IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

MARVELL SEMICONDUCTOR, INC., Petitioner,

v.

UNILOC 2017 LLC, Patent Owner.

IPR2019-01349

U.S. Patent No. 7,016,676

PETITION FOR INTER PARTES REVIEW

OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,016,676

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	B.	"renders the frequency band available for access by the stations working in accordance with the second radio interface standard if stations working in accordance with the first radio interface standard do not request access to the frequency band"15		
	C.	"the control station also carries out functions which cause radio systems in accordance with the first radio interface standard to interpret the radio channel as interfered and to seize another radio channel for its own operation" (Claim 5)		
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EXHIBIT LIST

Exhibit No.	Description
1001	U.S. Patent No. 7,016,676 to Walke et al. ("the '676 patent")
1002	Prosecution File History for the '676 patent
1003	Declaration of Dr. Sumit Roy
1004	U.S. Patent No. 7,031,274 ("Sherman")
1005	U.S. Patent No. 7,039,358 B1 ("Shellhammer")
1006	U.S. Patent No. 6,215,982 ("Trompower")
1007	Y. Akaiwat et al., "An integrated voice and data radio access
	system", 1992 Proceeding Vehicular Technology Society 42nd
	VTS Conference – Frontiers of Technology, May 10-13, 1992.
	(Including authenticating declaration from IEEE) ("Akaiwa")
1008	US Provisional Application No. 60/175,262 ("Shellhammer '262
	provisional")
1009	US Provisional Application No. 60/196,979 ("Shellhammer '979
	provisional")
1010	U.S. Patent No. 6,377,608 ("Zyren")
1011	US Provisional Application No. 60/261,935 ("Sherman
	provisional")
1012	Declaration of Dr. Sylvia Hall-Ellis
1013	Uniloc 2017 LLC v. Microsoft Corporation Complaint for Patent
	Infringement, No. 8:18-cv-02053, Dkt. 1
1014	G. Bark, "Power control and active channel selection in an LPI
	FH system for HF communications", Proceedings of MILCOM
	97, November 3-5, 1997 (Including authenticating declaration
	from IEEE) ("Bark")
1015	U.S. Patent No. 6,643,278 ("Panasik")
1016	Uniloc Infringement Contentions (from IPR2019-01125, Exhibit
	1003)

Wireless radio systems proliferated in the 1990s, leading to several standards such as IEEE 802.11 ("Wi-Fi"), Bluetooth, and HIPERLAN/2 that operated in the same frequency bands. Interference became a known issue, and coexistence techniques were developed in the prior art to allow popular standards to share the same frequency bands.

For example, Sherman taught a Hybrid AP that alternated between IEEE 802.11a and HIPERLAN/2 on a common channel, using the 802.11a point coordination function ("PCF") for reserving time for HIPERLAN/2 and then relinquishing the channel for 802.11a. Another reference Shellhammer taught 802.11 and Bluetooth coexistence by alternating between the two standards.

The '676 patent purports to invent a coexistence technique for 802.11a and HIPERLAN/2, where a control station such as an "Access Point AP" controls the alternate use of a common frequency band, using the 802.11a PCF to reserve time for HIPERLAN/2 stations, and if they do not request access, rendering the band available for 802.11a. In district court, Patent Owner ("PO") accused 802.11 and Bluetooth coexistence techniques of infringement.

I. BACKGROUND

By the late 1990s, the unlicensed 5 GHz and 2.4 GHz industrial, scientific and medical ("ISM") bands had become overcrowded with many standards including Bluetooth and IEEE 802.11. *See* Ex. 1010, 1:21-50. Thus "it is essential

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