1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	DAVID K. WILLINGHAM (SBN 19887-dwillingham@bsfllp.com JEANNE A. FUGATE (SBN 236341) jfugate@bsfllp.com ZI WEI HU (SBN 293840) zhu@bsfllp.com BOIES SCHILLER FLEXNER LLP 725 S. Figueroa Street, 31st Floor Los Angeles, California 90017-5524 Telephone: (213) 629-9040 Parmanand K. Sharma (pro hac vice) parmanand.sharma@finnegan.com Rajeev Gupta (pro hac vice) raj.gupta@finnegan.com	4) Christopher S. Marchese (SBN 170239) marchese@fr.com FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. 555 West Fifth Street, 26th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90013 Telephone: (213) 533-4240 Facsimile: (877) 417-2378 Thad C. Kodish (pro hac vice) tkodish@fr.com Jacqueline Tio (pro hac vice) tio@fr.com FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. 1180 Peachtree Street, N.E., 21st Floor Atlanta, GA 30309	,
9	FÍNNEGÁN, HENDERSON, FARABOV GARRETT & DUNNER, LLP	W, Telephone: (404) 892-5005 Facsimile: (404) 892-5002	
10 11	901 New York Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20001-4413 Telephone: (202) 408-4000	Bailey Benedict (pro hac vice) benedict@fr.com FISH & RICHARDSON P.C.	
12 13	Maximilienne Giannelli (SBN 241361) max.giannelli@finnegan.com Two Freedom Square	1221 McKinney Street, Suite 2800 Houston, TX 77010 Telephone: (713) 654-5300	
14	11955 Freedom Drive Telephone: (571) 203-2700	Facsimile: (713) 652-0109	
15 16 17	Jeffrey D. Smyth (SBN 280665) jeffrey.smyth@finnegan.com 3300 Hillview Avenue Palo Alto, California, 94304 Telephone: (650) 849-6600	Attorneys for Defendants TIDE INTERNATIONAL (USA), INC., ZHEJIANG TIDE CROPSCIENCE CO. LTD., and NINGBO TIDE IMP. & EXP. CO., LTD.	٠,
18 19	Attorneys for Plaintiff UPL NA Inc.		
20	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
21	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, SOUTHERN DIVISION		
22	UPL NA INC.,	Case No. 8:19-CV-1201-RSWL-KS	
23	Plaintiff,	JOINT STATUS REPORT	
24	v.		
25	TIDE INTERNATIONAL (USA), INC., ZHEJIANG TIDE CROPSCIENCE		
26	CO., LTD., and NINGBO TIDE IMP. & EXP. CO., LTD.,		
27 28	Defendants.		



1

3

5

8 9

10

11

12 13

14

15

17 II

20

21

22

23

25 26

27

28

Pursuant to the March 6, 2020 Order (ECF No. 77), Plaintiff UPL NA Inc. ("UPL NA") and Defendants Tide International (USA), Inc., Zhejiang Tide CropScience Co., Ltd., and Ningbo Tide Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd. (collectively, "Tide") jointly submit this status report.

As noted in the parties' joint request for stay (ECF No. 76), the parties' discovery efforts had been significantly impacted by the outbreak of coronavirus. The Court previously granted the parties' joint request, finding good cause to vacate all case deadlines (other than the *Markman* hearing). (ECF No. 77.)

The parties currently disagree as to whether a stay continues to be necessary.

UPL NA's Position

UPL NA proposes a short, thirty (30) day extension of the present stay to allow the parties to discuss and submit a proposal for appropriate case deadlines when the stay is lifted.

As noted in the parties' joint request for stay (ECF No. 76), the parties' discovery efforts have been significantly impacted by the outbreak of coronavirus. 16 | Indeed, it was Tide's counsel who approached UPL NA in March to suggest that a stay of discovery might be prudent. Tide's counsel explained that certain materials 18 | requested by UPL NA were located in China and could not be obtained or provided as a result of local restrictions related to the coronavirus outbreak. Tide's counsel also noted that the noticed depositions would be impractical, if not impossible, given travel restrictions and quarantine rules. For those reasons, UPL NA agreed to jointly approach the Court and seek a stay of the proceedings. The Court granted the parties' joint request, finding good cause to vacate all case deadlines (other than the Markman hearing). (ECF No. 77.) The circumstances underlying the parties' original request for stay have not changed, and indeed restrictions in the United States have since significantly increased.

1 3

8

11

12 13

14 15

17 18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

Last Thursday, Tide's counsel reiterated that: "depositions, even by video, of mainland China residents, Ms. Dong and Mr. Kui, cannot [] be conducted at present given restrictions in China, and travel restrictions in and out of China. Ms. Dong is expected to be both a designated witness on several 30(b)(6) topics, as well as a witness at any trial that may occur in this case." Counsel for the parties conferred on Friday morning and agreed to jointly request a forty-five (45) day extension of the present stay. UPL NA prepared a draft joint statement in accordance with that agreement and shared it with Tide's counsel on April 17, 2020.

In a significant shift, this morning, Tide's counsel changed course on its own recommendation, and indicated that Tide is no longer interested in seeking a joint stay. Instead, Tide presented a proposal for the limited discovery that it would be willing to provide. Tide's proposed course of action will significantly prejudice UPL NA. To make matters worse, Tide waited until moments before midnight Eastern time tonight (UPL NA's lead trial counsel resides on the east coast), to provide a proposed case schedule extending the previous deadlines by sixty days. 16 | That tactic eliminated any opportunity to consult with UPL NA or for the parties to meet and confer before Tide's provision of that schedule to the Court in the parties' Joint Status Report.

Tide's proposal will seemingly have UPL NA wait until the close of fact discovery (or even after the close of fact discovery) to take the depositions and discovery that it needs before taking corporate depositions of each Defendant. For example, UPL NA is seeking Rule 30(b)(1) depositions of Defendants' manufacturing and financial/sales personnel, including Amber Dong and Yang Kui. These witnesses were excluded from Tide's discovery proposal and these depositions appear impossible to conduct now or in the foreseeable future based on representations from Tide's own counsel. These witnesses are needed at least in part because Tide's document production to date has been limited in ways material to

the resolution of key issues in this dispute, and these witnesses have been identified as most knowledgeable concerning related subject matter. Understandably, UPL NA wants these personal depositions and any additional discovery that follows therefrom before taking the corporate depositions of Defendants Tide International (USA), Inc., Zhejiang Tide CropScience Co., Ltd., and Ningbo Tide Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd. Tide's proposal appears to contemplate cancelling these critical personal depositions altogether if the travel restrictions continue, while Tide simultaneously expressly reserves the right to rely on these witnesses at trial. When the case resumes, it must be on a schedule that allows for the personal depositions of these individuals to occur, and their Rule 30(b)(1) depositions should be held well before the close of fact discovery as they will likely lead to follow-on discovery.

UPL NA has also sought important physical samples and other materials related to the accused products. While Tide now represents that some of those materials may be provided when the stay is lifted, UPL NA still awaits other physical samples. For example, Tide has only provided one of several requested samples of the accused products and it provides no guidance as to when the remaining samples will be provided. Analysis of all samples to be produced by Tide is an important aspect of UPL NA proving infringement in this case. That analysis should occur during fact discovery and before fact depositions. Given Tide's surprising, last-minute change of position, the parties have not had any discussions regarding the case schedule going forward or reasonable timelines for the completion of fact discovery in view of the above issues and limitations.

UPL NA respectfully submits that rather than immediately lift the stay on discovery, the stay should be extended for a short period of time, during which the parties can discuss an appropriate schedule in view of the present, highly unusual circumstances caused by the coronavirus. UPL NA suggests that a thirty (30) day extension—which is even shorter than what Tide's counsel suggested last Friday—

20, 2020. 3

Tide's Position

5

4

8

10 11

12

13 14

> 15 16

22

23

26

27

28

Tide proposes that the temporary stay be lifted at the end of the 60-day period enacted by the Court's stay order. ECF Nos. 76, 77. Tide's proposal is to apply the schedule that the Court had originally set, prior to the stay, and extend it by approximately 60 days to account for the stay. Under Tide's proposal, the trial would start on December 8, 2020.

would allow the parties time to assess the circumstances and discuss an appropriate

case schedule. UPL NA suggests that the parties submit a joint status report by May

Responding to UPL's suggestion above that the original stay was mainly Tide's doing, while it is true that Tide first broached the subject of a stay with UPL, UPL quickly agreed to Tide's proposal and additionally sought to stay the Markman hearing. Tide's original proposal did not seek to stay that hearing.

Since the stay commenced, the circumstances underlying the parties' original stay request have changed, and Tide's request to lift the stay is based on these changed circumstances. Tide believes the parties can resume discovery by using 17 | remote technology, where applicable, and reaching compromises on discovery 18 | issues that may arise. Tide is now able to obtain and produce the requested product 19 sample to UPL that it was previously unable to produce. Tide also believes the 20 | local rules and procedures governing this case are the proper vehicle for addressing any discovery disputes that may arise. For example, UPL's alleged disputes with the sufficiency of Tide's production of samples or document production is not one that should be resolved by granting another stay. Rather, any such dispute can be addressed in a discovery motion. Moreover, most of the work the parties will need to do for fact discovery, expert discovery, and pretrial will be handled electronically with little impact from COVID-19. And as discussed below, Tide offers a solution for depositions that would avoid the need for personal interaction and travel. Of

DOCKET

Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

