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TENTH EDITION

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Phry.gian \'fri-j(\(\tilde{e}\)-)=n\ n (15c) 1: a native or inhabitant of ancient Phrygia 2: the extinct Indo-European language of the Phrygians — see INDO-EUROPEAN LANGUAGES table — Phrygian adj phthalic acid \'tha-ilk-\ n [ISV, short for obs. naphthalic acid, fr. naphthalene] (1857): any of three isomeric acids \(C_8H_6O_4\) obtained by oxidation of various benzene derivatives phthalic anhydride n (1855): a crystalline cyclic acid anhydride \(C_8H_6O_3\) used esp. in making alkyd resins phthalic \(\text{ory}\)-a-nine, \(\text{tha}\)-i-\(\text{sin}\)-i, \(\text{tha}\)-i \(\text{n}\)-i, \(\text{tha}\)-i \(\text{n}\)-i, \(\text{tha}\) n [ISV phthalic acid + -o-tonic phthis-ic \(\text{ory}\)-i any of several metal derivatives that are brilliant fast blue to green dyes or pigments phthis-ic \(\text{ti-zik}\) n [ME tisike, fr. MF tisique, fr. tisique tubercular, fr. L phthis-ic \(\text{ti-zik}\) n [ME tisike, fr. MF tisique, fr. tisique tubercular, fr. L phthis-ic \(\text{ti-zik}\) \(\text{pl}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{cor}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{pl}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{pl}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{pl}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{pl}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{pl}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{pl}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{pl}\)-i, \(\text{thi}\)-i, \(\text{pl}\)-i, \(\text{pl}\)-i,

phyco-comb form [Gk phykos seaweed]: algae (phycology) phyco-cy-a-nin \, fi-kō-'sī-a-nan\ n [ISV phyco-+ cyan-+ \!\-in] (1875): any of various bluish green protein pigments in the cells of blue-green

algae phy-co-er-y-thrin \ 'er-i-thrən\ n [ISV phyco- + erythr- + !-in] (ca. 1868): any of the red protein pigments in the cells of red algae phy-col-o-gy \(\hat{h}\lefta\)-i\(\hat{h}\lefta\)-i\(\hat{h}\lefta\) -i\(\hat{h}\lefta\) -i\(\hat{h}\left

ogeny/ phylac-tery \fə-'lak-t(ə-)rē\ n, pl -ter-ies [ME philaterie, fr. ML philaterium, alter. of LL phylacterium, fr. Gk phylaktērion amulet, phylactery, fr. phylassein to guard, fr. phylak-, phylax guard] (14c) 1: either of two small square leather boxes containing slips inscribed with scriptural passages and traditionally worn on the left arm and on the head by Jewish men during morning weekday prayers 2: AMULET ply-le \\frac{1}{16} \phi_1 \\ \frac{1}{16} \phi_1 \\ \frac{1}{16} \\ \

largest political subdivision among the ancient Athenians
Phylettic \fi-'le-tik\ adj [ISV phyl-+tic \fi-'le-tik\ adv phyll- or phyllo- comb form [NL, fr. (fk, fr. phyllon — more at BLADE]: leaf (phyllone)

phyllon] (ca. 1950): extremely thin pastly bodgs. ——Produce a flaky pastry phyl-lo-clade \frac{1}{1-lo-klād\} n [NL phyllocladium, fr. phyll- + Gk klados branch — more at HOLT] (1858): a flattened stem or branch (as a joint of a cactus) that functions as a leaf phyl-lode \frac{1}{1-lod\} n [NL phyllodium, fr. Gk phyllodes like a leaf, fr. phyllo leaf] (1848): a flat expanded petiole that replaces the blade of a loliage leaf, fulfills the same functions, and is analogous to a cladophyll

phyllo-di-um \fi-'lō-dē-əm\ n, pl -dia \-dē-ə\ [NL] (ca. 1847): PHYL-

Discounding (h-'lo-dē-əm\ n, pl-qua\-qe-ə\ [18L] (ca. 1977). The long hydiome \fi-j\lom\ n [ISV] (1875): a plant part that is a leaf or is phyliometically derived from a leaf hydiotac-tic \hi-lə-'tak-tik\ adj (1857): of or relating to phyliotaxis \hi-la-'tak-six\ also phyliotaxy. \fi-lə-tak-se\ n [NL] hydiotaxis \hi-lə-'tak-se\ n [NL] hydiotaxis \hi-la-'tak-se\ n [NL] hydiotaxis \hi-la-'tak-se\ n [NL] hydiotaxis \hi-la-'tak-se\ n [NL] hydiotaxis \hi-la-'tak-se\ n [NL] hydiotaxis and of the laws that govern it hydious adj comb form [NL] -phyllus, fr. Gk -phyllos, fr. phyllon leaf more at BLADE]: having (such or so many) leaves, leaflets, or leaf-parts (heterophyllous) hydioxera \hi-lak-sir-a, fa-'lak-sə-ra\ n [NL], fr. phyll-+ Gk xēros \fill [1868]: any of various plant lice (esp. genus Phylloxera) that opparous aphids esp. in wing structure and in being continuously hydiogenetic \hi-lak-sir-a hat sible add ITSV fr. NI. phyllogenesis phylog-

aum apmds esp. in wing structure and in the phylogenesis phylogenetic \fi-lo-jo-ne-tik\ adj [ISV, fr. NL phylogenesis phylogeny ir, phyl-+ genesis] (1877) 1: of or relating to phylogeny 1 to the phylogenetic development in the phylogenetic development; RACIAL — phy-lo-ge-neti-cally-ti-k(a-)-lò-dady hylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogenesis phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogenesis phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogenesis phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1: the evolution-therefore the phylogeny \fi-la-jo-ne\ n, pl-nies [ISV] (1872) 1 onething (as a word or custom)

(in) (in-lam) n plabylo (lo) [NII fr Cle phylon tribe race



phylactery 1

physi ed \'fiz-'ed\ n (1955): PHYSICAL EDUCATION
physi- or physio- comb form [L, fr. Gk, fr. physis — more at PHYSICS]

1: nature (physiography) 2: physical (physiotherapy)
phys-iatr-ist \, fi-zē-'a-trist \ n [physiatrics physical medicine, fr. Gk
physis + ISV -iatrics] (ca. 1947): a physician who specializes in physical medicine
phys-ic \'fi-zik\ n [ME physik natural science, art of medicine, fr. OF
fisique, fr. L physica, sing., natural science, fr. Gk physike, fr. fem. of
physikos — more at PHYSICS] (14c) 1 a: the art or practice of healing
disease b: the practice or profession of medicine 2: a medicinal
agent or preparation; esp: PURGATIVE 3 archaic: NATURAL SCIENCE
physic vi phys-icked; phys-ick-ing (14c) 1: to treat with or administer medicine to; esp: PURGE 2: HEAL, CURE
physic-al \'fi-zi-kol\ adj [ME phisicale medical, fr. ML physicalis, fr. L
physical (1597) 1 a: having material existence: perceptible esp.
through the senses and subject to the laws of nature (everything ~ is
measurable by weight, motion, and resistance —Thomas De Quincey)
b: of or relating to material things 2 a: of or relating to natural
science b (1): of or relating to physics (2): characterized or produced by the forces and operations of physics 3 a: of or relating to
the body b: concerned or preoccupied with the body and its needs
: CARNAL c: characterized by esp. rugged and forceful physical activity: ROUGH (a ~ hockey game) (a ~ player) syn see MATERIAL —
phys-i-cal-iy\-k(-)-le-da' — phys-i-cal-ness\-ks-l-nsx\ n
Physical anthropology n (1873): anthropology concerned with the
comparative study of human evolution, variation, and classification
esp. through measurement and observation — compare CULTURAL
ANTHROPOLOGY — physical anthropologist n
physical education n (1830): instruction in the development and care
of the body ranging from simple calisthenic exercises to a course of
study providing training in hygiene, gymnastics, and the performance
and management of athletic games
physical examination n (1830): instruction in th

chemistry, and astronomy) that deal primarily with nonliving materials—physical scientist nephysical therapy n (1922): the treatment of disease by physical and mechanical means (as massage, regulated exercise, water, light, heat, and electricity)—physical therapist n
physician \footnote{15}-\foo

physi-co-chemi-ical 2: of or relating to chemistry that deals with the physicochemical properties of substances — physi-co-chemi-cal-ly \k(-)-lik\ alv

phys-ics \fi-zik\ n pl but sing or pl in constr [L physica, pl., natural science, fr. Gk physika, fr. neut. pl. of physikos of nature, fr. physis growth, nature, fr. physin to bring forth — more at BE] (1715) 1: a science that deals with matter and energy and their interactions 2 a : the physical properties and composition of something

Phys-io-crat \fi-ze-k_ratr\ n [F physicorate, fr. physi-physi-+ -crate -crat] (1798): a member of a school of political economists founded in 18th century France and characterized chiefly by a belief that government policy should not interfere with the operation of natural economic laws and that land is the source of all wealth — phys-io-crat-ic \fi-ze--kra-tik\ adj. often cap

phys-i-og-nom-ic \fi-ze-dg\-na-mik\ also phys-i-og-nom-i-cal\-mik\ also phys-i-og-nom-ic \fi-ze-dg\-na-mik\ also phys-i-og-nom-i-cal\-mik\ also phys-i-og-nom-i-cal\-mik\ n, pl-mies [ME phisonomie, fr. MF, fr. LL physiognomomia, physiognomia, fr. Gk physiognomomia, fr. physiognomomia judging character by the features, fr. physis nature, physique, appearance + gnomomia interpreter — more at GNOMON] (14c) 1: the art of discovering temperament and character from outward appearance 2: the facial features held to show qualities of mind or character by their configuration or expression 3: external aspect; also: inner character or quality revealed outwardly phys-i-og-ra-phy \fi-ze-z-le-z-fe\ n [prob. fr. F physiographie, fr. physi-pher\-far\ n physiographie - graphyl (ca. 1828): Physica-Graphik\ also physiographie, fi. physi-pher\-far\ n physiographie \fi-ze-z-le-z-le-z-le-lik\ n for physi-o-log-ic \fi-xe-le-le-le-lik\ adv

physi-o-log-ical\-fi-kal\ adj

(1814) 1: of or relating to physiology 2: characteristic of or appropriate to an organism's healthy or normal functioning 3: differing in, involving, or affecting physiological factors (a ~ strain of bacteria) — p

\a\ abut \a\ kitten F table \ar\ further \a\ ash \a\ ace \a\ mon. mar

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