

# HANDBOOK OF MATHEMATICAL FUNCTIONS

WITH FORMULAS, GRAPHS,  
AND MATHEMATICAL TABLES

Edited by  
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The text relating to physical constants and conversion factors (page 6) has been modified to take into account the newly adopted *Système International d'Unites* (SI).

### ERRATA NOTICE

The original printing of this Handbook (June 1964) contained errors that have been corrected in the reprinted editions. These corrections are marked with an asterisk (\*) for identification. The errors occurred on the following pages: 2-3, 6-8, 10, 15, 19-20, 25, 76, 85, 91, 102, 187, 189-197, 218, 223, 225, 233, 250, 255, 260-263, 268, 271-273, 292, 302, 328, 332, 333-337, 362, 365, 415, 423, 438-440, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 484, 498, 505-506, 509-510, 543, 556, 558, 562, 571, 595, 599, 600, 722-723, 739, 742, 744, 746, 752, 756, 760-765, 774, 777-785, 790, 797, 801, 822-823, 832, 835, 844, 886-889, 897, 914, 915, 920, 930-931, 936, 940-941, 944-950, 953, 960, 963, 989-990, 1010, 1026.

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**Reversion of Series**

3.6.25 Given

$$y = ax + bx^2 + cx^3 + dx^4 + ex^5 + fx^6 + gx^7 + \dots$$

then

$$x = Ay + By^2 + Cy^3 + Dy^4 + Ey^5 + Fy^6 + Gy^7 + \dots$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} aA &= 1 \\ a^3B &= -b \\ a^5C &= 2b^2 - ac \\ a^7D &= 5abc - a^2d - 5b^3 \\ a^9E &= 6a^2bd + 3a^2c^2 + 14b^4 - a^3e - 21ab^2c \\ a^{11}F &= 7a^3be + 7a^3cd + 84ab^3c - a^4f \\ &\quad - 28a^2bc^2 - 42b^5 - 28a^2b^2d \\ a^{13}G &= 8a^4bf + 8a^4ce + 4a^4d^2 + 120a^2b^3d \\ &\quad + 180a^2b^2c^2 + 132b^6 - a^5g - 36a^3b^2e \\ &\quad - 72a^3bcd - 12a^3c^3 - 330ab^4c \end{aligned}$$

**Kummer's Transformation of Series**

3.6.26 Let  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k = s$  be a given convergent series and  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} c_k = c$  be a given convergent series with known sum  $c$  such that  $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_k}{c_k} = \lambda \neq 0$ .

Then

$$s = \lambda c + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(1 - \lambda \frac{c_k}{a_k}\right) a_k.$$

**Euler's Transformation of Series**

3.6.27 If  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k a_k = a_0 - a_1 + a_2 - \dots$  is a convergent series with sum  $s$  then

$$s = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \Delta^k a_0}{2^{k+1}}, \quad \Delta^k a_0 = \sum_{m=0}^k (-1)^m \binom{k}{m} a_{k-m}$$

**Euler-Maclaurin Summation Formula**

3.6.28

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} f_k &= \int_0^n f(k) dk - \frac{1}{2} [f(0) + f(n)] + \frac{1}{12} [f'(n) - f'(0)] \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{720} [f'''(n) - f'''(0)] + \frac{1}{30240} [f^{(v)}(n) - f^{(v)}(0)] \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{1209600} [f^{(vii)}(n) - f^{(vii)}(0)] + \dots \end{aligned}$$

**3.7. Complex Numbers and Functions**

**Cartesian Form**

3.7.1 
$$z = x + iy$$

**Polar Form**

3.7.2 
$$z = re^{i\theta} = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$$

3.7.3 *Modulus:*  $|z| = (x^2 + y^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} = r$

3.7.4 *Argument:*  $\arg z = \arctan (y/x) = \theta$  (other notations for  $\arg z$  are  $\text{am } z$  and  $\text{ph } z$ ).

3.7.5 *Real Part:*  $x = \Re z = r \cos \theta$

3.7.6 *Imaginary Part:*  $y = \Im z = r \sin \theta$

**Complex Conjugate of  $z$**

3.7.7 
$$\bar{z} = x - iy$$

3.7.8 
$$|\bar{z}| = |z|$$

3.7.9 
$$\arg \bar{z} = -\arg z$$

**Multiplication and Division**

If  $z_1 = x_1 + iy_1, z_2 = x_2 + iy_2$ , then

3.7.10 
$$z_1 z_2 = x_1 x_2 - y_1 y_2 + i(x_1 y_2 + x_2 y_1)$$

3.7.11 
$$|z_1 z_2| = |z_1| |z_2|$$

3.7.12 
$$\arg (z_1 z_2) = \arg z_1 + \arg z_2$$

3.7.13 
$$\frac{z_1}{z_2} = \frac{z_1 \bar{z}_2}{|z_2|^2} = \frac{x_1 x_2 + y_1 y_2 + i(x_2 y_1 - x_1 y_2)}{x_2^2 + y_2^2}$$

3.7.14 
$$\left| \frac{z_1}{z_2} \right| = \frac{|z_1|}{|z_2|}$$

3.7.15 
$$\arg \left( \frac{z_1}{z_2} \right) = \arg z_1 - \arg z_2$$

**Powers**

3.7.16 
$$z^n = r^n e^{in\theta}$$

3.7.17 
$$= r^n \cos n\theta + i r^n \sin n\theta$$
  
( $n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$ )

3.7.18 
$$z^2 = x^2 - y^2 + i(2xy)$$

3.7.19 
$$z^3 = x^3 - 3xy^2 + i(3x^2y - y^3)$$

3.7.20 
$$z^4 = x^4 - 6x^2y^2 + y^4 + i(4x^3y - 4xy^3)$$

3.7.21 
$$z^5 = x^5 - 10x^3y^2 + 5xy^4 + i(5x^4y - 10x^2y^3 + y^5)$$

3.7.22

$$z^n = [x^n - \binom{n}{2} x^{n-2} y^2 + \binom{n}{4} x^{n-4} y^4 - \dots]$$

$$+ i [\binom{n}{1} x^{n-1} y - \binom{n}{3} x^{n-3} y^3 + \dots],$$

( $n = 1, 2, \dots$ )