UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD APPLE INC., Petitioner, V. OMNI MEDSCI, INC., Patent Owner. U.S. Patent No. 9,651,533 Case No.: IPR2019-00916

PATENT OWNER'S SUR-REPLY TO PETITION FOR INTER PARTES REVIEW UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 42.220

Case No.: IPR2019-00916 Atty. Dkt. No.: OMSC0110IPR2 Patent No.: 9,651,533

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A. Introduction

Apple's Reply rewrites the challenged claims, mischaracterizes the testimony

of Omni MedSci's expert, misconstrues the teachings of Lisogurski and Carlson, and

improperly relies on obviousness arguments Apple did not make in its Petition.

Separately and combined, Lisogurski and Carlson fail to disclose or render obvious

"a light source configured to increase signal-to-noise ratio ["SNR"] . . . by

increasing a pulse rate of at least one of the plurality of semiconductor sources."

(Ex. 1001 29:51-11.)^{1, 2}

In its Institution Decision ("ID"), the Board correctly determined that

Lisogurski's system varies an LED's pulse rate but not to increase SNR. (Paper

No. 16, ID at 31.) Apple's response is, if a pulse rate increases, SNR may (or may

not) increase and that hit-or-miss result is "configured to increase signal-to-noise

ratio." It is not.

Lisogurski discloses two forms of light source modulation, neither of which

is configured to increase SNR by increasing a pulse rate as claimed. First,

Lisogurski discloses "cardiac cycle modulation" which is "aligned with pulses of the

¹ Throughout this Sur-reply, all emphasis added unless otherwise noted.

² Omni MedSci's focus on the "pulse rate" limitation is not an admission that the

references disclose the other limitations of the challenged claims.

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