

I. JOINT CLAIM CONSTRUCTION CHART

A. U.S. Patent No. 6,314,289 (“the ’289 Patent”)¹

Claim(s)	Claim Term	SXM’s Proposal	Fraunhofer’s Proposal
Agreed Terms			
10, 13, 27, 31	[preambles]	Preambles of the independent claims are limiting.	Preambles of independent claims are limiting See, e.g., 15:31-56; 15:65-16:28; 18:62-19:21; 19:32-20:20.
4, 21	terrestrial sender	terrestrial repeater 6:1-3	terrestrial repeater See, e.g., 6:1-3.
Disputed Terms			
2	means for transmitting the output bits of the first portion via a first channel and the output bits of the second portion via a second channel, the second channel being spatially different from the first channel	35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 6 Indefinite Alternative proposed construction: Function: sending one signal comprising a first portion of output bits via a first channel and a second signal comprising the second portion of output bits via a second channel, the second channel being spatially different from the first channel	Definite Function: transmitting the output bits of the first portion via a first channel and the output bits of the second portion via a second channel Structure: two transmitters See, e.g., 7:60-67; 8:12-14; 8:39-45; Figs. 2, 7.
19	the step of transmitting being carried out by a first transmitter and a second transmitter spaced apart from the first transmitter	Structure: two transmitters consisting of (1) two satellites, (2) two terrestrial repeaters, or (3) a satellite and a terrestrial repeater, with one of the transmitter having a delay stage Figs. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 1:11-26; 2:15-3:25; 4:10-40; 5:59-67; 6:1-3; 6:59-65; 7:46-67; 8:1-8:20; 8:26-8:45; 8:65-9:26; 9:53-61; 10:42-46; 11:44-46; 11:49-59; 12:17-26; 12:66-13:4	Not subject to 35 U.S.C. § 112 ¶ 6 Definite No construction required See, e.g., 7:60-67; 8:12-14; 8:39-45; Figs. 2, 7.

¹ All patent citations in this section refer to the ‘289 patent attached as Exhibit A.

Claim(s)	Claim Term	SXM's Proposal	Fraunhofer's Proposal
10, 13	receiving means for receiving the first portion of bits via a first channel and the second portion of bits via a second channel	<p>35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 6</p> <p>Function: receiving a first signal comprising a first portion of bits via a first channel and a second signal comprising a second portion of bits via a second channel</p> <p>Structure: a terrestrial receiver with a delay stage that may be configured to buffer the portion of bits received via one channel relative to the portion of bits received from the second channel to compensate for the delay imposed by the delay stage in the transmitter on the portion of bits received via the second channel</p> <p>Figs. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7</p> <p>1:11-26; 1:40-49; 2:15-3:25; 4:10-40; 5:59-67; 6:1-3; 6:25-6:52; 6:59-65; 7:46-67; 8:1-8:20; 8:26-8:45; 8:65-9:26; 9:36-9:47; 9:53-61; 10:42-46; 11:44-46; 11:49-59; 12:7-26; 12:66-13:4</p>	<p>Function: receiving the first portion of bits via a first channel and the second portion of bits via a second channel</p> <p>Structure: a receiver</p> <p>See, e.g., 2:23-62; 4:62-5:15; 5:59-67; 7:41-45; 8:15-20; Figs. 1, 2, 5, 7.</p>
1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 13,14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 35	channel	<p>a line of sight connection between a transmitter and receiver</p> <p>Figs. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7</p> <p>1:12-26; 2:36-62; 7:60-67</p>	<p>No construction required</p> <p>Alternatively: communication link or connection between two or more points, such as an uplink and/or downlink</p> <p>See, e.g., 1:5-60; 2:1-12; 3:30-39; 4:10-20; 10:58-63; 13:24-34; 13:56-67; 14:1-9; 17:3-6; 17:36-50; Figs. 1-3, 5 and 7.</p>

B. U.S. Patent No. 6,931,084 (“the ‘1084 Patent”)²

Claim(s)	Claim Term	SXM’s Proposal	Fraunhofer’s Proposal
1, 9	symbol	<p>a component of a received signal that has an absolute value, i.e. magnitude, and a phase; the symbol may be represented by a complex vector that has a real part and an imaginary part</p> <p>Figs. 1, 2, 3A, 3B, 4, 5, 6, 8</p> <p>Abstract; 1:13-17; 1:42-64; 2:4-42; 2:48-3:7; 3:40-57; 5:33-54; 5:55-67; 6:1-47; 7:18-58; 7:65-8:52; 9:4-30; 9:41-47; 9:60-67; 10:3-14; 10:15-26; 10:33-11:16; 11:34-67; 12:4-17; 13:24-60; 14:9-30; 14:59-67</p>	<p>encoded representation of binary information</p> <p>See, e.g., 1:30-50; Fig. 1.</p>
1, 4, 9, 12	a phase difference between simultaneous carriers having different frequencies	<p>the difference in the phase of two symbols on adjacent carriers on different frequencies</p> <p>Figs. 1, 2, 3A, 3B, 4, 5, 6, 8</p> <p>Abstract, 2:27-42; 2:48-3:7; 3:40-4:2; 5:33-54; 5:55-67; 6:1-47; 7:36-58; 7:65-8:37; 9:4-22; 9:41-47; 9:60-67; 10:27-11:16; 11:34-67; 12:4-17; 13:24-60; 14:20-30; 14:59-67</p>	<p>No construction required</p> <p>Alternatively: a phase difference between subcarriers with different frequencies in the same MCM symbol</p> <p>See, e.g., 2:63-3:7; 15:36-40; 16:55-58; Fig. 1.</p>
9	means for determining an echo phase offset for each decoded phase shift comprising means for eliminating phase shift uncertainties related to the transmitted information from said decoded phase shift	<p>35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 6</p> <p>Indefinite</p> <p>Alternative proposed construction:</p> <p>Function: eliminating phase shift uncertainties related to the transmitted information from said decoded phase shift</p> <p>Structure: a discarding unit that performs a (1) “(.)⁴” operation, or (2) modulo-4 operation</p>	<p>Definite</p> <p>(determining an echo phase offset)</p> <p>Function: determining an echo phase offset for each decoded phase shift</p> <p>Structure: a discarding unit and a computing unit in an MCM receiver</p> <p>(eliminating phase shift uncertainties)</p>

² All patent citations in this section refer to the ‘1084 patent attached as Exhibit B.

Claim(s)	Claim Term	SXM's Proposal	Fraunhofer's Proposal
		<p>Figs. 1, 3A, 3B, 4, 5, 6, 8</p> <p>Abstract, 1:13-17; 4:9-5:18; 5:55-6:47; 6:58-67; 7:1-3; 8:62-9:67; 10:2-14; 10:20-26; 10:42-15:13</p>	<p>Function: eliminating phase shift uncertainties related to the transmitted information from said decoded phase shift</p> <p>Structure: a discarding unit in an MCM receiver</p> <p>See, e.g., 10:1-41; Fig. 5.</p>
9	<p>means for correcting each decoded phase shift based on said averaged offset</p>	<p>35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 6</p> <p>Function: correcting each decoded phase shift based on the mean offset</p> <p>Structure: a phase rotation unit connected to a hold unit that corrects each decoded phase shift using the mean offset by performing the calculation</p> $v'_k = v_k \cdot e^{-j\bar{\theta}}$ <p>where v'_k designates the K phase corrected differently decoded symbols for the input into the soft-metric calculations, and v_k designates the input symbols</p> <p>Alternative proposed construction (for claim 1): correcting each decoded phase shift using the mean offset</p> <p>Figs. 1, 3A, 3B, 4, 5, 6, 8</p> <p>Abstract, 6:36-43; 10:42-11:19</p>	<p>Function: correcting each decoded phase shift based on said averaged phase offset</p> <p>Structure: a phase rotation unit in an MCM receiver</p> <p>See, e.g., 4:45-5:7; 6:65-7:3; 9:48-10-2; 10:55-11:8; Figs. 3A, 3B, 4-6.</p>

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