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November 16, 2004

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Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

> New U.S. Patent Application
> Title: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK
> Inventors: Robert M. BURKE, II, and David Z. CARMAN
> Address: 21103 Old Well Road Los Gatos, CA 95033

Sir:

4

We enclose the following papers for filing in the United States Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the above patent application.

1. Application- 69 pages, including 36 independent claims and 115 claims total.

2. Drawings- 7 sheets of drawings (Figures 1-7).

3. The filing fee is calculated as follows:

Basic Application Filing Fee						790	\$	790.00
	Number of Claims		Basic	Extra Claims				
Total Claims	115	-	20	95	x	\$18		1,710.00
Independent Claims	36	-	3	33	x	\$88		2,904.00
Presentation of Multiple Dep. Claim(s) + \$300								0
Subtotal								5,404.00
Reduction by 1/2 if small entity							-	2,702.00
TOTAL APPLICATION FILING FEE								2,702.00

4. A check for \$2,702.00 is enclosed. The fee includes:

\$395.00 filing fee; and \$2,307.00 additional claims fee

Applicants claim small entity status. The fees indicated above are reduced by 1/2.

This application is being filed under the provisions of 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(f). Applicants await notification from the Patent and Trademark Office of the time set for filing the Declaration.

Applicants claim the right to priority based on U.S. Application Nos. 60/523,057, 60/538,370, and 60/563,064, filed November 18, 2003, January 22, 2004, and April 16, 2004 respectively.

Please address all correspondence with respect to this application to:

Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P. 1300 I Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005-3315

Please accord this application an application number and filing date.

Robert M. BURKE, II, and David Z. CARMAN November 16, 2004 Page 3

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The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional filing fees due and any other fees due under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 or §1.17 during the pendency of this application to our Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Bv:

Ronald J. Ward Reg. No. 54,870

RJW/ja Enclosures



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Bv:

Ronald J. Ward Reg. No. 54,870

RJW/ja Enclosures

Attorney Docket No.: 09635.0001

# UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION

# FOR

# SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND

# DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK

ΒY

ROBERT M. BURKE, II

# AND

# DAVID Z. CARMAN

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### DESCRIPTION

### **Technical Field**

[001] This invention is in general related to regulation of access to a network and, more particularly, to distributing content efficiently while protecting the digital rights associated with the content.

### Background

[002] The network commonly known as the Internet, or any similar private or managed network, provides a convenient medium for the delivery of electronic data or content such as music, video, games, broadband data, real-time audio and voice applications, and software to subscribers. To accomplish these purposes, the Internet is composed of several components including, for example, content providers for generating content; service providers for delivering content; subscriber terminals for receiving, displaying and playing content; and various additional network elements between service providers and subscribers for aiding in the distribution of the content. Service providers include, for example, telephone line carriers, enterprise data centers, and cable television providers. Subscriber terminals are located at subscriber premises and include, for example, personal computers, televisions configured with modems, a combination of both, or any other combination of consumer electronics capable of presenting electronic content to a subscriber.

[003] Interest in providing delivery of content via the Internet has remained high throughout the growth of the Internet. Several problems have yet to be overcome, however, before the Internet is fully effective at delivering content efficiently and rapidly, while also protecting the rights of the owners of content, that is, the owners of

intellectual property. Techniques for protecting this intellectual property are often referred to as Digital Rights Management (DRM). Recent music industry lawsuits over the distribution of pirated music are evidence of the difficulties not yet solved by current DRM techniques.

[004] Service providers and content providers need the assurance that the intellectual property (music, video, games, software, etc.) will be secure from illegal downloading and transmission over the Internet, a major source of lost revenues and the basis for hundreds of lawsuits. Service providers want this feature to halt the legal onslaught launched by music companies and to encourage the motion picture industry to license their content for distribution over the otherwise unsecured Internet. The motion picture industry is understandably reluctant, having seen the negative impact that piracy has already had on the Music Recording Industry. Content providers thus demand this feature to stop the illegal downloading and transmission of intellectual property over the Internet which has cost the music and movie industries billions of dollars annually. Techniques that reduce the strain on a content provider's resources and reduce the high volumes of network data traffic are also desirable in order to improve the speed and efficiency of accessing content in a network.

[005] Another difficult problem that remains to be solved is providing a means for law enforcement agencies to execute warrants to wire-tap Internet communications such as email and real-time audio and video communications. A solution to this problem is especially desirable considering the importance of thwarting terrorist attacks. The Patriot Act and other recently passed legislation indicate the desirability and importance of providing such capabilities to law enforcement bodies.

[006] It is therefore desirable to provide new access regulation and data traffic control techniques that can be made available to telephone line carriers, ISPs, enterprises, cable television companies, for their Internet access networks. In addition, it is desirable to provide a means for law enforcement bodies to combat the prevalent use of Internet communications in planning illegal operations. In particular, it is desirable to meet these needs using the service provider's existing distribution network.

#### **SUMMARY**

[007] Consistent with the invention, there is provided a system for regulating access to a network. The system comprises a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising a first processor for generating controller instructions and a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network. The system also comprises a plurality of gateway units, the gateway units comprising a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests, a second network interface coupled to the network and receiving the controller instructions from the network and a second processor, the second processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions, and transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the network via the second network interface.

[008] Consistent with another aspect of the present invention, there is also provided a system for regulating access to a network that is accessed by a plurality of users. The system comprises a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising a first processor for generating controller instructions and a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network. The

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system also comprises a plurality of network units associated with a first group of users, the network units comprising a second network interface coupled to the network and receiving the controller instructions from the network and a second processor, the second processor inhibiting access for a second group of users to content in the network in accordance with the controller instructions.

[009] Consistent with yet another aspect of the present invention, there is also provided a system for distributing content over a network. The system comprises a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising a first processor for generating controller instructions and a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network. The system also comprises a plurality of network units, the network units comprising a second network interface coupled to the network, the second network interface in at least a first one of the network units receiving the controller instructions from the network and receiving a portion of a content data file from at least a second one of the network units and a second processor, the second processor in the at least first one of the network units selectively forwarding the portion of the content data file received from the at least second one of the network units to at least a third one of the network units in accordance with the controller instructions.

[010] It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only and are not restrictive of the invention, as claimed.

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[011] The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, illustrate one (several) embodiment(s) of the invention and together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[012] **Figure 1** depicts the overall environment in which the present invention is implemented.

[013] **Figure 2** depicts a communication gateway consistent with the present invention.

[014] **Figure 3** depicts an internet control point consistent with the present invention.

[015] Figure 4 depicts a network element consistent with the present invention.

[016] **Figure 5** is a flow chart of a method for selectively transmitting network

access requests consistent with the present invention.

[017] **Figure 6** is a flow chart of a method for inhibiting access to content servers on a network consistent with the present invention.

[018] **Figure 7** is a flow chart of a method for distributing content in a network consistent with the present invention.

# **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

# [019] System Architecture

[020] Consistent with principles of the present invention, there is provided a system including a Service Preference Architecture (SPA). The SPA is a collection of hardware components and software routines executed by the components.

Components installed at a subscriber's site may be referred to as gateway units, or

more specifically, Communication Gateways (CGs). The subscribers may include residential and business subscribers. The CGs may include a data storage device such as a hard drive, and are operable between active and inactive states. CGs operate in conjunction with SPA-based Internet Service Providers (ISPs) under the control of "controller nodes," hereinafter referred to as Internet Control Points (ICPs). The ICPs are installed in an ISP's network. ICPs may be network-based routers or computers that control the operation of CGs.

[021] The software routines located in CGs and ICPs provide a suite of features for the system. ISPs, such as telecommunication carriers, electronic data centers, and cable TV companies, may be equipped to deliver the suite of features by using a network service based system.

[022] In general, the SPA uses ICPs to control subscriber access to web sites and to deliver data to subscribers. The ICPs control the processing of data sent between subscribers (e.g., client PCs or LAN servers) and the ISPs or content servers with which they are exchanging information, using the CGs. The ICPs cooperate with hardware and software of the CGs located at a subscriber's premises to provide the specific features of the system.

[023] The CGs cannot be tampered with by subscribers. This is accomplished by two aspects of the CGs. First, CGs are specifically designed to permit no subscriber-initiated programming and no access to the CG hardware or software. Instead, the CGs are provided only with compiled code loaded from flash memory, a hard drive, or EEPROM. Updates to this code are obtained from ICPs and encrypted passwords are stored in hidden, undocumented locations to allow authentication of ICP

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presence prior to CG control program update. The passwords are changed frequently during an "idle process control" phase and tracked by an ICP.

[024] The second anti-tampering aspect is the provision of a housing for the CGs and a detector consisting of a one or more "deadman" switches that are tripped upon opening the housing or removing a CG's hard drive. The circuit may be either passive or active.

[025] If the detector is passive, it signals an internal controller upon re-start that it has been tripped and causes an event notification sent to an ICP upon next power-up. Upon receipt of the event notification, either the ICP initiates diagnostics and disables the CG if a software tamper has occurred, or the CG disables both its control software and its internal hard drive to prevent the hard drive from operating, until it is returned to the ISP for repair. Subscriber agreements may be used to supply a contract provision specifying that tampering voids the warranty and that the subscriber deeds a portion of the CG to the ISP and agrees to return tampered products to the ISP.

[026] If the detector is active, the "deadman switch" is kept powered by, for example, battery or capacitor. The trip is used to immediately disable the controller software in the processor and the internal hard drive of the CG. Both may be reset only by the ICP, either automatically or by human intervention. These measures prevent subscribers from writing, compiling, executing. modifying, or otherwise tampering with the operating software of the CG. Second, the active mode prevents users from getting access to the content on the hard drive.

[027] In addition to these tamper-proof provisions, all ICP-CG communications take place within the ISP side of the network and ICP-CG communications are secured

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with encryption and hashing. Furthermore, all CGs must be registered with the ISP. An ICP will not enable any service to an un-registered CG and an un-registered CG will not operate in an experimental environment at all. At the onset of power-up or transition from an inactive to an active state, the CG signals the ICP and the ICP returns an "OK" message prior to proceeding further. This transaction requires an encrypted password exchange to authorize the CG to enter an "active" state where it can play back, download or be used for anything delivering services to users. These measures ensure secure control of the data flow between both the ICP and the CG. This secure flow of data then enables ISPs to effectively and efficiently control the services provided to subscribers.

[028] Reference will now be made in detail to the present embodiments (exemplary embodiments) of the invention, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Wherever possible, the same reference numbers will be used throughout the drawings to refer to the same or like parts.

[029] **Figure 1** illustrates an environment in which the invention may operate. A Service Preference Architecture (SPA) may include at least one Internet Control Point ("ICP") **50** connected to a network **52**. Network **52** may be, for example, the Internet, a metro area network, or a local area network, and may include a plurality of SPA-controlled network elements **54** and non-SPA-controlled network elements **55**. Network elements **54**, **55** may include, for example, network switches and routers. SPA-controlled network elements **54** aid in regulating access and distributing content through network **52**.

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[030] Also connected to network **52** are content servers including at least one SPA-controlled content server **56** and a plurality of communication gateways ("CGs") **58**, including CGs **58**<sub>1</sub>, **58**<sub>2</sub>, . . **58**<sub>n</sub>. A subscriber terminal **60**<sub>1</sub>, **60**<sub>2</sub>, . . **60**<sub>n</sub> may be connected to each respective CG **58**, or in an alternative embodiment not shown, may be combined with each respective CG **58** to form "converged" CGs **58**.

[031] An SPA-controlled content server **56** may be, for example, a computing terminal used to deliver content services. A content service may include, for example, delivery of any media file (such as movies, music, pictures, and graphics), software file (such as a complete application, operating parameters, data files, or partial application/updates) or a real time application (such as interactive data processing, voice communications or visual communications to an end user). In an alternative embodiment, the functions of SPA-controlled content server **56** and ICP 50 may be combined in a single component.

[032] ICP **50** is typically located remotely from subscriber terminals **60** and regulates both subscriber access to network **52** and distribution of content in network **52**. The content may originate from SPA-controlled content server **56**, for example, or from other content servers **57** in network **52**. ICP **50** works in conjunction with CGs **58** and SPA-controlled network elements **54** by generating instructions which are transmitted over network **52** to CGs **58** and SPA-controlled network elements **54**, where the instructions are executed.

[033] ICP **50** may constitute the source of internet service control and conditional denial of subscriber access to ISP-selected URLs or IP addresses. ICP **50** may control CGs **58** to determine what web site data is allowed to pass through to

subscribers using, for example, web browser programs executing in subscriber terminals **60**. ICP **50** may also control packet inspection processing in CGs **58** to determine which data can be allowed to flow through CGs **58** to and from subscriber terminals **60**, specifically when e-mail or file transfers are initiated. ICP **50** also controls what activities are engaged in by idle CGs **58** when corresponding subscriber terminals **60** are inactive. Idle CGs **58** may receive software downloads from ICP **50**, collect data, and initiate communications activities that are disruptive to certain non-SPA content. servers **57** that offer unauthorized copyrighted materials for illegal download by subscribers. Multiple ICPs **50** may be deployed geographically in an ISP's network to support the CG management capacity of ICP **50** and the number of subscribers in its service area.

[034] An ISP may provide an ISP portal **62** to facilitate subscriber access to network **52**. ISP portal **62** may be, for example, an enterprise data center. Access node **66** is associated with the ISP providing ISP portal **62**. ICP **50** interacts with ISP portal **62**, ISP associated access node **66**, and SPA-controlled content server **56** to control subscribers' ability to access services that are offered by ISP portal **62**. ICP **50** also controls CGs **58** to deliver various services, including, for example, advertisements, the home page for ISP Portal **62** or SPA-controlled content server **56** web servers, or software downloads to subscriber terminals **60** for their use of ISP **62** or SPA-controlled content server **56** services.

[035] ICP **50** also interacts with SPA-controlled network elements **54** used by ISP portal **62** to deliver services. ICP **50** controls subscribers' ability to access services that are offered by the ISP portal **62** and controls the operation of the services

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themselves by controlling the flow of data through SPA-controlled network elements **54** used by ISP portal **62**.

[036] ICP **50** may be programmed either by human input or by operatorcontrolled web crawler software. Updates to a database in ICP **50** may be provided by an active intervention system **64** whereby changes to ICP **50** database entries are discovered and implemented. The updates to ICP **50** database may be made in a manner analogous to the regular updating of virus definitions for computer virus and worm protection.

[037] The web crawlers, human intervention, and ICP **50** and CG **58** database updates may be controlled by active intervention system **64**. Active intervention system **64** may include, for example, a set of centrally maintained computer systems. Active intervention system **64** may control the operation of various geographically deployed ICPs **50**.

[038] The process begins with active intervention system **64**. Active intervention system **64** is used by human operators to discover new URLs or IP addresses to "pirate" sites to conditionally deny access to these URLs or IP addresses by CGs **58**, discover changes needed to implement Digital Rights Management (DRM) techniques, discover and record new packet characteristics, install wiretaps as ordered, process new copyright registry entries, change encryption techniques, and perform other management services. ICPs **50** then deliver active and real time executed network management, distribute new database entries and software changes to CGs **58** and track operation of the SPA-controlled network elements **54**. Although one ICP **50** is illustrated there may be more. Thus, multiple ICPs **50** may be networked together to

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enable them to manage large numbers of SPA-controlled network elements **54** and provide redundant, highly reliable operation. Furthermore, ICPs **50** may all use identical databases to enable uninterrupted network management.

[039] As illustrated in Figure 2, a CG 58 may include a user interface 100 that receives subscriber requests, entered by subscribers at an associated subscriber terminal 60, to access network 52. CG 58 may also include a network interface 102 to exchange data with network 52 and to receive instructions from ICP 50; a memory device **104** including a database for storing ICP-generated instructions, initial operating parameters, and other records; a processor 106 to implement the instructions; a content storage device **108** having a user partition and a network partition for storing content; and a housing disassembly detector **110** to prevent tampering, as described above. Memory device **104** may be, for example, a bank of one or more semiconductor memories, a bank of one or more hard disk drives, a combination of semiconductor memories and hard disk drives or any other device that holds data. Processor **106** may be, for example, a general purpose processor (such as a Pentium 4 processor, an integrated circuit, or collection of integrated circuits) that can execute program instructions and is designed to allow control of CG 58 to be implemented in purely software and may also be used for non-CG related general purpose computing applications, or processor **106** may be a special purpose processor (integrated circuit or collection of integrated circuits) that can execute program instructions and is designed with only the power, bus, memory, logic and hardware accelerators needed to control CG 58. Content storage 108 may be, for example, a bank of one or more semiconductor memories, a bank of one or more hard disk drives, a combination of

semiconductor memories and hard disk drives or any other device that holds data. CGs may be provided in various forms, such as, for example, a gateway module that combines TV, video, internet and voice access, a dial-up remote access server, an ADSL modem/router, a satellite TV gateway, a cable TV modem, a converged set top-plus-internet gateway, a wireless modem, or other fixed or mobile computing, playback, recording, display or communications device including radio, TV, stereo, wireless phone, phone, DVD, VCR, WLAN access point, wireless broadband or narrowband modem, or similar device.

[040] As illustrated in **Figure 3**, an ICP **50** may include one or more network interfaces **200**, one or more processors **202**, a memory device **204** including a database for storing records, and a non-internet communications link for traffic between processors and shared storage and memory. The records preferably include instructions that may be updated by active intervention system **64** and distributed to CGs **58** and SPA-controlled network elements **54** for execution.

[041] As illustrated in **Figure 4**, SPA-controlled network elements **54** may include one or more network interfaces **300**, one or more processors **302**, a memory device **304** including a database, and one or more switch modules **306** for providing routing and switching services. Components **300**, **302**, and **304** may operate in a similar fashion to the corresponding components of the CGs. SPA-controlled network element **54** may be provided in various forms, such as, for example, a computer used to deliver data services or content services, a core router or ATM switch, a subscriber management system used to control access to the network, authenticate subscribers or devices before allowing access into the network, a DSLAM, cable modem system,

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wireless modem system, or any other multiplexing or channel service delivery system, or a satellite that incorporates any of these elements.

## [042] Service Initialization

[043] CGs **58** may be required to register with ICP **50** when they are powered up for the first time. CGs **58** will remain inactive until they receive a registration confirmation from SPA-controlled content server **56** or ICP **50**. The registration process may include collection of information by ICP **50** for a warranty registration from the subscriber such as, for example, CG's **58** hardware address and other identifying data. ICP **50** will then send CG **58** the latest operating software, if necessary, and its initial operating parameters to load in memory **104**. Initial operating parameters may include, for example, the address of the CG's **58** ICP **50** and other variables as described below. Subsequent re-registrations may be initiated by CG **58** under subscriber control for address or ISP changes.

### [044] Active and Inactive CG Processing Control

[045] Upon power down or inactivity timeout of CG **58**, CG **58** may register itself as "idle" by sending an event notification to ICP **50**. The duration of an inactivity timeout may be preset and may be changed by input to ICP **50** for distribution to all CGs **58** under the control of ICP **50**.

[046] Upon subsequent re-activation, which may be initiated by either power up or signals from subscriber terminal **60**, CG **58** identifies itself as "active" by sending an event notification to ICP **50**, which responds with an acknowledgement. Failure of a CG **58** to receive an acknowledgement results in a series of re-tries until finally a timeout or maximum number of re-tries occurs. When this occurs, a diagnostic program may be

executed in CG **58** to advise the subscriber what to do next, based on the deduced source of the failure. Active CGs **58** may process and control delivery of content and services from SPA-controlled content server **56** or ISP portal **62**. Inactive CGs **58** may process and control either CG maintenance or may carry out activity delegated to inactive CGs by design.

### [047] Conditional Denial

[048] **Figure 5** shows a method, consistent with the invention for regulating user access to a network. In step **400**, a gateway unit associated with a user receives controller instructions from the network. Next, at step **402**, the gateway unit receives a network access request from a user, via a subscriber terminal. At step **404**, the gateway unit selectively transmits the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions. Finally, at step **406**, the gateway unit receives content data responsive to the transmitted network access request from the network. Consistent with the present invention, this section, and others that follow, describe in more detail the implementation of this method.

[049] CGs **58**, under ICP **50** control, may provide a network-based Digital Rights Management (DRM) service. The DRM service denies subscribers the capability to send or to receive data from or to "pirate" URLs or IP addresses that are known to contain unlicensed copyrighted material. In implementing this denial, CG **58** deletes the "pirate" URL or IP address and substitutes the URL or IP address of a site that offers licensed copyrighted materials for legal, authorized sale. The list of "pirate" URLs or IP addresses that are known to contain unlicensed copyrighted material may be regularly updated, similar to the manner in which virus definitions are regularly updated.

[050] Furthermore, when other non-web browser programs executing in subscriber terminals **60** attempt to access a blocked site, the request to the URL or IP address of the blocked site may be redirected to a legal content provider's URL or IP address or ignored.

[051] Upon registration of a CG **58** as "active," ICP **50** may update the list in CG **58** of DRM URL or IP address substitutions.

### [052] Packet Inspection

[053] CGs **58** and SPA-controlled network elements **54** may perform packet inspection to determine the file type of all files being transferred through CG **58** or SPA-controlled network elements **54**, based on file properties, including, for example, file extension, file format, header or trailer contents and URL/IP addresses that are known sources of unauthorized copyrighted material. ICP **50** programs CGs **58** and SPA-controlled network elements **54** with certain data patterns. These data patterns may be any length and may contain exact matches or regular expressions. When certain data patterns are recognized, the data transfer may be stopped or another action may be taken, based on instructions delivered by ICP **50**.

# [054] E-Mail Server & Client Spoofing

[055] A CG **58** or the first SPA-controlled network element **54** capable of switching traffic inside the network may present itself to the subscriber terminal **60** as the associated subscriber's e-mail server, which may be a network element **54**. In addition, the CG **58** or the first SPA-controlled network element **54** capable of switching traffic inside the network may present itself to the subscriber's e-mail server as a subscriber terminal **60**. In this manner, CG **58** or the first network element **54** capable

of switching traffic inside the network acts as a two-way encryption/decryption point to enable inspection of what would otherwise be encrypted data. When e-mail is sent through CG **58** or the first network element **54** capable of switching traffic inside the network, all attached files are inspected using, for example, packet inspection techniques described above. Based on ICP-delivered instructions, CG **58** or the first network element **54** capable of switching traffic inside the network may then deny access to incoming files, stop transfer of outgoing files, or take other action.

# [056] Browser, Program Communications, & URL or IP Address Access Blocking

[057] Under control of ICP **50**, CG **58** may block subscriber access to a list of URLs or IP addresses. When CG **58** registers with ICP **50** as "active", CG **58** receives from ICP **50** an update to its list of denied URL or IP addresses and its substitute list. The substitute list includes, for example, URLs or IP addresses to be substituted for certain URLs or IP addresses denied to the subscriber by CG **58**. A subscriber-entered request in a web browser program to display a denied URL or IP address or a program call made by a program running on subscriber terminal **60** to connect to a denied URL or IP address may be allowed to time out. Alternatively, CG **58** may present a substitute URL or IP address from its substitute list to be displayed to the subscriber. Time-out may occur when no substitute URL or IP address exists. An ISP may optionally allow a subscriber to submit entries to the list of denied URLs or IP addresses for parental control purposes. Converged CGs **58** may also use this blocking feature to grant access and deliver only ISP-provided video services that subscribers have

subscribed to, excluding all others. This blocking feature may also be used to block web sites for public policy, court-ordered or ISP policy purposes.

# [058] Event Notification

[059] CGs **58** and SPA-controlled network elements **54** deliver an event notification to ICP **50** whenever a packet inspection match is made or an attempt to access a conditionally denied URL is detected.

# [060] Virus-Initiated Denial of Service Traffic Blocking

[061] Repeated and rapid attempts to send data to one or a short list of URLs or IP addresses by any subscriber terminal **60** served by CG **58** are detected by CG **58** and traffic to the identified sites is not forwarded.

# [062] Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) Blocking

[063] For subscribers who are not VoIP subscribers, CG **58** or SPA controlled network elements **54** may identify attempts to use VoIP services by recognizing destination URL, source URL, packet length, header information or packet contents. Incoming or outgoing VoIP packets may be discarded and an advertisement offering VoIP subscription service may be delivered and displayed to subscriber terminal **60**.

# [064] Real Time Video or Audio Streaming Blocking

[065] For subscribers who are not real time quality-of-service subscribers, CG **58** or SPA controlled network elements **54** may identify attempts to use real time applications by recognizing destination URL, source URL, packet length, header information or packet contents. Incoming or outgoing real time packets may be discarded and an advertisement offering a real time streaming subscription service may be delivered and displayed to subscriber terminal **60**.

# [066] Real Time Video or Audio Quality-of-Service (QoS) Reduction

[067] For subscribers who are not real time quality-of-service subscribers or who attempt to access portals that are known to offer illegal P2P file sharing, CG **58** or SPA controlled network elements **54** may identify real-time applications by recognizing destination URL, source URL, packet length, header information or packet contents. Upon identification, CG **58** or SPA controlled network elements **54** may reduce the speed with which traffic is delivered through reducing the duty cycle at which data is transferred. This may be done by insertion of TCP/IP messages, Nak/Ack or X-On/X-Off pairs. An advertisement offering real time QoS subscription service may be delivered if the site requested is not a known illegal P2P site.

### [068] Internet or Data Network Access Authentication

[069] This technique prevents subscribers from substituting foreign gateways and logging on to Internet (broadband or narrowband remote) access servers without controls on their data flow.

[070] After ICP **50** has authorized the flow of data through a CG **58**, ICP **50** may send authorization instructions to access node **66** associated with the ISP providing ISP portal **62**. Access node **66** may be, for example, an internet access server or subscriber management system. The authorization instructions must be received by access node **66** before the subscriber may be authenticated and granted internet access.

# [071] Denial of Service and Spoofing Attacks on Sites Distributing Unlicensed Copyrighted Material

[072] A method, consistent with the invention, for regulating user access to a plurality of content servers in a network is shown in **Figure 6**. First, at step **500**, a

network unit associated with a first group of users receives controller instructions from the network. Next, at step **502**, the network unit selectively inhibits access to a portion of the content servers by a second group of users in accordance with the controller instructions. Consistent with the present invention, this section describes the implementation of this method in more detail.

[073] Network units, including, for example, powered up and inactive CGs 58 and SPA-controlled network elements 54, may be directed by instructions received from an ICP 50 to initiate repeated requests for service or other similar transactions to URLs or IP addresses of "pirate" sites, that is, sites that have been identified for interdiction in an ICP-delivered conditional denial of service list. ICP 50 may activate such attacks on any of several bases: "scheduled with duration," "real time activated" by ICP 50, or "event driven." When attacks are "scheduled with duration", ICP 50 directs CG 58 to attack at a certain time and attack for a specified time interval. When attacks are "real time activated," ICP 50 directs CG 58 to immediately begin or end attacks. When attacks are "event driven," ICP 50 directs CG 58 to begin attacks upon instance of an event, such as entering inactive state. A "scheduled with duration" attack may be combined with an "event driven" attack so that an attack begins upon instance of an event and ends after a time interval specified by ICP 50. In this way, subscribers not served by CGs 58 under ICP 50 control may also be denied access to copyrighted materials. Thus, the impact of initially deployed CGs 58 greatly expands to prevent access to pirated material in network 52.

[074] In addition to directing denial of service attacks on URLs or IP addresses in the conditional denial of service list, ICP **50** may direct CGs **58** and SPA-controlled

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network elements **54** to perform similar attacks on URLs or IP addresses identified by a government or law enforcement body including, for example, the Department of Defense. This technique would be desirable when, for example, an identified URL or IP address is being used to plan dangerous criminal or terrorist activities.

[075] Many P2P servers facilitate the distribution of unlicensed copyrighted content. Human operators using active intervention system **64** may discover the IP address or URLs of such servers. This may be accomplished via several methods, including, for example, subscribing to P2P services or using P2P software from multiple sources.

[076] The files being shared via P2P resource address servers may then be examined by the human operators to discover which Internet servers contain links to unlicensed copyrighted content. The URLs and IP addresses of P2P servers offering or containing links to unlicensed copyrighted material may be blocked by placing them on a blocked address list maintained by ICP **50**.

[077] Human operators then use active intervention system **64** to enter spoofing attack instructions by uploading to various P2P resource address servers substitute file pointers. The substitute file pointers specify to the servers the identities of what are supposedly unlicensed copyrighted files and re-direct access requests from P2P users seeking the unlicensed copyright files to substitute files. Network units, including, for example, powered up and inactive CGs **58** and SPA-controlled network elements **54**, may also be directed by instructions received from an ICP **50** to upload substitute file pointers to various P2P resource address servers.

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[078] The substitute files may be, for example, non-working or defectively working files or may contain messages informing the user that access has been prevented and that legal copies may be obtained elsewhere.

### [079] Copyright Registry

[080] A registry is centrally kept and enabled access by ICP **50**. Subscribers who have purchased copyrighted material may be registered by the seller or may self-register as owners of a license to use the material. Furthermore, non-copyrighted material may be registered in order to identify files having no limit on the number of copies made or that may be e-mailed or downloaded without intervention.

## [081] Copyrighted File Deletion

[082] A powered-up inactive CG **58** may, under ICP **50** control, inspect the computer file system associated with any subscriber terminal **60** available to it on the network to which CG **58** is attached. CG **58** may notify ICP **50** of file names that match packet inspection patterns to identify the presence of copyrighted material to which the associated subscriber may not be entitled. Human intervention via active intervention system **64** or, alternatively, the copyright registry, may be used to verify a subscriber's entitlement to copyrighted materials found on the subscriber's file system. If no entitlement is found, a CG **58** associated with the file system may then delete the files to which the subscriber is not entitled.

# [083] First Portal Visibility ("First Portal")

[084] The "first portal" feature is used to present to subscribers a specific URL, with content specified by the ISP, as the "first portal" page to be displayed to a subscriber upon launch of a web browser regardless of the subscriber's selection as

"home" in the web browser program running on subscriber terminal **60**. CG **58** delivers the "first portal" under ICP **50** direction. The "first portal" may be selected from a list of URLs or IP addresses upon web browser launch or resumption of activity when, for example, an inactivity timeout has occurred. ICP **50** may periodically change the list of URLs or IP addresses delivered to CG **58**. CG **58** receives the subscriber's URL requests via user interface **100** and delivers instead the "first portal" URL. The subscriber may be presented with a rotational scroll of URLs or IP addresses, in which each URL in the ICP-delivered list of URLs or IP addresses is presented in round robin fashion each time a new "first portal" opportunity is created. Alternatively, the list received from ICP **50** may consist of one URL or the URLs or IP addresses in the list may be processed by a weighting function so that some URLs appear more often than others. The specific weighting function may optionally be configured by an ISP.

#### [085] Advertising

[086] Under control of ICP **50**, ISP portal **62** may present a set of generalized and/or customized advertisements to subscriber terminal **60** during the presentation of pages from the "first portal" URL and during events specified by ISP portal **62**. CG **58** may receive, via network interface **102**, a list of advertisements or URLs or IP addresses from ICP **50** to be presented to the subscriber associated with subscriber terminal **60**. Ads can be customized by ICP **50** based on ISP input, subscriber input, zip code, URLs or IP addresses viewed by subscribers. A set of events that trigger the ad presentation to the browser on subscriber terminal **60** may be transferred from ICP **50** to CG **58** under operator control. Events may be time triggered or may include such things as new URL or IP ADDRESS requests or commencement or completion of data

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transfer. Advertising may be delivered via pop-up windows, browser windows, e-mail messages or physical media sent to subscriber terminal **60**.

### [087] Service Applet Downloads

[088] Subscribers who subscribe to fee-based services such as video calling, games or gambling may receive applet downloads from ICP **50** or from SPA content server **56**. The applet downloads may then be loaded to an associated subscriber terminal **60** or network appliance/controller. The applets are typically the resident software required for the service. CG **58**, under ICP **50** control, may restrict the applet download to only the services subscribed to by the subscriber. Applet updates may be delivered to a subscriber when they are on-line and CG **58** is registered with ICP **50** as active.

### [089] Law Enforcement Monitoring

[090] Law enforcement or national security agencies worldwide have interests in monitoring use of the Internet and e-mail during "threat" situations. Such agencies are also charged with gaining access to Internet communications under legal warrants. With this feature, some or all data flowing through CG **58** or SPA-controlled network elements **54** may be copied to specific law enforcement or national security monitoring sites (not shown in figures). To send only a portion of traffic, the data stream may be monitored by a packet inspection engine at CGs **58** or SPA-controlled network elements **54** to sniff IP addresses or data and send selected traffic to appropriate agency sites. The monitoring is activated by a human interaction with ICP **50** via active intervention system **64** and monitoring instruction are then sent to the appropriate CG(s) **58** or SPA-controlled network element(s) **54**.

### [091] Pay Per View (PPV) Advertising

[092] This technique allows subscribers to view advertising in a searchable format. The advertisements may be video, text, audio or a combination of two or all three media formats. A search result showing short descriptions of returned advertisements may be presented to the subscriber. The subscriber may then select an advertisement they are interested in viewing or listening to.

[093] When packaged with a video delivery service, subscribers may generally skip advertisements that are embedded in the video programming and may search advertisements with text input and receive advertisements that match their interest. For each advertisement viewed, the subscriber may be paid for viewing it. Payment may be nominal and used to stimulate high penetration of advertisement viewing by interested subscribers who are actually shopping and buying products presented in the advertisements.

[094] Playback of advertisements may be in a "click and play" mode, a "short play and skip to the next" mode or a "play until I say stop" mode. Conversion between playback modes may be controlled by the subscriber.

[095] PPV Advertisers may purchase placement high up in the listings. Subscribers may input weighting to search terms to raise or lower the placement order of advertisements for the display of search results.

[096] When PPV Advertising is packaged with audio delivery service, the audio equivalent to display weighting by the subscriber may be delivered by use of subscriber terminal **60** or a remote control. A subscriber may select a continuous playback of

advertisements mode or a "listen and skip" mode to allow the subscriber to listen to any portion then skip to the next advertisement.

[097] Text may be added to either video or audio services by use of a display embedded in the advertisement playback device.

# [098] Efficient Content Delivery using CG Based Caching / Storage and Access Network Bandwidth for Content Service Delivery

[099] A method, consistent with the invention, for distributing content data over a network is shown in **Figure 7**. First, at step **600**, a first network unit receives content distribution instructions from the network. Next, at step **602**, the first network unit stores a first portion of content data from the network. Next, at step **604**, the first network unit initiates a request over the network, in accordance with the content distribution instructions and in response to a user request, for the remainder of the content data. At step **606**, the first network unit receives the remainder of the content data from the network. Then, at step **608**, the first network unit assembles the first portion of content data with the remainder of the content data. At step **610**, the first network unit supplies the assembled content data to the user. Finally at step **612**, the first network unit selectively forwards the first portion of content data to a second network unit in accordance with the content distribution instructions.

[0100] In more detail, consistent with the present invention, this method combines the use of network units, such as CGs **58**, that store a portion or slice of content being delivered with ICP control of content delivery so that CGs **58** are used to deliver content to one another from their small slice of content upon request by subscribers. SPA-controlled content server **56** first receives all the incoming content.

SPA-controlled content server 56 may be composed of any number of platforms. The incoming content may be video, music, books, software, games and so forth. Subsequent to receipt of the content, SPA-controlled content server 56 then distributes a sufficiently large fraction of the content for storage within CGs 58 within its subscriber network so as to reduce demand for data communication through its network connection. Individual CGs 58 receive controller instructions from ICP 50 and a small slice or portion of the total content. The slices of content thus downloaded to CGs 58 approach 100% of the content delivered. The slices of content thus downloaded are stored in a network partition of content storage 108 within each CG 58 to which SPA-controlled content server 56 has the only "write" permission and to which subscribers have only "read" permission and then only by request for the content and as directed to download the content from CG 58 or from SPA-controlled content server 56 to CG 58 by the ICP 50. Content requested by subscribers may also be stored on this network partition of content storage **108**. A subscriber may have permission to delete content as a result of that subscriber's request. All subscriber "deletes" may be allowed immediately or delayed to a later event by ICP 50, based upon the need to distribute the content from CG 58 to additional CGs to satisfy other subscriber requests. The IP address and other unique identifying information about which CG 58 holds which portion of content is tracked by SPA-controlled content server 56 and ICP 50. This technique furthermore parses each individual file into smaller chunks and then places them in several sets of CGs 58 so as to place several "seed CGs" within the network that contain the same content. In this way, a storm of packets may be created that overcomes the imbalance between upstream and downstream bit rate speeds delivered

to CGs **58**. Many CGs with lower upstream (CG to network) rates can download data to a CG requesting a download with a higher downstream (network to CG) rate. In addition, SPA-controlled network elements **54** may aid in distribution of content by storing seeds, or slices of content, to be distributed so as to reduce demand on SPAcontrolled content server **56**.

[0101] In response to a subscriber's request for content, the subscriber may have access to all content stored on the network partition of both their own CG and other CGs under control of ICP 50. When many subscribers request the same content, then ICP 50 directs a replication of content as it is distributed to CGs 58. "Replication" is a technique whereby the first CG to receive specific content forwards that content to other CGs. These other CGs may, in turn, download content to several subsequent CGs. Thus CG 58 selectively forwards the portion of the content file in accordance with instructions received from ICP 50. In this manner, all CGs receive content in a shorter period of time. ICP 50 directs content to be delivered to the requesting subscriber's CG from SPA-controlled content server 56 if the file is not available from any other CG. Once a content file is resident in CG 58, the associated subscriber may select it for playback. Content is either displayed on consumer electronics, displayed on subscriber terminals 60 or delivered to other terminals, as allowed by the content's license grant. Content delivered at a subscriber's request will be stored on the network partition of that subscriber's CG 58. Playback, use of content with consumer electronics, and/or file transfer may be allowed, in accordance with the license grant.

[0102] ICP **50** keeps track of which CGs **58** are powered up and are active and available. ICP **50** also keeps track of the content that was written to the active CGs by

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SPA-controlled content server **56**. Content may be purged from the CG network partitions on a regular basis by several methods. First, a "deletion date" may be used for each content file. Second, SPA-controlled content server **56** may purge content when new content is delivered, with SPA-controlled content server **56** notifying CG **58** of the purge. Third, the oldest content may be purged if space in the network partition is too small to accept new content. Fourth, subscribers may delete content previously downloaded at subscriber request.

[0103] CG **58** may also contain a user partition in which a subscriber may store his or her own content. The content stored in a user partition may be any file, including, for example, media, software, and data files. The content stored in a user partition may also be accessed by subscribers via subscriber terminal **60** or may be transferred to various consumer electronics at the subscriber location to be played or displayed.

### [0104] ICP, CG, and Network Element Database Structures

[0105] Each ICP **50** may keep a master database used for control of SPAcontrolled content servers **56**, CGs **58**, and SPA-controlled network elements **54**. The master database may be managed by a database system that is accessed by ICP software. Preferably, no storage space is allocated for record fields with null content. Each CG **58**, network element **54**, and SPA-controlled content server **56** may also keep a subset of the master database for use in processing.

[0106] The following sections describe the various types of data kept in ICP **50** master database and in CG **58**, network element **54**, and SPA-controlled content server **56** databases.

# [0107] Individual Managed CG, Network Element, Content Server and Provider/Subscriber Identifiers

[0108] ICP 50, CG 58, network element 54, and SPA-controlled content server 56 databases may each contain hardware records. ICP's **50** master database records may include an active record for each CG 58, network element 54, and SPA-controlled content server 56 managed by ICP 50 with a "history archive" including up to ten past records to account for subscriber, ISP portal 62, network element 54, CG 58, and SPAcontrolled content server 56 software changes. The information in master database records may include, for example, subscriber/contact name, company name, address, city, state, country, post code, telephone number, e-mail address, hardware addresses of CG 58, SPA-controlled network element 54, or SPA-controlled content server 56, unique identifiers of CG 58, SPA-controlled network element 54 or SPA-controlled content server 56, model number, serial number, hardware release version, software release version, law enforcement copy to URLs, events logged from CG 58, network element 54 or SPA-controlled content server 56, authentication pre-authorization URL or IP address, active process image ID, inactive process image ID, active/inactive flag, real time QoS Flag, and VoIP QoS Flag.

[0109] CG **58**, network element **54**, and SPA-controlled content server **56** database records may each include their own individual corresponding identifying information.

# [0110] Current Production Software Versions and Images by CG, Network Element or Content Server Model

[0111] This record is kept only in ICP **50** master database. The following fields may be kept in the master database record for each managed CG **58**, network element **54** or SPA-controlled content server **56**: model number, hardware release version, software release version, current code image, last two code images, and release notes for customer support.

# [0112] Managing ICP List

[0113] The managing ICP list data is kept only in CG **58**, SPA-controlled network element **54**, and SPA-controlled content server **56** databases. This data includes a list of URL or IP addresses for ICPs **50** that can control the associated CG **58**, network element **54**, or SPA-controlled content server **56**. The first entry is permanent and allows for initial registration and download of ICP addresses for the ISP associated with the specific CG, network element, or SPA-controlled content server.

#### [0114] Active Process Image List

[0115] ICP **50**, CG **58**, network element **54**, and SPA-controlled content server **56** databases each contain active process image list data. Active processes are sub-routines that may be executed by the production software running on each CG **58** when the CG is in an active state. The active processes can be changed by ICP **50**, without changing the current production software, whenever a CG **58**, SPA-controlled network element **54**, or SPA-controlled content server **56** performs an "I'm Active" login. Copies of active process routines may be downloaded to CGs **58**, SPA-controlled network elements **54**, or SPA-controlled content servers **56**, as directed by an image

distribution routine applied to ICP **50** by human input at active intervention system **64**. A human operator may identify a set of "unique identifiers" that may be loaded with each specific active process. The active process image list may be null.

#### [0116] Idle Process Image List

[0117] ICP **50**, CG **58**, network element **54**, and SPA-controlled content server **56** databases may each contain idle process image list data. Idle processes are subroutines that may be executed by the production software running on each CG **58** when the CG is in an active state. The idle processes can be changed by ICP **50**, without changing the production software, whenever a CG **58**, SPA-controlled network element **54** or SPA-controlled content server **56** performs an "I'm Idle" login. The idle process images are downloaded to CGs **58**, SPA-controlled network elements **54**, or SPA-controlled content servers **56** as directed by an image distribution routine applied to ICP **50** by human input at active intervention system **64**. The human operator may identify a set of "unique identifiers" that may be loaded with each specific idle process. The idle process image list may be null.

#### [0118] P2P Idle Process Attack URL List

[0119] P2P idle process attack URL list data is kept only in ICP **50** and CG **58** databases. The data contains a list of URLs or IP addresses of sites containing illegally distributed unlicensed materials that may be attacked by the idle process. The list may be null. This list contains a set of flags to define the type of content the illegal sites are known by active intervention system **64** to offer.

## [0120] Department of Defense (DOD) Idle Process Attack URL List

[0121] DOD idle process attack URL list data is kept only in ICP **50**, CG **58**, and SPA-controlled network elements **54** databases. This is a list of URLs or IP addresses, generated by DOD, of sites that are to be attacked during the idle process. The list may be null.

# [0122] "First Look" URL List

[0123] "First look" URL list data is kept only in ICP **50** and CG **58** databases. The data contains lists of URLs or IP addresses that will be presented to subscribers with the "first portal" browser screen. This list may be null, or may have one or more entries. Multiple entries may be cycled through by a routine built into ICP **50** or CG **58** software.

# [0124] Advertisement Insertion URL List

[0125] Advertisement insertion URL list data is kept only in ICP **50** and CG **58** databases. The data contains a list of URLs or IP addresses that are presented to subscribers as "advertising" browser screens. This list may be null, or may have one or more entries. Multiple entries may be cycled through by a routine built into CG **58**.

# [0126] Legal Content URL List

[0127] Legal content URL list data is kept only in ICP **50** and CG **58** databases. The data contains a list of URLs or IP addresses that are presented to subscribers as legal content sites when they attempt to connect their browser to a URL or IP address that is on the "P2P Blocked URL" List. This list may be null, or may have one or more entries. Multiple entries will be cycled through by a routine built into the CG **58**. The content flags from the P2P Blocked URL list are used by active CG **58** or SPA-

controlled content server **56** processes to present the subscriber with a browser screen containing links to "Legal Content URLs" that match what the subscriber tried to access.

#### [0128] P2P Blocked URL List

[0129] P2P blocked URL list data is kept only in ICP **50** and CG **58** databases. The data contains a list of URLs or IP addresses of sites containing illegally distributed unlicensed materials that are to be blocked from access by the active process. The list may be null. This list contains a set of flags to define the type of content the illegal sites are known by active intervention system **64** to offer. The flags are used by CG **58** software to present a browser screen to subscribers containing "Legal Content Sites" that offer similar content to what the P2P Blocked URL offers when they try to point their browser to a site on this list.

#### [0130] P2P QoS Restriction URL List

[0131] P2P QoS restriction URL list data is kept only in ICP **50** and CG **58** databases. The data contains a list of URLs or IP addresses of sites containing illegally distributed unlicensed materials whose throughput to and from subscribers is to be severely constricted by the active process. The list may be null. This list contains a set of flags to define the type of content the illegal sites are known by active intervention system **64** to offer. The flags are used by CG **58** active software to present a "first portal" or advertising browser screen to subscribers containing "legal content sites" that offer similar content to what the P2P QoS restricted URL Offers.

#### [0132] Portal Blocked URL List

[0133] Portal blocked URL list data is kept only in ICP **50**, CG **58**, and network element **54** databases. The data contains a list of URLs or IP addresses that are

blocked as dictated by ISP policy or as required by regulators or court order. Blocking is performed by CG **58** active process or network element **54**. The list may be null. The list is used by the active process to present a browser screen to subscribers containing a "URL not available" message, or something similar, to the requesting subscriber.

#### [0134] Portal QoS Restriction URL List

[0135] Portal QoS restriction URL list data is kept only in ICP **50**, CG **58**, and network element **54** databases. The data contains a list of URLs or IP addresses of sites whose QoS are to be severely restricted by CG **58** active process or SPAcontrolled network element **54** due to lack of contractual arrangements with an associated ISP to deliver high throughput or a high level of traffic generated into the network. The list may be null. Such restriction controls core network costs for an ISP.

#### [0136] Law Enforcement Agency "Copy To" List

[0137] Law enforcement agency "copy to" list data is kept only in ICP **50**, CG **58**, and network element **54** databases. The data contains a list of CGs **58**, SPA-controlled network elements **54** or SPA-controlled content servers **56** being wiretapped, identified by a unique identifier, and the URL or IP address of the law enforcement site(s) to whose URL the traffic is to be copied. It is created by human input at active intervention system **64** upon receipt of a legal wiretap order. The list may be null. More than one agency may be copied.

#### [0138] Packet Inspection Pattern List

[0139] Packet inspection pattern list data is kept only in ICP **50**, CG **58**, and network element **54** databases. The data contains a list of patterns that the packet inspection routine in CGs **58** or SPA-controlled network elements **54** use to discover

patterns that indicate viruses, traffic caused by viruses, or other unwanted data that is being sent into network **52**.

## [0140] Received Event Log

[0141] Received event log data is kept only in ICP **50** master database. The data contains a log of events reported by CGs **58**, SPA-controlled content servers **56** or SPA-controlled network elements **54** to ICP **50**. It may contain three fields: a unique ID for the CG **58** reporting it, an event ID and an event description.

# [0142] Sent Event Log

[0143] Sent event log data is kept only in the CG **58**, network element **54**, and SPA-controlled content server **56** databases. The data contains a log of the events reported by CG **58**, network element **54**, or SPA-controlled content server **56** to ICP **50**. It may contain three fields: a unique ID for CG **58**, network element **54**, or SPA-controlled content server **56** reporting it, an event ID and an event description.

# [0144] Copyright Registry

[0145] Copyright registry data is kept only in ICP **50** master database. The data contains identifying information from the copyright holder or subscriber registrant and a file of the entire content that has been registered. Information from the files are used to produce file signatures that the packet inspection process may use to discover that a copyrighted work is being sent or received by e-mail and to block it.

# [0146] Content In-Net

[0147] Content in-net data is kept only in ICP **50** master database. The data contains metadata for content that is presently available for subscriber download. Also the data may contain a set of pointers for each metadata file showing which SPA-

controlled content servers **56** or CGs **58** have which portions of the content file presently available for download to CGs **58**. In addition, the data may contain a set of pointers for each metadata file showing which of the SPA-controlled content servers **56** or CGs **58** are to replicate the content and metadata file and a progress indicator for the status of content download to other CGs **58**.

#### [0148] Content On-Board and being downloaded

[0149] Content on-board and being downloaded data is kept only in the CG **58** and SPA-controlled content server **56** databases.

[0150] In CG **58** this data may contain metadata for content that is presently available for subscriber download or viewing. The data may also contain a set of pointers (sent from ICP **50**) for each content file being downloaded showing which SPA-controlled content servers **56** or CGs **58** have which portions of the content file presently available for download to the CG **58**. The data may also contain a set of pointers (sent from ICP **50**) for each "seed" content file contained in CG **58** showing to which other CGs CG **58** is to replicate the content and metadata file to and a progress indicator for the status of content download to other CGs **58**.

[0151] In SPA-controlled content server **56** this data may contain metadata for content that is presently available from SPA-controlled content server **56** for subscriber download from the corresponding SPA-controlled content server **56** to CG **58**. The data may also contain a pointer for each metadata file showing which CGs **58** are to have the content file downloaded to them and a progress indicator for the status of content download to the CGs **58**.

# [0152] Pre-Authorization Flag

[0153] Pre-authorization flag data is kept only in ICP **50**, network element **54**, and SPA-controlled content server **56** databases. This data is used to ensure that the CG **58** being used by the subscriber is "ICP Managed." It is updated every time a CG goes from idle to active or active to idle, which is a transaction initiated by CG **58**. An unpopulated pre-authorization flag is used by SPA-controlled network elements **54** or SPA-controlled content servers **56** to deny service to subscribers attempting to access network **52** with non-managed CGs **58**.

[0154] This invention is not limited to the embodiments as explained above, but can be performed using various configurations. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations can be made in the context of the present invention, and in its practice, without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention.

# WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A system for regulating access to a network, the system comprising:

a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network; and

a plurality of gateway units, the gateway units comprising:

a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests;

a second network interface coupled to the network and receiving the controller instructions from the network; and

a second processor, the second processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions, and transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the network via the second network interface.

2. The system of claim 1 wherein:

the gateway units further comprise a storage device for storing instructions; the gateway units further comprise an identifier uniquely associating the gateway units with a user; and

the storage device is operable to store user-specific information.

3. The system of claim 1, wherein:

the gateway units comprise a user interface receiving requests to transmit data; and

the gateway units comprise a second processor inspecting the data to selectively transfer the data in accordance with the controller instructions.

4. The system of claim 1, wherein:

the gateway units comprise a user interface receiving requests to receive data; and

the gateway units comprise a second processor inspecting the data to selectively transfer the data in accordance with the controller instructions.

5. The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor generates the controller instructions automatically.

6. The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor generates the controller instructions in response to an operator-entered request.

7. The system of claim 1, wherein the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

8. The system of claim 1, wherein the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions to deny user access to a first group of network

servers.

9. The system of claim 8, wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor to generate a notification to a controller node if a network access request designates a network server of the first group of network servers.

10. The system of claim 8, wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor to:

detect a network access request designating a network server a first group of network servers; and

re-direct the access request to a second group of network servers, in accordance with the controller instructions.

11. The system of claim 1, wherein:

the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions, the controller instructions including a file identifier; and

the system comprises a plurality of gateway units associated with a user file system, the gateway units comprising a second processor to detect a file in a user file system corresponding to the file identifier.

12. The system of claim 11, wherein the gateway units are operable between an active state and an inactive state.

13. The system of claim 12, wherein the second processors notify a controller node if the associated gateway unit enters an inactive state.

14. The system of claim 12, wherein the second processors delete the detected files from a user file system in accordance with the controller instructions.

15. The system of claim 14, wherein the second processors delete the detected files from a user file system during the inactive state.

16. The system of claim 11, wherein the gateway units notify a controller node if a file corresponding to the file identifier is detected.

17. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units comprise: a housing; and

a detector for detecting an attempt to open the housing.

18. The system of claim 17, wherein the gateway unit notifies the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing after a user-initiated event.

19. The system of claim 17, wherein the gateway units comprise a storage device and the second processor prevents access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing.

20. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor that enters a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission from the controller node.

21. The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node comprises a copyright registry for tracking copyright status of content data files distributed to gateway units in the system.

22. The system of claim 21, wherein the user interface receives registrations of the content data files for transmission to the copyright registry.

23. The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor causes the gateway unit to access a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the controller instructions.

24. The system of claim 23, wherein the second processor selects the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites received via the controller instructions.

25. The system of claim 24, wherein the second processor selects the predetermined network site according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others.

26. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: receive registration information from a user via the user interface; and receive initial operating parameters via the second network interface.

- 27. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: receive registration information from a user via the user interface; and receive software updates via the second network interface.
- 28. The system of claim 1, wherein:

the gateway units transmit advertising via the user interface to a user display, the advertising being customized in accordance with information received via at least one of the second network interface and the user interface.

29. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units:

transmit pay-per-view advertising via the user interface for selective display by a user; and

generate payment credits for the user upon display of the advertising by the user.

30. The system of claim 29, wherein the gateway units generate one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection.

31. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units receive software via the second network interface for execution on the second processor, the software enabling

at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming.

32. The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack.

33. The system of claim 32, wherein the second processor detects a denial-ofservice attack initiated by a virus.

34. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the gateway units.

35. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt in accordance with the controller instructions.

36. The system of claim 35 wherein the gateway units transmit, via the user interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services.

37. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units:

detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio and video traffic; and

selectively block the detected attempt in accordance with the controller instructions.

38. The system of claim 37, wherein the gateway units transmit, via the user interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services.

39. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units:

detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the second network interface; and

selectively reduce the quality of service of the at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the controller instructions,

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

40. The system of claim 1, further comprising a plurality of access nodes, wherein the controller node comprises a first processor for generating authorization instructions and transmitting the authorization instructions over the network to the access nodes, and the access nodes:

receive the authorization instructions from the controller node; and selectively permit the gateway units to access the network in accordance with the

authorization instructions.

41. The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units comprise data storage units partitioned into a network portion and a user portion, and at least one of a first group of gateway units selectively shares data stored in the network partition with at least one of a second group of gateway units, via the second network interface, in accordance with the controller instructions.

42. The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units selectively forwards content data received from at least a second one of the gateway units to at least a third one of the gateway units in accordance with the controller instructions.

43. The system of claim 42 wherein the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units:

receives portions of a content data file from a group of gateway units in accordance with the controller instructions; and

assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the user via the user interface.

44. The system of claim 1, further comprising an intervention node, the intervention node comprising:

an operator interface for receiving operator-entered spoofing attack instructions;

and

a third network interface for transmitting at least one substitute file pointer to addresses in the network in accordance with the spoofing attack instructions.

45. The system of claim 1, further comprising network units, the network units comprising:

a network interface coupled to the network and receiving the controller instructions from the network and network traffic from a gateway unit; and

a processor for selectively reducing the flow of the received network traffic in accordance with the controller instructions.

46. The system of claim 45, wherein the network units:detect the flow of voice traffic; andselectively block the detected traffic in accordance with the controller instructions.

# 47. The system of claim 45, wherein the network units:detect the flow of at least one of audio and video traffic; andselectively block the detected traffic in accordance with the controller instructions.

48. The system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the flow of at least one of audio and video traffic; and selectively reduce the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the controller instructions, wherein the reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

49. A system for regulating access to a network that is accessed by a plurality of users, the system comprising:

a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network; and

a plurality of network units associated with a first group of users, the network units comprising:

a second network interface coupled to the network and receiving the controller instructions from the network; and

a second processor, the second processor inhibiting access for a second group of users to content in the network in accordance with the controller instructions.

50. The system of claim 49, wherein the second processor in the network units inhibits access for a second group of users by performing denial of service attacks in accordance with the controller instructions.

51. The system of claim 50, wherein the second processor performs attacks based on a schedule comprising at least one of:

a schedule based on duration of the attacks;

real time response to controller instructions; and

in response to an event.

52. The system of claim 49, wherein at least a portion of the network units comprise gateway units uniquely associated with a user.

53. The system of claim 52, wherein the gateway units: are operable between an active state and an inactive state; and perform denial of service attacks, in accordance with the controller instructions, during the inactive state.

54. The system of claim 49, wherein the second processor detects a denial-ofservice attack.

55. The system of claim 54, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

56. The system of claim 54, wherein the second processor prevents a denial-ofservice attack upon detection.

57. The system of claim 49, wherein the network units selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the gateway units.

58. A system for distributing content over a network, the system comprising:a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network; and

a plurality of network units, the network units comprising:

a second network interface coupled to the network, the second network interface in at least a first one of the network units receiving the controller instructions from the network and receiving a first portion of a content data file from at least a second one of the network units; and

a second processor, the second processor in the at least a first one of the network units selectively forwarding the received first portion of the content data file to at least a third one of the network units in accordance with the controller instructions.

59. The system of claim 58, wherein:

the second network interface receives a plurality of portions of a content data file from a group of network units in accordance with the controller instructions; and the second processor assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the user via the user interface.

60. The system of claim 58, wherein:

the second network interface of the second network unit receives a portion of a content data file from a content server; and

the second processor of the second network unit forwards the portion of the content data file to the at least first one of the network units in accordance with the controller instructions.

61. The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data in accordance with a predetermined deletion date associated with the content data.

62. The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data when new content data is delivered.

63. The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data when insufficient storage space remains, deleting oldest content data first.

64. The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data in accordance with an associated user's selections.

65. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:a user interface to receive requests to transmit data;

a network interface to receive controller instructions from the network; and

a processor to inspect the data and to selectively transmit the data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

66. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:
a user interface to receive requests to receive data;
a network interface to receive controller instructions from the network; and
a processor to inspect the data and selectively receive the data in accordance
with the received controller instructions.

67. A controller node for regulating access to a network, the controller node comprising:

a processor to generate controller instructions for causing a plurality of gateway units to selectively transfer user-entered network access requests over the network, the processor generating the controller instructions by at least one of automatically generating instructions and generating instructions in response to an operator-entered request; and

a network interface to transmit the controller instructions over the network to the plurality of gateway units.

68. The controller node of claim 67, comprising a processor to generate the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

69. A controller node for regulating access to a network comprising:

a processor to generate controller instructions; and

a network interface to transmit the controller instructions over the network to a plurality of gateway units, the controller instructions causing at least one gateway unit to deny access to a first group of network servers.

70. The controller node of claim 69, wherein the network interface receives notification from at least one gateway unit if the at least one gateway unit detects a request to access a denied network server.

71. The controller node of claim 69, wherein the processor generates instructions causing a gateway unit to re-direct user access requests to a second group of network servers in accordance with the controller instructions.

72. A system for regulating file access in a network, the system comprising:a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions, the instructions including a file identifier; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network; and

a plurality of gateway units associated with user file systems, the gateway units comprising

a second network interface to receive the controller instructions from the

network; and

a second processor to detect files in the user file systems corresponding to the file identifier.

73. The system of claim 72, comprising a plurality of gateway units operable between an active state and an inactive state.

74. The system of claim 73, wherein the gateway units notify a controller node upon entering the inactive state.

75. The system of claim 73, wherein the gateway units comprise a processor to delete the detected files during the inactive state.

76. The system of claim 72, wherein the plurality of gateway units notify a controller node if at least one file matching the list of file identifiers is detected.

77. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network, comprising:

a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests; a network interface for transmitting the network access requests to the network; a housing; and

a detector for detecting a user attempt to open the housing.

78. The gateway unit of claim 77, wherein the detector notifies the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing after a subsequent user-initiated event.

79. The gateway unit of claim 77 further comprising a storage device and an interlock to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing.

80. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network, comprising:

a network interface for providing access to the network;

a user interface to receive user-entered network access requests; and

a processor that enters a user-controlled operational mode after receiving

permission over the network from a controller node via the network interface.

81. A controller node for regulating file access in a network, comprising a copyright registry and a processor, wherein the processor:

receives registrations of content data files distributed to a plurality of gateway units; and

tracks copyright status of the content data files.

82. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface for providing access to the network and for receiving controller instructions from the network;

a user interface for transferring content between the network and a user; and

a processor for connecting to a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the received controller instructions.

83. The plurality of gateway units of claim 82, wherein the processor selects the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites.

84. The plurality of gateway units of claim 83, wherein the processor selects from the list of predetermined network sites according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others.

85. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:
a network interface to provide access to the network;
a user interface to transfer content between the network and a user; and
a processor to gather registration information from the user via the user interface
and to receive initial operating parameters via the network interface.

86. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:
a network interface to provide access to the network;
a user interface to transfer content between the network and a user; and
a processor to gather registration information from the user via the user interface
and to receive software updates via the network interface.

87. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:
a network interface to receive information from the network;
a user interface to receive information from a user; and
a processor to transmit advertising via the user interface to a user display,
wherein the advertising is customized in accordance with information received
via at least one of the network interface and the user interface.

88. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive pay-per-view advertising from the network;

a user interface to transfer content between the network and a user; and

a processor to transmit the pay-per-view advertising via the user interface for selective display by a user and to generate payment credits to the user upon display of the advertising by the user.

89. The gateway unit of claim 88, wherein the processor generates one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection.

90. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive software from the network;

a user interface to transfer content between the network and a user; and

a processor to execute the software to enable the user to use, via the user interface, at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming.

91. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network; a user interface to receive network access requests from a user; and a processor to detect a denial-of-service attack received from the user interface and transmitted to the network via the network interface.

92. The plurality of gateway units of claim 91, wherein the processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

93. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer incoming data and outgoing data between a user and the network interface; and

a processor to selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of the incoming data and the outgoing data in accordance with the received controller instructions. 94. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user; and

a processor to detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the detected attempt in accordance with the received controller instructions and transmitting, via the user interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services.

95. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user; and

a processor to detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio and video traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the detected attempt in accordance with the received controller instructions and transmitting, via the user interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services.

96. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the user interface, the processor selectively reducing the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions,

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

97. A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect voice traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions.

98. A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions. 99. A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic, the processor selectively reducing the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions,

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

100. A controller node for regulating subscriber access to a network comprising:

a processor to generate authentication instructions on behalf of an authenticated subscriber; and

a network interface to transmit the authentication instructions to an access node coupled to the network,

wherein the access node selectively permits subscriber access to the network in accordance with the authentication instructions.

101. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a data storage unit partitioned into a network portion and a user portion; and

a processor to selectively transmit data stored in the network partition, via the network interface, in accordance with the received controller instructions.

102. A network unit for regulating access to a network, comprising:

a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests;

a network interface coupled to the network and receiving controller instructions from the network; and

a processor, the processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions, and transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the network via the network interface;

wherein the network unit selectively forwards content data received from a first associated network unit to at least a second associated unit in accordance with the controller instructions.

103. The network unit claim 102, wherein the processor

receives portions of a content data file from a group of third associated network units in accordance with the controller instructions; and

assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to a user via the user interface.

104. The network unit of claim 102, wherein the processor: receives a portion of a content data file from a content server; and

forwards the portion of the content data file to the first associated network unit in accordance with the controller instructions.

105. A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a processor to perform denial of service attacks in accordance with the received controller instructions.

106. A method for regulating access to a network, the method comprising:receiving controller instructions from a network at a gateway unit associated with a user;

receiving a network access request at the gateway unit from a user;

selectively transmitting the network access request over the network in

accordance with the controller instructions; and

receiving content data responsive to the transmitted network access request from the network.

107. A method for regulating access to a plurality of content servers, the method comprising:

receiving controller instructions from the network at a network unit associated with a first group of users; and

selectively inhibiting access to a portion of the content servers by a

second group of users in accordance with the controller instructions.

108. The method of claim 107, wherein inhibiting access for a second group of users comprises performing denial of service attacks.

109. A method for distributing content data over a network, the method comprising: receiving content distribution instructions from the network; storing a first portion of content data from the network at a first network unit; initiating a request over the network, in accordance with the content distribution instructions and in response to a user request, for the remainder of the content data; receiving the remainder of the content data from the network; assembling the first portion of content data with the remainder of the content data; and

supplying the assembled content data to the user.

110. The method of claim 109, further comprising selectively forwarding the first portion of content data to a second network unit in accordance with the content distribution instructions.

111. A gateway unit for regulating access to a network, the gateway unit comprising:a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests;a network interface coupled to the network and receiving controller instructions

from a controller node in the network; and

a processor, the processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions, and transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the network via the network interface.

112. A network unit associated with a first group of users for regulating access to a network, the network unit comprising:

a network interface coupled to the network and receiving controller instructions from a controller node associated with the first group of users; and

a processor, the processor inhibiting access for a second group of users to content in the network in accordance with the controller instructions.

113. A controller node for regulating access to a network, the controller node comprising:

a processor for generating controller instructions; and

a network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network, the controller instructions being configured to cause a user-associated gateway unit to selectively transmit over the network at least some user-entered network access requests. 114. The controller node of claim 113 further comprising a content server for providing content data in response to the user-entered network access requests.

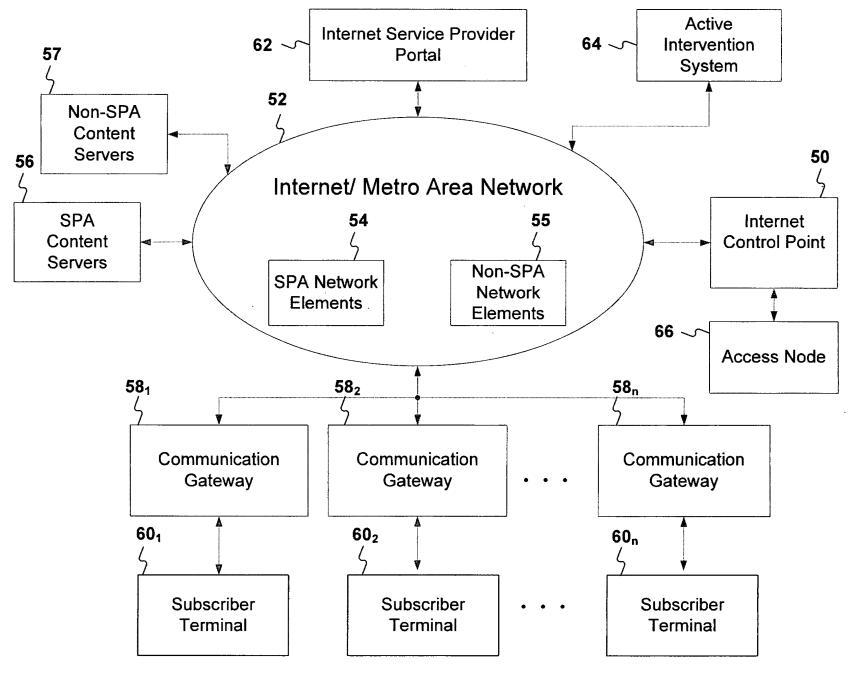
115. A controller node for regulating access to a network, the controller node comprising:

a processor for generating controller instructions; and

a network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network to network units associated with a first group of users, the controller instructions being configured to cause the network units to inhibit access for a second group of users to content in the network.

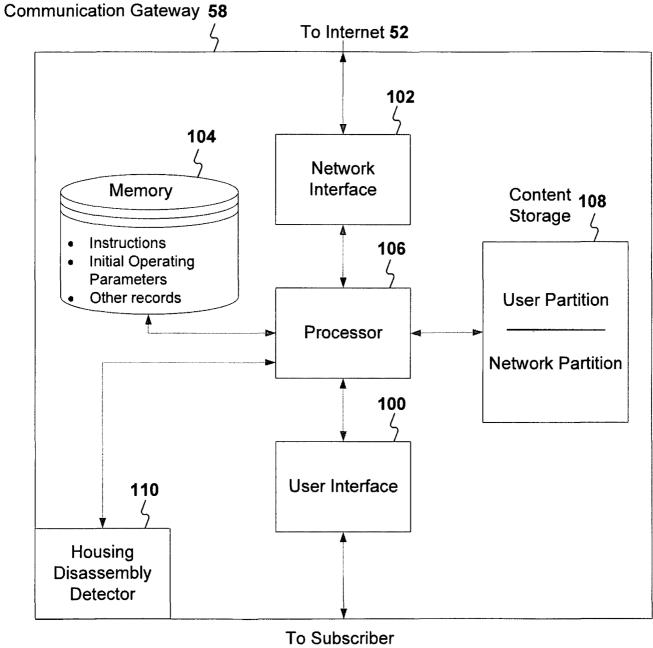
## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

There is provided a system for regulating access and managing distribution of content in a network, such as the Internet. The system includes communication gateways, installed at a subscriber site, internet control points, installed remotely, and various network elements installed throughout the network. The communication gateways and network elements operate in conjunction with the internet control points to restrict or allow access to specified Internet sites and to manage efficient distribution of content such as music, video, games, broadband data, real-time audio and voice applications, and software to subscribers.

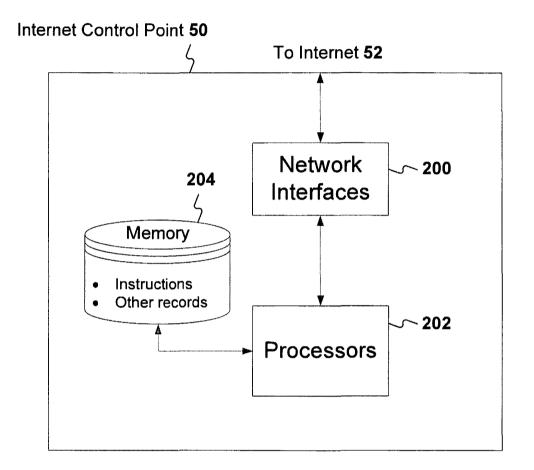


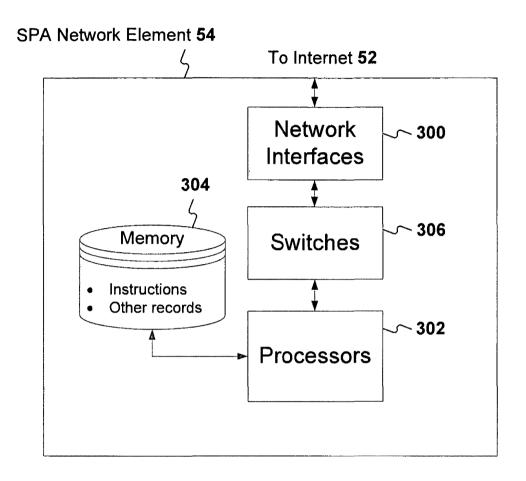
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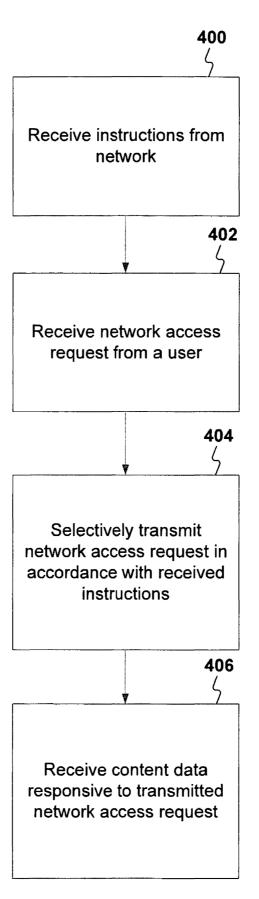
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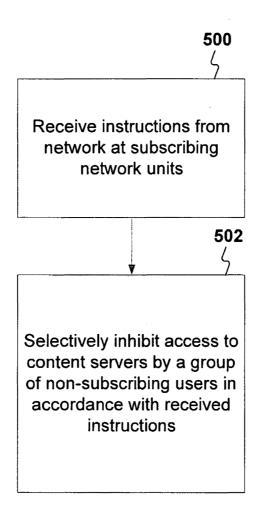


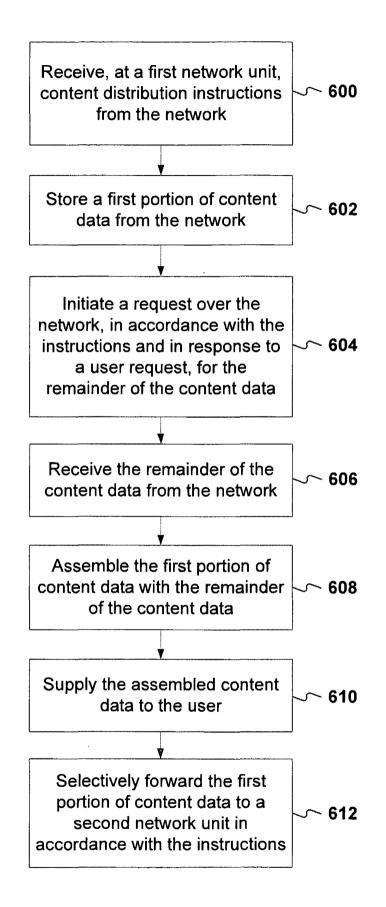
Terminal 60











## PATENT APPLICATION SERIAL NO.

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE FEE RECORD SHEET

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APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371 (c) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	09635.0001-00000
Finnegan, Henderson, Fara	bow,	FORMAL	CONFIRMATION NO. 1874

Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P. 1300 | Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005-3315

#### Date Mailed: 12/17/2004

\*OC000000014783792\*

## NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION

#### FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

#### Filing Date Granted

#### Items Required To Avoid Abandonment:

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items and pay any fees required below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The oath or declaration is missing. A properly signed oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63, identifying the application by the above Application Number and Filing Date, is required.
- To avoid abandonment, a late filing fee or oath or declaration surcharge as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(e) of \$65 for a small entity in compliance with 37 CFR 1.27, must be submitted with the missing items identified in this letter.

#### SUMMARY OF FEES DUE:

Total additional fee(s) required for this application is \$65 for a Small Entity

• \$65 Late oath or declaration Surcharge.

Replies should be mailed to:

Mail Stop Missing Parts Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria VA 22313-1450

A copy of this notice <u>MUST</u> be returned with the reply.

Multioner Service Center Initial Patent Examination Division (703) 308-1202

. .



PATENT Customer No. 22,852 Attorney Docket No. 09635.0001-00000

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	)
Robert M. BURKE, II, et al.	) Group Art Unit: 2143
Application No.: 10/989,023	) Examiner: Not yet assigned
Filed: November 16, 2004	) )
For: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK	) Confirmation No.: 1874 ) )

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

## INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(b)

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.56 and 1.97(b), Applicants bring to the attention of the Examiner the documents on the attached listing. This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed within three months of the filing date of the above-referenced application.

Copies of the U.S. patent documents are not enclosed.

Applicants respectfully request that the Examiner consider the listed documents

and indicate that they were considered by making appropriate notations on the attached form.

This submission does not represent that a search has been made or that no better art exists and does not constitute an admission that each or all of the listed documents are material or constitute "prior art." If the Examiner applies any of the

## Application No. 10/989,023 Attorney Docket No. 09635.0001-00000

documents as prior art against any claim in the application and Applicants determine that the cited documents do not constitute "prior art" under United States law, Applicants reserve the right to present to the office the relevant facts and law regarding the appropriate status of such documents.

Applicants further reserve the right to take appropriate action to establish the patentability of the disclosed invention over the listed documents, should one or more of the documents be applied against the claims of the present application.

If there is any fee due in connection with the filing of this Statement, please charge the fee to our Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: January 12, 2005

By: Mr. Win /

Ronald J. Ward Reg. No. 54,870

			PE Jo		
IDS Form PTO/S	B/08: Substitute for for	m 1449A/PT	ants	C C	omplete if Known
			a 1	Application Number	10/989,023
		usci osu	R	Filing Date	November 16, 2004
STA		APPLICA	NT ć	SFirst Named Inventor	Robert M. BURKE, II
		AFFLICA	VENT& TRACT	Art Unit	2143
	(Use as many sheets	as necessary)	A COLOR OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Examiner Name	Not yet assigned
Sheet	1	of	1	Attorney Docket Number	09635.0001-00000

U.S. PATENTS AND PUBLISHED U.S. PATENT APPLICATIONS					
Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Issue or	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where
Initials	No.'	Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		US-6,694,429 B1	02/17/2004	KALMANEK, JR. et al.	
		US-2002/0059440 A1	05/16/2002	HUDSON et al.	
		US-2002/0145981 A1	10/10/2002	KLINKER et al.	
		US-2003/0204602 A1	10/30/2003	HUDSON et al.	
		US-2003/0233281 A1	12/18/2003	TAKEUCHI et al.	

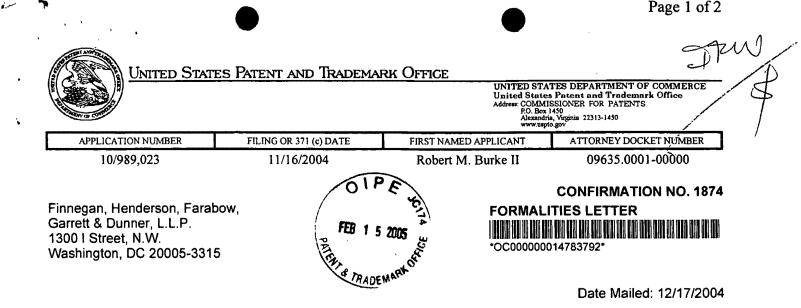
Note: Copies of the U.S. Patent Documents are not Required in IDS filed after October 21, 2004

	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS						
Examiner Initials	Cite No.1	Foreign Patent Document Country Code <sup>3</sup> Number <sup>4</sup> Kind Code <sup>5</sup> ( <i>if known</i> )	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>6</sup>	

	NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS			
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	Translation <sup>6</sup>	

Examiner	Date	
Signature	Considered	

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.



# NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION

#### FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

#### Filing Date Granted

#### Items Required To Avoid Abandonment:

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items and pay any fees required below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The oath or declaration is missing. A properly signed oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63, identifying the application by the above Application Number and Filing Date, is required.
- To avoid abandonment, a late filing fee or oath or declaration surcharge as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(e) of \$65 for a small entity in compliance with 37 CFR 1.27, must be submitted with the missing items identified in this letter.

#### SUMMARY OF FEES DUE:

Total additional fee(s) required for this application is \$65 for a Small Entity

• \$65 Late oath or declaration Surcharge.

Replies should be mailed to: Mail Stop Missing Parts Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria VA 22313-1450

02/17/2005 BABRAHA1 00000100 10989023

01 FC:2051

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## A copy of this notice <u>MUST</u> be returned with the reply.

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Customer Service Center Initial Patent Examination Division (703) 308-1202 PART 2 - COPY TO BE RETURNED WITH RESPONSE

/	OIPE E
	FEB 1 5 2005 5
12	THIS TRADEMART

PATENT Customer No. 22,852 Attorney Docket No. 09635.0001-00000

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re A	Application of:	)
Rober	t M. BURKE, II, et al.	) Group Art Unit: 2143
Applic	ation No.: 10/989,023	) ) Examiner: Unknown
Filed:	November 16, 2004	) ) )  Confirmation No.:  1874
For:	SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK	) ) )

### **Mail Stop Missing Parts**

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

## RESPONSE TO NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF APPLICATION

In response to the Notice to File Missing Parts mailed December 17, 2004,

Applicants submit a Declaration/Power of Attorney for filing in this application, the

required fee of \$65.00, and a copy of the Notice to File Missing Parts.

Please associate the enclosed declaration with the application, grant any

extensions of time required to enter this response, and charge any additional required

fees to our deposit account 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

wa Bv:

Ronald J. Ward Reg. No. 54,870

Dated: February 15, 2005



## DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

as stated below named inventor, I hereby declare that: my residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; I believe I am an original, first, and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK, the specification of which [] is attached and/or [X] was filed on November 16, 2004, as United States Application No. 10/989,023 and Confirmation No. 1874.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or § 365(a) of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or any PCT International application(s) having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed:

Country	Application Number	Date of Filing	Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C. 119
			YES NO
Namo no no no dala da ser ser l			YES NO

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

Application Number	Date of Filing
60/523,057	November 18, 2003
60/538,370	January 22, 2004
60/563,064	April 16, 2004

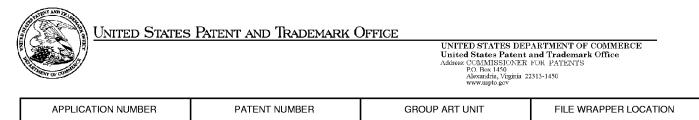
I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) or § 365(c) of any PCT International application(s) designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

Application Number	Date of Filing	Status (Patented, Pending, Abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorney and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P., CUSTOMER NUMBER 22,852.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

£ *	<u>,                                    </u>	
Full Name of First Inventor Robert M. BURKE, II	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence 21103 Old Well Road, Los Gatos, CA 95033		Citizenship USA
Post Office Address 21103 Old Well Road, Los Gatos, CA 95033		
Full Name of Second Inventor David Z. CARMAN	Inventor's Signature	Date 1-22-05
Residence 350 East Mission Street, #126, San Jose, CA 95	5112	Citizenship USA
Post Office Address 350 East Mission Street, #126, San Jose, CA 95	5112	
Full Name of Third Inventor	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence		Citizenship
Post Office Address		
Full Name of Fourth Inventor	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence		Citizenship
Post Office Address	мана на при н На при на при	<b>I</b>
Full Name of Fifth Inventor	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence	······································	Citizenship
Post Office Address		
Full Name of Sixth Inventor	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence	<u> </u>	Citizenship
Post Office Address		
Full Name of Seventh Inventor	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence		Citizenship
Post Office Address		I
Full Name of Eighth Inventor	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence		Citizenship
Post Office Address		



10/989,023

2143

# **Correspondence Address / Fee Address Change**

The following fields have been set to Customer Number 22852 on 04/08/2005

• Correspondence Address

The address of record for Customer Number 22852 is: FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413

	PATENT
(	Customer No. 22,852
Attorney Docket No	o. 09635.0001-00000

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:

Robert M. BURKE, II, et al.

Application No.: 10/989,023

Filed: November 16, 2004

For: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK Group Art Unit: 2143

Examiner: Not yet assigned

Confirmation No.: 1874

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(b)

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.56 and 1.97(b), Applicants bring to the attention of the Examiner the documents on the attached listing. This Supplemental Information Disclosure Statement is being filed before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits for the above-referenced application.

Applicants attach an English language version of an International Search Report issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office in a corresponding application citing these documents and setting forth the relevance thereof. Copies of the U.S. patent publications are not enclosed. Applicant respectfully requests that the Examiner consider the listed documents and indicate that they were considered by making appropriate notations on the attached form.

This submission does not represent that a search has been made or that no better art exists and does not constitute an admission that each or all of the listed documents are material or constitute "prior art." If the Examiner applies any of the documents as prior art against any claim in the application and Applicants determine that the cited documents do not constitute "prior art" under United States law, Applicants reserve the right to present to the office the relevant facts and law regarding the appropriate status of such documents.

Applicants further reserve the right to take appropriate action to establish the patentability of the disclosed invention over the listed documents, should one or more of the documents be applied against the claims of the present application.

If there is any fee due in connection with the filing of this Statement, please charge the fee to our Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: March 17, 2006

Ronald J. Ward/ Reg. No. 54,870

		(	MAR 1 7 2			
IDS Form PTO/SB/	08: Substitute for fo	orm 1449A/PTO	1	c C	omplete if Known	
			Man and	pplication Number	10/989,023	
	RMATION I	DISCLOSU	IRF	Filing Date	November 16, 2004	
				First Named Inventor	Robert M. BURKE, II	-
				Art Unit	2143	
	(Use as many sheet	s as necessary)		Examiner Name	Not yet assigned	
Sheet	1	of	1	Attomey Docket Number	09635.0001-00000	

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	U.S. PATENTS AND PUBLISHED U.S. PATENT APPLICATIONS						
Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Issue or	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant		
Initials	No.1	Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Figures Appear		
		US-6,516,416 B2	02-04-2003	GREGG et al.			
		US-2001/0051996 A1	12-13-2001	COOPER et al.			
		US-2002/0169865 A1	11-14-2002	TARNOFF			
		US-2002/0120577 A1	08-29-2002	HANS et al.			

Note: Submission of copies of U.S. Patents and published U.S. Patent Applications is not required.

	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS						
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Foreign Patent Document Country Code <sup>3</sup> Number <sup>4</sup> Kind Code <sup>5</sup> ( <i>if known</i> )	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>6</sup>	
				·			

NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS				
Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	Translation <sup>6</sup>		
	International Search Report dated January 31, 2006.			
		Cite No.1 Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.		

Examiner	Date	
Signature	Considered	

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

Unit	ed States Paten	T AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22 www.uspto.gov	FOR PATENTS
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	09635.0001-00000	1874
	7590 05/05/2009 IENDERSON, FARAB	EXAMINER		
LLP 001 NEW VOE			KHAJURIA,	SHRIPAL K
	RK AVENUE, NW N, DC 20001-4413		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2446	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/05/2009	PAPER

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/989,023	BURKE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA	2446
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	bears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
<ul> <li>A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY</li> <li>WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D/</li> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v</li> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\frac{11/16}{100}$	6/2004.	
	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	osecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) <u>1-115</u> is/are pending in the application	٦.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) <u>1-115</u> are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicati	ion No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage
application from the International Bureau		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.
Attachment(s)		
<ul> <li>1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ul>	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal F	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🗌 Other:	

## DETAILED ACTION

### Election/Restrictions

- 1. Claims 1-115 are presented for examination.
- 2. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - I. Claims 1-48, 72-75, 65-71, 86-86 and 111-115, drawn to network access regulating, classified in class 709, subclass 225.
  - II. Claims 49-57, 91-92, 105, 107-108, drawn to resource access regulating, classified in class 709, subclass 229.
  - III. Claims 95-99 drawn to data flow compensating, classified in class 709, subclass 234.
  - IV. Claims 58-64, 101-104, 109-110 drawn to data framing, classified in class709, subclass 236.
  - V. Claims 77-79 drawn to condition responsive indication system, classified in class 340, subclass 500.
  - VI. Claim 93 drawn to network monitoring, classified in class 709, subclass 224.
  - VII. Claim 100 drawn to computer handshaking, classified in class 709, subclass 237.

3. Inventions **I-VII** are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct if they do not overlap in scope and are not obvious variants, and if it is shown that at least one subcombination is

# Application/Control Number: 10/989,023 Art Unit: 2446

separately usable. In the instant case, **subcombination I** has separate utility such as regulating access to a network. **Subcombination II** has separate utility such as preventing and determining DOS attacks in a network. **Subcombination III** has separate utility such as selectively allowing certain kinds of traffic on a network. **Subcombination IV** has a separate utility such as forwarding selected portions of data in a network. **Subcombination V** has a separate utility such as a sensor detecting when a housing it opened. **Subcombination VI** has a separate utility such as monitoring a network for specific kinds of traffic. **Subcombination VII** has a separate utility such as computer to computer authentication. See MPEP § 806.05(d).

The examiner has required restriction between subcombinations usable together. Where applicant elects a subcombination and claims thereto are subsequently found allowable, any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of the allowable subcombination will be examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. See MPEP § 821.04(a). Applicant is advised that if any claim presented in a continuation or divisional application is anticipated by, or includes all the limitations of, a claim that is allowable in the present application, such claim may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application.

4. Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above <u>and</u> there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C.101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after

Application/Control Number: 10/989,023 Art Unit: 2446

the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA whose telephone number is (571)270-5662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday Alt. Friday, 7:30AM-5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Pwu can be reached on (571)272-6798. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

# Application/Control Number: 10/989,023 Art Unit: 2446

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/S. K. K./ Examiner, Art Unit 2446

/Jeffrey Pwu/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2446

	ed States Patent	AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22. www.uspio.gov	FOR PATENTS
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	09635.0001-00000	1874
FINNEGAN, H LLP	7590 06/26/2009 IENDERSON, FARABO	EXAMINER KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K		
	RK AVENUE, NW N, DC 20001-4413		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	1, DC 20001 1115		2446	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/26/2009	PAPER

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/989,023	BURKE ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA	2446
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply		
<ul> <li>A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>1</u> MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.</li> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earmed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>		
Status		
<ol> <li>1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>16 November 2004</u>.</li> <li>2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b>. 2b) This action is non-final.</li> <li>3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.</li> </ol>		
Disposition of Claims		
<ul> <li>4) Claim(s) <u>1-115</u> is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) Claim(s) <u>1-115</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>		
Application Papers		
<ul> <li>9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.</li> <li>10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).</li> <li>11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.</li> </ul>		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of: <ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>		
Attachment(s)          1)       Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)         2)       Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)         3)       Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)         Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### **Election/Restrictions**

- 1. Claims 1-115 are presented for examination.
- 2. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - I. Claims 1-57, 65-71, 72-76, 80-90, 93,94, 111, 112, and 113-115 drawn to network access regulating, classified in class 709, subclass 225.
  - II. Claims 91-92, 105, 107-108, drawn to resource access regulating, classified in class 709, subclass 229.
  - III. Claims 95-99 drawn to data flow compensating, classified in class 709, subclass 234.
  - IV. Claims 58-64, 101-104, 109-110 drawn to data framing, classified in class 709, subclass 236.
  - V. Claims 77-79 drawn to condition responsive indication system, classified in class
     340, subclass 500.
  - VI. Claim 93 drawn to network monitoring, classified in class 709, subclass 224.
  - VII. Claim 100 drawn to computer handshaking, classified in class 709, subclass 237.

3. Inventions I-VII are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct if they do not overlap in scope and are not obvious variants, and if it is shown that at least one subcombination is separately usable. In the instant case, **subcombination I** has separate utility such as regulating access to a network. **Subcombination II** has separate utility such as preventing and determining DOS attacks in a

# Application/Control Number: 10/989,023 Art Unit: 2446

network. **Subcombination III** has separate utility such as selectively allowing certain kinds of traffic on a network. **Subcombination IV** has a separate utility such as forwarding selected portions of data in a network. **Subcombination V** has a separate utility such as a sensor detecting when a housing it opened. **Subcombination VI** has a separate utility such as monitoring a network for specific kinds of traffic. **Subcombination VII** has a separate utility such as monitoring a network for specific kinds of traffic. **Subcombination VII** has a separate utility such as a separate utility separate ut

The examiner has required restriction between subcombinations usable together. Where applicant elects a subcombination and claims thereto are subsequently found allowable, any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of the allowable subcombination will be examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. See MPEP § 821.04(a). Applicant is advised that if any claim presented in a continuation or divisional application is anticipated by, or includes all the limitations of, a claim that is allowable in the present application, such claim may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application.

4. Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above <u>and</u> there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;

- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

**Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include** (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either

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instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA whose telephone number is (571)270-5662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday Alt. Friday, 7:30AM-5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Pwu can be reached on (571)272-6798. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jeffrey Pwu/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2446

PATENT Customer No. 22,852 Attorney Docket No. 09635.0001-00000

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re A	Application of:	)
	Robert M. BURKE II et al.	) Group Art Unit: 2446
Applic	ation No.: 10/989,023	) Examiner: Shripal K. KHAJURIA
Filed:	November 16, 2004	) ) )  Confirmation No.:  1874
For:	SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK	) ) )

### MAIL STOP AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

### RESPONSE TO SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRICTION REQUIREMENT

In a supplemental restriction requirement dated June 26, 2009, the Examiner

required restriction under 35 U.S.C. § 121 between the following groups of claims:

Group I: Claims 1-57, 65-71, 72-76, 80-90, 93-94, and 111-115 are drawn to network access regulating, classified in class 709, subclass 225.

Group II: Claims 91-92, 105, and 107-108 are drawn to resource access regulating, classified in class 709, subclass 229.

Group III: Claims 95-99 are drawn to data flow compensating, classified in class 709, subclass 234.

Group IV: Claims 58-64, 101-104, and 109-110 are drawn to data framing, classified in class 709, subclass 236.

Group V: Claims 77-79 are drawn to condition responsive indication system, classified in class 340, subclass 500.

Group VI: Claim 93 is drawn to network monitoring, classified in class 709, subclass 224.

Group VII: Claim 100 is drawn to computer handshaking, classified in class 709, subclass 237.

### I. Interview of June 15, 2009

Applicant appreciates the courtesy extended to Applicant's representatives during the interview of June 15, 2009. During the interview, the Examiner acknowledged that claim 106 was inadvertently not included in the proposed claim groupings I-VII listed in the restriction requirement dated May 5, 2009. The Examiner did agree that claim 106 should be placed in Group IV. Applicant notes that in the restriction requirement dated June 26, 2009, claim 106 remains unassigned to any of the proposed claim groupings. Based on the interview of June 15, 2009, Applicant assumes that Group IV includes claim 106. If this assumption is not true, Applicant respectfully requests that the Examiner contact his representatives to clarify.

### II. Election

Applicant provisionally elects to prosecute Group I, claims 1-57, 65-71, 72-76, 80-90, 93-94, and 111-115, drawn to network access regulating. Applicant makes this election without traverse.

### III. Conclusion

Please grant any extensions of time required to enter this response and charge any additional required fees to our deposit account 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P. By://a

Dated: July 10, 2009

Aaron J. Capron Reg. No. 56,170 (650) 849-6600

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt		
EFS ID:	5683857	
Application Number:	10989023	
International Application Number:		
Confirmation Number:	1874	
Title of Invention:	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network	
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Robert M. Burke	
Customer Number:	22852	
Filer:	Darrell Dean Kinder/Annie Wong	
Filer Authorized By:	Darrell Dean Kinder	
Attorney Docket Number:	09635.0001-00000	
Receipt Date:	10-JUL-2009	
Filing Date:	16-NOV-2004	
Time Stamp:	19:40:17	
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)	

# Payment information:

Submitted wi	th Payment		no				
File Listing:							
Document Number	<b>Document Description</b>		File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)	
1	Response to Election / Restriction Filed		ponse_Supp_Restriction_Re irement_10Jul2009_109890 23.pdf		no	2	
Warnings:							
Information: DISH, Exh.1004, p.0114							

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

#### New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

#### National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

#### New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

	ed States Patent 2	and Trademark Office	UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22. www.uspto.gov	FOR PATENTS
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	09635.0001-00000	1874
FINNEGAN, H LLP	7590 10/26/2009 IENDERSON, FARABO	EXAMINER KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K		
	RK AVENUE, NW N, DC 20001-4413	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	., 202000	2446		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/26/2009	PAPER

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The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	10/989,023	BURKE ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA	2446		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
<ul> <li>A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>3</u> MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.</li> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>				
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>10 Ju</u>	<u>ıly 2009</u> .			
	action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	osecution as to the merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 48	53 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-57,65-76,80-90,93,94 and 111-115</u>	is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-57,65-76,80-90,93,94 and 111-115</u>	is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.			
10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>16 November 2004</u> is/a		ed to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		-		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U S C § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f)		
a) All b) Some * c) None of:				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.				
Attachment(s)				
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)		
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate		
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/12/05; 3/17/06</u> .	5) 🔛 Notice of Informal F 6) 🔲 Other:	ratent Application		
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office	,			

# **DETAILED ACTION**

Applicant has chosen Group I, claims 1-57, 65-71, 72-76, 80-90, 93-94 and 111-

115.

It is noted that claim 106 belongs to Group IV.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 45 recites the limitation "the flow" which is dependent on claim 1. Claim 1

makes no mention of a network flow but rather "content data". There is insufficient

antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Dependent claims 46-48 also discuss

flow however also lack antecedent basis.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

1. Claims 1-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-57, 67-76, 82, 93, 112, and 115 are rejected

under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gregg et al US (6,516,416).

a. Regarding claim 1, Gregg et al teaches a system for regulating access to a network (see column 1 lines 58-67), the system comprising: a controller node coupled to the network (see administration software 32 in Fig. 1), the controller node comprising: a first processor for generating controller instructions (see column 5 lines 3-6); and a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network (see column 4 lines 63-67 and column 5 lines 1-6 and LAN 40); and a plurality of gateway units (see subscriber software 36 and Fig. 30), the gateway units comprising: a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests (see column 5 lines 32-55); a second network interface coupled to the network and receiving the controller instructions from the network (see column 6 lines 25-30); and a second processor, the second processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 20 lines 14-20 and blocks 330, 332, and 334 in Fig. 24), and transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the network via the second network interface (see column 20 lines 14-18 and block 332 in Fig. 24 and Fig.2).

b. Regarding claim 2, Gregg et al teaches wherein: the gateway units further comprise a storage device for storing instructions (see Fig. 3 and access key 54); the gateway units further comprise an identifier uniquely associating the gateway units with a user (see column 7 lines 48-65); and the storage device is operable to store user-specific information (see Fig. 3 and access key 54 and column 8 lines 33-38).

Regarding claim 3, Gregg et al teaches wherein: the gateway units
 comprise a user interface receiving requests to transmit data (see column 5 lines
 32-55); and the gateway units comprise a second processor inspecting the data

to selectively transfer the data in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 6 lines 25-32).

d. Regarding claim 4, Gregg et al teaches wherein: the gateway units comprise a user interface receiving requests to receive data (see column 5 lines 32-55); and the gateway units comprise a second processor inspecting the data to selectively transfer the data in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 6 lines 25-32).

e. Regarding claim 5, Gregg et al teaches wherein the first processor generates the controller instructions automatically (see column 5 lines 3-6).

f. Regarding claim 6, Gregg et al teaches wherein the first processor
 generates the controller instructions in response to an operator-entered request
 (see column 5 lines 3-6).

g. Regarding claim 7, Gregg et al teaches wherein the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling (see column 5 lines 3-6).

Regarding claim 8, Gregg et al teaches wherein the controller nodes
 comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions to deny user
 access to a first group of network servers (see column 18 lines 13-29 and Fig. 20
 block 206).

i. Regarding claim 9, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor to generate a notification to a controller node if a

network access request designates a network server of the first group of network servers (see Fig 8 and block 162 and column 17 lines 48-53).

j. Regarding claim 10, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor to: detect a network access request designating a network server a first group of network servers (see Fig. 21 block 250 and column 18 lines 61-64); and re-direct the access request to a second group of network servers (see Fig. 21 block 264 and column 19 lines 4-8), in accordance with the controller instructions.

k. Regarding claim 11, Gregg et al teaches wherein: the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions (see column 5 lines 3-6), the controller instructions including a file identifier (see column 5 lines 52-55); and the system comprises a plurality of gateway units associated with a user file system (see subscriber software 36 and Fig. 30), the gateway units comprising a second processor to detect a file in a user file system comprises to the file identifier (see column 11 lines 58-65).

I. Regarding claim 12, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units are operable between an active state (see column 13 lines 1-3) and an inactive state (see column 12 lines 41-46).

m. Regarding claim 13, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processors notify a controller node if the associated gateway unit enters an inactive state (see column 12 lines 41-46).

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n. Regarding claim 14 Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processors delete the detected files from a user file system in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 12 lines 60-62).

o. Regarding claim 15, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processors delete the detected files from a user file system during the inactive state (see column 12 lines 60-62).

 Regarding claim 16, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units notify a controller node if a file corresponding to the file identifier is detected (see column 2 lines 9-18).

q. Regarding claim 20, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units
 comprise a second processor that enters a user-controlled operational mode
 after receiving permission from the controller node (see column 26 lines 50-66).

r. Regarding claim 23, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor causes the gateway unit to access a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2).

s. Regarding claim 24, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor selects the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites received via the controller instructions (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 and column 5 lines 32-55).

t. Regarding claim 25, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor selects the predetermined network site according to a weighting function such

that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 and column 5 lines 32-55).

u. Regarding claim 26, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units: receive registration information from a user via the user interface; and receive initial operating parameters via the second network interface (see Fig. 2).

v. Regarding claim 27, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units: receive registration information from a user via the user interface; and receive software updates via the second network interface (see Fig. 2).

w. Regarding claim 31, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units receive software via the second network interface for execution on the second processor, the software enabling at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming (see Fig. 24 and blocks 332 and 336).

x. Regarding claim 32, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack (see Fig. 18 block 176).

y. Regarding claim 33, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus (see Fig. 18 block 176).

z. Regarding claim 34, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the gateway units (see fig 18 blocks 168 and 170, and Fig. 23 steps 310, 324 and 326).

aa. Regarding claim 35, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive

voice traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 24 blocks 330, 332 and Fig. 18 block 176).

bb. Regarding claim 37 Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio and video traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 24 blocks 330, 332 and Fig. 18 block 176).

cc. Regarding claim 39, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the second network interface (see Fig. 12 and Fig. 24 blocks 330 and 332); and selectively reduce the quality of service of the at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the controller instructions , wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic (see fig. 21 block 268).

dd. Regarding claim 40, Gregg et al teaches further comprising a plurality of access nodes (see subscriber software 36 and Fig. 2), wherein the controller node comprises a first processor for generating authorization instructions and transmitting the authorization instructions over the network to the access nodes (see Subscription Host 34 and Fig. 2), and the access nodes: receive the authorization instructions from the controller node (see Fig. 1); and selectively

permit the gateway units to access the network in accordance with the authorization instructions (see Fig.2).

ee. Regarding claim 41, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units comprise data storage units partitioned into a network portion and a user portion, and at least one of a first group of gateway units selectively shares data stored in the network partition with at least one of a second group of gateway units, via the second network interface, in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 8 lines 20-67).

ff. Regarding claim 42, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units selectively forwards content data received from at least a second one of the gateway units to at least a third one of the gateway units in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 2 and column 6 lines 17-32).

gg. Regarding claim 43, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 42 wherein the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units: receives portions of a content data file from a group of gateway units in accordance with the controller instructions (see fig. 2 and column 6 lines 27-30); and assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the user via the user interface (See fig. 2).

hh. Regarding claim 44, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, further comprising an intervention node, the intervention node comprising: an operator interface for receiving operator-entered spoofing attack instructions; and a third

network interface for transmitting at least one substitute file pointer to addresses in the network in accordance with the spoofing attack instructions (see Fig. 18).

ii. Regarding claim 45, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, further comprising network units (see fig. 2 item 36), the network units comprising: a network interface coupled to the network and receiving the controller instructions from the network and network traffic from a gateway unit (see fig. 2 item 34); and a processor for selectively reducing the flow of the received network traffic in accordance with the controller instructions (see fig. 2, if the user does not meet access rights, they are denied access).

jj. Regarding claim 46, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the flow of voice traffic (see Fig.2); and selectively block the detected traffic in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 2).

kk. Regarding claim 47, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the flow of at least one of audio and video traffic; and selectively block the detected traffic in accordance with the controller instructions (see fig. 2 and fig. 3).

II. Regarding claim 48, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the flow of at least one of audio and video traffic (see fig. 2 and fig. 3); and selectively reduce the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the controller instructions (see fig. 2 and fig. 3), wherein the reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle (see fig. 2 and fig. 3), inserting TCP/IP

messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic (see fig. 2 and fig. 3).

Regarding claim 49, Gregg et al teaches A system for regulating access mm. to a network that is accessed by a plurality of users (see column 1 lines 58-67), the system comprising: a controller node coupled to the network (see subscription host 34 and Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 and LAN 40), the controller node comprising: a first processor for generating controller instructions (see column 5 lines 3-6 and Fig. 1 and Fig. 2); and a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 and LAN 40); and a plurality of network units associated with a first group of users (see column 6 lines 7-16 and Fig. 1 and Fig. 2), the network units comprising: a second network interface coupled to the network and receiving the controller instructions from the network (see Fig. 2); and a second processor (see Fig. 2 and ISA clearing house 30), the second processor inhibiting access for a second group of users to content in the network in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 2). Regarding claim 50, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor in nn. the network units inhibits access for a second group of users by performing denial of service attacks in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 18 block 176).

oo. Regarding claim 51, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 50, wherein the second processor performs attacks based on a schedule comprising at least

one of: a schedule based on duration of the attacks; real time response to controller instructions; and in response to an event (see Fig. 18).

pp. Regarding claim 52, Gregg et al teaches wherein at least a portion of the network units comprise gateway units uniquely associated with a user (see column 6 lines 17-32).

qq. Regarding claim 53, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 52, wherein the gateway units: are operable between an active state and an inactive state (see column 13 lines 1-3 and column 12 lines 41-46); and perform denial of service attacks, in accordance with the controller instructions, during the inactive state (see Fig. 18 block 176).

rr. Regarding cliam 54, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 49, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack (see Fig. 18 block 176).

ss. Regarding claim 55, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 54, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus (see Fig. 18 block 176).

tt. Regarding claim 56 Gregg et al teaches, the system of claim 54, wherein the second processor prevents a denial-of-service attack upon detection (see Fig. 18 block 176).

uu. Regarding claim 57, Gregg et al teaches, the system of claim 49, wherein the network units selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the gateway units (see fig 18 blocks 168 and 170, and Fig. 23 steps 310, 324 and 326). vv. Regarding claim 67, Gregg et al teaches a controller node for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 2), the controller node comprising: a processor to generate controller instructions for causing a plurality of gateway units to selectively transfer user-entered network access requests over the network (see fig. 2), the processor generating the controller instructions by at least one of automatically generating instructions and generating instructions in response to an operator-entered request (see fig. 2); and a network interface to transmit the controller instructions over the network to the plurality of gateway units (see Fig. 2).

ww. Regarding claim 68, Gregg et al teaches the controller node of claim 67, comprising a processor to generate the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling see column 5 lines 3-6.

xx. Regarding claim 69, Gregg et al teaches a controller node for regulating access to a network comprising: a processor to generate controller instructions (see Fig. 2); and a network interface to transmit the controller instructions over the network to a plurality of gateway units (see Fig. 2), the controller instructions causing at least one gateway unit to deny access to a first group of network servers (see Fig. 2).

yy. Regarding claim 70, Gregg et al teaches the controller node of claim 69, wherein the network interface receives notification from at least one gateway unit if the at least one gateway unit detects a request to access a denied network server (see column 6 line 17-32). ZZ.

Regarding claim 71, Gregg et al teaches the controller node of claim 69, wherein the processor generates instructions causing a gateway unit to re-direct user access requests to a second group of network servers in accordance with

the controller instructions (see column 8 lines 10-13).

Regarding claim 72, Gregg et al teaches A system for regulating file aaa. access in a network, the system comprising: a controller node coupled to the network (see Fig. 2), the controller node comprising: a first processor for generating controller instructions (see Fig. 2), the instructions including a file identifier; and a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network (see Fig. 2); and a plurality of gateway units associated with user file systems (see column 6 lines 7-16 and Fig. 1 and Fig. 2), the gateway units comprising a second network interface to receive the controller instructions from the network (see Fig. 2); and a second processor to detect files in the user file systems corresponding to the file identifier (see Fig. 2).

Regarding claim 73, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 72, bbb. comprising a plurality of gateway units operable between an active state and an inactive state (see column 12 lines 41-50).

Regarding claim 74, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 73, wherein CCC. the gateway units notify a controller node upon entering the inactive state (see column 19 lines 25-28).

ddd. Regarding claim 75, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 73, wherein the gateway units comprise a processor to delete the detected files during the inactive state (see column 12 lines 60-62).

eee. Regarding claim 76, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 72, wherein the plurality of gateway units notify a controller node if at least one file matching the list of file identifiers is detected (see column 8 lines 39-53).

fff. Regarding claim 82, Gregg et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface for providing access to the network and for receiving controller instructions from the network (see fig. 2); a user interface for transferring content between the network and a user (see fig. 2); and a processor for connecting to a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the received controller instructions (see column 8 line 9-19).

ggg. Regarding claim 93, Gregg et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising (see Fig. 2 and subscription access server 34): a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions (see column 6 lines 17-32); a user interface to transfer incoming data and outgoing data between a user and the network interface (see Fig. 2 and column 6 lines 17-32); and a processor to selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of the incoming data and the outgoing data in accordance with the received controller instructions (see fig 18 blocks 168 and 170, and Fig. 23 steps 310, 324 and 326).

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hhh. Regarding claim 112, Gregg et al teaches a network unit associated with a first group of users for regulating access to a network (see column 1 lines 58-67), the network unit comprising: a network interface coupled to the network and receiving controller instructions from a controller node associated with the first group of users(see column 4 lines 63-67 and column 5 lines 1-6 and LAN 40); and a processor, the processor inhibiting access for a second group of users to content in the network in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 2). iii. Regarding claim 115, Gregg et al teaches a controller node for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 2), the controller node comprising: a processor for generating controller instructions (see Fig. 2); and a network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network to network units associated with a first group of users (see Fig. 2), the controller instructions being configured to cause the network units to inhibit access for a second group of users to content in the network units to inhibit access for a second group of users to content in the network units to inhibit access for a second group of users to content in the network units to inhibit access for a second group of users to content in the network (see Fig. 2).

Claims 65, 66, 80, 85, 86, 90, 111, 113 and 114 are rejected under 35
 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hans et al US (20020120577).

jjj. Regarding claim 65, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11) comprising: a user interface to receive requests to transmit data (see paragraph [0022]); a network interface to receive controller instructions from the network (see paragraph [0026]); and a processor to inspect the data and to selectively transmit the data in accordance with the received controller instructions (see Fig. 5 and paragraph [0029]).

kkk. Regarding claim 66, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11) comprising: a user interface to receive requests to receive data (see fig. 5 box 88); a network interface to receive controller instructions from the network (see fig. 5, box 94); and a processor to inspect the data and selectively receive the data in accordance with the received controller instructions (see Fig. 5 box 90, 92, 96 and 98).

III. Regarding claim 80, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11), comprising: a network interface for providing access to the network (see paragraph [0026]); a user interface to receive user-entered network access requests (see paragraph [0028]); and a processor that enters a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission over the network from a controller node via the network interface (see paragraph [0028]).

mmm. Regarding claim 85, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11) comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network (see paragraph [0026]); a user interface to transfer content between the network and a user (see Fig. 5, box 98); and a processor to gather registration

information from the user via the user interface and to receive initial operating parameters via the network interface (see paragraph [0028]).

nnn. Regarding claim 86, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11) comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network (see paragraph [0026]); a user interface to transfer content between the network and a user (see Fig. 5, box 98); and a processor to gather registration information from the user via the user interface and to receive software updates via the network interface (see paragraph [0028]).

ooo. Regarding claim 90, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11) comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive software from the network (see Fig. 5, box 98); a user interface to transfer content between the network and a user (see Fig. 5, box 98); and a processor to execute the software to enable the user to use, via the user interface, at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming (see paragraph [0028]).

ppp. Regarding claim 111, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11), the gateway unit comprising: a user interface receiving userentered network access requests (see Fig. 5 box 96); a network interface coupled to the network and receiving controller instructions from a controller aaa.

node in the network (see paragraph [0026]); and a processor, the processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 5 box 90, 92 and 94), and transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the network via the network interface (see Fig. 5 box 98). Regarding claim 113, Hans et al teaches a controller node for regulating

access to a network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11), the controller node comprising: a processor for generating controller instructions (see paragraph [0026]); and a network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network (see paragraph [0026]). the controller instructions being configured to cause a user-associated gateway unit to selectively transmit over the network at least some user-entered network access requests (see Fig. 5 boxes 90, 92, 94 and 98).

Regarding claim 114, Hans et al teaches further comprising a content rrr. server for providing content data in response to the user-entered network access requests (see Fig. 5 and box 96).

3. Claim 81 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Cooper et al US (20010051996).

Regarding claim 81, Cooper et al teaches a controller node for regulating SSS. file access in a network (see abstract), comprising a copyright registry and a processor (see copyright registry 234 and Fig. 2), wherein the processor:

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receives registrations of content data files distributed to a plurality of gateway

units; and tracks copyright status of the content data files (see paragraphs

[0094]-[0099]).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

# 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 21, 22, 28, 36 and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Cooper et al. US (20010051966).

ttt. Regarding claim 21, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 21 depends on. However Gregg fails to explicitly teach a copyright registry as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper et al teaches such a limitation; wherein the controller node comprises a copyright registry for tracking copyright status of content data files distributed to gateway units in the system (see Fig. 2, copyright registry 234 and paragraph [0094]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the copyright registry as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to allow users to register their copyrighted content for tracking purposes.

uuu. Regarding claim 22, Cooper et al further teaches wherein the user interface receives registrations of the content data files for transmission to the copyright registry (see Fig. 2, copyright registry 234 and paragraphs [0094]- [0099]).

vvv. Regarding claim 28, Gregg et al teaches the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 28 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach customized advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper teaches such a limitation; wherein: the gateway units transmit advertising via the user interface to a user display, the advertising being customized in accordance with information received via at least one of the second network interface and the user interface (see paragraph [0177]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the customized advertisements as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to target the user with advertisements that would be of interest.

www. Regarding claim 36, Gregg et al teaches the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 36 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach customized advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper teaches such a limitation; wherein the gateway units transmit, via the user interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services (see paragraph [0177]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the customized advertisements as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to target the user with advertisements that would be of interest.

xxx. Regarding claim 38, Gregg et al teaches the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 38 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach customized advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper teaches such a limitation; wherein the gateway units transmit, via the user interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services (see paragraph [0177]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the customized advertisements as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to target the user with advertisements that would be of interest.

6. Claims 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Harvey et al US (20050033990).

yyy. Regarding claim 17, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 17 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach a housing detector as further reicted in the claims. Conversely Harvey et al teaches such a limitation; wherein the gateway units comprise: a housing; and a detector for detecting an attempt to open the housing (see paragraph [0108]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the housing tamper detector as taught by Harvey et al. The motivation for this would have been to enhance the security features of a network node.

zzz. Regarding claim 18, Harvey et al further teaches wherein the gateway unit notifies the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing after a user-initiated event (see paragraph [0108]).

aaaa. Regarding claim 19, Harvey et al further teaches wherein the gateway units comprise a storage device and the second processor prevents access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing (see paragraph [0108]).

Claims 94 and 87 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable
 over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Hudson et al US (20020059440).
 bbbb. Regarding claim 94, Gregg et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating
 access to a network comprising: a network interface to provide access to the
 network and to receive controller instructions (see fig. 2 and column 6 lines 17 32); a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user (see Fig.
 2); and a processor to detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and
 receive voice traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the
 detected attempt in accordance with the received controller instructions and
 transmitting, via the user interface (see Fig. 24 blocks 330, 332 and Fig. 18 block
 176). However Gregg et al fails to teach an advertisement as further recited in
 the claim. Conversely Hudson et al teaches such a limitation; an advertisement

offering voice transmission services (see paragraph [0036] and Fig. 2 advertising content files 66). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al and the advertisement offering voice transmission services as taught by Hudson et al. The motivation for this would have been only show the user advertisements related to there activities on the network.

cccc. Regarding claim 87 Gregg et al teaches A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface to receive information from the network (see fig. 2 and column 6 lines 17-32); a user interface to receive information from a user (see Fig. 2). However Gregg et al fails to teach an advertisement as further recited in the claim. Conversely Hudson et al teaches such a limitation; and a processor to transmit advertising via the user interface to a user display, wherein the advertising is customized in accordance with information received via at least one of the network interface and the user interface (see paragraph [0036] and Fig. 2 advertising content files 66). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al and the advertisement offering voice transmission services as taught by Hudson et al. The motivation for this would have been only show the user advertisements related to there activities on the network.

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8. Claims 29, 30, 88 and 89 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Tarnoff US (20020169865).

dddd. Regarding claim 29, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 29 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach payper-view advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Tarnoff teaches such a limitation; wherein the gateway units: transmit pay-per-view advertising via the user interface for selective display by a user; and generate payment credits for the user upon display of the advertising by the user (see paragraph [0224]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the pay-per-view advertising as taught by Tarnoff. The motivation for this would have been to induce impulse buys for customers searching for things related to the pay-per-view content.

eeee. Regarding claim 30, Tarnoff further teaches wherein the gateway units generate one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection (see paragraph [0174]).

ffff. Regarding claim 88, Gregg et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive pay-per-view advertising from the network (see Fig. 2); a user interface to transfer content between the network and a user (see Fig. 2 and column 6 lines 17-32); However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach pay-per-view

advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Tarnoff teaches such a limitation; and a processor to transmit the pay-per-view advertising via the user interface for selective display by a user and to generate payment credits to the user upon display of the advertising by the user (see paragraph [0224]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the pay-per-view advertising as taught by Tarnoff. The motivation for this would

have been to induce impulse buys for customers searching for things related to the pay-per-view content.

gggg. Regarding claim 89, Tarnoff further teaches wherein the processor generates one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection (see paragraph [0174]).

9. Claims 83 and 84 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Saxena US (20020103778). hhhh. Regarding claim 83, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 82 form which claim 83 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach predetermined network sites as further recited in the claim. Conversely Saxena teaches such a limitation; wherein the processor selects the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites (see paragraph [0049]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with

the predetermined websites as taught by Saxena. The motivation for this would have been to provide a user specific websites to see which are related to the content that they are requesting.

iiii. Regarding claim 84, Saxena further teaches wherein the processor selects from the list of predetermined network sites according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others (see paragraph [0006]).

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA whose telephone number is (571)270-5662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday Alt. Friday, 7:30AM-5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Pwu can be reached on (571)272-6798. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/S. K. K./ Examiner, Art Unit 2446

/Jeffrey Pwu/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2446

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Notice of References Cited	Examiner	Art Unit						
	SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA	2446	Page 1 of 1					

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#### NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

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\*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).) Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

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Index of Claims				ns	10989023 Examiner					Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination BURKE ET AL. Art Unit 2446				
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	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Search Notes	10989023	BURKE ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SHRIPAL K KHAJURIA	2446

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Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
709	225	10/22/09	skk

SEARCH NOTES									
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Inventor Search	10/22/09	skk							
East search - see attached	10/22/09	skk							

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## **BIB DATA SHEET**

#### **CONFIRMATION NO. 1874**

SERIAL NUMBER	FILING or 371	(c)	CLASS	GROUP ART		ΑΤΤΟ	RNEY DOCKET		
10/989,023	<b>DATE</b> 11/16/2004		709	2446		096	<b>NO.</b> 35.0001-00000		
	RULE								
APPLICANTS Robert M. Burke II, Los Gatos, CA; David Z. Carman, San Jose, CA;									
** <b>CONTINUING DATA</b> ***********************************									
** FOREIGN APPLIC									
** IF REQUIRED, FOI 12/16/2004	REIGN FILING LIC	ENSE GRA	ANTED ** ** SMA	LL ENTITY **					
Foreign Priority claimed		Met after	STATE OR COUNTRY	SHEETS DRAWINGS			INDEPENDENT CLAIMS		
35 USC 119(a-d) conditions met Yes Vo Verified and /SHRIPAL K KHAJURIA/ Acknowledged Examiner's Signature		Met after Allowance	CA	7	118		GLAIMS 36		
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#### **EAST Search History**

## EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	0	network same parition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
L2	0	network same paritition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
L3	709	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
L4	7462681 network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) and network (part or portion)		US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
L5	119	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) and network near (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:16
L6	6	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) same network near (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:18
L7	9	("6516416" "20010051996" "20020169865" "20020120577" "6694429" "20020059440" "20020145981" "20030204602" "20030233281").pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:21
L8	11	predetermined near website same list	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:51
L9	9	predetermined near websites same list	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:52
L10	4	predetermined near websites and weight same website	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 15:01

L11	16	predetermined near sites and weight same site and network and internet	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 15:04
L12	20	predetermined near web and weight same web and network and internet	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 15:06
L13	0	gateway and storage and autheticator	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:22
L14	836	gateway and storage and authenticator	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:22
L15	125	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:23
L16	73	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view and modes	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:24
L17	73	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view and modes and display	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:24
S1	5488	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/04/27 11:58
S2	585	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/04/27 11:58
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Sheet	1	of	1	Attorney Docket Number	09635.0001-00000

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Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Issue or	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where			
Initials	No.'	Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear			
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Examiner Initials	Cite No.1	Foreign Patent Document Country Code <sup>3</sup> Number <sup>4</sup> Kind Code <sup>5</sup> ( <i>if known</i> )	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>6</sup>				
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Examiner Signature	/Shripal Khajuria/	Date Considered	10/23/2009

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

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				First Named Inventor	Robert M. BURKE, II	
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Sheet	1	of	1	Attorney Docket Number	09635.0001-00000	

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Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Issue or	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where				
Initials	No.1	Number-Kind Code <sup>2</sup> (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear				
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Note: Submission of copies of U.S. Patents and published U.S. Patent Applications is not required.

	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS										
Examiner Initials	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Foreign Patent Document Country Code <sup>3</sup> Number <sup>4</sup> Kind Code <sup>5</sup> ( <i>if known</i> )	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	Translation <sup>6</sup>					
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/S.K./		International Search Report dated January 31, 2006.					
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Examiner Signature	/Shripal Khajuria/	Date Considered	10/23/2009		

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

PATENT Customer No. 22,852 Attorney Docket No. 09635.0001-00000

#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re A	pplication of:		
	Robert M. BURKE II, et al.	Group Art Unit: 2446	
Application No.: 10/989,023		Examiner: Shripal K. KHAJURIA	
Filed:	November 16, 2004	Confirmation No.: 1874	
	SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK		

#### MAIL STOP AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

#### AMENDMENT AND RESPONSE TO OFFICE ACTION

In reply to the non-final Office Action mailed October 26, 2009, the period for

response extending to January 26, 2010, please amend the application as follows:

Amendments to the Claims are reflected in the listing of claims in this paper

beginning on page 2.

Remarks begin on page 30 of this paper.

#### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently amended) A system for regulating access to a <u>service provider</u> network, the system comprising:

a controller node, located in the service provider coupled to the network, configured to control processing of content data exchanged over the service provider network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions, the controller instructions configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units to regulate processing of received content data; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the service provider network; and

[[a]] the plurality of gateway units, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals, and configured to regulate access to the content data exchanged over the service provider network from at least one of the plurality of subscriber terminals in response to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway units comprising:

a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests;

a second network interface coupled to the <u>service provider</u> network and receiving the controller instructions from the <del>network</del> controller node; and

a second processor, the second processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the <u>service provider</u> network in accordance with the controller instructions, and transferring <u>received</u> content

data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network via the second network interface.

2. (Original) The system of claim 1 wherein:

the gateway units further comprise a storage device for storing instructions;

the gateway units further comprise an identifier uniquely associating the gateway units with a user; and

the storage device is operable to store user-specific information.

3. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein:

the gateway units comprise a user interface receiving requests to transmit data; and

the gateway units comprise a second processor inspecting the data to selectively transfer the data in accordance with the controller instructions.

4. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein:

the gateway units comprise a user interface receiving requests to receive data;

and

the gateway units comprise a second processor inspecting the data to selectively transfer the data in accordance with the controller instructions.

5. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor generates the controller instructions automatically.

6. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor generates the controller instructions in response to an operator-entered request.

DISH, Exh.1004, p.0158

7. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

8. (Currently amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions <u>configured</u> to deny user access to a first group of network servers.

9. (Currently amended) The system of claim 8, wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor <u>configured</u> to generate a notification to a controller node if a network access request designates a network server of the first group of network servers.

10. (Currently amended) The system of claim 8, wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor <u>configured</u> to:

detect a network access request designating a network server a first group of network servers; and

re-direct the access request to a second group of network servers, in accordance with the controller instructions.

11. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein:

the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions, the controller instructions including a file identifier; and

the system comprises a plurality of gateway units associated with a user file system, the gateway units comprising a second processor <u>configured</u> to detect a file in a user file system corresponding to the file identifier.

DISH, Exh.1004, p.0159

12. (Original) The system of claim 11, wherein the gateway units are operable between an active state and an inactive state.

13. (Original) The system of claim 12, wherein the second processors notify a controller node if the associated gateway unit enters an inactive state.

14. (Original) The system of claim 12, wherein the second processors delete the detected files from a user file system in accordance with the controller instructions.

15. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein the second processors delete the detected files from a user file system during the inactive state.

16. (Original) The system of claim 11, wherein the gateway units notify a controller node if a file corresponding to the file identifier is detected.

17. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units comprise: a housing; and

a detector for detecting an attempt to open the housing.

18. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the gateway unit notifies the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing after a user-initiated event.

19. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the gateway units comprise a storage device and the second processor prevents access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing.

20. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor that enters a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission from the controller node.

21. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node comprises a copyright registry for tracking copyright status of content data files distributed to gateway units in the system.

22. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the user interface receives registrations of the content data files for transmission to the copyright registry.

23. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor causes the gateway unit to access a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the controller instructions.

24. (Original) The system of claim 23, wherein the second processor selects the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites received via the controller instructions.

25. (Original) The system of claim 24, wherein the second processor selects the predetermined network site according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others.

26. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: receive registration information from a user via the user interface; and receive initial operating parameters via the second network interface.

27. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units:

receive registration information from a user via the user interface; and receive software updates via the second network interface.

28. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein:

the gateway units transmit advertising via the user interface to a user display, the advertising being customized in accordance with information received via at least one of the second network interface and the user interface.

29. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units:

transmit pay-per-view advertising via the user interface for selective display by a user; and

generate payment credits for the user upon display of the advertising by the user.

30. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein the gateway units generate one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection.

31. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units receive software via the second network interface for execution on the second processor, the software enabling at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming.

32. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack.

33. (Original) The system of claim 32, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

DISH, Exh.1004, p.0162

34. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the gateway units.

35. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units:

detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt in accordance with the controller instructions.

36. (Original) The system of claim 35 wherein the gateway units transmit, via the user interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services.

37. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units:

detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio and video traffic; and

selectively block the detected attempt in accordance with the controller instructions.

38. (Original) The system of claim 37, wherein the gateway units transmit, via the user interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services.

39. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units:

detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the second network interface; and

selectively reduce the quality of service of the at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the controller instructions,

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

40. (Original) The system of claim 1, further comprising a plurality of access nodes, wherein the controller node comprises a first processor for generating authorization instructions and transmitting the authorization instructions over the network to the access nodes, and the access nodes:

receive the authorization instructions from the controller node; and

selectively permit the gateway units to access the network in accordance with the authorization instructions.

41. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units comprise data storage units partitioned into a network portion and a user portion, and at least one of a first group of gateway units selectively shares data stored in the network partition with at least one of a second group of gateway units, via the second network interface, in accordance with the controller instructions.

42. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units selectively forwards content data received from at least a second one of the gateway units to at least a third one of the gateway units in accordance with the controller instructions.

43. (Original) The system of claim 42 wherein the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units:

receives portions of a content data file from a group of gateway units in accordance with the controller instructions; and

assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the user via the user interface.

44. (Original) The system of claim 1, further comprising an intervention node, the intervention node comprising:

an operator interface for receiving operator-entered spoofing attack instructions; and

a third network interface for transmitting at least one substitute file pointer to addresses in the network in accordance with the spoofing attack instructions.

45. (Currently amended) The system of claim 1, further comprising network units, the network units comprising:

a network interface coupled to the network and <u>configured to receive</u> receiving the controller instructions from the network and network traffic from a gateway unit; and

a processor for selectively reducing the flow of the received network traffic <u>content data</u> in accordance with the controller instructions.

46. (Currently amended) The system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the flow of received content data that includes voice traffic; and selectively block the detected traffic in accordance with the controller instructions.

47. (Currently amended) The system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the flow of received content data that includes at least one of audio and video traffic; and

selectively block the detected traffic in accordance with the controller instructions.

48. (Currently amended) The system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the flow of received content data that includes at least one of audio and video traffic; and

selectively reduce the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the controller instructions,

wherein the reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

49. (Currently amended) A system for regulating access to a <u>service provider</u> network that is accessed by a plurality of users, the system comprising:

a controller node <u>located in the service provider</u> network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions, the controller

instructions configured to be executed by a plurality of network units to regulate processing of received content data; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the <u>service provider</u> network; and

[[a]] <u>the</u> plurality of network units associated with a first group of users, the network units comprising:

a second network interface coupled to the <u>service provider</u> network and receiving the controller instructions from the <u>controller node</u> <del>network</del>; and

a second processor, the second processor inhibiting access for a second group of users to content [[in]] <u>accessible from</u> the <u>service provider</u> network in accordance with the controller instructions.

50. (Original) The system of claim 49, wherein the second processor in the network units inhibits access for a second group of users by performing denial of service attacks in accordance with the controller instructions.

51. (Original) The system of claim 50, wherein the second processor performs attacks based on a schedule comprising at least one of:

a schedule based on duration of the attacks; real time response to controller instructions; and in response to an event.

52. (Original) The system of claim 49, wherein at least a portion of the network units comprise gateway units uniquely associated with a user.

53. (Original) The system of claim 52, wherein the gateway units:

are operable between an active state and an inactive state; and

perform denial of service attacks, in accordance with the controller instructions, during the inactive state.

54. (Original) The system of claim 49, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack.

55. (Original) The system of claim 54, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

56. (Original) The system of claim 54, wherein the second processor prevents a denial-of-service attack upon detection.

57. (Original) The system of claim 49, wherein the network units selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the gateway units.

58. (Withdrawn) A system for distributing content over a network, the system comprising:

a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network; and

a plurality of network units, the network units comprising:

a second network interface coupled to the network, the second network interface in at least a first one of the network units receiving the controller instructions from the network and receiving a first portion of a content data file from at least a second one of the network units; and

a second processor, the second processor in the at least a first one of the network units selectively forwarding the received first portion of the content data file to at least a third one of the network units in accordance with the controller instructions.

DISH, Exh.1004, p.0168

59. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein:

the second network interface receives a plurality of portions of a content data file from a group of network units in accordance with the controller instructions; and

the second processor assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the user via the user interface.

60. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein:

the second network interface of the second network unit receives a portion of a content data file from a content server; and

the second processor of the second network unit forwards the portion of the content data file to the at least first one of the network units in accordance with the controller instructions.

61. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data in accordance with a predetermined deletion date associated with the content data.

62. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data when new content data is delivered.

63. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data when insufficient storage space remains, deleting oldest content data first.

64. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data in accordance with an associated user's selections.

65. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a user interface <u>configured</u> to receive requests to transmit data <u>directly from a</u> <u>subscriber terminal</u>, wherein the requests are to transmit data;

a network interface <u>configured</u> to receive controller instructions from the <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network; and

a processor <u>configured</u> to inspect the data and to selectively transmit the data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

66. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a user interface <u>configured</u> to receive requests to receive data <u>directly from a</u> <u>subscriber terminal</u>, wherein the requests are to receive data;

a network interface <u>configured</u> to receive controller instructions from the <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network; and

a processor <u>configured</u> to inspect the data and selectively receive the data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

67. (Currently amended) A controller node for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network, the controller node comprising:

a processor <u>configured</u> to generate controller instructions for causing a plurality of gateway units to selectively transfer user-entered network access requests over the <u>service provider</u> network, the processor generating the controller instructions by at least one of automatically generating instructions and generating instructions in response to an operator-entered request; and

a network interface <u>configured</u> to transmit the controller instructions over the <u>service provider</u> network to the plurality of gateway units.

68. (Original) The controller node of claim 67, comprising a processor to generate the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

69. (Currently amended) A controller node for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a processor configured to generate controller instructions that regulate

processing by a plurality of gateway units of received content data; and

a network interface <u>configured to be coupled directly to a service provider</u> <u>network and configured</u> to transmit the controller instructions over the <u>service provider</u> network to a plurality of gateway units, the controller instructions causing at least one gateway unit to deny access to a first group of network servers.

70. (Original) The controller node of claim 69, wherein the network interface receives notification from at least one gateway unit if the at least one gateway unit detects a request to access a denied network server.

71. (Original) The controller node of claim 69, wherein the processor generates instructions causing a gateway unit to re-direct user access requests to a second group of network servers in accordance with the controller instructions.

72. (Currently amended) A system for regulating file access in a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network, the system comprising:

a controller node <u>located in the service provider</u> <del>coupled to the</del> network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions, the instructions controller instructions configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units to regulate processing of received content data and including a file identifier; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the <u>service provider</u> network; and

[[a]] <u>the</u> plurality of gateway units, <u>each coupled between the service</u> <u>provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals, and</u> associated with user file systems, the gateway units comprising:

a second network interface <u>configured</u> to receive the controller instructions from the <u>service provider</u> network; and

a second processor <u>configured</u> to detect files in the user file systems corresponding to the file identifier.

73. (Original) The system of claim 72, comprising a plurality of gateway units operable between an active state and an inactive state.

74. (Original) The system of claim 73, wherein the gateway units notify a controller node upon entering the inactive state.

75. (Original) The system of claim 73, wherein the gateway units comprise a processor to delete the detected files during the inactive state.

76. (Original) The system of claim 72, wherein the plurality of gateway units notify a controller node if at least one file matching the list of file identifiers is detected.

77. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network, comprising:

a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests;a network interface for transmitting the network access requests to the network;a housing; and

a detector for detecting a user attempt to open the housing.

78. (Withdrawn) The gateway unit of claim 77, wherein the detector notifies the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing after a subsequent user-initiated event.

79. (Withdrawn) The gateway unit of claim 77 further comprising a storage device and an interlock to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing.

80. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network, comprising:

a network interface for providing access to the service provider network;

a user interface <u>configured</u> to receive user-entered network access requests <u>directly from a subscriber terminal</u>; and

a processor that enters a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission over the <u>service provider</u> network from a controller node via the network interface.

81. (Currently amended) A controller node for regulating file access in a network, comprising:

#### a processor configured to:

generate controller instructions for causing a plurality of gateway units to selectively transfer user-entered network access requests over the service provider network;

receive receives registrations of content data files distributed to [[a]] the plurality of gateway units; and

track tracks copyright status of the content data files.

82. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a network interface for providing access to the <u>service provider</u> network and for receiving controller instructions from the <u>service provider</u> network;

a user interface for transferring, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user between the network and a user; and

a processor for connecting to a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the received controller instructions.

83. (Original) The plurality of gateway units of claim 82, wherein the processor selects the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites.

84. (Original) The plurality of gateway units of claim 83, wherein the processor selects from the list of predetermined network sites according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others.

85. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface <u>configured</u> to provide access to the <u>service provider</u> network; a user interface <u>configured</u> to transfer, <u>with the service provider network</u>, content <u>transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a</u> user <del>between the network and a user</del>; and

a processor <u>configured</u> to gather registration information from the user via the user interface and to receive initial operating parameters via the network interface.

86. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network;

a user interface <u>configured</u> to transfer, <u>with the service provider network</u>, content <u>transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a</u> <u>user</u> between the network and a user; and

a processor <u>configured</u> to gather registration information from the user via the user interface and to receive software updates via the network interface.

87. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a network interface <u>configured</u> to receive information from the <u>service provider</u> network;

a user interface <u>configured</u> to receive information <u>directly</u> from a <u>subscriber</u> <u>terminal associated with a</u> user; and

a processor <u>configured</u> to transmit advertising via the user interface to a user display, wherein the advertising is customized in accordance with information received via at least one of the network interface and the user interface.

88. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a network interface <u>configured</u> to provide access to the <u>service provider</u> network and to receive pay-per-view advertising from the network;

a user interface to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user between the network and a user; and

a processor <u>configured</u> to transmit the pay-per-view advertising via the user interface for selective display by a user and to generate payment credits to the user upon display of the advertising by the user.

89. (Original) The gateway unit of claim 88, wherein the processor generates one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection.

90. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a network interface <u>configured</u> to provide access to the <u>service provider</u> network and to receive software from the network;

a user interface <u>configured</u> to transfer, <u>with the service provider network</u>, content <u>transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated</u> <u>with a</u> <u>user</u> between the network and a user; and

a processor <u>configured</u> to execute the software to enable the user to use, via the user interface, at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming.

91. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network;

a user interface to receive network access requests from a user; and

a processor to detect a denial-of-service attack received from the user interface and transmitted to the network via the network interface.

92. (Withdrawn) The plurality of gateway units of claim 91, wherein the processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

93. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a network interface <u>configured</u> to provide access to the <u>service provider</u> network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface <u>configured</u> to transfer, with the network interface, incoming data and outgoing data <u>transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal</u> <u>associated with a user</u> between a user and the network interface; and

a processor <u>configured</u> to selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of the incoming data and the outgoing data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

94. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network comprising:

a network interface <u>configured</u> to provide access to the <u>service provider</u> network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface <u>configured</u> to transfer, <u>with the service provider network</u>, content <u>transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a</u> <u>user</u> between the network and a user; and

a processor <u>configured</u> to detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic over the <u>service provider</u> network, the processor selectively blocking the detected attempt in accordance with the received controller instructions and transmitting, via the user interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services.

95. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user; and

a processor to detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio and video traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the detected attempt in accordance with the received controller instructions and

transmitting, via the user interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services.

96. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the user interface, the processor selectively reducing the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions,

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

97. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect voice traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions.

98. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions.

99. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic, the processor selectively reducing the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions,

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

100. (Withdrawn) A controller node for regulating subscriber access to a network comprising:

a processor to generate authentication instructions on behalf of an authenticated subscriber; and

a network interface to transmit the authentication instructions to an access node coupled to the network,

wherein the access node selectively permits subscriber access to the network in accordance with the authentication instructions.

101. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a data storage unit partitioned into a network portion and a user portion; and

a processor to selectively transmit data stored in the network partition, via the network interface, in accordance with the received controller instructions.

102. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network, comprising:

a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests;

a network interface coupled to the network and receiving controller instructions from the network; and

a processor, the processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions, and transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the network via the network interface;

wherein the network unit selectively forwards content data received from a first associated network unit to at least a second associated unit in accordance with the controller instructions.

103. (Withdrawn) The network unit claim 102, wherein the processor

receives portions of a content data file from a group of third associated network units in accordance with the controller instructions; and

assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to a user via the user interface.

104. (Withdrawn) The network unit of claim 102, wherein the processor: receives a portion of a content data file from a content server; and

forwards the portion of the content data file to the first associated network unit in accordance with the controller instructions.

105. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a processor to perform denial of service attacks in accordance with the received controller instructions.

106. (Withdrawn) A method for regulating access to a network, the method comprising:

receiving controller instructions from a network at a gateway unit associated with a user;

receiving a network access request at the gateway unit from a user;

selectively transmitting the network access request over the network in

accordance with the controller instructions; and

receiving content data responsive to the transmitted network access request from the network.

107. (Withdrawn) A method for regulating access to a plurality of content servers, the method comprising:

receiving controller instructions from the network at a network unit associated with a first group of users; and

selectively inhibiting access to a portion of the content servers by a second group of users in accordance with the controller instructions.

108. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 107, wherein inhibiting access for a second group of users comprises performing denial of service attacks.

109. (Withdrawn) A method for distributing content data over a network, the method comprising:

receiving content distribution instructions from the network;

storing a first portion of content data from the network at a first network unit;

initiating a request over the network, in accordance with the content distribution

instructions and in response to a user request, for the remainder of the content data;

receiving the remainder of the content data from the network;

assembling the first portion of content data with the remainder of the content data; and

supplying the assembled content data to the user.

110. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 109, further comprising selectively forwarding the first portion of content data to a second network unit in accordance with the content distribution instructions.

111. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network, the gateway unit comprising:

a user interface <u>configured to receive</u> receiving user-entered network access requests <u>directly from a subscriber terminal;</u>

a network interface coupled <u>configured</u> to the network and <u>receive</u> receiving controller instructions from a controller node in the <u>service provider</u> network; and

a processor, the processor configured to selectively transmitting transmit at least some of the network access requests over the service provider network in accordance with the controller instructions, and to transfer transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the service provider network via the network interface.

112-114 (Canceled).

115. (Currently amended) A controller node for regulating access to a <u>service</u> provider network, the controller node comprising:

a processor for generating controller instructions that regulate the processing by network units of received content data; and

a network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network to network units associated with a first group of users, the controller instructions being configured to cause the network units to inhibit access for a second group of users to <u>received</u> content <u>data</u> [[in]] <u>accessible from</u> the <u>service provider</u> network.

### REMARKS

By this Amendment, Applicant cancels claims 112-114, without prejudice or disclaimer, thus rendering rejections of these claims moot. Applicant amends claims 1, 8-11, 45-49, 65-67, 69, 72, 80-82, 85-88, 90, 93, 94, 111, and 115. Claims 1-57, 65-76, 80-90, 93, 94, 111, and 115 remain pending and under examination.

### **Office Action**

Applicant respectfully traverses the following rejections:

- (a) rejection of claim 45 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph;
- (b) rejection of claims 1-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-57, 67-76, 82, 93, 112, and 115 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,516,416 ("<u>Gregg"</u>);
- (c) rejection of claims 65, 66, 80, 85, 86, 90, 111, 113, and 114 under 35
  U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0120577 ("<u>Hans</u>");
- (d) rejection of claim 81 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by
   U.S. Patent Publication No. 2001/0051996 ("<u>Cooper</u>");
- (e) rejection of claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Cooper</u>;
- (f) rejection of claims 17-19 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Gregg</u> in view of U.S. Patent Publication No. 2005/0033990
   ("<u>Harvey</u>");

- (g) rejection of claims 87 and 94 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Gregg</u> in view of U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0059440 ("<u>Hudson</u>");
- (h) rejection of claims 29, 30, 88, and 89 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Gregg</u> in view of U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0169865 ("<u>Tarnoff</u>"); and
- (i) rejection of claims 83 and 84 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Gregg</u> in view of U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0103778 (<u>"Saxena"</u>).

### Claim Rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 112

In rejecting dependent claim 45, the Examiner alleged that the phrase "the flow" lacks sufficient antecedent basis. In response, and without conceding to the Examiner's allegations, Applicant amends claim 45 to recite "a processor for selectively reducing the flow of the received network traffic content data in accordance with the controller instructions." Applicant also amends dependent claims 46-48 in a similar manner as indicated herein.

Applicant submits that amended claims 45-48 fully comply with 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph. Accordingly, Applicant requests withdrawal of the rejection.

## Claim Rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b)

A. <u>Claims 1-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-57, 67-76, 82, 93, and 115</u>

Applicant requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of claims 1-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-57, 67-76, 82, 93, and 115 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by <u>Gregg</u>.

To establish anticipation under 35 U.S.C. § 102, the Office Action must show that each and every element as set forth in the claim is found, either expressly or inherently described, in <u>Gregg</u>. See M.P.E.P. § 2131. <u>Gregg</u>, however, does not disclose each and every element of Applicant's claims.

Specifically, <u>Gregg</u> does not disclose or suggest at least the following features recited in amended independent claim 1, and similarly recited in amended independent claims 49, 67, 69, 72, 82, 93, and 115: "a controller node <u>located in the service provider</u> <u>network</u>," a controller node comprising "a first processor for generating controller instructions, the controller instruction configured to be <u>executed by a plurality of</u> <u>gateway units</u> to regulate processing of received content data," and "a plurality of gateway units, each <u>coupled between</u> the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals." (emphases added).

Further, Applicant respectfully submits that at least three allegations in the Office Action do not reflect what is actually disclosed in <u>Gregg</u>. First, Applicant respectfully disagrees with the allegation that <u>Gregg's</u> administration software discloses the claimed controller node. *See* Office Action, pages 2-3. Instead, <u>Gregg</u> discloses a subscriber access system. *See* <u>Gregg</u>, col. 3, II. 56-59. <u>Gregg's</u> subscriber access system includes a clearing house that resides on "a back office platform in a <u>corporate</u> <u>network</u>." <u>Gregg</u>, col. 4, II. 34-36 (emphasis added). The clearing house "hosts all the subscription information and subscriber information." <u>Gregg</u>, col. 4, II. 44-45. As shown in Figure 1 of <u>Gregg</u>, the clearing house administrative software resides on a desktop

P.C. connected to a local area network. The local area network (LAN) connects the administration software to the <u>internet</u> (service provider network) via a firewall. <u>Gregg</u>, FIG. 1. As shown in Figures 1 and 2 of <u>Gregg</u>, both the administration software and the associated clearing house are connected directly to the LAN, and are not located nor components of the service provider network (internet/untrusted network 38).

Second, Applicant respectfully disagrees with the allegation that column 5, lines 3-6 and Figure 2 of <u>Gregg</u> allegedly disclose "a controller node for regulating access to a network comprising: a processor to generate controller instructions." Instead, <u>Gregg</u> discloses that the administration software is used to "administer the clearing house database." <u>Gregg</u>, col. 4, II. 59-62. Administration, for example, may include using the administration software to "<u>define the business rules</u> for subscription services and administer subscription demographic data and the their usage data." <u>Gregg</u>, col. 5, II. 3-6. (emphasis added). Business rules, for example, may be used to authenticate that a subscriber has permission to access a web server. See <u>Gregg</u>, col. 6, II. 57-61.

In operation, the <u>subscription access server regulates</u> the transmission of protected data to a subscriber in response to querying the clearing house database. For example, the subscription access server may fulfill a request for protected content from a subscriber in response to querying the clearing house database for user login information. <u>Gregg</u>, col. 6, II. 22-27; FIG. 2. If the login information is valid, the clearing house authorizes the subscription access server to send the requested protected content to the subscriber. <u>Gregg</u>, col. 6, II. 27-30; FIG. 2. Put another way, the subscription access server regulates data access to subscribers based on business rules contained in the clearing house database. Thus, even if the business rules of <u>Gregg</u> could be interpreted to be controller instructions, which Applicant does not

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concede, the business rules provided by the administration software are processed by the subscription access server, and not a plurality of gateway units. <u>Gregg's</u> subscriptions access server is not equivalent to the claimed "plurality of gateway units." Indeed, the Examiner equates <u>Gregg's</u> subscriber software to the claimed gateway unit. Accordingly, <u>Gregg's</u> administration software is not equivalent to the claimed controller node.

Third and finally, Applicant respectfully disagrees with allegation that <u>Gregg's</u> subscriber software discloses the claimed gateway unit. *See* Office Action, page 3. Instead, <u>Gregg</u> discloses that the "local area network is connected to the outside world by a 'Gateway' computer." <u>Gregg</u>, col. 4, II. 17-19. The gateway computer may be converted to a firewall, as shown in Figure 1 of <u>Gregg</u>, "by installing special software." <u>Gregg</u>, col. 4, II. 19-22. <u>Gregg</u> further discloses that "[t]her are a number of subscription access common gateway interface programs (CGIs) that are a part of the subscription access server 34." <u>Gregg</u>, col. 8, II. 20-22. Put another way, <u>Gregg</u> discloses that the subscription access server, and not the subscriber computer operates as a gateway. <u>Gregg's</u> subscription access server, however, is coupled between a firewall and the internet, and not coupled to a subscriber terminal at one interface and a service provider network at another interface. <u>Gregg</u>, FIG. 1.

Since <u>Gregg</u> does not disclose each and every element recited in amended claim 1, and similarly recited in claims 28, 67, 69, 72, 82, 93, and 115, <u>Gregg</u> does not anticipate claims 1, 28, 67, 69, 72, 82, 93, and 115 under 35 U.S.C. § 102. Independent claims 1, 28, 67, 69, 72, 82, 93, and 115 should therefore be allowable. Moreover, claims 2-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-48, 50-57, 68, 70, 71, and 73-76 should also be allowable at least due to their dependence from one of independent claims 1,

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28, 67, 69, 72, 82, 93, and 115, and because they recite additional features not taught or suggested by <u>Gregg</u>. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) rejection of claims 1-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-57, 67-76, 82, 93, and 115.

#### B. <u>Claims 65, 66, 80, 85, 86, 90, 111, 113, and 114</u>

Applicant requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of claims 65, 66, 80, 85, 86, 90, and 111 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by <u>Hans</u>.

<u>Hans</u> does not disclose each and every element of Applicant's claims. Specifically, <u>Hans</u> does not disclose or suggest at least the following features recited in amended independent claim 65, and similarly recited in amended independent claims 66, 80, 85, 86, 90, and 111: "[a] user interface coupled to receive requests to transmit data <u>directly from a subscriber terminal</u>." (emphasis added).

Further, Applicant respectfully submits that the allegations in the Office Action do not reflect what is actually disclosed in <u>Hans</u>. Applicant respectfully disagrees with allegation that <u>Hans's</u> content management node discloses the claimed gateway unit. *See* Office Action, pages 18-19. Instead, <u>Hans</u> discloses a content management node "configured to provide digital content access to an electronic playback device operating at a user node" <u>Hans</u>,¶ [0021]. As shown in Figure 1 of <u>Hans</u>, the content management communicates with the user node through the global communication network. That is, even if <u>Hans's</u> content management node could be interpreted to be equivalent to the claimed gateway unit, which Applicant does not concede, the content management node is coupled to receive requests <u>directly from the intervening global</u> communication network, and not from the user node.

Since <u>Hans</u> does not disclose each and every element recited in amended claim 65, <u>Hans</u> does not anticipate claims 66, 80, 85, 86, 90, and 111 under 35 U.S.C. § 102. Independent claims 65, 66, 80, 85, 86, 90, and 111 should therefore be allowable. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) rejection of claims 65, 66, 80, 85, 86, 90, and 111.

### C. <u>Claim 81</u>

Applicant requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of claim 81 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by <u>Cooper</u>.

<u>Cooper</u> does not disclose each and every element of Applicant's claim. Specifically, <u>Cooper</u> does not disclose or suggest at least the following features recited in independent claim 81, as amended: "[a] controller node for regulating file access in a network, comprising: a processor configured to receive registrations of content data files <u>distributed to the plurality of gateway units</u>." (emphasis added).

Further, Applicant respectfully submits that the allegations in the Office Action do not reflect what is actually disclosed in <u>Cooper</u>. Applicant respectfully disagrees with the allegation that paragraphs [0094] - [0099] allegedly disclose "wherein the processor: receives registrations of content data files distributed to a plurality of gateway units." *See* Office Action, pages 19-20. Instead, <u>Cooper</u> discloses a content distribution system site, which may include one or more servers. <u>Cooper</u>, ¶ [0058]. The cited portions of <u>Cooper</u> disclose that the content distribution system site may include a copyright registration system. <u>Cooper</u>, ¶¶ [0094]-[0099]. The cited portions of <u>Cooper</u>, however, fail to disclose a processor that "receives registrations of content data files <u>distributed to a plurality of gateway units</u>," as recited in claim 81(emphasis added).

Since <u>Cooper</u> does not disclose each and every element recited in amended claim 81, <u>Cooper</u> does not anticipate amended claim 81 under 35 U.S.C. § 102. Independent claim 81 should therefore be allowable. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) rejection of claim 81.

### Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

### A. <u>Claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38</u>

Applicant respectfully traverses the rejections of claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious from <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Cooper</u>.

A *prima facie* case of obviousness cannot be established with respect to these claims for at least the reason that <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Cooper</u> does not teach or suggest each and every claim element of these claims.

Claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38 depend from amended independent claim 1, and thus include all of the elements recited in claim 1. As discussed above, <u>Gregg</u> fails to disclose or suggest at least "a plurality of gateway units, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals," as recited in independent claim 1, and required by claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38.

The Examiner alleged that <u>Cooper</u> cures the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>. Office Action, pages 20-22. Even if this assertion were correct, which Applicant does not concede, <u>Cooper</u> still does not teach or suggest the above-quoted features recited in claim 1 and included in claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38. Thus <u>Cooper</u> does not compensate for the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>.

Applicant therefore submits that independent claim 1 is <u>not</u> obvious over <u>Gregg</u> and <u>Cooper</u> whether taken alone or in combination. Independent claim 1 should

therefore be allowable. Dependent claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38 should also be allowable at least by virtue of their dependence from base claim 1, as well as because they recite additional features not taught or suggested by the cited references. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38.

B. <u>Claims 17-19</u>

Applicant respectfully traverses the rejections of claims 17-19 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious from <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Harvey</u>.

A *prima facie* case of obviousness cannot be established with respect to these claims for at least the reason that <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Harvey</u> does not teach or suggest each and every claim element of these claims.

Claims 17-19 depend from amended independent claim 1, and thus include all of the elements recited in claim 1. As discussed above, <u>Gregg</u> fails to disclose or suggest at least "a controller node located in the service provider network," as recited in independent claim 1.

The Examiner alleged that <u>Harvey</u> cures the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>. Office Action, pages 22-23. Even if this assertion were correct, which Applicant does not concede, <u>Harvey</u> still does not teach or suggest the above-quoted features recited in claim 1 and included in claims 17-19.

<u>Harvey</u> is directed to "network security provided by a secure one-way data transfer mechanism." <u>Harvey</u>, ¶ [0002]. The Examiner appears to equate Harvey's transmitter (TX) 104 with the claimed gateway. *See* Office Action, pages 6-7. But, like <u>Gregg</u>, <u>Harvey</u> fails to teach or suggest at least "a controller node located in the service

provider network," as recited in claim 1, and thus required by claims 17-19. Thus, <u>Harvey</u> does not compensate for the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>.

Applicant therefore submits that independent claim 1 is <u>not</u> obvious over <u>Gregg</u> and <u>Harvey</u> whether taken alone or in combination. Independent claim 1 should therefore be allowable. Dependent claims 17-19 should also be allowable at least by virtue of their dependence from base claim 1, as well as because they recite additional features not taught or suggested by the cited references. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 17-19.

#### C. Claims 87 and 94

Applicant respectfully traverses the rejections of claims 87 and 94 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious from <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Hudson</u>.

A *prima facie* case of obviousness cannot be established with respect to these claims for at least the reason that <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Hudson</u> does not teach or suggest each and every claim element of these claims.

Amended claims 87 and 94 recite, *inter alia*, "a user interface configured to receive information directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user," and "a user interface to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user," respectively. Amended claim 1, although different in scope, recites a similar element. Specifically, claim 1 recites, "a plurality of gateway units, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals." As discussed above, <u>Gregg</u> does teach each and every element of claim 1 because <u>Gregg's</u> subscription access server is coupled between a firewall and the internet, and not coupled to a

subscriber terminal at one interface and a service provider network at another interface. <u>Gregg</u>, FIG. 1. For at least the same reasons, <u>Gregg</u> also fails to teach "a user interface configured to receive information directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user," and "a user interface to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user," respectively.

While acknowledging that <u>Gregg</u> "fails to teach an advertisement," the Examiner alleges that <u>Hudson</u> teaches such a limitation. *See* Office Action, pages 23-24. Even if this assertion were correct, which Applicant does not concede, <u>Hudson</u> still does not disclose or suggest the above-quoted features recited in claims 87 and 94.

<u>Hudson</u> is directed to "system architecture and methods providing for the streaming delivery of multimedia information through use of a secure content lastelement cache." <u>Hudson</u>, ¶ [0004]. But, like <u>Gregg</u>, <u>Hudson</u> fails to teach or suggest at least "a user interface configured to receive information directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user," and "a user interface to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user," as recited in amended claims 87 and 94, respectively. Thus, <u>Hudson</u> does not compensate for the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>.

Applicant therefore submits that independent claims 87 and 94 are <u>not</u> obvious over <u>Gregg</u> and <u>Hudson</u> whether taken alone or in combination. Independent claims 87 and 94 should therefore be allowable. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 87 and 94.

D. <u>Claims 29, 30, 88, and 89</u>

DISH, Exh.1004, p.0195

Applicant respectfully traverses the rejections of claims 29, 30, 88, and 89 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious from <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Tarnoff</u>.

A *prima facie* case of obviousness cannot be established with respect to these claims for at least the reason that <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Tarnoff</u> does not teach or suggest each and every claim element of these claims.

Claims 29 and 30 depend from amended independent claim 1, and thus include all of the elements recited in claim 1. As discussed above, <u>Gregg</u> fails to disclose or suggest at least "a plurality of gateway units, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals," as recited in independent claim 1, and required by claims 29 and 30.

The Examiner alleged that <u>Tarnoff</u> cures the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>. Office Action, page 25. Even if this assertion were correct, which Applicant does not concede, <u>Tarnoff</u> still does not teach or suggest the above-quoted features recited in claim 1 and included in claims 29 and 30.

<u>Tarnoff</u> is directed to components "installed on the website's computer platform ... to detect[] search engines and other qualifying databases and lists located at other nodes." <u>Tarnoff</u>, Abstract. <u>Tarnoff</u>, like, <u>Gregg</u>, however, fails to disclose "a plurality of gateway units, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals," as recited in independent claim 1, and required by claims 29 and 30. Thus <u>Tarnoff</u> does not compensate for the deficiencies of Gregg.

Amended claim 88 recites, *inter alia*, "[a] gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising ... a user interface to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user." Amended claim 1, although different in scope, recites

a similar element. Specifically, claim 1 recites, "a plurality of gateway units, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals." As discussed above, <u>Gregg</u> does teach each and every element of claim 1 because <u>Gregg's</u> subscription access server is coupled between a firewall and the internet, and not coupled to a subscriber terminal at one interface and a service provider network at another interface. <u>Gregg</u>, FIG. 1. For at least the same reasons, <u>Gregg</u> also fails to teach "[a] gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising ... a user interface to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user," as recited in amended claim 88 and required by claim 89.

The Examiner alleged that <u>Tarnoff</u> cures the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>. Office Action, pages 25-26. Even if this assertion were correct, which Applicant does not concede, <u>Tarnoff</u> still does not teach or suggest the above-quoted features recited in claim 88 and included in claims 89. Thus, <u>Tarnoff</u> does not compensate for the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>.

Applicant therefore submits that claims 29, 30, 88, and 89 are <u>not</u> obvious over <u>Gregg</u> and <u>Tarnoff</u> whether taken alone or in combination. Independent claims 29, 30, 88, and 89 should therefore be allowable. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 29, 30, 88, and 89.

### E Claims 83 and 84

Applicant respectfully traverses the rejections of claims 83 and 84 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious from <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Saxena</u>.

A *prima facie* case of obviousness cannot be established with respect to these claims for at least the reason that <u>Gregg</u> in view of <u>Saxena</u> does not teach or suggest each and every claim element of these claims.

Claims 83 and 84 depend from amended independent claim 82, and thus include all of the elements recited claim 82. As discussed above, <u>Gregg</u> fails to disclose or suggest at least "a user interface for transferring, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user," as recited in independent claim 82.

The Examiner alleged that <u>Saxena</u> cures the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>. Office Action, pages 26-27. Even if this assertion were correct, which Applicant does not concede, <u>Saxena</u> still does not teach or suggest the above-quoted features recited in claim 82 and included in claims 83-84.

<u>Saxena</u> is directed to a method for retrieving web pages from an origin server prior to the web pages being requested by a user. <u>Saxena</u>, Abstract. But, like <u>Gregg</u>, <u>Saxena</u> fails to teach or suggest at least "a user interface for transferring, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user," as recited in claim 82, and thus required by claims 83 and 84. Thus, <u>Saxena</u> does not compensate for the deficiencies of <u>Gregg</u>.

Applicant therefore submits that independent claim 82 is <u>not</u> obvious over <u>Gregg</u> and <u>Saxena</u> whether taken alone or in combination. Independent claim 82 should therefore be allowable. Dependent claims 83 and 84 should also be allowable at least by virtue of their dependence from base claim 82, as well as because they recite additional features not taught or suggested by the cited references. Accordingly,

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C.

§ 103(a) rejection of claims 83 and 84.

### CONCLUSION

Applicant requests reconsideration of this application and withdrawal of the rejections. Pending claims 1-57, 65-76, 80-90, 93, 94, 111, and 115 are in condition for allowance, and Applicants request a favorable action.

The Office Action contains a number of statements reflecting characterizations of the prior art, alleged inferences to be drawn therefrom, and the claims. Regardless of whether any such statements are identified herein, Applicant declines to automatically subscribe to any such statements or characterizations in the Office Action.

If there are any remaining issues or misunderstandings, Applicant requests the Examiner telephone the undersigned representative to discuss them.

Please grant any extensions of time required to enter this response and charge any additional required fees to our deposit account 06-0916

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: January 26, 2010

By: đđ.

Aaron J. Capron Reg. No. 56,170 (650) 849-6600

Electronic A	cknowledgement Receipt
EFS ID:	6885795
Application Number:	10989023
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1874
Title of Invention:	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Robert M. Burke
Customer Number:	22852
Filer:	Sarah Meira Barnett
Filer Authorized By:	
Attorney Docket Number:	09635.0001-00000
Receipt Date:	26-JAN-2010
Filing Date:	16-NOV-2004
Time Stamp:	18:00:43
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

# Payment information:

Submitted wi	th Payment	no								
File Listin	g:									
Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)					
1	Amendment/Req. Reconsideration-After	Amendment.PDF	758741	no	45					
	Non-Final Reject	Amendmenta	c6cc757e73d7c1ac0d56efae37f5f2c76138c 893	110						
Warnings:	·		· ·							
Information:		DISH, I	Exh.1004, p.02	201						

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

#### New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

#### National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

#### New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PTO/SB/06 (07-06)

Approved for use through 1/31/2007. OMB 0651-0032 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

P/	ATENT APPLI	CATION FE Substitute fo			N RECORD	Ар		Docket Number 9,023		ing Date 16/2004	To be Maileo
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	BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), (	ASIC FEE N/A N/A N/A					N/A			N/A	
	SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), c		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
	EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), o	E	N/A		N/A		N/A		1	N/A	
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	EPENDENT CLAIM CFR 1.16(h))	S	m	inus 3 = *		ΙΓ	X\$ =			X\$ =	
If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$250 (\$125 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s).											
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	01/26/2010	REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA		RATE (\$)	FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	FEE (\$)
	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	* 112	Minus	** 115	= 0	L	X \$26 =	0	OR	X \$ =	
į	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	* 34	Minus	***36	= 0		X \$110 =	0	OR	X \$ =	
	Application Si	ze Fee (37 CFR 1	.16(s))			╵┝					
	FIRST PRESEN	ITATION OF MULTIF	PLE DEPEN	DENT CLAIM (37 CFI	R 1.16(j))				OR		
							total Add'l Fee	0	OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	
		(Column 1)	-	(Column 2)	(Column 3)				_	-	-
_		CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)
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process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to line due by the observer to to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

Unit	ed States Patent	AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22. www.uspto.gov	FOR PATENTS				
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.				
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	09635.0001-00000	1874				
	7590 05/17/2010 ENDERSON, FARABO	W, GARRETT & DUNNER	EXAMINER					
LLP			KHAJURIA,	SHRIPAL K				
	RK AVENUE, NW N, DC 20001-4413		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER				
	,		2446					
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE				
			05/17/2010	PAPER				

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)									
	10/989,023	BURKE ET AL.									
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit									
	SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA	2446									
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply											
<ul> <li>A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY</li> <li>WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA</li> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w</li> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).									
Status											
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on the a	mendment filed on 1/26/10										
<ol> <li>Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>the amendment filed on 1/26/10</u>.</li> <li>This action is FINAL.</li> <li>2b)⊠ This action is non-final.</li> </ol>											
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is											
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.											
Disposition of Claims											
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-57,65-76,80-90,93,94,111 and 115</u>	is/are pending in the application										
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw											
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.											
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.											
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.											
8) Claim(s) <u>1-57,65-76,80-90,93,94,111 and 115</u>	are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.									
Application Papers		·									
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		- Eveninen									
10) The drawing(s) filed on $11/16/04$ is/are: a) a											
Applicant may not request that any objection to the											
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct											
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	ammer. Note the attached Office	Action of form PTO-152.									
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119											
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).									
a) All b) Some * c) None of:											
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.										
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicati	on No									
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage									
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).											
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.									
Attachment(s)	1) 🗖 Intensions Comment	(PTO 412)									
<ul> <li>1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ul>	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da										
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application											
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🚺 Other:										

### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1, 8-11, 45-49, 65-67, 69, 72, 80-82, 85-88, 90 and 93 have been amended.

Claims 112-114 have been cancelled.

### **Response to Arguments**

Applicants amendments filed in the amendment filed on 1/26/10 have been fully considered. Upon inspection of the newly amended claims, the Examiner requires a restriction election as presented below necessitated by amended claims.

### Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - I. Claims 1-48, 69-71, 80, 82-84, 85, 86 and 115 drawn to network access regulating, classified in class 709, subclass 225.
  - II. Claims 49-57, drawn to resource access controlling, classified in class
     709, subclass 229.
  - III. Claims 65, 66, 67-68, 72-76, 81, 93, 111 drawn to computer network monitoring, classified in class 709, subclass 223.
  - IV. Claims 87, 88-89, 94 drawn to payment methods for video distribution, classified in class 725, subclass 5.
  - Claim 90 drawn to charge determination for use of selected information, classified in class 705, subclass 52.

2. Inventions **I-V** are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct if they do not overlap in scope and are not obvious variants, and if it is shown that at least one subcombination is separately usable. In the instant case, **subcombination I** has separate utility such as regulating access to a network. **Subcombination II** has separate utility such as preventing and determining DOS attacks in a network. **Subcombination III** has separate utility such as separate utility such as monitoring a network for specific kinds of traffic.

**Subcombination IV** has a separate utility such as prompting payment messages to a user depending if they want to order a service. **Subcombination V** has a separate utility such as determining charges for network services. See MPEP § 806.05(d).

The examiner has required restriction between subcombinations usable together. Where applicant elects a subcombination and claims thereto are subsequently found allowable, any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of the allowable subcombination will be examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. See MPEP § 821.04(a). Applicant is advised that if any claim presented in a continuation or divisional application is anticipated by, or includes all the limitations of, a claim that is allowable in the present application, such claim may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application.

3. Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above

and there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C.101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement

will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

#### Conclusion

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire ONE MONTH from the mailing date of this action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA whose telephone number is (571)270-5662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday Alt. Friday, 7:30AM-5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Pwu can be reached on (571)272-6798. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/S. K. K./ Examiner, Art Unit 2446

/Benjamin R Bruckart/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2446

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PATENT Customer No. 22,852 Attorney Docket No. 09635.0001-00000

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	
Robert M. BURKE II, et al.	) Group Art Unit: 2446
Application No.: 10/989,023	) Examiner: Shripal K. KHAJURIA
Filed: November 16, 2004	) ) ) Confirmation No.: 1874
For: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK	)

### MAIL STOP AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

### **RESPONSE TO RESTRICTION REQUIREMENT**

In a Restriction Requirement mailed May 17, 2010, the Examiner required

restriction under 35 U.S.C. § 121 between the following groups:

Group I, claims 1-48, 69-71, 80, 82-84, 85, 86, and 115, characterized by the Examiner as being drawn to network access regulating, classified in class 709, subclass 225.

Group II, claims 49-57, characterized by the Examiner as being drawn to resource access controlling, classified in class 709, subclass 229;

Group III, claims 65, 66, 67-68, 72-76, 81, 93, and 111, characterized by the Examiner as being drawn to computer network monitoring, classified in class 709, subclass 223;

Group IV, claims 87, 88-89, and 94, characterized by the Examiner as being drawn to payment methods for video distribution, classified in class 725, subclass 5; and

Group V, claim 90, characterized by the Examiner as being drawn to charge determination for use of selected information, classified in class 705, subclass 52.

In response, Applicant provisionally elects to prosecute Group I, claims 1-48, 69-71, 80, 82-84, 85, 86, and 115, without traverse.

Please grant any extensions of time required to enter this response and

charge any additional required fees to our deposit account 06-0916.

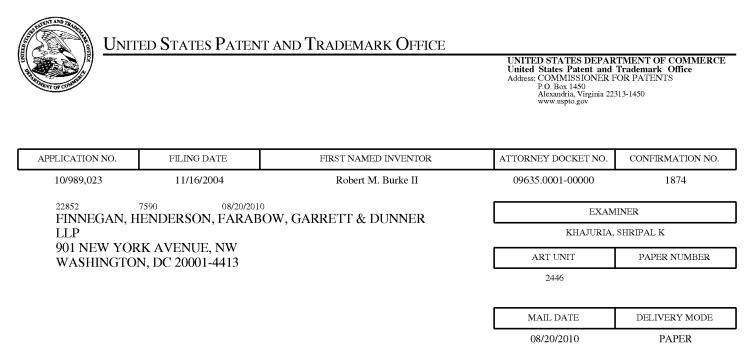
Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: \_ 6/8/10

BV: C

Robert E. Converse, Jr Reg. No. 27,432 Tel. No. (202) 408-4000



### Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)						
		10/989,023	BURKE ET AL.						
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
		SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA	2446						
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	bears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address						
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).						
Status									
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on the a	mendment filed 1/26/10							
· ·		action is non-final.							
· · · —	Since this application is in condition for allowa		esecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under E								
Disposit	ion of Claims								
	Claim(s) <u>1-115</u> is/are pending in the application	<b>^</b>							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>49-68, 72-79, 81, 87-</u>		leration						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
	Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-48,69-71,80,82-86 and 115</u> is/are re	ajected							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	ejected.							
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10)	The drawing(s) filed on $\underline{11/16/04}$ is/are: a) $\boxtimes$ a								
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	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct								
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
· · · ·	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).						
a)	All b) Some * c) None of:								
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	2. Certified copies of the priority document								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ed in this National Stage						
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## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1, 8-11, 45-49, 69, 80, 82, 85, 86, and 115 have been amended.

A non-final rejection was mailed out on 10/26/09.

Based on the Applicants amendments and response filed to that non-final

rejection on 1/26/10, a second election/restriction was sent out on 5/17/10.

Applicant has elected Group I which contains claims 1-48, 69-71, 80, 82-84, 85,

86 and 115.

The 35 U.S.C 112 second paragraph rejection made upon claims 45-48 has been withdrawn based on Applicants amendments.

## **Response to Arguments**

Applicants arguments filed in the amendment filed 1/26/10 have been fully considered but are moot in view of new grounds of rejection. The reasons set forth below.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-48, 69-71, 82 and 115 are rejected under 35

U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gregg et al US (6,516,416).

> (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 1, Gregg et al teaches a system for a. regulating access to a network (see column 1 lines 58-67), the system comprising: a controller node (see clearinghouse server 30 in Figures 1 and 30 and column 4 lines 44-50), located in the service provider coupled to the network (column 4 lines 44-59), configured to control processing of content data exchanged over the service provider network (see column 4 lines 44-59), the controller node comprising: a first processor for generating controller instructions (see column 5 lines 3-6 and administration software 32); the controller instructions configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units (see Fig. 30 and webservers 69) to regulate processing of received content (see column 26 lines 43-66); and a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the service provider network (see column 4 lines 63-67 and column 5 lines 1-6 and LAN 40); and [[a]] the plurality of gateway units (see Fig. 30 and webservers 69), each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals (see Fig. 30 and column 26 lines 43-66), and configured to regulate access to the content data exchanged over the service provider network from at least one of the plurality of subscriber terminals in response to receipt of the controller instructions (see column 25 lines 47-61, the webserver 69 authenticates users); the gateway units comprising: a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests (see column 25

lines 47-61); a second network interface coupled to the <u>service provider</u> network and receiving the controller instructions from the <del>network</del> controller node (see

DISH, Exh.1004, p.0220

column 6 lines 25-30); and a second processor, the second processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the <u>service</u> <u>provider</u> network in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 20 lines 14-20 and blocks 330, 332, and 334 in Fig. 24), and transferring <u>received</u> content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the <u>service provider</u> network via the second network interface (see column 20 lines 14-18 and block 332 in Fig. 24 and Fig.2).

b. (Original) Regarding claim 2, Gregg et al teaches wherein: the gateway units further comprise a storage device for storing instructions (see Fig. 3 and access key 54); the gateway units further comprise an identifier uniquely associating the gateway units with a user (see column 7 lines 48-65); and the storage device is operable to store user-specific information (see Fig. 3 and access key 54 and column 8 lines 33-38).

c. (Original) Regarding claim 3, Gregg et al teaches wherein: the gateway units comprise a user interface receiving requests to transmit data (see column 5 lines 32-55); and the gateway units comprise a second processor inspecting the data to selectively transfer the data in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 6 lines 25-32).

d. (Original) Regarding claim 4, Gregg et al teaches wherein: the gateway units comprise a user interface receiving requests to receive data (see column 5 lines 32-55); and the gateway units comprise a second processor inspecting the

data to selectively transfer the data in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 6 lines 25-32).

e. (Original) Regarding claim 5, Gregg et al teaches wherein the first
processor generates the controller instructions automatically (see column 5 lines
3-6).

f. (Original) Regarding claim 6, Gregg et al teaches wherein the first processor generates the controller instructions in response to an operatorentered request (see column 5 lines 3-6).

g. (Original) Regarding claim 7, Gregg et al teaches wherein the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling (see column 5 lines 3-6).

h. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 8, Gregg et al teaches wherein the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions <u>configured</u> to deny user access to a first group of network servers (see column 18 lines 13-29 and Fig. 20 block 206).

i. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 9, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor <u>configured</u> to generate a notification to a controller node if a network access request designates a network server of the first group of network servers (see Fig 8 and block 162 and column 17 lines 48-53).

j. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 10, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor <u>configured</u> to: detect a network

access request designating a network server a first group of network servers (see Fig. 21 block 250 and column 18 lines 61-64); and re-direct the access request to a second group of network servers (see Fig. 21 block 264 and column 19 lines 4-8), in accordance with the controller instructions.

k. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 11, Gregg et al teaches wherein:
the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller
instructions (see column 5 lines 3-6), the controller instructions including a file
identifier (see column 5 lines 52-55); and the system comprises a plurality of
gateway units associated with a user file system (see subscriber software 36 and
Fig. 30), the gateway units comprising a second processor <u>configured</u> to detect a
file in a user file system corresponding to the file identifier (see column 11 lines
58-65).

I. (Original) Regarding claim 12, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units are operable between an active state (see column 13 lines 1-3) and an inactive state (see column 12 lines 41-46).

m. (Original) Regarding claim 13, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processors notify a controller node if the associated gateway unit enters an inactive state (see column 12 lines 41-46).

n. (Original) Regarding claim 14 Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processors delete the detected files from a user file system in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 12 lines 60-62).

o. (Original) Regarding claim 15, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processors delete the detected files from a user file system during the inactive state (see column 12 lines 60-62).

p. (Original) Regarding claim 16, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units notify a controller node if a file corresponding to the file identifier is detected (see column 2 lines 9-18).

q. (Original) Regarding claim 20, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units comprise a second processor that enters a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission from the controller node (see column 26 lines 50-66).

r. (Original) Regarding claim 23, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor causes the gateway unit to access a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2).

s. (Original) Regarding claim 24, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor selects the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites received via the controller instructions (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 and column 5 lines 32-55).

t. (Original) Regarding claim 25, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor selects the predetermined network site according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 and column 5 lines 32-55).

u. (Original) Regarding claim 26, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units: receive registration information from a user via the user interface; and receive initial operating parameters via the second network interface (see Fig. 2).

v. (Original) Regarding claim 27, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units: receive registration information from a user via the user interface; and receive software updates via the second network interface (see Fig. 2).

w. (Original) Regarding claim 31, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units receive software via the second network interface for execution on the second processor, the software enabling at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming (see Fig. 24 and blocks 332 and 336).

x. (Original) Regarding claim 32, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack (see Fig. 18 block 176).

y. (Original) Regarding claim 33, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second
 processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus (see Fig. 18 block
 176).

z. (Original) Regarding claim 34, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the gateway units (see fig 18 blocks 168 and 170, and Fig. 23 steps 310, 324 and 326).

aa. (Original) Regarding claim 35, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and

receive voice traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 24 blocks 330, 332 and Fig. 18 block 176).

bb. (Original) Regarding claim 37 Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio and video traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 24 blocks 330, 332 and Fig. 18 block 176).

cc. (Original) Regarding claim 39, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units: detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the second network interface (see Fig. 12 and Fig. 24 blocks 330 and 332); and selectively reduce the quality of service of the at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the controller instructions , wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic (see fig. 21 block 268).

dd. (Original) Regarding claim 40, Gregg et al teaches further comprising a plurality of access nodes (see subscriber software 36 and Fig. 2), wherein the controller node comprises a first processor for generating authorization instructions and transmitting the authorization instructions over the network to the access nodes (see Subscription Host 34 and Fig. 2), and the access nodes:

receive the authorization instructions from the controller node (see Fig. 1); and selectively permit the gateway units to access the network in accordance with the authorization instructions (see Fig.2).

ee. (Original) Regarding claim 41, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the gateway units comprise data storage units partitioned into a network portion and a user portion, and at least one of a first group of gateway units selectively shares data stored in the network partition with at least one of a second group of gateway units, via the second network interface, in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 8 lines 20-67).

ff. (Original) Regarding claim 42, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units selectively forwards content data received from at least a second one of the gateway units to at least a third one of the gateway units in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 2 and column 6 lines 17-32).

gg. (Original) Regarding claim 43, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 42 wherein the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units: receives portions of a content data file from a group of gateway units in accordance with the controller instructions (see fig. 2 and column 6 lines 27-30); and assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the user via the user interface (See fig. 2).

hh. (Original) Regarding claim 44, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, further comprising an intervention node, the intervention node comprising: an

operator interface for receiving operator-entered spoofing attack instructions; and a third network interface for transmitting at least one substitute file pointer to addresses in the network in accordance with the spoofing attack instructions (see Fig. 18).

ii. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 45, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, further comprising network units (see fig. 2 item 36), the network units comprising: a network interface coupled to the network and <u>configured to receive</u> receiving the controller instructions from the network and network traffic from a gateway unit (see fig. 2 item 34); and a processor for selectively reducing the flow of the received network traffic <u>content data</u> in accordance with the controller instructions (see fig. 2, if the user does not meet access rights, they are denied access).

jj. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 46, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the flow of received content data that includes voice traffic (see Fig.2); and selectively block the detected traffic in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 2).

kk. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 47, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the flow of received content data that includes at least one of audio and video traffic; and selectively block the detected traffic in accordance with the controller instructions (see fig. 2 and fig. 3).

II. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 48, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 45, wherein the network units: detect the <del>flow of</del> <u>received content data</u> <u>that includes</u> at least one of audio and video traffic (see fig. 2 and fig. 3); and selectively reduce the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the controller instructions (see fig. 2 and fig. 3), wherein the reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle (see fig. 2 and fig. 3), inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic (see fig. 2 and fig. 3).

mm. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 69, Gregg et al teaches a controller node for regulating access to a <u>service provider</u> network comprising: a processor <u>configured</u> to generate controller instructions (see column 5 lines 3-6 and administration software 32) <u>that regulate processing by a plurality of gateway</u> <u>units of received content data (see column 26 lines 43-66 and Fig. 30 and</u> webservers 69); and a network interface <u>configured to be coupled directly to a</u> <u>service provider network and configured to transmit the controller instructions</u> over the <u>service provider network to a plurality of gateway units</u> (see column 26 lines 43-66), the controller instructions causing at least one gateway unit to deny access to a first group of network servers (see column 25 lines 47-61).

nn. (Original) Regarding claim 70, Gregg et al teaches the controller node of claim 69, wherein the network interface receives notification from at least one

gateway unit if the at least one gateway unit detects a request to access a denied network server (see column 6 line 17-32).

oo. (Original) Regarding claim 71, Gregg et al teaches the controller node of claim 69, wherein the processor generates instructions causing a gateway unit to re-direct user access requests to a second group of network servers in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 8 lines 10-13).

pp. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 82, Gregg et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service provider</u> network (see column 4 lines 44-59) comprising: a network interface for providing access to the <u>service provider</u> network and for receiving controller instructions from the <u>service provider</u> network (see column 5 lines 3-6 and administration software 32); a user interface for transferring, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or <u>received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user between the</u> network and a user (see column 26 lines 43-66 and Fig. 30 and webservers 69); and a processor for connecting to a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the received controller instructions (see column 25 lines 47-61).

qq. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 115, Gregg et al teaches a controller node for regulating access to a <u>service provider</u> network (see column 4 lines 44-59), the controller node comprising: a processor for generating controller instructions <u>that regulate processing by network units of received content data</u> (see column 26 lines 43-66 and Fig. 30 and webservers 69); and a network

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interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the <u>service provider</u> network to network units associated with a first group of users (see column 26 lines 43-66 and Fig. 30 and webservers 69), the controller instructions being configured to cause the network units to inhibit access for a second group of users to <u>received</u> content <u>data [[in]]</u> <u>accessible from</u> the <u>service provider</u> network (see column 25 lines 47-61).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 21, 22, 28, 36 and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Cooper et al. US (20010051966).

rr. (Original) Regarding claim 21, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of

claim 1 from which claim 21 depends on. However Gregg fails to explicitly teach

a copyright registry as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper et al

teaches such a limitation; wherein the controller node comprises a copyright

registry for tracking copyright status of content data files distributed to gateway

units in the system (see Fig. 2, copyright registry 234 and paragraph [0094]).

Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the

time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the copyright registry as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to allow users to register their copyrighted content for tracking purposes.

ss. (Original) Regarding claim 22, Cooper et al further teaches wherein the user interface receives registrations of the content data files for transmission to the copyright registry (see Fig. 2, copyright registry 234 and paragraphs [0094]-[0099]).

tt. (Original) Regarding claim 28, Gregg et al teaches the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 28 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach customized advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper teaches such a limitation; wherein: the gateway units transmit advertising via the user interface to a user display, the advertising being customized in accordance with information received via at least one of the second network interface and the user interface (see paragraph [0177]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the customized advertisements as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to target the user with advertisements that would be of interest.

uu. (Original) Regarding claim 36, Gregg et al teaches the limitations of claim
1 from which claim 36 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach
customized advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper

teaches such a limitation; wherein the gateway units transmit, via the user interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services (see paragraph [0177]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the customized advertisements as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to target the user with advertisements that would be of interest.

vv. (Original) Regarding claim 38, Gregg et al teaches the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 38 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach customized advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper teaches such a limitation; wherein the gateway units transmit, via the user interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services (see paragraph [0177]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the customized advertisements as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to target the user with advertisements that would be of interest.

4. Claims 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Harvey et al US (20050033990).

ww. (Original) Regarding claim 17, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 17 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach a housing detector as further recited in the claims. Conversely Harvey et

al teaches such a limitation; wherein the gateway units comprise: a housing; and a detector for detecting an attempt to open the housing (see paragraph [0108]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the housing tamper detector as taught by Harvey et al. The motivation for this would have been to enhance the security features of a network node.

xx. (Original) Regarding claim 18, Harvey et al further teaches wherein the gateway unit notifies the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing after a user-initiated event (see paragraph [0108]).

yy. (Original) Regarding claim 19, Harvey et al further teaches wherein the gateway units comprise a storage device and the second processor prevents access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing (see paragraph [0108]).

5. Claims 29, 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Tarnoff US (20020169865).

zz. (Original) Regarding claim 29, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 29 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach pay-per-view advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Tarnoff teaches such a limitation; wherein the gateway units: transmit pay-per-view advertising via the user interface for selective display by a user; and generate payment credits for the user upon display of the advertising by the user (see

paragraph [0224]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the pay-per-view advertising as taught by Tarnoff. The motivation for this would have been to induce impulse buys for customers searching for things related to the pay-per-view content.

aaa. (Original) Regarding claim 30, Tarnoff further teaches wherein the gateway units generate one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection (see paragraph [0174]).

6. Claims 80, 85, 86 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hans et al US (20020120577) and in further view of Gregg et al US (6,516,416).

bbb. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 80, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a <u>service provider</u> network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11), comprising: a network interface for providing access to the <u>service provider</u> network (see paragraph [0026; and a processor that enters a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission over the <u>service provider</u> network from a controller node via the network interface (see paragraph [0028]). Although Hans teaches the limitations above he fails to explicitly teach user-entered network access requests as further recited in the claims. Conversely Gregg et al teaches such a limitation; a user interface <u>configured</u> to receive user-entered network access requests <u>directly</u> <u>from a subscriber terminal</u> (see column 25 lines 47-61). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was

made to have combined the teachings of Hans with the receiving of user-entered access requests as taught by Gregg et al. The motivation for this would have been to let a user have subscription access over an untrusted network (see column 1 lines 47-51).

(Currently Amended) Regarding claim 85, Hans et al teaches a gateway CCC. unit for regulating access to a network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11) comprising: a network interface configured to provide access to the network (see paragraph [0026]); between the network and a user (see Fig. 5, box 98); and a processor configured to gather registration information from the user via the user interface and to receive initial operating parameters via the network interface (see paragraph [0028]). Although Hans teaches the limitations above he fails to explicitly teach user-entered network access requests as further recited in the claims. Conversely Gregg et al teaches such a limitation; a user interface configured to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received from a subscriber terminal associated with a user (see column 25 lines 47-61). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Hans with the receiving of user-entered access requests as taught by Gregg et al. The motivation for this would have been to let a user have subscription access over an untrusted network (see column 1 lines 47-51).

ddd. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 86, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11) comprising: a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network (see paragraph [0026]); between the network and a user (see Fig. 5, box 98); and a processor configured to gather registration information from the user via the user interface and to receive software updates via the network interface (see paragraph [0028]). Although Hans teaches the limitations above he fails to explicitly teach user-entered network access requests as further recited in the claims. Conversely Gregg et al teaches such a limitation; a user interface configured to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user (see column 25 lines 47-61). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Hans with the receiving of user-entered access requests as taught by Gregg et al. The motivation for this would have been to let a user have subscription

access over an untrusted network (see column 1 lines 47-51).

7. Claims 83 and 84 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Saxena US (20020103778).

eee. (Original) Regarding claim 83, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 82 form which claim 83 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach predetermined network sites as further recited in the claim. Conversely Saxena teaches such a limitation; wherein the processor selects the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites (see paragraph [0049]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the predetermined websites as taught by Saxena. The motivation for this would have been to provide a user specific websites to see which are related to the content that they are requesting.

fff. (Original) Regarding claim 84, Saxena further teaches wherein the processor selects from the list of predetermined network sites according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others (see paragraph [0006]).

## Remarks

## The Applicant Argues:

In regards to claims 1, 69, 82 and 115 (claims 49, 67, 72 and 93 have been withdrawn) Gregg does not teach the amended portions of the claims, these amended portions will be addressed below.

In Response, the examiner respectfully submits:

The rejection is maintained because Gregg does in fact teach each of the newly amended limitations as recited by the Applicant. Applicant first argues that "a controller node located in the service provider network" is not taught by Gregg. Gregg teaches this limitation in Fig. 30, where it shows a clearinghouse 30. Column 4 lines

44-50 teach exactly what the clearing house 30 is "The clearinghouse 30 is the entity that hosts all of the subscription information and the subscriber information. It provides a secure interface to the subscription access servers 34 which enables the subscription access servers to authenticate subscribers and to send subscriber's usage data and universal resource locator (URL) tracking data to the clearinghouse 30." The term "controller node" is very broad as anything which implements any kind of control on a network can be considered a controller node, in this instance the clearinghouse 30 enables subscription servers to authenticate subscribers, hence controlling who has access and who does not. Further in Fig. 30 it shows that clearinghouse 30 can be located anywhere (Chicago and Omaha are given as examples) and it is apparent that these would lie in a service provider network.

The Applicant next argues that Gregg fails to teach a controller node comprising "a first processor for generating controller instructions, the controller instruction configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units to regulate processing of received content data". Gregg teaches a plurality of gateway units as shown in Fig. 30, webserver 69. The controller instructions are passed on from the clearinghouse 30 to the webserver 69 to regulate users whom are subscribed or not. Column 25 lines 47-61 further emphasize this teaching by Gregg.

Finally the Applicant argues that Gregg fails to teach "a plurality of gateway units, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals." Looking at Fig. 30 once again we see the plurality of gateways (webservers 69) clearly coupled in between the SA subscriber 36 on the left

hand side and the SA clearing house 30 on the right hand side. The clearinghouse 30 is the one providing the service hence it is apparent they belong in a service provider network.

#### The Applicant Argues:

In regards to claims 1, 69, 82 and 115 (claims 49, 67, 72 and 93 have been withdrawn) Greggs administration software does not disclose the claimed controller node.

#### In Response, the examiner respectfully submits:

This argument is now moot because and different portion of Gregg is now used to teach the controller node, specifically clearing house 30 is "The clearinghouse 30 is the entity that hosts all of the subscription information and the subscriber information. It provides a secure interface to the subscription access servers 34 which enables the subscription access servers to authenticate subscribers and to send subscriber's usage data and universal resource locator (URL) tracking data to the clearinghouse 30" (see column 4 lines 44-50). The term "controller node" is very broad as anything which implements any kind of control on a network can be considered a controller node, in this instance the clearinghouse 30 enables subscription servers to authenticate subscription access servers to authenticate subscription node, in this instance the clearinghouse 30 enables subscription servers to authenticate subscription servers to auth

#### The Applicant Argues:

In regards to claims 1, 69, 82 and 115 (claims 49, 67, 72 and 93 have been withdrawn) Gregg does not disclose "a controller node for regulating access to a network comprising: a processor to generate controller instructions."

In Response, the examiner respectfully submits:

The rejection is maintained because Gregg does in fact teach this limitation as broadly recited by the Applicant. Gregg teaches a plurality of gateway units as shown in Fig. 30, webserver 69. The controller instructions are passed on from the clearinghouse 30 to the webserver 69 to regulate users whom are subscribed or not. Column 25 lines 47-61 further emphasize this teaching by Gregg. In this section Gregg states "When a subscription access subscriber attempts to access any subscription access protected content from any one of these web sites, the respective server 69 for that web site will need to authenticate the subscriber. In order to perform subscriber authentication, the subscription access server will need to interact with the system clearinghouse 30, which it does by establishing and maintaining a communication line between itself and the clearinghouse. The information transmitted on this communication line is encrypted using a public/private key mechanism so that only authentic servers and an to authentic subscription access clearinghouse can communicate with each other. The server 69 also implements the same mechanism in sending usage transaction data to the subscription access clearinghouse's data warehouse." Once again access to the network and content on the network is regulated.

The Applicant further argues that "the Examiner equates Greggs subscriber software to the claimed gateway unit" however this is now moot as Examiner is now correlating the gateway unit to the webserver 69 found in Fig. 30.

## The Applicant Argues:

In regards to claims 80, 85 and 86 (claims 65, 66, 90 and 111 have been withdrawn) Hans does not teach the amended features

In Response, the examiner respectfully submits:

This argument is now moot in view of new grounds of rejections, specifically in view of Gregg et al. Please see arguments and Office Action above for specific citations.

# The Applicant Argues:

In regards to the dependant claims the additional reference all fail to cure the deficiencies of Gregg.

In Response, the examiner respectfully submits:

This argument is now moot in view of new grounds of rejections,

specifically the new citations in Gregg, please see Office Action above for citations.

## Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA whose telephone number is (571)270-5662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday Alt. Friday, 7:30AM-5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Pwu can be reached on (571)272-6798. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/S. K. K./ Examiner, Art Unit 2446

/Benjamin R Bruckart/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2446

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Search Notes	10989023	BURKE ET AL.
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		115	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>		÷	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>										

## EAST Search History

### EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	136 network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) and network near (part or portion)		US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 18:23
L2	6	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) same network near (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 18:23
S1	5488	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/04/27 11:58
S2	585	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/04/27 11:58
S3	1	(S1 S2) and (regulating same node same network same processor).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/04/27 11:59
S4	3886	(709/225).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/04/27 12:11
S5	0	network same parition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
S6	0	network same paritition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
S7	709	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
S8	7462681	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) and network (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
S9	119	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) and network near (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:16

S10	6	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) same network near (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:18
S11	9	("6516416" "20010051996" "20020169865" "20020120577" "6694429" "20020059440" "20020145981" "20030204602" "20030233281").pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:21
S12	11	predetermined near website same list	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:51
S13	9	predetermined near websites same list	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:52
S14	4	predetermined near websites and weight same website	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 15:01
S15	16	predetermined near sites and weight same site and network and internet	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 15:04
S16	20	predetermined near web and weight same web and network and internet	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 15:06
S17	0	gateway and storage and autheticator	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:22
S18	836	gateway and storage and authenticator	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:22
S19	125	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:23
S20	73	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view and modes	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:24
S21	73	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view and modes and display	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:24
S22	1	"20050033990".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:25

S23	1	"6516416".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 16:38
S24	5893	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
S25	626	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
S26	1	(S24 S25) and (regulating same node same network same processor).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
S27	4846	(709/225).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
S28	1	"20020120577".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16

## EAST Search History (Interference)

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REQUEST	Application Number	10/989,023				
CONTINUED EXAMINATION (RCE) TRANSMITTAL	Filing Date	16-Nov-2004				
	First Named Inventor	Robert M. Burke II				
	Art Unit	2446				
Address to: Mail Stop RCE	Examiner Name	KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K.				
Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450	NCE					
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	Attorney Docket Nun	nber 123205-179926				
This is a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 CFR 1.114 of the above-identified application. Request for Continued Examination (RCE) practice under 37 CFR 1.114 does not apply to any utility or plant application filed prior to June 8, 1995, or to any design application.						
1. Submission required under 37 CFR 1.114 Note: If the RCE is proper, any previously filed unentered amendments and amendments enclosed with the RCE will be entered in the order in which they were filed unless applicant instructs otherwise. If applicant does not wish to have any previously filed unentered amendment(s) entered, applicant must request non-entry of such amendment(s).						
a. Previously submitted. If a final Office action is outstanding, any amendments filed after the final Office action may be considered as a submission even if this box is not checked.						
i. Consider the arguments in the Appeal Brief or Reply Brief previously filed on						
ii. ∐ Other						
b. <b>x</b> Enclosed		tion Disclosure Statement (IDC)				
i. X Amendment/Reply ii Affidavit(s)/Declaration(s)	=	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)				
	iv. ∐Other_					
<ul> <li>2. Miscellaneous         <ul> <li>a. Suspension of action on the above-identified application is requested under 37 CFR 1.103(c) for</li></ul></li></ul>						
3. Fees The RCE fee under 37 CFR 1.17(e) is required by 37 CFF	R 1.114 when the RCE is fi	led.				
a. <b>x</b> The Director is hereby authorized to charge the following fees, any underpayment of fees, or credit any overpayments, to Deposit Account No. <u>500393</u> .						
i. RCE fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(e)						
ii. 🗙 Extension of time fee (37 CFR 1.136 and 1.17)						
iii. U Other						
b. Check in the amount of \$ enclosed						
c. Payment by credit card (Form PTO-2038 enclosed) WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.						
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTO	DRNEY, OR AGENT R	EQUIRED				
Signature /Linda S. Zachariah/	Date	Date February 18, 2011				
Name (Print /Type) Linda S. Zachariah	Registration No. 48,057					
CERTIFICATE OF MAILING OR TRANSMISSION						
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Mail Stop RCE, Commissioner For Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, or facsimile transmitted to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on the date shown below.						
Signature						
Name (Print /Type)	Date					

ame (Print /Type) Date SEND TO: Mail Stop RCE, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Examiner: Shripal K. Khajuria

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In Application of:

Robert M. Burke II, et al.

Application No.: 10/989,023

Filed: November 16, 2004

Confirmation No.: 1874

For: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK

Mail Stop RCE Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

**RESPONSE ACCOMPANYING RCE** 

Sir/Madam:

In response to the Final Office Action mailed August 20, 2010, please enter the following amendments and consider the following remarks.

Amendments to the Claims begin on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 30 of this paper.

### Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

#### Listing of Claims:

(Currently Amended) A system for regulating access to <u>content provided by</u>
 a <u>content server</u>service provider network, the system comprising:

a controller node, located in the service provider network, configured to control processing of access to the content data exchanged overprovided by the service provider network content server, the controller node comprising:

a first processor <u>configured to</u> for generateing controller instructions, <u>wherein</u> the controller instructions <u>are</u> configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units, remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network, to regulate processing of received content data access of the content provided by the content server by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node of the service provider network; and

a first network interface <u>coupled to the first processor</u>, and <u>configured to</u> for transmitting the controller instructions to the gateway units over the service provider network; and

wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the <u>subscriber terminals.</u>, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals, and configured to regulate access to the content data exchanged over the service provider network from at least one of the plurality of subscriber terminals in response to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway units comprising:

a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests;

a second network interface coupled to the service provider network and receiving the controller instructions from the controller node; and

a second processor, the second processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the service provider network in accordance with the controller instructions, and transferring received content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the service provider network via the second network interface.

2. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1 wherein:

<u>at least one of the gateway units further comprises</u> a storage device for <u>storingconfigured to store the controller</u> instructions; and

the <u>at least one</u> gateway unit[[s]] further comprises an identifier uniquely associating the <u>corresponding</u> gateway unit[[s]] with a user; <del>and</del>-<u>wherein</u> the <u>corresponding</u> storage device is <del>operable</del>-<u>further configured</u> to store-<u>user-specific</u> information<u>associated with the</u> user, in accordance with the controller instructions.

3. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein:

<u>at least one of the gateway units comprises an user interface configured to receiving</u> receive requests to transmit data for a coupled subscriber terminal; and

the at least one gateway unit[[s]] further comprises a second processor configured to

inspecting inspect the data to selectively transfer transmit none, some or all of the data for the requesting subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

4. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein:
<u>at least one of the gateway units comprises an user interface</u>
<u>receiving configured to receive</u> requests to <u>retrievereceive</u> data <u>for</u>
<u>a coupled subscriber terminal</u>; and

the <u>at least one</u> gateway unit[[s]] <u>further</u> comprises a second processor inspecting <u>configured to inspect</u> the data to selectively <del>transfer</del> provide none, some or all of the <u>retrieved</u> data to the requesting subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

5. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor <u>is</u> <u>configured to generate[[s]]</u> the controller instructions automatically.

6. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor <u>is</u> <u>configured to generate[[s]]</u> the controller instructions in response to an operator-entered request.

7. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node[[s]] <u>is included in a plurality of controller nodes, and wherein the controller node comprise</u> <u>comprising the</u> first processor <u>is configured to generating generate</u> the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

8. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller nodes comprises a first processor generating the controller instructions <u>are configured to deny users</u> of the subscriber terminals access to a first group of network one or more other content servers, in accordance with the controller instructions.

9. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 8, wherein <u>at least one of</u> the gateway units comprises a second processor configured to generate a notification to <del>a the</del> controller node <u>in response toif</u> a network access request <del>designates a network server of the first group of network to access one of the one or more other content servers by a coupled subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.</del>

10. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 8, wherein <u>at least one of the</u> <u>plurality of gateway units comprises</u> a second processor configured to:

detect a network access request designating a network server a first group of network to access one of the one or more other content servers by a coupled subscriber terminal; and

re-direct the <u>network</u> access request to a second group of network <u>one or more other</u> <u>content</u> servers;

wherein the detect and re-direct are performed in accordance with the controller instructions.

11. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein:

the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions, the controller instructions <u>are configured to including include</u> a file identifier; and

the system comprises a <u>at least one of the plurality of gateway units is configured to</u> <u>be associated with a user file system, and the at least one gateway unit[[s]] comprisesing a</u> second processor configured to detect a file in <del>a the</del> user file system corresponding to the file identifier, in accordance with the controller instructions.

12. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 11, wherein the <u>at least one</u> gateway units are is configured to be operable between an active state and an inactive state.

13. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 12, wherein the second

processor[[s]] <u>is configured to notify-a the controller node if in response to the associated at</u> <u>least one gateway unit enterings an inactive state, in accordance with the controller</u> <u>instructions</u>.

14. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 12, wherein the second processor[[s]] is configured to delete the detected file[[s]] from the user file system, in accordance with the controller instructions.

15. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 14, wherein the second processor[[s]] is configured to delete the detected file[[s]] from a user file system during the inactive state.

16. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 11, wherein the <u>at least one</u> gateway unit[[s]] <u>is configured to notify a-the controller node if a file corresponding to the file identifier is detected in the associated user file system, in accordance with the controller instructions.</u>

17. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the</u> <u>tamper resistant gateway units comprise:</u>

a housing; and

a detector <u>configured to</u> for detecting an attempt to open the housing.

18. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 17, wherein the <u>at least one</u> gateway unit <u>is further configured to</u> notify<del>ies</del> the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing after a user initiated event, in accordance with the controller instructions.

19. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 17, wherein the <u>at least one</u> gateway unit[[s]] <u>further comprises</u> a storage device <u>configured to store the controller</u> <u>instructions</u>, and <u>athe-</u>second processor <u>configured to prevent[[s]]</u> access to the storage

device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the <u>controller instructions</u>.

20. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>each of</u> the gateway units comprises a second processor <u>configured to that entersenter a corresponding gateway</u> <u>unit into</u> a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission from the controller node, in accordance with the controller instructions.

21. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node comprises a copyright registry for configured to tracking copyright status of content data files distributed to subscriber terminals, via one or more of the gateway units in the system.

22. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 21, wherein <u>at least one of the</u> <u>gateway units comprises</u> the <u>an</u>-user interface <u>configured to transmit copyright</u>receives registrations of the content data files for transmission to the copyright registry, in accordance <u>with the controller instructions</u>.

23. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the</u> <u>gateway units comprises the a second processor configured to cause[[s]] the at least one</u> gateway unit to access a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software <u>on a coupled subscriber terminal</u>, in accordance with the controller instructions.

24. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 23, wherein the second processor <u>is</u> <u>configured to select[[s]]</u> the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites, <u>in accordance with received via-</u>the controller instructions.

25. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 24, wherein the second processor <u>is</u> <u>configured to select[[s]]</u> the predetermined network site according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than

DISH, Exh.1004, p.0260

others, in accordance with the controller instructions.

26. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to:

receive registration information from a user<u>of a coupled subscriber terminal</u> via the user interface; and

receive initial operating parameters from the controller node via the second network interface;

wherein both receive operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

27. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of</u> the gateway units <u>comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to</u>:

receive registration information from a user of a coupled

subscriber terminal via the user interface; and

receive software updates from the controller node via the second network interface;

wherein both receive operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

28. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein:

<u>at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network</u> <u>interface configured to transmit advertisementsing</u> via the user interface to a user display <u>of a</u> <u>coupled subscriber terminal</u>, <u>wherein the advertisementsing being</u> <u>are</u> customized in accordance with <u>information content</u> received via <del>at least one of</del> the second network interface, <u>and the user interface in accordance with the controller instructions</u>. 29. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface configured to:

transmit pay-per-view advertising via the user interface to a coupled subscriber terminal for selective display by a user of the subscriber terminal; and

generate-report to the controller node for payment credits for the user upon selective display of <u>anthe</u> advertis<u>ementing</u> by the user:

wherein the transmit and report operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

30. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 29, wherein the <u>at least one</u> gateway units <u>is configured to generate</u> one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection, <u>in accordance with the controller</u> <u>instructions</u>.

31. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the</u> gateway units <u>comprises a second network interface and a second processor configured to</u> receive software via the second network interface for execution on the second processor, the software <u>to</u> enabl<u>eing</u> at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming, in accordance with the controller instructions.

32. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the</u> <u>gateway units comprises the a second processor configured to detect[[s]]</u> a denial-of-service attack, in accordance with the controller instructions.

33. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 32, wherein the second processor <u>is</u> <u>configured to detect[[s]] a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.</u>

34. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the</u>

gateway units <u>is configured to</u> selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the <u>at least one of the gateway</u> units<u>, in accordance with the controller instructions</u>.

35. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the</u> gateway units is configured to:

detect a user attempt to <u>access</u> at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt:

wherein the detect and selective block are in accordance with the controller instructions.

36. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 35 wherein <u>at least one</u> the gateway units <u>comprises an interface configured to</u> transmit, via the <u>user</u> interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services, in accordance with the controller <u>instructions</u>.

37. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to:

detect a user attempt to <u>access</u> at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio <u>and or</u> video traffic; and

selectively block the detected attempt:

wherein the detect and selective block are in accordance with the controller instructions.

38. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 37, wherein <u>at least one of</u> the gateway units <u>comprises an interface configured to</u> transmit, via the <u>user</u> interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services, <u>in accordance with the</u>

controller instructions.

39. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second network interface configured to:

detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the second network interface; and

selectively reduce the quality of service of the at least one of audio and video traffic<u>;</u> wherein the detect and selective reduction are in accordance with the controller instructions<u>i</u>, and

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of:

reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

40. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, further comprising a plurality of access nodes, wherein the controller node comprises a first processor is further configured to for generatinggenerate authorization instructions and transmitting the authorization instructions over the network to the access nodes, and the access nodes are configured to:

receive the authorization instructions from the controller node; and

selectively permit the gateway units to access the network in accordance with the authorization instructions.

41. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of</u> the gateway units comprises data storage units partitioned into a network portion and a user portion, and <u>the at least one <del>of a first group of</del> gateway units is configured to selectively</u>

share[[s]] data stored in the network partition with at least one of a<u>nother</u> second group of gateway units, via <u>athe</u> second network interface <u>of the at least one gateway unit</u>, in accordance with the controller instructions.

42. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway unit comprises a second processor, and the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units is configured to selectively forwards content data received from at least a second one of the first other gateway units to at least a third one of the second other gateway unit<sub>a</sub>s in accordance with the controller instructions.

43. (Currently Amended) The system of claim <u>142</u>, wherein <u>at least one of the</u> <u>gateway units comprises a second processor and a user interface, and</u> the second processor in <u>at least a first one of the gateway units</u> is further configured to:

receive[[s]] portions of a content data file from a group of <u>other gateway units-in</u> accordance with the controller instructions; and

assemble[[s]] a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the <u>a</u> user of a coupled subscriber terminal, via the user interface:

wherein the receive and assemble are in accordance with the controller instructions.

44. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, further comprising an

intervention node, wherein the intervention node includescomprising:

an operator interface <u>configured to</u>for receiveing operator-entered spoofing attack instructions; and

a third second network interface <u>configured to</u> for transmitting at least one substitute file pointer to addresses in the network in accordance with the spoofing attack instructions.

45. – 48. (Canceled).

49. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A system for regulating access to a service provider network that is accessed by a plurality of users, the system comprising:

a controller node located in the service provider network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions, the controller instructions configured to be executed by a plurality of network units to regulate processing of received content data; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the service provider network; and

the plurality of network units associated with a first group of users, the network units comprising:

a second network interface coupled to the service provider network and receiving the controller instructions from the controller node; and

a second processor, the second processor inhibiting access for a second group of users to content accessible from the service provider network in accordance with the controller instructions.

50. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 49, wherein the second processor in the network units inhibits access for a second group of users by performing denial of service attacks in accordance with the controller instructions.

51. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 50, wherein the second processor performs attacks based on a schedule comprising at least one of:

a schedule based on duration of the attacks; real time response to controller instructions; and

in response to an event.

52. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 49, wherein at least a portion of the network units comprise gateway units uniquely associated with a user.

53. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 52, wherein the gateway units: are operable between an active state and an inactive state; and

perform denial of service attacks, in accordance with the controller instructions, during the inactive state.

54. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 49, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack.

55. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 54, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

56. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 54, wherein the second processor prevents a denial-of-service attack upon detection.

57. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 49, wherein the network units selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the gateway units.

58. (Withdrawn) A system for distributing content over a network, the system comprising:

a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network;

and

a plurality of network units, the network units comprising:

a second network interface coupled to the network, the second network interface in at least a first one of the network units receiving the controller instructions from the network and receiving a first portion of a content data file from at least a second one of the network units; and

a second processor, the second processor in the at least a first one of the network units selectively forwarding the received first portion of the content data file to at least a third one of the network units in accordance with the controller instructions.

59. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein: the second network interface receives a plurality of portions of a content data file from a group of network units in accordance with the controller instructions; and

the second processor assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the user via the user interface.

60. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein:

the second network interface of the second network unit receives a portion of a content data file from a content server; and

the second processor of the second network unit forwards the portion of the content data file to the at least first one of the network units in accordance with the controller instructions.

61. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data in accordance with a predetermined deletion date associated with the content data.

62. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes

portions of content data when new content data is delivered.

63. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data when insufficient storage space remains, deleting oldest content data first.

64. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data in accordance with an associated user's selections.

65. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a user interface configured to receive requests directly from a subscriber terminal, wherein the requests are to transmit data;

a network interface configured to receive controller instructions from the service provider network; and

a processor configured to inspect the data and to selectively transmit the data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

66. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a user interface configured to receive requests directly from a subscriber terminal, wherein the requests are to receive data;

a network interface configured to receive controller instructions from the service provider network; and

a processor configured to inspect the data and selectively receive the data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

67. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A controller node for regulating access

to a service provider network, the controller node comprising:

a processor configured to generate controller instructions for causing a plurality of gateway units to selectively transfer user-entered network access requests over the service provider network, the processor generating the controller instructions by at least one of automatically generating instructions and generating instructions in response to an operatorentered request; and

a network interface configured to transmit the controller instructions over the service provider network to the plurality of gateway units.

68. (Withdrawn) The controller node of claim 67, comprising a processor to generate the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

69. (Currently Amended) A controller node for regulating access to a service provider networkcontent provided by a content server, comprising:

a processor configured to generate controller instructions that regulate processing to be executed by a plurality of gateway units of received content datathat are remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network, to regulate access of the content provided by the content provider by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node; and

a network interface coupled to the processor, and configured to transmit the controller instructions to the gateway units over a service provider network; and a network interface configured to be coupled directly to a service provider network and configured to transmit the controller instructions over the service provider

network to a plurality of gateway units, the controller instructions causing at least one gateway unit to deny access to a first group of network servers.

70. (Currently Amended) The controller node of claim 69, wherein the network interface is configured to receive[[s]] notification from at least one gateway unit if the at least one gateway unit detects a request to access a denied network server.

71. (Canceled).

72. (Withdrawn - Previously Presented) A system for regulating file access in a service provider network, the system comprising:

a controller node located in the service provider network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions, the controller instructions configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units to regulate processing of received content data and including a file identifier; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the service provider network; and

the plurality of gateway units, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals, and associated with user file systems, the gateway units comprising:

> a second network interface configured to receive the controller instructions from the service provider network; and

a second processor configured to detect files in the user file systems corresponding to the file identifier.

73. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 72, comprising a plurality of gateway units

operable between an active state and an inactive state.

74. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 73, wherein the gateway units notify a controller node upon entering the inactive state.

75. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 73, wherein the gateway units comprise a processor to delete the detected files during the inactive state.

76. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 72, wherein the plurality of gateway units notify a controller node if at least one file matching the list of file identifiers is detected.

77. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network, comprising:a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests;

a network interface for transmitting the network access requests to the network; a housing; and

a detector for detecting a user attempt to open the housing.

78. (Withdrawn) The gateway unit of claim 77, wherein the detector notifies the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing after a subsequent user-initiated event.

79. (Withdrawn) The gateway unit of claim 77 further comprising a storage device and an interlock to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing.

80. (Currently Amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network, comprising:

# a network interface for providing access to the service provider network;

a user interface configured to receive user-entered network access requests directly from a subscriber terminal; and The gateway unit of claim 82, wherein the

a processor that processor is further configured to enters a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission over the service provider network from a the controller node via the network interface.

81. (Withdrawn - Previously Presented) A controller node for regulating file access in a network, comprising:

a processor configured to:

generate controller instructions for causing a plurality of gateway units to selectively transfer user-entered network access requests over the service provider network;

receive registrations of content data files distributed to the plurality of gateway units; and

track copyright status of the content data files.

82. (Currently amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider networkcontent provided by a content server, comprising:

a network interface for<u>configured to</u> providing access to the service provider network and for receiving receive controller instructions from the service provider network<u>a</u> controller node, the gateway unit remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network;

a user interface for transferring, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor for connecting to a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the received controller

instructions<u>configured to execute the controller instructions to regulate access by</u> <u>subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway unit of the content provided by the</u> <u>content server, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service</u> <u>on behalf of the controller node;</u>

wherein the gateway unit is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals.

83. (Currently Amended) The <del>plurality of</del> gateway unit[[s]] of claim 82, wherein the processor <u>is further configured to select[[s]] the a predetermined network site from a list</u> of predetermined network sites, in accordance with the controller instructions.

84. (Currently Amended) The <del>plurality of</del> gateway unit[[s]] of claim 83, wherein the processor <u>is further configured to select[[s]]</u> from the list of predetermined network sites according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others, in accordance with the controller instructions.

85. - 86. (Canceled).

87. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a network interface configured to receive information from the service provider network;

a user interface configured to receive information directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to transmit advertising via the user interface to a user display, wherein the advertising is customized in accordance with information received via at least one of the network interface and the user interface.

88. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network and to receive pay-per-view advertising from the network;

a user interface to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to transmit the pay-per-view advertising via the user interface for selective display by a user and to generate payment credits to the user upon display of the advertising by the user.

89. (Withdrawn) The gateway unit of claim 88, wherein the processor generates one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection.

90. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network and to receive software from the network;

a user interface configured to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to execute the software to enable the user to use, via the user interface, at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming.

91. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network;

a user interface to receive network access requests from a user; and

a processor to detect a denial-of-service attack received from the user interface and transmitted to the network via the network interface.

92. (Withdrawn) The plurality of gateway units of claim 91, wherein the processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

93. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising: a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface configured to transfer, with the network interface, incoming data and outgoing data transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of the incoming data and the outgoing data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

94. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface configured to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive

voice traffic over the service provider network, the processor selectively blocking the detected attempt in accordance with the received controller instructions and transmitting, via the user interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services.

95. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user; and

a processor to detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio and video traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the detected attempt in accordance with the received controller instructions and transmitting, via the user interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services.

96. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the user interface, the processor selectively reducing the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions, wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-OnlX-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

97. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

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a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect voice traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions.

98. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions.

99. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic, the processor selectively reducing the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions, wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

100. (Withdrawn) A controller node for regulating subscriber access to a network comprising: a processor to generate authentication instructions on behalf of an authenticated subscriber; and

a network interface to transmit the authentication instructions to an access node

coupled to the network, wherein the access node selectively permits subscriber access to the network in accordance with the authentication instructions.

101. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a data storage unit partitioned into a network portion and a user portion; and

a processor to selectively transmit data stored in the network partition, via the network interface, in accordance with the received controller instructions.

102. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network, comprising:

a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests; a network interface coupled to the network and receiving controller instructions from the network; and

a processor, the processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions, and transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the network via the network interface;

wherein the network unit selectively forwards content data received from a first associated network unit to at least a second associated unit in accordance with the controller instructions.

103. (Withdrawn) The network unit claim 102, wherein the processor receives portions of a content data file from a group of third associated network units in accordance with the controller instructions; and

assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to a user via the user interface.

104. (Withdrawn) The network unit of claim 102, wherein the processor: receives a portion of a content data file from a content server; and

forwards the portion of the content data file to the first associated network unit in accordance with the controller instructions.

105. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller

instructions; and

a processor to perform denial of service attacks in accordance with the received controller instructions.

106. (Withdrawn) A method for regulating access to a network, the method comprising:

receiving controller instructions from a network at a gateway unit associated with a user;

receiving a network access request at the gateway unit from a user;

selectively transmitting the network access request over the network in accordance with the controller instructions; and

receiving content data responsive to the transmitted network access request from the network.

107. (Withdrawn) A method for regulating access to a plurality of content servers, the method comprising:

receiving controller instructions from the network at a network unit associated with a first group of users; and

selectively inhibiting access to a portion of the content servers by a second group of

users in accordance with the controller instructions.

108. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 107, wherein inhibiting access for a second group of users comprises performing denial of service attacks.

109. (Withdrawn) A method for distributing content data over a network, the method comprising:

receiving content distribution instructions from the network;

storing a first portion of content data from the network at a first network unit;

initiating a request over the network, in accordance with the content distribution

instructions and in response to a user request, for the remainder of the content data;

receiving the remainder of the content data from the network;

assembling the first portion of content data with the remainder of the content data;

and

supplying the assembled content data to the user.

110. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 109, further comprising selectively forwarding the first portion of content data to a second network unit in accordance with the content distribution instructions.

111. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network, the gateway unit comprising:

a user interface configured to receive user-entered network access requests directly from a subscriber terminal;

a network interface configured to receive controller instructions from a controller node in the service provider network; and

a processor configured to selectively transmit at least some of the network access

requests over the service provider network in accordance with the controller instructions, and to transfer content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the service provider network via the network interface.

112-114 (Canceled).

115. (Currently Amended) A controller node for regulating access to a service provider networkcontent provided by a content server, the controller node comprising:

a processor for generating controller instructions that regulate the processing by network units of received content datato be executed by a plurality of gateway units that are remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network, to regulate access of the content provided by the content server by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node of the service provider network; and

a network interface coupled to the processor, and configured to ; and

a network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over thea service provider network to network units the plurality of gateway units associated with a first group of users, wherein the controller instructions arebeing configured to cause the network units plurality of gateway units to inhibit access for by a second group of users subscriber terminals to received content data accessible from the service provider network content provided by the content server.

#### **Remarks**

#### **SUMMARY**

Claims 49-68, 72-79, 81, and 87-114 were withdrawn in response to the Restriction Requirements of May 17, 2010 and June 26, 2009. Claims 1-48, 69-71, 80, 82-84, 85, 86, and 115 which were provisionally elected in the Response filed June 8, 2010, presently stand rejected. Claims 45-48, 71, 85, and 86 have been canceled. No claims have been added. Thus, claims 1-44, 49-70, 72-84, 86-111, and 115 remain pending. Various claims are amended as shown. Applicants respectfully request reconsideration of the application and allowance of the pending claims in view of the above amendments and the following remarks.

#### Claim Rejections – 35 U.S.C. § 102

Claims 1-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-48, 69-71, 82 and 115 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,516,416 to Gregg et al. ("Gregg"). Claims 45-48, and 71 have been canceled, thus rendering the rejections to claims 45-48 and 71 moot. Regarding the rejections to claims 1-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-44, 69, 70, 82, and 115, Applicants respectfully traverse the rejections in view of the amendments.

A claim is anticipated only if each and every element of the claim is found in a single reference. M.P.E.P § 2131 (citing *Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of California*, 814 F.2d 628 (Fed. Cir. 1987)). "The identical invention must be shown in as complete detail as is contained in the claim." M.P.E.P. § 2131 (citing *Richardson v. Suzuki Motor Co.*, 868 F.2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1989)).

Claim 1 has been amended to recite, in pertinent part,

...wherein the controller instructions are configured to be executed by *a* plurality of gateway units (58), remotely disposed from the controller node (50) and the content server (56), and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network, to regulate access of the content provided by the content server by subscriber terminals (60) selectively coupled to the gateway units, including distributedly implementing a digital right management service on behalf of the controller node of the service provider network;

Reference numerals corresponding to the elements in Figure 1 of the application as filed have been added for the Examiner's convenience.

It is respectfully submitted that Gregg fails to disclose at least the above recitations of amended claim 1. To be sure, page 3 of the Office Action has cited clearinghouse server 30 and web servers 69 illustrated in FIG. 1 and FIG. 30 of Gregg as corresponding to the claimed respective controller node and gateway units. In particular, the Office Action cited col. 26 and lines 43-66 of Gregg as corresponding to the previously claimed "…plurality of gateway units to regulate processing of the received content." However, Gregg teaches that the alleged regulation of "the received content" occurs at multiple web servers 69 each of which host their "own copy of server 34 to communicate and interact with one or more clearinghouses 30," (Gregg, col. 25, lines 36-40). In order to verify that a subscriber is entitled to the content, web servers 69 communicate with clearinghouse 30 which "hosts all of the subscription information and the subscriber information." (Gregg, col. 4, lines 43-35) and "controls the authentication and authorization of subscribers for individually enabled web servers," (Gregg, col. 6, lines 57-61). If login parameters are valid, the clearinghouse 30 communicates a response to the subscription access server 34, "which then communicates the protected content to the subscriber," (Gregg, col. 6, lines 27-33).

Thus, Gregg teaches that regulation of content occurs at (and in conjunction with) the element providing the content (e.g. web server or content server) in the network. In contrast, in the present embodiment, there is no need for a content provider or content server to regulate "processing of the received content," or "implement a digital rights management service," because "a plurality of gateway units," that are "remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server....regulate access of the content provided by the content provider ...including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node of the service provider network." Please see paragraph [0049] of the application as published for support for subject matter related to digital rights management services.

Claim 1 is allowable for at least another independent reason. Claim 1 has been amended to recite, "wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is further configured to be tamper resistant *with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals.*" It is noted that in rejecting dependent claim 17, the Office

Action cited Harvey as teaching "a detector for detecting an attempt to open the housing." However, as noted above, claim 1 has been amended to recite "tamper resistant with respect to access of ....controller instructions *by the subscriber terminals*." Thus, whether or not Harvey teaches a tamper resistant housing, Harvey fails to teach a gateway unit that is "tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provider provided controller instructions *by the subscriber terminals*." Note that as described in paragraph [0023], the CGs are "specifically designed to permit no subscriber-initiated programming ...Updates to this code are obtained from ICPs and encrypted passwords are stored in hidden, undocumented locations to allow authentication of ICP presence prior to CG control program update.."

Consequently, for at least the above reasons, Gregg fails to disclose each and every element of claim 1, as required under M.P.E.P. § 2131. Amended independent claims 69, 82, and 115 include one or more similar novel elements as independent claim 1. Thus for at least the same reasons that claim 1 is patentable over Gregg, claims 69, 82, and 115 are now also patentable. Accordingly, Applicants request that the instant §102 rejections of claims 1, 69, 82, and 115 be withdrawn.

Dependent claims 2-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-44, and 70 depend directly or indirectly from at least one of claims 1, 69, and 82 incorporating the recitations of their respective base claims. Thus, for at least the same reasons that claims 1, 69, and 82 are patentable over Gregg, claims 2-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-44, and 70 are now also patentable. Accordingly, Applicants request that the instant §102 rejections of claims 2-16, 20, 23-27, 31-35, 37, 39-44, and 70 be withdrawn.

# Claim Rejections – 35 U.S.C. § 103

### Rejection of Dependent Claims 17-19, 21, 22, 28-30, 36, and 38

Claims 17-19, 21, 22, 28-30, 36, and 38 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as over different combinations of Gregg, U.S. Patent Publication No. 200110051 996 to Cooper et al. ("Cooper"), U.S. Patent Publication No. 2005/0033990 ("Harvey"), and U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002101 69865 to Tarnoff ("Tarnoff"). In particular, claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38 stand rejected over Gregg in view of Cooper. Claims 17-19 stand rejected over Gregg in further view of Harvey. Claims 29-30 stand rejected over Gregg and in further view of Tarnoff.

Applicants respectfully traverse the Examiner's rejections in view of the amendments. If an independent claim is non-obvious under *35 U.S.C. § 103*, then any claim depending therefrom is also non-obvious. M.P.E.P. § 2131; *In re Fine*, 837 F. 2d 1071 (Fed. Cir. 1988). As discussed above, Applicants submit that claims 1, 69, 82, and 115 are in condition for allowance, even if the additional references are combined with Gregg, since the additional references do not cure the above discussed deficiencies of Gregg. Applicants submit that claims 17-19, 21, 22, 28-30, 36, and 38 are therefore allowable by virtue of their dependence on an allowable independent claim, as well as by virtue of the features recited therein. Applicants therefore respectfully request withdrawal of the rejections and allowance of the claims.

# Rejections of Claims 80, 83-85, and 86

Claims 80, 85, and 86 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) over U.S. Patent Publication 20020120577 to Hans et al ("Hans") in further view of Gregg. Claims 83-84 stand rejected under Gregg and in further view of U.S. Patent Publication 20020103778 to Saxena ("Saxena"). In response, claim 80 has been amended to depend from independent claim 82. Claims 83 and 84 also depend directly or indirectly from claim 82. Claims 85 and 86 have been canceled, thus rendering the rejections to claims 85 and 86 moot. As discussed above, it is submitted that claim 82 is allowable over the references. It is submitted that claims 80, 83 and 84 are therefore allowable by virtue of their dependence on an allowable independent claim, as well as by virtue of the features recited therein. Claims 80, 83 and 84 are in condition for allowance, even if Hans and/or Saxena are combined with Gregg, since neither cures the above discussed deficiencies of Gregg. Applicants therefore respectfully request withdrawal of the rejections and allowance of the claims.

#### **Conclusion**

In view of the foregoing, favorable consideration and a Notice of Allowance are earnestly solicited. The Examiner is invited to telephone the undersigned representative at (206) 622-1711 if the Examiner believes that an interview might be useful for any reason.

It is not believed that extensions of time are required beyond those that may otherwise be provided for in documents accompanying this paper. However, if additional extensions of time are necessary to prevent abandonment of this application, then such extensions of time are hereby petitioned under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).

If the Examiner has any questions concerning the present paper, the Examiner is kindly requested to contact the undersigned at (206) 407-1542. If any fees are due in connection with filing this paper, the Commissioner is authorized to charge the Deposit Account of Schwabe, Williamson and Wyatt, P.C., No. 50-0393.

Respectfully submitted, SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C.

Date: February 18, 2011

by: /Linda S. Zachariah/ Linda S. Zachariah Reg. No.: 48057

PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME UNDER 37 CFR 1.136(a)			Docket Number (Optional)			
FY 2009			123205-179926			
(Fees pursuant to the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2005 (H.R. 4818).)						
Application Number 10/989,023			Filed 16	-Nov-2004		
For SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK						
Art Unit 2446	Examiner K	Examiner KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K.				
This is a request under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) to extend the period for filing a reply in the above identified application.						
The requested extension and fee are as follows (check time period desired and enter the appropriate fee below):						
,	<u>Fee</u>	Fee Small Entity Fee				
One month (37 CFR 1.17(a)(1))	\$130	\$6	35	\$		
Two months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(2))	\$490	\$2	45	\$		
Three months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(3))	\$1110	\$5	55	\$ <u>555</u>		
Four months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(4))	\$1730	) \$8	65	\$		
Five months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(5))	\$2350	<b>\$1</b> 1	175	\$		
Small entity status is claimed. See 37 CFR 1.27.						
A check in the amount of the fee is enclosed.						
Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038	is attached.					
The Director has already been authorized to charge fees in this application to a Deposit Account.						
The Director is hereby authorized to charge the above fees, or credit any overpayment,						
to Deposit Account Number <u>50-0393</u> .						
WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.						
I am the 🗌 applicant/inventor.						
assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71 Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed (Form PTO/SB/96).						
attorney or agent of record. Registration No.						
x attorney or agent under 37 CFR 1.34. Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34. <u>48057</u> .						
/ Linda S. Zachariah /		Feb	February 18, 2010			
Signature			Date			
Linda S. Zachariah		2	206-622-1711			
Typed or printed name	nted name Telephone Number					
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required.						

SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal							
Application Number:	10989023						
Filing Date:	16-Nov-2004						
Title of Invention:	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network						
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Robert M. Burke						
Filer:	Linda S. Zachariah/Bianca Zhang						
Attorney Docket Number:	096	635.0001-00000					
Filed as Small Entity							
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees							
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)		
Basic Filing:							
Pages:							
Claims:							
Miscellaneous-Filing:							
Petition:							
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:							
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:							
Extension-of-Time:							
Extension - 3 months with \$0 paid		2253	1	<b>⊡155</b> H, Exh.	1004, p.02 <b>§9</b> 5		

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount Sub-Total in USD(\$)		
Miscellaneous:					
Request for continued examination	2801	1	405	405	
	Tot	960			

Electronic Ac	Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt					
EFS ID:	9481763					
Application Number:	10989023					
International Application Number:						
Confirmation Number:	1874					
Title of Invention:	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network					
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Robert M. Burke					
Customer Number:	22852					
Filer:	Linda S. Zachariah/Bianca Zhang					
Filer Authorized By:	Linda S. Zachariah					
Attorney Docket Number:	09635.0001-00000					
Receipt Date:	18-FEB-2011					
Filing Date:	16-NOV-2004					
Time Stamp:	19:17:04					
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)					

# Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes				
Payment Type	Deposit Account				
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$960				
RAM confirmation Number 5436					
Deposit Account 500393					
Authorized User					
The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:					
Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)					

Document Number	<b>Document Description</b>	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.
1	Request for Continued Examination	123205_179926_RCE.pdf	107413	no	1
1	(RCE)	123203_179920_KCE.pui	c42cdc8c72b6f98b9ff8d1e576930c0e29f65 48a	no	I
Warnings:					
This is not a USP <sup>-</sup>	ΓΟ supplied RCE SB30 form.				
Information:					
2		123205_179926_Amnd.pdf	215331	Voc	34
2	2	123205_179920_Amma.pdf	9a1223bf67a1ad2538acf9369cac7aa79542 aeba	yes	
	Multip	art Description/PDF files in	zip description	'	
	Document De	scription	Start	E	nd
	Amendment Submitted/Entere	Amendment Submitted/Entered with Filing of CPA/RCE			
	Claims	2	2	29	
	Applicant Arguments/Remarks	30	3	34	
Warnings:					
Information:		-			
3	Extension of Time	123205_179926_Extension.pdf	96478	no	1
-			2a643a5698d84036ddee3473a5cc30499e0 ac389		
Warnings:					
Information:					
4	Fee Worksheet (PTO-875)	fee-info.pdf	32075	no	2
			f80de73b8db220973acbafa5b7b5f5c7028c a8f1		<u>ح</u>
Warnings:					

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

### New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

#### National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

### New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PTO/SB/06 (07-06)

Approved for use through 1/31/2007. OMB 0651-0032

P/	Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond <b>PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD</b> Substitute for Form PTO-875					nd to	d to a collection of information unle Application or Docket Number 10/989,023		ess it displays a valid Filing Date 11/16/2004		MB control number.
	APPLICATION AS FILED – PART I (Column 1) (Column 2)					_			HER THAN		
	FOR	N	JMBER FIL	.ED NUI	MBER EXTRA		RATE (\$)	FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	FEE (\$)
	BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), (	or (c))	N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
	SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), d	or (m))	N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
	EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), 0		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
(37	TAL CLAIMS CFR 1.16(i))		min	us 20 = *			X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
	EPENDENT CLAIM CFR 1.16(h))	S	mi	nus 3 = *			X \$ =			X \$ =	
	APPLICATION SIZE 37 CFR 1.16(s)) MULTIPLE DEPEN	FEE shee is \$2 addit 35 U	ts of pape 50 (\$125 ional 50 s .S.C. 41(a	tion and drawing er, the applicatio for small entity) sheets or fraction a)(1)(G) and 37	n size fee due for each n thereof. See						
	he difference in colu		,	477			TOTAL			TOTAL	
							IUIAL			IUIAL	
(Column 1) (Column 2) (Column 3)				SMALL ENTITY				IER THAN ALL ENTITY			
AMENDMENT	02/18/2011	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)
ME	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	* 105	Minus	** 115	= 0		X \$26 =	0	OR	X \$ =	
I Z	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	* 34	Minus	***36	= 0		X \$110 =	0	OR	X \$ =	
AME	Application Si	ze Fee (37 CFR 1	.16(s))								
	FIRST PRESEN	TATION OF MULTIF	LE DEPEN	DENT CLAIM (37 CFI	R 1.16(j))				OR		
							TOTAL ADD'L FEE	0	OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	
		(Column 1)		(Column 2)	(Column 3)					_	
L		CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)
ENT	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	×	Minus	**	=		X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
ENDM	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=		X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
ΕN	Application Si	ze Fee (37 CFR 1	.16(s))								
AM	FIRST PRESEN	TATION OF MULTIF	PLE DEPEN	DENT CLAIM (37 CFI	R 1.16(j))				OR		
** lf *** l	* If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3. ** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20". *** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3".										
	The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest number found in the appropriate box in column 1.										

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.** 

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

PTO/SB/81 (01-09) Approved for use through 11/30/2011. OMB 0651-0035 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

POWER OF ATTORNEY	Application Number	10/989,023
OR	Filing Date	16-Nov-2004
<b>REVOCATION OF POWER OF ATTORNEY</b>	First Named Inventor	Robert M. Burke II
WITH A NEW POWER OF ATTORNEY	Title	System for regulating access to and distrib
AND	Art Unit	2478
CHANGE OF CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS	Examiner Name	KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K.
CITATOL OF CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESC	Attorney Docket Number	123205-179926
I hereby revoke all previous powers of attorney giver	n in the above-identified	application.
A Power of Attorney is submitted herewith.		
OR I hereby appoint Practitioner(s) associated with the followi Number as my/our attorney(s) or agent(s) to prosecute the identified above, and to transact all business in the United and Trademark Office connected therewith: OR	e application I States Patent	60172
I hereby appoint Practitioner(s) named below as my/our at to transact all business in the United States Patent and Tr		
Practitioner(s) Name	F	Registration Number
The address associated with the above-mentioned Custom OR The address associated with Customer Number: OR OR	ner Number.	
Firm or Individual Name	and and a province being and and and an an an and an and an an an an an	
Address		
City	State	Zip
Country		
Telephone	Email	
I am the: Applicant/Inventor. OR Assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71 Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) (Form PTO/SB/96) subm		
SIGNATURE of Ap	plicant or Assignee of Reco	rd
	Di	ate $3/1/11$
Signature D2CD		
Signature         Description           Name         David Z. Carman	Те	elephone 9185859529
	Te	elephone 7185855529
Name David Z. Carman		

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.31, 1.32 and 1.33. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 3 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

PTO/SB/81 (01-09) Approved for use through 11/30/2011. OMB 0651-0035 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

POWER OF ATTORNEY	Application Number	10/989,023						
	Filing Date	16-Nov-2004						
	First Named Inventor	Robert M. Burke II						
REVOCATION OF POWER OF ATTORNEY	Title	System for regulating access to and distrib						
WITH A NEW POWER OF ATTORNEY	Art Unit	2478						
	Examiner Name	KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K.						
CHANGE OF CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS	Attorney Docket Number	123205-179926						
I hereby revoke all previous powers of attorney given i	n the above-identified a	application.						
A Power of Attorney is submitted herewith.  OR								
I hereby appoint Practitioner(s) associated with the following Number as my/our attorney(s) or agent(s) to prosecute the a identified above, and to transact all business in the United S and Trademark Office connected therewith: OR I hereby appoint Practitioner(s) named below as my/our attor to transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office	pplication tates Patent rney(s) or agent(s) to prosec							
Practitioner(s) Name	R	egistration Number						
	·······							
	· ·····							
Please recognize or change the correspondence addr	ess for the above-ident	ified application to:						
X The address associated with the above-mentioned Custome	r Number.							
OR								
The address associated with Customer Number:								
OR								
Firm or	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Individual Name								
Address								
City	State	Zip						
Country								
Telephone	Email							
I am the:								
Applicant/Inventor.								
Assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) (Form PTO/SB/96) submit								
	icant or Assignee of Recor	d						
Signature FM 50	nhit Da							
Name Robert M. Burke'll Telephone								
Title and Company Applicant								
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire int signature is required, see below*.	erest or their representative(s) a	re required. Submit multiple forms if more than one						
Total of forms are submitted.								

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.31, 1.32 and 1.33. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 3 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete his form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

# **Privacy Act Statement**

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
- A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of
  presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures
  to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Electronic Ac	Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt					
EFS ID:	9687941					
Application Number:	10989023					
International Application Number:						
Confirmation Number:	1874					
Title of Invention:	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network					
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Robert M. Burke					
Customer Number:	22852					
Filer:	Linda S. Zachariah/Allyson Dahmen					
Filer Authorized By:	Linda S. Zachariah					
Attorney Docket Number:	09635.0001-00000					
Receipt Date:	18-MAR-2011					
Filing Date:	16-NOV-2004					
Time Stamp:	13:42:28					
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)					

# Payment information:

Submitted with Payment no							
File Listing:							
Document Number	Document Description		File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)	
1	Power of Attorney	E	3C_P001_CarmanPOApdf	274583	no	1	
				d7ed961e15fc23cc2137ba1e1f573fff6ff694 dd		-	
Warnings:							
Information:				DISH,	Exh.1004, p.02	298	

Warnings:			1583b		
2	Power of Attorney	BC_P001_BurkePOApdf	169097 20e8aaf2b47b594e0d226a269f6192350c4	no	2

Information:

Total Files Size (in byte	<b>es):</b> 443680
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This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

#### New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

### National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

### New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

United St	ates Patent and Tradem	ARK OFFICE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO. Box 1450 Alexandra, Virgunia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov		
APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE	
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	123205-179926	
			<b>CONFIRMATION NO. 1874</b>	
60172		POA ACCEPTANCE LETTER		
SCHWABE, WILLIAMSOI	N & WYATT, P.C.			
1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SL SEATTLE, WA 98101-401		*OC00000046749334*		
			Date Mailed: 03/25/2011	

# NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 03/18/2011.

The Power of Attorney in this application is accepted. Correspondence in this application will be mailed to the above address as provided by 37 CFR 1.33.

/snguyen/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

UNITED ST	ates Patent and Tradema	UNITED STA United State: Address: COMMI P.O. Box	a, Virginia 22313-1450
APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	09635.0001-00000
22852 FINNEGAN, HENDERSO LLP 901 NEW YORK AVENUE WASHINGTON, DC 2000		UNNER	CONFIRMATION NO. 1874 OF ATTORNEY NOTICE

Date Mailed: 03/25/2011

## NOTICE REGARDING CHANGE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 03/18/2011.

• The Power of Attorney to you in this application has been revoked by the applicant. Future correspondence will be mailed to the new address of record(37 CFR 1.33).

/snguyen/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

	ed States Paten	T AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22: www.uspto.gov	FOR PATENTS	
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	123205-179926	1874	
60172 7590 04/12/2011 SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C. 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 3400				EXAMINER KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K	
SEATTLE, WA 98101-4010		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
		2478			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			04/12/2011	PAPER	

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/989,023	BURKE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA	2478				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
<ul> <li>A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>3</u> MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.</li> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on the a	amendment filed 2/8/11.					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matters, p	prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under B	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-44,69,70,80,82-84 and 115</u> is/are p	ending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-44,69,70,80,82-84 and 115</u> is/are r	ejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/c	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on $\frac{11/6/04}{}$ is/are: a) ac	cepted or b) dbjected to by t	he Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is	objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority document		ation No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
1) Interview Summary (PTO-413)         2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)         4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)         Paper No(s)/Mail Date.						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		al Patent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date       6)       Other:         U.S. Patent and Trademark Office       0       0						

### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-44, 69-70, 80, 82-84 and 115 have been amended.

Claims 45-48, 71, 85 and 86 have been cancelled.

Claims 1-44, 69-70, 80, 82-84 and 115 are pending.

### **Response to Arguments**

Applicants arguments filed in the amendment 2/18/11 have been fully considered

but are moot in view of new grounds of rejection. The reasons set forth below.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 1 recites the limitation "the service provider network" in the amended portion of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim as the Applicant has cancelled out all previous mentions of "service provider network".

3. Claim 115 recites the limitation "the service provider network" in the amended

portion of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim

as the Applicant has cancelled out all previous mentions of "service provider network".

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 69-70 and 115 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gregg et al US (6,516,416).

(Currently Amended) Regarding claim 69, Gregg et al teaches a controller a. node for regulating access to a service provider network content provided by a content server comprising: a processor configured to generate controller instructions (see column 5 lines 3-6 and administration software 32) that regulate processing to be executed by a plurality of gateway units of received content data (see column 26 lines 43-66 and Fig. 30 and webservers 69) that are remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server (see Fig. 30), and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network (see Fig. 30 and column 5 lines 44-59), to regulate access of the content provided by the content provider by a subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units (see column 5 lines 44-59), including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node (see column 25 lines 47-61); and a network interface coupled to the processor, and configured to transmit the controller instructions to the gateway units over a service provider network (see column 26 lines 43-66); and a network interface configured to be coupled directly to a service provider network and configured to transmit the controller instructions over the service provider network to a plurality of gateway units (see column 26 lines 43-66), the controller instructions causing at least one

gateway unit to deny access to a first group of network servers (see column 25 lines 47-61).

b. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 70, Gregg et al teaches the controller node of claim 69, wherein the network interface <u>is configured to</u> receive[[s]] notification from at least one gateway unit if the at least one gateway unit detects a request to access a denied network server (see column 6 line 17-32).

(Currently Amended) Regarding claim 115, Gregg et al teaches a C. controller node for regulating access to a service provider network content provided by a content server (see column 4 lines 44-59), the controller node comprising: a processor for generating controller instructions that regulate processing by network units of received content data (see column 26 lines 43-66 and Fig. 30 and webservers 69) to be executed by a plurality of gateway units that are remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server (see Fig. 30), and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network (see Fig. 30 and column 5 lines 44-59), to regulate access of the content provided by the content server by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units (see column 5 lines 44-59), including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node of the service provider network; and a network interface coupled to the processor (see column 26 lines 43-66), and configured to and a network interface for transmit the controller instructions over the a service provider network to network units the

plurality of gateway units associated with a first group of users (see column 26 lines 43-66 and Fig. 30 and webservers 69), <u>wherein</u> the controller instructions <u>are being</u> configured to cause the <del>network units</del> <u>plurality of gateway units</u> to inhibit access for <u>by a second</u> group of <del>users</del> <u>subscriber terminals</u> to received <del>content data [[in]] accessible from the service provider network <u>content provided</u></del>

by the content server(see column 25 lines 47-61).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-20, 23-27,31-35,37, 39-48 and 82 are rejected under under 35 U.S.C.

103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view

Harvey et al US (20050033990).

a. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 1, Gregg et al teaches a system for regulating access to <u>content provided by a content server network</u> (see column 1 lines 58-67), the system comprising: a controller node (see clearinghouse server 30 in Figures 1 and 30 and column 4 lines 44-50), located in the service provider network (column 4 lines 44-59), configured to control processing of <u>access to the content data exchanged provided by</u> the <u>service provider network content</u> <u>server</u>(see column 4 lines 44-59), the controller node comprising: a first

processor configured to for generateing controller wherein instructions (see column 5 lines 3-6 and administration software 32); the controller instructions configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units (see Fig. 30 and webservers 69), remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server (see Fig. 30), and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network (see Fig. 30 and column 5 lines 44-59), to regulate processing of received content access of the content provided by the content server by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units (see column 5 lines 44-59), including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node of the service provider network (see column 26 lines 43-66); and a first network interface coupled to the first processor, and configured to for transmitting the controller instructions to the gateway units over the service provider network (see column 4 lines 63-67 and column 5 lines 1-6 and LAN 40); and However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach a housing detector as further recited in the claims. Conversely Harvey et al teaches such a limitation; wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals (see paragraph [0108]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the housing tamper detector as taught by Harvey et al. The motivation for this would have been to enhance the security features of a network node. \_each

coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals (see Fig. 30 and column 26 lines 43-66), and configured to regulate access to the content data exchanged over the service provider network from at least one of the plurality of subscriber terminals in response to receipt of the controller instructions (see column 25 lines 47-61, the webserver 69 authenticates users); the gateway units comprising: a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests (see column 25 lines 47-61); a second network interface coupled to the service provider network and receiving the controller instructions from the controller node (see column 6 lines 25-30); and a second processor, the second processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the service provider network in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 20 lines 14-20 and blocks 330, 332, and 334 in Fig. 24), and transferring received content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the service provider network via the second network interface (see column 20 lines 14-18 and block 332 in Fig. 24 and Fig.2).

b. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 2, Gregg et al teaches wherein: <u>at</u> <u>least one of the gateway units further comprises</u> a storage device <del>for storing</del> <u>configured to store the controller instructions</u> (see Fig. 3 and access key 54); <u>and</u> the <u>at least one gateway unit[[s]]</u> further comprises an identifier uniquely associating the <u>corresponding gateway unit[[s]]</u> with a user (see column 7 lines 48-65); <del>and</del> <u>wherein the corresponding storage device is <del>operable</del> <u>further</u></u>

> <u>configured</u> to store <del>user-specific</del> information <u>associated with the user, in</u> <u>accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 3 and access key 54 and</u> column 8 lines 33-38).

c. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 3, Gregg et al teaches wherein: <u>at</u> <u>least one of the gateway units comprises an user interface configured to</u> <u>receiving receive requests to transmit data for a coupled subscriber terminal(see</u> column 5 lines 32-55); and the <u>at least one gateway unit[[s]] further comprises</u> a second processor <u>configured to inspecting inspect</u> the data to selectively transfer transmit non, some or all of the data for the requesting subscriber terminal in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 6 lines 25-32).

d. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 4, Gregg et al teaches wherein: <u>at</u> <u>least one of the gateway units comprises an user interface receiving configured</u> <u>to receive</u> requests to <u>retrieve</u> <del>receive</del> data <u>for a coupled subscriber terminal(see</u> column 5 lines 32-55); and the <u>at least one gateway unit[[s]] further comprises</u> a second processor inspecting <u>configured to inspect</u> the data to selectively <del>transfer</del> <u>provide none, some or all the retrieved</u> data <u>to the requesting subscriber terminal</u> in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 6 lines 25-32).

e. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 5, Gregg et al teaches wherein the first processor <u>is configured to generate</u>[[s]] the controller instructions automatically (see column 5 lines 3-6).

f. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 6, Gregg et al teaches wherein the first processor <u>is configured to generate</u>[[s]] the controller instructions in response to an operator-entered request (see column 5 lines 3-6).

g. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 7, Gregg et al teaches wherein the controller node[[s]] is included in a plurality of controller nodes, and wherein the <u>controller node comprise comprising the a</u> first processor <u>configured to</u> <u>generating generate</u> the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling (see column 5 lines 3-6).

h. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 8, Gregg et al teaches wherein the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions <u>are configured to deny users of the subscriber terminals access to a first group of</u> network <u>one or more other content servers, in accordance with the controller</u> <u>instructions</u> (see column 18 lines 13-29 and Fig. 20 block 206).

i. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 9, Gregg et al teaches wherein <u>at</u> <u>least one of</u> the gateway units comprises a second processor configured to generate a notification to <u>a the</u> controller node <u>in response to if</u> a network access request <del>designates a network server of the first group of network</del> <u>to access of</u> <u>one of the one or more other content</u> servers <u>by a coupled subscriber terminal, in</u> <u>accordance with the controller instructions</u> (see Fig 8 and block 162 and column 17 lines 48-53).

j. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 10, Gregg et al teaches wherein <u>at</u> <u>least one of the plurality of gateway units comprise a second processor</u> configured to: detect a network access request designating a network server a first group of network to access one of the one or more other content servers by a coupled subscriber terminal (see Fig. 21 block 250 and column 18 lines 61-64); and re-direct the <u>network</u> access request to a second group of network one or <u>more other content</u> servers (see Fig. 21 block 264 and column 19 lines 4-8), <u>wherein the detect and re-direct are performed</u> in accordance with the controller instructions.

k. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 11, Gregg et al teaches wherein: the controller nodes comprise a first processor generating the controller instructions (see column 5 lines 3-6), the controller instructions <u>are configured to</u> including include a file identifier (see column 5 lines 52-55); and the system comprises at least one of the a plurality of gateway units is configured to be associated with a user file system (see subscriber software 36 and Fig. 30), and the <u>at least one gateway unit[[s]]</u> comprises a second processor configured to detect a file in <del>a</del> the user file system corresponding to the file identifier, in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 11 lines 58-65).

I. (Original) Regarding claim 12, Gregg et al teaches wherein the <u>at least</u>
 <u>one gateway units are is configured to be</u> operable between an active state (see column 13 lines 1-3) and an inactive state (see column 12 lines 41-46).

m. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 13, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor[[s]] is configured to notify a the controller node if in response to

the associated <u>at least one gateway unit enterings</u> an inactive state, in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 12 lines 41-46).

n. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 14 Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor[[s]] <u>is configured to delete</u> the detected file[[s]] from <u>the a</u> user file system in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 12 lines 60-62).

o. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 15, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor[[s]] <u>is configured to delete</u> the detected file[[s]] from a user file system during the inactive state (see column 12 lines 60-62).

p. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 16, Gregg et al teaches wherein the <u>at least one gateway unit[[s]] is configured to notify a the controller node if a file</u> corresponding to the file identifier is detected <u>in the associated user file system</u>, <u>in accordance with the controller instructions</u> (see column 2 lines 9-18).

q. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 17, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 17 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach a housing detector as further recited in the claims. Conversely Harvey et al teaches such a limitation; wherein <u>at least one</u> the <u>tamper resistant</u> gateway units comprise: a housing; and a detector <u>configured to for</u> detect an attempt to open the housing (see paragraph [0108]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the housing tamper

detector as taught by Harvey et al. The motivation for this would have been to enhance the security features of a network node.

r. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 18, Harvey et al further teaches wherein the <u>at least one</u> gateway unit <u>is further configured to</u> notify the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing <del>after a user-initiated event</del> <u>, in</u> <u>accordance with the controller instructions (see paragraph [0108]).</u>

s. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 19, Harvey et al further teaches wherein the <u>at least one gateway unit[[s]] further comprises a storage device configured to store the controller instructions, and a the second processor configured to prevent[[s]] access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions (see paragraph [0108]).</u>

t. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 20, Gregg et al teaches wherein the gateway units comprises a second processor <u>configured to that enters enter a</u> <u>corresponding gateway unit into a user-controlled operational mode after</u> receiving permission from the controller node, in accordance with the controller <u>instructions</u> (see column 26 lines 50-66).

u. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 23, Gregg et al teaches wherein <u>at</u> <u>least one of the gateway units comprises the a second processor configured to</u> cause[[s]] the <u>at least one gateway unit to access a predetermined network site</u> upon initiation of network browser software <u>on a coupled subscriber terminal</u>, in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2).

v. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 24, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor <u>is configured to select[[s]]</u> the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites, <u>in accordance with</u> <del>received via</del> the controller instructions (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 and column 5 lines 32-55).

w. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 25, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor <u>is configured to select[[s]]</u> the predetermined network site according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others<u>, in accordance with the controller instructions</u> (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 and column 5 lines 32-55).

x. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 26, Gregg et al teaches wherein <u>at</u>
 <u>least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network</u>
 <u>interface configured to</u>: receive registration information from a user <u>of a coupled</u>
 <u>subscriber terminal</u> via the user interface; and receive initial operating
 parameters from the controller node via the second network interface; wherein
 <u>both receive operations are in accordance with controller instructions</u> (see Fig. 2).

y. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 27, Gregg et al teaches wherein <u>at</u> <u>least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network</u> <u>interface configured to</u>: receive registration information from a user <u>of a coupled</u> <u>subscriber terminal</u> via the user interface; and receive software updates <u>from the</u> <u>controller node</u> via the second network interface; <u>wherein both receive operations</u> <u>are in accordance with the controller instructions</u> (see Fig. 2).

> z. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 31, Gregg et al teaches wherein <u>at</u> <u>least one of the gateway units comprises a second network interface and a</u> <u>second processor configured to receive software via the second network</u> interface for execution on the second processor, the software enabling at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming <u>in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 24 and blocks 332 and</u> 336).

aa. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 32, Gregg et al teaches wherein <u>at</u> <u>least one of the gateway units comprises the a second processor configured to</u> detect[[s]] a denial-of-service attack<u>, in accordance with the controller instructions</u> (see Fig. 18 block 176).

bb. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 33, Gregg et al teaches wherein the second processor <u>is configured to detect</u>[[s]] a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus (see Fig. 18 block 176).

cc. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 34, Gregg et al teaches wherein <u>at</u> <u>least one of the gateway units is configured to selectively transmit to law</u> enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the <u>at least one of the gateway units</u>, in accordance with the <u>controller instructions</u> (see fig 18 blocks 168 and 170, and Fig. 23 steps 310, 324 and 326).

dd. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 35, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the gateway units is configured to</u>: detect a

user attempt to <u>access</u> at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt; <u>wherein the detect and selective block are</u> in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 24 blocks 330, 332 and Fig. 18 block 176).

ee. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 37 Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the gateway units is configured to</u>: detect a user attempt to <u>access at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio and or video traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt; wherein the <u>detect and selective block are</u> in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 24 blocks 330, 332 and Fig. 18 block 176).</u>

ff. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 39, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of</u> the gateway units <u>comprises a second network</u> <u>interface configured to</u>: detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the second network interface (see Fig. 12 and Fig. 24 blocks 330 and 332); and selectively reduce the quality of service of the at least one of audio and video traffic; <u>wherein the detect and selective reduction are</u> in accordance with the controller instructions , wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic (see fig. 21 block 268). gg. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 40, Gregg et al teaches further comprising a plurality of access nodes (see subscriber software 36 and Fig. 2), wherein the controller node comprises a first processor is further configured for generating generate authorization instructions and transmitting the authorization instructions over the network to the access nodes (see Subscription Host 34 and Fig. 2), and the access nodes are configured to : receive the authorization instructions from the controller node (see Fig. 1); and selectively permit the gateway units to access the network in accordance with the authorization instructions (see Fig.2).

hh. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 41, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the gateway units</u> comprise data storage units partitioned into a network portion and a user portion, and <u>the at least one of a</u> first group of gateway units <u>is configured to selectively share[[s]]</u> data stored in the network partition with at least one of a<u>nother second group of gateway units</u>, via <u>a the second network interface of the at least one gateway unit</u>, in accordance with the controller instructions (see column 8 lines 20-67).

ii. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 42, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, wherein <u>at least one of the gateway unit comprises a second</u> <u>processor, and the second processor in at least a first one of the gateway units is</u> <u>configured to selectively forwards content data received from at least a second</u> <u>one of the first other gateway units to at least a third one of the second other</u>

gateway units in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 2 and column 6 lines 17-32).

jj. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 43, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 42 wherein <u>at least one of the gateway units comprises a second</u> <u>processor and a user interface, and the second processor in at least a first one of</u> the gateway units: <u>is further configured to:</u> receive[[s]] portions of a content data file from a group of <u>other gateway</u> units in accordance with the controller instructions (see fig. 2 and column 6 lines 27-30); and assemble[[s]] a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the <u>a</u> user <u>of a coupled</u> <u>subscriber terminal</u> via the user interface; wherein the receive and assemble are in accordance with the controller instructions (See fig. 2).

kk. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 44, Gregg et al teaches the system of claim 1, further comprising an intervention node, <u>wherein</u> the intervention node <u>includes comprising</u>: an operator interface <u>configured to for</u> receiveing operatorentered spoofing attack instructions; and a <u>third second network interface</u> <u>configured to for</u> transmit<del>ting</del> at least one substitute file pointer to addresses in the network in accordance with the spoofing attack instructions (see Fig. 18). **II.** (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 82, Gregg et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network <u>content provided by a</u> <u>content server</u> (see column 4 lines 44-59) comprising: a network interface <del>for</del>

configured to providing access to the service provider network and for receiving receive controller instructions from the service provider network a controller

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node, the gateway unit remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network (see column 5 lines 3-6 and administration software 32); a user interface for transferring, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user (see column 26 lines 43-66 and Fig. 30 and webservers 69); and a processor for connecting to a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software, in accordance with the received controller instructions (see column 25 lines 47-61). configured to execute the controller instructions to regulate access by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway unit of the content provided by the content server (see column 5 lines 44-59), including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node (see column 26 lines 43-66). However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach a housing detector as further recited in the claims. Conversely Harvey et al teaches such a limitation; wherein the gateway unit is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals (see paragraph [0108]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the housing tamper detector as taught by Harvey et al. The motivation for this would have been to enhance the security features of a network node.

2. Claims 21, 22, 28, 36 and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Cooper et al. US (20010051966).

mm. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 21, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 21 depends on. However Gregg fails to explicitly teach a copyright registry as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper et al teaches such a limitation; wherein the controller node comprises a copyright registry for configured to track copyright status of content data files distributed to subscriber terminals, via one or more of the gateway units in the system (see Fig. 2, copyright registry 234 and paragraph [0094]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the copyright registry as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to allow users to register their copyrighted content for tracking purposes. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 22, Cooper et al further teaches nn. wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises the an user interface configured to transmit copyright receives registrations of the content data files for transmission to the copyright registry, in accordance with the controller instructions (see Fig. 2, copyright registry 234 and paragraphs [0094]-[0099]). (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 28, Gregg et al teaches the 00. limitations of claim 1 from which claim 28 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach customized advertising as further recited in the claim.

> Conversely Cooper teaches such a limitation; wherein: <u>at least one</u> of the gateway units <u>comprises a user interface and a second network interface</u> <u>configured to transmit advertisements via the user interface to a user display of a</u> <u>coupled subscriber terminal</u>, <u>wherein</u> the advertisements <del>being</del> <u>are</u> customized in accordance with <u>information content</u> received via <del>at least one of</del> the second network interface <del>and the user interface</del> <u>in accordance with the controller</u> <u>instructions</u> (see paragraph [0177]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the customized advertisements as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to target the user with advertisements that would be of interest.

> pp. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 36, Gregg et al teaches the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 36 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach customized advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper teaches such a limitation; wherein <u>at least one of</u> the gateway units <u>comprises an interface configured to</u> transmit, via the <del>user</del> interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services, <u>in accordance</u> <u>with the controller instructions</u> (see paragraph [0177]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the customized advertisements as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to target the user with advertisements that would be of interest.

> qq. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 38, Gregg et al teaches the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 38 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach customized advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Cooper teaches such a limitation; wherein <u>at least one of</u> the gateway units <u>comprises an interface configured to</u> transmit, via the <del>user</del> interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services, <u>in accordance with the controller instructions</u> (see paragraph [0177]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the customized advertisements as taught by Cooper et al. The motivation for this would have been to target the user with advertisements that would be of interest.

3. Claims 29, 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Tarnoff US (20020169865).

rr. (Original) Regarding claim 29, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 1 from which claim 29 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach pay-per-view advertising as further recited in the claim. Conversely Tarnoff teaches such a limitation; wherein <u>at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interfaces configured to</u>: transmit pay-per-view advertising via the user interface to a coupled subscriber terminal for selective display by a user <u>of the subscriber terminal</u>; and <del>generate</del> <u>report to controller node for payment credits for the user upon selective display of an the advertisement<del>ing</del> by the user;</u>

wherein the transmit and report operations are in accordance with the controller instructions (see paragraph [0224]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the pay-per-view advertising as taught by Tarnoff. The motivation for this would have been to induce impulse buys for customers searching for things related to the pay-per-view content. ss. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 30, Tarnoff further teaches wherein the <u>at least one gateway units is configured to generate one of a plurality of</u> viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user

selection, in accordance with the controller instructions (see paragraph [0174]).

4. Claims 80 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hans et al US (20020120577) and in further view of Gregg et al US (6,516,416).

tt. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 80, Hans et al teaches a gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network (see Fig. 1 and content management node 10 and content manager 11), comprising: a network interface for providing access to the service provider network (see paragraph [0026; and a processor-processor is further configured to enters a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission over the service provider network from a <u>the</u> controller node <del>via the network interface</del> (see paragraph [0028]). Although Hans teaches the limitations above he fails to explicitly teach user-entered network access requests as further recited in the claims. Conversely Gregg et al teaches such a limitation; a user interface configured to receive user-entered network access requests directly from a subscriber terminal (see column 25 lines 47-61). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Hans with the receiving of user-entered access requests as taught by Gregg et al. The motivation for this would have been to let a user have subscription access over an untrusted network (see column 1 lines 47-51).

5. Claims 83 and 84 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al US (6,516,416) and in further view of Saxena US (20020103778).

uu. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 83, Gregg et al teaches all the limitations of claim 82 form which claim 83 depends on. However Gregg et al fails to explicitly teach predetermined network sites as further recited in the claim. Conversely Saxena teaches such a limitation; wherein the processor <u>is further</u> <u>configured to select[[s]] the a predetermined network site from a list of</u> predetermined network sites, <u>in accordance with the controller instructions</u> (see paragraph [0049]). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Gregg et al with the predetermined websites as taught by Saxena. The motivation for this would have been to provide a user specific websites to see which are related to the content that they are requesting.

vv. (Currently Amended) Regarding claim 84, Saxena further teaches wherein the processor <u>is further configured to select</u>[[s]] from the list of predetermined network sites according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the Application/Control Number: 10/989,023 Art Unit: 2478

with the controller instructions (see paragraph [0006]).

## Remarks

### The Applicant Argues:

Gregg fails to teach the amended portions of claim 1 and;

Thus, Gregg teaches that regulation of content occurs at (and in conjunction with) the element providing the content (e.g. web server or content server) in the network. In contrast, in the present embodiment, there is no need for a content provider or content server to regulate "processing of the received content," or "implement a digital rights management service," because "a plurality of gateway units," that are "remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server ....regulate access of the content provided by the content provider ...including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node of the service provider network."

In Response, the Examiner respectfully submits:

The rejection is maintained because Gregg does in fact teach the argued limitations. In regards to the amended portions please see action above. Column 4 lines 44-50 teach exactly what the clearing house 30 is "The clearinghouse 30 is the entity that hosts all of the subscription information and the subscriber information. It provides a secure interface to the subscription access servers 34 which enables the subscription access servers to authenticate subscribers and to send subscriber's usage data and Application/Control Number: 10/989,023 Art Unit: 2478

universal resource locator (URL) tracking data to the clearinghouse 30." The term "controller node" is very broad as anything which implements any kind of control on a network can be considered a controller node, in this instance the clearinghouse 30 enables subscription servers to authenticate subscribers, hence controlling who has access and who does not. Further in Fig. 30 it shows that clearinghouse 30 can be located anywhere (Chicago and Omaha are given as examples) and it is apparent that these would lie in a service provider network.

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHRIPAL K. KHAJURIA whose telephone number is (571)270-5662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday Alt. Friday, 7:30AM-5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Pwu can be reached on (571)272-6798. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

# Application/Control Number: 10/989,023 Art Unit: 2478

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/S. K. K./ Examiner, Art Unit 2478

/Kenny S Lin/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2478

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Search Notes	10989023	BURKE ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SHRIPAL K KHAJURIA	2446

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709	225	4/7/11	skk								

SEARCH NOTES									
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Inventor Search	10/22/09	skk							
East search - see attached	10/22/09	skk							
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Updated Text search of East (USPat, USPG_Pub, JPO, EPO, Derwent, IBM_TDB) and Inventor search.	4/7/11	skk							

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Part of Paper No. : 20110407

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## EAST Search History

## EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	6107	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:12
L2	651	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:12
L3	1 (L1 L2) and (regulating same node same network same processor).clm.		US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:12
L4	5364	(709/225).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:12
L7	1	"6516416".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:46
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S6	0	network same paritition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
S7	709	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15

S8	7462681	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) and network (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
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S13	9	predetermined near websites same list	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:52
S14	4	predetermined near websites and weight same website	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 15:01
S15	16	predetermined near sites and weight same site and network and internet	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 15:04
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S17	0	gateway and storage and autheticator	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:22
S18	836	gateway and storage and authenticator	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:22
S19	125	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:23

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S21	73	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view and modes and display	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:24
S22	1	"20050033990".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 16:25
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S24	5893	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
S25	626	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
S26	1	(S24 S25) and (regulating same node same network same processor).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	123205-179926	1874
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## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Interview Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/989,023	BURKE ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	SHRIPAL KHAJURIA	2478	
All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):			
(1) <u>SHRIPAL KHAJURIA</u> .	(3)		
(2) <u>Linda Zachariah (Reg. No. 48057)</u> .	(4)		
Date of Interview: <u>29 June 2011</u> .			
Type: a) Telephonic b) Video Conference c) Personal [copy given to: 1) applicant 2) applicant's representative]			
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d) Yes e) No. If Yes, brief description:			
Claim(s) discussed: <u>1</u> .			
Identification of prior art discussed: <u>Gregg</u> .			
Agreement with respect to the claims f) was reached. g) was not reached. h) $\boxtimes$ N/A.			
Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: <u>Applicant narrowed down claims to overcome some of the limitations taught by</u> <u>Gregg. Examiner will schedule interview before sending out next action.</u> .			
(A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amendments which the examiner agreed would render the claims allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no copy of the amendments that would render the claims allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached.)			
THE FORMAL WRITTEN REPLY TO THE LAST OFFICE ACTION MUST INCLUDE THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. (See MPEP Section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS GIVEN A NON-EXTENDABLE PERIOD OF THE LONGER OF ONE MONTH OR THIRTY DAYS FROM THIS INTERVIEW DATE, OR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS INTERVIEW SUMMARY FORM, WHICHEVER IS LATER, TO FILE A STATEMENT OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. See Summary of Record of Interview requirements on reverse side or on attached sheet.			
/Kenny S Lin/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2478			

#### Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

#### Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

#### Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews

Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

#### 37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner,
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,
  - (The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and

7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

#### Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.

Examiner: Shripal K. Khajuria

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In Application of:

Robert M. Burke II, et al.

Application No.: 10/989,023

Filed: November 16, 2004

Confirmation No.: 1874

For: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK

Mail Stop AMENDMENT Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

# AMENDMENT

Sir/Madam:

In response to the Non-Final Office Action mailed April 12, 2011, please enter the following amendments and consider the following remarks.

Amendments to the Claims begin on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 23 of this paper.

## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A system for regulating access to content provided by a content server, the system comprising:

a controller node configured to control access to the content provided by the content server, the controller node comprising:

a first processor configured to generate controller instructions <u>to allow</u> <u>access to one or more particular content files provided by the content server</u>, wherein the controller instructions are configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units, remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network, to regulate access of theto the one or more particular content files provided by the content server, by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node of the service provider network; and

a first network interface coupled to the first processor, and configured to transmit the controller instructions to the gateway units over the network, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway units to receive a user request for the one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to the user prior to further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is <u>located at a subscriber</u> <u>location and is</u> further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals.

2. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1 wherein:

at least one of the gateway units further comprises a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and

the at least one gateway unit further comprises an identifier uniquely associating the corresponding gateway unit with a user; wherein the corresponding storage device is further configured to store information associated with the user, in accordance with the controller instructions.

3. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein:

at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to receive requests to transmit data for a coupled subscriber terminal; and

the at least one gateway unit further comprises a second processor configured to inspect the data to selectively transmit none, some or all of the data for the requesting subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

4. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein:
at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface
configured to receive requests to retrieve data the content files for
a coupled subscriber terminal; and

the at least one gateway unit further comprises a second processor configured to inspect the data to selectively provide none, some or all of <u>the</u> retrieved <u>data content files</u> to the requesting subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

5. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor is configured to generate the controller instructions automatically.

6. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor is configured to generate the controller instructions in response to an operator-entered request.

7. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node is included in a plurality of controller nodes, and wherein the controller node comprising the first processor is configured to generate the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

8. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller instructions are configured to deny users of the subscriber terminals access to one or more other content servers, in accordance with the controller instructions.

9. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 8, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second processor configured to generate a notification to the controller node in response to a network access request to access one of the one or more

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other content servers by a coupled subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

10. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 8, wherein at least one of the plurality of gateway units comprises a second processor configured to:

detect a network access request to access one of the one or more other content servers by a coupled subscriber terminal; and

re-direct the network access request to one or more other content servers;

wherein the detect and re-direct are performed in accordance with the controller instructions.

11. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein:

the controller instructions are configured to include a file identifier; and

at least one of the plurality of gateway units is configured to be associated with a user file system, and the at least one gateway units comprises a second processor configured to detect a file in the user file system corresponding to the file identifier, in accordance with the controller instructions.

12. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 11, wherein the at least one gateway unit is configured to be operable between an active state and an inactive state.

13. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 12, wherein the second processor is configured to notify the controller node in response to the at least one gateway unit entering an inactive state, in accordance with the controller instructions.

14. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 12, wherein the second processor is configured to delete the detected file from the user file system, in accordance with the controller instructions.

15. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 14, wherein the second processor is configured to delete the detected file from a-the user file system during the inactive state.

16. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 11, wherein the at least one gateway unit is configured to notify the controller node if a file corresponding to the file identifier is detected in the associated user file system, in accordance with the controller instructions.

17. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the tamper resistant gateway units comprise:

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a housing; and

a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing.

18. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 17, wherein the at least one gateway unit is further configured to notify the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

19. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 17, wherein the at least one gateway unit further comprises a storage device configured to store the controller instructions, and a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

20. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein each of the gateway units comprises a second processor configured to enter a corresponding gateway unit into a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission from the controller node, in accordance with the controller instructions.

21. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node comprises a copyright registry configured to track copyright status of content data-files distributed to subscriber terminals, via one or more of the gateway units.

22. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 21, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to transmit copyright registrations of content data files to the copyright registry, in accordance with the controller instructions.

23. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second processor configured to cause the at least one gateway unit to access a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software on a coupled subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

24. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 23, wherein the second processor is configured to select the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites, in accordance with the controller instructions.

25. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 24, wherein the second processor is configured to select the predetermined network site according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others, in accordance with the controller instructions.

26. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to:

receive registration information from a user of a coupled subscriber terminal via the user interface; and

receive initial operating parameters from the controller node via the second network interface;

wherein both receive operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

27. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to:

receive registration information from a user of a coupled subscriber terminal via the user interface; and receive software updates from the controller node via the second network interface;

wherein both receive operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

28. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein:

at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to transmit advertisements via the user interface to a user display of a coupled subscriber terminal, wherein the advertisements are customized in accordance with content received via the second network interface, in accordance with the controller instructions.

29. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface configured to:

transmit pay-per-view advertising via the user interface to a coupled subscriber terminal for selective display by a user of the subscriber terminal; and

report to the controller node for payment credits for the user upon selective display of an advertisement by the user;

wherein the transmit and report operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

30. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 29, wherein the at least one

gateway units is configured to generate one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection, in accordance with the controller instructions.

31. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second network interface and a second processor configured to receive software via the second network interface for execution on the second processor, the software to enable at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming, in accordance with the controller instructions.

32. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second processor configured to detect a denial-of-service attack, in accordance with the controller instructions.

33. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 32, wherein the second processor is configured to detect a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

34. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the at least one of the gateway units, in accordance with the controller instructions.

35. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to:

detect a user attempt to access at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt;

wherein the detect and selective block are in accordance with the controller instructions.

36. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 35 wherein at least one the gateway units comprises an interface configured to transmit, via the interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services, in accordance with the controller instructions.

37. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to:

detect a user attempt to access at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio or video traffic; and

selectively block the detected attempt;

wherein the detect and selective block are in accordance with the controller instructions.

38. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 37, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to transmit, via the interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services, in accordance with the controller instructions.

39. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second network interface configured to:

detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the second network interface; and

selectively reduce the quality of service of the at least one of audio and video traffic; wherein the detect and selective reduction are in accordance with the controller instructions; and

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of:

reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

40. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, further comprising a plurality of access nodes, wherein the first processor is further configured to generate authorization instructions and transmit the authorization instructions to the access nodes, and the access nodes are configured to:

receive the authorization instructions from the controller node; and

selectively permit the gateway units to access the network in accordance with the authorization instructions.

41. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises data storage units partitioned into a network portion and a user portion, and the at least one gateway units is configured to selectively share data stored in the network partition with at least one of another gateway unit, via a second network interface of the at least one gateway unit, in accordance with the controller instructions.

42. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the

gateway unit comprises a second processor, and the second processor is configured to selectively forward content data received from a first other gateway unit to a a-second other gateway unit, in accordance with the controller instructions.

43. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second processor and a user interface, and the second processor is further configured to:

receive portions of a content data file from a group of other gateway units; and assemble a data content file based on the received portions for transmission to a user of a coupled subscriber terminal, via the user interface;

wherein the receive and assemble are in accordance with the controller instructions.

44. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, further comprising an intervention node, wherein the intervention node includes:

an operator interface configured to receive operator-entered spoofing attack instructions; and

a second network interface configured to transmit at least one substitute file pointer to addresses in the network in accordance with the spoofing attack instructions.

45. - 48. (Canceled).

49. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A system for regulating access to a service provider network that is accessed by a plurality of users, the system comprising:

a controller node located in the service provider network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions, the controller instructions configured to be executed by a plurality of network units to regulate processing of received content data; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the service provider network; and

the plurality of network units associated with a first group of users, the network units comprising:

a second network interface coupled to the service provider network and

receiving the controller instructions from the controller node; and

a second processor, the second processor inhibiting access for a second group of users to content accessible from the service provider network in accordance with the controller instructions.

50. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 49, wherein the second processor in the network units inhibits access for a second group of users by performing denial of service attacks in accordance with the controller instructions.

51. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 50, wherein the second processor performs attacks based on a schedule comprising at least one of:

a schedule based on duration of the attacks; real time response to controller instructions; and

in response to an event.

52. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 49, wherein at least a portion of the network units comprise gateway units uniquely associated with a user.

53. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 52, wherein the gateway units: are operable between an active state and an inactive state; and

perform denial of service attacks, in accordance with the controller instructions, during the inactive state.

54. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 49, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack.

55. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 54, wherein the second processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

56. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 54, wherein the second processor prevents a denial-of-service attack upon detection.

57. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 49, wherein the network units selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the gateway units.

58. (Withdrawn) A system for distributing content over a network, the system comprising:

a controller node coupled to the network, the controller node comprising: a first processor for generating controller instructions; and a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the network; and

a plurality of network units, the network units comprising:

a second network interface coupled to the network, the second network interface in at least a first one of the network units receiving the controller instructions from the network and receiving a first portion of a content data file from at least a second one of the network units; and

a second processor, the second processor in the at least a first one of the network units selectively forwarding the received first portion of the content data file to at least a third one of the network units in accordance with the controller instructions.

59. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein: the second network interface receives a plurality of portions of a content data file from a group of network units in accordance with the controller instructions; and

the second processor assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to the user via the user interface.

60. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein:

the second network interface of the second network unit receives a portion of a content data file from a content server; and

the second processor of the second network unit forwards the portion of the content data file to the at least first one of the network units in accordance with the controller instructions.

61. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data in accordance with a predetermined deletion date associated with the content data.

62. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data when new content data is delivered.

63. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes portions of content data when insufficient storage space remains, deleting oldest content data first.

64. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 58, wherein the second processor deletes

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portions of content data in accordance with an associated user's selections.

65. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a user interface configured to receive requests directly from a subscriber terminal, wherein the requests are to transmit data;

a network interface configured to receive controller instructions from the service provider network; and

a processor configured to inspect the data and to selectively transmit the data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

66. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a user interface configured to receive requests directly from a subscriber terminal, wherein the requests are to receive data;

a network interface configured to receive controller instructions from the service provider network; and

a processor configured to inspect the data and selectively receive the data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

67. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A controller node for regulating access to a service provider network, the controller node comprising:

a processor configured to generate controller instructions for causing a plurality of gateway units to selectively transfer user-entered network access requests over the service provider network, the processor generating the controller instructions by at least one of automatically generating instructions and generating instructions in response to an operatorentered request; and

a network interface configured to transmit the controller instructions over the service provider network to the plurality of gateway units.

68. (Withdrawn) The controller node of claim 67, comprising a processor to generate the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

69. - 71 (Canceled)

72. (Withdrawn - Previously Presented) A system for regulating file access in a service provider network, the system comprising:

a controller node located in the service provider network, the controller node comprising:

a first processor for generating controller instructions, the controller instructions configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units to regulate processing of received content data and including a file identifier; and

a first network interface for transmitting the controller instructions over the service provider network; and

the plurality of gateway units, each coupled between the service provider network and at least one of a plurality of subscriber terminals, and associated with user file systems, the gateway units comprising:

a second network interface configured to receive the controller instructions from the service provider network; and

a second processor configured to detect files in the user file systems corresponding to the file identifier.

73. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 72, comprising a plurality of gateway units operable between an active state and an inactive state.

74. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 73, wherein the gateway units notify a controller node upon entering the inactive state.

75. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 73, wherein the gateway units comprise a processor to delete the detected files during the inactive state.

76. (Withdrawn) The system of claim 72, wherein the plurality of gateway units notify a controller node if at least one file matching the list of file identifiers is detected.

77. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network, comprising: a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests;

a network interface for transmitting the network access requests to the network; a housing; and

a detector for detecting a user attempt to open the housing.

78. (Withdrawn) The gateway unit of claim 77, wherein the detector notifies the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing after a subsequent user-initiated event.

79. (Withdrawn) The gateway unit of claim 77 further comprising a storage

device and an interlock to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing.

80. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 82, wherein the processor is further configured to enter a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission from the controller node.

81. (Withdrawn - Previously Presented) A controller node for regulating file access in a network, comprising:

a processor configured to:

generate controller instructions for causing a plurality of gateway units to selectively transfer user-entered network access requests over the service provider network;

receive registrations of content data files distributed to the plurality of gateway units; and

track copyright status of the content data files.

82. (Currently Amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to content provided by a content server, comprising:

a network interface configured to receive controller instructions from a controller node, the gateway unit remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network; <u>and</u>

a processor configured to execute the controller instructions to regulate access by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway unit of the content files provided by the content server, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the network interface to receive a user request for one or more of the content files and in response, to provide the one or more content files to the user prior to receiving further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein the gateway unit is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals.

83. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 82, wherein the processor is further configured to select a predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites, in accordance with the controller instructions.

84. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 83, wherein the processor is further configured to select from the list of predetermined network sites according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others, in accordance with the controller instructions.

85. - 86. (Canceled).

87. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a network interface configured to receive information from the service provider network;

a user interface configured to receive information directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to transmit advertising via the user interface to a user display, wherein the advertising is customized in accordance with information received via at least one of the network interface and the user interface.

88. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network and to receive pay-per-view advertising from the network;

a user interface to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to transmit the pay-per-view advertising via the user interface for selective display by a user and to generate payment credits to the user upon display of the advertising by the user.

89. (Withdrawn) The gateway unit of claim 88, wherein the processor generates one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection.

90. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network and to receive software from the network;

a user interface configured to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to execute the software to enable the user to use, via the user interface, at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming.

91. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network;

a user interface to receive network access requests from a user; and

a processor to detect a denial-of-service attack received from the user interface and transmitted to the network via the network interface.

92. (Withdrawn) The plurality of gateway units of claim 91, wherein the processor detects a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

93. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising: a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface configured to transfer, with the network interface, incoming data and outgoing data transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of the incoming data and the outgoing data in accordance with the received controller instructions.

94. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network comprising:

a network interface configured to provide access to the service provider network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface configured to transfer, with the service provider network, content transmitted directly to or received directly from a subscriber terminal associated with a user; and

a processor configured to detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic over the service provider network, the processor selectively blocking the

detected attempt in accordance with the received controller instructions and transmitting, via the user interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services.

95. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user; and

a processor to detect a user attempt to at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio and video traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the detected attempt in accordance with the received controller instructions and transmitting, via the user interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services.

96. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a user interface to transfer traffic between the network and a user; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the user interface, the processor selectively reducing the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions, wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-OnlX-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

97. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect voice traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions.

98. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic over the network, the processor selectively blocking the traffic in accordance with the received controller

instructions.

99. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising: a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions and network traffic; and

a processor to detect at least one of audio and video traffic, the processor selectively reducing the quality of service of the detected at least one of audio and video traffic in accordance with the received controller instructions, wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of: reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

100. (Withdrawn) A controller node for regulating subscriber access to a network comprising: a processor to generate authentication instructions on behalf of an authenticated subscriber; and

a network interface to transmit the authentication instructions to an access node coupled to the network, wherein the access node selectively permits subscriber access to the network in accordance with the authentication instructions.

101. (Withdrawn) A gateway unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions;

a data storage unit partitioned into a network portion and a user portion; and

a processor to selectively transmit data stored in the network partition, via the network interface, in accordance with the received controller instructions.

102. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network, comprising:

a user interface receiving user-entered network access requests; a network interface coupled to the network and receiving controller instructions from the network; and

a processor, the processor selectively transmitting at least some of the network access requests over the network in accordance with the controller instructions, and transferring content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the network via the network interface;

wherein the network unit selectively forwards content data received from a first associated network unit to at least a second associated unit in accordance with the controller

instructions.

103. (Withdrawn) The network unit claim 102, wherein the processor receives portions of a content data file from a group of third associated network units in accordance with the controller instructions; and

assembles a data file based on the received portions for transmission to a user via the user interface.

104. (Withdrawn) The network unit of claim 102, wherein the processor:

receives a portion of a content data file from a content server; and

forwards the portion of the content data file to the first associated network unit in accordance with the controller instructions.

105. (Withdrawn) A network unit for regulating access to a network comprising:

a network interface to provide access to the network and to receive controller instructions; and

a processor to perform denial of service attacks in accordance with the received controller instructions.

106. (Withdrawn) A method for regulating access to a network, the method comprising:

receiving controller instructions from a network at a gateway unit associated with a user;

receiving a network access request at the gateway unit from a user;

selectively transmitting the network access request over the network in accordance with the controller instructions; and

receiving content data responsive to the transmitted network access request from the network.

107. (Withdrawn) A method for regulating access to a plurality of content servers, the method comprising:

receiving controller instructions from the network at a network unit associated with a first group of users; and

selectively inhibiting access to a portion of the content servers by a second group of users in accordance with the controller instructions.

108. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 107, wherein inhibiting access for a second

group of users comprises performing denial of service attacks.

109. (Withdrawn) A method for distributing content data over a network, the method comprising:

receiving content distribution instructions from the network;

storing a first portion of content data from the network at a first network unit; initiating a request over the network, in accordance with the content distribution

instructions and in response to a user request, for the remainder of the content data;

receiving the remainder of the content data from the network;

assembling the first portion of content data with the remainder of the content data;

and

supplying the assembled content data to the user.

110. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 109, further comprising selectively forwarding the first portion of content data to a second network unit in accordance with the content distribution instructions.

111. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to a service provider network, the gateway unit comprising:

a user interface configured to receive user-entered network access requests directly from a subscriber terminal;

a network interface configured to receive controller instructions from a controller node in the service provider network; and

a processor configured to selectively transmit at least some of the network access requests over the service provider network in accordance with the controller instructions, and to transfer content data responsive to the transmitted network access requests over the service provider network via the network interface.

112-114 (Canceled).

115. (Canceled).

116. (New) An apparatus, comprising:

means for generating controller instructions to allow access to one or more particular content files provided by a content server, wherein the controller instructions are configured to be executed by a gateway unit, the gateway unit remotely disposed from the means for generating the controller instructions and the content server, and coupled to a controller node including the means for generating controller instructions and the content server via a network, the controller instructions to regulate access to the one or more particular content files provided by the content server to a subscriber terminal selectively coupled to the gateway unit, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node; and

means to transmit the controller instructions to the gateway unit over the network, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway unit to receive a subscriber request for the one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to the subscriber prior to further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein the gateway unit is located at a subscriber location and is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminal.

117. (New) An apparatus, comprising:

first means for receiving controller instructions from a controller node, the apparatus remotely coupled to the controller node and a content server via a network;

second means configured to execute the controller instructions to regulate access by subscriber terminals of content provided by the content server, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions by the first means, the first means to receive a user request for one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to a subscriber terminal prior to further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein the apparatus including the first means and the second means is located at a subscriber location and is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access by the subscriber terminal of the controller node provided controller instructions.

118. (New) The system of claim 1 wherein the controller instructions are further configured to cause the plurality of gateway units to inhibit access by a second plurality of

subscriber terminals to content provided by the content server.

119. (New) The gateway unit of claim 82 wherein the controller instructions are configured to regulate processing by network units of the content files provided by the content server.

### <u>Remarks</u>

### **SUMMARY**

Claims 49-68, 72-79, 81, and 87-114 were withdrawn in response to the Restriction Requirements of May 17, 2010 and June 26, 2009. Claims 1-44, 69, 70, 80, 82-84 and 115 which were provisionally elected in the Response filed June 8, 2010, presently stand rejected. Claims 69, 70, and 115 are canceled herein. Claims 116 - 119 are added herein. Thus, with the filing of this paper, claims 1-44, 49-68, 72-84, 87-111, and 116-119 remain pending. Various claims are amended as shown. Entry of the amendments and reconsideration of the application view of the above amendments and the following remarks is respectfully requested.

### **Examiner Interview**

A telephonic interview between Linda S. Zachariah, Reg. No. 48, 057, and Examiner Khajuria was held on Wednesday, June 29, 2011. During the interview, it was agreed that, "wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway units to receive a user request for the one or more particular media files and in response, to provide the one or more particular media content files to the user prior to further input or instruction from the controller node," and "wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is located at a subscriber location," substantially similar to presently-amended claim 1 are not taught or suggested by Gregg. The Examiner is thanked for the opportunity to discuss the claims.

### Claim Rejections – 35 U.S.C. § 112 (Second Paragraph)

Claims 1 and 115 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as having insufficient antecedent basis for "service provider network." Claim 115 has been canceled, thus rendering the rejection of claim 115 moot. Regarding claim 1, "service provider network" has been deleted from the claim. Accordingly, it is respectfully requested that the rejections be withdrawn.

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### Claim Rejections – 35 U.S.C. § 102

Claims 69-70 and 115 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,516,416 to Gregg et al. ("Gregg"). As noted above, claims 69, 70, and 115 have been canceled. Accordingly, the rejections of claims 69, 70, and 115 are rendered moot.

### Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

Claims 1-20, 23-27, 31-35, 39-48, and 82 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregg et al (US 6,516,416) and in further view of Harvey et al. (US 20050033990 ("Harvey")). Claims 21, 22, 28, 36, and 38 stand rejected over Gregg in further view of Cooper et al. (US 20010051966 ("Cooper")). Claims 29 and 30 stand rejected over Gregg in view of Tarnoff (US 2002169865). Claim 80 stands rejected over Hans et al. (US20020120577 ("Hans")) in view of Gregg. Finally, claims 83 and 84 stand rejected over Gregg in view of Saxena (US 20020103778).

The rejections are respectfully traversed. It is respectfully submitted that the references, taken either separately or in combination, do not teach or suggest each and every element of the claims.

For example, amended claim 1, recites, in pertinent part, "wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway units to receive a user request for the one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to the user prior to further input or instruction from the controller node." Claim 1 further recites, "wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is located at a subscriber location."

As set forth above, during the Examiner Interview, it was agreed that Gregg fails to disclose, teach, or suggest, at least, the above recitations of amended claim 1.

Nor do Harvey, Cooper, Tarnoff, Hans, or Saxena teach or suggest, "wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway units to receive a user request for the one or more particular media files and in response, to provide the one or more particular media content files to the user prior to further input or instruction from the controller node," nor "wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is located at a subscriber location."

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Thus, since none of the references, taken separately or in combination, teach or suggest each and every element of claim 1. Claim 1 is therefore allowable over the references. Amended independent claim 82 includes at least one or more similar non-obvious elements as independent claim 1. Thus for at least the same reasons that claim 1 is allowable over the references, claims 82 is also allowable over the references.

Accordingly, it is requested that the instant §103 rejections of claims 1 and 82 be withdrawn. With respect to claims 2-44, 80, and 83-84, which depend directly or indirectly from one of claims 1 and 82, each claim recites, based on independent claim 1 or 82, at least one element not shown in either of the references for the reasons discussed above. Dependent claims 2-44, 80, and 83-84 as well as new dependent claim 119 are therefore allowable over the references as well. It is requested that the rejections of claims 2-44, 80, and 83-84 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) be withdrawn and that the claims be allowed.

### **New Independent Claims**

New independent claims 116 and 117 contain one or more similar unobvious recitations as contained in above-discussed claim 1. Thus, it is respectfully submitted that the claims are patentable for at least the same reasons that claim 1 is allowable. Accordingly, Applicants respectfully request allowance of the claims.

### Conclusion

In view of the foregoing, favorable consideration and a Notice of Allowance are earnestly solicited. The Examiner is invited to telephone the undersigned representative at (206) 622-1711 if the Examiner believes that an interview might be useful for any reason.

It is not believed that extensions of time are required beyond those that may otherwise be provided for in documents accompanying this paper. However, if additional extensions of time are necessary to prevent abandonment of this application, then such extensions of time are hereby petitioned under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).

If the Examiner has any questions concerning the present paper, the Examiner is kindly requested to contact the undersigned at (206) 407-1542. If any fees are due in

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connection with filing this paper, the Commissioner is authorized to charge the Deposit Account of Schwabe, Williamson and Wyatt, P.C., No. 50-0393.

Respectfully submitted, SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C.

Date: July 12, 2011 by: /Linda S. Zachariah/

Linda S. Zachariah Reg. No.: 48,057

Electronic A	cknowledgement Receipt
EFS ID:	10503265
Application Number:	10989023
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1874
Title of Invention:	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Robert M. Burke
Customer Number:	60172
Filer:	Linda S. Zachariah/Allyson Dahmen
Filer Authorized By:	Linda S. Zachariah
Attorney Docket Number:	123205-179926
Receipt Date:	12-JUL-2011
Filing Date:	16-NOV-2004
Time Stamp:	18:53:59
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

# Payment information:

Submitted wi	th Payment	no	no							
File Listing:										
Document Number	<b>Document Description</b>	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)					
1		BC_P001_Response_OA.pdf	1094594 868fbb883da84719de4482e114c0b443755 1e1d4	yes	26					

	Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description							
	Document Description	Start	End					
	Amendment/Req. Reconsideration-After Non-Final Reject	1	1					
	Claims	2	22					
	Applicant Arguments/Remarks Made in an Amendment	23	26					
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### New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

### National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

### New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PTO/SB/06 (07-06)

Approved for use through 1/31/2007. OMB 0651-0032

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond <b>PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD</b> Substitute for Form PTO-875						nd to	to a collection of information unle Application or Docket Number 10/989,023		ess it displays a valid Filing Date 11/16/2004		MIOF COMMERCE OMB control number.
	AF	PLICATION A	AS FILE (Column 1		(Column 2)		SMALL	entity 🛛	OR		HER THAN
	FOR	NU	JMBER FIL	.ED N	UMBER EXTRA		RATE (\$)	FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	FEE (\$)
	BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), (	or (c))	N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
	SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), c	or (m))	N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
	EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), o		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
(37 (	AL CLAIMS CFR 1.16(i))		min	us 20 = *			X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
	EPENDENT CLAIM CFR 1.16(h))	S	mi	nus 3 = *			X \$ =			X \$ =	
[37 CFR 1.16(h)]       If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$250 (\$125 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s).											
_	MULTIPLE DEPEN			477			TOTAL			TOTAL	
	* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2.           APPLICATION AS AMENDED – PART II           (Column 1)         (Column 2)         (Column 3)						SMAL	L ENTITY	OR		ER THAN
AMENDMENT	07/12/2011	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)
ME	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	* 105	Minus	** 115	= 0		X \$26 =	0	OR	X \$ =	
UN ND	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	* 31	Minus	***36	= 0		X \$110 =	0	OR	X \$ =	
AME	Application Si	ze Fee (37 CFR 1	.16(s))								
4		ITATION OF MULTIP	LE DEPENI	DENT CLAIM (37 C	CFR 1.16(j))				OR		
						-	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	0	OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	
		(Column 1)		(Column 2)	(Column 3)				_		
L		CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT C EXTRA		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)
[Z]	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=		X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
DMENT	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=		X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
N N	Application Si	ze Fee (37 CFR 1	.16(s))								
AM				DENT CLAIM (37 C	CFR 1.16(j))				OR		
** lf ***	CR     TOTAL     ADD'L     FIE     If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.     ** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20".     TOTAL     ADD'L     FEE     Legal Instrument Examiner:     //WANDA MITCHELL/     /////     /////     /////     ////     ////     ////     ////     ////     //     //     /////     ///     ////     ///     /////     ///     ///     ///     /										

I his collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.** 

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PTO/SB/06 (07-06)

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Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond <b>PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD</b> Substitute for Form PTO-875						nd to	to a collection of information unle Application or Docket Number 10/989,023		Filing Date 11/16/2004		MT OF COMMERCE OMB control number.
	AF	PLICATION A	AS FILE (Column 1		(Column 2)		SMALL		OR		HER THAN ILL ENTITY
	FOR	N	JMBER FIL	.ED NU	MBER EXTRA		RATE (\$)	FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	FEE (\$)
	BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), (	or (c))	N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
	SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), c	or (m))	N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
	EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), o		N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	
TO1 (37 )	AL CLAIMS CFR 1.16(i))		min	us 20 = *			X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
	EPENDENT CLAIM CFR 1.16(h))	S	mi	nus 3 = *			X \$ =			X \$ =	
If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$250 (\$125 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s).											
_	MULTIPLE DEPEN		,	477			TOTAL			TOTAL	
	AFFI	(Column 1)	AWENL	(Column 2)	(Column 3)		SMAL	L ENTITY	OR		ER THAN ILL ENTITY
AMENDMENT	09/30/2011	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)
OME	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	* 50	Minus	** 115	=		X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
L Z	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	* 4	Minus	***36	=		X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
AME	Application Si	ze Fee (37 CFR 1	.16(s))								
`		ITATION OF MULTIF	LE DEPEN	DENT CLAIM (37 CF	R 1.16(j))				OR		
						• •	TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	
		(Column 1)		(Column 2)	(Column 3)		-			-	
		CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)		RATE (\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE (\$)
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DMENT	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=		X \$ =		OR	X \$ =	
Z Ш	Application Si	ze Fee (37 CFR 1	.16(s))								
AM		ITATION OF MULTIF	LE DEPEN	DENT CLAIM (37 CF	R 1.16(j))				OR		
** lf	he entry in column ′ the "Highest Numbe f the "Highest Numb	er Previously Paid	For" IN TH	IIS SPACE is less	than 20, enter "20"			istrument Ex RY L. OLSEN		TOTAL ADD'L FEE er:	
	"Highest Number P	-	•	. ,	-						

Ihis collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USP10 to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USP10. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.** If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)								
Examiner-Initiated Interview Summary	10/989,023 Examiner	BURKE ET AL.								
	SHRIPAL KHAJURIA	2478								
		2478								
All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):										
(1) <u>SHRIPAL KHAJURIA</u> .	(3)									
(2) <u>Linda Zachariah (Reg. No.48057)</u> .	(4)									
Date of Interview: 23 September 2011.										
Type: 🛛 Telephonic 🔲 Video Conference 🔲 Personal [copy given to: 🗌 applicant 🔄 applicant's representative]										
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: Yes X No. If Yes, brief description:										
Issues Discussed 101 112 102 103 Others (For each of the checked box(es) above, please describe below the issue and detailed description of the discussion)										
Claim(s) discussed: <u>all</u> .										
Identification of prior art discussed: Gregg.										
Substance of Interview (For each issue discussed, provide a detailed description and indicate if agreemen reference or a portion thereof, claim interpretation, proposed amendments, argum		dentification or clarification of a								
Agreement was reached to allow application if elements fro	om dependent claim 19 was in	corporated into each								
Applicant recordation instructions: It is not necessary for applicant to	provide a separate record of the subst	ance of interview.								
<b>Examiner recordation instructions</b> : Examiners must summarize the sub the substance of an interview should include the items listed in MPEP 713 general thrust of each argument or issue discussed, a general indication of general results or outcome of the interview, to include an indication as to v	.04 for complete and proper recordation f any other pertinent matters discusse	on including the identification of the dregarding patentability and the								
Attachment										
/S. K./ Examiner, Art Unit 2478										
L U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-413B (Rev. 8/11/2010) Interview	y Summary	Paper No. 20110930								

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# NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

<sup>60172</sup>7590 **SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C. 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 3400 SEATTLE, WA 98101-4010**  EXAMINER

KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 10/14/2011

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	123205-179926	1874

TITLE OF INVENTION: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK

APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	YES	\$870	\$300	\$O	\$1170	01/17/2012

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. <u>PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED</u>. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN <u>THREE MONTHS</u> FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. <u>THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED</u>. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

### HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the SMALL ENTITY status shown above.

If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as YES, verify your current SMALL ENTITY status:	If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as NO:
A. If the status is the same, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above.	A. Pay TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above, or
B. If the status above is to be removed, check box 5b on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and twice the amount of the ISSUE FEE shown above, or	B. If applicant claimed SMALL ENTITY status before, or is now claiming SMALL ENTITY status, check box 5a on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and 1/2 the ISSUE FEE shown above.

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

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### (571)-273-2885 or <u>Fax</u>

INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications. CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

60172 7590 10/14/2011 SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C. 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 3400 SEATTLE WA 98101-4010

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

**Certificate of Mailing or Transmission** I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile

SLATILL, WA	0101-4010		tran	smitted to the USPT	O(571) 273-2885, on the da	ate indicated below.		
						(Depositor's name)		
						(Signature)		
						(Date)		
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/989,023	11/16/2004		Robert M. Burke II		123205-179926	1874		
TITLE OF INVENTION:	SYSTEM FOR REGU	LATING ACCESS TO A	ND DISTRIBUTING CON	NTENT IN A NETW	VORK			
APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE	FEE TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE		
nonprovisional	YES	\$870	\$300	\$0	\$1170	01/17/2012		
EXAMI	NER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLASS					
KHAJURIA, S	HRIPAL K	2478	709-225000					
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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	123205-179926	1874	
60172 75	90 10/14/2011		EXAM	MINER	
SCHWABE, WII 1420 FIFTH AVEN	LLIAMSON & WYA	ATT, P.C.	KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K		
SEATTLE, WA 98101-4010			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			2478		
		DATE MAILED: 10/14/201	1		

# **Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)**

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment to date is 1115 day(s). If the issue fee is paid on the date that is three months after the mailing date of this notice and the patent issues on the Tuesday before the date that is 28 weeks (six and a half months) after the mailing date of this notice, the Patent Term Adjustment will be 1115 day(s).

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

# **Privacy Act Statement**

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

	Application No.	Applicant(a)	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Notice of Allowability	10/989,023	BURKE ET AL.	
Notice of Anonability	Examiner	Art Unit	
	SHRIPAL KHAJURIA	2478	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85 NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT R of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313	(OR REMAINS) CLOSED in th ) or other appropriate communi IGHTS. This application is sub	nis application. If not included cation will be mailed in due course. <b>THIS</b>	ve
1. X This communication is responsive to the amendments filed	<u>7/17/11</u> .		
2. An election was made by the applicant in response to a res requirement and election have been incorporated into this		ring the interview on; the restriction	า
3. ⊠ The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>1-16, 18, 20-44, 80, 82-84 and</u>	<u>116-119 (Renumbered 1-50)</u> .		
<ul> <li>4. ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority und</li> <li>a) ☐ All</li> <li>b) ☐ Some*</li> <li>c) ☐ None</li> <li>of the:</li> </ul>	er 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
1. 🔲 Certified copies of the priority documents have	e been received.		
2. 🔲 Certified copies of the priority documents have			
3. 🗌 Copies of the certified copies of the priority do	ocuments have been received in	n this national stage application from the	
International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).			
* Certified copies not received:			
Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONN THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.		reply complying with the requirements	
5. A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be subm INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which giv			
6. CORRECTED DRAWINGS ( as "replacement sheets") mus	st be submitted.		
(a) 🔲 including changes required by the Notice of Draftsper		PTO-948) attached	
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(b) 🔲 including changes required by the attached Examiner Paper No./Mail Date	's Amendment / Comment or in	the Office action of	
Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR search sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in			
<ul> <li>7. DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of f attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT For</li> </ul>	BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must	be submitted. Note the	
Attachment(s)			
1. I Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	5. 🗌 Notice of Info	mal Patent Application	
2. Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ımary (PTO-413), ail Date <u>9/30/11</u> .	
3. ☐ Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08), Paper No./Mail Date	7. 🛛 Examiner's Ar	nendment/Comment	
4. Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material		atement of Reasons for Allowance	
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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT**

1. An examiner's amendment to the record appears below. Should the changes and/or additions be unacceptable to applicant, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 CFR 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it MUST be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee.

Authorization for this examiner's amendment was given in a telephone interview with Linda Zachariah (Reg. No. on 9/23/11.

1. (Currently Amended) A system for regulating access to content provided by a content server, the system comprising:

a controller node configured to control access to the content provided by the content server, the controller node comprising:

a first processor configured to generate controller instructions to allow access to one or more particular content files provided by the content server, wherein the controller instructions are configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units, remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network, to regulate access to the one or more particular content files provided by the content server, by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node; and

a first network interface coupled to the first processor, and configured to transmit the controller instructions to the gateway units over the network, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway units to receive a user request for the one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to the user prior to further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is located at a subscriber location

and is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals, wherein at least one of the tamper resistant gateway units comprise:

<u>a housing;</u>

a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing; and

a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

2. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1 wherein:

at least one gateway unit further comprises an identifier uniquely associating the corresponding gateway unit with a user; wherein the corresponding storage device is further configured to store information associated with the user, in accordance with the controller instructions.

3. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein:

at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to receive requests to transmit data for a coupled subscriber terminal; and

the at least one gateway unit further comprises a second processor configured to inspect the data to selectively transmit none, some or all of the data for the requesting subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

4. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein: at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to receive requests to retrieve the content files for a coupled subscriber terminal; and

the second processor is configured to inspect the <u>content files</u> to selectively provide none, some or all of the retrieved content files to the requesting subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

5. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor is configured to generate the controller instructions automatically.

6. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor is configured to generate the controller instructions in response to an operator-entered request.

7. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node is included in a plurality of controller nodes, and wherein the controller node comprising the first processor is configured to generate the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

8. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller instructions are configured to deny users of the subscriber terminals access to one or more other content servers, in accordance with the controller instructions.

9. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 8, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises <u>an additional</u> processor configured to generate a notification to the controller node in response to a network access request to access one of the one or more other content servers by a coupled subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

10. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 8, wherein at least one of the plurality of gateway units comprises <u>an additional</u> processor configured to:

detect a network access request to access one of the one or more other content servers by a coupled subscriber terminal; and

re-direct the network access request to one or more other content servers;

wherein the detect and re-direct are performed in accordance with the controller instructions.

11. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein:

the controller instructions are configured to include a file identifier; and

at least one of the plurality of gateway units is configured to be associated with a user file system, and the at least one gateway units comprises <u>an additional</u> processor configured to detect a file in the user file system corresponding to the file identifier, in accordance with the controller instructions.

12. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 11, wherein the at least one gateway

unit is configured to be operable between an active state and an inactive state.

13. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 12, wherein the <u>additional</u> processor is configured to notify the controller node in response to the at least one gateway unit entering an inactive state, in accordance with the controller instructions.

14. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 12, wherein the <u>additional</u> processor is configured to delete the detected file from the user file system, in accordance with the controller instructions.

15. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 14, wherein the <u>additional</u> processor is configured to delete the detected file from the user file system during the inactive state.

16. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 11, wherein the at least one gateway unit is configured to notify the controller node if a file corresponding to the file identifier is detected in the associated user file system, in accordance with the controller instructions.

17. (Canceled)

18. (Currently Amended) The system of claim <u>17-1</u>, wherein the at least one gateway unit is further configured to notify the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

19. (Canceled)

20. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>the</u> second processor <u>is</u> configured to enter a corresponding gateway unit into a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission from the controller node, in accordance with the controller instructions.

21. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node comprises a copyright registry configured to track copyright status of content files distributed to subscriber terminals, via one or more of the gateway units.

22. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 21, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to transmit copyright registrations of content data files to the copyright registry, in accordance with the controller instructions.

23. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises <u>an additional</u> processor configured to cause the at least one gateway unit to access a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software on a coupled subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

24. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 23, wherein the <u>additional</u> processor is configured to select the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites, in accordance with the controller instructions.

25. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 24, wherein the <u>additional</u> processor is configured to select the predetermined network site according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others, in accordance with the controller instructions.

26. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to:

receive registration information from a user of a coupled subscriber terminal via the user interface; and

receive initial operating parameters from the controller node via the second network interface;

wherein both receive operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

27. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to:

receive registration information from a user of a coupled subscriber terminal via the user interface; and

receive software updates from the controller node via the second network interface;

wherein both receive operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

28. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein:

at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to transmit advertisements via the user interface to a user display of a coupled subscriber terminal, wherein the advertisements are customized in accordance with content received via the second network interface, in accordance with the controller instructions.

29. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface configured to:

transmit pay-per-view advertising via the user interface to a coupled subscriber terminal

for selective display by a user of the subscriber terminal; and

report to the controller node for payment credits for the user upon selective display of an advertisement by the user;

wherein the transmit and report operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

30. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 29, wherein the at least one gateway units is configured to generate one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection, in accordance with the controller instructions.

31. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second network interface configured <u>to</u> receive software via the second network interface for execution on the second processor, the software to enable at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming, in accordance with the controller instructions.

32. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein <u>the</u> second processor <u>is</u> configured to detect a denial-of-service attack, in accordance with the controller instructions.

33. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 32, wherein the second processor is configured to detect a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

34. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data and outgoing data to the at least one of the gateway units, in accordance with the controller instructions.

35. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to:

detect a user attempt to access at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt;

wherein the detect and selective block are in accordance with the controller instructions.

36. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 35 wherein at least one the gateway units comprises an interface configured to transmit, via the interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services, in accordance with the controller instructions.

37. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to:

detect a user attempt to access at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio or video traffic; and

selectively block the detected attempt;

wherein the detect and selective block are in accordance with the controller instructions.

38. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 37, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to transmit, via the interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services, in accordance with the controller instructions.

39. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second network interface configured to:

detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the second network interface; and

selectively reduce the quality of service of the at least one of audio and video traffic;

wherein the detect and selective reduction are in accordance with the controller instructions; and

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of:

reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

40. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, further comprising a plurality of access nodes, wherein the first processor is further configured to generate authorization instructions and transmit the authorization instructions to the access nodes, and the access nodes are configured to:

receive the authorization instructions from the controller node; and

selectively permit the gateway units to access the network in accordance with the authorization instructions.

41. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the

gateway units comprises data storage units partitioned into a network portion and a user portion, and the at least one gateway units is configured to selectively share data stored in the network partition with at least one of another gateway unit, via a second network interface of the at least one gateway unit, in accordance with the controller instructions.

42. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor is configured to selectively forward content data received from a first other gateway unit to a second other gateway unit, in accordance with the controller instructions.

43. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor is further configured to:

receive portions of a content file from a group of other gateway units; and

assemble a content file based on the received portions for transmission to a user of a coupled subscriber terminal, via the user interface;

wherein the receive and assemble are in accordance with the controller instructions.

44. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, further comprising an intervention node, wherein the intervention node includes:

an operator interface configured to receive operator-entered spoofing attack instructions; and

a second network interface configured to transmit at least one substitute file pointer to addresses in the network in accordance with the spoofing attack instructions.

45. - 48. (Canceled).

49. - 68 (Canceled)

69. - 71 (Canceled)

72. - 79 (Canceled)

80. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 82, wherein the

processor is further configured to enter a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission from the controller node.

81. (Canceled).

82. (Currently Amended) A gateway unit for regulating access to content provided by

a content server, comprising:

a network interface configured to receive controller instructions from a controller node, the gateway unit remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network; and

a processor configured to execute the controller instructions to regulate access by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway unit of content files provided by the content server, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the network interface to receive a user request for one or more of the content files and in response, to provide the one or more content files to the user prior to receiving further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein the gateway unit is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals, the gateway unit comprising:

<u>a housing;</u>
 <u>a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing;</u>
 <u>a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and</u>
 <u>a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the</u>
 <u>detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller</u>
 <u>instructions.</u>

83. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 82, wherein the processor is further configured to select a predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites, in accordance with the controller instructions.

84. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 83, wherein the processor is further configured to select from the list of predetermined network sites according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others, in accordance with the controller instructions.

85. – 86. (Canceled).

87. – 111 (Canceled). 112-114 (Canceled).

115. (Canceled).

116. (Previously Presented) An apparatus, comprising:

means for generating controller instructions to allow access to one or more particular content files provided by a content server, wherein the controller instructions are configured to be executed by a gateway unit, the gateway unit remotely disposed from the means for generating the controller instructions and the content server, and coupled to a controller node including the means for generating controller instructions and the content server via a network, the controller instructions to regulate access to the one or more particular content files provided by the content server to a subscriber terminal selectively coupled to the gateway unit, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node; and

means to transmit the controller instructions to the gateway unit over the network, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway unit to receive a subscriber request for the one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to the subscriber prior to further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein the gateway unit is located at a subscriber location and is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminal, <u>the gateway unit comprising</u>:

a housing; <u>a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing;</u> <u>a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and</u> <u>a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the</u> <u>detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller</u> <u>instructions.</u> first means for receiving controller instructions from a controller node, the apparatus remotely coupled to the controller node and a content server via a network;

second means configured to execute the controller instructions to regulate access by subscriber terminals of content provided by the content server, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions by the first means, the first means to receive a user request for one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to a subscriber terminal prior to further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein the apparatus including the first means and the second means is located at a subscriber location and is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access by the subscriber terminal of the controller node provided controller instructions, the apparatus further comprising:

<u>a housing;</u>
 <u>a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing;</u>
 <u>a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and</u>
 <u>a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the</u>
 <u>detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller</u>
 <u>instructions.</u>

118. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1 wherein the controller instructions are further configured to cause the plurality of gateway units to inhibit access by a second plurality of subscriber terminals to content provided by the content server.

119. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 82 wherein the controller instructions are configured to regulate processing by network units of the content files provided by the content server.

2. Claims 1-16, 18, 20-44, 80, 82-84 and 116-119 are allowed (Renumbered 1-50). The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: In interpreting 3. the currently amended claims, in light of the specification. the Examiner find the claimed invention to be patentably distinct from the prior arts of record. The prior arts of records fail to render obvious A system for regulating access to content provided by a content server, the system comprising: a controller node configured to control access to the content provided by the content server, the controller node comprising: a first processor configured to generate controller instructions to allow access to one or more particular content files provided by the content server, wherein the controller instructions are configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units, remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network, to regulate access to the one or more particular content files provided by the content server, by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node; and a first network interface coupled to the first processor, and configured to transmit the controller instructions to the gateway units over the network, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway units to receive a user request for the one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to the user prior to further input or instruction from the controller node; wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is located at a subscriber location and is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller

instructions by the subscriber terminals, wherein at least one of the tamper resistant gateway units comprise: a housing; a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing; and a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

4. Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHRIPAL KHAJURIA whose telephone number is (571)270-5662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 10:00AM-6:30PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Pwu can be reached on (571)272-6798. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/S. K./ Examiner, Art Unit 2478

/Jeffrey Pwu/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2478

## **EAST Search History**

### EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	6258	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; OR USPAT; USOCR		OFF	2011/09/30 16:52
L2	668	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 16:52
L3	1	(L1 L2) and (regulating same node same network same processor).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 16:52
L4	5816	(709/225).OCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 16:52
L5	175	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) and network near (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:02
L6	6	predetermined near websites and weight same website	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:02
L7	85	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view and modes and display	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:02
L10	0	("L8" "L9") and (regulating same node same network same processor).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:03
S1	5488	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/04/27 11:58
S2	585	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/04/27 11:58
83	1	(S1 S2) and (regulating same node same network same processor).clm.	ating US-PGPUB; OR OFF USPAT; USOCR		OFF	2009/04/27 11:59
S4	3886 (709/225).CCLS.		US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/04/27 12:11

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S5	0	network same parition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
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S7	709	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:15
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S11	9	("6516416" "20010051996" "20020169865" "20020120577" "6694429" "20020059440" "20020145981" "20030204602" "20030233281").pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2009/10/23 14:21
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S24	5893	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
S25	626	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
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S27	4846	(709/225).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
S28	1	"20020120577".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 17:16
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S30	6	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) same network near (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2010/08/13 18:23

S31	6107	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:12
\$32	651	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:12
S33	1	(S31 S32) and (regulating same node same network same processor).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:12
S34	5364	(709/225).OCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:12
\$35	1	"6516416".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2011/04/07 20:46

# EAST Search History (Interference)

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L8	5169	burke.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:02
L9	535	carman.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:02
L11	0	("L8" "L9") and (regulating same node same network same processor).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:03
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L13	181	network same partition \$3 and user near (portion or part) and network near (part or portion)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:03
L14	85	gateway and storage and pay near3 pay near3 view and modes and display	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:03
L15	28	predetermined near web and weight same web and network and internet	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	OR	OFF	2011/09/30 17:04

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	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Issue Classification	10989023	BURKE ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SHRIPAL KHAJURIA	2478

	ORIGINAL				INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION										
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/SHRIPAL KHAJURIA/ Examiner.Art Unit 2478	Total Claims Allowed:					
(Assistant Examiner)	(Date)	50				
/JEFFREY PWU/ Supervisory Patent Examiner.Art Unit 2478	09/30/2011	O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure			
(Primary Examiner)	(Date)	1	1			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Issue Classification	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination BURKE ET AL.				
	Examiner	Art Unit				
	SHRIPAL KHAJURIA	2478				
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/JEFFREY PWU/ Supervisory Patent Examiner.Art Unit 2478	09/30/2011	O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure			
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				Application/Control No.						Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination				
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	110	✓	÷	N										
	111	✓	÷	N										
	112	✓	-	N										
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	114	<b>√</b>	-	N										
	115	✓	÷	✓	✓	-	-							
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	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Search Notes	10989023	BURKE ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	SHRIPAL K KHAJURIA	2446

SEARCHED								
Class		Subclass	Date	Examiner				
709	225		10/22/09	skk				
709	225		8/13/10	skk				
709	225		4/7/11	skk				
709	225		9/30/2011	skk				

SEARCH NOTES								
Search Notes	Date	Examiner						
Inventor Search	10/22/09	skk						
East search - see attached	10/22/09	skk						
Updated Text search of East (USPat, USPG_Pub, JPO, EPO, Derwent, IBM_TDB) and Inventor search.	8/13/10	skk						
Updated Text search of East (USPat, USPG_Pub, JPO, EPO, Derwent, IBM_TDB) and Inventor search.	4/7/11	skk						
Consulted Jeff Pwu on Allowable subject matter	9/21/2011	skk						
Updated Text search of East (USPat, USPG_Pub, JPO, EPO, Derwent, IBM_TDB) and Inventor search.	9/30/2011	skk						

Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner					
PgPub and UnPub	see attached East search history	9/30/2011	skk					

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#### PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE **Commissioner for Patents** P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 or Fax (571)-273-2885 INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications. Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission. CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address) 60172 7590 10/14/2011 SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C. **Certificate of Mailing or Transmission** I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below. 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 3400 SEATTLE, WA 98101-4010 (Depositor's name (Signature (Date APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 1874 10/989.023 11/16/2004 Robert M. Burke II 123205-179926 TITLE OF INVENTION: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK APPLN, TYPE SMALL ENTITY ISSUE FEE DUE PUBLICATION FEE DUE PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE TOTAL FEE(S) DUE DATE DUE 01/17/2012 YES \$870 \$300 \$0 \$1170 nonprovisional EXAMINER ART UNIT CLASS-SUBCLASS KHAJURIA, SHRIPAL K 2478 709-225000 1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363). 2. For printing on the patent front page, list Schwabe, Williamson & Wyatt, P.C. (1) the names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached. or agents OR, alternatively, (2) the name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer listed, no name will be printed. Number is required. 3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type) PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment. (A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent) : 🔲 Individual 🔲 Corporation or other private group entity 🛄 Government 4a. The following fee(s) are submitted: 4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above) Issue Fee A check is enclosed. L Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted) Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. L The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number 500393 (enclose an extra copy of this form). Advance Order - # of Copies 5. Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above) a. Applicant claims SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27. b. Applicant is no longer claiming SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27(g)(2). NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney or agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office. /Linda S. Zachariah/ January 12, 2012 Authorized Signature Date Typed or printed name Linda S. Zachariah Registration No. 48.057 This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

OMB 0651-0033

DISH, Exh. 1004, p.0402 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In Application of:

Robert M. Burke II, et al.

Application No.: 10/989,023

Filed: November 16, 2004

Confirmation No.: 1874

For: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK

Mail Stop ISSUE FEE Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 Examiner: Shripal K. Khajuria

#### AMENDMENT AFTER ALLOWANCE UNDER 37 CFR 1.312

Commissioner for Patents:

In response to the Notice of Allowance mailed October 14, 2011, please amend the application as follows:

Amendments to the Claims are reflected in the listing of claims which begins on page 2 of this paper.

**Remarks** begin on page 14 of this paper.

#### Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

#### Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously Presented) A system for regulating access to content provided by a content server, the system comprising:

a controller node configured to control access to the content provided by the content server, the controller node comprising:

a first processor configured to generate controller instructions to allow access to one or more particular content files provided by the content server, wherein the controller instructions are configured to be executed by a plurality of gateway units, remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network, to regulate access to the one or more particular content files provided by the content server, by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway units, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node; and

a first network interface coupled to the first processor, and configured to transmit the controller instructions to the gateway units over the network, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway units to receive a user request for the one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to the user prior to further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein each of the plurality of gateway units is located at a subscriber location and is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals, wherein

at least one of the tamper resistant gateway units comprise

a housing;

a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing; and

a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and

a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

2. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1 wherein:

at least one gateway unit further comprises an identifier uniquely associating the corresponding gateway unit with a user; wherein the corresponding storage device is further configured to store information associated with the user, in accordance with the controller instructions.

3. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein:

at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to receive requests to transmit data for a coupled subscriber terminal; and

the at least one gateway unit further comprises a second processor configured to inspect the data to selectively transmit none, some or all of the data for the requesting subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

4. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein:

at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to receive requests to retrieve the content files for a coupled subscriber terminal; and

the second processor is configured to inspect the content files to selectively provide none, some or all of the retrieved content files to the requesting subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

5. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor is configured to generate the controller instructions automatically.

6. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the first processor is configured to generate the controller instructions in response to an operator-entered request.

7. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node is included in a plurality of controller nodes, and wherein the controller node comprising the first processor is configured to generate the controller instructions by operator-controlled network crawling.

8. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller instructions are configured to deny users of the subscriber terminals access to one or more other content servers, in accordance with the controller instructions.

9. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 8, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises an additional processor configured to generate a notification to the controller node in response to a network access request to access one of the one or more other content servers by a coupled subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

10. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 8, wherein at least one of the plurality of gateway units comprises an additional processor configured to:

detect a network access request to access one of the one or more other content servers by a coupled subscriber terminal; and

re-direct the network access request to one or more other content servers;

wherein the detect and re-direct are performed in accordance with the controller instructions.

11. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein:

the controller instructions are configured to include a file identifier; and

at least one of the plurality of gateway units is configured to be associated with a user file system, and the at least one gateway units comprises an additional processor configured to detect a file in the user file system corresponding to the file identifier, in

accordance with the controller instructions.

12. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 11, wherein the at least one gateway unit is configured to be operable between an active state and an inactive state.

13. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 12, wherein the second processor is configured to notify the controller node in response to the at least one gateway unit entering an inactive state, in accordance with the controller instructions.

14. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 12, wherein the second processor is configured to delete the detected file from the user file system, in accordance with the controller instructions.

15. (Previously Presented). The system of claim 14, wherein the additional processor is configured to delete the detected file from the user file system during the inactive state.

16. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 11, wherein the at least one gateway unit is configured to notify the controller node if a file corresponding to the file identifier is detected in the associated user file system, in accordance with the controller instructions.

17. (Canceled).

18. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the at least one gateway unit is further configured to notify the controller node of a detected attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

19. (Canceled).

20. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor is configured to enter a corresponding gateway unit into a user-controlled operational mode

after receiving permission from the controller node, in accordance with the controller instructions.

21. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the controller node comprises a copyright registry configured to track copyright status of content files distributed to subscriber terminals, via one or more of the gateway units.

22. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 21, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to transmit copyright registrations of content data files to the copyright registry, in accordance with the controller instructions.

23. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises an additional processor configured to cause the at least one gateway unit to access a predetermined network site upon initiation of network browser software on a coupled subscriber terminal, in accordance with the controller instructions.

24. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 23, wherein the second processor is configured to select the predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites, in accordance with the controller instructions.

25. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 24, wherein the additional processor is configured to select the predetermined network site according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others, in accordance with the controller instructions.

26. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to:

receive registration information from a user of a coupled subscriber terminal via the user interface; and

receive initial operating parameters from the controller node via the second network interface;

wherein both receive operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

27. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to:

receive registration information from a user of a coupled subscriber terminal via the user interface; and

receive software updates from the controller node via the second network interface;

wherein both receive operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

28. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein:

at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface and a second network interface configured to transmit advertisements via the user interface to a user display of a coupled subscriber terminal, wherein the advertisements are customized in accordance with content received via the second network interface, in accordance with the controller instructions.

29. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a user interface configured to:

transmit pay-per-view advertising via the user interface to a coupled subscriber terminal for selective display by a user of the subscriber terminal; and

report to the controller node for payment credits for the user upon selective display of an advertisement by the user;

wherein the transmit and report operations are in accordance with the controller instructions.

30. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 29, wherein the at least one gateway units is configured to generate one of a plurality of viewing modes for viewing the pay-per-view advertising in response to a user selection, in accordance with the controller instructions.

31. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second network interface configured to receive software via the second network interface for execution on the second processor, the software to enable at least one of a fee-based network service, network video calling, and network gaming, in accordance with the controller instructions.

32. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor is configured to detect a denial-of-service attack, in accordance with the controller instructions.

33. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 32, wherein the second processor is configured to detect a denial-of-service attack initiated by a virus.

34. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to selectively transmit to law enforcement terminals information describing at least one of incoming data to and outgoing data to from the at least one of the gateway units, in accordance with the controller instructions.

35. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to:

detect a user attempt to access at least one of transmit and receive voice traffic; and selectively block the detected attempt;

wherein the detect and selective block are in accordance with the controller instructions.

36. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 35 wherein at least one <u>of</u> the gateway units comprises an interface configured to transmit, via the interface, an advertisement offering voice transmission services, in accordance with the controller instructions.

37. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units is configured to:

detect a user attempt to access at least one of transmit and receive at least one of audio or video traffic; and

selectively block the detected attempt;

wherein the detect and selective block are in accordance with the controller instructions.

38. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 37, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises an interface configured to transmit, via the interface, an advertisement offering at least one of audio and video traffic services, in accordance with the controller instructions.

39. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the gateway units comprises a second network interface configured to:

detect at least one of audio and video traffic flowing through the second network interface; and

selectively reduce the quality of service of the at least one of audio and video traffic;

wherein the detect and selective reduction are in accordance with the controller instructions; and

wherein reduction of quality of service comprises at least one of:

reducing a duty cycle, inserting TCP/IP messages in the at least one of audio and video traffic, inserting Nak/Ack pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic, and inserting X-On/X-Off pairs in the at least one of audio and video traffic.

40. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, further comprising a plurality of access nodes, wherein the first processor is further configured to generate authorization instructions and transmit the authorization instructions to the access nodes, and the access nodes are configured to:

receive the authorization instructions from the controller node; and

selectively permit the gateway units to access the network in accordance with the authorization instructions.

41. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the

gateway units comprises data storage units partitioned into a network portion and a user portion, and the at least one gateway units is configured to selectively share data stored in the network partition with at least one of another gateway unit, via a second network interface of the at least one gateway unit, in accordance with the controller instructions.

42. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor is configured to selectively forward content data received from a first other gateway unit to a second other gateway unit, in accordance with the controller instructions.

43. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the second processor is further configured to:

receive portions of a content file from a group of other gateway units; and assemble a content file based on the received portions for transmission to a user of a coupled subscriber terminal, via the user interface;

wherein the receive and assemble are in accordance with the controller instructions.

44. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, further comprising an intervention node, wherein the intervention node includes:

an operator interface configured to receive operator-entered spoofing attack instructions; and

a second network interface configured to transmit at least one substitute file pointer to addresses in the network in accordance with the spoofing attack instructions.

45. – 79. (Canceled)

80. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 82, wherein the

processor is further configured to enter a user-controlled operational mode after receiving permission from the controller node.

81. (Canceled).

82. (Previously Presented) A gateway unit for regulating access to content

provided by a content server, comprising:

a network interface configured to receive controller instructions from a controller node, the gateway unit remotely disposed from the controller node and the content server, and coupled to the controller node and the content server via a network; and

a processor configured to execute the controller instructions to regulate access by subscriber terminals selectively coupled to the gateway unit of content files provided by the content server, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the network interface to receive a user request for one or more of the content files and in response, to provide the one or more content files to the user prior to receiving further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein the gateway unit is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminals, the gateway unit comprising:

a housing;

a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing;

a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and

a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

83. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 82, wherein the processor is further configured to select a predetermined network site from a list of predetermined network sites, in accordance with the controller instructions.

84. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 83, wherein the processor is further configured to select from the list of predetermined network sites according to a weighting function such that at least a portion of the predetermined network sites are selected more often than others, in accordance with the controller instructions.

85. – 115 (Canceled).

116. (Previously Presented) An apparatus, comprising:

means for generating controller instructions to allow access to one or more particular content files provided by a content server, wherein the controller instructions are configured to be executed by a gateway unit, the gateway unit remotely disposed from the means for generating the controller instructions and the content server, and coupled to a controller node including the means for generating controller instructions and the content server via a network, the controller instructions to regulate access to the one or more particular content files provided by the content server to a subscriber terminal selectively coupled to the gateway unit, including distributedly implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node; and

means to transmit the controller instructions to the gateway unit over the network, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions, the gateway unit to receive a subscriber request for the one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to the subscriber prior to further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein the gateway unit is located at a subscriber location and is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access of the controller node provided controller instructions by the subscriber terminal, the gateway unit comprising:

a housing;

a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing;

a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and

a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

117. (Previously Presented) An apparatus, comprising:

first means for receiving controller instructions from a controller node, the apparatus remotely coupled to the controller node and a content server via a network;

second means configured to execute the controller instructions to regulate access by subscriber terminals of content provided by the content server, including distributedly

implementing a digital rights management service on behalf of the controller node, wherein subsequent to receipt of the controller instructions by the first means, the first means to receive a user request for one or more particular content files and in response, to provide the one or more particular content files to a subscriber terminal prior to further input or instruction from the controller node;

wherein the apparatus including the first means and the second means is located at a subscriber location and is further configured to be tamper resistant with respect to access by the subscriber terminal of the controller node provided controller instructions, the apparatus further comprising:

a housing;

a detector configured to detect an attempt to open the housing;

a storage device configured to store the controller instructions; and a second processor configured to prevent access to the storage device when the detector detects an attempt to open the housing, in accordance with the controller instructions.

118. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1 wherein the controller instructions are further configured to cause the plurality of gateway units to inhibit access by a second plurality of subscriber terminals to content provided by the content server.

119. (Previously Presented) The gateway unit of claim 82 wherein the controller instructions are configured to regulate processing by network units of the content files provided by the content server.

#### <u>Remarks</u>

#### **SUMMARY**

This amendment under 37 CFR 1.312 is being filed in response to the Notice of Allowance dated October 14, 2011. The Examiner is thanked for allowing claims 1-16, 18, 20-44, 80, 82-84, and 116-119. Claims 34 and 36 are amended to correct minor typographical errors. No new matter is added. Entry of the Amendment is respectfully requested.

#### Conclusion

It is not believed that extensions of time are required beyond those that may otherwise be provided for in documents accompanying this paper. However, if additional extensions of time are necessary to prevent abandonment of this application, then such extensions of time are hereby petitioned under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).

If the Examiner has any questions concerning the present paper, the Examiner is kindly requested to contact the undersigned at (206) 407-1542. If any fees are due in connection with filing this paper, the Commissioner is authorized to charge the Deposit Account of Schwabe, Williamson and Wyatt, P.C., No. 50-0393.

Respectfully submitted, SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C.

Date: 1/12/12 by: /Linda S. Zachariah/

Linda S. Zachariah Reg. No.: 48,057

Electronic Patent A	pp	lication Fee	Transmi	ittal				
Application Number:	109	989023						
Filing Date:	16-	Nov-2004						
Title of Invention:	SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK							
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Rol	oert M. Burke						
Filer: Linda S. Zachariah/Allyson Dahmen								
Attorney Docket Number:	123	3205-179926						
Filed as Small Entity								
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees								
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)			
Basic Filing:								
Pages:								
Claims:								
Miscellaneous-Filing:								
Petition:	Petition:							
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:	Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:							
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:								
Utility Appl issue fee		2501	1	870	870			
Publ. Fee- early, voluntary, or normal		1504	1	300 DISH, Exh.	300 1004, p.0417			

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
	Tot	al in USD	) (\$)	1170

Electronic Ac	knowledgement Receipt					
EFS ID:	11822689					
Application Number:	10989023					
International Application Number:						
Confirmation Number:	1874					
Title of Invention:	SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK					
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Robert M. Burke					
Customer Number:	60172					
Filer:	Linda S. Zachariah/Allyson Dahmen					
Filer Authorized By:	Linda S. Zachariah					
Attorney Docket Number:	123205-179926					
Receipt Date:	12-JAN-2012					
Filing Date:	16-NOV-2004					
Time Stamp:	15:40:48					
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)					

# Payment information:

Submitted wi	th Payment	yes	yes					
Payment Type	2	Deposit Account	Deposit Account					
Payment was	successfully received in RAM	\$1170	\$1170					
RAM confirma	ition Number	2207						
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Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ DISH, Message Digest Message Digest					

1	lssue Fee Payment (PTO-85B)	BC P001 IssueFee.pdf	787564 no	1			
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Warnings:							
Information:							
2	Amendment after Notice of Allowance	BC_P001_312Amendment.pdf	515045	no	14		
	(Rule 312)		1a3f4797cfc5380a544004ad90b2406c9c7b da83				
Warnings:							
Information							
3	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	32113	no	2		
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Information: This Acknow characterized Post Card, as <u>New Applica</u> If a new appl 1.53(b)-(d) an Acknowledg <u>National Stat</u> If a timely su U.S.C. 371 an	ledgement Receipt evidences receip d by the applicant, and including pag described in MPEP 503. <u>tions Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u> ication is being filed and the applica nd MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CF ement Receipt will establish the filin ge of an International Application un bmission to enter the national stage of other applicable requirements a F ge submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 wi	t on the noted date by the U ge counts, where applicable. tion includes the necessary o R 1.54) will be issued in due g date of the application. <u>ider 35 U.S.C. 371</u> of an international applicati orm PCT/DO/EO/903 indicati	SPTO of the indicated It serves as evidence components for a filir course and the date s on is compliant with ng acceptance of the	d document of receipt : ng date (see shown on th the conditio	similar to a 37 CFR nis ons of 35		

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/989,023	11/16/2004	Robert M. Burke II	123205-179926	1874
SCHWABE, W	7590 01/25/2013 /ILLIAMSON & WYA VENUE, SUITE 3400	-	EXAM KHAJURIA,	
SEATTLE, WA	A 98101-4010		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2478	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/25/2012	PAPER

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APPLICATION NO./ CONTROL NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR / PATENT IN REEXAMINATION	4	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
10/989,023	16 November 2004	BURKE ET AL.		123205-179926
			E	EXAMINER
SCHWABE, WILLIAMSO 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SU	JITE 3400	SHRIF	PAL KHAJURIA	
SEATTLE, WA 98101-4	010		ART UNIT	PAPER
			2478	20120120

DATE MAILED:

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner for Patents** 

Amendments filed on 1/12/12 to fix minor typographical errors are ok to enter.

/Jeffrey Pwu/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2478 /S. K./ Examiner, Art Unit 2478 Serial: 10/989,023 Art Unit: 2478

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In Application of:

Robert M. Burke II, et al.

Application No.: 10/989,023

Filed: November 16, 2004

Confirmation No.: 1874

For: SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK

Mail Stop ISSUE FEE Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 Examiner: Shripal K. Khajuria

#### AMENDMENT AFTER ALLOWANCE UNDER 37 CFR 1.312

Commissioner for Patents:

In response to the Notice of Allowance mailed October 14, 2011, please amend the application as follows:

Amendments to the Claims are reflected in the listing of claims which begins on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 14 of this paper.



## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

#### 

Bib Data Sheet

#### **CONFIRMATION NO. 1874**

<b>SERIAL NUMBE</b> 10/989,023	R FILING OR 371(c) DATE 11/16/2004 RULE	<b>CLASS</b> 709	GRO	<b>GROUP ART UNIT</b> 2478		<b>ATTORNEY</b> <b>DOCKET NO.</b> 123205-179926	
APPLICANTS Robert M. Burke II, Los Gatos, CA; David Z. Carman, San Jose, CA; ** CONTINUING DATA **********************************							
Foreign Priority claimed yes no 35 USC 119 (a-d) conditions yes no Met after met Allowance Initials STATE OR COUNTRY CA 7 TOTAL CLAIMS CA 7 115 36							
ADDRESS 60172 TITLE SYSTEM FOR REGULATING ACCESS TO AND DISTRIBUTING CONTENT IN A NETWORK							
FILING FEE RECEIVED 2767       FEES: Authority has been given in Paper to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT for following:       Image: All Fees         Image: Deposit and the set of the s					essing Ext. of		



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APPLICATION NO.	ISSUE DATE	PATENT NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/989,023	02/21/2012	8122128	123205-179926	1874

 60172
 7590
 02/01/2012

 SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C.
 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 3400

 SEATTLE, WA 98101-4010

## **ISSUE NOTIFICATION**

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

## Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 1727 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Application Assistance Unit (AAU) of the Office of Data Management (ODM) at (571)-272-4200.

APPLICANT(s) (Please see PAIR WEB site http://pair.uspto.gov for additional applicants):

Robert M. Burke II, Los Gatos, CA; David Z. Carman, San Jose, CA;

# 504597358 10/17/2017

## PATENT ASSIGNMENT COVER SHEET

Electronic Version v1.1 Stylesheet Version v1.2 EPAS ID: PAT4644070

SUBMISSION TYPE:		NEW ASSIGNMENT			
NATURE OF CONVEYA	NCE:	ASSIGNMENT	ASSIGNMENT		
CONVEYING PARTY D	ΑΤΑ				
		Name			Execution Date
CATONIAN IP MANAGE	EMENT				10/17/2017
					1
RECEIVING PARTY DA					
Name:			ENT LLC		
Street Address:		IYDE PLACE			
City:		RLEANS			
State/Country:	LOUISI	ANA			
Postal Code:	70123				
PROPERTY NUMBERS	6 Total: 4				
Property Type		Number			
Patent Number:	8	3122128			
Patent Number:	8	3799468			
Patent Number:	ç	9465925	925		
Application Number:		15258991	8991		
	pe sent to provided j	the e-mail address first; if th ; if that is unsuccessful, it wi ason@ipval.com JASON BOURGEOIS 1619 NASHVILLE AVENUE NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 7 JASON BOURGEOIS /Jason Bourgeois/	ll be sen		
		-			
	DATE SIGNED:       10/17/2017         This document serves as an Oath/Declaration (37 CFI			(27 CED 1 62)	
		I his document serves as	an Oath	Declaratio	и (37 СРК 1.63).
Total Attachments: 2 source=ASSIGNMENT T source=ASSIGNMENT T	•	•			

#### **ASSIGNMENT OF PATENT RIGHTS**

For good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, Catonian IP Management LLC (*"Assignor"*), does hereby sell, assign, transfer, and convey unto Multimedia Content Management LLC (*"Assignee"*), or its designees, all right, title, and interest that exist today and may exist in the future in and to any and all of the following (collectively, the *"Patent Rights"*):

Patent or Application No.	Country	Filing Date	Title of Patent and First Named Inventor
8,122,128	U.S.	11/16/2004	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network; Burke
8,799,468	U.S.	02/08/2012	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network; Burke
9,465,925	U.S.	07/22/2014	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network; Burke
15/258,991	U.S.	09/07/2016	System for regulating access to and distributing content in a network; Burke

(a) the patent applications and patents listed in the table below (the "*Patents*");

(b) all patents and patent applications (i) to which the Patent directly or indirectly claims priority, (ii) for which the Patent directly or indirectly forms a basis for priority, and/or (iii) that were co-owned applications that directly or indirectly incorporate by reference, or were incorporated by reference into, the Patent;

(c) all reissues, reexaminations, extensions, continuations, continuations in part, continuing prosecution applications, requests for continuing examinations, divisions, registrations of any item in any of the foregoing categories (a) and (b);

(d) all inventions, invention disclosures, and discoveries described in any item in any of the foregoing categories (a) through (c) and all other rights arising out of such inventions, invention disclosures, and discoveries;

(e) all rights to apply in any or all countries of the world for patents, certificates of invention, utility models, industrial design protections, design patent protections, or other governmental grants or issuances of any type related to any item in any of the foregoing categories (a) through (d), including, without limitation, under the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, the International Patent Cooperation Treaty, or any other convention, treaty, agreement, or understanding;

(f) all causes of action (whether known or unknown or whether currently pending, filed, or otherwise) and other enforcement rights under, or on account of, the Patent and/or any item in any of the foregoing categories (b) through (e), including, without limitation, all causes of action and other enforcement rights for (i) past, present, and future damages, (ii) injunctive relief, and (iii) any other remedies of any kind for past, present, and future infringement; and

(g) all rights to collect royalties and other payments under or on account of the Patent and/or any item in any of the foregoing categories (a) through (f).

Assignor represents, warrants and covenants that:

(1) Assignor has the full power and authority, and has obtained all third party consents, approvals and/or other authorizations required to enter into the Letter Agreement and to carry out its obligations hereunder, including the assignment of the Patent Rights to Assignee; and

(2) Assignor owns, and by this document assigns to Assignee, all right, title, and interest to the Patent Rights, including, without limitation, all right, title, and interest to sue for infringement of the Patent Rights. Assignor has obtained and properly recorded previously executed assignments for the Patent Rights as necessary to fully perfect its rights and title therein in accordance with governing law and regulations in each respective jurisdiction. The Patent Rights are free and clear of all liens, claims, mortgages, security interests or other encumbrances, and restrictions. There are no actions, suits, investigations, claims or proceedings threatened, pending or in progress relating in any way to the Patent Rights. There are no existing contracts, agreements, options, commitments, proposals, bids, offers, or rights with, to, or in any person to acquire any of the Patent Rights.

Assignor hereby authorizes the respective patent office or governmental agency in each jurisdiction to issue any and all patents, certificates of invention, utility models or other governmental grants or issuances that may be granted upon any of the Patent Rights in the name of Assignee, as the assignee to the entire interest therein.

Assignor will, at the reasonable request of Assignee and without demanding any further consideration therefore, do all things necessary, proper, or advisable, including without limitation, the execution, acknowledgment, and recordation of specific assignments, oaths, declarations, and other documents on a country-by-country basis, to assist Assignee in obtaining, perfecting, sustaining, and/or enforcing the Patent Rights. Such assistance will include providing, and obtaining from the respective inventors, prompt production of pertinent facts and documents, giving of testimony, execution of petitions, oaths, powers of attorney, specifications, declarations or other papers, and other assistance reasonably necessary for filing patent applications, complying with any duty of disclosure, and conducting prosecution, reexamination, reissue, interference or other priority proceedings, opposition proceedings, cancellation proceedings, public use proceedings, infringement or other court actions and the like with respect to the Patent Rights.

The terms and conditions of this Assignment of Patent Rights will inure to the benefit of Assignee, its successors, assigns, and other legal representatives and will be binding upon Assignor, its successors, assigns, and other legal representatives.

**ASSIGNOR:** 

ason Bourgeois By: Catonian IP Management LLC

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Jason Bourgeois, Member

Date: <u>10/17/2017</u>

	AO	120	(Rev.	08/10)	
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TO: Mail Stop 8 Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450			REPORT ON FILING OR DETERMIN ACTION REGARDING TRADEMA	NATION OF AN A PATENT OR
filed in the U.S. Dist		ern Distr	i 1116 you are hereby advised that a court a ict of Texas, Waco Division as 35 U.S.C. § 292.):	on the following
DOCKET NO. 6:18-cv-207	DATE FILED 7/25/2018	U.S. DI	STRICT COURT Western District of Texas, W	aco Division
PLAINTIFF MULTIMEDIA CONTEN	T MANAGEMENT LLC,		DEFENDANT DISH NETWORK CORPORATIO	9N
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		HOLDER OF PATENT OR TR	ADEMARK
1 SEE-ATTACHED		<u> </u>		
28122128				
35799468				
4				
5				

In the above-entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY	
		Answer Cross Bill Other Pleading
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

In the above-entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT
CLERK
Leannette J. Clack
(E MMC 7/25/2018

Copy 1—Upon initiation of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 3—Upon termination of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 2—Upon filing document adding patent(s), mail this copy to Director Copy 4—Case file copy