, Patent Owner argues that "a multitude in the context of the '774 Patent is necessarily more than two" and that Sakamoto's two thresholds are therefore insufficient to form a multitude. Response at 14. As discussed below, the Board rejected these arguments at the institution stage, and Patent Owner offers nothing new compelling a different result in a final written decision.

II. CLAIM CONSTRUCTION

A. "Multitude"

In its Preliminary Response (Paper 8, "POPR") Patent Owner argued that Sakamoto's disclosure of two thresholds was insufficient to teach the claimed "multitude of threshold values." POPR at 15–17. Responsive to this argument, the Board interpreted "multitude" to be synonymous with "plurality" based on substantially identical dictionary definitions for the two terms and one dictionary that defined "plurality" as "multitude." Paper 9 ("Institution Decision") at 11–12. As best understood, Patent Owner's proposed interpretation for the claim term



"multitude" is "necessarily more than two." *Response* at 14, 16. Such an interpretation lacks any support in the intrinsic or extrinsic evidence, and the Board should maintain the interpretation of "multitude" as being synonymous with "plurality."

1. Prosecution History Disclaimer Must Be "Clear and Unequivocal"

In support of its proposed interpretation of "multitude," Patent Owner argues that prosecution history disclaimer should apply. Response at 14–16. In particular, Patent Owner argues the original applicant for the '774 Patent ("Applicant") disclaimed a system with only two threshold values for intermittently activating or deactivating the location tracking circuitry. *Id.* In support of this argument, Patent Owner relies upon Applicant's amendment to incorporate as-filed claim 17, which recited "the power level compris[ing] a multitude of threshold values determined by a user or system administrator to intermittently activate or deactivate the location tracking circuitry to conserve power of the charging unit in response to the estimated charge level of the charging unit." Id. Patent Owner argues that, by incorporating this limitation into rejected claim 8 to overcome the 35 U.S.C. § 102 rejection thereof as anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 7,826,968 to Huang et al. (Ex. 2011, Huang), Applicant limited the scope of the claim term "multitude" to "necessarily greater than two." Response at 14–16. Per Patent Owner, Huang discloses two thresholds.



DOCKET

Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

