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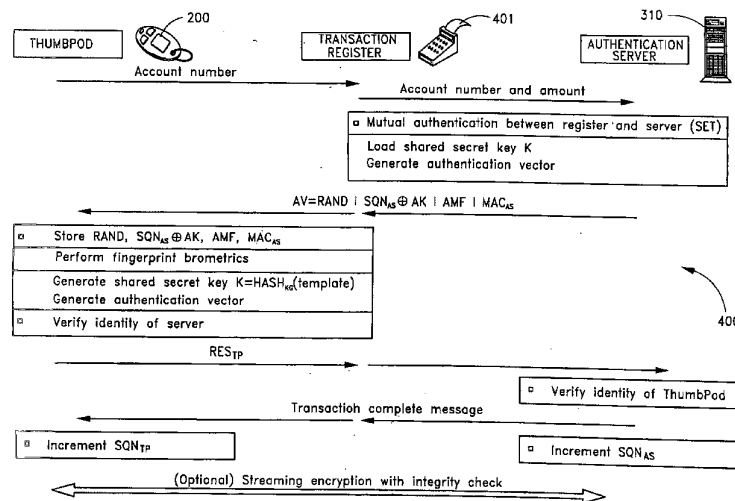
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(54) Title: SYSTEM FOR BIOMETRIC SIGNAL PROCESSING WITH HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE ACCELERATION



(57) Abstract: A secure embedded system that uses cryptographic and biometric signal processing acceleration is described. In one embodiment, the secure embedded system is configured as a wireless pay-point protocol for brick-and-mortar and e-commerce applications in which biometric information is localized and does not require transmission of biometric data for authentication. In one embodiment, a key-generation function uses a dynamic key generator and static biometric components. In one embodiment, an embedded system design methodology provides hardware and software acceleration transparency.

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## SYSTEM FOR BIOMETRIC SIGNAL PROCESSING WITH HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE ACCELERATION

### Reference to Related Application

[0001] The present application claims priority benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/475,242, filed June 2, 2003, titled "SYSTEM FOR BIOMETRIC SIGNAL PROCESSING WITH HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE ACCELERATION," the entire contents of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

### Government Interest Statement

Portions of the subject matter of this application were invented under a contract with an agency of the United States Government, under NSF contract No. 0098361.

### Background

#### Field of the invention

[0002] The present invention relates to systems using biometric signal processing for authentication in connection with a secure communication protocol.

#### Description of the Related Art

[0003] In February 2003, a computer hacker breached the security systems of Visa and MasterCard and accessed 5.6 million valid account numbers, which represents approximately 1% of all 574 million valid account numbers in the United States. Though the accounts were not used fraudulently, a burdensome recall and replacement of valid cards throughout many financial institutions was required. On the Internet, a number of black-market sites sell active credit card account numbers and expiration dates for a modest price. In brick-and-mortar credit card scenarios, photograph identification or signatures are inconsistently checked in normal purchases; hence, fraudulent transactions are commonplace. These situations are just a few which expose the current flaw in traditional transaction

protocols, which is mainly a flaw in authentication. Identity theft results in losses of well over a billion dollars a year for credit card issuers, and is even more widespread since the advent of e-commerce on the Internet. The primary reason for the continued success of identity theft is the lack of the ability to prove that an account is used by the genuine, authorized, consumer.

#### Summary

**[0004]** The present invention solves these and other problems by providing a secure embedded system that uses cryptographic and biometric signal processing to provide identity authentication. In one embodiment, the secure embedded system is configured as a wireless pay-point device, called a thumbpod, for brick-and-mortar and/or e-commerce applications. In one embodiment, the thumbpod localizes a sensitive biometric template and does not require transmission of biometric data for authentication. In one embodiment, a key-generation function uses a dynamic key generator and static biometric components. An embedded system design methodology known as hardware/software acceleration transparency is provided to improve performance of the thumbpod. In one embodiment, acceleration transparency is provided in a systematic method to accelerate Java functions in both software and hardware of, for example, an encryption function.

**[0005]** In one embodiment, the thumbpod is designed as a secure embedded device that provides a protocol for wireless pay-point transactions in a secure manner. The protocol uses secure cryptographic primitives as well as biometric authentication techniques. The security protocol used in the thumbpod is based on a protocol that uses the thumbpod as an interface between an authentication server and a user.

**[0006]** In one embodiment, the thumbpod includes a microcontroller, a fingerprint image sensor, signal processing hardware acceleration, cryptographic hardware acceleration, and a memory module enclosed within a form factor similar to an automobile keychain transmitter. The thumbpod provides flexible communication via ports, such as, for example, a port for wireless communication and/or a wired port for fast wire-line communication. The wireless port can be, for example, an infrared port, a radio-frequency port, an inductive coupling port, a capacitive coupling port, a Bluetooth port, a wireless Ethernet port, etc. The

wired port can be, for example, a USB port, a firewire port, a serial port, an Ethernet port, etc. The thumbpod can be used for a wide variety of authentication-related transactions, such as, for example, wireless credit card payments, keychain flash memory replacement, universal key functionality (house, car, office), storage of sensitive medical data, IR secure printing, etc.

[0007] In one embodiment, a security protocol binds the user to the device through biometrics, combines biometrics and traditional security protocols, protects biometric data by keeping at least a portion of the biometric data in a protected form that does not leave the device, and provides that biometric calculations are provided on the device. In one embodiment, biometric algorithms are provided to fit a relatively constrained environment of embedded devices. In one embodiment, algorithms are provided in fixed point arithmetic. In one embodiment, memory storage optimization and hardware acceleration are provided by converting a least a portion of one or more software algorithms into hardware.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

[0008] The various features of the present are described with reference to the following figures.

[0009] Figure 1 shows layers of an embedded security protocol system.

[0010] Figure 2 shows one embodiment of a thumbpod device.

[0011] Figure 3A is a block diagram of an authentication protocol having a relatively strong one-way authentication protocol between the server and the device and a relatively weak security protocol between and the device and the user.

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