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## United States Patent [19]

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[54]	CAPACITY	RESPONSIVE KEYBOARD		
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[21]	Appl. No.:	480,293		
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[58]	Field of Search			
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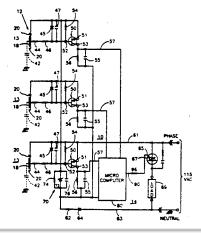
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#### **ABSTRACT** [57]

A capacity responsive keyboard which eliminates the necessity for metal films on the touch surface includes an insulated substrate having a plurality of electrically conductive plate members mounted thereon and a dielectric member positioned over the plate members. A piece of compressible, electrically-conductive foam is compressed between each plate member and the dielectric member to eliminate air from the electrical path between the dielectric member and the plate members. A grid of conductor segments separates the plate members defining a guard band to reduce interference between the switches. The guard band is connected with one power supply line of a switching circuit which produces outputs in response to capacity changes caused by a user touching the dielectric member.

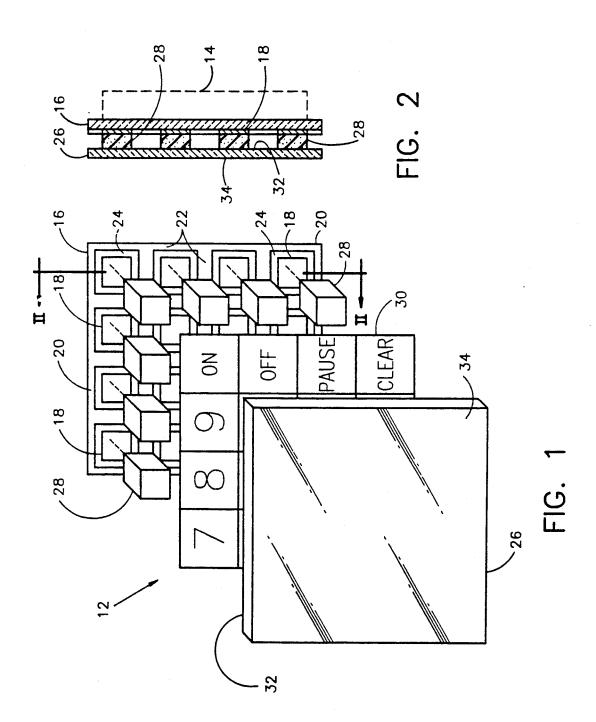
#### 18 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets





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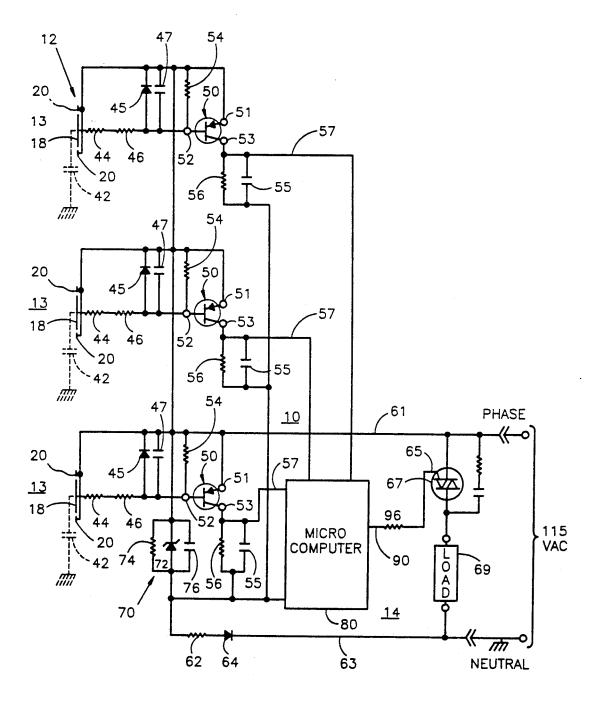


FIG. 3



#### CAPACITY RESPONSIVE KEYBOARD

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to switches that respond to the change in capacity from a user touching a surface portion of the switch. The invention is especially adapted for a keyboard made up of a plurality of such capacity responsive switches.

Touch-responsive switches in the form of "capacitive glass" are common in the appliance field. This special glass has conductive elements fired on each side in a manner that forms a pair of series-connected capacitors having input and output terminals on the glass surface 15 facing away from the user. A common plate of the two capacitors is formed on the outer glass surface facing the user. A high frequency oscillator applies pulses to the capacitors. A switching circuit connected with the capacitors interprets the presence of pulses as a no-input 20 condition. When a user touches the capacitor plate on the outer surface of the glass, the high frequency pulses are shunted to ground through the user. The switch circuit interprets the absence of pulses as a positive input condition and responds by actuating an output 25 device. Such a switch system is illustrated in U.S. Pat. No. 4,308,443, issued to Tucker et al.

Such "capacitive-glass" switch systems are not truly capacity responsive but require physical contact by the user with the electrically-conductive common plate of 30 the series capacitors. This requires a metal film, such as tin oxide, be deposited on the outer surface of the glass. Such metal film is subject to abrasion by repeated cleaning and may even abrade to the point of erratic operation. A further problem with such system is that a failure of the high frequency oscillator causes a no-pulse condition, to which the switching circuit may detrimentally respond by energizing one or more outputs.

In my U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,731,548 and 4,758,735 I disclose touch control switch circuits which respond to a change in the capacity-to-ground of a plate member as a result of contact by the body of a user. Such circuits do not require a metal film on the surface portion contacted by the user so the problem of metal film abrasion 45 is avoided. Further, the circuits disclosed in my patents are not subject to the catastrophic failure of erroneous output switching caused by the failure of an oscillator.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to a keyboard system incorporating a plurality of capacity responsive switches in a keyboard assembly that may be used with a control circuit that embodies the principles of my aforementioned patents. The present invention may be 55 members 18 and guard band 20 (FIG. 2). embodied in a capacity responsive keyboard system having a planar substrate with a plurality of electrically conductive plate members mounted thereto and insulated from each other. A substantially rigid planar dielectric member overlies the conductive members and 60 has a surface facing the conductive members. A plurality of flexible electrically conductive transmission members extend between the dielectric member and individual conductive members. The transmission members are sized to provide airtight interfaces with the dielectric 65 member and the associated plate member. Circuit means connected with the plate members respond to capacity

signal indicative of a change in capacity between plate members and ground.

Another problem overcome by the present invention is the tendency of capacity responsive switches that are closely positioned in a keyboard system to inadvertently become actuated even though the user is touching an adjacent switch. This problem is overcome by a keyboard system which embodies the present invention and in which an electrically conductive guard band is provided on the substrate between adjacent plate members. The guard band is connected with a reference voltage of the control circuit to isolate the capacity change caused by the user to only one switch. These and other objects, advantages and features of this invention will become apparent upon review of the following specification in conjunction with the drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is an exploded perspective view of a capacitive responsive keyboard embodying the invention;

FIG. 2 is a side elevation of the keyboard in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram of a control circuit useful with the invention.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED **EMBODIMENT**

Referring now specifically to the drawings, and the illustrative embodiments depicted therein, a capacity responsive keyboard system 10 includes a touch plate assembly 12 and a control circuit 14 connected with touch plate assembly 12 (FIG. 3). FIG. 3 illustrates a plurality of input portions 13 of touch plate assembly 12 and a control circuit 14 that actuates a single load 69 such as an electric motor. However, it should be understood that the keyboard system 10 may include a greater or lesser number of input portions 13 than illustrated, depending on the number and variety of modes in which load 69 may be controlled. Additionally, more than one load 69 may be controlled. Touch plate assembly 12 includes a substrate 16 on which a plurality of electrically conductive plate members 18 are mounted on one surface thereof. Substrate 16 is an insulator and plates 18 are spaced apart in order to insulate plates 18 from one another and from ground. Also positioned on substrate 16 is a guard band, generally shown at 20. Guard band 20 is a grid of conductor segments 22 extending between adjacent pairs of plate members 18. All conductor segments 22 are physically and electrically interconnected to define a plurality of spaces 24 with one plate member 18 positioned centrally within each space 24. Components of control circuit 14 may be positioned on the side of substrate 16 opposite plate

A planar dielectric member 26 is spaced from substrate 16 facing plate members 18. Dielectric member 26 is made from a non-porous insulating material such as polycarbonate or glass. A plurality of flexible, electrically conductive transmission members 28 are sandwiched between a surface 32 of dielectric member 26 and substrate 16. Each transmission member 28 has a cross section approximately the size of plate members 18 and is positioned to overlie one of the plate members 18. An indicia layer 30 may be adhered to surface 32 of dielectric member 26 which faces substrate 16. The purpose of indicia layer 30 is to provide an indication of



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