# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

# THE TRUSTEES OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK and QIAGEN SCIENCES, LLC,

Plaintiffs,

C.A. No. 19-1681-CFC

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

v.

ILLUMINA, INC.,

Defendant.

# DEFENDANT ILLUMINA, INC.'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF THE COURT'S CLAIM CONSTRUCTION ORDER

Of Counsel: Edward R. Reines Derek C. Walter WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP Silicon Valley Office 201 Redwood Shores Parkway Redwood Shores, CA 94065 (650) 802-3000 edward.reines@weil.com derek.walter@weil.com Steven J. Balick (#2114) Andrew C. Mayo (#5207) ASHBY & GEDDES 500 Delaware Avenue, 8th Floor P.O. Box 1150 Wilmington, DE 19899 (302) 654-1888 sbalick@ashbygeddes.com amayo@ashbygeddes.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Dated: September 30, 2020

DOCKE

**A** R M

Columbia Ex. 2044 Illumina, Inc. v. The Trustees of Columbia University in the City of New York IPR2020-01177

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

# Page

I.	INTR	ODUCTION
II.	LEGA	AL STANDARD
III.	ARG	UMENT2
	A.	Plaintiffs' Argument That The Court Committed Legal Error By Crediting Their IPR Statements Is A Meritless Retread
		1. Plaintiffs Do Not Deny They Stated That I Excludes Two Linkers In Series
		2. The Court Should Reject Plaintiffs' Repetitious Argument That Important Intrinsic Evidence Is Legally Irrelevant
	B.	Plaintiffs Belatedly Rely Upon Materials That They Could Have Timely Submitted
	C.	Plaintiffs Fail To Identify Anywhere That Illumina Is Promoting A Construction Of A At Odds With The Court's Construction
	D.	The Court Should Reject Plaintiffs' Argument That The Court's Construction Excludes All Embodiments
	E.	The Court Should Reject Plaintiffs' Repetitious Argument That The Singular Does Not Preclude The Plural
	F.	The Court Should Reject Plaintiffs' Repetitious Argument That The Court Failed To Consider The Plain Meaning Of Linker10
	G.	The Court Should Reject Plaintiffs' Attempt To Emasculate The Court's Construction
IV.	CONCLUSION	



Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

# **TABLE OF AUTHORITIES**

Cases
<i>Am. Piledriving, Inc. v. Geoquip, Inc.,</i> 637 F.3d 1324 (Fed. Cir. 2011)4
<i>Drumgo v. Dutton</i> , Civ. A. No. 14-cv-1134-CFC, 2019 WL 2076785 (D. Del. May 10, 2019)
<i>Galderma Labs., LP v. Amneal Pharms. LLC,</i> No. 2019-1021 (Fed. Cir. Mar. 25, 2020)
Laitram Corp. v. Morehouse Industries, Inc., 143 F.3d 1456 (Fed. Cir. 1998)5
Lifestream Diagnostics, Inc. v. Polymer Tech. Inc., 109 F. App'x 411 (Fed. Cir. 2004)4
MedIdea, L.L.C. v. DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc., 422 F. Supp. 3d 459 (D. Mass. 2019)6
<i>Microsoft Corp. v. Multi-Tech Sys.</i> , 357 F.3d 1340 (Fed. Cir. 2004)4
<i>Seachange Int'l, Inc. v. C-COR Inc.,</i> 413 F.3d 1361 (Fed. Cir. 2005)4
<i>TiVo, Inc. v. EchoStar Commc'ns Corp.</i> , 516 F.3d 1290 (Fed. Cir. 2008)9
<i>X One, Inc. v. Uber Techs., Inc.,</i> 440 F. Supp.3d 1019 (N.D. Cal. 2020)

### I. INTRODUCTION

Plaintiffs' lengthy reconsideration motion violates two cardinal principles. Plaintiffs repeat losing arguments expressly rejected by this Court. They also rely on belated material they could have timely presented. To try to meet the steep reconsideration standard, Plaintiffs allege the Court "misunderstood their position with respect to linker." They also allege that the Court's construction of  $\mathbb{A}^{-}$  is a manifest injustice.<sup>1</sup>

In truth, the misunderstanding is Plaintiffs' and the injustice is Plaintiffs' attempt at a second-bite of the apple. Plaintiffs still refuse to grapple with their own clear-cut insistence in prior IPR proceedings that rest cannot include a "double linker." JA0095. Indeed, for the IPR trial, Plaintiffs created an evocative slide precisely to depict an image of two linkers connected in series between the label and the base and emphasize that rest cannot cover that "double linker." JA0133. The Court explained that Plaintiffs' admissions as to the meaning of rest cover the rest cover the support its order. D.I. 63-2 at 56:6-11 ("we've got the patent owner expressly distinguishing a Y from a Y Y, and expressly distinguishing respectively a single linker to a double linker.").

Plaintiffs state that they "do not take issue with construing ', as a single linker directly connecting the base to the tag." D.I. 63 at 1. That should end the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Plaintiffs" refers to each plaintiff singularly or both together.

<sup>{01612710;</sup>v1 }

matter. But Plaintiffs seek to disfigure this Court's construction via "clarification" that multiple linkers in series somehow qualify as a single linker. This is inconsistent with their prior, unqualified position that rest cannot cover a double linker.

### II. LEGAL STANDARD

"Motions for reargument or reconsideration may not be used 'as a means to argue new facts or issues that inexcusably were not presented to the court in the matter previously decided." *Drumgo v. Dutton*, Civ. A. No. 14-cv-1134-CFC (D. Del. May 10, 2019). "A motion for reconsideration is not properly grounded on a request that a court rethink a decision already made." *Id*.

# **III. ARGUMENT**

- A. Plaintiffs' Argument That The Court Committed Legal Error By Crediting Their IPR Statements Is A Meritless Retread
  - 1. Plaintiffs Do Not Deny They Stated That Z Excludes Two Linkers In Series

The Court construed  $\square$  to be a single linker directly connecting the base to the tag. D.I. 60 at 1. Plaintiffs do not contest that. D.I. 63 at 1. The Court recognized that Plaintiffs definitively explained in the intrinsic evidence that  $\square$  does *not* encompass two shorter linkers connected in series:

- The "inventor in a surreply made it about as clear as can be that 🖅 is a single linker"
- "on JA95 your patent owner writes that Illumina's double linker is excluded from the claim, which requires one linker, Y, not two linkers, Y Y."

# DOCKET A L A R M



# Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

# **Real-Time Litigation Alerts**



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

# **Advanced Docket Research**



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

# **Analytics At Your Fingertips**



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

# API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

### LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

### FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

# E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.