

CHANGE REQUEST		CR-Form-v9.3
36.212 CR 001	rev -	Current version: 8.0.0

For **HELP** on using this form look at the pop-up text over the symbols. Comprehensive instructions on how to use this form can be found at <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm>.

Proposed change affects: UICC apps ME Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	Update of 36.212		
Source to WG:	Editor (Qualcomm Europe)		
Source to TSG:	RAN WG1		
Work item code:	LTE-Phys	Date:	21/11/2007
Category:	F	Release:	Rel-8
	Use one of the following categories:		Use one of the following releases:
	F (correction)	R97	(Release 1997)
	A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)	R98	(Release 1998)
	B (addition of feature).	R99	(Release 1999)
	C (functional modification of feature)	Rel-4	(Release 4)
	D (editorial modification)	Rel-5	(Release 5)
	Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900 .		Rel-6 (Release 6)
		Rel-7 (Release 7)	
		Rel-8 (Release 8)	

Reason for change: Decisions taken at RAN1#50bis and RAN1#51 need to be reflected in 36.212

Summary of change: Inclusion of decisions from RAN1#50bis and RAN1#51 which entails more details on control and data multiplexing in PUSCH. CRC attachment per code block. No channel interleaver for BCH, no channel interleaver in 36.212 for PDCCH. Renaming of some variables to keep uniqueness of variable names. Contents of DCI. Some details on UCI.

Consequences if not approved: Incomplete LTE physical layer specifications

Clauses affected: 2, 3, 4, 5

Other specs affected:		Y	N	
	X	Other core specifications		
	X	Test specifications		
	X	O&M Specifications		

Other comments:

Commented [H1]: Document numbers are allocated by the Working Group Secretary. Use the format of document number specified by the [3GPP Working Procedures](#).

Commented [H2]: Enter the specification number in this box. For example, 04.08 or 31.102. Do not prefix the number with anything. i.e. do not use "TS", "GSM" or "3GPP" etc.

Commented [H3]: Enter the CR number here. This number is allocated by the 3GPP support team. It consists of at least four digits, padded with leading zeros if necessary.

Commented [H4]: Enter the revision number of the CR here. If it is the first version, use a "-".

Commented [H5]: Enter the version of the specification here. This number is the version of the specification to which the CR was written and (normally) to which it will be applied if it is approved. Make sure that the latest version of the specification (of the relevant release) is used when creating the CR. If unsure what the latest version is, go to <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/specs.htm>.

Commented [H6]: For help on how to fill out a field, place the mouse pointer over the special symbol closest to the field in question.

Commented [H7]: Mark one or more of the boxes with an "X".

Commented [H8]: SIM / USIM / ISIM applications.

Commented [H9]: Enter a concise description of the subject matter of the CR. It should be no longer than one line, but if this is not possible, do not enter hard new-line characters. Do not use redundant information such as "Change Request number xxx to 3GPP TS xx.xxx".

Commented [H10]: One or more organizations (3GPP Individual Members) which drafted the CR and are presenting it to the Working Group.

Commented [H11]: For CRs agreed at Working Group level the identity of the WG. Use the format "xn" where x = "C" for TSG CT, "R" for TSG RAN, "S" for TSG SA, "G" for TSG GERAN; n = digit identifying the Working Group; for CRs drafted during the TSG meeting itself, use "P". Examples: "C4", "R5", "G3new", "SP".

Commented [H12]: Enter the acronym for the work item which is applicable to the change. This field is mandatory for category F, A, B & C CRs for Release 4 and later. A list of work item acronym can be found in the 3GPP work plan. See <http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/WI-List.htm>.

Commented [H13]: Enter the date on which the CR was last revised. Format to be interpretable by English version of MS Windows @ applications, e.g. 19/02/2006.

Commented [H14]: Enter a single letter corresponding to the most appropriate category listed. For more detailed help on

Commented [H15]: Enter a single release code from the list below.

Commented [H16]: Enter text which explains why the change is necessary.

Commented [H17]: Enter text which describes the most important components of the change. i.e. How the change is made.

Commented [H18]: Enter here the consequences if this CR were to be rejected. It is mandatory to complete this section only

Commented [H19]: Enter the number of each clause which contains changes. Be as specific as possible (ie list each subclause).

Commented [H20]: Tick "yes" box if any other specification are affected by this change. Else tick "no". You MUST fill in on

Commented [H21]: List here the specifications which are affected or the CRs which are linked.

Commented [H22]: Enter any other information which may be needed by the group being requested to approve the CR. This cou

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

3GPP

1 Scope

The present document specifies the coding, multiplexing and mapping to physical channels for E-UTRA.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

[2] 3GPP TS 36.211: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical channels and modulation".

[3] [3GPP TS 36.213: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access \(E-UTRA\); Physical layer procedures"](#).

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in [1].

(no further definitions)

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

(no-symbols-defined)

N_{RB}^{DL} Downlink bandwidth configuration, expressed in number of resource blocks [2]

N_{RB}^{UL} Uplink bandwidth configuration, expressed in number of resource blocks [2]

N_{symbol}^{PUSCH} Number of SC-FDMA symbols carrying PUSCH in a subframe

$N_{symbol}^{UL\ control}$ Number of SC-FDMA symbols carrying control information in a subframe. *[Note from the editor: This number does not include additional control information that may be punctured into the data resources.]*

N_{symbol}^{UL} Number of SC-FDMA symbols in an uplink slot

N_{SRS} Number of SC-FDMA symbols used for SRS transmission in a subframe (0 or 1).

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3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

BCH	Broadcast channel
CFI	Control format indicator
<u>CP</u>	<u>Cyclic prefix</u>
<u>DL-CCH</u>	<u>Downlink Control channel</u>
<u>DCI</u>	<u>Downlink Control Information</u>
DL-SCH	Downlink Shared channel
HI	HARQ indicator
MCH	Multicast channel
PBCH	Physical Broadcast channel
PCFICH	Physical Control Format Indicator channel
PCH	Paging channel
PDCCH	Physical Downlink Control channel
PDSCH	Physical Downlink Shared channel
PHICH	Physical HARQ indicator channel
PMCH	Physical Multicast channel
PRACH	Physical Random Access channel
PUCCH	Physical Uplink Control channel
PUSCH	Physical Uplink Shared channel
RACH	Random Access channel
<u>SRS</u>	<u>Sounding Reference Signal</u>
<u>UL-CCH</u>	<u>Uplink Control channel</u>
<u>UCI</u>	<u>Uplink Control Information</u>
UL-SCH	Uplink Shared channel

4 Mapping to physical channels

4.1 Uplink

Table 4.1-1 specifies the mapping of the uplink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels. Table 4.1-2 specifies the mapping of the uplink control channel information to its corresponding physical channel.

Table 4.1-1

TrCH	Physical Channel
UL-SCH	PUSCH
RACH	PRACH

Table 4.1-2

Control information	Physical Channel
<u>UCI</u> / <u>UL-CCH</u>	PUCCH

4.2 Downlink

Table 4.2-1 specifies the mapping of the downlink transport channels to their corresponding physical channels. Table 4.2-2 specifies the mapping of the downlink control channel information to its corresponding physical channel.

Table 4.2-1

TrCH	Physical Channel
DL-SCH	PDSCH
BCH	PBCH
PCH	PDSCH
MCH	PMCH

Table 4.2-2

Control information	Physical Channel
CFI	PCFICH
HI	PHICH
DCI/DL-CCH	PDCCH

5 Channel coding, multiplexing and interleaving

Data and control streams from/to MAC layer are encoded/decoded to offer transport and control services over the radio transmission link. Channel coding scheme is a combination of error detection, error correcting, rate matching, interleaving and transport channel or control information mapping onto/splitting from physical channels.

5.1 Generic procedures

This section contains coding procedures which are used for more than one transport channel or control information type.

5.1.1 CRC calculation

Denote the input bits to the CRC computation by $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_{A-1}$, and the parity bits by $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, \dots, p_{L-1}$. A is the size of the input sequence and L is the number of parity bits. The parity bits are generated by one of the following cyclic generator polynomials:

- $g_{CRC24A}(D) = [D^{24} + D^{23} + D^{18} + D^{17} + D^{14} + D^{11} + D^{10} + D^7 + D^6 + D^5 + D^4 + D^3 + D + 1]$ and
- $g_{CRC24B}(D) = [D^{24} + D^{23} + D^6 + D^5 + D + 1]$ for a CRC length $L = 24$, and;
- $g_{CRC16}(D) = [D^{16} + D^{12} + D^5 + 1]$ for a CRC length $L = 16$.

The encoding is performed in a systematic form, which means that in GF(2), the polynomial:

$$a_0D^{A+23} + a_1D^{A+22} + \dots + a_{A-1}D^{24} + p_0D^{23} + p_1D^{22} + \dots + p_{22}D^1 + p_{23}$$

yields a remainder equal to 0 when divided by the corresponding length-24 CRC generator polynomial, $g_{CRC24A}(D)$ or $g_{CRC24B}(D)$, and the polynomial:

$$a_0D^{A+15} + a_1D^{A+14} + \dots + a_{A-1}D^{16} + p_0D^{15} + p_1D^{14} + \dots + p_{14}D^1 + p_{15}$$

yields a remainder equal to 0 when divided by $g_{CRC16}(D)$.

The bits after CRC attachment are denoted by $b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3, \dots, b_{B-1}$, where $B = A + L$. The relation between a_k and b_k is:

$$b_k = a_k \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, A-1$$

$$b_k = p_{(L-1-(k-A))} \quad \text{for } k = A, A+1, A+2, \dots, A+L-1$$

$$b_k = p_{k-A} \quad \text{for } k = A, A+1, A+2, \dots, A+L-1.$$

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