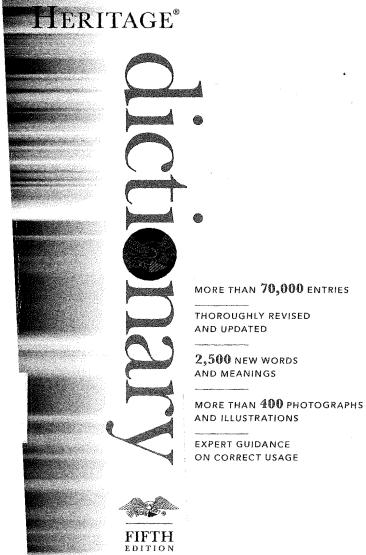
# **EXHIBIT E**



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agitation or wild excitement. 2. Temporary madness. 3. A mania; craze. [< Lat. phrenësis < phrenëticus, FRENETIC.]—fren'zied adj.

principles (February 1) frequency (February 2) frequency (February 3) from 1) frequent intervals. 2. Math. & Phys. The number of times a specified phenomenon occurs within a specified interval, as the number of complete cycles of a periodic process occurring per unit time. [< Lat. frequentia, multitude.]

tia, multitude.]
frequency modulation ▶n. The encoding of
a carrier wave by variation of its frequency in
accordance with an input signal,
frequent (fref/kwant) ≥adj. 1. Occurring or
appearing often or at close intervals. 2. Habitual or regular. ∨ (also fre-kwehrt) To visit (a
place) often. [< lat. frequents.] —fre-quent/er
n. —fre-quent-ly adv.
frestyo (fresk) ≥ n. pl. rops or rops 1. The art

res-co (frés/k6) »n., pl. -coes or -cos 1. The art of painting on fresh plaster with pigments dissolved in water. 2. A painting executed in this way. (Ital, fresh.)

solved in water. 2. A panining executed in answay, [Ital., fresh.]
fresh (fresh.) \*\*adj. \*\*-er, \*\*-est 1a. New to one's
experience; not encountered before b. Unusual
or different. 2a. Recently made, produced,
or harvested, not stale or spoiled. b. Not preserved, as by canning or freezing. 3. Not salty,
fresh water. 4a. Not yet used or soiled; clean:
a fresh sheet of paper. b. Free from impurity
or pollution: fresh air. C. Not dull or faded: a
fresh memory. 5. Untried; inexpreienced; fresh
recruits. 6a. Revived; refreshed. b. Having the
unspoiled appearance of youth: a fresh complexion. 7. Informal Impudent. \*\*-adv. Recently;
newly: fresh out of milk. [\*\* OFr. freis, of Gmc.
orig.] \*\*-freshfyadv.\*-freshfrenss n.
freshen (freshfyadv.\*-freshfrenss n.
freshen et al. (\*\*)

\*\*-freshfrense fresh.\*\*

\*\*-freshfrense fresh.\*

\*\*-freshfrense fresh.\*\*

\*\*-freshfrense

—fresh'en er n.
fresh et (fresh'it) ▶n. A sudden overflow of a

fresh-et (frésh/ti) >n. A sudden overflow of a stream due to a heavy rain or a thaw.

fresh-man (frésh/man) >n. 1. A first-year student of a US high school or college, 2. A beginner; novice.—fresh/man adj.
fresh-wa-ter (frésh/wò/tar, wöt'ər) >adj. Of, living in, or consisting of water that is not salty.
fret' (frét) >n. fret-ted, fret-ting 1. To be vexed or cause to be vexed; worry. See Synonyms at brood. 2a. To gnaw or wear away. b. To produce a hole or worn spot in; corrode. 3. To rub or chafe. >n. Irritation of mind. [5 OB frétan. or chafe. >n. Irritation of mind. [< OE fretan, devour.] —fret'ful adj. —fret'ful-ly adv.



on the neck of an electric guitar

[1]
fret (frét) ▶n. A design of repeated symmetrical figures within a band or border. [< OFr. frete.]
fret work (frét/wûrk') ▶n. 1. Ornamental work consisting of three-dimensional frets. 2. Fretwork represented two dimensionally.
Freud (froid), Sigmund 1856–1939. Austrian physician and founder of psychoanalysis.
—Freud/i-an adj.

—Freudi'i an adj.
Frey (frå) also Freyr (frår) ►n. Myth. The Norse god of peace and prosperity.
Freya also Freyrja (frår) ►n. Myth. The Norse goddess of love and beauty.
fria ble (frir 3-ba) ►adj. Readily crumbled; britte. [< Lat. friåre, crumble.]

fria-ble (fri/3-bal) ▶adj, Readily crumbled; brittle, [< Lat. friære, crumble.]
friær (fri/3r) ▶n. A member of a usu. mendicant Roman Catholic order. [< Lat. friære, Forther.]
fricas-see (frik/3-sē/, frik/3-sē/) ▶n. Poultry or meat cut up and stewed in gravy. [< OFr. fricas-see / frik/3-sē/) ▶n. A consonant, such as for s in English, produced by the forcing of breath through a constricted passage. [< Lat. fricare, rub.] —fric/a-tive adj.
friction (frik/shan) ▶n. 1. The rubbing of one object or surface against another. 2. Conflict, as between persons having dissimilar ideas or interests; clash. 3. Phys. A force that resists the relative motion or tendency to such motion of two bodies or substances in contact. [< Lat. fricāre, frict-, rub.] —fric/tion-al adj. —fric/tion-tape ▶n. A sturdy, moisture-resistant adhesive tape used chiefly to insulate electrical conductors.

conductors

Frieday (fri'de, -dā') >n. The 6th day of the week. [< OE Frigedæg.] fridge (frij) >n. Informal A refrigerator. Frie-dan (frē-dān'), Betty Naomi 1921-2006.

Frie dan (frē-dán'), Betty Naomi 1921–2006. Amer, feminist, friend (frēnd) »n. 1. A person whom one knows, likes, and trusts. 2. One who supports, sympathizes with, or patronizes a group, cause, or movement. 3. Friend A member of the Society of Friends; Quaker. »v. friend-ed, friending, friends Informal To add (someone) as a friend on a social networking website. [< OE frēond.]—friend/ship n. friend/spirending friending friending friending. Il-grading and pleasant in social relations. c. Favorably disposed, not antagonistic. 2. Easy for one to

ing and pleasant in social relations. C. Favorably disposed; not antagonistic. 2. Easy for one to use or understand: a reader-friendly type design.—friend/li-ly adv.—friend/li-lyses.

frier (frien) > n. Var. of fryer.

frieze (frez) > n. 1. The part of an entablature between the architrave and cornice. 2. A decorative horizontal band as along the unperdecorative horizontal band, as along the upper part of a wall in a room. [< Med.Lat. frisium,

embroidery.] frig-ate (frig/it)  $\triangleright n$ . 1. A warship that is smaller than a destroyer and used primarily for escort duty. 2. A high-speed, medium-sized sailing war vessel of the 1600s, 1700s, and 1800s. [<

war vessel of the 1000s, 1700s, mills. fregata.]
fright (frit) > n. 1. Sudden intense fear. 2. Informal Something extremely unsightly or alarming. [< OE fyrita.]
frighten (frit/n) > v. 1. To make or become



riec'tive aa in-flection (in-flek/shan) > n. 1. Alteration in pitch or tone of the voice. 2a. A change in the form of a word in accordance with grammar,

form of a word in accordance with grammar, syntax, or meaning, as in near, nearer or man, ments. b. The paradigms, as of nouns or verbs.—in-flection-al adi,—in-flection-al-ly adv. in-flex-i-ble (In-flekt/sa-bal) -adi, 1. Not easily bent; rigid. 2. Incapable of being changed; unalterable. 3. Unyielding.—in-flexti-blibity n.—in-flexti-blib yadv. in-flict (In-flikt) > w. 1. To cause (something in-purious or harmful), as to a person, group or area: a storm that inflicted widespread damage. 2. To deal or deliver (e.g., a blow). [Lat. infligere, inflict.]—in-flict/er, in-flictor n.—in-fliction n. -in-flic/tion n.

inflorescence (in'flo-rés'ons) ►n. A cluster of flowers arranged in a characteristic way on a stem. [< LLat. inflorescere, begin to flower.]
—in'florescent adj.

a stem. [< LLat. inflorèscere, begin to flower.]
—in·flow (in·flò') » n. A flowing in or into.
in·fluence (in·flòo-ans) » n. 1. A power indirectiy or intangibly affecting a person or course of events. 2a. Power to sway or affect based on prestige, wealth, ability, or position. b. One exercising such power. » v. enced. enc.ing 1.

To modify: a report that influenced the election's outcome. 2. To affect or sway: negative ads that are intended to influence voters. —idlom: under the influence Intoxicated, esp. with alcohol. [< Lat. influence, flow in.] —in·fluential (-en/shal) adj.—in·fluential (-en/shal) adj.—in·fluentia, influence; see inFluence.]
in·flux (in·flūs) » n. A flowing in. [LLat. influentia, influence; see inFluence.]
in·flux (in·flūs) » n. N. flowing in. [LLat. inflūsus < Lat. influene, flow in.]
in·flu (in·flū) » n. Informal information.
in·flue (in·flūm) » n. To fold inward. 2. To enfold.

in·form (in·form) » 1. To fold inward. 2. To enfold.

in-form (in-form!) > k 1. To impart information to 2. To imbue with a quality 3. To give or disclose information. [< Lat. informare, give

informal (in-för/mal) > adj. 1. Not formal or ceremonious; casual. 2. Not in accord with prescribed regulations. 3. Suited for everyday use: informal clothes. —in formal/i fy (-mal/-i-t) n. —in-for/mal-ly adv. in-for-man (in-for/man+ly adv. in-for-man (in-for/man+ly adv. in-for-man (in-for/man-ly adv. in-for-man) = n. 1. None that gives information. 2. An informer.

information. 2. An informer.
information (in'far-ma'shon) = n. 1. Knowledge learned, esp. about a certain subject. 2.
Informing or being informed; communication of knowledge. 3. Comp. Processed, stored, or transmitted data.—in'for-ma'tion-al adj.

or transmitted data.—in for martion a adj.
informative (in-forma-tiv) \* adj. Providing
or disclosing information; instructive.—infor martive ly adv.
informed (in-formd) \* adj. 1. Possessing or
based on reliable information. 2. Knowledgeable; educated: the informed consumer.

in-form er (in-fôr mor) >n. An informant, esp.

in-trac-tion (in-irak/snan) >n. ine act an instance of infringing; violation. [< Lat. infringere, infract-, infringe.]
in-fra-red (in'fra-red') - adj. Of or relating to

electromagnetic radiation between microw and red visible light in the electromagnetic

spectrum.

in-fra-son-ic (in/fra-son/ik) \*adj. Generating or using waves or vibrations with frequencies below that of audible sound.

or using waves or vibrations with frequencies below that of audible sound.

In-fra-structure (in/fra-struk/char) ▶ n. 1. An underlying base esp. for an organization or system. 2. The basic facilities, services, and installations needed for a community or society.

In-frequent (in-fre/want) ➤ adj. 1. Not occurring regularly, rare. 2. Situated at wide intervals in time or space. —in-frequence, in-frequency n.—in-frequently adv.

In-fringe (in-fring') ➤ ν. -fringed, -fring-ing 1. To transgress, violate. 2. To encroach; trespass.

[Lat. infringere, break.] —in-fringe/ment n.—in-fringere, break.] —in-fringe/ment n.

—in-fringere, break.] —in-fringe/ment n.

—in-fringere, break.] —in-fringe/ment n.

—in-fringere, organization of the fringere, in-fringere, in-fringere

adj.—infursion n.
—ing¹ suff. 1. Used to form the present participle of verbs: seeing. 2. Used to form adjectives resembling present participles but not derived from verbs: swashbuckling. [< OE.-ende.].
—ing² suff. 1. Action, process, or art: dancing.
2a. Something necessary to perform an action or process: mooring b. The result of an action or process: drawing. c. Something connected with a specified thing or concept: siding. [< OE.-ung.]

with a specified timing of concept: staing [s OE -ing] in-gen-ious (in-jen/yss) \*\*adj, 1. Having great inventive skill and imagination: an ingenious negotiator. 2. Marked by originality or inventiveness: an ingenious solution to the problem [< Lat. ingenium, talent, skill.]—in-gen/ious-ly adv.—in-gen/ious-ness n. ingé-nue (an/zha-nōo') \*\*n. 1. An artless, innocent girl or young woman. 2. An actress playing an ingénue. [Fr.] in-genuity (in/ja-nōo'-) \*\*n. pl. -ties Inventive skill or imagination; cleverness. [Lat. ingenuitàs, frankness.] in-gen-uous [in-jen/yōo-as] \*\*adj, 1. Unso-inventive scill or insperious [in-jen/yōo-as] \*\*adj, 1. Unso-inventive skill or insperious skill o

gesttion n.
in-glorieus (în-glorie-as) ►adj. 1. Ignominious; disgraceful. 2. Not famous or renowned.
—in-glorirous-ly adv.
in-got (în-gay) ►n. A mass of metal cast in a shape for convenient storage or shipment. [ME, mold for casting metal.]
in-grain (în-grān') ►v. To fix deeply or indelibly, as in the mind. ►n. (în/grān') Yarn or



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