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# ANTENNA THEORY ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

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THIRD EDITION

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 **WILEY-  
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# ANTENNA

# THEORY

ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

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$$\beta = \pm k \quad (4-61b)$$

$$\gamma = kl/2 \quad (4-61c)$$

After some mathematical manipulations, (4-60) takes the form of

$$E_{\theta} = j\eta \frac{I_0 e^{-jkr}}{2\pi r} \left[ \frac{\cos\left(\frac{kl}{2} \cos \theta\right) - \cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\right)}{\sin \theta} \right] \quad (4-62a)$$

In a similar manner, or by using the established relationship between the  $E_{\theta}$  and  $H_{\phi}$  in the far-field as given by (3-58b) or (4-27), the total  $H_{\phi}$  component can be written as

$$H_{\phi} = \frac{E_{\theta}}{\eta} = j \frac{I_0 e^{-jkr}}{2\pi r} \left[ \frac{\cos\left(\frac{kl}{2} \cos \theta\right) - \cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\right)}{\sin \theta} \right] \quad (4-62b)$$

### 4.5.3 Power Density, Radiation Intensity, and Radiation Resistance

For the dipole, the average Poynting vector can be written as

$$\begin{aligned} W_{av} &= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}[\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{H}^*] = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}[\hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\theta} E_{\theta} \times \hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\phi} H_{\phi}^*] = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\theta} E_{\theta} \times \hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\phi} \frac{E_{\theta}^*}{\eta} \right] \\ W_{av} &= \hat{\mathbf{a}}_r W_{av} = \hat{\mathbf{a}}_r \frac{1}{2\eta} |E_{\theta}|^2 = \eta \frac{|I_0|^2}{8\pi^2 r^2} \left[ \frac{\cos\left(\frac{kl}{2} \cos \theta\right) - \cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\right)}{\sin \theta} \right]^2 \end{aligned} \quad (4-63)$$

and the radiation intensity as

$$U = r^2 W_{av} = \eta \frac{|I_0|^2}{8\pi^2} \left[ \frac{\cos\left(\frac{kl}{2} \cos \theta\right) - \cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\right)}{\sin \theta} \right]^2 \quad (4-64)$$

The normalized (to 0 dB) elevation power patterns, as given by (4-64) for  $l = \lambda/4, \lambda/2, 3\lambda/4,$  and  $\lambda$  are shown plotted in Figure 4.6. The current distribution of each is given by (4-56). The power patterns for an infinitesimal dipole  $l \ll \lambda$  ( $U \sim \sin^2 \theta$ ) is also included for comparison. As the length of the antenna increases, the beam becomes narrower. Because of that, the directivity should also increase with length. It is found that the 3-dB beamwidth of each is equal to

$$\begin{aligned} l \ll \lambda & \quad 3\text{-dB beamwidth} = 90^\circ \\ l = \lambda/4 & \quad 3\text{-dB beamwidth} = 87^\circ \\ l = \lambda/2 & \quad 3\text{-dB beamwidth} = 78^\circ \\ l = 3\lambda/4 & \quad 3\text{-dB beamwidth} = 64^\circ \\ l = \lambda & \quad 3\text{-dB beamwidth} = 47.8^\circ \end{aligned} \quad (4-65)$$



Elevation plane amplitude patterns for a thin dipole with length  $l = \lambda/4, \lambda/2, 3\lambda/4, \lambda$ .

As the length of the dipole increases beyond one wavelength ( $l > \lambda$ ), the number of lobes begin to increase. The normalized power pattern for a dipole with  $l = 1.25\lambda$  is shown in Figure 4.7. In Figure 4.7(a) the three-dimensional pattern is illustrated using the software from [5], while in Figure 4.7(b) the two-dimensional (elevation pattern) is depicted. For the three-dimensional illustration a  $90^\circ$  angular section of the pattern has been omitted to illustrate the elevation plane directional pattern variations.

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