Webster's New World College Dictionary

THIRD EDITION

Victoria Neufeldt

Editor in Chief

David B. Guralnik

Editor in Chief Emeritus

MACMILLAN USA



Dedicated to David B. Guralnik lexicographical mentor and friend

Webster's New World™ College Dictionary, Third Edition Copyright © 1997, 1996, 1994, 1991, 1988 by Simon & Schuster, Inc.

This edition is a major revision of Webster's New World Dictionary®, Second College Edition, copyright © 1986, 1984, 1982, 1980, 1979, 1978, 1976, 1974, 1972, 1970 by Simon & Schuster, Inc.

All rights reserved including the right of reproduction in whole or in part in any form

Macmillan General Reference A Simon & Schuster Macmillan Company 1633 Broadway New York, NY 10019-6785

A Webster's New World™ Book

MACMILLAN is a registered trademark of Macmillan, Inc. WEBSTER'S NEW WORLD DICTIONARY is a registered trademark of Simon & Schuster, Inc.

Dictionary Editorial Offices: New World Dictionaries 850 Euclid Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Webster's New World college dictionary / Victoria Neufeldt, editor in chief, David B. Guralnik, editor in chief emeritus. — 3rd ed.

p. cm. ISBN 0-02-861673-1 (thumb-indexed). — ISBN 0-02-861675-8 (plain).

ISBN 0-02-861674-X (leatherkraft)

1. English language — Dictionaries. I. Neufeldt, Victoria.

II. Guralnik, David Bernard, 1920-

PE1628.W5629 1997

423 - dc21

96-44362 CIP

Database service and principal typesetting by Lexi-Comp, Inc., Hudson, Ohio. Manufactured in the United States of America 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 97 98 99 00 01 02





L portentosus < portentum: see us 2 arousing awe or amazement, ous; self-important —SYN. onsten'tous-ness n. rtier < LL portarius < L porta, gatekeeper 2 R.C.Ch. a member 2 rs.

OFr porteour < I.L portator < L con who carries luggage, etc for coad station, hotel, etc. 42 an errands, etc. as in a bank, store e who waits on passengers in a porter's ate | a dark-brown bear and produced by rapid fermente.

and production of popular 1964; U.S. composer of popular 1964; U.S. composer of popular all officer & diplomat 3 David niral in the Civil War. son of emist 5 Kareine Anne 1893—8 novelist 6 Rodney Robert Sydney see Hanny, O. 2 the charge for this torical] a place where beer and torical] a place where beer and torical] a place where beer and torical] a place where the sirioin in full porterhouse is sirioin: in full porterhouse is sirioin: in full porterhouse

rlier porto folio < It portafogry + foglio (< L folium see
sually of leather, for carrying
drawings; briefcase 2 such a
fa minister of state or memheld for investment as by an
etc. b) a list of such securics, as of an artist
ship's side, esp. a round one
h thick glass and, often, a
hot through, in the wall of a
comewhat like this, as in a

us, name of a Roman gens, ine name 2 the heroine of

os' [It < L porticus: see



PORTICO

rt of a man's money or the part of experience s lot; destiny 5 the part son; serving; helping — to divide into portions ve a portion to; endow; por tion-less adj. South Wales, Australia:

aine | city and port in a & Willamette rivers: the town and island in pop. 64,000 ance of the concrete f Portland, England on ms under water, made similar materials the NW coast: pop.

1 large and heavy in port'll ness n. ol. -teaus' or -teaux' manteau, cloak: see stiff leather suitcase

ination of two other rom smoke and fog) Guinea: capital of

al of Rio Grande do

rinidad: capital of l of Benin; seaport Porto Rico (pôrte rê'kō) old name of Puerro Rico —Porto Rica Porto Ve lho (pôr too vā'lyō) city in W Brazil: capital of Rondónia

rate: pop. 150,000

Port Philip Bay inlet of Bass Strait, in S Victoria, Australia: harbor of Melbourne: 762 sq. mi. (1,973 sq. km)

Portrait (pôr'trit, -trât') n. [MFr, pp. of portraire: see PORTRAY] 1

one, a drawn, painted, or carved picture of something 2 a representation of a person, esp. of the face, drawn, painted, photographec, or sculptured 3 a description or dramatic portrayal of a person

Portraitist (:si) n. a person who makes portraits

Portraititure (pôr'tri char) n. [ME purtreiture < MFr. see fol.] 1 the process, practice, or art of portraying 2 a portrait 3 portraits colsctively

portray (pôr tra') vi. [ME purtreier < MFr portraire < L protrable, to draw forth < pro-, forth + trahere, to DRAW] 1 to make a
picture or portrait of; depict; delineate 2 to make a word picture
jestibe 3 to play the part of as in a play or movie —portray able

add.—portrayler n.

portraylal (por tra'al) n. 1 the act of portraying 2 a portrait;
description; representation

portrasy (a woman porter (doorkeeper)

Port Royal town in Jamaica, at the entrance to Kingston harbor: the
original town, former capital, was destroyed by an earthquake in

1692

original town, former capital, was destroyed by an earthquake in 1892
Port Said (si &d', să'id) seaport in NE Egypt, at the Mediterranean end of the Suez Canal; pop. 263,000
Port-Saidut (pô'sa lōv', Pr pôr sà lu') n. Port du Salut (pô'sa lōv', Pr pô sà lu') n. Port du Salut (pô'sa lōv', Pr pô sà lu') n. Port du Salut (pô'sa lōv', Pr pô sà lu') n. Port du Salut (pô'sa lōv', Pr pô sà lu') n. Port du Salut (pô'sa lōv', Pr pô'sa lu') n. Port du Salut (pô'sa lōv', Pop. 179,000 2 [after the city in England on the English Channel; pop. 179,000 2 [after the city in England on the English Channel; port pô'tog gal') country in SW Europe, on the Atlantic: a kingdom until 1910, now a republic: 34,340 sq. mi. 188,941 sq. km); pop. 9,336,000; with the Azores & Madeira, 35,553 sq. mi. 92,082 sq. km); pop. 9,334,000; cap Lisbon Portuguese (pô'cho gez', ges', pô'cho gez', ges') adj. of Portugal, its people, their language, or culture — n. 1 pl. guese' a native or inhabitant of Portugal 2 a Romance language spoken chiefly in Portuguese Guinea old name of Guinea-Bissau
Portuguese Guinea old name of Guinea-Bissau
Portuguese Guinea old name of Guinea-Bissau
Portuguese India former Portuguese overseas territory consisting of three enclasers having a large, bladderlike sac, with a sail-like structure on top, which enables them to float on the water, and long, dangling tentacles that have powerful stringing cells
Portuguese Timor former Portuguese territory in the Malay Arnhelago, consisting principally of the E half of Timor: since 1976, a province of Indonesia

province of Indonesia
Portuguese water dog any of a breed of medium-sized dog once
found along the coast of Portugal, where it was trained to assist
fishermen characterized by a profuse, curly or wavy coat of black,

Portuguese water dog any of a breed of medium-sized dog once found along the coast of Portugal, where it was trained to assist fishermen: characterized by a profuse, curly or wavy coat of black, brown, or white Portuguese West Africa old alt. name of Angola.

Portulacia (portosa lak's; -lak's, -lak') n. [ModL < L, purslane < portula, dim. of porta, door (see porte): from the doorlike opening of the seed capsule] a fleshy annual plant (Portulaca grandiflora) of the purslane family usually with yellow, pink, or purple flowers pos 1 position 2 positive po-sada (positive) for pursland profuse of the purslane family usually with yellow, pink, or purple flowers pos 1 position 2 positive po-sada (positive) for pursland profuse of the purslane family usually with yellow, pink, or purple flowers pos 3 position 2 positive po-sada (position 2 positive po-sada (position 2 positive) for position of pose; to pose of position pose; position of pose; to position of vL pausare, to place, put < L, to stop (see Patus): meaning and form altered by assoc. with L positius, pp. of ponere, to place, put see Position 1 to put (a model, photographic subject, etc.) in a certain position or attitude — wi. 1 to assume a certain position or attitude, as in modeling for an artist 2 to strike attitudes for effect; attitudinize 3 to pretend to be what one is not; set oneself up (as) fto pose as an officet)—n. [Fr < two. 1 to know the propose (a guestion, problem; etc.) 3 to pretend to be what one is not; set oneself up (as) fto pose as an officet)—n. [Fr < two. 1 to know the propose of the position or attitude or manner than is assumed for the effect to a specific instance of a specific instance of a stificial behavior intended obviously to impress others (an after decision of speech); amanerism is a peculiarity as in behavior or speech (often originally an affectation) that has become position from the proposition of the position of proble

Porto Rico / posse

to place < *posinere < po-, away (< IE base *apo- > L ab, from, away) + sinere, to put, lay: see stril 1 the act of positing, or placing 2 a positing of a proposition; affirmation 3 the manner in which a person or thing is placed or arranged; attitude; posture, disposition on foreign aid) 5 the place where a person or thing is, esp. in relation to others; location; situation; site fithe ship's position? 6 the usual or proper place of a person or thing; station fithe players are in position? 7 a location or condition in which one has the advantage [to jockey for position] 8 a strategic military site 9 a person's relative place, as in society; rank; status 10 a place high in society, business, etc. [a man of position] 11 a post of employment; office; business, etc. [a man of position] 11 a post of employment; office; business, etc. [a man of position] 12 Finance the long or short commitment of a market trader in securities or commodities 13 Music a) the arrangement of the notes of a chord with respect to their relative closeness or distance apart [open position] b) any of the fixed locations on the fingerboard of a violin, etc. that the left hand assumes for fingering a particular series of notes c) any of the various points to which a trombone slide may be moved to change the pitch – wt. 1 to put in a particular position; place or station 2 [Rare] to locate —po-st'itorial adj. —po-st'itorial roll station now usually refers to a position that is open or to one that is desired [situation wanted as instructor]; office refers to a position of a position of salary or wages, but often connotes white-collar or professional employment; situation now usually refers to a position that is open or to one that is desired [situation wanted as instructor]; office refers to a position of appropriate, job is now the common, comprehensive equivalent for any of the preceding terms.

carries heavy responsibilities, esp. one to which a person is appointed; job is now the common, comprehensive equivalent for any of the preceding iron where the preceding is the process of the preceding terms of the process of the preceding terms of the process of the proce

glass body after it has been rubbed with silk and has a deficiency of electrons positive sign Math. the sign (+), used to indicate a positive quantity positiv-ism (pāz's tiv iz əm) n. [Fr positivisme < positiv] 1 the quality or state of being positive; certainty, assurance 2 overconfidence or dogmatism 3 a system of philosophy basing knowledge solely on data of sense experience; esp., a system of philosophy, originated by Auguste Comte, based solely on observable, scientific facts and their relations to each other: it rejects speculation about or search for ultimate origins —positivist n., adj. —positivist'ic adj.

**Posi|-tron (pāz'i trān') n. [Posi(Tive) + (ELEC)TRON] the positive antiparticle of an electron, having approximately the same mass and magnitude of charge

**Posi|-tron||jum (pāz'i trōn'nē əm) n. [prec. + IUM] a short-live atomic system formed of an electron and a positron before they interact to annihilate each other

**Posi|-tron||jum (pāz'i trōn'nē əm) n. [prec. + IUM] a short-live atomic system formed of an electron and a positron before they interact to annihilate each other

**Posi|-tron||jum (pāz'i trōn'nē əm) n. [prec. + IUM] a short-live atomic system formed of an electron and a positron before they interact to annihilate each other

**Posi|-tron||jum (pāz'i trōn'nē əm) n. [prec. + IUM] a short-live atomic system formed of an electron and a positron before they interact to annihilate each other

**Posi|-tron||jum (pāz'i trōn'nē əm) n. [prec. + IUM] a short-live atomic system formed of an electron and a positron before they interact to annihilate each other

**Posi|-tron||jum (pāz'i trōn'nē əm) n. [prec. + IUM] a short-live atomic system formed of an electron and a positron before they interact to annihilate each other

**Posi|-tron||jum (pāz'i trōn'nē əm) n. [prec. + IUM] a short-live atomic system formed of an electron and a positron before they interact to annihilate each other

**Posi|-tron||jum (pāz'i trōn'nē əm n. [prec. + IUM] a short-live atomic system formed of an electron and a po

posse co-mi-ta-tus with legal authority

with legal authority
at, åte; cår; ten, ève; is, ice; gō, hōrn, look, tōol; oil, out; up,
fur, a for unstressed vowels, as a in ago, u in focus; 'as in Latin
(lat'n); chin; she; zh as in azure (azh'ar); thin, the; y as in ring fin)
In etymologies: *= unattested; <= derived from; >= from which
x = Americanism
See inside front and back covers