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C	ase 8:18-cv-01580-JVS-ADS	Document 95	Filed 0	7/01/19	Page 1 of 7	Page ID #:311
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16 17	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
18 19	UNIVERSAL ELECTRON a Delaware Company,	NICS INC.,	Case No	o. 8:18-	cv-01580-JV	S-ADS
20	Plaintiff,		ITS MOTION		LY IN SUPPORT OF TO SUPPLEMENT CONTENTIONS	
21	v.					
22	ROKU, INC.,		Judge:	Hon. J	ames V. Selr	ıa
23	a Delaware Company,		Date: Time:	July 15 1:30 p.		
24	Defendant.		Courtro	_		
25 26						
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DICKINSON WRIGHT ATTORNEYS AT LAW	ROKU'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF ITS TO SUPPLEMENT INVALIDITY CON			CASE]	No. 8:18-CV-0	1580-JVS-ADS



I. INTRODUCTION

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Earlier this year, Roku conducted an exhaustive search for prior art, spending hundreds of hours of attorney and technical patent searcher time, and culminating in hundreds of pages of charts attached to its initial invalidity contentions, which were served on February 14, 2019. Approximately two months later, before *Markman* briefing commenced, and months before the close of discovery, Roku discovered four references related to those previously disclosed in its initial invalidity contentions. Within two weeks of this discovery, Roku identified the references to UEI and provided complete supplemental contentions for the four references.

Patent Local Rule 3-6 provides several specific examples of good cause to allow supplementation of contentions, one of which is "recent discovery of material, 12 prior art despite earlier diligent search." The undisputed facts show that Roku meets 13 this good cause standard, and UEI's opposition brief fails to successfully challenge 14 those facts or to establish undue prejudice. Roku's motion to supplement should be 15 granted.

16 **II.** DISCUSSION.

Roku Was Diligent in Supplementing Its Invalidity Contentions

Roku's opening brief shows that Roku was diligent in bringing the supplemental prior art references to UEI's attention. Some (but not all) courts break the diligence inquiry into two parts—diligence in supplementing invalidity contentions after finding the prior art, and diligence in discovering the basis for the supplemental contentions. See, e.g., West v. Jewelry Innovations, Inc., C 07-1812 JF (HRL), 2008 WL 4532558, at *2 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 8, 2008).

UEI does not dispute that Roku's supplementation was diligent under the first prong—Roku provided notice of the supplemental prior art within three days of finding it, and provided complete invalidity contentions, including invalidity claim charts, within 10 days after that. UEI's quarrel is solely with the second prong. But

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none of UEI's cited cases stand for the proposition that supplementing infringement contentions early in discovery, a little more than two months after serving initial contentions, before claim construction briefing, and months before the close of discovery, is anything other than diligent.

UEI's cited cases regarding diligence are either factually distinct because of the lateness of the supplementation, or not on point legally. See Symantec Corp. v. Acronis Corp., Case No. 11-5310 EMC (JSC), 2013 WL 5368053, *3 (N.D. Cal., Sept. 25, 2013) (denying defendant's motion to amend invalidity contentions which were filed on the day of the close of fact discovery); O2 Micro Int'l Ltd. v. Monolithic Power Sys., Inc., 467 F.3d 1355, 1367-68 (Fed. Cir. 2006) (affirming lower court's denial of defendant's motion, made after the close of fact discovery, to amend 12 | invalidity contentions and to modify schedule to allow additional discovery); West 13 v. Jewelry Innovations, Inc., C 07-1812 JF (HRL), 2008 WL 4532558, at *3 (N.D. 14 Cal. Oct. 8, 2008) (denying defendant's motion to amend invalidity contentions made after claim construction hearing and when hearing on motion was within 40 16 days of close of fact discovery); *Takeda Pharm. Co. v. TWI Pharms., Inc.*, Case No. 17 | 13-cv-012420-LHK, 2015 WL 1227817, at *5 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 17, 2015) (granting 18 motion to strike defendant's amended expert report, which included new theories not in defendant's invalidity contentions); Integrated Circuit Sys., Inc. v. Realtek 20 Semiconductor Co., 308 F. Supp. 2d 1106, 1107 (N.D. Cal. 2004) (denying defendant's motion, made on the eve of the claim construction hearing, to compel plaintiff to supplement initial disclosures to add new products plaintiff was now accusing of infringement and stating that plaintiff must move to amend infringement contentions if it wished to include the new products); Finjan, Inc. v. Blue Coat Sys., Case No. 5:13-cv-03999-BLF, 2014 WL 5305906, at *1 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 16, 2014) (denying plaintiff's motion to amend infringement contentions filed after claim construction briefing and about a year after complaint filed) (see also Allison Reply

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Decl. Ex. 10 (selected pages of the *Finjan* docket with relevant filings marked)).

The case closest to the facts of this motion is this Court's decision in *Glaukos* Corp. v. Ivantis, Inc., No. SACV 13-620 JVS (C.D. Cal. May 20, 2019) (Selna, J.) (see Allison Reply Decl. Ex. 10). In that case, this Court allowed supplementation of invalidity contentions early in discovery and before claim construction briefing. As in this case, in *Glaukos*, the defendant's "amendments are limited in substantive scope, mostly serving to clarify and add detail to [defendant's] existing theories of invalidity." Glaukos, at 2. Here, Roku is providing prior art having additional detail about the already disclosed prior art products, e.g., Remote Commander, PebblesDraw, SlideShow Commander, and Shortcutter for the Janik patents and the TC 1000 product for the '532 patent.

Other cases cited in Roku's opening brief with similar facts include this Court's decision in *Dobeck v. Cobra Eng'g, Inc.*, No. SACV 16-1570 JVS, 2017 WL 8186769 (C.D. Cal. Apr. 12, 2017) (Selna, J.) and *Apple Inc. v. Samsung Elecs*. *Co.*, No. CV 12-00630, 2012 WL 5632618, at *5 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 15, 2012). In both 16 cases, the courts allowed supplementation of contentions brought early in the case. 17 | In its opposition, UEI did not even attempt to distinguish the Glaukos, Dobeck, or Apple cases.

Roku had forty-five days between the identification of the asserted claims and the deadline to search for relevant prior art and provide invalidity contentions and claim charts on 108 asserted claims. For the Myers supplemental references, UEI notes that the references were included on a list of publications on a website—and acknowledged that this list included over 80 publications. For the '532 patent supplemental reference, UEI makes much of the fact that the '374 patent was a cited reference to the '532 patent. Indeed, it was—along with 92 other references listed on the patent. And the '374 patent was indeed discussed in reexamination proceedings—of two totally unrelated patents, the Janik '504 and '505 patents,

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which have different inventors and cover unrelated technology. UEI falls far short of overcoming Roku's showing of diligence, both on the law and on the facts.

В. **UEI Has Not Established Undue Prejudice**

UEI's sole claim to prejudice is that it chose its narrowed set of claims before it saw Roku's supplementation (but three weeks after UEI received Roku's massive initial invalidity contentions). But UEI does not provide any specifics regarding the alleged prejudice. For example, UEI does not point out any alternative claims it would have chosen, or any it would have dropped, or any other action it would have taken had it had the supplemental contentions earlier. UEI simply states in a 10 conclusory fashion that it will be prejudiced by the supplementation. conclusory allegations fall far short of demonstrating undue prejudice sufficient to justify denying Roku's motion.

As for the Janik patents, UEI does not dispute that the prior art products discussed in the Myers prior art reference in the initial invalidity contentions (Remote Commander, Pebblesdraw, SlideShow Commander, and Shortcutter) are 16 the same prior art products discussed in the supplemental Myers references. UEI instead refers (sometimes incorrectly) to a handful of differences in the supplemental 18 invalidity charts as compared to the initial charts. First, such differences alone, without being tied to some alleged harm to UEI, do not establish prejudice. But what is notable is how few such examples UEI can find, demonstrating how the supplemental contentions add only additional details to the products disclosed in the initial Myers and TC 1000 references. For example, for the '309 and '504 patents, UEI points to one difference between initial and supplemental charts for each patent. For the '505 patent, UEI alleges, incorrectly, that claim 10 in the initial invalidity chart for the Myers reference reads "NA." It does not. In fact, it gives a lengthy citation from page 37 of the Myers prior art reference. See Allison Reply Decl. Ex. 11, at 10. UEI is correct in stating that the supplemental invalidity contentions for

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