# ANTENNA THEORY ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

THIRD EDITION

Constantine A. Balanis



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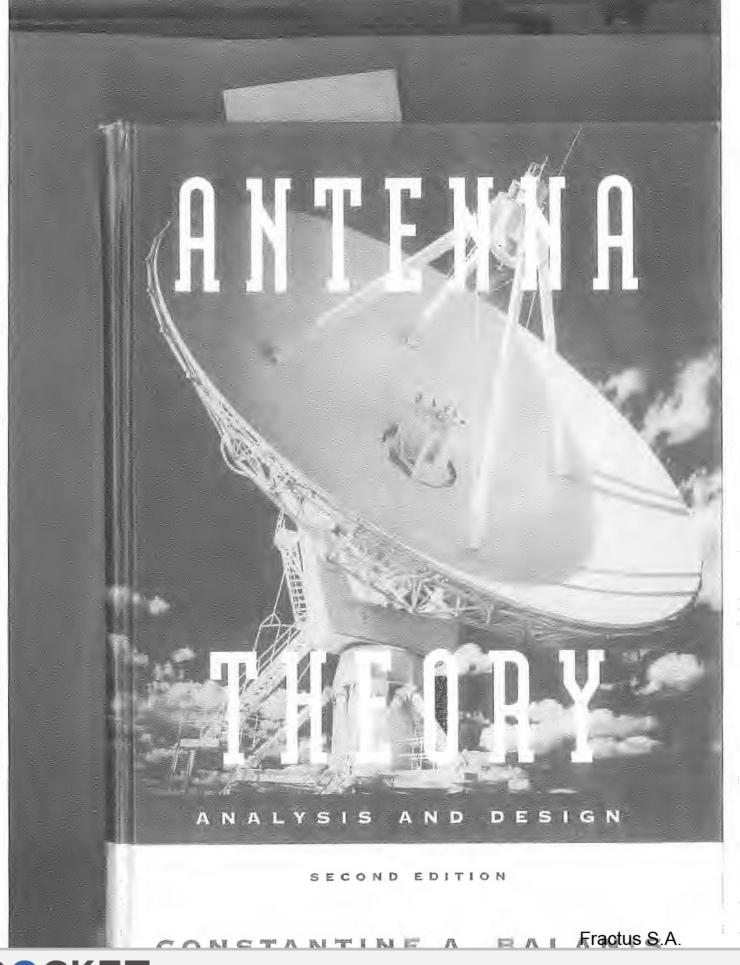
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4.5 Finite Length Dipole 153

$$\beta = \pm k \tag{4-61b}$$

$$\gamma = kl/2 \tag{4-61c}$$

After some mathematical manipulations, (4-60) takes the form of

$$E_{\theta} \simeq j\eta \frac{I_0 e^{-jkr}}{2\pi r} \left[ \frac{\cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\cos\theta\right) - \cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\right)}{\sin\theta} \right]$$
(4-62a)

In a similar manner, or by using the established relationship between the  $E_{\theta}$  and  $H_{\phi}$  in the far-field as given by (3-58b) or (4-27), the total  $H_{\phi}$  component can be written as

$$H_{\phi} \simeq \frac{E_{\theta}}{\eta} \simeq j \frac{I_{0} e^{-jkr}}{2 \pi r} \left[ \frac{\cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\cos\theta\right) - \cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\right)}{\sin\theta} \right]$$
(4-62b)

## 4.5.3 Power Density, Radiation Intensity, and Radiation Resistance

For the dipole, the average Poynting vector can be written as

$$W_{\text{av}} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}[\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{H}^*] = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}[\hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\theta} E_{\theta} \times \hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\phi} H_{\phi}^*] = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}\left[\hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\theta} E_{\theta} \times \hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\phi} \frac{E_{\theta}^*}{\eta}\right]$$

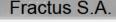
$$W_{\text{av}} = \hat{\mathbf{a}}_{r} W_{\text{av}} = \hat{\mathbf{a}}_{r} \frac{1}{2\eta} |E_{\theta}|^{2} = \eta \frac{|I_{0}|^{2}}{8\pi^{2} r^{2}} \left[\frac{\cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\cos\theta\right) - \cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\right)}{\sin\theta}\right]^{2}$$
(4-63)

and the radiation intensity as

$$U = r^2 W_{\text{av}} = \eta \frac{|I_0|^2}{8\pi^2} \left[ \frac{\cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\cos\theta\right) - \cos\left(\frac{kl}{2}\right)}{\sin\theta} \right]^2$$
(4-64)

The normalized (to 0 dB) elevation power patterns, as given by (4-64) for  $l = \lambda/4$ ,  $\lambda/2$ ,  $3\lambda/4$ , and  $\lambda$  are shown plotted in Figure 4.6. The current distribution of each is given by (4-56). The power patterns for an infinitestimal dipole  $l \ll \lambda$  ( $U \sim \sin^2 \theta$ ) is also included for comparison. As the length of the antenna increases, the beam becomes narrower. Because of that, the directivity should also increase with length. It is found that the 3-dB beamwidth of each is equal to

$$l \ll \lambda$$
 3-db beamwidth = 90°  
 $l = \lambda/4$  3-dB beamwidth = 87°  
 $l = \lambda/2$  3-dB beamwidth = 78° (4-65)  
 $l = 3\lambda/4$  3-dB beamwidth = 64°  
 $l = \lambda$  3-dB beamwidth = 47.8°







As the length of the dipole increases beyond one wavelength  $(l > \lambda)$ , the number of lobes begin to increase. The normalized power pattern for a dipole with  $l = 1.25\lambda$  is shown in Figure 4.7. In Figure 4.7(a) the three-dimensional pattern is illustrated using the software from [5], while in Figure 4.7(b) the two-dimensional (elevation pattern) is depicted. For the three-dimensional illustration a 90° angular section of the pattern has been omitted to illustrate the elevation plane directional pattern variations.

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