## FOREIGN LANGUAGE INSTITUTE, INC.

428 Winding Lane Chalfont, PA 18914
phone: 215-888-4227 e-Fax: 253-390-4866
 www.foreignlanguageinstitute.com
 director@foreignlanguageinstitute.com
 Stan Lichtman, M.A., M.B.A.
 Linguist / Director

\*\*\*\*\*

Date: June 19, 2020

Document description: 688266.0071

This attached set of pages comprises a VERIFIED translation of the original JAPANESE language document. It has been independently translated according to translation industry practice. It is a true and accurate translation performed to the best of our ability.

Stan Lichtman

Stan Lichtman, Director

\*\*\*\*\*\*



#### (19) Japanese Patent Office (JP) (12) Unexamined Patent Gazette **(A)**

(11) Unexamined Patent Application

Kokai Hei 10-115778

(43) Date of Publication: May 6, 1998

(51) Int. Cl. <sup>6</sup> G 02 B 13/04 13/18	Class. Symbols Fig. 6 02 B	I 13/04 13/18	D
Request for Examination: Not yet submitted Number of Claims: 9 OL (Total of 11 pages [in original])			
(21) Application No.:	Hei 9-201903	(71) Applicants:	000116998 Asahi Seimitsu Kabushiki Kaisha
(22) Date of Filing:	July 28, 1997		2-5-2 Higashi Oizume,

Nerima-ku, Tokyo-to Hei 8-222394 (31) Priority No.: (72) Inventors: (32) Priority Date: August 23, 1996

(33) Priority Country: Japan (JP) Eijiroh Tada c/o Asahi Seimitsu Kabushiki

Kaisha

2-5-2 Higashi Oizume, Nerima-ku, Tokyo-to

Kunio Miura, patent attorney (74) Agents:

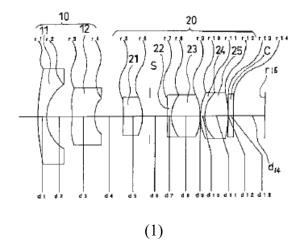
## (54) [Title of the Invention] Super Wide-Angle Lens System Using Aspherical Lens

## (57) [Summary]

[Object] To obtain a retrofocus type of super wide-angle lens system comprising front-group lenses [sic, and hereinafter] having a negative power and rear-group lenses [sic, and hereinafter] having a positive power, in order from the object side, wherein a fast lens system has an angle of view of approximately 120° to 140° and an F-number of approximately 1.2 to 1.4, without the radius of curvature of the second surface of a negative-meniscus first lens being reduced.

[Solution] The front-group lenses have a negative-meniscus first lens having a convex surface facing the object side, and a second lens having at least one aspherical surface. The second lens having an aspherical surface is shaped such that it is biconcave in the vicinity of the center of the optical axis and becomes a negative-meniscus lens that is convex on the object side at the edges.





## [Claims]

[Claim 1] A retrofocus type of super wide-angle lens system comprising front group lenses having a negative power and rear group lenses having a positive power, in order from the object side;

said super wide-angle lens system using an aspherical lens, characterized by the abovementioned front-group lenses having a negative-meniscus first lens with a convex surface facing the object side and a second lens having at least one aspherical surface, in order from the object side, and

the above-mentioned aspherical second lens is shaped such that it is a biconcave lens in the vicinity of the center of the optical axis and becomes a negative-meniscus lens that is convex on the object side at the edges.

[Claim 2] The lens system of claim 1, said super wide-angle lens system, wherein rear group lenses include at least a single lens and a diaphragm, in order from the the object side.

[Claim 3] The lens system of claim 2; said super wide-angle lens system, wherein the reargroup lenses provided with two pairs of combined lenses, each pair having a positive lens and a negative lens thus combined, behind the diaphragm.

[Claim 4] The lens system of any one of claims 1 to 3; said super wide-angle lens system, wherein the aspherical second lens has aspherical surfaces on both sides.

[Claim 5] The lens system of any one of claims 1 to 4; said super wide-angle lens system, wherein boundary portions of the aspherical second lens, between the biconcave lens part in the vicinity of the center of the optical axis and the edge negative-meniscus lens parts, are located substantially on outer peripheral parts of an axial bundle of light defined by an F-number.

[Claim 6] The lens system of any one of claims 1 to 5; said super wide-angle lens system, wherein a surface of the second lens on the object side comprises an aspherical surface and satisfies the following Conditions (1) through (4):

```
\begin{array}{l} (1) - 12 \leq R_3 \ / f \leq -6 \\ (2) \ 2. \ 0 \times 10^{-2} \leq A_4 \ / f^3 \leq 1. \ 0 \times 10^{-1} \\ (3) - 3. \ 0 \times 10^{-2} \leq A_6 \ / f^5 \leq -2. \ 0 \times 10^{-3} \\ (4) \ 2. \ 0 \times 10^{-4} \leq A_8 \ / f^7 \leq 1. \ 0 \times 10^{-2} \end{array}
```

### wherein

R<sub>3</sub> denotes the radius of curvature of a paraxial spherical surface of the aspherical surface of the second lens on the object side;

A4 denotes a fourth-order aspherical factor of the aspherical surface of the second lens on the object side;

A<sub>6</sub> denotes a sixth-order aspherical factor of the aspherical surface of the second lens on the object side; and

As denotes an eighth-order aspherical factor of the aspherical surface of the second lens on the



object side.

[Claim 7] The lens system of any one of claims 1 to 6; said super wide-angle lens system, wherein the rear-group lenses comprises two pairs of combined lenses, each pair having a positive lens and a negative lens thus combined, behind the diaphragm, in order from the object side.

[Claim 8] Claim 7 [sic]; said super wide-angle lens system, wherein the front-group lenses comprises a negative-meniscus first lens in which the convex surface faces the object side, and a second lens having at least one aspherical surface, and the rear-group lenses comprise a positive single third lens, a diaphragm, a combined lens having a negative fourth lens and a positive fifth lens, and a combined lens having a negative sixth lens and a positive seventh lens, and further, satisfies the following conditions (5) through (8):

```
(5) 2. 50 \le R_8 / f \le 3. 10
(6) 2. 35 \le R_{11} / f \le 2. 55
(7) 14 \le f_{7-9}
(8) 4 \le f_{10-12} \le 5
wherein
```

 $R^8$  denotes a radius of curvature of the surface of the fourth lens on the image side;  $R_{11}$  denotes a radius of curvature of the surface of the sixth lens on the image side;  $f_{7-9}$  denotes a combined focal length of the fourth and fifth lenses;  $f_{10-12}$  denotes a combined focal length of the sixth and seventh lenses; and f denotes a focal length of the entire system.

[Claim 9] The lens system of claim 8; said super wide-angle lens system, wherein the third lens comprises a positive-meniscus lens that is convex on the image side; the fourth lens comprises a negative lens that is concave on the image side; the fifth lens comprises a biconvex positive lens; the sixth lens comprises a negative-meniscus lens that is convex on the object side; and the seventh lens comprises a biconvex positive lens.

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[0001]

[Technical Field] The present invention pertains to a super wide-angle lens system that can be used for a surveillance camera (CCTV), etc.

[0002]

[Prior Art and Problems Thereof] In general, a super wide-angle lens system is used for a lens used in a surveillance camera or the like to be able to view or monitor a wider range. A retrofocus type having negative front-group lenses and positive rear-group lenses and is advantageous to increase the angle width and increase the back focal distance is used widely for a super wide-angle lens system. With this retrofocus type, the angle of view can be widened by increasing the negative power of the front-group lenses. Thus, the negative power could be



# DOCKET

# Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

# **Real-Time Litigation Alerts**



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

## **Advanced Docket Research**



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

# **Analytics At Your Fingertips**



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

## API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

#### **LAW FIRMS**

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

#### **FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

## **E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS**

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

