

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor, if only one name is listed below, or an original, first and joint inventor, if plural names are listed below, of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled MIRROR REFLECTIVE ELEMENT, the specification of which was filed on May 5, 2004 as application Serial No. 10/709,434.

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (the Office), all information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.), Section 1.56.

**CLAIM OF PRIORITY**

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:


U.S. Serial No. 60/471,872, filed on May 20, 2003.

**POWER OF ATTORNEY**

I hereby appoint the patent law firm of Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhardt, LLP, 2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207, Grand Rapids, Michigan 49546, telephone number 616/975-5500, facsimile number 616/975-5505, and the individual patent attorneys and patent agents at such patent law firm, namely, Daniel Van Dyke, Reg. No. 25 046; Donald S. Gardner, Reg. No. 25 975; Terence J. Linn, Reg. No. 30 283; Frederick S. Burkhardt, Reg. No. 29 288; Catherine S. Collins, Reg. No. 37 599; Timothy A. Flory, Reg. No. 42 540; and Karl T. Ondersma, Reg. No. 55 894 my attorney(s) or agent(s) with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in and to receive all correspondence from the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

All statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further, these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent issued thereon.

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EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY  
CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] The present application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/590,854, filed Aug. 21, 2012 (Attorney Docket DON09 P-1852), which is a division of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/336,018, filed Dec. 23, 2011, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,267,534, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/911,274, filed Oct. 25, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,128,243, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/851,045, filed Aug. 5, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,934,843, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/197,666, filed Aug. 25, 2008, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Ser. No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates generally to rearview mirror elements for a rearview mirror assembly of a vehicle and, more particularly, to exterior rearview mirror elements comprising multi-radius reflective elements.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] Typically, mirror reflective elements are formed of glass and have a reflective coating deposited thereon, such as via vacuum deposition or wet chemical silvering or the like, such as on a silver line, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,737,188, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference. Polymeric reflective elements are also known, such as are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,601,960; 6,409,354; 4,944,581; 4,385,804; 4,193,668; 4,666,264; and 5,483,386, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. For such polymeric mirror reflective elements, the need exists for a hard coat or surface on the first or outer or exterior surface of the element which is contacted by the exterior elements, such as rain, road debris, or the like, or contacted, for example, by a person scraping ice or wiping snow or condensation off the mirror element outer surface, such as during winter. A variety of hard coats have been proposed in the art, typically applied by dip coating or vacuum deposition techniques. However, a need exists for an automotive mirror reflective

element which has the properties of plastic (i.e., a specific gravity roughly half that of glass), and which has a glass-like exterior surface.

[0004] Also, exterior rearview mirror reflective elements may be aspheric or multi-radius, and may typically have a less curved or substantially flat (around 2000 mm radius or thereabouts) inboard portion or surface at the inboard side of the reflective element (i.e., closer to the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to the vehicle), and a more curved multi-radius portion or surface at the outboard side of the reflective element (i.e., further from the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to the vehicle), in order to provide an extended field of view. It is typically desirable to have the reflective elements or substrates of such exterior mirror elements to be formed of a glass material because glass material typically provides an enhanced scratch resistance over conventional optical resins and the like.

[0005] Therefore, there is a need in the art for a mirror reflective element that overcomes the shortcomings of the prior art elements and substrates.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] The present invention provides a molded wide angle or multi-radius substrate for a reflective element. The molded substrate comprises a polymeric optical resin transparent material and has a curved exterior surface, which may have a less curved/flatter or substantially flat inboard portion or surface and a more curved outboard portion or surface. The molded substrate may have an anti-abrasion film or layer, such as an ultrathin glass film, applied over the exterior surface or first surface to provide substantial protection against scratches occurring to the molded substrate. The inner surface or second surface of the reflective element substrate may have a reflective coating or layer, such as a polymeric reflective film, laminated or adhered or otherwise applied thereto.

[0007] According to an aspect of the present invention, a wide angle reflective element for a mirror assembly for a vehicle includes a wide angle substrate having an exterior surface and a glass film disposed at the exterior surface. The exterior surface of the substrate has a less curved inboard portion or surface and a more curved outboard portion or surface. The substrate comprises a polymeric resin material. The glass film is adapted to substantially conform to the exterior surface of the wide angle substrate. The glass film comprises a glass material and has a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm.

[0008] According to another aspect of the present invention, a reflective element for a mirror assembly for a vehicle comprises a substrate having an exterior surface, and an anti-abrasion film applied to the exterior surface. The substrate comprises a polymeric resin material, such as a transparent optical polymeric resin material. The anti-abrasion film preferably comprises a glass material (such as a soda lime glass or a borosilicate or the like) and has a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm, and is flexible to conform to the exterior surface.

[0009] The substrate may be cut from a strip or sheet of molded or extruded or cast substrate material (or less preferably, may be cut from an injected molded strip or sheet). The flexible glass film may be unrolled from a reel or roll and applied to the exterior surface of the elongated strip or sheet of substrate material. The substrate, including the glass film or layer, may then be cut or otherwise formed from the elongated strip or sheet.

[0010] The substrate may comprise a wide angle substrate and/or may comprise a multi-radius exterior surface having a less curved inboard portion or surface and a more curved outboard portion or surface.

[0011] A reflective film or layer may be applied to the inner surface or side of the substrate or strip opposite the exterior surface. The reflective film may comprise a polymeric reflective film laminated or otherwise adhered or applied to the inner side of the substrate or strip. The reflective film may comprise an all polymer-thin-film multilayer, high reflective mirror film comprising multiple coextrusion of many plastic layers to form a highly reflective mirror film.

[0012] Optionally, a reflective film or layer may be applied to the exterior surface of the substrate or sheet or strip, and the glass film or layer or sheet may be applied over the reflective film layer. In such an application, the substrate acts as a support or backing plate for the reflective film or layer and the glass film or layer, whereby optical clarity / transparency of the substrate material is not necessary.

[0013] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for forming a reflective element substrate for a mirror assembly of a vehicle comprises generally continuously forming an elongated strip or sheet of substrate material and applying a substantially transparent functional film, such as an anti-abrasion film or a hydrophilic film or a hydrophobic film or the like, to a surface of the elongated strip sheet. The substrate material may comprise a transparent optical polymeric resin. The functional film is

preferably unrolled from a reel or roll of film and applied to the surface of the elongated strip or sheet generally continuously as the strip or sheet is formed or extruded or cast or molded. Preferably, multiple mirror element shapes or mirror element substrates may be cut or otherwise formed from the elongated sheet after the functional film is applied to the surface of the strip or sheet.

[0014] The functional or anti-abrasion film may comprise an ultrathin glass material which is sufficiently flexible to be provided in a reel or roll (or in a sheet that is flexible and conformable to a bent substrate). The substrates may be formed with a wide angle exterior surface or a multi-radius exterior surface. The anti-abrasion film may be sufficiently flexible to conform to the wide angle or multi-radius or curved exterior surface.

[0015] A reflective film, such as a polymeric reflective film or the like, may be applied to the opposite surface of the substrate or sheet or strip. The reflective film may be sufficiently flexible to be provided in a reel or roll form (or in a sheet that is flexible and conformable to a bent substrate) for unrolling the reflective film as the film is generally continuously applied to the surface of the generally continuously formed sheet or strip.

[0016] Therefore, the present invention provides a molded wide angle or multi-radius single substrate for a rearview mirror assembly which has an anti-abrasion or anti-scratch film or layer applied to the curved, wide angle or multi-radius exterior surface of the substrate. The anti-abrasion film preferably comprises an ultrathin glass film or sheet to provide enhanced scratch resistance. The molded substrate may have a reflective film or layer laminated or applied to the inner surface opposite the exterior surface.

[0017] These and other objects, advantages, purposes and features of the present invention will become apparent upon review of the following specification in conjunction with the drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0018] FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an exterior rearview mirror assembly in accordance with the present invention;

[0019] FIG. 2 is a perspective view of a wide angle or multi-radius reflective element in accordance with the present invention;

[0020] FIG. 3 is a sectional view of the wide angle or multi-radius reflective element taken along the line III-III in FIG. 2;

- [0021] FIG. 4 is a sectional view similar to FIG. 3, showing a wide angle or multi-radius reflective element in accordance with the present invention with a reflective film or layer applied to the exterior surface of the element and an anti-abrasion film or layer applied over the reflective film or layer;
- [0022] FIG. 5 is a diagram showing the extruding, coating and cutting processes for manufacturing a prismatic mirror reflective element in accordance with the present invention;
- [0023] FIG. 5A is an elevation of the extruder of FIG. 5, showing the wedge shape of the extruded strip and reflective element substrate;
- [0024] FIG. 6 is a plan view of the extruded strip showing the cut out shapes of the reflective element cut from the extruded strip;
- [0025] FIG. 7 is a sectional view of the reflective element formed by the process shown in FIG. 5;
- [0026] FIG. 8 is a diagram showing an alternate process for manufacturing a prismatic mirror reflective element in accordance with the present invention, where a strip of substrate material is cast and formed via a caster and float section;
- [0027] FIG. 9 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;
- [0028] FIG. 10 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of FIG. 9;
- [0029] FIG. 11 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in FIG. 10;
- [0030] FIG. 12 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of FIG. 11;
- [0031] FIGS. 13A-13H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;
- [0032] FIG. 14 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a dividing wall in a backing plate element;
- [0033] FIG. 14A is a cross-section taken along line XX of FIG. 14;
- [0034] FIG. 14B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of FIG. 14;

[0035] FIG. 15 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention;

[0036] FIG. 16 is a front elevation view of another embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention;

[0037] FIG. 17 is an exploded perspective view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16;

[0038] FIG. 18 is an end view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16 as viewed from line XVIII--XVIII of FIG. 16;

[0039] FIG. 19 is a top view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16 as viewed from line XIX--XIX of FIG. 16;

[0040] FIG. 20 is a schematic representation of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16 illustrating the orientation of the reflective element;

[0041] FIG. 21 is another schematic representation of the orientation of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element in FIG. 16;

[0042] FIG. 22 is a diagram illustrating the range of viewing of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16; and

[0043] FIG. 23 is a perspective view of another embodiment of an exterior rearview mirror system of the present invention.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0044] Referring now to the drawings and the illustrative embodiments depicted therein, an exterior rearview mirror assembly 10 includes a reflective element 12 mounted at a casing 14, which is mounted at an exterior portion of a vehicle 16 (FIG. 1). Reflective element 12 may provide an enhanced field of view or wide angle field of view to a driver or occupant of the vehicle and may comprise a single reflective element substrate 18 having an inner surface 18a and an opposite exterior surface 18b (FIGS. 2 and 3). The exterior surface 18b comprises a less curved or substantially flat inboard portion or surface 18c and a more curved outboard portion or surface 18d, as discussed below. The substrate 18 may have an anti-abrasion coating or layer or film 20, such as an ultrathin glass coating or layer or film, laminated or deposited or otherwise applied to the exterior surface 18b, and may have a reflective coating or layer 22 laminated or applied to the inner surface 18a, as also discussed below. Aspects of the reflective element of the present invention may be

suitable for use in a reflective element for an exterior rearview mirror assembly (as shown in FIG. 1) and/or a reflective element for an interior rearview mirror assembly (not shown).

[0045] Reflective element 12 may comprise an aspheric or multi-radius or wide angle single element reflective element substrate. The reflective element 12 may provide a field of view similar to the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,522,451 and 6,717,712, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[0046] As illustrated in FIG. 9 from U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712, incorporated above, passenger automobile 110 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal transportation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 127 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 125. Interior vehicle cabin 125 further includes a steering wheel 116, a driver seat 129 positioned at steering wheel 116, a front passenger seat 121 adjacent to driver seat 129 in the front portion of cabin 125, and a rear passenger seat 123 in the rear portion of cabin 125. Automobile 110 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 112 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 114, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body 111, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 129 for driver-side assembly 112 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 121 for passenger-side assembly 114. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in FIG. 9 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 112 includes, as illustrated in FIG. 10, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 130. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 136. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 136 in response to control 137. Control 137 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 within exterior mirror housing 140 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. Alternately, when actuator 136 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 137 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin 125) or



control 137 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 136 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 136 is mounted to bracket 138 which attaches to vehicle body side 111. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is positionable by actuator 136 within exterior mirror housing 140.

[0047] Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130, as shown in FIG. 11, comprises a plano element 150 and a separate multiradius element 155. Preferably, plano element 150 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plano element 150 and separate multiradius element 155 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 150 and separate multiradius element 155 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in FIG. 11. Plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 are both mounted to surface 159 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 160. Plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 165. Surface 161 of backing plate element 160 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 164, to actuator 136 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 112 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 114) such that plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 136 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. Thus, since elements 150, 155 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130, movement of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 by actuator 136 simultaneously and similarly moves plano element 150 and multiradius element 155.

[0048] Plano element 150 preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element 150 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element 150 may comprise a flat

glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element 150 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 166) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 167), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element 150 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element 150 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

[0049] When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 112 and/or 114, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element 150 is positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element 155. Thus, and referring to FIG. 11, side A of plano element 150 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element 155 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted on an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 112 and/or 114, surfaces 166, 168 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

[0050] Multiradius element 155 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element 155 with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element 155 (side C in FIG. 11) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element 150 when both are mounted on backing plate element 160. Thus, and referring to FIG. 11, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 155, when mounted on backing plate element 160, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element 155 from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 155 is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and

most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element 155 is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element 155 comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multiradius element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

[0051] The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

[0052] Multiradius element 155 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element 155 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element 155 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 168) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 169), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element 155 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element 155 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

[0053] Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, 166 and 168, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements 150, 155 is determined by the

thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 when mounted to an automobile.

[0054] The reflector area of plano element 150 is preferably larger than that of multiradius element 155. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element 150 is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element 155 (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to FIG. 11, the distance from side A to side B of plano element 150 is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element 155. Thus, the ratio of the width of plano element 150 to the width of multiradius element 155 is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element 150 as the principal rear viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 and providing multiradius element 155 as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element 150 (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 75 mm to about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

[0055] Backing plate element 160 is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element 50 and multiradius element 155. Backing plate element 160 comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in FIG. 11) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element 150. Backing plate element 60 also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in FIG. 11) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element 155. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius

element 155 is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element 155. Backing plate element 160 is formed as a single element to which elements 150 and 155 are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element 160 is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element 160 include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element 160 can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element 150 can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element 155 can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element 160. Alternatively, plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 160 with elements 150, 155 integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element 165) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130.

[0056] Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 further preferably includes demarcation element 165 that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray, rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 when both are attached to backing plate element 160. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element 165 can be disposed in any gap between plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 at their joint on backing plate element 160. Preferably, demarcation element 165 is formed of a polymeric material that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or

dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element 165 is formed of an at least partially elastomeric material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements 150, 155. As shown in FIG. 12, demarcation element 165 optionally includes a crown portion 170 that includes wing portions 173, 173' and a stem portion 171. Stem portion 171 preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than about 2 mm. Crown portion 170 preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces 166, 168 of elements 150, 155 when demarcation element 165 is installed between elements 150 and 155. Also, wings 173, 173' are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces 166, 168 of elements 150, 155 when demarcation element 165 is installed between elements 150 and 155 in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements 150, 155 that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in FIG. 12 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap). Optionally, demarcation element 165 is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 have been attached to backing plate element 160, a separately formed demarcation element 165 can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space between elements 150 and 155. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element 150 and side C of multiradius element 155 can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element 165 can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements 150 and 155. Alternatively, demarcation element 165 can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint,

lacquer, caulk or similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements 150 and 155. The width of the portion of demarcation element 165 that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element 165 can be formed as part of backing plate element 160 such as by forming demarcation element 165 as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element 160 into two regions: A first region adapted to receive plano reflective element 150 and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element 155.

[0057] Thus, and referring to FIG. 14, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130' may include a backing plate element 160' which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element 165' that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element 165' into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element 150' and into a second region (from BB to AA) adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element 155'. Note that section AA to BB of backing plate element 160' is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in FIG. 14 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

[0058] Preferably, demarcation element 165 is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element 160, and attachment of elements 150, 155 thereto. For example, plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 160 with elements 150, 155 integrally molded thereto and, in

the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element 165 (along with any other elements such as attachment member 164) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components. Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

[0059] Plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces 166, 168. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

[0060] Also, plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element 150 and element 155 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of element 150 and element 155 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements 150, 155 can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to



detect incident glare and ambient light). Alternately, if both plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 comprise an electrooptic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element 150 can dim independently of element 155 (such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated by reference in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712, incorporated herein above). If either or both of elements 150, 155 comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/350,930, filed Jul. 12, 1999, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,154,306, or such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are incorporated by reference in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712, incorporated herein above. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6 mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

[0061] Backing plate element 165 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member 164 to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure sensitive adhesive to form a "double-sticky" tape. The exterior sideview mirror assembly, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached

exterior sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

[0062] FIGS. 13A-13H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element 155 relative to its adjacent plano reflective element 150 (with demarcation element 165 disposed at their joint). In FIGS. 13A, 13B, 13C, 13E and 13F, plano element 150 is mounted wholly inboard of multiradius element 155. Thus, in FIGS. 13A, 13B, 13C, 13E and 13F, plano element 150 would be disposed closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than multiradius element 155 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 was mounted in an exterior sideview mirror attached to a side of an automobile. Therefore, in FIGS. 13A, 13B, 13C, 13E and 13F, plano element 150 would be mounted inboard relative to the side of the automobile and multiradius element 155 would be mounted outboard relative to the side of the automobile. In general, the location of the multiradius reflective element in the outboard, upper portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, as in FIGS. 13B and 13E, is preferred as this allows the plano portion provide a desired rearward field of view along the side of the vehicle. The configuration as shown in FIG. 13G (where the multiradius reflective element is along the inboard side of the assembly) is also desirable as this allows the driver view the side of the vehicle (something many drivers desire in order to have a frame of reference for their rearward field of view) while facilitating having a wide field of view for the plano portion.

[0063] Unlike trucks, busses and commercial vehicles the size of an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on an automobile (and especially when the automobile is not towing a trailer or the like) is restricted. Automobiles generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal transportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles (which are classified herein as automobiles) can have seat accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accommodation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The tandem mounting of a plano element of unit magnification and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing plate element onto an actuator of an exterior sideview mirror assembly so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly move the auxiliary element and the plano element so as to position their respective rearward fields of view, and to achieve this within the relatively restricted space available in a standard automobile-sized exterior sideview mirror assembly is an important

element of this present invention. By utilizing a plano element of unit magnification in the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, and by sizing the reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector area of the multiradius element and, preferably, by sizing the reflector area of the plano element at a sufficiently large size that the rearward field of view provided by the plano element alone meets and satisfies the minimum field of view requirement mandated by an automaker specification and/or a government regulation, the need to provide a safety warning indicia such as "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR" in the plano element and/or in the multiradius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plano element comprises a reflector surface area of a size sufficient, when mounted as part of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, to provide the driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a longitudinal plane tangent to the driver's side of the automobile at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the tangent plane 35 feet behind the driver's eyes (at a nominal location appropriate for any 95th percentile male driver or at the driver's eye reference points established in Federal Motor Vehicle Standard No. 104), with the driver seated in the driver's seat and with the driver's seat in the rearmost position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly (defined as the ratio of its largest vertical dimension to its largest horizontal dimension, measured with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be oriented when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel with the road surface the automobile travels on and "vertical" being generally perpendicular to the road surface the automobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more preferably less than 0.8, most preferably less than 0.6. Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be disposed outboard (relative to the side of the vehicle and with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly so that the multiradius element is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a "blind-spot" region in an adjacent sidelane while the more inboard-disposed plano element with unit magnification provides the principal sideview image to the driver.

[0064] Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element be different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the road that the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile) so as to provide the driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in the side lane that the plano element views). However, preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted driver-side (or passenger-side) exterior sideview mirror assembly in which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location and/or several feet (such as about 1 foot to about 24 feet; more preferably, about 1 foot to about 12 feet; most preferably about 1 foot to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear (in order to capture a field of view of a rear approaching vehicle that is approaching to overtake, or is about to overtake, or is overtaking the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly). Thus, preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is angled and directed generally downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element. For example, multiradius element 155' when attached to surface 173" of backing plate 160' (see FIG. 14B) would have its principal axis of rearward view as indicated by 180' as in FIG. 14B, and as such would be canted towards the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. By contrast, plano element 150' when attached to surface 174' of backing plate 160' (see FIG. 14A) would have a principal axis as indicated by 185' as in FIG. 14A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. Having the multiradius element canted somewhat downwards towards the road surface assists visual detection by the driver of overtaking vehicles in the traditional "blind-spot" in the adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius element is angled on the backing plate element

of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plano reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1 degree to about 10 degrees range; about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees range more preferred; and about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees range most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plano reflective portion is attached to. Thus, and referring to FIG. 14, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130' includes a molded polymeric backing plate element 160' comprising a generally flat portion 162' (between BB and CC in FIG. 14) and an adjacent curved portion 161' (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190' and 195', portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160' is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160'. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160' to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. FIG. 14 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130' as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162' closer to the driver than portion 161'). The wall section, section XX in FIG. 14, taken through section 162' of backing plate element 160' is of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in FIG. 14A) whereas the wall section, section YY in FIG. 14B, taken through section 161' of backing plate element 160' is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150' and multiradius reflective element 155' (for example, plano element 150' can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and multiradius element 155' can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to portions 162' and 161', respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173" (see FIG. 14B) of portion 161', the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155' is angled downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal viewing axis of plano element 150', when plano-multiradius reflective element 130' is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element 165' is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element 160', and so demarcation element 165' is formed as an integral part of backing plate element 160',

forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160' into a region for receiving the plano reflective element 150' and a region for receiving the auxiliary reflective element 155'. Also, end-caps 170' and 171' are optionally provided. Plano reflective element 150' can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165' and end-cap 171'; multiradius reflective element 155' can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165' and end-cap 170'. Note that the portion of the backing plate element where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in FIGS. 14A-B. As illustrated in FIGS. 14A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in order to ensure that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

[0065] Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

[0066] Referring to FIG. 15, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile

such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

[0067] Referring to FIG. 16, another embodiment 310 of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention is illustrated. Plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly 310 includes a first reflective element 312 and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 314 which are together supported in a frame element assembly 316. As will be more fully described below, frame element assembly 316 is adapted such that when reflective elements 312 and 314 are placed, or otherwise positioned, in frame element assembly 316, the angular orientation of each reflective element is pre-established such that during assembly, the assembler need simply place the reflective elements in frame element assembly 316.

[0068] In the illustrated embodiment, frame element assembly 316 includes a frame 318 with a forward facing open portion 318a (FIG. 17) (and thus when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in a vehicle-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly, the forward facing open portion (318a) is facing to the front of the vehicle) through which a reflective element subassembly 317a, which includes reflective element 312, is positioned in frame element assembly 316 and a rearward facing open portion 318b (FIG. 16) (which faces the rear of the vehicle when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in a vehicle mounted exterior

sideview mirror assembly) in which a second reflective element subassembly 317b, which includes reflective element 314, is positioned in frame element assembly 316. Frame 318 preferably comprises a molded member formed from a plastic material, such as a reinforced nylon.

[0069] In preferred form, first reflective element 312 comprises a plano reflective element 350, such as a flat reflector coated glass substrate, with a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of an image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed to the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances) so as to have a unit magnification. Similar to the previous embodiment, plano reflective element 350 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance reflective element or may comprise a variable reflectance reflective element whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable, as is known in the art. For example, plano reflective element 350 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with metallic reflector coating, such as a chromium coating, titanium coating, rhodium coating, metal alloy coating, nickel alloy coating, silver coating, aluminum coating, or any alloy or composition of these metal reflectors. For further details of plano reflective element 350, reference is made to the previous embodiments.

[0070] In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 312 comprises an electrochromic reflective element and includes a first substrate 312a and a second substrate 312b with an electrochromic medium 312c disposed between first and second substrates 312a, 312b. Such suitable electrochromic media include, for example, a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium as noted in reference to the previous embodiments. Electrical connectors 320a and 320b are coupled to the electrochromic medium 312c to provide a potential across the electrochromic medium which induces the electrochromic medium to darken, as is known in the art. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element subassembly 317a also includes an optional heater pad 322, which is disposed behind reflective element 312, and a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad 326, positioned behind heater pad 322, which absorbs vibration of reflective element 312.

[0071] Referring again to FIG. 17, frame 318 is adapted to receive and support reflective element subassembly 317a, which is mounted to frame 318 by a backing plate 324, such as a plastic backing plate. In the illustrated embodiment, backing plate 324 mounts to the inner perimeter portion of frame 318 using conventional techniques, such as by adhesive



bonding, heatstaking, snap-fit coupling, welding, or the like, to form part of frame element assembly 316. Alternatively, backing plate 324 may mount onto foam pad 326, for example, by an adhesive attachment, such as double sided sticky tape. In which case, reflective element 312 may be mounted to an inner surface of frame 318, such as by an adhesive attachment, including for example a silicone adhesive, with heater pad 322 mounted to reflective element 312, such as by an adhesive attachment, and foam pad 326 mounted to heater pad 322, such as by an adhesive attachment including, for example, double-sided sticky tape.

[0072] Frame element assembly 316 mounts reflective element assembly 310 in the mirror casing and preferably on an actuator, such as an electric actuator, which permits adjustment to the orientation of reflective element assembly 310 about one or more axis. Examples of suitable actuators are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,900,999; 5,986,364; 6,132,052; 6,037,689; and 6,094,027 and applications Ser. No. 09/277,632, filed Mar. 26, 1999, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,229,226, and Ser. No. 09/408,867, filed Sep. 29, 1999, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,243,218, which are incorporated by reference in their entireties in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712 (incorporated herein above). Optionally and preferably, backing plate 324 is adapted to engage or be engaged by the actuator for repositioning of plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly 310 about one or more axes. In this manner, the orientation of both reflective element 312 and reflective element 314 are simultaneously adjusted by the actuator. As best seen in FIG. 17, forward facing side 324a of backing plate 324 includes mounting structures 324b which are engaged by the actuator to thereby mount reflective element assembly 310 in the mirror casing.

[0073] Referring again to FIG. 16, frame 318 is a unitary frame and includes a first bezel portion 330 which extends around reflective element 312 and a second bezel portion 332 which extends around reflective element 314 to provide styling utility as well as functional utility. In this manner, a portion of forward facing side of frame 318 forms a support surface for reflective element 312, while a portion of rearward facing side of frame 318 forms first bezel portion 330. Similarly, another portion of the rearward facing side of frame provides support for reflective element 314 and also provides bezel portion 332. In addition, a portion of frame 318 forms a demarcation element at the juncture of reflective elements 312 and 314. In the illustrated embodiment, the demarcation element is formed by a section or portion of bezel portion 330, which will be described in greater detail in

reference to bezel portion 330. Thus, frame element assembly 316 provides a support function, a positioning function, including an angling function, while also serving to provide styling utility and a demarcation function.

[0074] Second reflective element 314 comprises a radiused reflective element and, more preferably, a multiradiused reflective element 355 having a multiradiused curvature. For example, the radii of curvature of reflective element 314 may range from about 4000 mm to about 100 mm and, preferably, range from about 3000 mm to about 150 mm, and, most preferably, range from about 2000 mm to about 200 mm. In addition, reflective element 314 may comprise a fixed reflectance reflective element or may comprise a variable reflectance reflective element whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. Preferably, reflective elements 312 and 314 include glass substrates, with at least the outer surface of each reflective element comprising glass. However, metalized plastic reflectors may also be used which is especially suitable for reflective element 314. In which case, the reflective element (314) would be especially suitable for molding in or along with frame 318, with the preformed metalized substrate forming reflective element 314 being placed into the mold forming frame 318. For further details of other suitable reflective elements, reference is made to the previous embodiments. In addition to reflective element 314, reflective element subassembly 317b includes a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad 314a, which is positioned behind reflective element 314. Similar to reflective element 312, foam pad 314a is attached to reflective element 314 by an adhesive attachment, such as a double-sided sticky tape and, similarly, is attached to frame 318 as will be more fully described below.

[0075] As noted above, frame 318 includes a first bezel portion 330 and a second bezel portion 332. In addition, frame 318 includes an auxiliary support element 320 that provides a mounting surface or support surface for reflective element subassembly 317b. As best seen in FIGS. 17 and 18, support element 320 includes a recessed support surface 328 which is angled to provide an angled support surface for reflective element subassembly 317b. Thus, when reflective subassembly 317b is positioned on and mounted on support surface 328, such as by an adhesive attachment between foam pad 314a and support surface 328, the orientation of reflective element 314 is established by the angle of the support surface. Optionally, support element 320 includes gussets 321a and 321b which

project forwardly from the forward facing side of frame 318 to thereby reinforce support surface 328.

[0076] Referring to FIG. 16, first bezel portion 330 includes an upper portion 330a, two side portions 330b and 330c, and a lower portion 330d. Side portion 330b forms an acute angle with respect to the lower portion 330d and an obtuse angle with respect to upper portion 330a and together with upper portion 330a, side portion 330c, and lower portion 330d form a perimeter around reflective element 312 to thereby form a styling feature. Second bezel portion 332 extends outwardly from upper portion 330a and downwardly to lower portion 330d of first perimeter portion 330 and together with side portion 330b forms a perimeter around second reflective element 314. Support element 320 extends behind and between side portion 330b and second bezel portion 332 so that reflective element 314 is recessed behind side portion 330b and bezel portion 332.

[0077] As best seen in FIG. 18, upper portion 330a, side portions 330b and 330c, and lower portion 330d are substantially coplanar and together define an outer surface below which reflective element 312 is recessed when reflective element 312 is mounted in frame 318. In contrast, perimeter portion 332 is angled forwardly with respect to the plane in which upper portion 330a, side portions 330b and 330c, and lower portion 330d lie. It should be understood that the terms "forwardly", "rearwardly" and "downwardly", are used in reference to when the mirror system is mounted in an automobile. Therefore, "forwardly" is a direction heading toward the front of the automobile, "rearwardly" is a direction heading to the rear of the automobile, "outwardly" is a direction away from the side of the vehicle on which the mirror assembly is mounted, and "downwardly" is a direction heading toward the surface on which the vehicle is positioned (such as a ground or road surface). Similarly as noted above, reflective element 314 is recessed below an outer surface of perimeter portion 332 and also below the outer surface of side portion 330b when mounted in frame 318.

[0078] As would be understood from FIGS. 17-19, support surface 328 is also angled forwardly with respect to back plate 324 and/or reflective element 312 when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in an automobile mounted exterior sideview mirror system. In addition, support surface 328 is also angled or tilted downwardly with respect to reflective element 312 and/or backing plate 324 such that when reflective element 314 is supported on support surface 328, reflective element 314 provides an increased field of view

extending laterally or outwardly from the longitudinal axis of the automobile and also downwardly of the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

[0079] Referring to FIGS. 21 and 22, support surface 328 is configured such that reflective element 314 is tilted forwardly at an angle  $\alpha$  with respect to the X-axis of reflective element 312. In one form, angle  $\alpha$  is in a range of about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees. In another form, angle  $\alpha$  is in a range of about 1 degree to about 3 degrees. In yet another form, angle  $\alpha$  is in a range of about 1.25 degrees to about 2.5 degrees. Reflective element 314 is also tilted downwardly with respect to the Y-axis of reflective element 312 at an angle  $\beta$ . In one form, angle  $\beta$  is in a range of about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees. In another form, angle  $\beta$  is in a range of about 1.5 degrees to about 3.5. In yet another form, angle  $\beta$  is in a range of about 2 degrees to about 3 degrees. With the tilted orientation of reflective element 314, reflective element 314 provides a field of view with a principal axis that sweeps outwardly and downwardly with respect to the principal axis of the field of view of reflective element 312.

[0080] In the illustrated embodiment, support surface 328 is provided by a plate member 321. Plate member 321 may comprise a solid plate member or a foraminous plate member. In the illustrated embodiment, plate member 321 is integrally formed with perimeter portions 330 and 332 during the molding process of frame 318. As previously noted, frame 318 includes a rearwardly facing opening 318b through which reflective element 314 is inserted for placement on support surface 328. For example, reflective element 314 may be positioned in frame 318 on support surface 328 during the molding process of frame 318, such as by insert molding, or may be inserted into frame 318 before the plastic material forming frame 318 is fully cured and is still pliable. In which case, reflective element subassembly 317b is mounted to auxiliary support 320 by an adhesive attachment or a mechanical attachment. Alternatively, support surface 328 may be formed by peripheral flange or a frame. In this manner, reflective element subassembly 317b may be placed in frame 318 from its forward facing side.

[0081] Referring to FIG. 22, when reflective element assembly 310 is mounted in a vehicle reflective element 312 has a field of view 360 which forms an angle A with respect to the longitudinal center line of the vehicle in a range of about 8 degrees to about 20 degrees. In another form, angle A is in a range of about 10 degrees to about 18 degrees. In yet

another form, angle A is in a range of about 12 degrees to about 16 degrees. Similarly, reflective element 314 has a field of view 362 which forms an angle C in range of about 15 degrees to about 50 degrees. In another form, angle C is in a range of about 15 degrees to about 35 degrees. In yet another form, angle C is in a range of about 15 degrees to about 25 degrees. Consequently, the overall field of view of reflective elements 312 and 314 extends over an angle B, which ranges from about 8 degrees to about 50 degrees in one form, about 10 degrees to about 35 degrees in another form, and about 12 degrees to about 25 degrees in yet another form. Furthermore, field of views 360 and 362 overlap over a range having angle D in a range of about 20 degrees to about 2 degrees, or in a range of about 15 degrees to about 5 degrees. In another form, angle D is in a range of about 10 degrees to about 8 degrees.

[0082] From the foregoing, it can be appreciated that reflective elements 312 and 314 provide a wider field of view than a wholly planar rearview mirror element that fully accommodates an equivalent frame having similar dimensions. In addition, because reflective elements 312 and 314 have overlapping field of views, an image in the field of view of reflective element 314 will transition or move between the reflective elements and appear in both reflective elements during the transition to thereby enable the driver of the automobile to view or be conscious of the object continuously. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 314 is positioned in an outboard position relative to reflective element 312; therefore, when a vehicle or object that is approaching the automobile from the rear and to some extent from the side, the image of the approaching object will first appear in reflective element 312, then appear in both reflective elements 314 and 312, and then move to reflective element 314 so that the driver will be initially aware of the approaching object when its image first appears in reflective element 312 and continue to be aware of the object as it moves closer to the automobile, thus increasing the range of viewing of the driver. Since the image transitions smoothly from reflective element 312 to reflective element 314, the driver's awareness of the object is continuous and, further, the driver is not distracted from sudden transitions that often occur with conventional spotter mirrors. Typically, when an object "falls" or "drops" out, a driver's consciousness of the object reduces significantly, if not ceases, which is one of the causes of many automobile blind spot accidents. Hence, when combined with the field of view of an interior rearview mirror system, the present invention reduces, if not eliminates, an

automobile's blind spot. For further discussion of blind spots in vehicle rearview mirror systems, reference is made to U.S. provisional application entitled VEHICULAR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM, Ser. No. 60/252,149, filed Nov. 20, 2000 by Robert E. Schnell, David K. Willmore, and Richard J. Weber, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712 (incorporated herein above). Thus, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly provides a seamless rearvision function whereby the image of a side approaching/side overtaking other vehicle is substantially seamlessly maintained as the image of the overtaking or approaching vehicle transitions from being principally and substantially viewed by the driver of the vehicle (the vehicle mounted with the mirror system of the present invention) in the plano reflective element to be seen in the auxiliary reflective element.

[0083] Referring to FIG. 23, the numeral 410 generally designates yet another embodiment of an automobile exterior sideview mirror system of the present invention. Exterior sideview mirror system 410 includes a housing 412, a first reflective element 414, and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 416, which together provide an increase field of view over conventional planar reflectors mounted in a frame of equivalent dimensions to the combined lateral dimensions of reflective element 414 and 416.

[0084] Housing 412 includes a mirror casing 417 and a sail 418, which mounts casing 412 to a side of an automobile. Though illustrated as a fixed mounting arrangement, it should be understood that mirror system 410, like the previous embodiments, may comprise a break-away mirror system or a powerfold mirror system.

[0085] In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 414 comprises a plano reflective element having a unit magnification, similar to the plano reflective elements described in reference to the previous embodiments. Reflective element 416 preferably comprises a wide-angle reflector, such as a convex or aspheric reflector, and may include a multiradiused curvature. For further description of suitable reflectors, reference is made to the previous embodiment.

[0086] In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 416 is mounted in an outboard position relative to reflective element 414 and is fixedly mounted to bezel 420 of mirror casing 417. In addition, reflective element 416 is preferably angled downwardly and forwardly relative to first reflective element 414 when mirror system 410 is mounted to an automobile to thereby increase the field of view of mirror system 410. Optionally and

preferably, reflective element 416 is detachably mounted to bezel 420, such as by mechanical fasteners, including clips, so that reflective element 416 can be removed, such as for replacement.

[0087] Reflective element 414 preferably comprises an independently positionable reflective element and is mounted by a backing member, such as a backing plate, to an actuator, which provides multi-axis positioning of reflective element 414. In this manner, reflective element 414 and reflective element 416 are separately and independently mounted in housing 412. In addition, reflective element 414 optionally extends behind reflective element 416 in order to maintain the overlap of the field of views of reflective elements 414 and 416 even when reflective element 414 is moved by the actuator. Similar to the previous embodiment, when an object moves toward the automobile, in which mirror system 410 is mounted, from the rear of the automobile or laterally with respect to the automobile, the image of the object will appear initially in reflective element 414. As the object moves closer to the automobile, the image of the object will move from reflective element 414 to reflective element 416 such that when the image transitions between reflective element 414 and reflective element 416, the image will appear in both reflective elements.

[0088] Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element, such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element, for the second or auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano or first reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective element is angled relative to the plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so

that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

[0089] The substrate 18 of the reflective element 12 of the present invention may be formed (such as by casting, extrusion or injection molding) of a polymeric optical resin material, such as an acrylic or polycarbonate resin, a polyolefin, a cyclic olefin copolymer, such as a COC resin known as "TOPAS" and available from Ticona of Summit, NJ (such as a resin of the type described in U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 09/946,228, filed Sep. 5, 2001 for IMPROVED PLASTIC SUBSTRATE FOR INFORMATION DEVICE AND METHOD FOR MAKING SAME, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference) or the like. Because the substrate can be, for example, injection molded from an optical resin, the substrate may be molded or formed to a desired shape having a wide angle or multi-radius surface, which is typically challenging to accomplish with glass sheets. This is because any prescription or form for the substrate can be established in an injection mold by machining, such that when the injection mold is filled with molten injected optical resin material, the optical resin material takes the shape of the mold. Thus, for example, a substrate having a substantially or fully flat inboard region for a multi-radius (often referred to as an aspheric) exterior mirror element is fully practical.

[0090] As shown in FIGS. 1-3, inboard portion or surface 18c of exterior surface 18b is positioned at or toward the side of the reflective element that is toward the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to or attached to the vehicle. The inboard portion 18c of surface 18b of substrate 18 may comprise a substantially flat or slightly curved or less curved surface, such as a surface having a radius of curvature of preferably greater than at least approximately 4000 mm, more preferably greater than at least approximately 9000 mm, and most preferably greater than at least approximately 12000 mm. The inboard surface 18c may provide a field of view of up to approximately 10 degrees, preferably up to approximately 15 degrees, and more preferably up to approximately 20 degrees.

[0091] Outboard portion or surface 18d of exterior surface 18b of substrate 18 is positioned outward from inboard portion and is thus further away from the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to or attached to the vehicle. Outboard portion 18d



of exterior surface 18b may be a more convex or curved surface, such that the substrate comprises a wide angle or multi-radius exterior surface substrate. The more curved outboard surface 18d of the substrate may have radii of curvature in the range of less than about 4000 mm to about 100 mm or lower. The more curved outboard portion or surface 18d may provide an extended field of view when combined with the less curved inboard portion or surface 18c. For example, the combined field of view of the mirror reflective element 12 may be preferably greater than at least approximately 25 degrees, more preferably greater than at least approximately 35 degrees, and most preferably greater than at least approximately 45 degrees. The substrate may be formed to have curves or shapes or to provide other field of views, without affecting the scope of the present invention.

[0092] The exterior surface 18b of substrate 18 may be coated or covered with a substantially transparent functional film or layer 20, such as an anti-abrasion film or layer, such as an ultrathin glass film or layer or sheet having a thickness of preferably less than or equal to approximately 0.8 mm, more preferably less than or equal to approximately 0.5 mm, and most preferably less than or equal to approximately 0.3 mm. The ultrathin glass film or layer or sheet 20 provides a flexible glass film which can be conformed to the exterior surface of the molded substrate (for example, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,085,907, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference) after the substrate is molded. The ultrathin glass film or layer may provide substantial protection against scratches on the outboard surface, such as may occur due to impact by debris at the outside of the vehicle (for exterior mirror assembly applications) or by use of ice scrapers and the like on the glass surface and the like. The ultrathin glass film or layer may be applied to a molded or extruded strip (such as described below with respect to FIGS. 5-8) or may be applied to the surface or surfaces of a formed or cut substrate, without affecting the scope of the present invention. The flexible ultrathin glass film or layer of the present invention allows the wide angle or multi-radius substrate to be molded in the desired shape out of a transparent acrylic resin material, yet may conform to the curved or multi-radius or aspheric shape and provide enhanced protection or scratch resistance to the substrate.

[0093] It is envisioned that other functional films or hard coats or anti-abrasion films or the like may be applied to the exterior surface of the molded substrate, such as via adhering or applying a film to the exterior surface or via dip coating or vacuum deposition or the like.

Optionally, a hydrophobic film or hydrophilic film or element or property may also or otherwise be applied to the exterior surface 18b of the substrate. Optionally, the functional film may comprise a non-glass or polymeric film, such as a polymeric material that is a harder and/or different property material than the substrate itself. Optionally, the anti-abrasion film may be formed of the same resin material as the substrate to match the coefficients of thermal expansion and thus reduce thermal expansion/contraction mismatches between the materials.

[0094] Optionally, the inner or rear surface 18a of the substrate 18 may have a reflective layer or coating or film or sheet 22 laminated or otherwise applied thereto. For example, the reflective layer or film 22 may comprise a polymeric reflective film 22 laminated or otherwise adhered or applied to the rear or inner surface 18a of a molded or extruded or cast strip (such as described below with respect to FIGS. 5-8) or of the molded or formed substrate 18. Reflective film 22 may comprise a polymeric reflective film, such as an all polymer-thin-film multilayer, high reflective mirror film, such as a multilayer, non-metallic reflective film which may comprise multiple coextrusion of many plastic layers to form a highly reflective mirror film, such as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,773,882; 3,884,606; and 3,759,647, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. Such a reflective film thus may comprise multilayers of polymer materials to form a highly reflective mirror film, such as a Radiant Light Film, a Radiant Mirror Film or a Radiant Color Film, such as commercially available from 3M of St. Paul, Minn., such as a Radiant Color Film CM590 or CM500. Also, a durable metallized polymeric mirror layer can be used, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,361,172, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[0095] As shown in FIG. 4, it is envisioned that a substrate or substrate shape or sheet or strip of substrate material 118 may have a reflective film or layer 122 adhered or laminated or otherwise applied to the exterior surface 118b of the substrate material. An anti-abrasion film or layer 120 (which may comprise an ultrathin glass film or layer as described above) may be adhered or laminated or otherwise applied to the reflective film or layer 122. In such an application, with the reflective layer on the front or exterior surface of the substrate, the substrate material may be molded or formed of a polymeric material that does not provide optical clarity and need not be transparent. The substrate material may act only as a support or backing plate for the reflective film or layer and the anti-abrasion film or layer and thus may be opaque or non-transparent. The exterior surface 118b of

substrate material 118 may comprise a wide angle exterior surface or a multi-radius exterior surface having a less curved inboard portion or surface 118c and a more curved outboard portion or surface 118d, such as discussed above with respect to substrate 18.

[0096] Optionally, and such as shown in FIGS. 5, 6 and 8, the optical resin material may be molded or extruded or cast into a generally continuous strip 19 having the desired curved or multi-radius surfaces, and may be cut to form the substrates. The substrates may be cut from the strip via any known cutting process, such as via a laser cutting process or a water-jet cutting process or the like, without affecting the scope of the present invention.

[0097] As shown in FIGS. 5-8, the molding processes and film or layer application processes of the present invention may be used to form a prismatic or wedge-shaped strip for forming prismatic or wedge-shaped substrates 18' (FIG. 7) for use in an interior rearview mirror assembly of a vehicle.

[0098] As also shown in FIGS. 5-8, the substrate material or optical resin material may be extruded or cast to form the continuous strip or sheet 19. For example, and as shown in FIGS. 5 and 5A, the strip 19 may be extruded by an extruder 24, which, preferably continuously, extrudes the optical resin material through an extrusion nozzle 26. The extruded material may be moved through an annealing Lehr 28 to reduce or substantially eliminate birefringence, striation, stress and/or distortion in the strip or substrates. The coatings or layers or films 20 and/or 22 may be applied to one or both surfaces of the strip or substrate after the annealing process. The strip 19 may then be cut, such as via laser cutting or water-jet cutting devices or processes 30, or via other forming processes, to form the substrates 18' after the films or coatings have been applied thereto.

[0099] Optionally, and as shown in FIG. 8, the strip 19 of optical polymeric resin material may be cast by a caster 32, which deposits the molten polymer or resin material onto a float section 34, such as a heated plate or heated melt. The float section 34 may be angled to form the wedge-shaped strip as the strip or ribbon of cast molten polymer solidifies as it passes across the hot float section (it is also envisioned that the float may provide a curved surface to form the curved outboard surface of the substrate). The coatings or layers or films 20, 22 may be applied to the solidified strip and the strip may be cut to form the substrates after the coatings or layers or films have been applied thereto.

[00100] Because the films or layers are flexible, it is envisioned that the anti-abrasion film or ultrathin glass film and/or the reflective polymeric film may be unwound or unrolled and

applied along the generally continuously extruded or cast substrate material or strip 19. For example, and as shown in FIGS. 5-8, the ultrathin glass film (or other outer layer anti-abrasion coating or film) 20 may be provided in a reel or roll form or strip 20a and may be unwound or unrolled and laminated or otherwise adhered or applied along the exterior surface 19b of the extruded or cast strip 19 of substrate material. Likewise, the reflective polymeric film 22 may be provided in a reel or roll form or strip 22a and may be attached or applied to the inner surface 19a of the substrate material strip 19, such as via laminating or adhering or otherwise applying the film to the substrate material, such as by using optical adhesive and/or via rolling or ironing the film or sheet (preferably at an elevated temperature and with vacuum assist) onto the substrate or strip surface, to secure the reflective film to the substrate or extruded or cast strip or sheet.

[00101]           Optionally, the glass film or layer or sheet (or reel or roll of glass sheet or strip) may be coated with a highly reflective metallic layer, such as silver or aluminum or the like, deposited on or applied to its inner surface (i.e., the surface which is adhered to or otherwise applied to the substrate or substrate sheet or strip). The reflective layer or coating may be applied to the glass film or layer with or without transparent overcoats. The glass film thus may provide the reflective layer at the exterior surface of the substrate, such that the reflective layer provides the second layer or surface, with the substrate behind the reflective layer. The glass sheet or film may thus be provided with the reflective mirror coating already applied thereto. The glass layer with reflective layer or coating applied thereto may be provided in a reel or roll form for applying both the reflective layer and the anti-abrasion layer to the exterior surface of the substrate or substrate strip or sheet in one application process. In such an application, the substrate material need not comprise a transparent optical resin material, and a separate reflective layer or film or coating would not be necessary at the inner or rear surface of the substrate.

[00102]           It is envisioned that other hard coats or films or the like may be applied to one or more surfaces of the molded substrate strip or to the molded and cut substrates, such as via dip coating or vacuum deposition or the like, without affecting the scope of the present invention. The other hard coats or films may be substantially flexible and may be applied via unrolling of a reel of an anti-abrasion film or sheet and applying the film or sheet to a surface of an extruded or cast strip of transparent acrylic resin or the like, as discussed above. Optionally, a hydrophobic film or hydrophilic film or element or property may also

or otherwise be applied to (or sprayed on) one or both surfaces 18a, 18b of the substrate or strip or sheet. Optionally, one or both of the reflective polymeric film 22 and the anti-abrasion film 20 may be formed of the same resin material as the substrate 18, 18' or substrate strip 19 to match the coefficients of thermal expansion and thus reduce thermal expansion/contraction mismatches between the materials.

[00103] Optionally, it is envisioned that such ultrathin glass films, anti-abrasion films, reflective films or reflective systems may be used for electrochromic mirror reflective elements or cells as well. For example, the interior or exterior rearview mirror assembly of the present invention may comprise an electrochromic mirror, such as an electrochromic mirror assembly and electrochromic element utilizing principles disclosed in commonly assigned U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,140,455; 5,151,816; 6,690,268; 6,178,034; 6,154,306; 6,002,544; 5,567,360; 5,525,264; 5,610,756; 5,406,414; 5,253,109; 5,076,673; 5,073,012; 5,117,346; 5,724,187; 5,668,663; 5,910,854; 5,142,407 and/or 4,712,879, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference, and/or as disclosed in the following publications: N. R. Lynam, "Electrochromic Automotive Day/Night Mirrors", SAE Technical Paper Series 870636 (1987); N. R. Lynam, "Smart Windows for Automobiles", SAE Technical Paper Series 900419 (1990); N. R. Lynam and A. Agrawal, "Automotive Applications of Chromogenic Materials", Large Area Chromogenics: Materials and Devices for Transmittance Control, C.M. Lampert and C.G. Granquist, EDS., Optical Engineering Press, Wash. (1990), which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. The mirror assembly may comprise an interior rearview mirror assembly, and may include an accessory module or may be mounted to an accessory module, such as an accessory module of the types disclosed in U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/355,454, filed Jan. 31, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,824,281, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[00104] Optionally, the mirror assembly may include one or more displays for displaying information to a driver of the vehicle at or through the reflective element of the mirror assembly. For example, the mirror assembly may include one or more displays of the types described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,329,925; 6,501,387; 6,690,268; 5,910,854; 6,420,036; 5,668,663; and 5,724,187, and/or in U.S. pat. applications, Ser. No. 10/054,633, filed Jan. 22, 2002, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,195,381; and Ser. No. 10/456,599, filed Jun. 6, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,004,593, and/or in PCT Application No. PCT/US03/29776, filed Sep. 19, 2003; PCT Application No. PCT/US03/35381, filed Nov. 5, 2003; and/or PCT Application

No. PCT/US03/40611, filed Dec. 19, 2003, and/or in U.S. provisional applications, Ser. No. 60/508,086, filed Oct. 2, 2003; Ser. No. 60/525,952, filed Nov. 26, 2003; Ser. No. 60/471,546, filed May 19, 2003; Ser. No. 60/525,537, filed Nov. 26, 2003; and Ser. No. 60/556,259, filed Mar. 25, 2004, which are all hereby incorporated herein by reference, without affecting the scope of the present invention.

[00105] Optionally, the mirror assembly may include or be associated with electronic accessories, such as, for example, antennas, including global positioning system (GPS) or cellular phone antennas, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,971,552, a communication module, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,798,688, a blind spot detection system, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,929,786 and/or 5,786,772, a high/low headlamp controller, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,796,094 and/or 5,715,093, transmitters and/or receivers, such as a garage door opener or the like, a digital network, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,798,575, a memory mirror system, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,796,176, a hands-free phone attachment, a video device for internal cabin surveillance and/or video telephone function, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,760,962 and/or 5,877,897, a remote keyless entry receiver or system or circuitry and/or a universal garage door opening system or circuitry (such as the types disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,396,408; 6,362,771; 5,798,688 and 5,479,155, and/or U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/770,736, filed Feb. 3, 2004, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,023,322), lights, such as map reading lights or one or more other lights or illumination sources, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,690,268; 5,938,321; 5,813,745; 5,820,245; 5,673,994; 5,649,756; 5,178,448; 5,671,996; 4,646,210; 4,733,336; 4,807,096; 6,042,253; and/or 5,669,698, and/or U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/054,633, filed Jan. 22, 2002, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,195,381, microphones, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,243,003; 6,278,377; and/or 6,420,975, and/or PCT Application No. PCT/US03/30877, filed Oct. 1, 2003, speakers, a compass or compass system, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,924,212; 4,862,594; 4,937,945; 5,131,154; 5,255,442; and/or 5,632,092, and/or U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/456,599, filed Jun. 6, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,004,593, a navigation system, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,477,464, and U.S. pat. applications, Ser. No. 10/456,599, filed Jun. 6, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,004,593; Ser. No. 10/287,178, filed Nov. 4, 2002, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,678,614; Ser. No. 10/645,762, filed Aug. 20, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,167,796; and Ser. No. 10/422,378, filed Apr. 24, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,946,978; and/or PCT

Application No. PCT/US03/40611, filed Dec. 19, 2003, a tire pressure monitoring system, such as the types disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,294,989; 6,445,287; and/or 6,472,979, and/or in U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/206,495, filed Jul. 26, 2002, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,731,205, a seat occupancy detector, a trip computer, a telematics system, such as an ONSTAR<sup>®</sup> system or the like, and/or any other desired accessory or system or the like (with all of the above-referenced patents and patent applications and PCT applications being commonly assigned to Donnelly Corporation, and with the disclosures of all of the above referenced patents and patent applications and PCT applications being hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entireties).

[00106]            Optionally, a vehicle compass or compass system may comprise a printed circuit board and may be positioned within a pod or the like that may be fixedly mounted in the vehicle. The compass may be initially calibrated (such as at the assembly plant or the like) via a small Helmholtz coil that may accommodate the small circuit board or pod. The coil induces a field to calibrate the compass, such as described in U.S. provisional application, Ser. No. 60/467,899, filed May 5, 2003, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The induced field in the miniature Helmholtz coil may be controlled via the use of a highly permeable magnetic shielding material that may enclose the miniature Helmholtz coil with only a small slot for the circuit board or compass pod to enter through. Such a set up may allow the compass pod manufacturer to automate and magnetically shield the calibration and test stage of a microprocessor-based compass. The calibration process may utilize an indexing rotary table that may rotate to move a compass pod from a loading bay to a calibration bay. The shielded Helmholtz coil may be adjacent to the rotary table and may be shuttled back and forth to align with the rotary table to receive a compass pod therefrom. The rotary table may rotate to move a calibrated compass pod (after it leaves the miniature Helmholtz coil) from the calibration bay to a final functional test station to test the calibrated compass pod.

[00107]            Therefore, the present invention provides a wide angle or multi-radius single substrate or reflective element which may provide an enhanced field of view for an interior or exterior rearview mirror assembly. The wide angle or multi-radius single element reflector may have an anti-abrasion coating or ultrathin glass film conformed to and applied to the exterior curved surface of the substrate. The substrate may be molded or extruded into the desired shape and may be formed into an elongated strip or sheet, whereby the

anti-abrasion coating or film may be applied along the strip before the strip is cut into the desired substrates. The present invention thus provides a single element wide angle or multi-radius substrate which has enhanced scratch resistance. A polymeric reflective film may be laminated, adhered or otherwise applied to the opposite inner surface of the substrate or extruded strip while the anti-abrasion coating or film is applied to the exterior surface. Optionally, a reflective film or layer may be applied to the exterior surface of the substrate and an anti-abrasion film or layer may be applied to the reflective film or layer.

[00108] Changes and modifications in the specifically described embodiments can be carried out without departing from the principles of the present invention, which is intended to be limited only by the scope of the appended claims, as interpreted according to the principles of patent law.



The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

1. An exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on a vehicle, said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprising:
  - a mirror housing;
  - a mirror backing plate element;
  - wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator;
  - a main plano mirror element fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element;
  - said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly;
  - an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element;
  - wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element;
  - wherein said mirror backing plate element comprises a polymeric molding;
  - said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle;
  - wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;
  - wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element;
  - wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

wherein said main plano mirror element comprises one of (a) a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a generally flat polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto; and

wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20 degrees.

2. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating.

3. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, including a divider between said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that visually demarcates said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element from said main plano mirror element.

4. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 3, wherein said mirror backing plate element includes a molded wall extending from a surface thereof and wherein said divider comprises at least a portion of said molded wall.

5. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 4, wherein said molded wall generally circumscribes the circumferential edge of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element.

6. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 5, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating.

7. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied

to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto, and wherein said generally flat polymeric substrate is formed from an elongated sheet of substrate material comprising a polymeric resin material, and wherein said elongated sheet has a substantially transparent functional film applied at a surface thereof, and wherein said substantially transparent functional film provides at least one of (a) an anti-abrasion function, (b) a hydrophobic function and (c) a hydrophilic function, and wherein said functional film comprises an ultrathin glass material which is sufficiently flexible to be provided in a reel or roll, and wherein said functional film is sufficiently flexible to conform to said generally flat polymeric substrate of said main plano mirror element, and wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a reflective film disposed at a surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate opposite said substantially transparent functional film.

8. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 7, wherein said thin glass element comprises a thin flexible glass sheet, said thin flexible glass sheet existing as a pre-formed glass sheet that is separate from said generally flat polymeric substrate, said thin flexible glass sheet having an attaching surface, wherein said attaching surface is opposed to and adhered to said surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate when said thin flexible glass sheet is adhered to said exterior surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate, said thin flexible glass sheet providing an anti-abrasion function at said surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin flexible glass sheet substantially conforming to said exterior surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin flexible glass sheet having a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm and greater than approximately 0.3 mm.

9. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 8, wherein said generally flat polymeric substrate is cut from a molded or extruded or cast elongated sheet, and wherein said thin flexible glass sheet is laminated to said elongated sheet, and wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a reflective film applied to an inner surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate opposite said exterior surface, and wherein said reflective film comprises a polymeric reflective film at least one of laminated, adhered and applied to said inner surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate.

10. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 9, including a divider between said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that visually demarcates said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element from said main plano mirror element.
11. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved substrate.
12. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 11, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is convex-curved.
13. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a spherical curvature.
14. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 13, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching said spherical curvature.
15. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said main plano mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of less than about 20 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.
16. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 15, wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle that is in the range from about 15 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle to about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.
17. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element has an X-axis and a Y-axis and wherein, when disposed at said second portion of

said mirror backing plate element, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least one of (a) tilted generally downward with respect to the Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) tilted generally forwardly with respect to the X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees.

18. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle views into a blind spot in a side lane adjacent the side of the equipped vehicle at which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, and wherein said blind spot is generally outside the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element when said main plano mirror element is viewed by a driver of the equipped vehicle when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle.

19. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 18, wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, at least one of (a) said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is tilted generally downward with respect to a Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is tilted generally forwardly with respect to an X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees.

20. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 19, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved substrate.

21. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 20, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved glass substrate.

22. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 20, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is convex-curved.

23. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 22, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a spherical curvature.

24. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 23, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching said spherical curvature.

25. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 24, wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least about 25 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

26. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 25, wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is less than about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

27. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 26, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 5 degrees and about 15 degrees.

28. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 26, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 8 degrees and about 10 degrees.

29. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said fixed reflectance auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a curved glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

30. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating.

31. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a bent glass substrate.

32. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element, and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature.

33. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated at the side of the equipped vehicle.

34. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly.
35. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 34, wherein, when attached at the side of the equipped vehicle, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped vehicle a total rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped vehicle.
36. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein a ratio of the width of said main plano mirror element to the width of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is greater than 1.5.
37. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, and wherein at least one of said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said metallic reflector coating is selected from the group consisting of (i) a chromium coating, (ii) a titanium coating, (iii) a rhodium coating, (iv) a metal-alloy coating, (v) a nickel alloy coating, (vi) an aluminum coating and (vii) a silver coating.
38. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said fixed reflectance auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a spherically bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector.
39. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 5 degrees and about 15 degrees.



40. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 8 degrees and about 10 degrees.

41. An exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on a vehicle, said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprising:

- a mirror housing;

- a mirror backing plate element;

- wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator;

- a main plano mirror element fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

- said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly;

- an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element;

- wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element;

- said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle;

- wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

- wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

- wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

wherein said mirror backing plate element comprises a polymeric molding;  
wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating;  
wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least about 25 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle; and  
wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is less than about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

42. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved substrate and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is convex-curved and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a spherical curvature.

43. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 42, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching said spherical curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element.

44. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said main plano mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of less than about 20 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle that is in the range from about 15 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle to about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

45. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said main plano mirror element has an X-axis and a Y-axis and wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least one of (a) tilted generally downward with respect to the Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees

and (b) tilted generally forwardly with respect to the X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees.

46. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle views into a blind spot in a side lane adjacent the side of the equipped vehicle at which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, and wherein said blind spot is generally outside the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element when said main plano mirror element is viewed by a driver of the equipped vehicle when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle.

47. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved glass substrate and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is convex-curved and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a spherical curvature and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has curvature substantially matching said spherical curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element.

48. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20 degrees.

49. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said main plano mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a fixed reflectance.

50. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said main plano mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an

adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector.

51. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element, and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature.

52. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated at the side of the equipped vehicle, and wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly.

53. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said metallic reflector coating is selected from the group consisting of (i) a chromium coating, (ii) a titanium coating, (iii) a rhodium coating, (iv) a metal-alloy coating, (v) a nickel alloy coating, (vi) an aluminum coating and (vii) a silver coating.

54. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 41, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a spherically bent curved glass substrate.

55. An exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on a vehicle, said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprising:

- a mirror housing;
- a mirror backing plate element;
- wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator;
- a main plano mirror element fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element;
- said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly;
- an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element;
- wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element;
- said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle;
- wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;
- wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element;
- wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;
- wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating; and
- wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said main plano mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally

subtends an angle of less than about 20 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle that is in the range from about 15 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle to about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

56. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 55, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated spherically bent convex-curved substrate and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching the curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element.

57. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 56, wherein said main plano mirror element has an X-axis and a Y-axis and wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least one of (a) tilted generally downward with respect to the Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) tilted generally forwardly with respect to the X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees.

58. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 55, wherein said second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle views into a blind spot in a side lane adjacent the side of the equipped vehicle at which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated spherically bent convex-curved glass substrate and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching the curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element.

59. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 55, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20

degrees, and wherein said main plano mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a fixed reflectance.

60. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 59, wherein said main plano mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector.

61. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 55, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated at the side of the equipped vehicle, and wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly.

62. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 55, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said metallic reflector coating is selected from the group consisting of (i) a chromium coating, (ii) a titanium coating, (iii) a rhodium coating, (iv) a metal-alloy coating, (v) a nickel alloy coating, (vi) an aluminum coating and (vii) a silver coating.

63. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 55, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a spherically bent curved glass substrate, and wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least about 25 degrees relative to the

side of the equipped vehicle and wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is less than about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

64. An exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on a vehicle, said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprising:

- a mirror housing;

- a mirror backing plate element;

- wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator;

- a main plano mirror element fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

- said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly;

- an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element;

- wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element;

- said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle;

- wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

- wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

- wherein said mirror backing plate element comprises a polymeric molding;

- wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;



wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating;

wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated spherically bent convex-curved substrate and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching the curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element; and

wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by less than about 20 degrees.

65. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 64, wherein said main plano mirror element has an X-axis and a Y-axis and wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least one of (a) tilted generally downward with respect to the Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) tilted generally forwardly with respect to the X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees.

66. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 64, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20 degrees, and wherein said main plano mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a fixed reflectance.

67. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 66, wherein said main plano mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

68. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 64, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost

surface of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated at the side of the equipped vehicle, and wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle.

69. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 64, wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least about 25 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle and wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is less than about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

70. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 64, wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said main plano mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of less than about 20 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle that is in the range from about 15 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle to about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

71. An exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on a vehicle, said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprising:

- a mirror housing;
- a mirror backing plate element;
- wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator;
- a main plano mirror element fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element;
- said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly;

an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element;

wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element;

said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle;

wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating;

wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated bent convex-curved glass substrate and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching the curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle;

wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a metallic reflector;

wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least about 25 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle; and

wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by at least about 2 degrees.

72. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 71, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by at least about 5 degrees.

73. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 71, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by at least about 8 degrees.

74. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 71, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by less than about 20 degrees.

75. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 71, wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said main plano mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of less than about 20 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle that is in the range from about 15 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle to about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

76. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 71, wherein said main plano mirror element has an X-axis and a Y-axis and wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least one of (a) tilted generally downward with respect to the Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) tilted generally forwardly with respect to the X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees.

77. An exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on a vehicle, said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprising:

- a mirror housing;
- a mirror backing plate element;

wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator;

- a main plano mirror element fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly;

- an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element;

wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element;

- said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle;

wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

- wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

- wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating;

wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching the curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle;

wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a spherically bent curved glass substrate;

wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle, the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with the rearward field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element provides to the driver of the equipped vehicle an overall rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle; and

wherein said second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle encompasses a blind spot in a side lane adjacent the side of the equipped vehicle at which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and wherein said blind spot is generally outside the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element when said main plano mirror element is viewed by a driver of the equipped vehicle when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle.

78. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 77, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by at least about 5 degrees.

79. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 77, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by at least about 2 degrees.

80. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 79, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by less than about 20 degrees.

81. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 79, wherein said main plano mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of less than about

20 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle that is in the range from about 15 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle to about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

82. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 79, wherein said main plano mirror element has an X-axis and a Y-axis and wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least one of (a) tilted generally downward with respect to the Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) tilted generally forwardly with respect to the X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees.

83. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 79, wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle, said main plano mirror element has a first principal viewing axis and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a second principal viewing axis and wherein said second principal viewing axis is angled downwardly with respect to said first principal viewing axis.

84. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 79, wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle, said main plano mirror element has a first principal viewing axis and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a second principal viewing axis and wherein said second principal viewing axis is angled downwardly with respect to said first principal viewing axis at an angle between about 0.75 degrees and about 5 degrees.

85. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 84, wherein said second principal viewing axis is angled downwardly with respect to said first principal viewing axis at an angle between about 1.5 degrees and about 3.5 degrees.

86. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 83, wherein said second principal

viewing axis is directed generally outwardly with respect to the longitudinal center line of the equipped vehicle.

87. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 79, wherein the principal viewing axis of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is angled downwardly and outwardly with respect to the principal viewing axis of said main plano mirror element, and wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the equipped vehicle at which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, and wherein said blind spot is generally outside the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element when said main plano mirror element is viewed by a driver of the equipped vehicle when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle.

88. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 79, wherein said first portion of said mirror backing plate element is adapted to receive said main plano mirror element and said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is adapted to receive said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element.

89. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 79, wherein a demarcation element is disposed between said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element and wherein said demarcation element comprises a part of said mirror backing plate element, and wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall structure that at least partially partitions said mirror backing plate element into said first portion where said main plano mirror element is disposed and said second portion where said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed, and wherein at least one of (a) said first portion is adapted to receive said main plano mirror element and (b) said second portion is adapted to receive said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element.

90. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 79, wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element adjacent said main plano mirror element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said main plano mirror element.



91. An exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on a vehicle, said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprising:

- a mirror housing;
- a mirror backing plate element;

wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator;

- a main plano mirror element fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly;

- an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element;

wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element;

- said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle;

wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

- wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

- wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating;
- wherein said mirror backing plate element comprises a polymeric molding;
- wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle;

wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a spherically bent curved glass substrate; and

wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated at the side of the equipped vehicle.

92. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 91, wherein a demarcation element is disposed between said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element and wherein said demarcation element comprises a part of said mirror backing plate element, and wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall structure that at least partially partitions said mirror backing plate element into said first portion where said main plano mirror element is disposed and said second portion where said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed.

93. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 91, wherein said first portion of said mirror backing plate element is adapted to receive said main plano mirror element and said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is adapted to receive said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element.

94. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 93, wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element adjacent said main plano mirror element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said main plano mirror element.

95. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 93, wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle, the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with the rearward field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element provides to the driver of the equipped vehicle an overall rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle, and wherein said second auxiliary field of view

rearward of the equipped vehicle encompasses a blind spot in a side lane adjacent the side of the equipped vehicle at which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and wherein said blind spot is generally outside the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element when said main plano mirror element is viewed by a driver of the equipped vehicle when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle.

96. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 93, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching the curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element and wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20 degrees.

97. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 96, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature substantially matching the curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element.

98. The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 91, wherein the principal viewing axis of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is angled downwardly and outwardly with respect to the principal viewing axis of said main plano mirror element, and wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the equipped vehicle at which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, and wherein said blind spot is generally outside the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element when said main plano mirror element is viewed by a driver of the equipped vehicle when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle.

## EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

### ABSTRACT

An exterior sideview mirror assembly includes a mirror housing and a mirror backing plate element that is movable within the mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator. A main plano mirror element is fixedly disposed at a first portion of the mirror backing plate element and an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is fixedly disposed at a second portion of the mirror backing plate element. The main plano mirror element and the auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at the mirror backing plate element and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element. The first primary field of view of the main plano mirror element may overlap the second auxiliary field of view of the auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20 degrees.

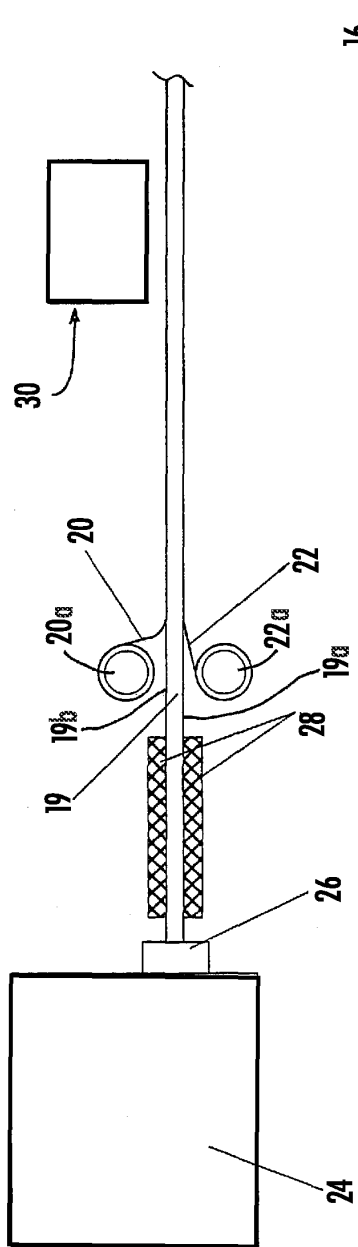


FIG. 5

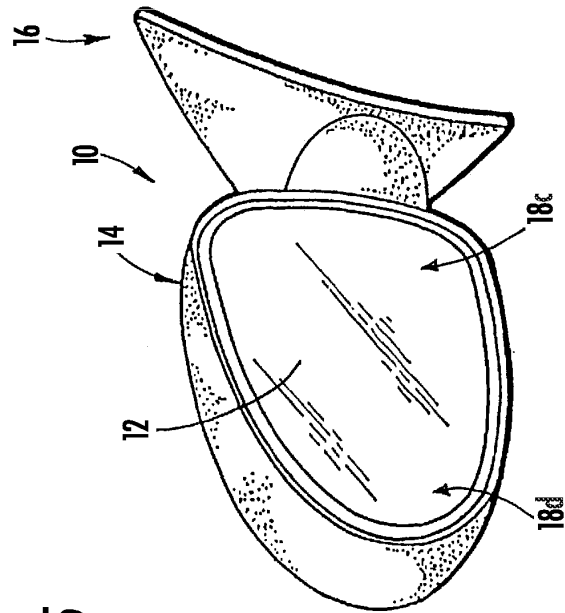


FIG. 7

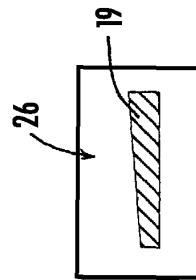
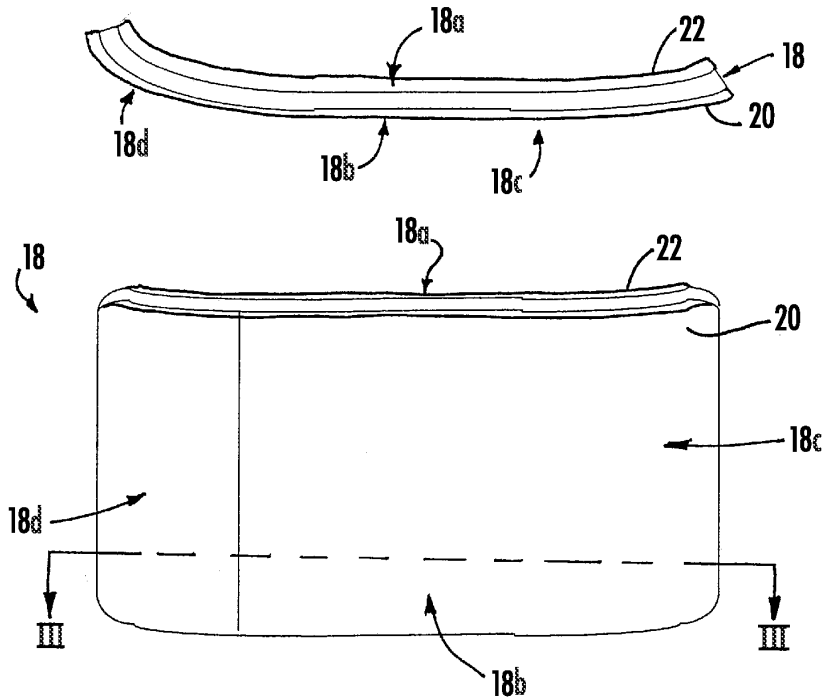
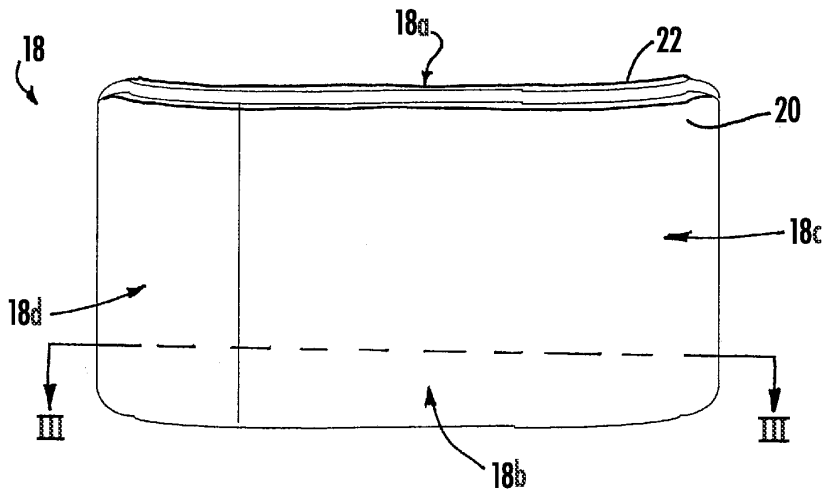


FIG. 5A

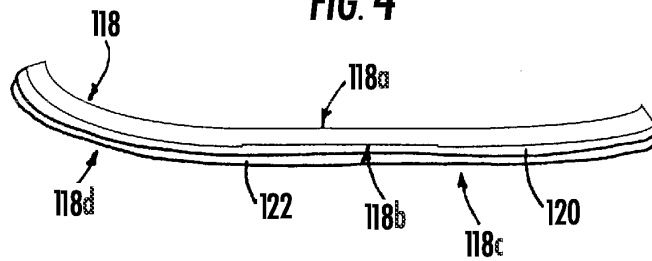
**FIG. 3**

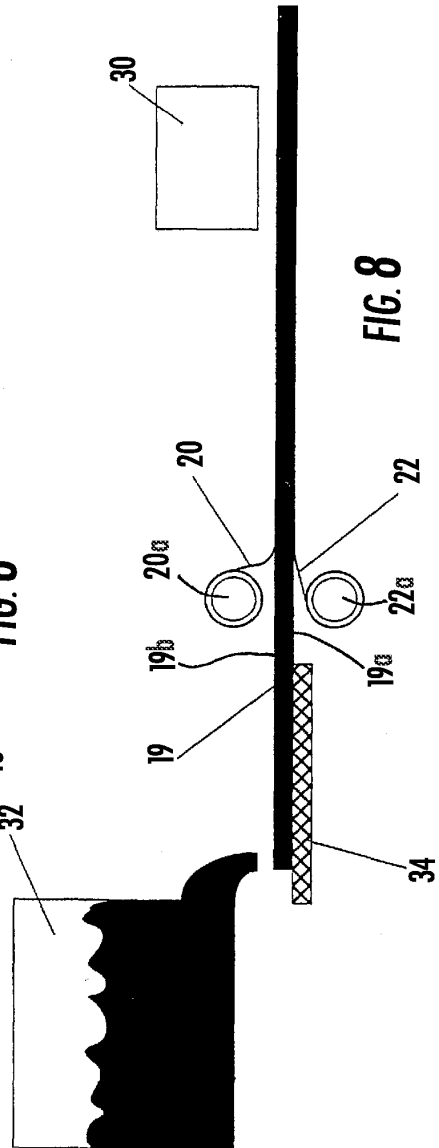
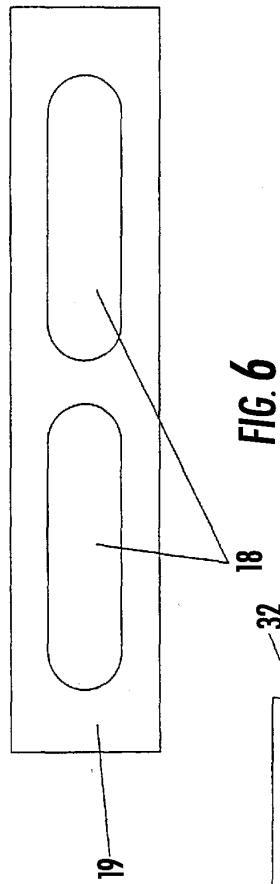
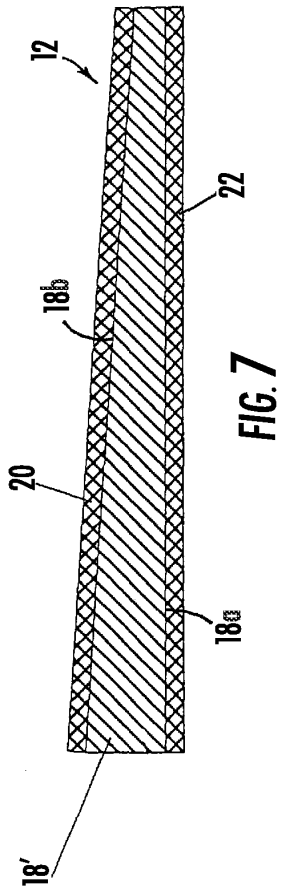


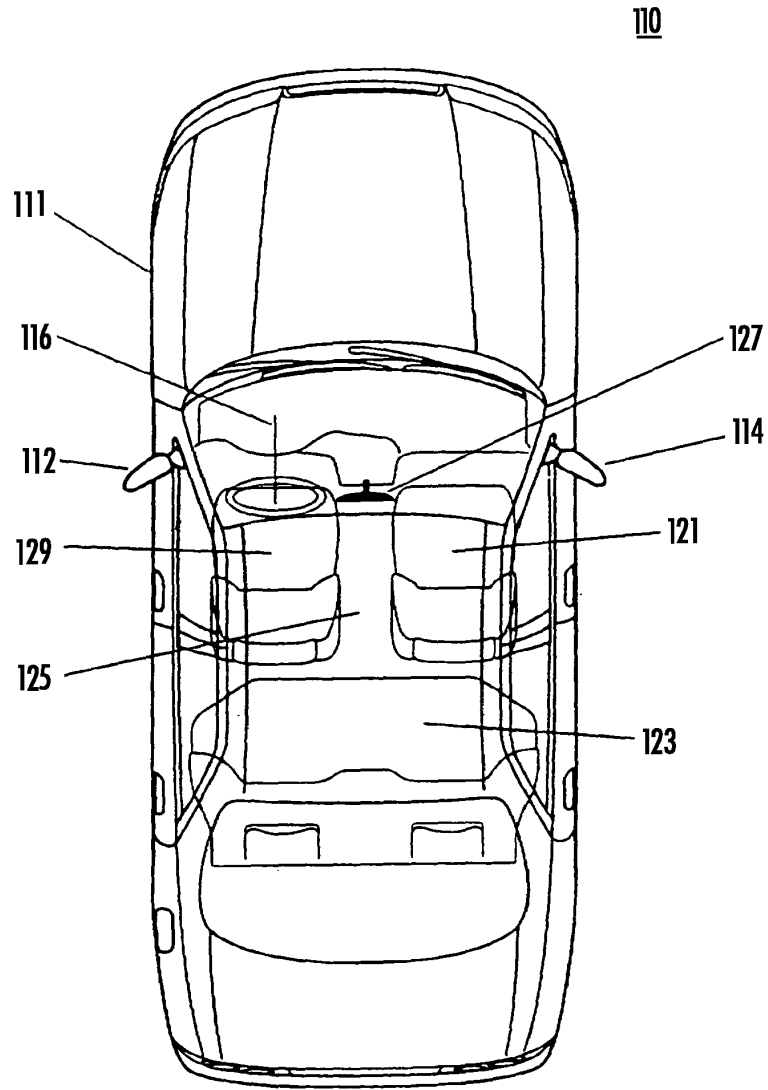
**FIG. 2**



**FIG. 4**







**FIG. 9**



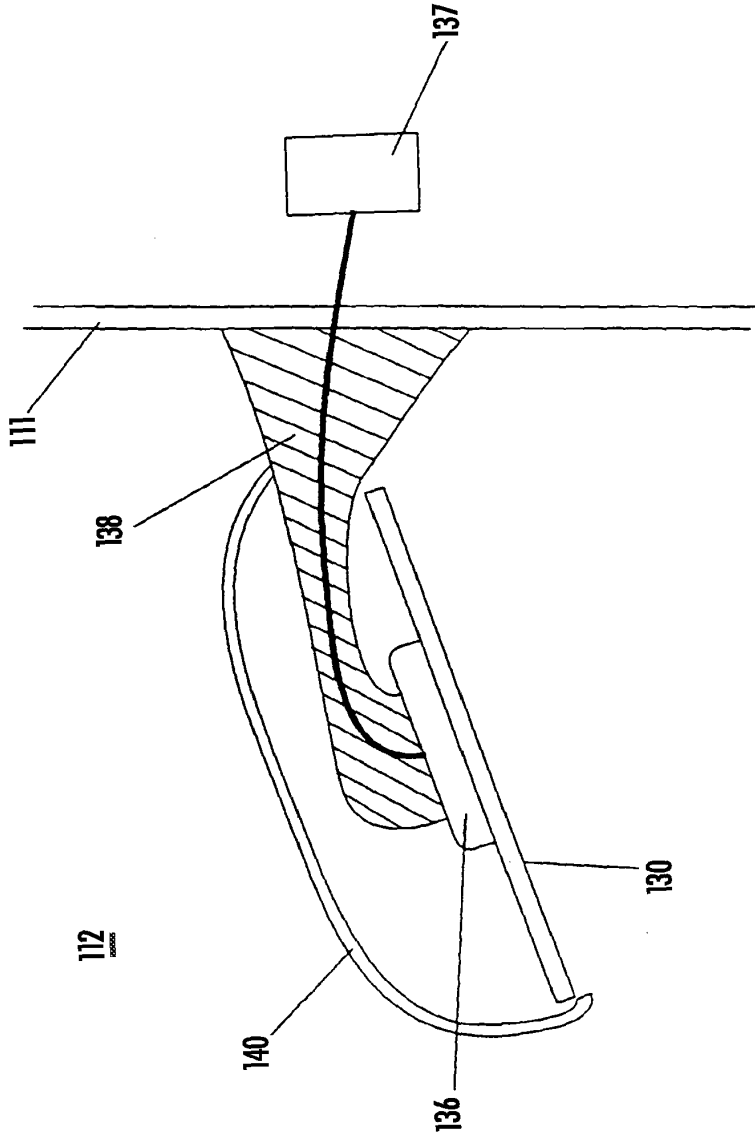
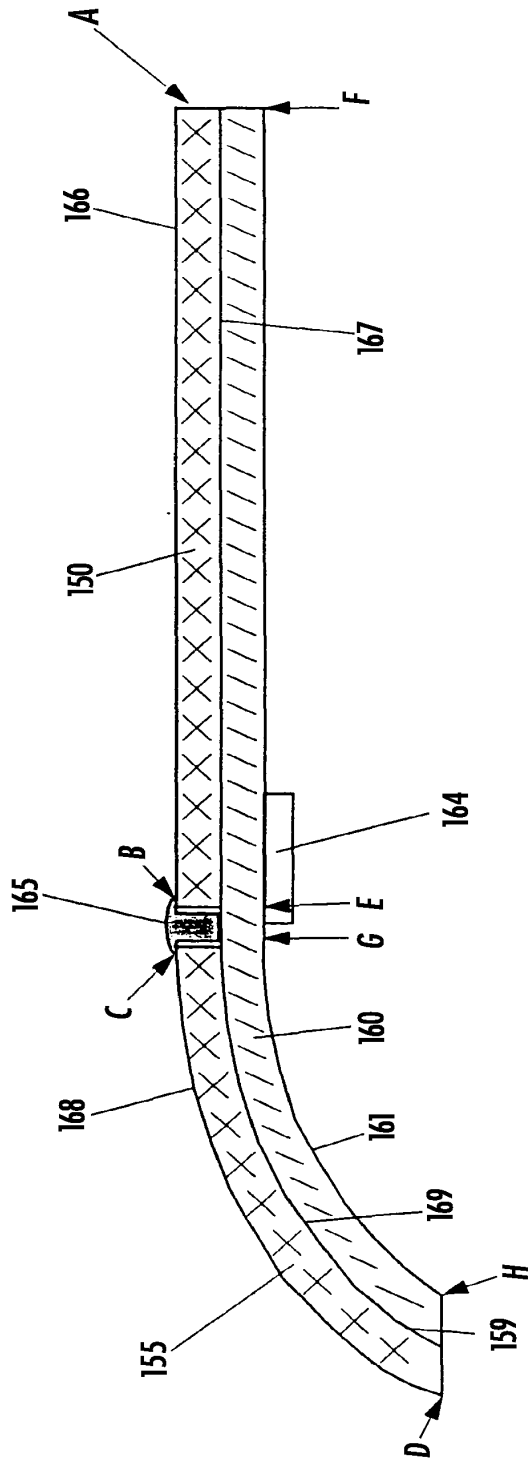
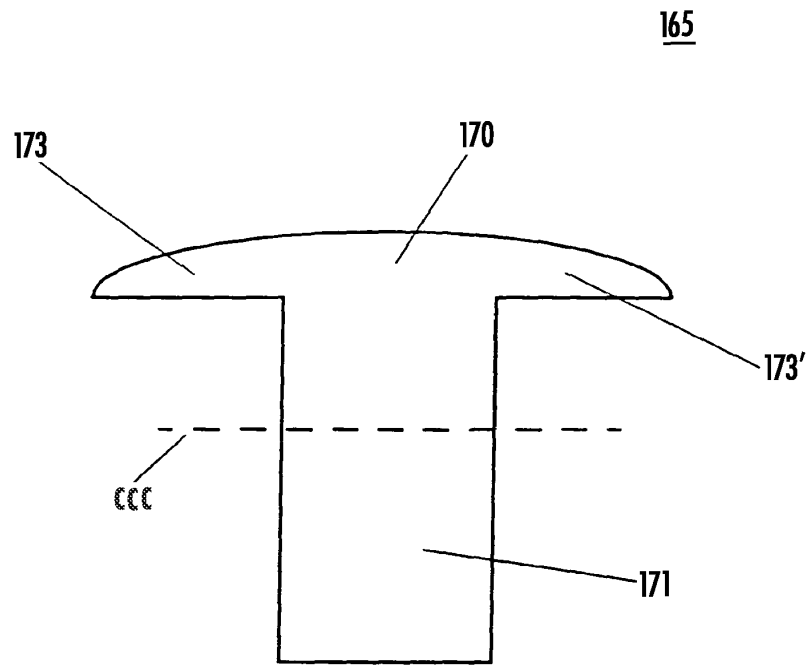


FIG. 10

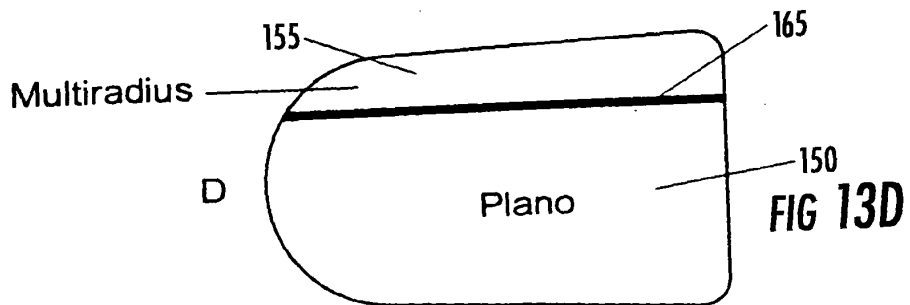
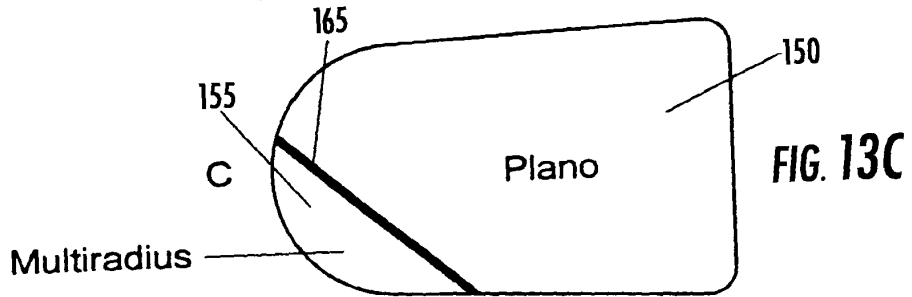
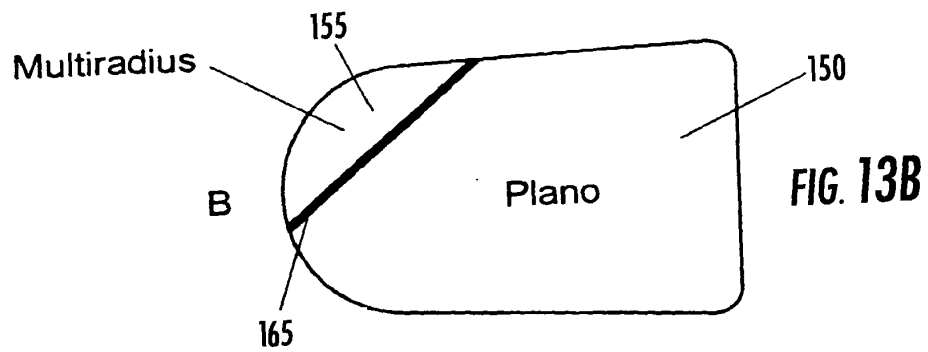
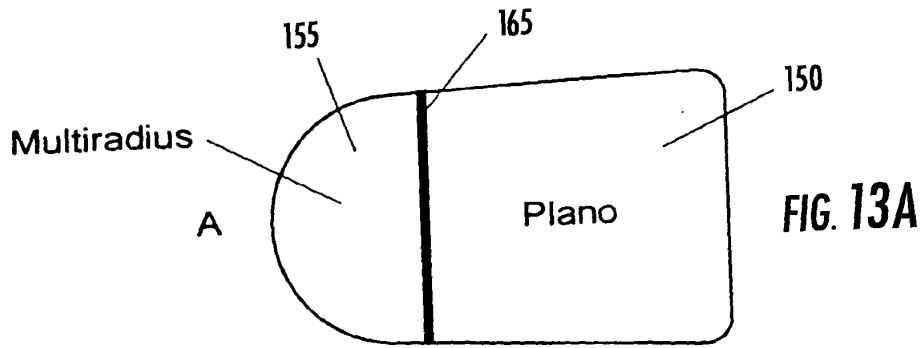
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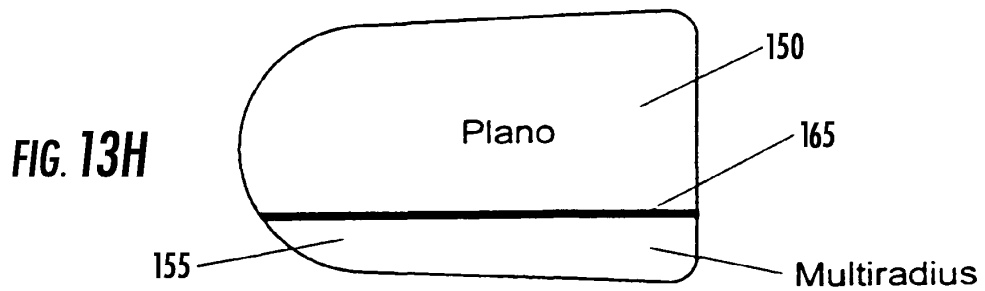
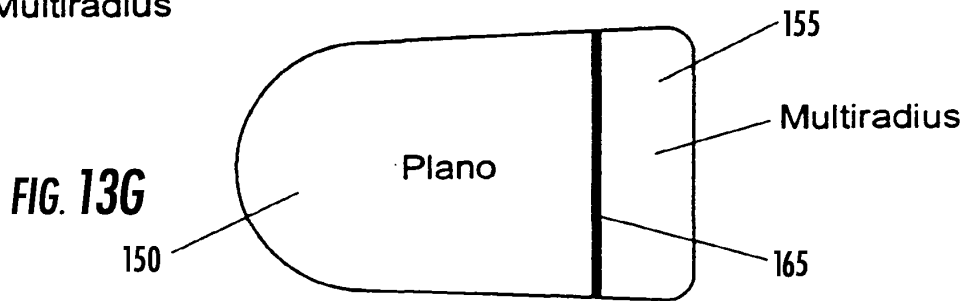
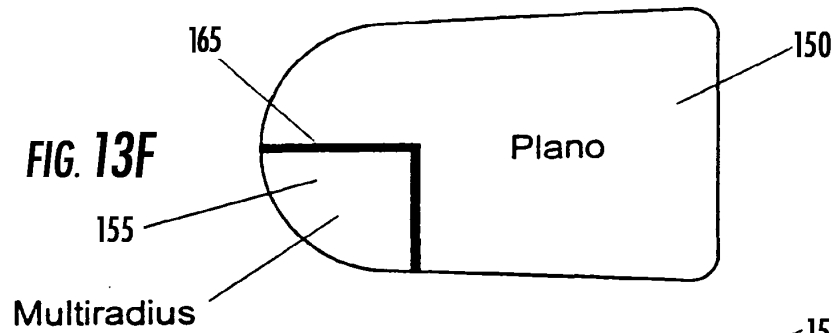
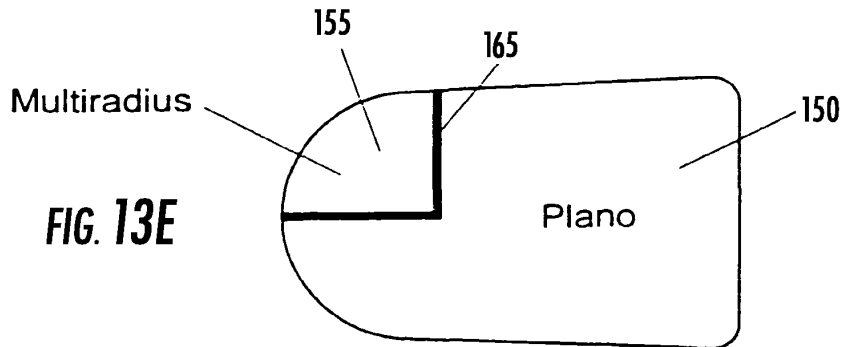


**FIG. 11**



**FIG. 12**





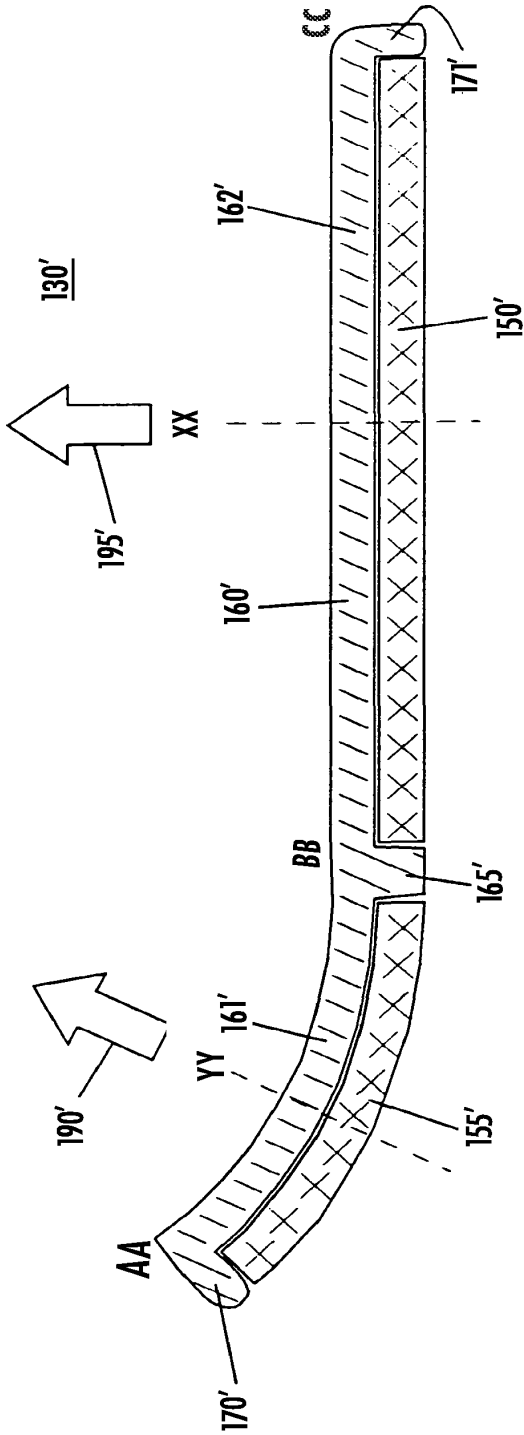


FIG. 14

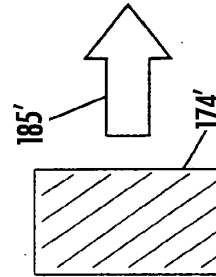


FIG. 14A

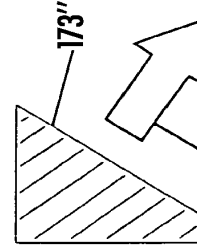
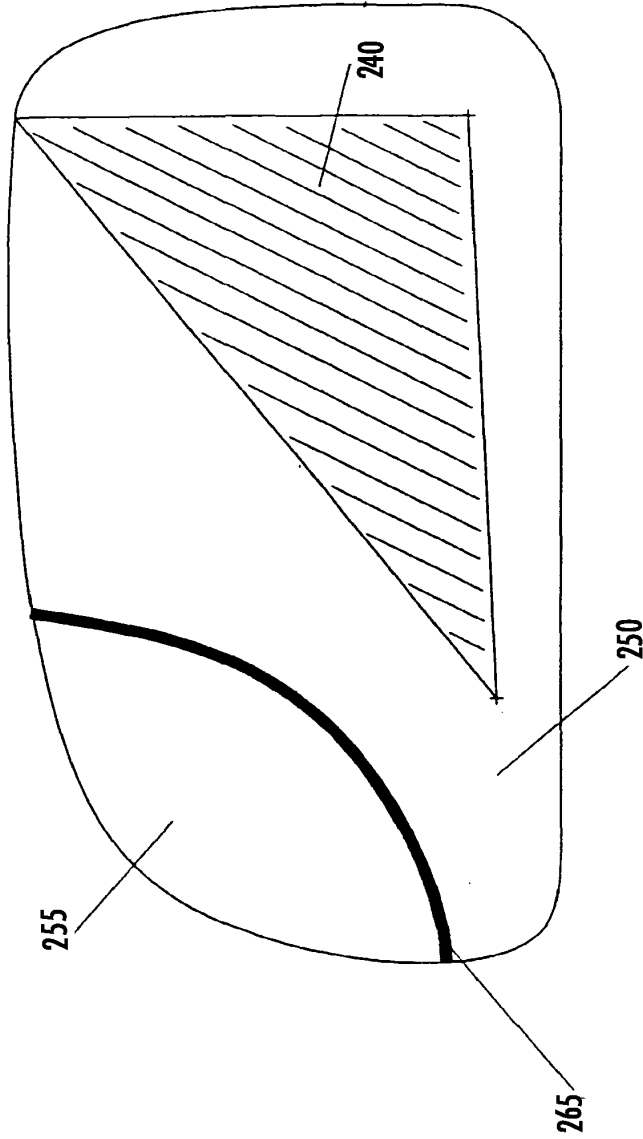


FIG. 14B

230



**FIG. 15**

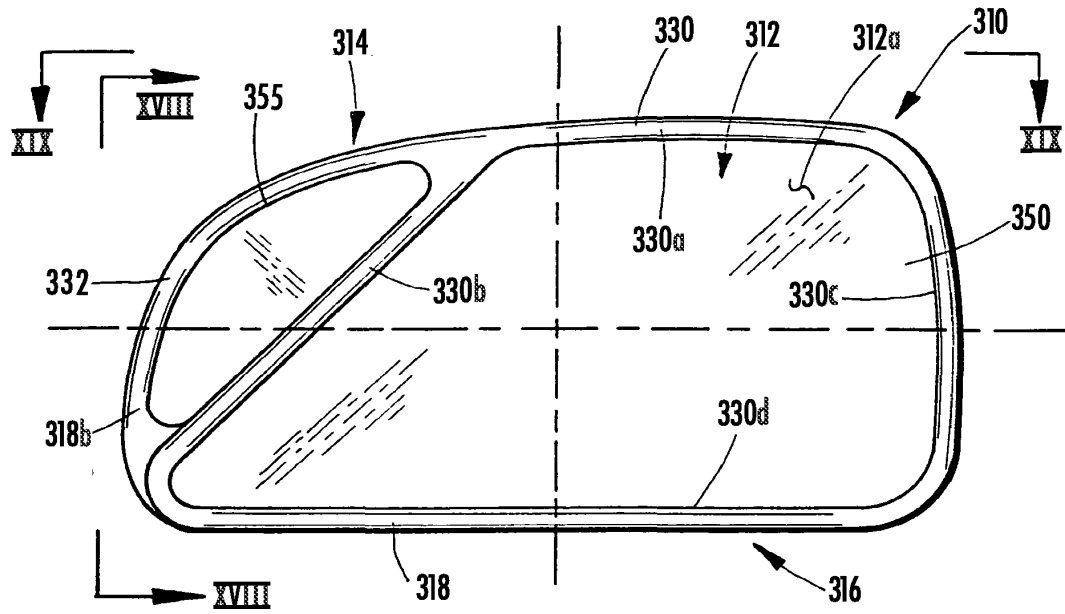


FIG. 16

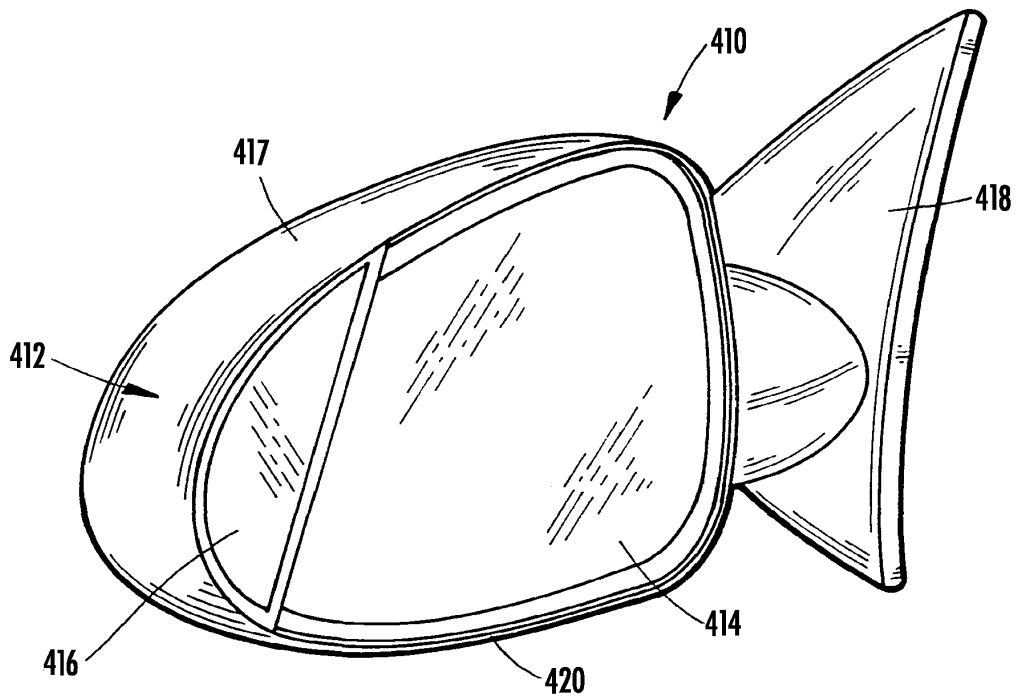


FIG. 23



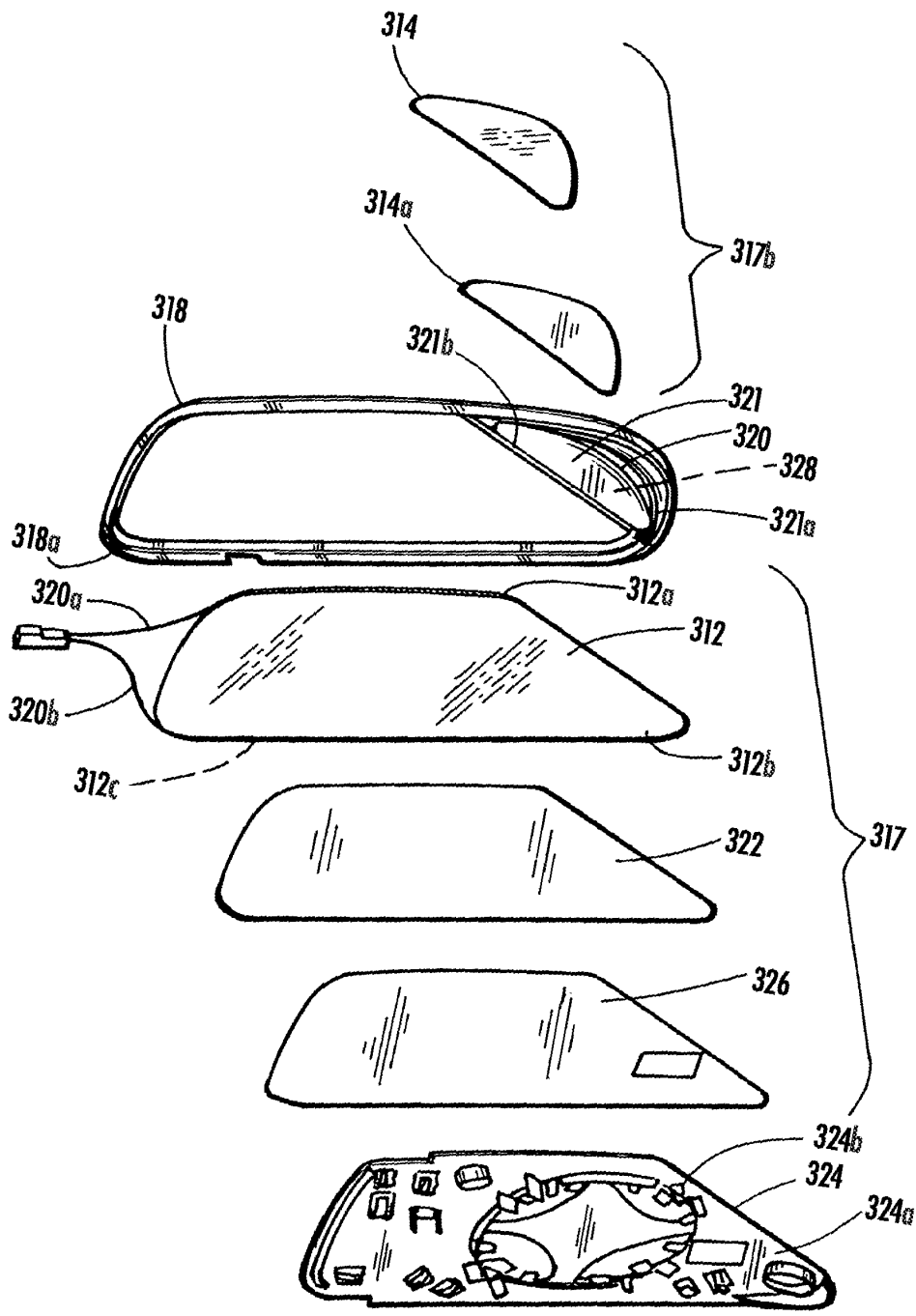
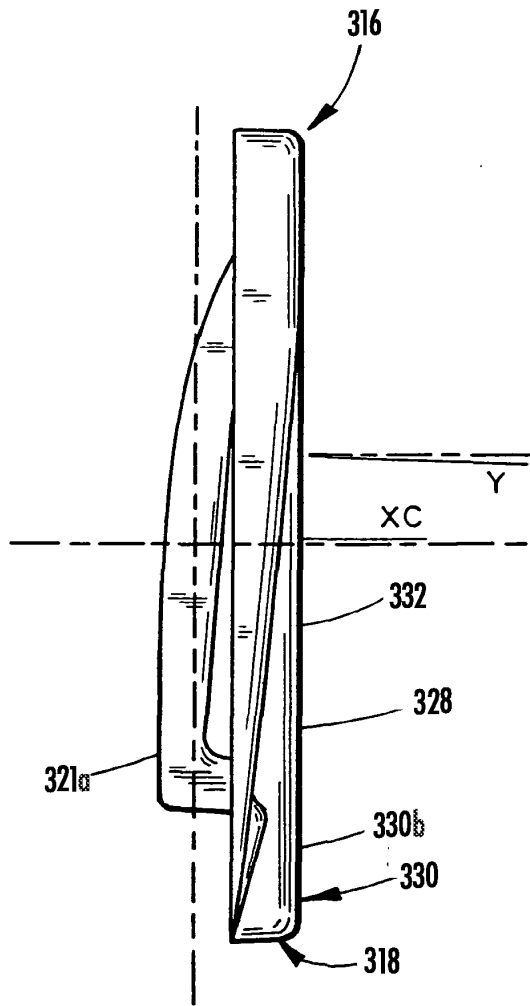
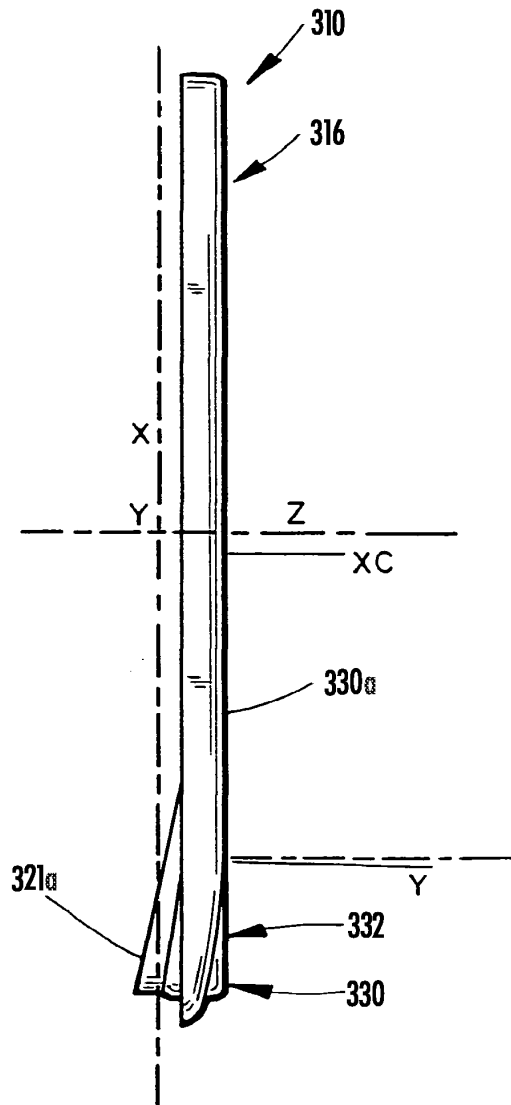


FIG. 17



**FIG. 18**



**FIG. 19**

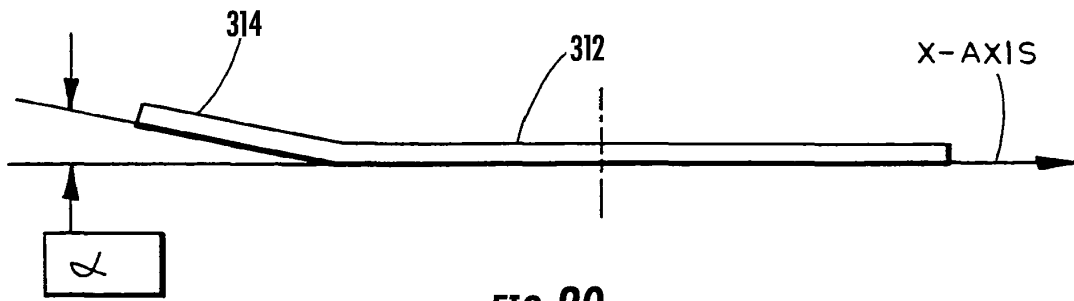


FIG. 20

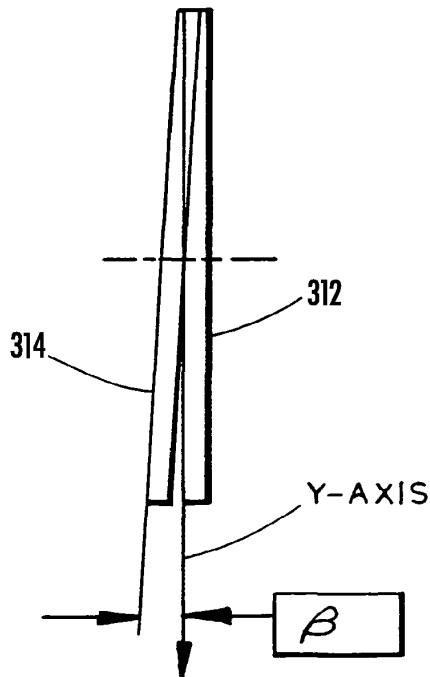


FIG. 21

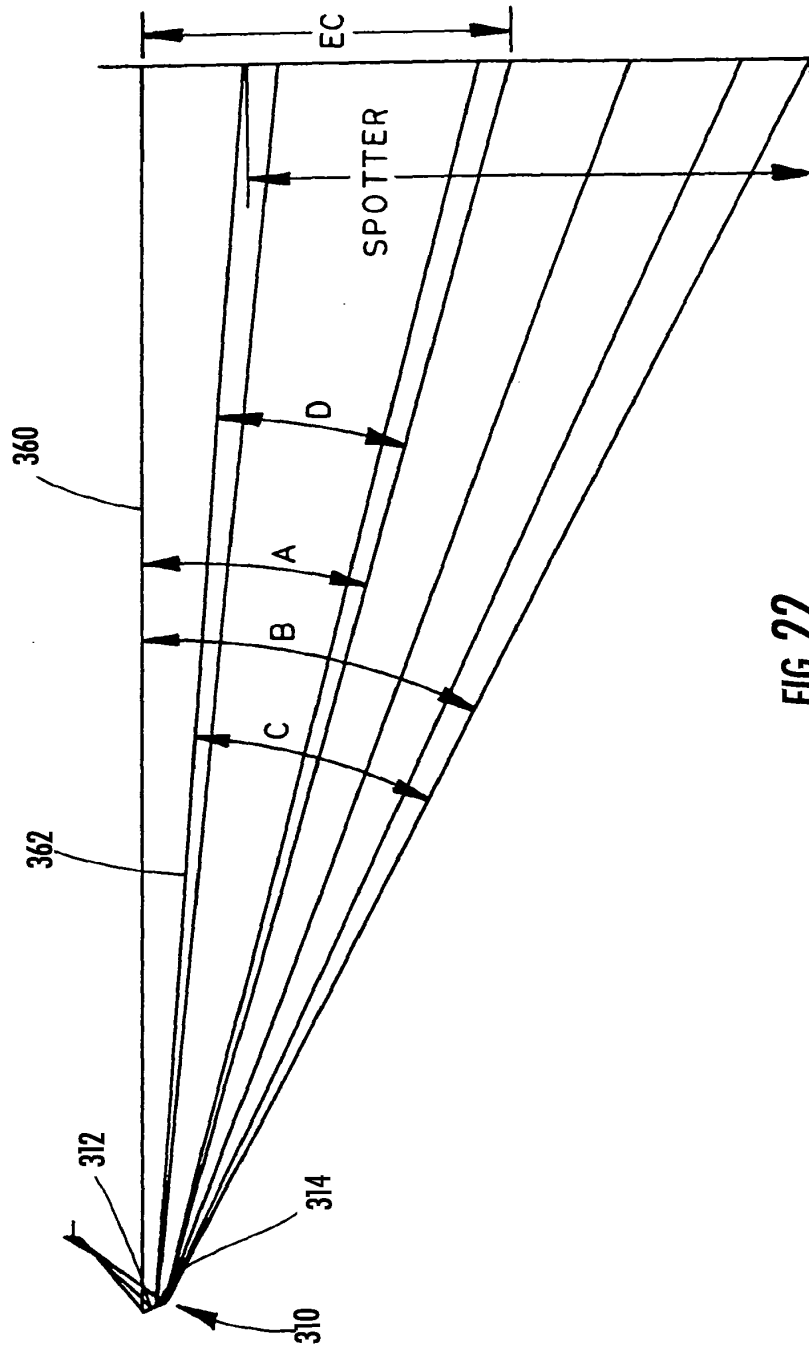


FIG. 22

## Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal

|  |                                   |                 |               |                             |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Application Number:</b>                     |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Filing Date:</b>                            |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Title of Invention:</b>                     | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                 |               |                             |
| <b>First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:</b>    | Niall R. Lynam                    |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Filer:</b>                                  | Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma    |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Attorney Docket Number:</b>                 | DON09 P-2048                      |                 |               |                             |
| Filed as Large Entity                          |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees</b> |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Description</b>                             | <b>Fee Code</b>                   | <b>Quantity</b> | <b>Amount</b> | <b>Sub-Total in USD(\$)</b> |
| <b>Basic Filing:</b>                           |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| Utility application filing                     | 1011                              | 1               | 390           | 390                         |
| Utility Search Fee                             | 1111                              | 1               | 620           | 620                         |
| Utility Examination Fee                        | 1311                              | 1               | 250           | 250                         |
| <b>Pages:</b>                                  |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Claims:</b>                                 |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| Claims in excess of 20                         | 1202                              | 78              | 62            | 4836                        |
| Independent claims in excess of 3              | 1201                              | 5               | 250           | 1250                        |
| <b>Miscellaneous-Filing:</b>                   |                                   |                 |               |                             |

| Description                              | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) |
|--|----------|----------|--------|----------------------|
| <b>Petition:</b>                         |          |          |        |                      |
| <b>Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:</b>  |          |          |        |                      |
| <b>Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:</b> |          |          |        |                      |
| <b>Extension-of-Time:</b>                |          |          |        |                      |
| <b>Miscellaneous:</b>                    |          |          |        |                      |
| <b>Total in USD (\$)</b>                 |          |          |        | <b>7346</b>          |

## Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

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| <b>EFS ID:</b>                              | 15042508                          |
| <b>Application Number:</b>                  | 13776091                          |
| <b>International Application Number:</b>    |                                   |
| <b>Confirmation Number:</b>                 | 1002                              |
| <b>Title of Invention:</b>                  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |
| <b>First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:</b> | Niall R. Lynam                    |
| <b>Customer Number:</b>                     | 15671                             |
| <b>Filer:</b>                               | Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma    |
| <b>Filer Authorized By:</b>                 | Timothy A. Flory                  |
| <b>Attorney Docket Number:</b>              | DON09 P-2048                      |
| <b>Receipt Date:</b>                        | 25-FEB-2013                       |
| <b>Filing Date:</b>                         |                                   |
| <b>Time Stamp:</b>                          | 16:53:36                          |
| <b>Application Type:</b>                    | Utility under 35 USC 111(a)       |

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| Submitted with Payment                   | yes         |
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| Payment was successfully received in RAM | \$7346      |
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| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/<br>Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
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|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|------------|----|
| 1                                   | Transmittal of New Application                             | Transmittal.pdf            | 75094<br>b8fbb7a00350b414924325ff9d3aaac4b348ad0d   | no         | 1  |
| <b>Warnings:</b>                    |  |                            |   |            |    |
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| 2                                   | Miscellaneous Incoming Letter                              | RequestforContinuation.pdf | 36881<br>6ec08b93f299dceee09fb14c35235ef36108f306   | no         | 6  |
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| 3                                   | Application Data Sheet                                     | ApplicationDataSheet.pdf   | 1437341<br>9db51a212648045dd660508ad22a37a3c995808b | no         | 6  |
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| 4                                   | Oath or Declaration filed                                  | Declaration.pdf            | 80692<br>35ca2148ca4eaf900a2daf7ba8e8921e81d11bbfb  | no         | 1  |
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| 5                                   |  | Specification.pdf          | 298079<br>dcbf398067950dff0d474694c194517a96d7a7a7  | yes        | 67 |
|                                     | <b>Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description</b> |                            |   |            |    |
|                                     | <b>Document Description</b>                                |                            | <b>Start</b>  | <b>End</b> |    |
|                                     | Specification  |                            | 1   | 39         |    |
|                                     | Claims   |                            | 40  | 66         |    |
| Abstract                            |  | 67                         | 67  |            |    |
| <b>Warnings:</b>                    |  |                            |   |            |    |
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| 6                                   | Drawings-only black and white line drawings                | P2048Drawings.pdf          | 1728739<br>e5fed3adf75085b86ff3343c0b7a66e6af0e89cb | no         | 16 |
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| <b>Information:</b>                 |  |                            |   |            |    |
| 7                                   | Fee Worksheet (SB06)                                       | fee-info.pdf               | 38109<br>5d90f6566270e54581c5ea6ed5120491c88d361    | no         | 2  |
| <b>Warnings:</b>                    |  |                            |   |            |    |
| <b>Information:</b>                 |  |                            |   |            |    |
| <b>Total Files Size (in bytes):</b> |  |                            |   | 3694935    |    |



This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

**New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111**

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

**National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371**

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

**New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office**

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>UTILITY<br/>                 PATENT APPLICATION<br/>                 TRANSMITTAL</b><br><br><i>(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))</i> | Attorney Docket No. <b>DON09 P-2048</b>        |
|   | First Inventor <b>Niall R. Lynam</b>           |
|   | Title <b>EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY</b> |
|   | Express Mail Label No.                         |

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>APPLICATION ELEMENTS</b><br><i>See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.</i>   | <b>ADDRESS TO:</b> <b>Commissioner for Patents<br/>                 P.O. Box 1450<br/>                 Alexandria VA 22313-1450</b>   |
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Fee Transmittal Form.</b><br>(PTO/SB/17 or equivalent)<br>2. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Applicant claims small entity status.</b><br>See 37 CFR 1.27.<br>3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Specification.</b> [Total Pages <u>67</u> ]<br>Both the claims and abstract must start on a new page<br>(For information on the preferred arrangement, see MPEP § 608.01(a))<br>4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Drawing(s).</b> (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets <u>16</u> ]<br>5. <b>Inventor's Oath or Declaration.</b> [Total Sheets <u>1</u> ]<br>(including substitute statements under 37 CFR 1.64 and assignments serving as an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.63(e))<br>a. <input type="checkbox"/> Newly executed (original or copy)<br>b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))<br>6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Application Data Sheet.</b> *See Note below.<br>See 37 CFR 1.76 (PTO/AIA/14 or equivalent)<br>7. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>CD-ROM or CD-R.</b><br>in duplicate, large table or Computer Program (Appendix)<br><input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD<br>8. <b>Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission.</b><br>(if applicable, items a. - c. are required)<br>a. <input type="checkbox"/> Computer Readable Form (CRF)<br>b. <input type="checkbox"/> Specification Sequence Listing on:<br>i. <input type="checkbox"/> CD-ROM or CD-R (2 copies); or<br>ii. <input type="checkbox"/> Paper<br>c. <input type="checkbox"/> Statements verifying identity of above copies | <b>ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS</b><br>9. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Assignment Papers.</b><br>(cover sheet & document(s))<br>Name of Assignee _____<br>10. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>37 CFR 3.73(c) Statement.</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Power of Attorney.</b><br>(when there is an assignee)<br>11. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>English Translation Document.</b><br>(if applicable)<br>12. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Information Disclosure Statement.</b><br>(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449)<br><input type="checkbox"/> Copies of citations attached<br>13. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Preliminary Amendment.</b><br>1. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Return Receipt Postcard.</b><br>4. (MPEP § 503) (Should be specifically itemized)<br>15. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Certified Copy of Priority Document(s).</b><br>(if foreign priority is claimed)<br>16. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Nonpublication Request.</b><br>Under 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(i). Applicant must attach form PTO/SB/35 or equivalent.<br>17. <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Other:</b> _____ |

**19. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS**

The address associated with Customer Number: 15671 **OR**  Correspondence address below

|         |           |          |  |
|---------|-----------|----------|--|
| Name    |           |          |  |
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| City    | State     | Zip Code |  |
| Country | Telephone | Email    |  |

|                   |                  |                                   |       |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Signature         | /taf/            | Date                              |       |
| Name (Print/Type) | Timothy A. Flory | Registration No. (Attorney/Agent) | 42540 |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.53(b). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**  
 If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

REQUEST FOR FILING CONTINUATION APPLICATION  
UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

This is a request for filing a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/590,854, filed August 21, 2012, which is a divisional application of U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/336,018, filed December 23, 2011, now U.S. Patent No. 8,267,534, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/911,274, filed October 25, 2010, now U.S. Patent No. 8,128,243, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/851,045, filed August 5, 2010, now U.S. Patent No. 7,934,843, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/197,666, filed August 25, 2008, now U.S. Patent No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Serial No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S. Patent No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Serial No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003.

1. Copy of Prior Application as Filed Which is Attached

I hereby verify that the attached papers are a copy of what is shown in my records to be the above-identified prior application, including the Declaration as originally filed (37 CFR 1.53). No amendments referred to in any Declaration filed to complete the prior application introduced new matter in that application.

The attached copy of the papers of the parent application includes 39 pages of specification, 27 pages of claims (98 claims), 1 page of Abstract, 16 sheets of drawings, and

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY  
Page : 2

signed Declaration and Power of Attorney (1 page). The attached drawings are copies of the formal drawings filed in the parent applications and correspond to the drawings originally filed with the parent applications.

2. Amendments

The copy of the application includes the amendments made during prosecution of the parent applications and includes a revised/updated Cross Reference to Related Applications and new Abstract.

The attached copy includes new claims 1-98, which replace the claims of the parent patent application.

3. Notice Regarding Prosecution relative to Parent Application

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/590,854, filed August 21, 2012, which is part of the continuation chain noted above. Applicants note from controlling case law that disclaimer of subject matter made during an earlier prosecution can be rescinded, permitting recapture of the disclaimed scope, so long as sufficiently clear notice is given to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, so that the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office can consider any prior disclaimer and any previously cited relevant prior art *Hakim v. Cannon Avent Group, PLC et al.*, 47 F.3d 1313, 1398 (Fed. Cir. 2007) (affirming the district court grant of summary judgment of non-infringement based on a limiting claim construction per file wrapper estoppel in a parent application where the patentee had in the child application not expressly rescinded any disclaimer effect of prosecution in the parent application).

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY  
Page : 3

Therefore, this is to provide such clear notice to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office that for purposes of the present application only, Applicants hereby rescind any disclaimer and argument, express or implied, made during the prosecution of the above-referenced prior application. Accordingly, Applicants respectfully note for the record that any arguments, disclaimers, and/or other actions taken with regard to the claims prosecuted in the above-referenced U.S. Patent Applications are not to be imputed or otherwise applied to the claims in the present application unless expressly repeated by the Applicants during prosecution of the present application.

4. Patent Application Bibliographic Data Form

A copy of the Patent Application Bibliographic Data Form is enclosed.

5. Filing Fee and Calculation

Filing Fee:

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| Basic Fee - \$390   | \$390.00   |
| Each independent claim in excess of three,<br>-5- times \$250.00                                      | \$1,250.00 |
| Number of claims in excess of twenty,<br>-78- times \$62.00   | \$4,836.00 |
| Filing multiple dependent claims<br>per application \$460.00  | \$0.00     |
| Application size fee for each additional<br>50 sheets that exceeds 100 sheets<br>(-0- times \$320.00) | \$0.00     |

Additional Fees:

|                         |                 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Search Fee - \$620      | \$620.00        |
| Examination Fee - \$250 | <u>\$250.00</u> |

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY  
Page : 4

**Total Filing Fee** **\$7,346.00**

The above fees will be paid by credit card. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 50-5553.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following fees during the pendency of this application, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account 50-5553.

- a) Any filing fees under 37 CFR 1.16 for presentation of extra claims for which full payment has not been tendered.
- b) Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR 1.17 for which full payment has not been tendered.

6. Drawings

Sixteen (16) sheets of formal drawings are enclosed and are copies of those filed in the parent applications. The formal drawings correspond to the drawings originally filed with the parent applications and include any revisions made and approved during prosecution of the parent applications.

7. Disclosure Statement

Applicants respectfully request that information cited in the prior parent application, Serial No. 13/590,854, be considered in the present application. An Information Disclosure Statement will be submitted that lists the cited references.

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY  
Page : 5

8. Inventorship Statement

With respect to the prior co-pending U.S. application from which this application claims benefit under 35 USC 120, the inventor in this application is the same, namely, Niall R. Lynam.

9. Assignment

The prior application was originally assigned to Donnelly Corporation, a corporation of the State of Michigan, located and doing business at 49 W. Third Street, Holland, Michigan 49423. That Assignment was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office on August 23, 2004, at Reel 015715, Frame 0476.

10. Power of Attorney

The Power of Attorney in the parent applications is to the individual patent attorneys listed thereon. The attached Power of Attorney includes the original declaration signed by the inventors and confirms that the undersigned attorney is an attorney of record for this application.

Please address all future correspondence to:

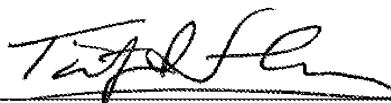
Timothy A. Flory  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E.  
P.O. Box 888695  
Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695  
Ph: (616) 975-5500  
Fax: (616) 975-5505

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY  
Page : 6

11. Verification

I hereby declare further that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Respectfully submitted,



Date: February 25, 2013

---

Timothy A. Flory  
Registration No. 42 540  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E.  
P.O. Box 888695  
Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695  
(616) 975-5500

TAF/ars  
DON09 P-2048



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|   |                                   |                        |              |  |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--|
| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b>   |                                   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048 |  |
|   |                                   | Application Number     |              |  |
| Title of Invention  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                        |              |  |
| The application data sheet is part of the provisional or nonprovisional application for which it is being submitted. The following form contains the bibliographic data arranged in a format specified by the United States Patent and Trademark Office as outlined in 37 CFR 1.76. This document may be completed electronically and submitted to the Office in electronic format using the Electronic Filing System (EFS) or the document may be printed and included in a paper filed application. |                                   |                        |              |  |

### Secrecy Order 37 CFR 5.2

|  |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Portions or all of the application associated with this Application Data Sheet may fall under a Secrecy Order pursuant to 37 CFR 5.2 (Paper filers only. Applications that fall under Secrecy Order may not be filed electronically.) |
|--|

### Inventor Information:

|   |                    |                       |                    |                             |                                       |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Inventor 1</b>   |                    |                       |                    |                             | <input type="button" value="Remove"/> |
| <b>Legal Name</b>   |                    |                       |                    |                             |                                       |
| <b>Prefix</b>   | <b>Given Name</b>  | <b>Middle Name</b>    | <b>Family Name</b> | <b>Suffix</b>               |                                       |
|   | Niall              | R.                    | Lynam              |                             |                                       |
| <b>Residence Information (Select One)</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> US Residency <input type="radio"/> Non US Residency <input type="radio"/> Active US Military Service |                    |                       |                    |                             |                                       |
| <b>City</b>   | Holland            | <b>State/Province</b> | MI                 | <b>Country of Residence</b> | US                                    |
| <b>Mailing Address of Inventor:</b>   |                    |                       |                    |                             |                                       |
| <b>Address 1</b>  | 281 Norwood Avenue |                       |                    |                             |                                       |
| <b>Address 2</b>  |                    |                       |                    |                             |                                       |
| <b>City</b>   | Holland            | <b>State/Province</b> | MI                 |                             |                                       |
| <b>Postal Code</b>  | 49424              | <b>Country</b>        | US                 |                             |                                       |
| All Inventors Must Be Listed - Additional Inventor Information blocks may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.  |                    |                       |                    |                             | <input type="button" value="Add"/>    |

### Correspondence Information:

|  |                |  |   |
|--|----------------|--|---|
| Enter either Customer Number or complete the Correspondence Information section below. For further information see 37 CFR 1.33(a). |                |  |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> An Address is being provided for the correspondence information of this application.                      |                |  |   |
| <b>Customer Number</b>   | 15671          |  |   |
| <b>Email Address</b>   | flory@glbf.com | <input type="button" value="Add Email"/> | <input type="button" value="Remove Email"/> |

### Application Information:

|  |                                   |   |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| <b>Title of the Invention</b>                  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |   |  |
| <b>Attorney Docket Number</b>                  | DON09 P-2048                      | <b>Small Entity Status Claimed</b> <input type="checkbox"/> |  |
| <b>Application Type</b>                        | Nonprovisional                    |   |  |
| <b>Subject Matter</b>                          | Utility                           |   |  |
| <b>Suggested Class (if any)</b>                |                                   | <b>Sub Class (if any)</b>                                   |  |
| <b>Suggested Technology Center (if any)</b>    |                                   |   |  |
| <b>Total Number of Drawing Sheets (if any)</b> | 16                                | <b>Suggested Figure for Publication (if any)</b>            |  |

|   |                                   |                        |              |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b> |                                   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048 |
|   |                                   | Application Number     |              |
| Title of Invention                        | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                        |              |

**Publication Information:**

|  |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Request Early Publication (Fee required at time of Request 37 CFR 1.219)  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Request Not to Publish.</b> I hereby request that the attached application not be published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b) and certify that the invention disclosed in the attached application <b>has not and will not</b> be the subject of an application filed in another country, or under a multilateral international agreement, that requires publication at eighteen months after filing. |

**Representative Information:**

|  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|---|
| <p>Representative information should be provided for all practitioners having a power of attorney in the application. Providing this information in the Application Data Sheet does not constitute a power of attorney in the application (see 37 CFR 1.32). Either enter Customer Number or complete the Representative Name section below. If both sections are completed the customer Number will be used for the Representative Information during processing.</p> |  |  |   |
| Please Select One:   | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Customer Number | <input type="radio"/> US Patent Practitioner | <input type="radio"/> Limited Recognition (37 CFR 11.9) |
| Customer Number  | 15671  |  |   |

**Domestic Benefit/National Stage Information:**

|   |                 |                          |                          |               |                         |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| <p>This section allows for the applicant to either claim benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), 120, 121, or 365(c) or indicate National Stage entry from a PCT application. Providing this information in the application data sheet constitutes the specific reference required by 35 U.S.C. 119(e) or 120, and 37 CFR 1.78.</p> |                 |                          |                          |               |                         |
| Prior Application Status  | Pending         |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |               |                         |
|   | Division of     | 13590854                 | 2012-08-21               |               |                         |
| Prior Application Status  | Patented        |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |
| 13590854  | Continuation of | 13336018                 | 2011-12-23               | 8267534       | 2012-09-18              |
| Prior Application Status  | Patented        |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |
| 13336018  | Continuation of | 12911274                 | 2010-10-25               | 8128243       | 2010-03-06              |
| Prior Application Status  | Patented        |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |
| 12911274  | Continuation of | 12851045                 | 2010-08-05               | 7934843       | 2011-05-03              |
| Prior Application Status  | Patented        |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |

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|   |                                   |                          |                          |                                       |                                    |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b>   |                                   | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048             |                                       |                                    |
|   |                                   | Application Number       |                          |                                       |                                    |
| Title of Invention  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                          |                          |                                       |                                    |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type                   | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number                         | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)            |
| 12851045  | Continuation of                   | 12197666                 | 2008-08-25               | 7842154                               | 2010-11-30                         |
| Prior Application Status  |                                   | Patented                 |                          | <input type="button" value="Remove"/> |                                    |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type                   | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number                         | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)            |
| 12197666  | Division of                       | 10709434                 | 2004-05-05               | 7420756                               | 2008-09-02                         |
| Prior Application Status  |                                   | Expired                  |                          | <input type="button" value="Remove"/> |                                    |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type                   | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |                                       |                                    |
| 10709434  | non provisional of                | 60471872                 | 2003-05-20               |                                       |                                    |
| Additional Domestic Benefit/National Stage Data may be generated within this form by selecting the <b>Add</b> button. |                                   |                          |                          |                                       | <input type="button" value="Add"/> |

**Foreign Priority Information:**

|   |           |                          |   |
|---|-----------|--------------------------|---|
| This section allows for the applicant to claim benefit of foreign priority and to identify any prior foreign application for which priority is not claimed. Providing this information in the application data sheet constitutes the claim for priority as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b) and 37 CFR 1.55(a). |           |                          |   |
|   |           |                          | <input type="button" value="Remove"/>                         |
| Application Number  | Country i | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Priority Claimed  |
|   |           |                          | <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No |
| Additional Foreign Priority Data may be generated within this form by selecting the <b>Add</b> button.  |           |                          | <input type="button" value="Add"/>                            |

**Authorization to Permit Access:**

|  |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Authorization to Permit Access to the Instant Application by the Participating Offices  |
| If checked, the undersigned hereby grants the USPTO authority to provide the European Patent Office (EPO), the Japan Patent Office (JPO), the Korean Intellectual Property Office (KIPO), the World Intellectual Property Office (WIPO), and any other intellectual property offices in which a foreign application claiming priority to the instant patent application is filed access to the instant patent application. See 37 CFR 1.14(c) and (h). This box should not be checked if the applicant does not wish the EPO, JPO, KIPO, WIPO, or other intellectual property office in which a foreign application claiming priority to the instant patent application is filed to have access to the instant patent application. |
| In accordance with 37 CFR 1.14(h)(3), access will be provided to a copy of the instant patent application with respect to: 1) the instant patent application-as-filed; 2) any foreign application to which the instant patent application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) if a copy of the foreign application that satisfies the certified copy requirement of 37 CFR 1.55 has been filed in the instant patent application; and 3) any U.S. application-as-filed from which benefit is sought in the instant patent application.  |
| In accordance with 37 CFR 1.14(c), access may be provided to information concerning the date of filing this Authorization.   |

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

|   |                                   |                        |              |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b> |                                   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048 |
|   |                                   | Application Number     |              |
| Title of Invention                        | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                        |              |

## Applicant Information:

|  |  |  |                                       |
|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Providing assignment information in this section does not substitute for compliance with any requirement of part 3 of Title 37 of CFR to have an assignment recorded by the Office.  |  |  |                                       |
| <b>Applicant 1</b>   |  |  | <input type="button" value="Remove"/> |
| If the applicant is the inventor (or the remaining joint inventor or inventors under 37 CFR 1.45), this section should not be completed. The information to be provided in this section is the name and address of the legal representative who is the applicant under 37 CFR 1.43; or the name and address of the assignee, person to whom the inventor is under an obligation to assign the invention, or person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest in the matter who is the applicant under 37 CFR 1.46. If the applicant is an applicant under 37 CFR 1.46 (assignee, person to whom the inventor is obligated to assign, or person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest) together with one or more joint inventors, then the joint inventor or inventors who are also the applicant should be identified in this section. |  |  |                                       |
| <input type="button" value="Clear"/>   |  |  |                                       |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Assignee  | <input type="radio"/> Legal Representative under 35 U.S.C. 117 | <input type="radio"/> Joint Inventor                                   |                                       |
| <input type="radio"/> Person to whom the inventor is obligated to assign.  |  | <input type="radio"/> Person who shows sufficient proprietary interest |                                       |
| If applicant is the legal representative, indicate the authority to file the patent application, the inventor is:  |  |  |                                       |
|  |  |  |                                       |
| Name of the Deceased or Legally Incapacitated Inventor : <input type="text"/>  |  |  |                                       |
| If the Applicant is an Organization check here. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  |  |  |                                       |
| Organization Name  | Donnelly Corporation   |  |                                       |
| <b>Mailing Address Information:</b>  |  |  |                                       |
| Address 1  | 49 W. Third Street   |  |                                       |
| Address 2  |  |  |                                       |
| City   | Holland  | State/Province   | MI                                    |
| Country <sup>i</sup>   | US   | Postal Code  | 49424                                 |
| Phone Number   |  | Fax Number   |                                       |
| Email Address  |  |  |                                       |
| Additional Applicant Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.   |  |  | <input type="button" value="Add"/>    |

## Non-Applicant Assignee Information:

|   |
|---|
| Providing assignment information in this section does not substitute for compliance with any requirement of part 3 of Title 37 of CFR to have an assignment recorded by the Office. |
|---|

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|   |                                   |                        |              |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b> |                                   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048 |
|   |                                   | Application Number     |              |
| Title of Invention                        | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                        |              |

|  |            |                |             |                                       |
|--|------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Assignee 1</b>  |            |                |             |                                       |
| Complete this section only if non-applicant assignee information is desired to be included on the patent application publication in accordance with 37 CFR 1.215(b). Do not include in this section an applicant under 37 CFR 1.46 (assignee, person to whom the inventor is obligated to assign, or person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest), as the patent application publication will include the name of the applicant(s). |            |                |             |                                       |
|  |            |                |             | <input type="button" value="Remove"/> |
| If the Assignee is an Organization check here. <input type="checkbox"/>  |            |                |             |                                       |
| Prefix   | Given Name | Middle Name    | Family Name | Suffix                                |
|  |            |                |             |                                       |
| <b>Mailing Address Information:</b>  |            |                |             |                                       |
| Address 1  |            |                |             |                                       |
| Address 2  |            |                |             |                                       |
| City   |            | State/Province |             |                                       |
| Country i  |            | Postal Code    |             |                                       |
| Phone Number   |            | Fax Number     |             |                                       |
| Email Address  |            |                |             |                                       |
| Additional Assignee Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.  |            |                |             | <input type="button" value="Add"/>    |

**Signature:**

|   |         |                   |            |                                    |
|---|---------|-------------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| NOTE: This form must be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4 for signature requirements and certifications |         |                   |            |                                    |
| Signature   | /taf/   | Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | 2013-02-25 |                                    |
| First Name  | Timothy | Last Name         | Flory      | Registration Number                |
|   |         |                   |            | 42540                              |
| Additional Signature may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.   |         |                   |            | <input type="button" value="Add"/> |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.76. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 23 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application data sheet form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether the Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of these records.
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3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
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5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.
9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

## Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>EFS ID:</b>   | 15042508  |
| <b>Application Number:</b>   | 13776091  |
| <b>International Application Number:</b>   |   |
| <b>Confirmation Number:</b>  | 1002  |
| Adjustment date: 03/21/2013 S5OK11<br>02/26/2013 INTEFSW 00018494 13776091<br>05 FC:1201 -1250.00 OP |   |
| <b>Title of Invention:</b>   | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY                             |
| 03/21/2013 S5OK11 00000011 13776091<br>01 FC:1201 1000.00 OP   |   |
| <b>Refund Ref:</b><br>03/21/2013   | <b>First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:</b><br>Niall R. Lynam |
| <b>Credit Card Refund Total:</b><br>\$250.00   | <b>Customer Number:</b><br>15671                              |
| <b>Discover:</b> XXXXXXXXXXXX7278  | <b>Filer:</b><br>Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma               |
|  | <b>Filer Authorized By:</b><br>Timothy A. Flory               |
|  | <b>Attorney Docket Number:</b><br>DON09 P-2048                |
|  | <b>Receipt Date:</b><br>25-FEB-2013                           |
|  | <b>Filing Date:</b>   |
|  | <b>Time Stamp:</b><br>16:53:36                                |
|  | <b>Application Type:</b><br>Utility under 35 USC 111(a)       |

### Payment information:

|  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Submitted with Payment                   | yes         |
| Payment Type                             | Credit Card |
| Payment was successfully received in RAM | \$7346      |
| RAM confirmation Number                  | 18494       |
| Deposit Account                          |             |
| Authorized User                          |             |

### File Listing:

| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/<br>Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
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| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING OR 371(C) DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 13/776,091         | 02/25/2013            | Niall R. Lynam        | DON09 P-2048           |

**CONFIRMATION NO. 1002**

15671  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Dr.  
SE, Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, MI 49546

**NOTICE**



Date Mailed: 04/01/2013

**INFORMATIONAL NOTICE TO APPLICANT**

Applicant is notified that the above-identified application contains the deficiencies noted below. No period for reply is set forth in this notice for correction of these deficiencies. However, if a deficiency relates to the inventor's oath or declaration, the applicant must file an oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63, or a substitute statement in compliance with 37 CFR 1.64, executed by or with respect to each actual inventor no later than the expiration of the time period set in the "Notice of Allowability" to avoid abandonment. See 37 CFR 1.53(f).

The item(s) indicated below are also required and should be submitted with any reply to this notice to avoid further processing delays.

**A new inventor's oath or declaration that identifies this application (e.g., by Application Number and filing date) is required. The inventor's oath or declaration does not comply with 37 CFR 1.63 in that it:**

- does not state that the above-identified application was made or authorized to be made by the person executing the oath or declaration.





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| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING OR 371(C) DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 13/776,091         | 02/25/2013            | Niall R. Lynam        | DON09 P-2048           |

15671  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Dr.  
SE, Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, MI 49546

**CONFIRMATION NO. 1002  
IMPROPER CPOA LETTER**



Date Mailed: 04/01/2013

**NOTICE REGARDING POWER OF ATTORNEY**

This is in response to the power of attorney filed 02/25/2013. The power of attorney in this application is not accepted for the reason(s) listed below:

- The power of attorney from the inventors has not been accepted because the power of attorney must be signed by the applicant for patent. See 37 CFR 1.32(b)(4).

/nabraha/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

**PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD**

Substitute for Form PTO-875

Application or Docket Number  
13/776,091

**APPLICATION AS FILED - PART I**

|   |   | (Column 1)    | (Column 2)   | SMALL ENTITY |         | OR | OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY |         |
|---|---|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------|----|-------------------------|---------|
| FOR   |   | NUMBER FILED  | NUMBER EXTRA | RATE(\$)     | FEE(\$) |    | RATE(\$)                | FEE(\$) |
| BASIC FEE<br>(37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))        |   | N/A           | N/A          | N/A          |         |    | N/A                     | 280     |
| SEARCH FEE<br>(37 CFR 1.16(k), (l), or (m))       |   | N/A           | N/A          | N/A          |         |    | N/A                     | 600     |
| EXAMINATION FEE<br>(37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))  |   | N/A           | N/A          | N/A          |         |    | N/A                     | 720     |
| TOTAL CLAIMS<br>(37 CFR 1.16(j))                  |   | 98 minus 20 = | * 78         |              |         | OR | x 80 =                  | 6240    |
| INDEPENDENT CLAIMS<br>(37 CFR 1.16(h))            |   | 7 minus 3 =   | * 4          |              |         | OR | x 420 =                 | 1680    |
| APPLICATION SIZE FEE<br>(37 CFR 1.16(s))          | If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$310 (\$155 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s). |               |              |              |         |    |                         | 0.00    |
| MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT (37 CFR 1.16(j)) |   |               |              |              |         |    |                         | 0.00    |
|   |   |               |              | TOTAL        |         |    | TOTAL                   | 9520    |

\* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2.

**APPLICATION AS AMENDED - PART II**

|   |                                       | (Column 1)                       | (Column 2)                         | (Column 3)    | SMALL ENTITY    |                    | OR | OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY |                    |   |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|-------------------------|--------------------|---|
| AMENDMENT A   |                                       | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA | RATE(\$)        | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) |    | RATE(\$)                | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) |   |
|   | Total<br>(37 CFR 1.16(i))             | *                                | Minus **                           | **            | =               | x                  | =  | OR                      | x                  | = |
|   | Independent<br>(37 CFR 1.16(h))       | *                                | Minus ***                          | ***           | =               | x                  | =  | OR                      | x                  | = |
|   | Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s)) |                                  |                                    |               |                 |                    |    | OR                      |                    |   |
| FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j)) |                                       |                                  |                                    |               |                 |                    | OR |                         |                    |   |
|   |                                       |                                  |                                    |               | TOTAL ADD'L FEE |                    | OR | TOTAL ADD'L FEE         |                    |   |

|   |                                       | (Column 1)                       | (Column 2)                         | (Column 3)    | SMALL ENTITY    |                    | OR | OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY |                    |   |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|-------------------------|--------------------|---|
| AMENDMENT B   |                                       | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA | RATE(\$)        | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) |    | RATE(\$)                | ADDITIONAL FEE(\$) |   |
|   | Total<br>(37 CFR 1.16(i))             | *                                | Minus **                           | **            | =               | x                  | =  | OR                      | x                  | = |
|   | Independent<br>(37 CFR 1.16(h))       | *                                | Minus ***                          | ***           | =               | x                  | =  | OR                      | x                  | = |
|   | Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s)) |                                  |                                    |               |                 |                    |    | OR                      |                    |   |
| FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j)) |                                       |                                  |                                    |               |                 |                    | OR |                         |                    |   |
|   |                                       |                                  |                                    |               | TOTAL ADD'L FEE |                    | OR | TOTAL ADD'L FEE         |                    |   |

\* If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.  
 \*\* If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20".  
 \*\*\* If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3".  
 The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest found in the appropriate box in column 1.



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Table with 7 columns: APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING or 371(c) DATE, GRP ART UNIT, FIL FEE REC'D, ATTY. DOCKET NO, TOT CLAIMS, IND CLAIMS. Values: 13/776,091, 02/25/2013, 2872, 7096, DON09 P-2048, 98, 7

CONFIRMATION NO. 1002

FILING RECEIPT



15671
Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP
2851 Charlevoix Dr.
SE, Suite 207
Grand Rapids, MI 49546

Date Mailed: 04/01/2013

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Inventor(s)

Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI;

Applicant(s)

Donnelly Corporation, Holland, MI

Assignment For Published Patent Application

DONNELLY CORPORATION, Holland, MI

Power of Attorney: None

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a DIV of 13/590,854 08/21/2012
which is a CON of 13/336,018 12/23/2011 PAT 8267534
which is a CON of 12/911,274 10/25/2010 PAT 8128243
which is a CON of 12/851,045 08/05/2010 PAT 7934843
which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7842154
which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7420756
which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003

Foreign Applications for which priority is claimed (You may be eligible to benefit from the Patent Prosecution Highway program at the USPTO. Please see http://www.uspto.gov for more information.) - None.

Foreign application information must be provided in an Application Data Sheet in order to constitute a claim to foreign priority. See 37 CFR 1.55 and 1.76.

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 03/21/2013

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is US 13/776,091

**Projected Publication Date:** 07/11/2013

**Non-Publication Request:** No

**Early Publication Request:** No

**Title**

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

**Preliminary Class**

359

**Statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78 for AIA (First Inventor to File) Transition Applications:**

### **PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES**

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at <http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html>.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, <http://www.stopfakes.gov>. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

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**Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15**

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|--|---|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Substitute for form 1449/PTO   |   | <b>Complete if Known</b> |                     |
| <b>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE<br/>STATEMENT BY APPLICANT</b><br><i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i> |   | Application Number       | 13/776,091          |
|  |   | Filing Date              | February 25, 2013   |
|  |   | First Named Inventor     | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  |   | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|  |   | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |   | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
| Sheet  | 1 | of                       | 13                  |

| U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS |                       |  |                                |  |   |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Examiner Initials*     | Cite No. <sup>1</sup> | Document Number                          | Publication Date<br>MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or<br>Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where<br>Relevant Passages or<br>Relevant Figures Appear |
|                        |                       | Number-Kind Code <sup>2 (if known)</sup> |                                |  |   |

|  |  |           |            |                  |  |
|--|--|-----------|------------|------------------|--|
|  |  | 8,267,534 | 2012-09-18 | Lynam            |  |
|  |  | 7,934,843 | 2011-05-03 | Lynam            |  |
|  |  | 7,857,469 | 2010-12-28 | Sinelli et al.   |  |
|  |  | 7,636,188 | 2009-12-22 | Baur et al.      |  |
|  |  | 7,626,749 | 2009-12-01 | Baur et al.      |  |
|  |  | 7,581,859 | 2009-09-01 | Lynam            |  |
|  |  | 7,526,103 | 2009-04-28 | Schofield et al. |  |
|  |  | 7,492,281 | 2009-02-17 | Lynam et al.     |  |
|  |  | 7,423,522 | 2008-09-09 | O'Brien et al.   |  |
|  |  | 7,420,756 | 2008-09-02 | Lynam            |  |
|  |  | 7,400,435 | 2008-07-15 | Byers et al.     |  |
|  |  | 7,391,563 | 2008-06-24 | McCabe et al.    |  |
|  |  | 7,377,675 | 2008-05-27 | Pastrick et al.  |  |
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|  |   |    |    | Filing Date              | February 25, 2013   |
|  |   |    |    | First Named Inventor     | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  |   |    |    | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|  |   |    |    | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |   |    |    | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
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|  |   | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
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|  |  | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|  |  | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |  | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
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|  |   |    |    | Filing Date              | February 25, 2013   |
|  |   |    |    | First Named Inventor     | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  |   |    |    | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|  |   |    |    | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |   |    |    | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
| Sheet  | 6 | of | 13 |                          |                     |

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|  |  | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
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|  |  | Sheet                    | 7                   |

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|  |    |    |    | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |    |    |    | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
| Sheet  | 10 | of | 13 |                          |                     |

| U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS |                          |  |                                |  |   |
|------------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Examiner<br>Initials*  | Cite<br>No. <sup>1</sup> | Document Number                          | Publication Date<br>MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or<br>Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where<br>Relevant Passages or<br>Relevant Figures Appear |
|                        |                          | Number-Kind Code <sup>2 (if known)</sup> |                                |  |   |

|  |  |              |            |                 |  |
|--|--|--------------|------------|-----------------|--|
|  |  | 3,563,638    | 1971-02-16 | Panozzo         |  |
|  |  | 3,424,517    | 1969-01-28 | Budreck         |  |
|  |  | 3,408,136    | 1968-10-29 | Travis          |  |
|  |  | 3,404,935    | 1968-10-08 | Creager         |  |
|  |  | 3,389,952    | 1968-06-25 | Tobin, Jr.      |  |
|  |  | 3,375,053    | 1968-03-26 | Ward            |  |
|  |  | 3,338,655    | 1967-08-29 | Young           |  |
|  |  | 3,337,285    | 1967-08-22 | Travis          |  |
|  |  | 3,280,701    | 1966-10-25 | Donnelly et al. |  |
|  |  | 3,267,806    | 1966-08-23 | Azegami         |  |
|  |  | 3,266,016    | 1966-08-09 | Maruyama et al. |  |
|  |  | 3,175,463    | 1965-03-30 | Seashore        |  |
|  |  | 3,170,985    | 1965-02-23 | Katulich        |  |
|  |  | 3,146,296    | 1964-08-25 | Fischer         |  |
|  |  | 3,131,250    | 1964-04-28 | Ely             |  |
|  |  | 3,104,274    | 1963-09-17 | King            |  |
|  |  | 2,911,177    | 1959-11-03 | West            |  |
|  |  | 2,890,539    | 1959-06-16 | Holt            |  |
|  |  | 2,279,751    | 1942-04-14 | Elwood          |  |
|  |  | 2,778,273    | 1957-01-22 | Fellmeth        |  |
|  |  | 2,636,419    | 1953-04-28 | Kerr            |  |
|  |  | 2,580,014    | 1951-12-25 | Gazda           |  |
|  |  | 2,514,989    | 1950-07-11 | Buren           |  |
|  |  | 2,263,382    | 1941-11-18 | Gotzinger       |  |
|  |  | 2,135,262    | 1938-11-01 | Schumacher      |  |
|  |  | 1,672,559    | 1928-06-05 | Doble           |  |
|  |  | 1,114,559    | 1914-10-20 | Weed            |  |
|  |  | D297,926     | 1988-10-04 | Kesler          |  |
|  |  | D493,394     | 2004-07-27 | Lawlor et al.   |  |
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|  |  | 2002/0036828 | 2002-03-28 | Wong            |  |
|  |  | 2002/0048100 | 2002-04-25 | Hoek            |  |
|  |  | 2002/0105741 | 2002-08-08 | Platzer, Jr.    |  |
|  |  | 2002/0159169 | 2002-10-31 | McCord          |  |

|                       |  |                    |  |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------|--|
| Examiner<br>Signature |  | Date<br>Considered |  |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------|--|

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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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|   |    |    |    | Application Number       | 13/776,091          |
|   |    |    |    | Filing Date              | February 25, 2013   |
|   |    |    |    | First Named Inventor     | Niall R. Lynam      |
|   |    |    |    | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|   |    |    |    | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|   |    |    |    | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
| Sheet   | 11 | of | 13 |                          |                     |

| U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS |                       |  |                                |   |   |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Examiner Initials*     | Cite No. <sup>1</sup> | Document Number                          | Publication Date<br>MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear |
|                        |                       | Number-Kind Code <sup>2 (if known)</sup> |                                |   |   |

|  |  |              |            |                   |  |
|--|--|--------------|------------|-------------------|--|
|  |  | 2002/0159270 | 2002-10-31 | Lynam et al.      |  |
|  |  | 2003/0026009 | 2003-02-06 | Vandenbrink       |  |
|  |  | 2003/0026012 | 2003-02-06 | Pavao             |  |
|  |  | 2003/0031023 | 2003-02-13 | Hutzel            |  |
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|  |  | 2003/0117731 | 2003-06-26 | Platzer, Jr.      |  |
|  |  | 2004/0032675 | 2004-02-19 | Weller et al.     |  |
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|  |  | 2008/0308219 | 2008-12-18 | Lynam             |  |
|  |  | 2009/0040306 | 2009-02-12 | Foote et al.      |  |

|                    |  |                 |  |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Examiner Signature |  | Date Considered |  |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|--|

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|  |  |    |    | Application Number       | 13/776,091             |                     |
| Sheet  |  | 13 | of | 13                       | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048        |
|  |  |    |    |                          | Examiner Name          | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |  |    |    |                          | First Named Inventor   | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  |  |    |    |                          | Filing Date            | February 25, 2013   |
|  |  |    |    |                          | Art Unit               | 2872                |

| FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS |                       |   |                  |   |   |                |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------|---|---|----------------|
| Examiner initials*       | Cite No. <sup>1</sup> | Foreign Patent Document   | Publication Date | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages Or Relevant Figures Appear | T <sup>6</sup> |
|                          |                       | Country Code <sup>3</sup> Number <sup>4</sup> Kind Code <sup>5</sup><br><i>(if known)</i> | MM-DD-YYYY       |   |   |                |

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|  |  | DE 2550095    | 1976-05-20 | Schiff et al.          |  |   |
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|  |  | DE 2915521    | 1980-10-30 | Docie                  |  |   |
|  |  | DE 3302735    | 1984-08-02 | Schulze                |  | X |
|  |  | DE 3329998    | 1985-03-07 | Horn                   |  | X |
|  |  | DE 3620228    | 1987-12-17 | Thomen                 |  | X |
|  |  | DE 4026578    | 1992-04-30 | Kramer                 |  | X |
|  |  | EP 0210757    | 1987-02-04 | Von Seidel             |  | X |
|  |  | EP 0310261    | 1989-04-05 | Britax Wingard Limited |  | X |
|  |  | EP 0551802    | 1992-01-15 | Jonsson                |  | X |
|  |  | EP 0791503    | 1997-08-27 | Gentex Corporation     |  | X |
|  |  | EP 0917987    | 1999-05-26 | Magneti Marelli France |  | X |
|  |  | EP 0356099    | 1990-02-28 | Yamada et al.          |  | X |
|  |  | EP 0728618    | 08-28-1996 | Gentex Corporation     |  | X |
|  |  | EP 0729864    | 09-04-1996 | Gentex Corporation     |  | X |
|  |  | FR 2628042    | 1988-03-01 | Racel                  |  | X |
|  |  | GB 1279158    | 1972-06-28 | Hacker                 |  | X |
|  |  | GB 2048189    | 1980-12-10 | Mirrocraft Inc.        |  | X |
|  |  | GB 2092534    | 1982-08-18 | Hagiri                 |  | X |
|  |  | JP 0051637    | 1980-04-15 | Katsumata Giken KK     |  | X |
|  |  | JP 55076721   | 1980-10-06 | Nikken Kogyo KK        |  | X |
|  |  | JP 1186443    | 1989-07-25 | Kitsumoto Norihiko     |  | X |
|  |  | JP 1208245    | 1989-08-22 | Moriwake               |  | X |
|  |  | JP 362075619  | 1987-04-07 | Tomita                 |  | X |
|  |  | JP 62105103   | 1987-05-15 | Miyake Shinya          |  | X |
|  |  | KR 2002092059 | 2002-12-11 | Jung                   |  | X |
|  |  | NL 7908257    | 1981-06-01 | Bartholomeus           |  |   |
|  |  | TW424057      | 2001-03-01 | Lin                    |  | X |
|  |  | WO 2001081956 | 11-01-2001 | Platzer, Jr.           |  | X |
|  |  | WO 2004026633 | 04-01-2004 | Donnelly Corporation   |  | X |
|  |  | WO 2004047421 | 06-03-2004 | Donnelly Corporation   |  | X |
|  |  | WO 2004103772 | 12-02-2004 | Donnelly Corporation   |  | X |
|  |  | WO 2006124682 | 11-23-2006 | Donnelly Corporation   |  | X |
|  |  | WO 2007005942 | 01-11-2007 | Donnelly Corporation   |  | X |
|  |  | WO 2008051910 | 05-02-2008 | Donnelly Corporation   |  | X |

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|--------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Examiner Signature |  | Date Considered |  |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|--|

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Art Unit : 2872  
Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
Serial No. : 13/776,091  
Filing Date : February 25, 2013  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

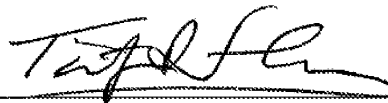
Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

RESPONSE TO INFORMATIONAL NOTICE TO APPLICANT

Responsive to the Informational Notice to Applicant mailed April 1, 2013, enclosed herewith is a newly signed Declaration. Entry and approval of this signed Declaration is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



Date: April 10, 2013

Timothy A. Flory  
Registration No. 42 540  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, Michigan 49546  
(616) 975-5500

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## TRANSMITTAL FOR POWER OF ATTORNEY TO ONE OR MORE REGISTERED PRACTITIONERS

**NOTE:** This form is to be submitted with the Power of Attorney by Applicant form (PTO/AIA/82B or equivalent) to identify the application to which the Power of Attorney is directed, in accordance with 37 CFR 1.5. If the Power of Attorney by Applicant form is not accompanied by this transmittal form or an equivalent, the Power of Attorney will not be recognized in the application.

|                        |                                   |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Application Number     | 13/776,091                        |
| Filing Date            | February 25, 2013                 |
| First Named Inventor   | Niall R. Lynam                    |
| Title                  | EXTERIOR REARVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |
| Art Unit               | 2872                              |
| Examiner Name          | Alessandro V. Amari               |
| Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048                      |

### SIGNATURE of Applicant or Patent Practitioner

|                     |                  |           |                |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------|
| Signature           | /taf/            | Date      | April 10, 2013 |
| Name                | Timothy A. Flory | Telephone | (616) 975-5500 |
| Registration Number | 42540            |           |                |

**NOTE:** This form must be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4(d) for signature requirements and certifications.

\*Total of 1 forms are submitted.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.31, 1.32 and 1.33. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 3 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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**POWER OF ATTORNEY BY APPLICANT**

I hereby revoke all previous powers of attorney given in the application identified in the attached transmittal letter.

- I hereby appoint Practitioner(s) associated with the following Customer Number as my/our attorney(s) or agent(s), and to transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith for the application referenced in the attached transmittal letter (form PTO/AIA/82A or equivalent):

15671

OR

- I hereby appoint Practitioner(s) named below as my/our attorney(s) or agent(s), and to transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith for the application referenced in the attached transmittal letter (form PTO/AIA/82A or equivalent):

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|      |                     |      |                     |

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- The address associated with the above-mentioned Customer Number.

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Firm or Individual Name

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City

State

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I am the Applicant:

- Inventor or Joint Inventor
- Legal Representative of a Deceased or Legally Incapacitated Inventor
- Assignee or Person to Whom the Inventor is Under an Obligation to Assign
- Person Who Otherwise Shows Sufficient Proprietary Interest (e.g., a petition under 37 CFR 1.46(b)(2) was granted in the application or is concurrently being filed with this document)

SIGNATURE of Applicant for Patent

Signature

*Niall Ryan*

Date

April 3 2013

Name

Dr. Niall R. Lynam

Telephone

(616) 786-5148

Title and Company

Senior Vice President and Chief Technical Officer/Donnelly Corporation

NOTE: Signature - This form must be signed by the applicant in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4 for signature requirements and certifications. Submit multiple forms for more than one signature, see below.

\*Total of 1 forms are submitted.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.31, 1.32 and 1.33. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 3 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
Serial No. : 13/776,091  
Filing Date : February 25, 2013  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

Mail Stop Missing Parts  
Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, V.A. 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

REQUEST FOR CORRECTED FILING RECEIPT

Receipt of the official filing receipt for the above-identified patent application is hereby acknowledged. That filing receipt has been reviewed for accuracy and the following errors have been noted:

The Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant appears as

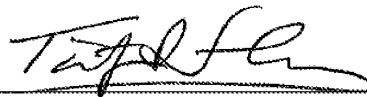
"This application is a DIV of 13/590,854 08/21/2012  
which is a CON of 13/336,018 12/23/2011 PAT 8267534  
which is a CON of 12/911,274 10/25/2010 PAT 8128243  
which is a CON of 12/851,045 08/05/2010 PAT 7934843  
which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7842154  
which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7420756  
which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003"

but should appear as

- This application is a CON of 13/590,854 08/21/2012  
which is a CON of 13/336,018 12/23/2011 PAT 8267534  
which is a CON of 12/911,274 10/25/2010 PAT 8128243  
which is a CON of 12/851,045 08/05/2010 PAT 7934843  
which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7842154  
which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7420756  
which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003-

A copy of the filing receipt with the correction noted thereon is enclosed. Also enclosed is a copy of a Supplemental Application Data Sheet that correctly indicates that domestic priority data for this application. The remaining information on the filing receipt appears to be correct. However, correction of the Domestic Priority section as noted above is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



Date: April 10, 2013

Timothy A. Flory  
Registration No. 42 540  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, Michigan 49546  
(616) 975-5500



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Table with 7 columns: APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING or 371(c) DATE, GRP ART UNIT, FIL. FEE REC'D, ATTY. DOCKET NO, TOT CLAIMS, IND CLAIMS. Row 1: 13/776,091, 02/25/2013, 2872, 7096, DON09 P-2048, 98, 7

CONFIRMATION NO. 1002

FILING RECEIPT

15671
Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP
2851 Charlevoix Dr.
SE, Suite 207
Grand Rapids, MI 49546



Date Mailed: 04/01/2013

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Inventor(s)

Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI;

Applicant(s)

Donnelly Corporation, Holland, MI

Assignment For Published Patent Application

DONNELLY CORPORATION, Holland, MI

Power of Attorney: None

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a DIV of 13/590,854 08/21/2012. This application is a CON of 13/590,854 08/21/2012 which is a CON of 13/336,018 12/23/2011 PAT 8267534 which is a CON of 12/911,274 10/25/2010 PAT 8128243 which is a CON of 12/851,045 08/05/2010 PAT 7934843 which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7842154 which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7420756 which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003

Foreign Applications for which priority is claimed (You may be eligible to benefit from the Patent Prosecution Highway program at the USPTO. Please see http://www.uspto.gov for more information.) - None.

Foreign application information must be provided in an Application Data Sheet in order to constitute a claim to foreign priority. See 37 CFR 1.55 and 1.76.

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 03/21/2013

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is US 13/776,091

**Projected Publication Date:** 07/11/2013

**Non-Publication Request:** No

**Early Publication Request:** No

**Title**

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

**Preliminary Class**

359

**Statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78 for AIA (First Inventor to File) Transition Applications:**

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Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

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| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b>   |                                   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048 |
|   |                                   | Application Number     | 13/776,091   |
| Title of Invention  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                        |              |
| The application data sheet is part of the provisional or nonprovisional application for which it is being submitted. The following form contains the bibliographic data arranged in a format specified by the United States Patent and Trademark Office as outlined in 37 CFR 1.76. This document may be completed electronically and submitted to the Office in electronic format using the Electronic Filing System (EFS) or the document may be printed and included in a paper filed application. |                                   |                        |              |

**Secrecy Order 37 CFR 5.2**

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Portions or all of the application associated with this Application Data Sheet may fall under a Secrecy Order pursuant to 37 CFR 5.2 (Paper filers only. Applications that fall under Secrecy Order may not be filed electronically.) |
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**Inventor Information:**

|   |                    |                |             |                         |
|---|--------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Inventor 1 <span style="float: right;">Remove</span>  |                    |                |             |                         |
| Legal Name  |                    |                |             |                         |
| Prefix  | Given Name         | Middle Name    | Family Name | Suffix                  |
|   | Niall              | R.             | Lynam       |                         |
| Residence Information (Select One) <input checked="" type="radio"/> US Residency <input type="radio"/> Non US Residency <input type="radio"/> Active US Military Service    |                    |                |             |                         |
| City  | Holland            | State/Province | MI          | Country of Residence US |
| Mailing Address of Inventor:  |                    |                |             |                         |
| Address 1   | 281 Norwood Avenue |                |             |                         |
| Address 2   |                    |                |             |                         |
| City  | Holland            | State/Province | MI          |                         |
| Postal Code   | 49424              | Country        | US          |                         |
| All Inventors Must Be Listed - Additional Inventor Information blocks may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button. <span style="float: right;">Add</span> |                    |                |             |                         |

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| Enter either Customer Number or complete the Correspondence Information section below. For further information see 37 CFR 1.33(a). |                |           |              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> An Address is being provided for the correspondence information of this application.                      |                |           |              |
| Customer Number  | 15671          |           |              |
| Email Address  | flory@gibf.com | Add Email | Remove Email |

**Application Information:**

|   |                                   |   |                          |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Title of the Invention                  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |   |                          |
| Attorney Docket Number                  | DON09 P-2048                      | Small Entity Status Claimed               | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Application Type                        | Nonprovisional                    |   |                          |
| Subject Matter                          | Utility                           |   |                          |
| Suggested Class (if any)                |                                   | Sub Class (if any)                        |                          |
| Suggested Technology Center (if any)    |                                   |   |                          |
| Total Number of Drawing Sheets (if any) | 16                                | Suggested Figure for Publication (if any) |                          |

|   |                                   |                        |              |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b> |                                   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048 |
|   |                                   | Application Number     | 13/776,091   |
| Title of Invention                        | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                        |              |

**Publication Information:**

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| <input type="checkbox"/> | Request Early Publication (Fee required at time of Request 37 CFR 1.219)  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <b>Request Not to Publish.</b> I hereby request that the attached application not be published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b) and certify that the invention disclosed in the attached application <b>has not and will not</b> be the subject of an application filed in another country, or under a multilateral international agreement, that requires publication at eighteen months after filing. |

**Representative Information:**

|   |  |  |   |
|---|--|--|---|
| Representative information should be provided for all practitioners having a power of attorney in the application. Providing this information in the Application Data Sheet does not constitute a power of attorney in the application (see 37 CFR 1.32). Either enter Customer Number or complete the Representative Name section below. If both sections are completed the customer Number will be used for the Representative Information during processing. |  |  |   |
| Please Select One:  | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Customer Number | <input type="radio"/> US Patent Practitioner | <input type="radio"/> Limited Recognition (37 CFR 11.9) |
| Customer Number   | 15671  |  |   |

**Domestic Benefit/National Stage Information:**

|  |                 |                          |                          |               |                         |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| This section allows for the applicant to either claim benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), 120, 121, or 365(c) or indicate National Stage entry from a PCT application. Providing this information in the application data sheet constitutes the specific reference required by 35 U.S.C. 119(e) or 120, and 37 CFR 1.78. |                 |                          |                          |               |                         |
| Prior Application Status   | Pending         |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |
| Application Number   | Continuity Type | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |               |                         |
| 13776091   | Continuation of | 13590854                 | 2012-08-21               |               |                         |
| Prior Application Status   | Patented        |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |
| Application Number   | Continuity Type | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |
| 13590854   | Continuation of | 13336018                 | 2011-12-23               | 8267534       | 2012-09-18              |
| Prior Application Status   | Patented        |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |
| Application Number   | Continuity Type | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |
| 13336018   | Continuation of | 12911274                 | 2010-10-25               | 8128243       | 2010-03-06              |
| Prior Application Status   | Patented        |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |
| Application Number   | Continuity Type | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |
| 12911274   | Continuation of | 12851045                 | 2010-08-05               | 7934843       | 2011-05-03              |
| Prior Application Status   | Patented        |                          | <a href="#">Remove</a>   |               |                         |

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|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b>   |                                   | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048             |                                       |                         |
|   |                                   | Application Number       | 13/776,091               |                                       |                         |
| Title of Invention  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                          |                          |                                       |                         |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type                   | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number                         | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |
| 12851045  | Continuation of                   | 12197666                 | 2008-08-25               | 7842154                               | 2010-11-30              |
| Prior Application Status  |                                   | Patented                 |                          | <input type="button" value="Remove"/> |                         |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type                   | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Patent Number                         | Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |
| 12197666  | Division of                       | 10709434                 | 2004-05-05               | 7420756                               | 2008-09-02              |
| Prior Application Status  |                                   | Expired                  |                          | <input type="button" value="Remove"/> |                         |
| Application Number  | Continuity Type                   | Prior Application Number | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) |                                       |                         |
| 10709434  | non provisional of                | 60471872                 | 2003-05-20               |                                       |                         |
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**Foreign Priority Information:**

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| This section allows for the applicant to claim benefit of foreign priority and to identify any prior foreign application for which priority is not claimed. Providing this information in the application data sheet constitutes the claim for priority as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b) and 37 CFR 1.55(a). |                      |                          |   |
|   |                      |                          | <input type="button" value="Remove"/>                         |
| Application Number  | Country <sup>1</sup> | Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Priority Claimed  |
|   |                      |                          | <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No |
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| <input type="checkbox"/> Authorization to Permit Access to the Instant Application by the Participating Offices  |
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| In accordance with 37 CFR 1.14(h)(3), access will be provided to a copy of the instant patent application with respect to: 1) the instant patent application-as-filed; 2) any foreign application to which the instant patent application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) if a copy of the foreign application that satisfies the certified copy requirement of 37 CFR 1.55 has been filed in the instant patent application; and 3) any U.S. application-as-filed from which benefit is sought in the instant patent application.  |
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| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b> | Attorney Docket Number            | DON09 P-2048 |
|   | Application Number                | 13/776,091   |
| Title of Invention                        | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |              |

**Applicant Information:**

Providing assignment information in this section does not substitute for compliance with any requirement of part 3 of Title 37 of CFR to have an assignment recorded by the Office.

**Applicant 1**

If the applicant is the inventor (or the remaining joint inventor or inventors under 37 CFR 1.45), this section should not be completed. The information to be provided in this section is the name and address of the legal representative who is the applicant under 37 CFR 1.43; or the name and address of the assignee, person to whom the inventor is under an obligation to assign the invention, or person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest in the matter who is the applicant under 37 CFR 1.46. If the applicant is an applicant under 37 CFR 1.46 (assignee, person to whom the inventor is obligated to assign, or person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest) together with one or more joint inventors, then the joint inventor or inventors who are also the applicant should be identified in this section.

Assignee       Legal Representative under 35 U.S.C. 117       Joint Inventor

Person to whom the inventor is obligated to assign.       Person who shows sufficient proprietary interest

If applicant is the legal representative, indicate the authority to file the patent application, the inventor is:

Name of the Deceased or Legally Incapacitated Inventor:

If the Applicant is an Organization check here.

Organization Name      Donnelly Corporation

**Mailing Address Information:**

Address 1      49 W. Third Street

Address 2

City      Holland      State/Province      MI

Country      US      Postal Code      49424

Phone Number      Fax Number

Email Address

Additional Applicant Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.

**Non-Applicant Assignee Information:**

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|   |                                   |                        |              |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76</b> |                                   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048 |
|   |                                   | Application Number     | 13/776,091   |
| Title of Invention                        | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                        |              |

|  |             |                |             |        |
|--|-------------|----------------|-------------|--------|
| <b>Assignee 1</b>  |             |                |             |        |
| Complete this section only if non-applicant assignee information is desired to be included on the patent application publication in accordance with 37 CFR 1.215(b). Do not include in this section an applicant under 37 CFR 1.46 (assignee, person to whom the inventor is obligated to assign, or person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest), as the patent application publication will include the name of the applicant(s). |             |                |             |        |
| If the Assignee is an Organization check here. <input type="checkbox"/>  |             |                |             |        |
| Prefix   | Given Name  | Middle Name    | Family Name | Suffix |
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| <b>Mailing Address Information:</b>  |             |                |             |        |
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| Address 2  |             |                |             |        |
| City   |             | State/Province |             |        |
| Country <sup>1</sup>   | Postal Code |                |             |        |
| Phone Number   |             | Fax Number     |             |        |
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| Additional Assignee Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.  |             |                |             |        |

**Signature:**

|   |         |                   |            |                     |
|---|---------|-------------------|------------|---------------------|
| NOTE: This form must be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4 for signature requirements and certifications |         |                   |            |                     |
| Signature   | /taf/   | Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | 2013-04-10 |                     |
| First Name  | Timothy | Last Name         | Flory      | Registration Number |
|   |         |                   |            | 42540               |
| Additional Signature may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.   |         |                   |            |                     |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.76. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 23 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application data sheet form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

## Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

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| <b>Application Number:</b>                  | 13776091                          |
| <b>International Application Number:</b>    |                                   |
| <b>Confirmation Number:</b>                 | 1002                              |
| <b>Title of Invention:</b>                  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |
| <b>First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:</b> | Niall R. Lynam                    |
| <b>Customer Number:</b>                     | 15671                             |
| <b>Filer:</b>                               | Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma    |
| <b>Filer Authorized By:</b>                 | Timothy A. Flory                  |
| <b>Attorney Docket Number:</b>              | DON09 P-2048                      |
| <b>Receipt Date:</b>                        | 10-APR-2013                       |
| <b>Filing Date:</b>                         | 25-FEB-2013                       |
| <b>Time Stamp:</b>                          | 16:51:05                          |
| <b>Application Type:</b>                    | Utility under 35 USC 111(a)       |

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|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|------------------|------------------|
| 1               | Transmittal Letter   | TransmittalForm.pdf | 48754<br><small>2f49983870678f6707747ce3e3e4e899e2392df1</small> | no               | 1                |

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| 2   | Transmittal Letter                                 | IDSLetter.pdf                              | 14066<br>41d5d2fb5a69b8dbef3f189004dd4631af705e     | no      | 1  |
| <b>Warnings:</b>                                |  |  |   |         |    |
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| 3   | Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08) | IDSForms.pdf                               | 192367<br>3b3b0b6a298a044e07896d87b9ee05573d6ab938  | no      | 13 |
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| 4   | Miscellaneous Incoming Letter                      | ResponsetoInformationalNotice.pdf          | 13603<br>3aed9a1d1f38a202fcd90363e54e21de86b7ef     | no      | 1  |
| <b>Warnings:</b>                                |  |  |   |         |    |
| <b>Information:</b>                             |  |  |   |         |    |
| 5   | Oath or Declaration filed                          | Declaration.pdf                            | 202274<br>cd2a6653c2ad445fd30b356067e10bcbdf9369178 | no      | 1  |
| <b>Warnings:</b>                                |  |  |   |         |    |
| <b>Information:</b>                             |  |  |   |         |    |
| 6   | Power of Attorney                                  | POATransmittal.pdf                         | 277484<br>33e1a53c35093c62d76895bb0e4ebaeb879e52f   | no      | 2  |
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| <b>Information:</b>                             |  |  |   |         |    |
| 7   | Request for Corrected Filing Receipt               | RequestforCorrectionofFilingReceipt.pdf    | 14643<br>6deb2d3bd2671df09faf15223e64dd561e21b0d    | no      | 1  |
| <b>Warnings:</b>                                |  |  |   |         |    |
| <b>Information:</b>                             |  |  |   |         |    |
| 8   | Miscellaneous Incoming Letter                      | CopyofFilingReceiptwithCorrectionNoted.pdf | 423481<br>92bd04575bb135860fb7cf6b753315dc3806363b  | no      | 3  |
| <b>Warnings:</b>                                |  |  |   |         |    |
| <b>Information:</b>                             |  |  |   |         |    |
| 9   | Application Data Sheet                             | SupplementalApplicationDataSheet.pdf       | 41486<br>da45d08f6e6d3dea11e249a94940e42f370bf7ac   | no      | 5  |
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**New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111**

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

**National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371**

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

**New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office**

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

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|  |                        |                     |
|--|------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>TRANSMITTAL FORM</b><br><br><i>(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)</i> | Application Number     | 13/776,091          |
|  | Filing Date            | February 25, 2013   |
|  | First Named Inventor   | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  | Art Unit               | 2872                |
|  | Examiner Name          | Alessandro V. Amari |
| Total Number of Pages in This Submission   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048        |

| ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form                                      | <input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)  | <input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to TC                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached  | <input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers  | <input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply   | <input type="checkbox"/> Petition  | <input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> After Final   | <input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)                                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address | <input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Request                                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Terminal Disclaimer   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below):         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Express Abandonment Request                               | <input type="checkbox"/> Request for Refund  | -Signed Declaration   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement               | <input type="checkbox"/> CD, Number of CD(s) _____   | -Request for Corrected Filing Receipt   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD   | -Copy of Filing Receipt with Corrections Noted  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application | Remarks  | -Supplemental Application Data Sheet  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53          |  |   |

| SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT |                                      |          |       |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Firm Name                                  | GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP |          |       |
| Signature                                  | /taf/                                |          |       |
| Printed name                               | Timothy A. Flory                     |          |       |
| Date                                       | April 10, 2013                       | Reg. No. | 42540 |

| CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING   |                  |      |                |
|---|------------------|------|----------------|
| I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below: |                  |      |                |
| Signature   | /arsi/           |      |                |
| Typed or printed name   | Amanda R. Sytsma | Date | April 10, 2013 |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: **Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group : 2872  
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari  
Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
Serial No. : 13/776,091  
Filing Date : February 25, 2013  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

Mail Stop Amendment  
Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

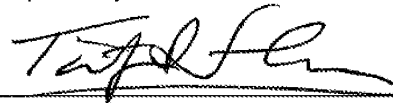
In accordance with 37 CFR 1.51, 1.56, 1.97 and 1.98, Applicants submit herewith patents, publications or other information listed on the attached PTO/SB/08A forms for consideration by the Examiner in connection with examination of the present application. Copies of the cited non-U.S. patent/publication references are not provided herewith, since these references were previously made of record during prosecution of the parent application Serial No. 13/590,854. The Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned attorney if an additional copy of any of these references is desired.

This Information Disclosure Statement is not intended to constitute an admission that any patent, publication or other information referred to herein is "prior art" for this invention unless specifically designated as such.

Under 37 CFR 1.97, the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement shall not be construed to mean that a search has been made or that no other material information as defined in 37 CFR 1.56(a) exists.

An early and favorable action on the merits is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



Date: April 10, 2013

Timothy A. Flory  
Registration No. 42 540  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, Michigan 49546  
(616) 975-5500

TAF/ars

**DECLARATION (37 CFR 1.63) FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN APPLICATION USING AN APPLICATION DATA SHEET (37 CFR 1.76)**

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Title of Invention</b> | <b>EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY</b> |
|---------------------------|--|

As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

This declaration is directed to:  The attached application, or  
 United States application or PCT international application number 13/776,091  
filed on February 25, 2013

The above-identified application was made or authorized to be made by me.

I believe that I am the original inventor or an original joint inventor of a claimed invention in the application.

I hereby acknowledge that any willful false statement made in this declaration is punishable under 18 U.S.C. 1001 by fine or imprisonment of not more than five (5) years, or both.

**WARNING:**

Petitioner/applicant is cautioned to avoid submitting personal information in documents filed in a patent application that may contribute to identity theft. Personal information such as social security numbers, bank account numbers, or credit card numbers (other than a check or credit card authorization form PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes) is never required by the USPTO to support a petition or an application. If this type of personal information is included in documents submitted to the USPTO, petitioners/applicants should consider redacting such personal information from the documents before submitting them to the USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised that the record of a patent application is available to the public after publication of the application (unless a non-publication request in compliance with 37 CFR 1.213(a) is made in the application) or issuance of a patent. Furthermore, the record from an abandoned application may also be available to the public if the application is referenced in a published application or an issued patent (see 37 CFR 1.14). Checks and credit card authorization forms PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes are not retained in the application file and therefore are not publicly available.

**LEGAL NAME OF INVENTOR**

Inventor: Niall R. Lynam Date (Optional): April 3 2013

Signature: Niall Lynam

Note: An application data sheet (PTO/AIA/14 or equivalent), including naming the entire inventive entity, must accompany this form. Use an additional PTO/SB/AIA01 form for each additional inventor.

This collection of information is required by 35 U.S.C. 116 and 37 CFR 1.63. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 minute to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.  
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Table with 7 columns: APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING or 371(c) DATE, GRP ART UNIT, FIL FEE REC'D, ATTY. DOCKET NO, TOT CLAIMS, IND CLAIMS. Values: 13/776,091, 02/25/2013, 2872, 7096, DON09 P-2048, 98, 7

CONFIRMATION NO. 1002

REPLACEMENT FILING RECEIPT



15671
Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP
2851 Charlevoix Dr.
SE, Suite 207
Grand Rapids, MI 49546

Date Mailed: 04/23/2013

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Inventor(s)

Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI;

Applicant(s)

Donnelly Corporation, Holland, MI

Assignment For Published Patent Application

DONNELLY CORPORATION, Holland, MI

Power of Attorney: The patent practitioners associated with Customer Number 15671

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CON of 13/590,854 08/21/2012
which is a CON of 13/336,018 12/23/2011 PAT 8267534
which is a CON of 12/911,274 10/25/2010 PAT 8128243
which is a CON of 12/851,045 08/05/2010 PAT 7934843
which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7842154
which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7420756
which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003

Foreign Applications for which priority is claimed (You may be eligible to benefit from the Patent Prosecution Highway program at the USPTO. Please see http://www.uspto.gov for more information.) - None.

Foreign application information must be provided in an Application Data Sheet in order to constitute a claim to foreign priority. See 37 CFR 1.55 and 1.76.

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 03/21/2013

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is US 13/776,091

**Projected Publication Date:** 07/25/2013

**Non-Publication Request:** No

**Early Publication Request:** No

**Title**

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

**Preliminary Class**

359

**Statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78 for AIA (First Inventor to File) Transition Applications:**

### **PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES**

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at <http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html>.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, <http://www.stopfakes.gov>. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

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**Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15**

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This license is to be retained by the licensee and may be used at any time on or after the effective date thereof unless it is revoked. This license is automatically transferred to any related applications(s) filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d). This license is not retroactive.

The grant of a license does not in any way lessen the responsibility of a licensee for the security of the subject matter as imposed by any Government contract or the provisions of existing laws relating to espionage and the national security or the export of technical data. Licensees should apprise themselves of current regulations especially with respect to certain countries, of other agencies, particularly the Office of Defense Trade Controls, Department of State (with respect to Arms, Munitions and Implements of War (22 CFR 121-128)); the Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce (15 CFR parts 730-774); the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of Treasury (31 CFR Parts 500+) and the Department of Energy.

**NOT GRANTED**

No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15(b).

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| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING OR 371(C) DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 13/776,091         | 02/25/2013            | Niall R. Lynam        | DON09 P-2048           |

**CONFIRMATION NO. 1002**  
**POA ACCEPTANCE LETTER**

15671  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Dr.  
SE, Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, MI 49546



Date Mailed: 04/23/2013

**NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY**

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 04/10/2013.

The Power of Attorney in this application is accepted. Correspondence in this application will be mailed to the above address as provided by 37 CFR 1.33.

/ddinh/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101





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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 13/776,091      | 02/25/2013  | Niall R. Lynam       | DON09 P-2048        | 1002             |

15671 7590 06/06/2013  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Dr.  
SE, Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, MI 49546

EXAMINER

AMARI, ALESSANDRO V

| ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
|----------|--------------|
| 2872     |              |

| NOTIFICATION DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
|-------------------|---------------|
| 06/06/2013        | ELECTRONIC    |

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

sytsma@glbf.com  
mason@glbf.com  
patents@glbf.com

|                              |                                      |                                     |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Office Action Summary</b> | <b>Application No.</b><br>13/776,091 | <b>Applicant(s)</b><br>LYNAM ET AL. |  |
|                              | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI  | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872             | <b>AIA (First Inventor to File) Status</b><br>No |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1)  Responsive to communication(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under **37 CFR 1.130(b)** was/were filed on \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2a)  This action is **FINAL**.                      2b)  This action is non-final.
- 3)  An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on \_\_\_\_\_; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.
- 4)  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 5)  Claim(s) 1-98 is/are pending in the application.  
5a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 6)  Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 7)  Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are rejected.
- 8)  Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 9)  Claim(s) 1-98 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

\* If any claims have been determined allowable, you may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at a participating intellectual property office for the corresponding application. For more information, please see [http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init\\_events/pph/index.jsp](http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp) or send an inquiry to [PPHfeedback@uspto.gov](mailto:PPHfeedback@uspto.gov).

**Application Papers**

- 10)  The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 11)  The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a)  accepted or b)  objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

**Certified copies:**

- a)  All    b)  Some \*    c)  None of the:
1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Interim copies:**

- a)  All    b)  Some    c)  None of the: Interim copies of the priority documents have been received.

**Attachment(s)**

- 1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3)  Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4)  Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

## DETAILED ACTION

### *Election/Restrictions*

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-40, drawn to an exterior sideview mirror with 1<sup>st</sup> primary field of view overlapping second auxiliary field of view by between 2 and 20 degrees, classified in class 359, subclass 864.
- II. Claims 41-54, drawn to an exterior sideview mirror with overall rearward field of view is at least 25 degrees and less than 50 degrees, classified in class 359, subclass 866.
- III. Claims 55-63, drawn to an exterior sideview mirror with an auxiliary non-piano mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle that is in the range from about 15 degrees to about 50 degrees, classified in class 359, subclass 864.
- IV. Claims 64-70, drawn to an exterior rearview mirror with wherein said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated spherically bent convex-curved substrate and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching the curvature of said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element; and wherein said first primary field of view of said main piano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-

piano curved mirror element by less than about 20 degrees, classified in class 359, subclass 865.

- V. Claims 71-76, drawn to an exterior sideview mirror with wherein said first primary field of view of said main piano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element by at least about 2 degrees, classified in class 359, subclass 864.
- VI. Claims 77-90, drawn to an exterior sideview mirror with wherein said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element comprises a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element comprises a spherically bent curved glass substrate; wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle, the rearward field of view of said main piano mirror element combined with the rearward field of view of said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element provides to the driver of the equipped vehicle an overall rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle, classified in class 359, subclass 864.
- VII. Claims 91-98, drawn to an exterior sideview mirror with wherein said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element and when said

exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated at the side of the equipped vehicle, classified in class 219, subclass 219.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I-VII are directed to related products. The related inventions are distinct if: (1) the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect; (2) the inventions do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; and (3) the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, claims 1-40 evidence that the combination does not rely on the details of Inventions II-VII; claims 41-54 evidence that the combination does not rely on the details of Inventions I and III-VII; claims 55-63 evidence that the combination does not rely on the details of Inventions I, II, and IV-VII; claims 64-70 evidence that the combination does not rely on the details of Inventions I-III and V-VII; claims 71-76 evidence that the combination does not rely on the details of Inventions I-IV and VI and VII; claims 77-90 evidence that the combination does not rely on the details of Inventions I-V and VII and claims 91-98 evidence that the combination does not rely on the details of Inventions I-VI. Therefore, the claims themselves evidence that they can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function. Furthermore, the inventions as claimed do not encompass overlapping subject matter and there is nothing of record to show them to be obvious variants.

Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious search and/or examination burden if restriction were not required because at least the following reason(s) apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries).

**Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.**

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after

the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.


Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALESSANDRO AMARI whose telephone number is (571)272-2306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Pham can be reached on (571) 272-3689. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alessandro Amari/  
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872



|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| <b>Index of Claims</b><br><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>13776091 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination</b><br>LYNAM ET AL. |
|   | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI        | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872  |

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| ✓ | <b>Rejected</b> |
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| - | <b>Cancelled</b>  |
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| <b>N</b> | <b>Non-Elected</b>  |
| <b>I</b> | <b>Interference</b> |

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| <b>A</b> | <b>Appeal</b>   |
| <b>O</b> | <b>Objected</b> |

Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant
  CPA
  T.D.
  R.1.47

| CLAIM |          | DATE       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Final | Original | 05/31/2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| <b>Index of Claims</b><br><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>13776091 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination</b><br>LYNAM ET AL. |
|   | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI        | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872  |

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| ✓ | <b>Rejected</b> |
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|---|-------------------|
| - | <b>Cancelled</b>  |
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| N | <b>Non-Elected</b>  |
| I | <b>Interference</b> |

|   |                 |
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| A | <b>Appeal</b>   |
| O | <b>Objected</b> |

Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant
  CPA
  T.D.
  R.1.47

| CLAIM |          | DATE       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Final | Original | 05/31/2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| <b>Index of Claims</b><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>13776091 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination</b><br>LYNAM ET AL. |
|   | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI        | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872  |

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| N | <b>Non-Elected</b>  |
| I | <b>Interference</b> |

|   |                 |
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| A | <b>Appeal</b>   |
| O | <b>Objected</b> |

Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant
  CPA
  T.D.
  R.1.47

| CLAIM |          | DATE       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Final | Original | 05/31/2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group Art : 2872  
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari  
Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
Serial No. : 13/776,091  
Filing Date : February 25, 2013  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

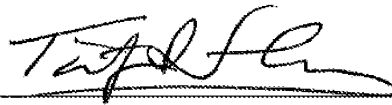
Mail Stop Amendment  
Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

INVENTION ELECTION

This is in response to the Office Action mailed June 6, 2013. The Office Action requires that Applicant elects a single disclosed invention for prosecution on the merits. Applicant provisionally elects Invention I, which corresponds to claims 1-40 of the application. An early and favorable action on the merits is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



Date: June 26, 2013

---

Timothy A. Flory  
Registration No. 42 540  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, Michigan 49546  
(616) 975-5500

## Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

|   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| <b>EFS ID:</b>                              | 16154241                          |
| <b>Application Number:</b>                  | 13776091                          |
| <b>International Application Number:</b>    |                                   |
| <b>Confirmation Number:</b>                 | 1002                              |
| <b>Title of Invention:</b>                  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |
| <b>First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:</b> | Niall R. Lynam                    |
| <b>Customer Number:</b>                     | 15671                             |
| <b>Filer:</b>                               | Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma    |
| <b>Filer Authorized By:</b>                 | Timothy A. Flory                  |
| <b>Attorney Docket Number:</b>              | DON09 P-2048                      |
| <b>Receipt Date:</b>                        | 26-JUN-2013                       |
| <b>Filing Date:</b>                         | 25-FEB-2013                       |
| <b>Time Stamp:</b>                          | 14:05:27                          |
| <b>Application Type:</b>                    | Utility under 35 USC 111(a)       |

### Payment information:

|                        |    |
|------------------------|----|
| Submitted with Payment | no |
|------------------------|----|

### File Listing:

| Document Number | Document Description | File Name           | File Size(Bytes)/<br>Message Digest                               | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|---|------------------|------------------|
| 1               | Transmittal Letter   | TransmittalForm.pdf | 119577<br><small>252b7fa3013587734305534d9ec917658717d92c</small> | no               | 1                |

### Warnings:

### Information:

|   |  |                       |  |        |   |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|--------|---|
| 2   | Response to Election / Restriction Filed | InventionElection.pdf | 15636<br><small>c285df3728d7aea95175f6aeefca6b22a63fc418</small> | no     | 1 |
| <b>Warnings:</b>  |  |                       |  |        |   |
| <b>Information:</b>   |  |                       |  |        |   |
| <b>Total Files Size (in bytes):</b>   |  |                       |  | 135213 |   |
| <p><b>This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.</b></p> <p><b><u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u></b><br/> <b>If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.</b></p> <p><b><u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u></b><br/> <b>If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.</b></p> <p><b><u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u></b><br/> <b>If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.</b></p> |  |                       |  |        |   |

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

|  |                        |                     |
|--|------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>TRANSMITTAL FORM</b><br><br><i>(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)</i> | Application Number     | 13/776,091          |
|  | Filing Date            | February 25, 2013   |
|  | First Named Inventor   | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  | Art Unit               | 2872                |
|  | Examiner Name          | Alessandro V. Amari |
| Total Number of Pages in This Submission   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048        |

| ENCLOSURES <i>(Check all that apply)</i>   |  |  |         |  |
|--|--|--|---------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form<br><input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply<br><input type="checkbox"/> After Final<br><input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)<br><input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Request<br><input type="checkbox"/> Express Abandonment Request<br><input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement<br><br><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application<br><input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53 | <input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)<br><input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers<br><input type="checkbox"/> Petition<br><input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application<br><input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation<br><input type="checkbox"/> Change of Correspondence Address<br><input type="checkbox"/> Terminal Disclaimer<br><input type="checkbox"/> Request for Refund<br><input type="checkbox"/> CD, Number of CD(s) _____<br><input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD | <input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to TC<br><input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences<br><input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)<br><input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information<br><input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter<br><input type="checkbox"/> Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below): |         |  |
| <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 100px;">Remarks</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>  |  |  | Remarks |  |
| Remarks  |  |  |         |  |

| SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT |                                      |          |       |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Firm Name                                  | GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP |          |       |
| Signature                                  | /taf/                                |          |       |
| Printed name                               | Timothy A. Flory                     |          |       |
| Date                                       | June 26, 2013                        | Reg. No. | 42540 |

| CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING   |                  |      |               |
|---|------------------|------|---------------|
| I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below: |                  |      |               |
| Signature   | /ars/            |      |               |
| Typed or printed name   | Amanda R. Sytsma | Date | June 26, 2013 |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: **Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING OR 371(C) DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 13/776,091         | 02/25/2013            | Niall R. Lynam        | DON09 P-2048           |

**CONFIRMATION NO. 1002**

**PUBLICATION NOTICE**

15671  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Dr.  
SE, Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, MI 49546



**Title:**EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

**Publication No.**US-2013-0188269-A1

**Publication Date:**07/25/2013

**NOTICE OF PUBLICATION OF APPLICATION**

The above-identified application will be electronically published as a patent application publication pursuant to 37 CFR 1.211, et seq. The patent application publication number and publication date are set forth above.

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Table with 5 columns: APPLICATION NO., FILING DATE, FIRST NAMED INVENTOR, ATTORNEY DOCKET NO., CONFIRMATION NO.
Values: 13/776,091, 02/25/2013, Niall R. Lynam, DON09 P-2048, 1002

15671 7590 08/16/2013
Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP
2851 Charlevoix Dr.
SE, Suite 207
Grand Rapids, MI 49546

EXAMINER

AMARI, ALESSANDRO V

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2872

NOTIFICATION DATE DELIVERY MODE

08/16/2013

ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

sytsma@glbf.com
mason@glbf.com
patents@glbf.com

|                              |                                      |  |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| <b>Office Action Summary</b> | <b>Application No.</b><br>13/776,091 | <b>Applicant(s)</b><br>LYNAM, NIALL R. |  |
|                              | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI  | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872                | <b>AIA (First Inventor to File) Status</b><br>No |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1)  Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 June 2013.  
 A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under **37 CFR 1.130(b)** was/were filed on \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2a)  This action is **FINAL**.                      2b)  This action is non-final.
- 3)  An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on \_\_\_\_\_; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.
- 4)  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 5)  Claim(s) 1-98 is/are pending in the application.  
5a) Of the above claim(s) 41-98 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 6)  Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 7)  Claim(s) 1-6 and 11-40 is/are rejected.
- 8)  Claim(s) 7-10 is/are objected to.
- 9)  Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

\* If any claims have been determined allowable, you may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at a participating intellectual property office for the corresponding application. For more information, please see [http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init\\_events/pph/index.jsp](http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp) or send an inquiry to [PPHfeedback@uspto.gov](mailto:PPHfeedback@uspto.gov).

**Application Papers**

- 10)  The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 11)  The drawing(s) filed on 25 February 2013 is/are: a)  accepted or b)  objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

**Certified copies:**

- a)  All    b)  Some \*    c)  None of the:
1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- 1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/10/2013.
- 3)  Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4)  Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Election/Restrictions***

Applicant's election of Invention I (claims 1-40) in the reply filed on 26 June 2013 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). Claims 41-98 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected Invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –  
(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-6 and 11-40 are rejected under pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lynam et al (hereafter "Lynam") US 2002/0072026.

The applied reference has a common Inventor with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under pre-AIA 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not

claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131(a).

In regard to claim 1, Lynam discloses (see Figs. 1-3, 5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 14) an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on a vehicle, said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprising: a mirror housing (40); a mirror backing plate element (60); wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator (36) as described in [0042]; a main plano mirror element (50) fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element as described in [0041], [0042]; said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly as described in [0041] and [0042]; an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element (55) fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element as described in [0042]; wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element as shown in Figure 5; wherein said mirror backing plate element comprises a polymeric molding as described in [0050]; said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle as described in [0083]; wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element as shown in Figure 14 and as described in [0076]; wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is

angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element as shown in Figures 11 and 12; wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element as described in [0041], [0042] and [0056]; wherein said main plano mirror element comprises one of (a) a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a generally flat polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto as described in [0043]; and wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20 degrees as shown in Figure 14 and as described in [0076].

Regarding claim 2, Lynam discloses that said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in [0043].

Regarding claim 3, Lynam discloses (see Fig. 5) including a divider (65) between said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that visually demarcates said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element from said main plano mirror element as described in [0042].

Regarding claim 4, Lynam discloses wherein said mirror backing plate element includes a molded wall extending from a surface thereof and wherein said divider comprises at least a portion of said molded wall as described in [0051].

Regarding claim 5, Lynam discloses that said molded wall generally circumscribes the circumferential edge of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element as shown in Figure 5 and as described in [0051].

Regarding claim 6, Lynam discloses that said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in [0043].

Regarding claim 11, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved substrate as shown in Figure 6 and as described in [0042].

Regarding claim 12, Lynam discloses that said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is convex-curved as described in [0080].

Regarding claim 13, Lynam discloses wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a spherical curvature as described in [0083].

Regarding claim 14, Lynam discloses that said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching said spherical curvature as described in [0083].

Regarding claim 15, Lynam discloses wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said main plano mirror element has a

rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of less than about 20 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle as shown in Figure 14 and as described in [0076].

Regarding claim 16, Lynam discloses wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle that is in the range from about 15 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle to about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle as shown in Figure 14 and as described in [0076].

Regarding claim 17, Lynam discloses wherein said main plano mirror element has an X-axis and a Y-axis and wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least one of (a) tilted generally downward with respect to the Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) tilted generally forwardly with respect to the X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees as shown in Figures 13 and 14 and as described in [0074].

Regarding claim 18, Lynam discloses that said second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle views into a blind spot in a side lane adjacent the side of the equipped vehicle at which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, and wherein said blind spot is generally outside the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element when said main plano mirror element is viewed by a driver of the

equipped vehicle when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle as shown in Figure 14 and as described in [0076] and [0077].

Regarding claim 19, Lynam discloses wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, at least one of (a) said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is tilted generally downward with respect to a Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is tilted generally forwardly with respect to an X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees as shown in Figures 13 and 14 and as described in [0074].

Regarding claim 20, Lynam discloses wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved substrate as shown in Figure 6 and as described in [0042].

Regarding claim 21, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved glass substrate as shown in Figure 6 and as described in [0042].

Regarding claim 22, Lynam discloses that said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is convex-curved as described in [0080].

Regarding claim 23, Lynam discloses wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a spherical curvature as described in [0083].



Regarding claim 24, Lynam discloses that said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching said spherical curvature as described in [0083].

Regarding claim 25, Lynam discloses wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least about 25 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle as described in [0076] and as shown in Figure 14.

Regarding claim 26, Lynam discloses that the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is less than about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle as described in [0076] and as shown in Figure 14.

Regarding claim 27, Lynam discloses wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 5 degrees and about 15 degrees as described in [0076] and as shown in Figure 14.

Regarding claim 28, Lynam discloses wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 8 degrees and about 10 degrees as described in [0076] and as shown in Figure 14.

Regarding claim 29, Lynam discloses that said main plano mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said fixed reflectance auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element

comprises a curved glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in [0043] and [0047].

Regarding claim 30, Lynam discloses that said main plano mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in [0050].

Regarding claim 31, Lynam discloses that said main plano mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a bent glass substrate as described in [0050].

Regarding claim 32, Lynam discloses wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element, and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature as described in [0050] and [0083].

Regarding claim 33, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated at the side of the equipped vehicle as described in [0054], [0065] and [0066].

Regarding claim 34, Lynam discloses that said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly as shown in Figure 1 and as described in [0041].

Regarding claim 35, Lynam discloses wherein, when attached at the side of the equipped vehicle, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped vehicle a total rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped vehicle as shown in Figure 14 and as described in [0076].

Regarding claim 36, Lynam discloses wherein a ratio of the width of said main plano mirror element to the width of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is greater than 1.5 as described in [0049].

Regarding claim 37, Lynam discloses that said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, and wherein at least one of said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said metallic reflector coating is selected from the

group consisting of (i) a chromium coating, (ii) a titanium coating, (iii) a rhodium coating, (iv) a metal-alloy coating, (v) a nickel alloy coating, (vi) an aluminum coating and (vii) a silver coating as described in [0043] and [0047].

Regarding claim 38, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said fixed reflectance auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a spherically bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector as described in [0043], [0047] and [0083].

Regarding claim 39, Lynam discloses that said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 5 degrees and about 15 degrees as shown in Figure 14 and as described in [0076].

Regarding claim 40, Lynam discloses that said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 8 degrees and about 10 degrees as shown in Figure 14 and as described in [0076].

### ***Allowable Subject Matter***

Claims 7-10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 7 is allowable for at least the reason, "said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a

surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto, and wherein said generally flat polymeric substrate is formed from an elongated sheet of substrate material comprising a polymeric resin material, and wherein said elongated sheet has a substantially transparent functional film applied at a surface thereof, and wherein said substantially transparent functional film provides at least one of (a) an anti-abrasion function, (b) a hydrophobic function and (c) a hydrophilic function, and wherein said functional film comprises an ultrathin glass material which is sufficiently flexible to be provided in a reel or roll, and wherein said functional film is sufficiently flexible to conform to said generally flat polymeric substrate of said main plano mirror element, and wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a reflective film disposed at a surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate opposite said substantially transparent functional film” as set forth in the claimed combination. Claims 8-10 are allowable due to their dependence on claim 7.

### ***Conclusion***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALESSANDRO AMARI whose telephone number is (571)272-2306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Pham can be reached on (571) 272-3689. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alessandro Amari/  
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872

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| <b>Notice of References Cited</b> | Application/Control No.<br>13/776,091 | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination<br>LYNAM, NIALL R. |             |
|                                   | Examiner<br>ALESSANDRO AMARI          | Art Unit<br>2872   | Page 1 of 1 |

**U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| * | Document Number<br>Country Code-Number-Kind Code | Date<br>MM-YYYY | Name         | Classification |
|---|--|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| * | A US-2002/0072026                                | 06-2002         | Lynam et al. | 432/77         |
| B | US-  |                 |              |                |
| C | US-  |                 |              |                |
| D | US-  |                 |              |                |
| E | US-  |                 |              |                |
| F | US-  |                 |              |                |
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| J | US-  |                 |              |                |
| K | US-  |                 |              |                |
| L | US-  |                 |              |                |
| M | US-  |                 |              |                |


**FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| * | Document Number<br>Country Code-Number-Kind Code | Date<br>MM-YYYY | Country | Name | Classification |
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| S |  |                 |         |      |                |
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**NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| * | Include as applicable: Author, Title Date, Publisher, Edition or Volume, Pertinent Pages) |
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| V |   |
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\*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).)  
Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

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| <b>Search Notes</b><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>13776091 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination</b><br>LYNAM, NIAL R. |
|  | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI        | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872  |

| CPC- SEARCHED |      |          |
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| Symbol        | Date | Examiner |
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| CPC COMBINATION SETS - SEARCHED |      |          |
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| US CLASSIFICATION SEARCHED |          |          |          |
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| Class                      | Subclass | Date     | Examiner |
| 359                        | 866, 877 | 8/9/2013 | AA       |

| SEARCH NOTES  |          |          |
|---|----------|----------|
| Search Notes  | Date     | Examiner |
| EAST search   | 8/9/2013 | AA       |
| Reviewed prior art from CON 13590854, CON US 8267534, CON 8128243, CON 7934843, CON 7842154 and DIV 7420756 | 8/9/2013 | AA       |

| INTERFERENCE SEARCH     |                               |          |          |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|----------|
| US Class/<br>CPC Symbol | US Subclass / CPC Group       | Date     | Examiner |
|                         | PG-Pub/USPAT/UPAD text search | 8/9/2013 | AA       |

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| <b>Index of Claims</b><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>13776091 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination</b><br>LYNAM ET AL. |
|   | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI        | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872  |

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|---|-----------------|
| ✓ | <b>Rejected</b> |
| = | <b>Allowed</b>  |


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| - | <b>Cancelled</b>  |
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| N | <b>Non-Elected</b>  |
| I | <b>Interference</b> |

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| A | <b>Appeal</b>   |
| O | <b>Objected</b> |

Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant
  CPA
  T.D.
  R.1.47

| CLAIM |          | DATE       |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Final | Original | 05/31/2013 | 08/09/2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 1        | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 2        | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 3        | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 4        | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 5        | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 6        | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 7        | ÷          | ○          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 8        | ÷          | ○          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 9        | ÷          | ○          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 10       | ÷          | ○          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 11       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 12       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 13       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 14       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|       | 16       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 17       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 18       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 19       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 20       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 21       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 22       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 23       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 24       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 25       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 26       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 27       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 28       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 29       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 30       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 31       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 32       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 33       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 34       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 35       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 36       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| <b>Index of Claims</b><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>13776091 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination</b><br>LYNAM ET AL. |
|   | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI        | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872  |

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| ✓ | <b>Rejected</b> |
| = | <b>Allowed</b>  |


|   |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| - | <b>Cancelled</b>  |
| ÷ | <b>Restricted</b> |

|   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| N | <b>Non-Elected</b>  |
| I | <b>Interference</b> |

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| A | <b>Appeal</b>   |
| O | <b>Objected</b> |

Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant
  CPA
  T.D.
  R.1.47

| CLAIM |          | DATE       |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Final | Original | 05/31/2013 | 08/09/2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 37       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 38       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 39       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 40       | ÷          | ✓          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 41       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 42       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 43       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 44       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 45       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 46       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 47       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 48       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 49       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 50       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 51       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 52       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 53       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 54       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 55       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 56       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 57       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 58       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 59       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 60       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 61       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 62       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 63       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 64       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 65       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 66       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 67       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 68       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 69       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 70       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 71       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 72       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| <b>Index of Claims</b><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>13776091 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination</b><br>LYNAM ET AL. |
|   | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI        | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872  |

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| ✓ | <b>Rejected</b> |
| = | <b>Allowed</b>  |

|   |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| - | <b>Cancelled</b>  |
| ÷ | <b>Restricted</b> |

|   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| N | <b>Non-Elected</b>  |
| I | <b>Interference</b> |

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| A | <b>Appeal</b>   |
| O | <b>Objected</b> |

Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant
  CPA
  T.D.
  R.1.47

| CLAIM |          | DATE       |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Final | Original | 05/31/2013 | 08/09/2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 73       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 74       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 75       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 76       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 77       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 78       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 79       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 80       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 81       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 82       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 83       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 84       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 85       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 86       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 87       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 88       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 89       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 90       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 91       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 92       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 93       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 94       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 95       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 96       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 97       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | 98       | ÷          | N          |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## EAST Search History

## EAST Search History (Prior Art)

| Ref # | Hits   | Search Query                    | DBs                                       | Default Operator | Plurals | Time Stamp       |
|-------|--------|---------------------------------|---|------------------|---------|------------------|
| S1    | 1538   | (359/866,877).CCLS.             | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | OR               | OFF     | 2013/08/09 11:41 |
| S2    | 336448 | (back\$3 or support) plate      | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:43 |
| S3    | 16231  | rear\$view mirror               | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:43 |
| S4    | 16     | auxiliary (field near1 view)    | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:44 |
| S5    | 5      | S2 and S3 and S4                | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:44 |
| S6    | 2      | ("20020072026").PN.             | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | OR               | OFF     | 2013/08/09 11:55 |
| S7    | 0      | S4 and S6                       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:55 |
| S8    | 149615 | (field near1 view)              | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:55 |
| S9    | 2      | S6 and S8                       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:55 |
| S10   | 7088   | (field near1 view) near5 degree | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:59 |
| S11   | 49     | S2 and S3 and S10               | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:59 |
| S12   | 9      | S1 and S11                      | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 11:59 |
| S13   | 42951  | backing plate                   | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 14:07 |
| S14   | 500    | backing plate with polymer\$2   | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 14:07 |
| S15   | 149615 | field near1 view                | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 14:07 |
| S16   | 970057 | actuator                        | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 14:08 |
| S17   | 2      | ("20020072026").PN.             | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | OR               | OFF     | 2013/08/09 14:08 |
| S18   | 1      | S13 and S17                     | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 14:08 |
| S19   | 2      | S16 and S17                     | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 14:09 |
| S20   | 1014   | backing plate with actuator     | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 14:10 |
| S21   | 1      | S17 and S20                     | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 14:10 |
| S22   | 298    | backing plate with angled       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 14:11 |

EAST Search History

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| S23 | 1       | S17 and S22       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 14:11 |
| S24 | 2854178 | glass             | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 14:12 |
| S25 | 1       | S17 and S24       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 14:12 |
| S26 | 7770    | mirror housing    | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 14:14 |
| S27 | 1       | S17 and S26       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 14:14 |
| S28 | 700282  | spherical         | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:00 |
| S29 | 1       | S17 and S28       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:01 |
| S30 | 4409396 | axis              | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:08 |
| S31 | 1       | S17 and S30       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:08 |
| S32 | 157     | fixed reflectance | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:25 |
| S33 | 1       | S17 and S32       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:26 |
| S34 | 1906271 | adhesive          | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:30 |
| S35 | 1       | S17 and S34       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:30 |
| S36 | 915665  | heater            | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:34 |
| S37 | 1       | S17 and S36       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:34 |
| S38 | 3505592 | width             | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:37 |
| S39 | 1       | S17 and S38       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:37 |
| S40 | 510428  | chromium          | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:38 |
| S41 | 1       | S17 and S40       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | ADJ | ON | 2013/08/09 15:39 |

**EAST Search History (Interference)**

| Ref # | Hits  | Search Query                | DBs                   | Default Operator | Plurals | Time Stamp       |
|-------|-------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------|------------------|
| S42   | 5291  | backing plate.clm.          | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 16:49 |
| S43   | 24    | plano mirror.clm.           | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 16:50 |
| S44   | 513   | auxiliary near3 mirror.clm. | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 16:50 |
| S45   | 21167 | field near1 view.clm.       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 16:50 |
| S46   | 3     | S42 and S43 and S44 and S45 | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/08/09 16:50 |

**8/ 9/ 2013 4:57:57 PM**

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BIB DATA SHEET

CONFIRMATION NO. 1002

|   |   |  |                               |  |  |                     |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| <b>SERIAL NUMBER</b><br>13/776,091  | <b>FILING or 371(c) DATE</b><br>02/25/2013<br><b>RULE</b>   | <b>CLASS</b><br>359                          | <b>GROUP ART UNIT</b><br>2872 | <b>ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.</b><br>DON09 P-2048 |  |                     |
| <b>APPLICANTS</b><br>Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI;<br>DONNELLY CORPORATION, Holland, MI  |   |  |                               |  |  |                     |
| <b>** CONTINUING DATA *****</b><br>This application is a CON of 13/590,854 08/21/2012<br>which is a CON of 13/336,018 12/23/2011 PAT 8267534<br>which is a CON of 12/911,274 10/25/2010 PAT 8128243<br>which is a CON of 12/851,045 08/05/2010 PAT 7934843<br>which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7842154<br>which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7420756<br>which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003 |   |  |                               |  |  |                     |
| <b>** FOREIGN APPLICATIONS *****</b>  |   |  |                               |  |  |                     |
| <b>** IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED **</b><br>03/21/2013  |   |  |                               |  |  |                     |
| Foreign Priority claimed <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No  |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Met after Allowance |                               | <b>STATE OR COUNTRY</b>                    | <b>SHEETS DRAWINGS</b>                                       | <b>TOTAL CLAIMS</b> |
| 35 USC 119(a-d) conditions met <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No   |   |  |                               | MI   | 16   | 98                  |
| Verified and /ALESSANDRO V AMARI/   |   | Initials                                     |                               |  |  | 7                   |
| Acknowledged _____  |   | _____  |                               |  |  |                     |
| <b>ADDRESS</b><br>Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP<br>2851 Charlevoix Dr.<br>SE, Suite 207<br>Grand Rapids, MI 49546<br>UNITED STATES  |   |  |                               |  |  |                     |
| <b>TITLE</b><br>EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY   |   |  |                               |  |  |                     |
| <b>FILING FEE RECEIVED</b><br>7096  | FEES: Authority has been given in Paper<br>No. _____ to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT<br>No. _____ for following: |  |                               |  | <input type="checkbox"/> All Fees                            |                     |
|   |   |  |                               |  | <input type="checkbox"/> 1.16 Fees (Filing)                  |                     |
|   |   |  |                               |  | <input type="checkbox"/> 1.17 Fees (Processing Ext. of time) |                     |
|   |   |  |                               |  | <input type="checkbox"/> 1.18 Fees (Issue)                   |                     |
|   |   |  |                               |  | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____                         |                     |
|   |   |  |                               |  | <input type="checkbox"/> Credit                              |                     |

Receipt date: 04/10/2013

13776091 (PUB) (CAU): 2872

Approved for use through 07/31/2006 OMB 0695-0034  
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|  |   |                          |                     |
|--|---|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Substitute for form 1449/PTO   |   | <b>Complete if Known</b> |                     |
|  |   |                          |                     |
| <b>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE<br/>STATEMENT BY APPLICANT</b><br><i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i> |   | Application Number       | 13/776,091          |
|  |   | Filing Date              | February 25, 2013   |
|  |   | First Named Inventor     | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  |   | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|  |   | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |   | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
| Sheet  | 1 | of                       | 13                  |

| U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS |                       |  |                                |   |   |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Examiner Initials*     | Cite No. <sup>1</sup> | Document Number                          | Publication Date<br>MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear |
|                        |                       | Number-Kind Code <sup>2 (if known)</sup> |                                |   |   |

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|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Examiner Signature | /Alessandro Amari/ | Date Considered | 08/09/2013 |
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|                              |   |  |                     | Application Number       | 13/776,091   |
|                              |   | Filing Date  | February 25, 2013   |                          |              |
|                              |   | First Named Inventor   | Niall R. Lynam      |                          |              |
|                              |   | Art Unit   | 2872                |                          |              |
|                              |   | Examiner Name  | Alessandro V. Amari |                          |              |
| Sheet                        | 2 | of   | 13                  | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048 |

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| Examiner Signature | /Alessandro Amari/ | Date Considered | 08/09/2013 |
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13776091 (PAU): 2872

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|  |   | Filing Date              | February 25, 2013   |
|  |   | First Named Inventor     | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  |   | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|  |   | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |   | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
| Sheet  | 3 | of                       | 13                  |

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| Examiner Signature | /Alessandro Amari/ | Date Considered | 08/09/2013 |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|

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|                              |                     |                          |    |
| Application Number           | 13/776,091          | Sheet                    | 4  |
| Filing Date                  | February 25, 2013   | of                       | 13 |
| First Named Inventor         | Niall R. Lynam      |                          |    |
| Art Unit                     | 2872                |                          |    |
| Examiner Name                | Alessandro V. Amari |                          |    |
| Attorney Docket Number       | DON09 P-2048        |                          |    |

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| <b>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT</b><br><i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i> |  | Filing Date February 25, 2013       |       |
|  |  | First Named Inventor Niall R. Lynam |       |
|  |  | Art Unit 2872                       |       |
|  |  | Examiner Name Alessandro V. Amari   |       |
|  |  | Attorney Docket Number DON09 P-2048 |       |
|  |  | Sheet 5                             | of 13 |

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| Examiner Signature | /Alessandro Amari/ | Date Considered | 08/09/2013 |
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|                              |   |                          |    | <b>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT</b><br><i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i> |                     |
| Sheet                        | 6 | of                       | 13 | Application Number   | 13/776,091          |
|                              |   |                          |    | Filing Date  | February 25, 2013   |
|                              |   |                          |    | First Named Inventor   | Niall R. Lynam      |
|                              |   |                          |    | Art Unit   | 2872                |
|                              |   |                          |    | Examiner Name  | Alessandro V. Amari |
|                              |   |                          |    | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |

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| Examiner Signature | /Alessandro Amari/ | Date Considered | 08/09/2013 |
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|  |   | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|  |   | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |   | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
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| Examiner Signature | /Alessandro Amari/ | Date Considered | 08/09/2013 |
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|  |   | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|  |   | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |   | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
| Sheet  | 8 | of                       | 13                  |

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| <b>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE<br/>STATEMENT BY APPLICANT</b><br><i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i> |  | Filing Date February 25, 2013       |       |
|  |  | First Named Inventor Niall R. Lynam |       |
|  |  | Art Unit 2872                       |       |
|  |  | Examiner Name Alessandro V. Amari   |       |
|  |  | Attorney Docket Number DON09 P-2048 |       |
|  |  | Sheet 10                            | of 13 |

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| Examiner Initials*     | Cite No. <sup>1</sup> | Document Number                          |  | Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear |
|                        |                       | Number-Kind Code <sup>2 (if known)</sup> |  |                             |   |   |

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|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Examiner Signature | /Alessandro Amari/ | Date Considered | 08/09/2013 |
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|   |    | Application Number       | 13/776,091          |
|   |    | Filing Date              | February 25, 2013   |
|   |    | First Named Inventor     | Niall R. Lynam      |
|   |    | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|   |    | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
| Sheet   | 11 | of                       | 13                  |
|   |    | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |

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|  |  |    |    | Application Number       | 13/776,091    |                     |
| Sheet  |  | 13 | of | 13                       | Examiner Name | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |  |    |    | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048  |                     |

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| Examiner initials*       | Cite No. <sup>1</sup> | Foreign Patent Document<br>Country Code <sup>3</sup> Number <sup>4</sup> Kind Code <sup>5</sup><br><i>(if known)</i> | Publication Date<br>MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant<br>Passages Or Relevant Figures Appear | T <sup>6</sup> |

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|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Examiner Signature | /Alessandro Amari/ | Date Considered | 08/09/2013 |
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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group Art Unit : 2872  
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari  
Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
Serial No. : 13/776,091  
Filed : February 25, 2013  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

Mail Stop Amendment  
Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

RESPONSE

Responsive to the Office Action mailed August 16, 2013, Applicant wishes to amend the application as follows:

**Amendments to the Claims** are reflected in the listing of claims which begins on page 2 of this paper.

**Remarks** begin on page 12 of this paper.

Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
Serial No. : 13/776,091  
Page : 2

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the present application:

- 1 (original): An exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on a vehicle, said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprising:
- a mirror housing;
  - a mirror backing plate element;
  - wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator;
  - a main plano mirror element fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element;
  - said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly;
  - an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element;
  - wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element;
  - wherein said mirror backing plate element comprises a polymeric molding;
  - said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle;
  - wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;
  - wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element;

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wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;

wherein said main plano mirror element comprises one of (a) a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a generally flat polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto; and

wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20 degrees.

2 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating.

3 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, including a divider between said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that visually demarcates said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element from said main plano mirror element.

4 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 3, wherein said mirror backing plate element includes a molded wall extending from a surface thereof and wherein said divider comprises at least a portion of said molded wall.

5 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 4, wherein said molded wall generally circumscribes the circumferential edge of said auxiliary non-plano curved

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mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element.

6 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 5, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating.

7 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a generally flat polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto, and wherein said generally flat polymeric substrate is formed from an elongated sheet of substrate material comprising a polymeric resin material, and wherein said elongated sheet has a substantially transparent functional film applied at a surface thereof, and wherein said substantially transparent functional film provides at least one of (a) an anti-abrasion function, (b) a hydrophobic function and (c) a hydrophilic function, and wherein said functional film comprises an ultrathin glass material which is sufficiently flexible to be provided in a reel or roll, and wherein said functional film is sufficiently flexible to conform to said generally flat polymeric substrate of said main plano mirror element, and wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a reflective film disposed at a surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate opposite said substantially transparent functional film.

8 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 7, wherein said thin glass element comprises a thin flexible glass sheet, said thin flexible glass sheet existing as a pre-formed glass sheet that is separate from said generally flat polymeric substrate, said thin flexible glass sheet having an attaching surface, wherein said attaching surface is opposed to and adhered to said surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate when said thin flexible glass sheet is adhered to said exterior surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate, said thin flexible glass sheet providing an anti-



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abrasion function at said surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin flexible glass sheet substantially conforming to said exterior surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin flexible glass sheet having a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm and greater than approximately 0.3 mm.

9 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 8, wherein said generally flat polymeric substrate is cut from a molded or extruded or cast elongated sheet, and wherein said thin flexible glass sheet is laminated to said elongated sheet, and wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a reflective film applied to an inner surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate opposite said exterior surface, and wherein said reflective film comprises a polymeric reflective film at least one of laminated, adhered and applied to said inner surface of said generally flat polymeric substrate.

10 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 9, including a divider between said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that visually demarcates said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element from said main plano mirror element.

11 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved substrate.

12 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 11, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is convex-curved.

13 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a spherical curvature.

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Page : 6

14 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 13, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching said spherical curvature.

15 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said main plano mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of less than about 20 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

16 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 15, wherein, when used in the exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle that is in the range from about 15 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle to about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

17 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element has an X-axis and a Y-axis and wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least one of (a) tilted generally downward with respect to the Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) tilted generally forwardly with respect to the X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees.

18 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle views into a blind spot in a side lane adjacent the side of the equipped vehicle at which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, and wherein said blind spot is generally outside the rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element when said main plano mirror element is

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viewed by a driver of the equipped vehicle when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached at the side of the equipped vehicle.

19 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 18, wherein, when disposed at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element, at least one of (a) said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is tilted generally downward with respect to a Y-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees and (b) said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is tilted generally forwardly with respect to an X-axis of said main plano mirror element by an angle that is the range from about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees.

20 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 19, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved substrate.

21 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 20, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a reflector-coated convex-curved glass substrate.

22 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 20, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is convex-curved.

23 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 22, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a spherical curvature.

24 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 23, wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element has a curvature at least partially matching said spherical curvature.

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25 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 24, wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is at least about 25 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

26 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 25, wherein the overall rearward field of view of said main plano mirror element combined with said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is less than about 50 degrees relative to the side of the equipped vehicle.

27 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 26, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 5 degrees and about 15 degrees.

28 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 26, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 8 degrees and about 10 degrees.

29 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said fixed reflectance auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a curved glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

30 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary non-

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plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating.

31 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a bent glass substrate.

32 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said main plano mirror element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element, and wherein said second portion of said mirror backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature.

33 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element when said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is disposed at said mirror backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated at the side of the equipped vehicle.

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34 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly.

35 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 34, wherein, when attached at the side of the equipped vehicle, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped vehicle a total rearward field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped vehicle.

36 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein a ratio of the width of said main plano mirror element to the width of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element is greater than 1.5.

37 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly of the equipped vehicle, and wherein at least one of said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said metallic reflector coating is selected from the group consisting of (i) a chromium coating, (ii) a titanium coating, (iii) a rhodium coating, (iv) a metal-alloy coating, (v) a nickel alloy coating, (vi) an aluminum coating and (vii) a silver coating.

38 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element has a fixed reflectance and wherein said fixed reflectance auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element comprises a spherically bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector.

39 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary

Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
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field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 5 degrees and about 15 degrees.

40 (original): The exterior sideview mirror assembly of claim 1, wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 8 degrees and about 10 degrees.

41-98 (canceled).

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Page : 12

**Remarks:**

The amendments and remarks presented herein are believed to be fully responsive to the Office Action dated August 16, 2013.

Claims 1-40 are pending in the application. Claims 41-98 have been canceled herein without prejudice so that the subject matter of these claims can be pursued in a divisional application in the future. The amendments are fully supported in the specification and drawings as originally filed. No new matter has been added.

**Allowable Claims:**

Claims 7-10 were indicated as being directed toward allowable subject matter and as being allowable if rewritten in independent form. Because Applicant has obviated the §102 rejection, discussed below, Applicant has not amended claims 7-10 to be in independent form and submits that claims 1-40 are now in condition for allowance.

**Claim Rejections:**

Claims 1-6 and 11-40 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by Lynam, U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0072026 ("Lynam '026"). Applicant respectfully traverses.

Applicant submits that Lynam '026 is not prior art to the present claims under 35 U.S.C. §102(e). Lynam '026 published June 13, 2002, and, as discussed below, the present application has an effective filing date of May 20, 2003 (the filing date of U.S. provisional application 60/471,872). Thus, Lynam '026 published prior to the priority date of the presently claimed invention and Lynam '026 cannot be cited as prior art under 35 U.S.C. §102(e).



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Also, because the present application has a priority date of May 20, 2003 that is less than one year after the publication date of Lynam '026 (June 13, 2002), and because (as discussed below) Applicant conceived and reduced to practice the invention claimed in at least independent claim 1 prior to the effective date of Lynam '026, Applicant respectfully submits that Lynam '026 is also not prior art under 35 U.S.C. §102(a).

The present application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/590,854, filed Aug. 21, 2012, which is a division of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/336,018, filed Dec. 23, 2011, now U.S. Patent No. 8,267,534, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/911,274, filed October 25, 2010, now U.S. Patent No. 8,128,243, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/851,045, filed August 5, 2010, now U.S. Patent No. 7,934,843, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/197,666, filed August 25, 2008, now U.S. Patent No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Serial No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S. Patent No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Serial No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003.

The present application incorporates by reference U.S. Patent Nos. 6,522,451 and 6,717,712. See, for example, paragraph [0045] on page 6 of the present application (reproduced below).

[0045] Reflective element 12 may comprise an aspheric or multi-radius or wide angle single element reflective element substrate. The reflective element 12 may provide a field of view similar to the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,522,451 and 6,717,712, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

With respect to the priority provisional application Serial No. 60/471,872, this application similarly incorporates by reference U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 and U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/745,172, filed December 20, 2000. U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/745,172 issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,717,712. Thus, the

Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
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present application and each of the priority applications incorporate by reference the same disclosures.

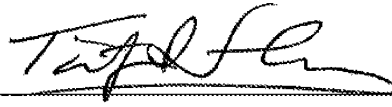
With respect to the rejection in view of Lynam '026, and in accordance with 37 CFR 1.131, Applicant submits herewith a Declaration which declares that the invention claimed in at least independent claim 1 was invented by Applicant prior to the publication date of Lynam '026, namely, June 13, 2002. The specification and drawings (Exhibit A) of U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/478,315, which was filed on January 6, 2000 by Niall R. Lynam (the sole named inventor of the present application), along with U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 (Exhibit B), which issued to Lynam from U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/478,315, and the specification and drawings (Exhibit C) of U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/745,172, which was filed on December 20, 2000 by Niall R. Lynam et al., along with U.S. Patent No. 6,717,712 (Exhibit D), which issued to Lynam et al. from U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/745,172, are submitted with the Declaration as corroborative evidence that the present invention was reduced to practice prior to the Lynam '026 publication date of June 13, 2002 (and at or prior to the December 20, 2000 filing date of the application that published as Lynam '026). The Declaration is signed by the named inventor (Niall R. Lynam) for the present application. The attached specification and drawings of Exhibits A-D clearly corroborate that the invention claimed in at least independent claim 1 was reduced to practice well prior to June 13, 2002, the publication date of Lynam '026, and at or prior to December 20, 2000, the filing date of the application that published as Lynam '026.

Accordingly, the rejection of claims 1-6 and 11-40 under §102(e) in view of Lynam '026 is obviated, and reconsideration and withdrawal of this rejection is respectfully requested.

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Page : 15

Claims 1-40 are pending in the application. Applicant respectfully submits that claims 1-40 are in condition for allowance and a notice to that effect is earnestly and respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



Date: August 21, 2013

---

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group Art Unit : 2872  
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari  
Inventor : Niall R. Lynam  
Serial No. : 13/776,091  
Filed : February 25, 2013  
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

DECLARATION UNDER RULE 131(a)

Niall R. Lynam, the inventor and Applicant in the above referenced patent application, declares as follows:

1. Prior to June 13, 2002, the inventor and Applicant conceived of the claimed invention of at least the independent claims as filed in the present application. For example, and with reference to claim 1 of the present application, the inventor and Applicant conceived of an exterior rearview mirror assembly comprising:
  - a. a mirror housing;
  - b. a mirror backing plate element;
  - c. wherein said mirror backing plate element is movable within said mirror housing by an electrically-operable actuator;
  - d. a main plano mirror element fixedly disposed at a first portion of said mirror backing plate element;
  - e. said main plano mirror element having a first primary field of view rearward of a vehicle equipped with said exterior sideview mirror assembly;
  - f. an auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element fixedly disposed at a second portion of said mirror backing plate element;

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Page : 2

- g. wherein said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element are adjacently disposed at said mirror backing plate element in a side-by-side relationship and are not superimposed with one mirror element on top of the other mirror element;
  - h. wherein said mirror backing plate element comprises a polymeric molding;
  - i. said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element having a second auxiliary field of view rearward of the equipped vehicle;
  - j. wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;
  - k. wherein said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main plano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element;
  - l. wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main plano mirror element and said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element;
  - m. wherein said main plano mirror element comprises one of (a) a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a generally flat polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto; and
  - n. wherein said first primary field of view of said main plano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-plano curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20 degrees.
2. The invention of at least the independent claims of the present application was reduced to practice sometime prior to June 13, 2002, as evidenced by the attached specification and drawings (Exhibit A), which were filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office on January 6, 2000 by Niall R. Lynam, and assigned Serial No. 09/478,315, as evidenced by the attached U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 (Exhibit B), which issued February 18, 2003 from the 09/478,315 application, and as also evidenced by the

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam  
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attached specification and drawings (Exhibit C), which were filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office on December 20, 2000 by Niall R. Lynam, and assigned Serial No. 09/745,172, as evidenced by the attached U.S. Patent No. 6,717,712 (Exhibit D).

3. I am the sole named inventor of U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/776,091 (the present application) and I am the sole named inventor of U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/478,315 (Exhibit A), which issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 (Exhibit B) and I am a co-inventor of U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/745,172 (Exhibit C), which issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,717,712 (Exhibit D).

I hereby declare that all activities relating to the conception and reduction to practice of the above invention occurred in the United States.

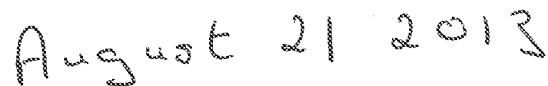
I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that the statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, as set forth under section 1001, title 18, of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Inventor:



\_\_\_\_\_  
Niall R. Lynam

Date:



\_\_\_\_\_

PATENT  
DON01 P-793  
Express Mail No. EL399135945US

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam  
For : EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY  
REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

Box Patent Application  
Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAIL

I certify that the attached return postcard, Transmittal Letter (in duplicate), Form PTO-1619 Recordation Form Cover Sheet, Assignment, a check in the amount of \$40.00 for the recordal fee, 23 pages of Specification, 12 pages of claims (83 claims), 1 page of Abstract, 7 sheets of drawings (in duplicate), Declaration and Power of Attorney, and a check in the amount of \$1,824.00 for the filing fee are being deposited with the United States Postal Service as Express Mail in an envelope having Express Mail Label Number EL

US addressed to:

Box Patent Application  
Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

on January 6, 2000.

Lynette M. S. Clark  
Lynette M. S. Clark  
Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhardt, LLP  
P.O. Box 888695  
Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695  
(616) 975-5500

CSC:lmse  
Enclosures

EXHIBIT A

PATENT  
DON01 P-793  
Express Mail No. EL399135945US

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam  
For : EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY  
REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

BOX PATENT APPLICATION  
Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Enclosed herewith is the above identified patent application comprising the following parts:

- 1) Postcard
- 2) Assignment, Form PTO-1619 Recordation Form Cover Sheet, and Assignment Recording Fee of \$40.00
- 3) 23 Pages of Specification
- 4) 12 Pages of Claims (83 claims)
- 5) 1 Page of Abstract
- 6) 7 Sheets of Drawings (in duplicate)
- 7) Declaration and Power of Attorney

Filing Fee:

|   |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| Basic Fee \$690.00  | \$690.00          |
| Additional Fees   |                   |
| Each independent claim in excess of three, times \$78.00  | \$                |
| Number of claims in excess of twenty, times \$18.00       | \$1,134.00        |
| Filing multiple dependent claims per application \$260.00 | \$                |
| Total Filing Fee  | <u>\$1,824.00</u> |



Checks in the amount of \$1,824.00 and \$40.00 are enclosed to cover the fees noted above.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge payment of the following fees associated with this communication, and during the pendency of this application, or to credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 22-0190. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

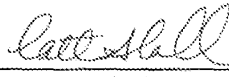
- 1) Any additional filing fees required under 37 CFR 1.16 for which full payment has not been tendered.
- 2) Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR 1.17 for which full payment has not been tendered.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP

Date January 6, 2000

  
Catherine S. Collins  
Registration No. 37 599  
P.O. Box 888695  
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E.  
Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695  
(616) 975-5500

CSC:lmsc

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**Conveying Party(ies)**

Mark if additional names of conveying parties attached

Name (line 1) LYNAM, Niall R.

Execution Date  
Month Day Year  
01/06/2000

Name (line 2) \_\_\_\_\_

**Second Party**

Name (line 1) \_\_\_\_\_

Execution Date  
Month Day Year  
\_\_\_\_\_

Name (line 2) \_\_\_\_\_

**Receiving Party**

Mark if additional names of receiving parties attached

Name (line 1) Donnelly Corporation

If document to be recorded is an assignment and the receiving party is not domiciled in the United States, an appointment of a domestic representative is attached. (Designation must be a separate document from Assignment.)

Name (line 2) \_\_\_\_\_

Address (line 1) 414 East Fortieth Street

Address (line 2) \_\_\_\_\_

Address (line 3) Holland Michigan 49423  
City State/Country Zip Code

**Domestic Representative Name and Address**

Enter for the first Receiving Party only.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

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Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Box Assignments, Washington, D.C. 20231

**Correspondent Name and Address** Area Code and Telephone Number

Name

Address (line 1)

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**Pages** Enter the total number of pages of the attached conveyance document including any attachments. #

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Enter either the Patent Application Number or the Patent Number (DO NOT ENTER BOTH numbers for the same property).

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If this document is being filed together with a new Patent Application, enter the date the patent application was signed by the first named executing inventor. Month Day Year

**Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT)**

Enter PCT application number only if a U.S. Application Number has not been assigned.

PCT  PCT  PCT

PCT  PCT  PCT

**Number of Properties** Enter the total number of properties involved. #

**Fee Amount** Fee Amount for Properties Listed (37 CFR 3.41): \$

Method of Payment: Enclosed  Deposit Account

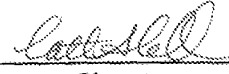
Deposit Account (Enter for payment by deposit account or if additional fees can be charged to the account.)

Deposit Account Number: #

Authorization to charge additional fees: Yes  No

**Statement and Signature**

*To the best of my knowledge and belief, the foregoing information is true and correct and any attached copy is a true copy of the original document. Charges to deposit account are authorized, as indicated herein.*

Catherine S. Collins 37 599 

Name of Person Signing Signature Date

Express Mail No. EL399135945US  
DON01 P-793

**ASSIGNMENT**

WHEREAS, Niall R. Lynam residing at 248 Foxdown, Holland, Michigan 49424, (hereinafter referred to as Assignor), have invented certain new and useful improvements in EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY for which an application for United States Letters Patent was executed on even date herewith.

WHEREAS, Donnelly Corporation, a corporation of the State of Michigan, having a place of business at 414 East Fortieth Street, Holland, Michigan 49423 (hereinafter referred to as Assignee), is desirous of acquiring the entire right, title and interest in and to said invention and in and to any Letters Patent that may be granted therefor in the United States and in any and all foreign countries.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the sum of one dollar (\$1.00), the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, and for other good and valuable considerations, Assignor hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto said Assignee the full and exclusive right, title and interest to the said invention in the United States and in all foreign countries and the entire right, title and interest in and to any and all Letters Patent which may be granted therefor in the United States and in any and all foreign countries and in and to any and all divisions, reissues, continuations, continuation-in-part, and extensions thereof including the full right to claim for any such applications the benefits of the International Convention.

Assignor hereby authorizes and requests the Patent Office Officials in the United States and in any and all foreign countries to issue any and all of said Letters Patent, when granted, to said Assignee as the owner of the entire right, title and interest in and to the same, for the sole use and behoof of said Assignee, its successors and assigns.

FURTHER, Assignor agrees to communicate to said Assignee or its representatives any facts known to Assignor respecting said invention, and testify in any legal proceeding, sign all lawful papers, execute all divisional, continuation, continuation-in-part, substitution, renewal, and reissue applications, execute all necessary assignment papers to cause any and all of said Letters Patent to be issued to said Assignee, make all rightful oaths and generally do everything possible to aid said Assignee, its successors and assigns, to obtain and enforce proper protection for said invention in the United States and in any and all foreign countries.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand on the date appearing next to my signature.

Witness:

*Donetta D. Vandyke*

Inventor:

*Niall R. Lynam*  
Niall R. Lynam

Date:

JAN 6 2000

\*\* TOTAL PAGE.03 \*\*

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY  
TECHNICAL FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to exterior sideview mirror assemblies suitable for use on an automobile, and more specifically, to plano-auxiliary reflective element assemblies  
5 for use in automobile exterior sideview mirror assemblies.

Automobiles are typically equipped with an interior rearview mirror assembly (adapted for providing a rearward field of view immediately rearward of the vehicle, typically principally in the road lane the vehicle is traveling in) and at least one exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of the vehicle (typically adjacent a front side  
10 window portion). The exterior side view mirror assembly typically comprises a reflective element adapted to provide a rearward field of view of the side lane adjacent the vehicle so as to allow the driver see whether a side approaching vehicle is present when the driver is contemplating a lane change. Conventionally, automobiles are equipped with a driver-side exterior mirror assembly and, very often, with a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror  
15 assembly mounted to the side of the automobile body opposite to that of the driver-side assembly. While the combination of an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror (and especially in a three-mirror system comprising an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror and a passenger-side exterior mirror) works well in many driving situations, rear vision blind spots present a potential safety hazard while driving. A rear  
20 vision blind spot is an area adjacent the side of an automobile where a view of another vehicle (overtaking on that side) is not captured in the rearward field of view of the exterior mirror reflector on that side. This presents a potential safety hazard as the driver, upon checking the view in the exterior sideview mirror and seeing no overtaking vehicle therein, may deem it safe to initiate a lane change, unaware that there is a vehicle immediately  
25 adjacent in a blind-spot of the exterior mirror reflector.

Various attempts have been made conventionally to minimize and/or eliminate exterior mirror blind-spots on vehicles. One approach is to make the exterior mirror reflector larger, and particularly wider with respect to the vehicle body. By increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector, it has a wider field of view rearwards, and hence the reflector blind-

spot is reduced. While use of a wide exterior mirror reflector is an option for trucks, buses and commercial vehicles, increasing the width of the reflector used in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted on automobiles (such as sedans, station wagons, sports cars, convertibles, minivans, sports utility vehicles, pick-up trucks and similar passenger carrying automobiles) is often not an option. In such domestic automobiles, increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector increases the size of the exterior sideview mirror assembly with a concomitant increase in aerodynamic drag, increase in fuel consumption, increased difficulty in parking in tight parking spaces, and increased reflector vibration. Use of a non-flat, curved exterior mirror reflector is commonly used to increase rearward field of view without increasing reflector size.

While working well to increase field of view, use of a curved reflector (such as a convex, spherically-curved reflector) has disadvantages. The field of view rearward increases as the degree of curvature of the bent substrate increases (i.e., the field of view rearward increases as the radius of curvature of the bent substrate decreases). However, such wide-angle mirrors have non-unit magnification and distance perception rearward is distorted. For this reason, convex (spherically-bent) exterior mirror reflectors are required in some countries (such as the United States) to carry a safety warning "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR". Distance perception is particularly important for a driver-side exterior mirror. Indeed, Federal Vehicle Safety Standard No: 111 in the United States (the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein) requires that the driver-side exterior mirror reflector exhibit unit magnification, and places restrictions on the radius of curvature allowed for any bent passenger-side mirror as well as requiring a safety warning be placed thereon. As an improvement over spherically bent/convex mirror reflectors, aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors (such as are disclosed in U.S. Patents 4,449,786 and 5,724,187, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein) have been developed. Such mirrors are widely used in Europe and Asia for both driver-side exterior mirror reflectors and for passenger-side exterior mirror reflectors. The aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors typically have a less curved (larger radius of curvature) reflective region that is inboard or closest to the driver when mounted on a vehicle and, usually separated by a demarcation line or the like, have a more curved (smaller radius of curvature) region that is outboard or farthest from the driver when mounted on a vehicle. However, such aspherical or multiradius reflectors do not have unit

magnification and so cannot be used when unit magnification is mandated (such as by FMVSS 111, referenced above).

To supplement a flat driver-side exterior mirror reflector, an auxiliary and separate bent reflector is sometimes incorporated into the driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly. However, this is often not suitable for passenger automobiles because of the extra space required in the sideview mirror assembly to accommodate an auxiliary reflector element. Also, in most passenger automobiles, the position of the side view mirror reflector is adjustable by the driver (such as by a hand-adjust, or by a manually adjustable cable such as a Bowden cable or by an electrically operable actuator, as known in the art) in order to provide to that driver his or her desired rearward field of view, which ill-suits use of a separate, auxiliary reflector. Likewise, addition of stick-on blind-spot mirror reflectors (such as are commonly sold in automotive parts stores and the like) onto an automobile exterior sideview mirror reflector has disadvantages, including obscuring field of view of the automobile mirror reflector and adding to mirror element vibration.

There is thus a need to provide an automobile exterior sideview reflective element, and particularly a driver-side automobile exterior sideview reflective element, that overcomes the disadvantages above and that provides the driver of the automobile with a distortion-free field of view with unit magnification that is supplemented with a wide-angle view of a side lane blind spot, and there is a need that this be provided in a unitary reflective element assembly module suitable to mount onto, and be adjusted by, the mirror reflector adjustment mechanism (such as an electrically operated, motorized actuator) provided in the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;

Fig. 2 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of Fig. 3;

Fig. 5A-5H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;

Fig. 6 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a dividing wall in a backing plate element;

Fig. 6A is a cross-section taken along line XX of Fig.6;

Fig. 6B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of Fig.6; and

Fig. 7 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention.

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#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention provides a plano reflective element with unit magnification and an auxiliary reflector element for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. More specifically, this invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention is especially suitable for mounting in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly that is mounted to the side of the automobile body adjacent to the seating position of the driver in the front of the interior vehicular cabin. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention comprises a plano portion which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. This plano portion comprises a flat substrate, typically a flat glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention also includes a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, that has non-unit magnification. The plano portion provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. This multiradius portion comprises a curved substrate, typically a bent glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano portion and the multiradius portion are demarcated apart by a demarcation element. The demarcation element enables the driver of a vehicle equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element of this invention to readily delineate a rearward

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view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano portion comprises a flat reflective element and the multiradius portion comprises a bent reflective element. The flat, plano reflective element and the curved, multiradius reflective element are individually and separately manufactured, and are adjacently attached to a single backing plate (which typically comprises a polymeric substrate, most typically a molded polymeric substrate), and with the demarcation element disposed at the joint of the plano, flat reflective element and the multiradius, bent reflective element. The backing plate is fabricated (typically by polymeric molding) to have a flat portion that corresponds to the plano, flat reflective element, and a curved surface that corresponds to the multiradius, curved reflective element. The attachment of the plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element to a single backing plate produces a unitary plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly module suitable for mounting in an exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the exterior sideview mirror assembly, the rearward fields of view of both the plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

One embodiment of the invention includes an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile comprising an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile. The exterior sideview mirror assembly includes a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile. The reflective element is attached to an actuator and is movable by the actuator in order to position the reflective element's rearward field of view in response to a control. The reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly which comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature. The plano element and the separate multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly are attached to a backing plate element. The backing plate element is mounted to the actuator such that movement of the backing plate element (and hence the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly) by the actuator simultaneously and similarly moves the plano element and the multiradius element. The plano element and the multiradius element are separately and, preferably, adjacently attached to the backing plate element at a joint.

In a further embodiment, a demarcation element is disposed at this joint to form a demarcation between the plano element and the multiradius element; this demarcation

element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile. Preferably, the demarcation element is dark colored, such as with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown. Optionally, there is a space at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element and the demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space  
5 between said plano element and said multiradius element. The demarcation element can comprise at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.

In a further embodiment, the demarcation element comprises a wall on the backing plate element; this wall being located on the backing plate element at the joint of the  
10 plano element and the multiradius element, this wall separating the respective elements apart.

In preferred embodiments, the portion of the demarcation element visible to a driver of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention has a width from about 0.5 mm to about 4 mm.

In preferred embodiments, the plano element is attached to the backing plate  
15 element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element is attached to the backing plate element at a location such that, when the exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least portion, and preferably at least a substantial portion, of the plano element is disposed closer to the side of the vehicle than any portion of the multiradius  
20 element element.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm, and the ratio of the width of the plano element to the width of the multiradius element is greater than  
25 I.

In preferred embodiments, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the auxiliary, multiradius element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an  
30 automobile. The principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and the principal axis of the rearward field of view

of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle.

In a preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted comprises an electrically operable actuator. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is controlled by a switch or by a memory controller. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element and/or the multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element, and the multiradius element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector, such as a fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

In a preferred embodiment, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

These and other advantages, features, and modifications will become more apparent when reviewed in conjunction with the drawings and the detailed description which follows.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As illustrated in Fig. 1, passenger automobile 10 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal transportation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 18 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 25. Interior vehicle cabin 25 further includes a steering wheel 16, a driver seat 20 positioned at

steering wheel 16, a front passenger seat 21 adjacent to driver seat 20 in the front portion of cabin 25, and a rear passenger seat 23 in the rear portion of cabin 25. Automobile 10 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 14, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body 11, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 20 for driver-side assembly 12 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 21 for passenger-side assembly 14. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in Fig. 1 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 includes, as illustrated in Fig. 2, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 30. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 36. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 36 in response to control 37. Control 37 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 within exterior mirror housing 40 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Alternately, when actuator 36 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 37 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin 25) or control 37 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 36 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 36 is mounted to bracket 38 which attaches to vehicle body side 11. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positionable by actuator 36 within exterior mirror housing 40.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, as shown in Fig. 3, comprises a plano element 50 and a separate multiradius element 55. Preferably, plano element 50 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in Fig. 3. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are both mounted to surface 59 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 60.

Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 65. Surface 61 of backing plate element 60 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 64, to actuator 36 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 14) such that plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 36 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Thus, since elements 50, 55 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, movement of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 by actuator 36 simultaneously and similarly moves plano element 50 and multiradius element 55.

Plano element 50 preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element 50 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element 50 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element 50 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 66) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 67), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element 50 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element 50 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element 50 is

positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element 55. Thus, and referring to Figure 3, side A of plano element 50 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted on an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, surfaces 66, 68 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

Multiradius element 55 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element 55 with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element 55 (side C in Fig. 3) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element 50 when both are mounted on backing plate element 60. Thus, and referring to Figure 3, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55, when mounted on backing plate element 60, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element 55 from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55 is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element 55 is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element 55 comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multiradius element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

Multiradius element 55 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element 55 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element 55 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 68) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 69), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element 55 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element 55 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, 66 and 68, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements 50,55 is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 when mounted to an automobile.

The reflector area of plano element 50 is preferably larger than that of multiradius element 55. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element 50 is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element 55 (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to Figure 3, the distance from side A to side B of plano element 50 is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element 55. Thus, the ratio of

the width of plano element 50 to the width of multiradius element 55 is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element 50 as the principal rear viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 and providing multiradius element 55 as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element 50 (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 75 mm to about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

Backing plate element 60 is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element 50 and multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in Fig. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element 50. Backing plate element 60 also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in Fig. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element 55. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element 55 is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 is formed as a single element to which elements 50 and 55 are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element 60 is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element 60 include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element 60 can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element 50 can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element 55 can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element 60. Alternatively, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a



polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element 65) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred  
5 fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 further preferably includes demarcation element 65 that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray,  
10 rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 when both are attached to backing plate element 60. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element 65 can be disposed in any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 at their joint on backing plate  
15 element 60. Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed of a polymeric material that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element 65 is formed of an at least partially  
20 elastomeric material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements 50, 55. As shown in Fig. 4, demarcation element 65 optionally includes a crown portion 70 that includes wing portions 73, 73' and a stem portion 71. Stem portion 71 preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than  
25 about 2 mm. Crown portion 70 preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55. Also, wings 73, 73' are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55 in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at  
30 least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements 50, 55 that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in Fig. 4 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation

element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap).  
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Optionally, demarcation element 65 is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 have been attached to backing plate element 60, a separately formed demarcation element 65 can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space  
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between elements 50 and 55. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element 50 and side C of multiradius element 55 can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element 65 can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements 50 and 55. Alternatively, demarcation element 65 can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or  
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similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements 50 and 55. The width of the portion of demarcation element 65 that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater  
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than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element 65 can be formed as part of backing plate element 60 such as by forming demarcation element 65 as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element 60 into two regions: A first  
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region adapted to receive plano reflective element 50 and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element 55.

Thus, and referring to Fig. 6, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 may include a backing plate element 160 which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as  
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ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element 165 that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element 165 into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element 150 and into a second region (from BB to AA)

adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element 155. Note that section AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in Fig. 6 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element 60, and attachment of elements 50, 55 thereto. For example, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element.

Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element 65 (along with any other elements such as attachment member 64) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components.

Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces 66, 68. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as

known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

Also, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements 50, 55 can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient light). Alternately, if both plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element 50 can dim independently of element 55 (such as is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein). If either or both of elements 50, 55 comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclosed in U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/350,930, filed July 12, 1999, entitled "ELECTROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANUFACTURING ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desaraju V. Varaprasad et al., or such as is disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such

as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

5                    Backing plate element 65 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member 64 to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment  
10 such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure sensitive adhesive to form a "double-sticky" tape. The exterior sideview mirror assembly, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior  
15 sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

                    Figs. 5A-5H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element 55 relative to its adjacent plano reflective element 50 (with demarcation element 65 disposed at their joint). In Figs. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 is mounted wholly inboard of  
20 multiradius element 55. Thus, in Figs. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 would be disposed closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 was mounted in an exterior sideview mirror attached to a side of an automobile. Therefore, in Figs. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 would be mounted inboard relative to the side of the automobile and multiradius  
25 element 55 would be mounted outboard relative to the side of the automobile. In general, the location of the multiradius reflective element in the outboard, upper portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, as in Figs. 5B and 5E, is preferred as this allows the plano portion provide a desired rearward field of view along the side of the vehicle. The configuration as shown in Fig. 5G (where the multiradius reflective element is along the  
30 inboard side of the assembly) is also desirable as this allows the driver view the side of the vehicle (something many drivers desire in order to have a frame of reference for their rearward field of view) while facilitating having a wide field of view for the plano portion.

Unlike trucks, busses and commercial vehicles the size of an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on an automobile (and especially when the automobile is not towing a trailer or the like) is restricted. Automobiles generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal transportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles (which are classified herein as automobiles) can have seat accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accommodation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The tandem mounting of a plano element of unit magnification and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing plate element onto an actuator of an exterior sideview mirror assembly so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly move the auxiliary element and the plano element so as to position their respective rearward fields of view, and to achieve this within the relatively restricted space available in a standard automobile-sized exterior sideview mirror assembly is an important element of this present invention. By utilizing a plano element of unit magnification in the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, and by sizing the reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector area of the multiradius element and, preferably, by sizing the reflector area of the plano element at a sufficiently large size that the rearward field of view provided by the plano element alone meets and satisfies the minimum field of view requirement mandated by an automaker specification and/or a government regulation, the need to provide a safety warning indicia such as "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR" in the plano element and/or in the multiradius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plano element comprises a reflector surface area of a size sufficient, when mounted as part of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, to provide the driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a longitudinal plane tangent to the driver's side of the automobile at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the tangent plane 35 feet behind the driver's eyes (at a nominal location appropriate for any 95th percentile male driver or at the driver's eye reference points established in Federal Motor Vehicle Standard No. 104), with the driver seated in the driver's seat and with the driver's seat in the rearmost position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly (defined as the ratio of its largest vertical dimension to its largest horizontal dimension, measured with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly

oriented as it would be oriented when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel with the road surface the automobile travels on and "vertical" being generally perpendicular to the road surface the automobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more preferably less than 0.8, most preferably less than 0.6. Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be disposed outboard (relative to the side of the vehicle and with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly so that the multiradius element is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a "blind-spot" region in an adjacent sidelane while the more inboard-disposed plano element with unit magnification provides the principal sideview image to the driver.

Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element be different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the road that the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile) so as to provide the driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in the side lane that the plano element views). However, preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted driver-side (or passenger-side) exterior sideview mirror assembly in which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location and/or several feet (such as about 1 foot to about 24 feet; more preferably, about 1 foot to about 12 feet; most preferably about 1 foot to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear (in order to capture a field of view of a rear approaching vehicle that is approaching to overtake, or is about to overtake, or is overtaking the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly). Thus, preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is angled and directed generally downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the

plano element. For example, multiradius element 155 when attached to surface 173 of backing plate 160 (see Fig. 6B) would have its principal axis of rearward view as indicated by 180 as in Fig. 6B, and as such would be canted towards the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. By contrast, 5 plano element 150 when attached to surface 174 of backing plate 160 (see Fig. 6A) would have a principal axis as indicated by 185 as in Fig. 6A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. Having the multiradius element canted somewhat downwards towards the road surface assists visual detection by the driver of overtaking vehicles in the traditional "blind-spot" in the adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius element is 10 angled on the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plano reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1 degree to about 10 degree range; about 2 degree to about 8 degree range more preferred; and about 3 degree to about 6 degree range 15 most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plano reflective portion is attached to. Thus, and referring to Fig. 6, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 includes 20 a molded polymeric backing plate element 160 comprising a generally flat portion 162 (between BB and CC in Fig. 6) and an adjacent curved portion 161 (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190 and 195, portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160 to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front 25 (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. Fig. 6 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162 closer to the driver than portion 161). The wall section, section XX in Fig. 6, taken through section 162 of backing plate element 160 is 30 of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in Fig. 6A) whereas the wall section, section YY in Fig. 6B, taken through section 161 of backing plate element 160 is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150 and multiradius reflective element



155 (for example, plano element 150 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and  
multiradius element 155 can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to  
portions 162 and 161, respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173 (see Fig. 6B)  
of portion 161, the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155 is angled  
5 downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal  
viewing axis of plano element 150, when plano-multiradius reflective element 130 is  
mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element  
165 is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element  
160, and so demarcation element 165 is formed as an integral part of backing plate element  
10 160, forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160 into a  
region for receiving the plano reflective element 150 and a region for receiving the auxiliary  
reflective element 155. Also, end-caps 170 and 171 are optionally provided. Plano reflective  
element 150 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap  
171; multiradius reflective element 155 can attach into the cavity formed between  
15 demarcation element 165 and end-cap 170. Note that the portion of the backing plate element  
where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness  
than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic  
element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly  
relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in Figs. 6A-B. As illustrated in Figs.  
20 6A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element  
can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in order to ensure  
that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally  
parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius  
reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the  
25 multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of  
the automobile.

Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly  
of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior  
sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective  
30 element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-  
multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

Referring to Fig. 7, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265  
5 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side  
10 exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element  
15 assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which  
20 is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped  
25 with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element for the auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano reflective element (as this enables least  
30 discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror

such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective element is angled relative to the plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plano-multiradius reflective element  
5 assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly  
10 fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

The above description is considered that of the preferred embodiments only. Modification of the invention will occur to those skilled in the art and to those who make or use the invention. Therefore, it is understood that the embodiments shown in the drawings  
15 and described above are merely for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention, which is defined in the following claims as interpreted according to the principles of patent law, including the doctrine of equivalents.

I claim:

1. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:
  - an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;
  - 5 said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile;
  - said reflective element attached to an actuator and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view in response to a control;
  - wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective
  - 10 element assembly, said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature; and
  - said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly attached to a backing plate element, said
  - 15 backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.
  
2. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element are adjacently attached to said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation
- 5 between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.
  
3. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored.

4. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 3, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown.
5. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.
6. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 5, wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.
7. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 3, wherein said demarcation element comprises at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.
8. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 7, wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material.
9. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall separating said plano reflective element from said multiradius reflective element.
10. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 4 mm.
11. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 3 mm.
12. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 2 mm.

13. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.5 mm.

14. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.75 mm.

15. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 1 mm.

16. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

17. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

18. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is attached to said backing plate element at a location such that, when said exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least a portion of said plano reflective element is disposed closer to said side of the automobile than any portion of said multiradius reflective element.

19. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm.

20. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.

21. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.5.

22. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 2.5.

23. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element  
5 assembly and when said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in said exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile.

24. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 23, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius  
5 reflective element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

25. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 1 degree to about 10 degrees.

26. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees.

27. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees.

28. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is generally set by an angling of a surface of said backing plate element.

29. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said  
5 multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

30. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said  
5 multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 12 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

31. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said  
5 multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 8 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.



32. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly.
33. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.
34. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.
35. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said actuator comprises an electrically operable actuator.
36. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said control comprises a memory controller.
37. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.
38. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein both said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprise an electro-optic reflective element.
39. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optical reflective element.
40. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 39, wherein said electro-optical reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.
41. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 40, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.

42. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 41, wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

43. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

44. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;

5 said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an electrically operable actuator and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view in response to a control;

10 wherein said reflective element comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element attached to a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; and

15 wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element are adjacently attached to said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein a demarcation element is disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.

20 45. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein demarcation element is dark colored.

46. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown.
47. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element.
48. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 47, wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element.
49. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element comprises at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.
50. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material.
51. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall separating said plano reflective element from said auxiliary reflective element.
52. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 4 mm.
53. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 3 mm.
54. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 2 mm.

55. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.5 mm.

56. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.75 mm.

57. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 1 mm.

58. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said plano reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

59. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said auxiliary reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

60. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said auxiliary reflective element is attached to said backing plate element at a location such that, when said exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least a portion of said plano reflective element is disposed closer to said side of the automobile than any portion of said auxiliary reflective element.

61. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of a flat glass substrate and a bent glass substrate

62. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.

63. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.5.

64. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 2.5.

65. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element and are mounted in said exterior sideview mirror  
5 assembly on an automobile.

66. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 65, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with said reflective element and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is directed  
5 generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with said reflective element.

67. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 1 degree to about 10 degrees.

68. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees.

69. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees.

70. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is generally set by an angling of a surface of said backing plate element.

71. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said  
5 auxiliary reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

72. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said  
5 auxiliary reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 12 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

73. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said  
5 auxiliary reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 8 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

74. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly.

75. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.
76. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.
77. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said control comprises a memory controller.
78. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.
79. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein both said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprise an electro-optic reflective element.
80. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optical reflective element.
81. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 80, wherein said electro-optical reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.
82. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 81, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.
83. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 82, wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

ABSTRACT

This invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a plano reflective element which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly also includes an auxiliary reflective element including a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view. The plano reflective element provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius portion are separated by a demarcation element which enables the driver to readily delineate a rearward view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are individually, separately, and adjacently attached to a single backing plate which is mounted to an actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the housing of the exterior sideview mirror assembly via the actuator, the rearward field of view of both the plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.



DON01 P-793

Express Mail No. EL399135945US

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor, if only one name is listed below, or an original, first and joint inventor, if plural names are listed below, of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY, the specification of which is attached hereto.

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (the Office), all information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.), Section 1.56.

**CLAIM OF PRIORITY**

I hereby claim foreign benefits under Title 35, United States Code (U.S.C.), Section 119, of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Application Ser. No. None, filed in (country) \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_.

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120, of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the above-identified specification, including claims, discloses and claims subject matter in addition to that disclosed in the prior copending application(s), listed below, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office, all information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

U.S. Serial No. None, filed on \_\_\_\_\_, and now (status) \_\_\_\_\_.

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

U.S. Serial No. None, filed on \_\_\_\_\_.

**POWER OF ATTORNEY**

I hereby appoint the patent law firm of Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhardt, LLP, 2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207, Grand Rapids, Michigan 49546, telephone number 616/975-5500, facsimile number 616/975-5505, and the individual patent attorneys and patent agents at such patent law firm, namely, Daniel Van Dyke, Reg. No. 25 046; Donald S. Gardner, Reg. No. 25 975; Terence J. Linn, Reg. No. 30 283; Frederick S. Burkhardt, Reg. No. 29 288; Catherine S. Collins, Reg. No. 37 599; Matthew L. Goska, Reg. No. 42 594; Anthony A. Bisulca, Reg. No. 40 913; and Timothy A. Flory, Reg. No. 42 540, my attorney(s) or agent(s) with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in and to receive all correspondence from the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

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Sole inventor:

*Niall R. Lynam*

JAN 6 2000

Niall R. Lynam

Date

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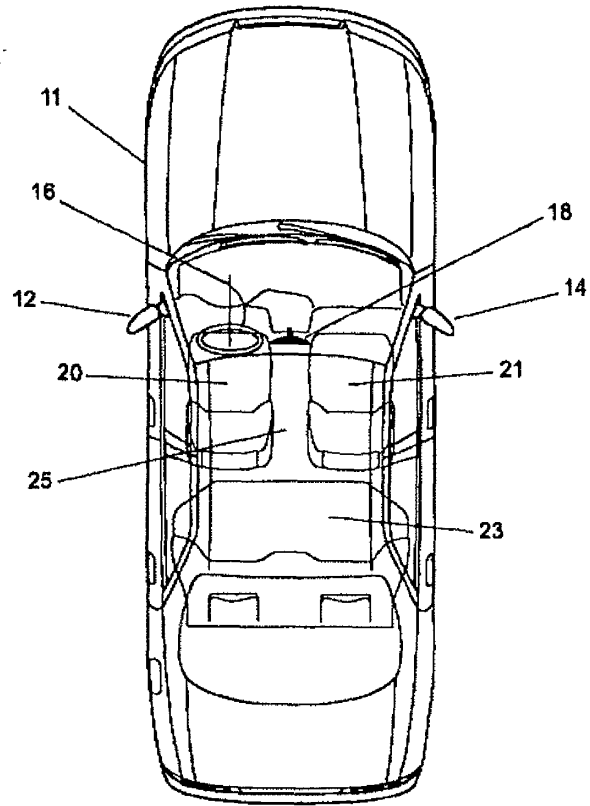
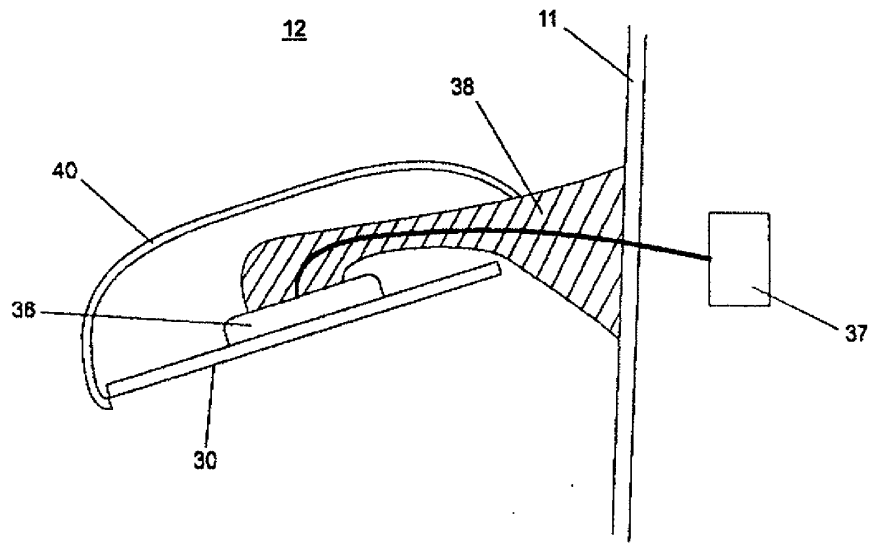


Figure 1



**Figure 2**

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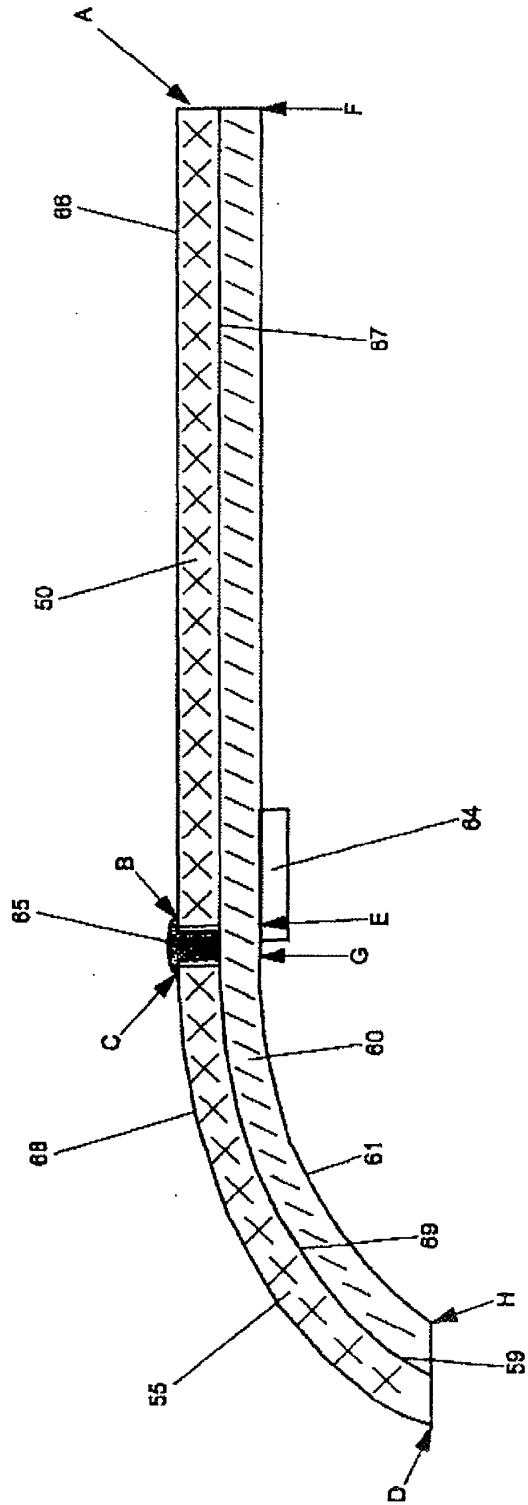
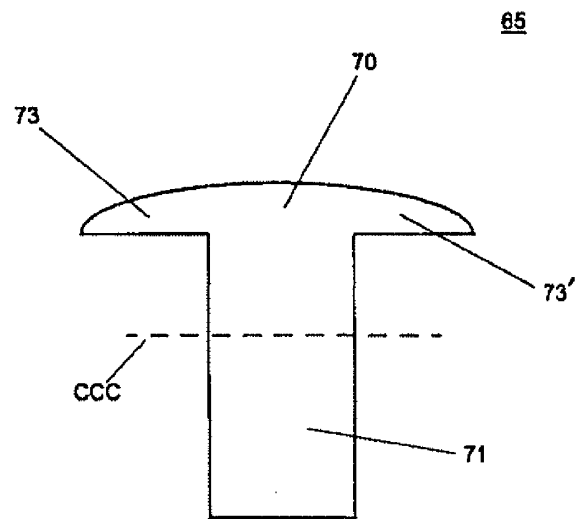


Figure 3



**Figure 4**

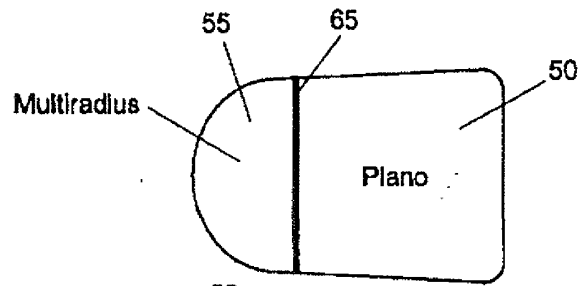


FIG. 5A

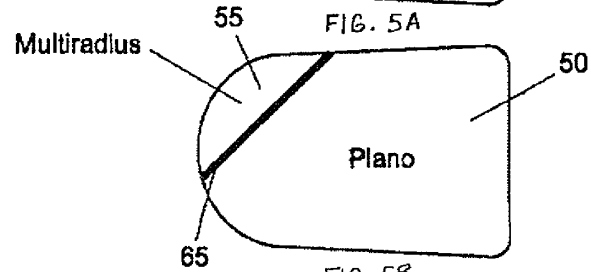


FIG. 5B

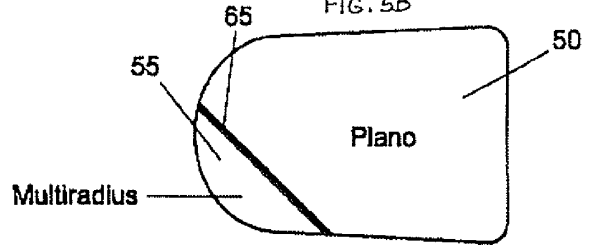


FIG. 5C

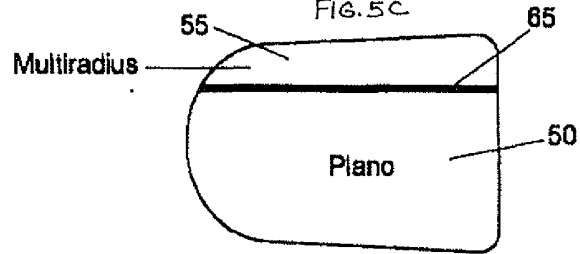


FIG. 5D

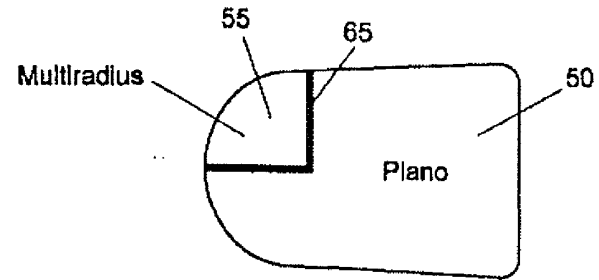


FIG. 5E

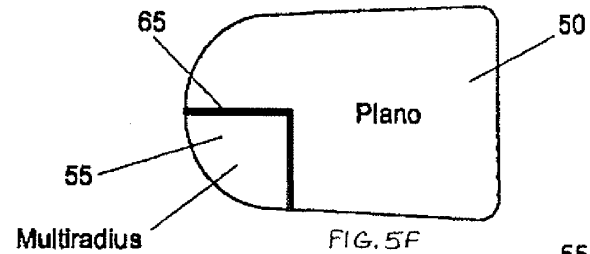


FIG. 5F

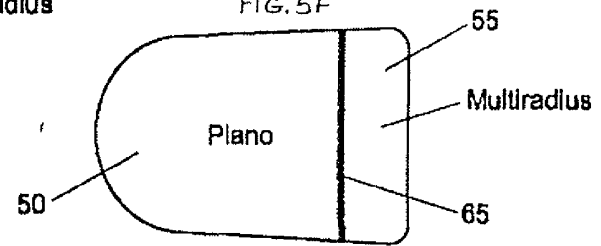


FIG. 5G

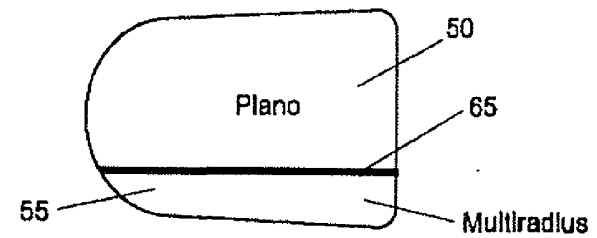
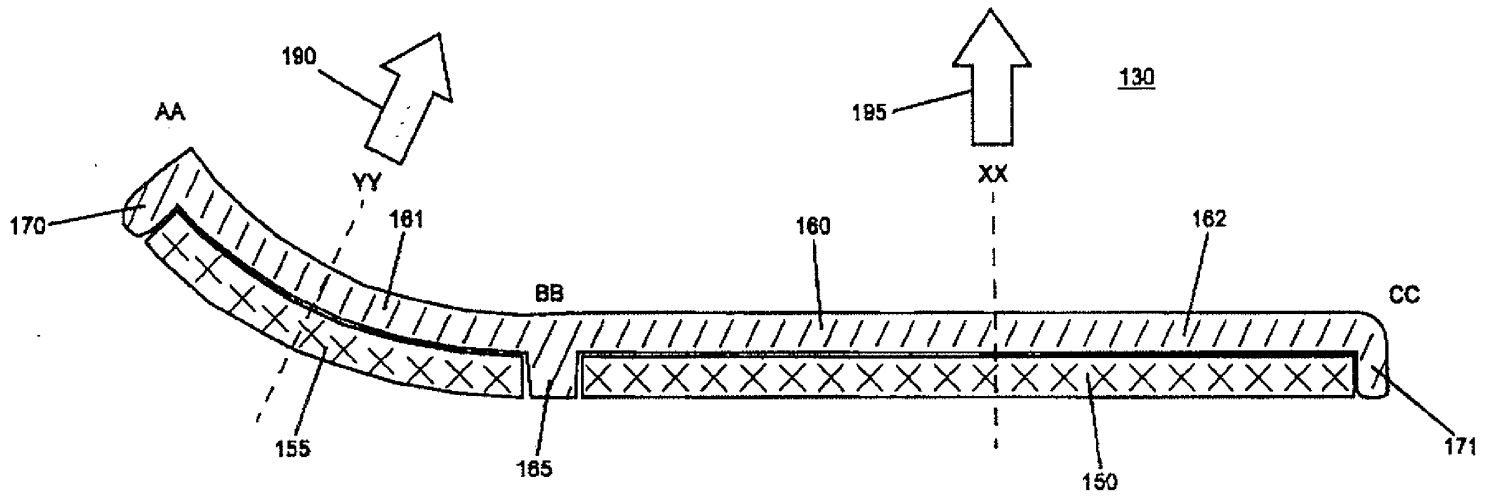
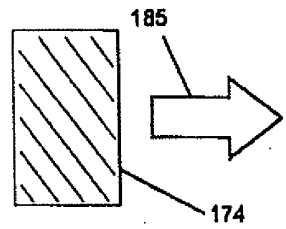


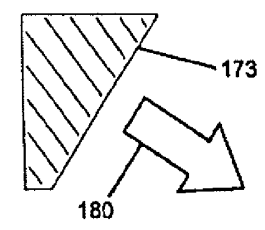
FIG. 5H



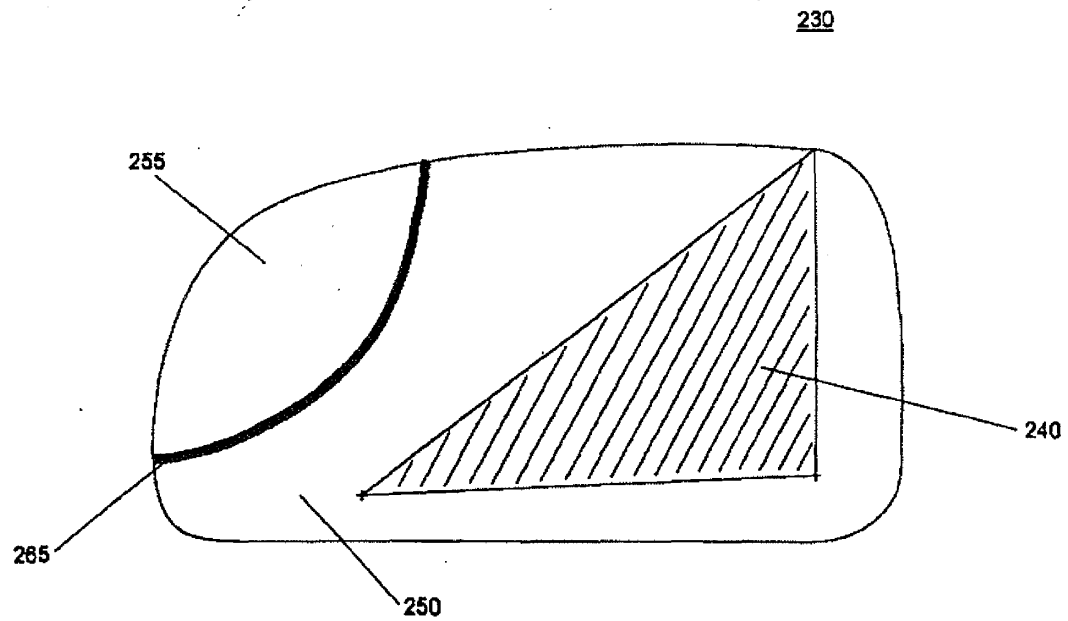
**Figure 6**



**Figure 6A**



**Figure 6B**



**Figure 7**





US006522451B1

(12) **United States Patent**  
**Lynam**

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 6,522,451 B1**  
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Feb. 18, 2003**

(54) **EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY**

(75) Inventor: **Niall R. Lynam**, Holland, MI (US)

(73) Assignee: **Donnelly Corporation**, Holland, MI (US)

(\* ) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **09/478,315**

(22) Filed: **Jan. 6, 2000**

(51) **Int. Cl.**<sup>7</sup> ..... **G02F 1/15**; G02B 5/08; G02B 5/10; G02B 7/182; B60R 1/06

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **359/265**; 359/267; 359/841; 359/850; 359/864; 359/866; 359/868; 359/872; 359/877; 248/549; 248/900

(58) **Field of Search** ..... 359/841, 850, 359/851, 855, 864, 865, 866, 868, 872, 877, 265, 267; 248/549, 900

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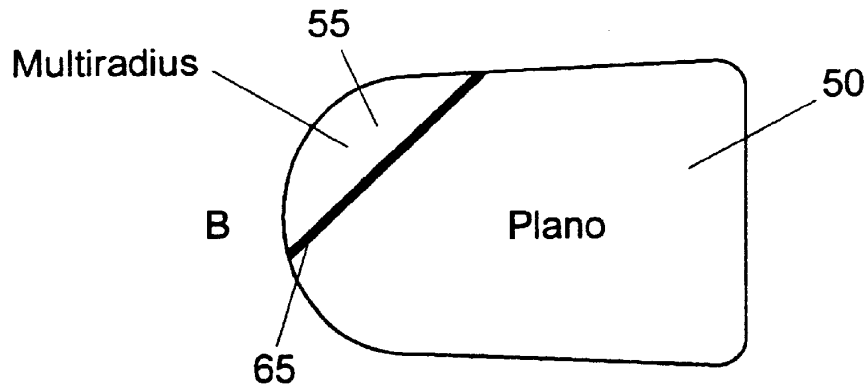
*Primary Examiner*—Ricky D. Shafer

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhardt, LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

This invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a plano reflective element which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly also includes an auxiliary reflective element including a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view. The plano reflective element provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius portion are separated by a demarcation element which enables the driver to readily delineate a rearward view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are individually, separately, and adjacently attached to a single backing plate which is mounted to an actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the housing of the exterior sideview mirror assembly via the actuator, the rearward field of view of both the plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

**40 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets**



**EXHIBIT B**

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Page 2

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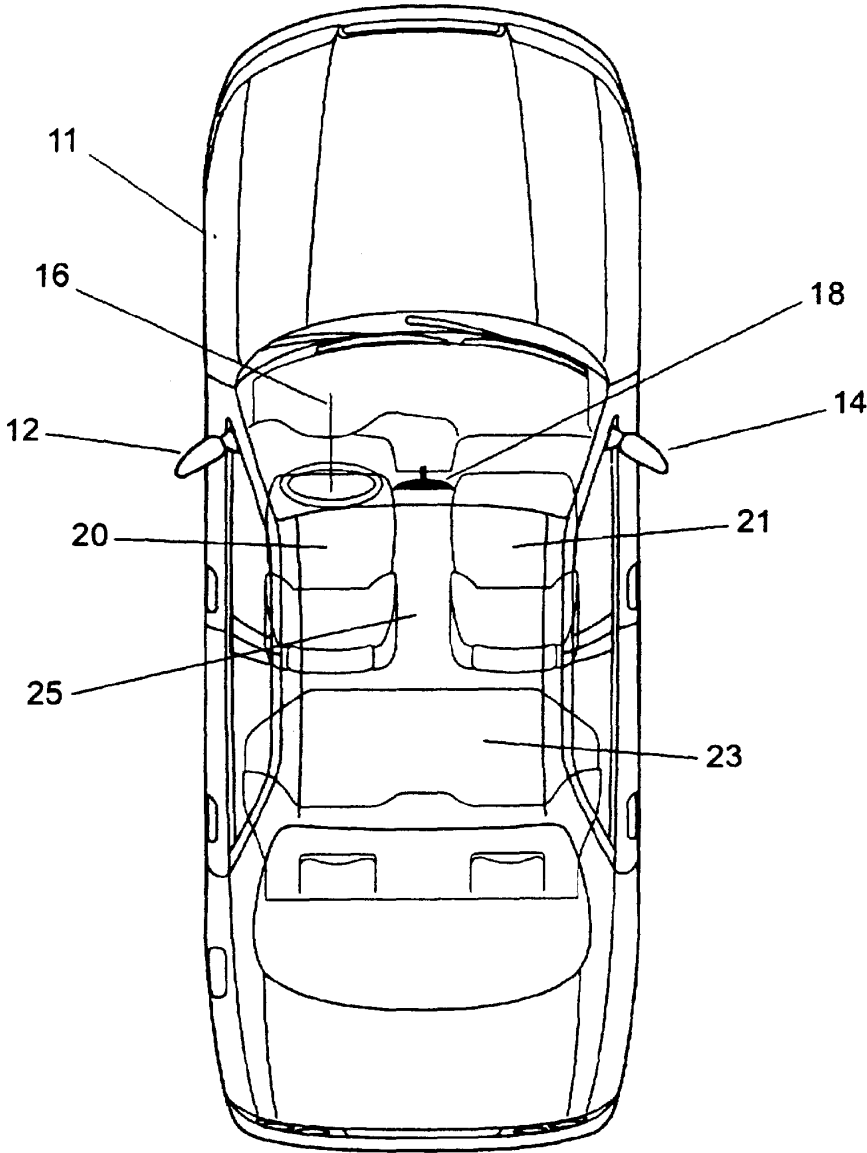
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**Figure 1**

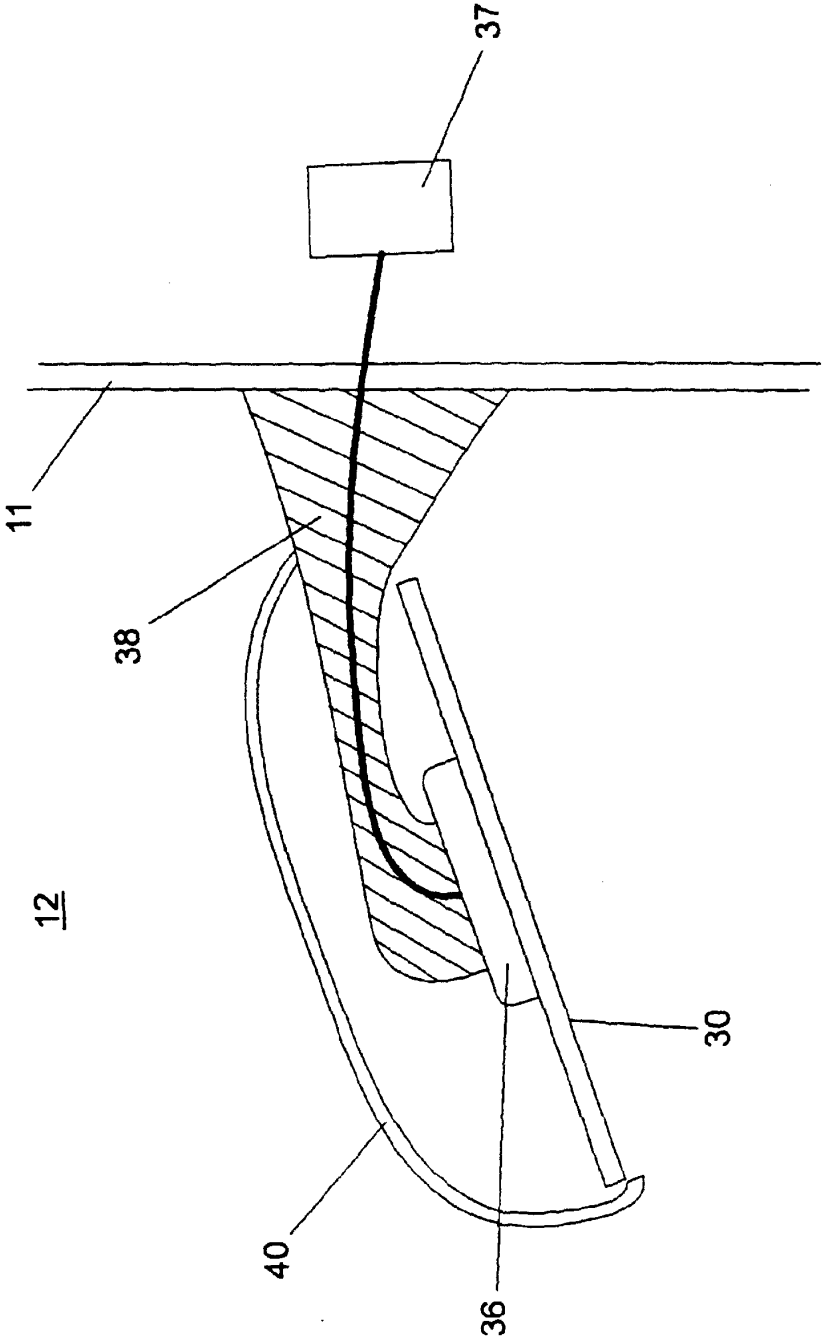


Figure 2

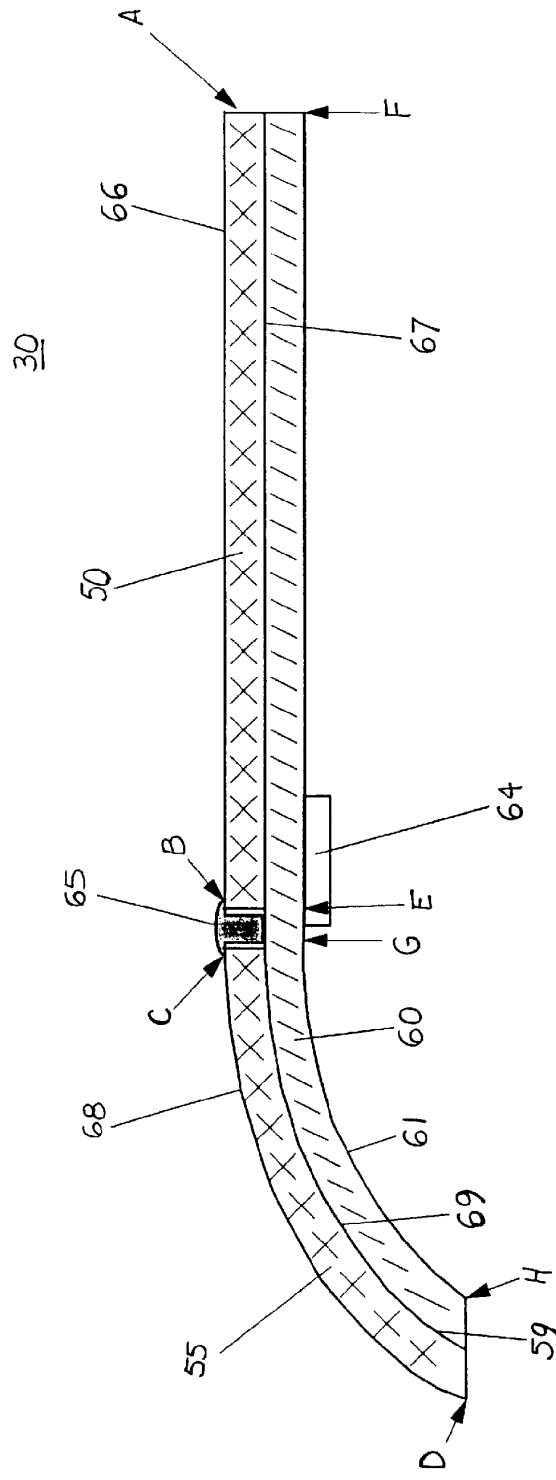


Figure 3

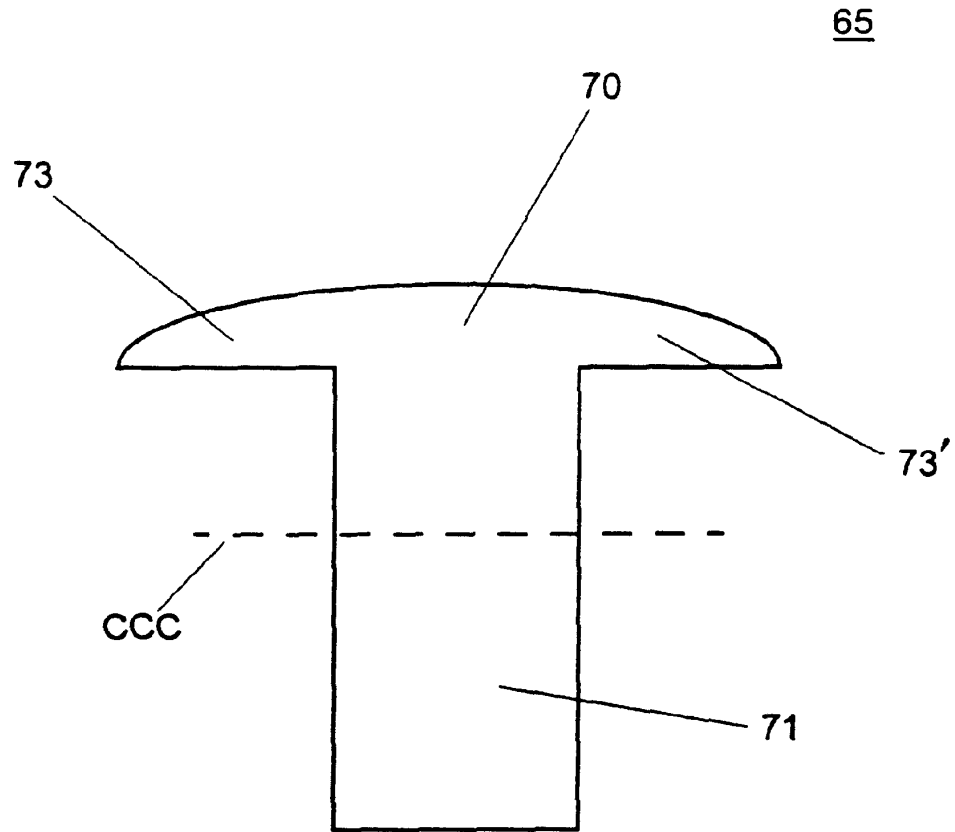
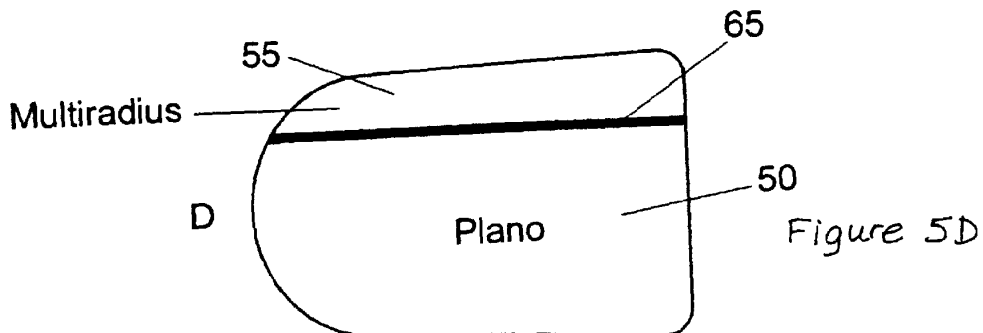
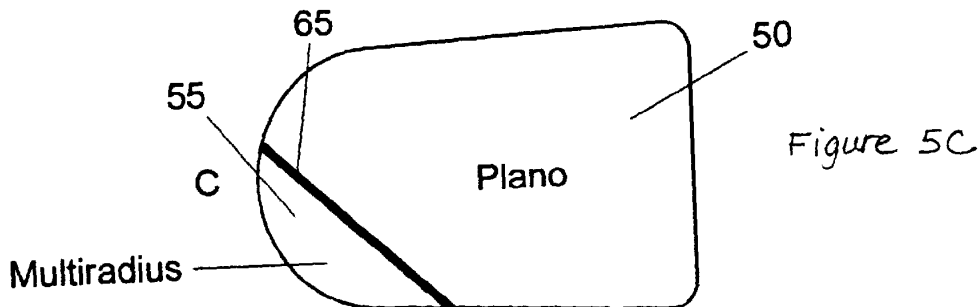
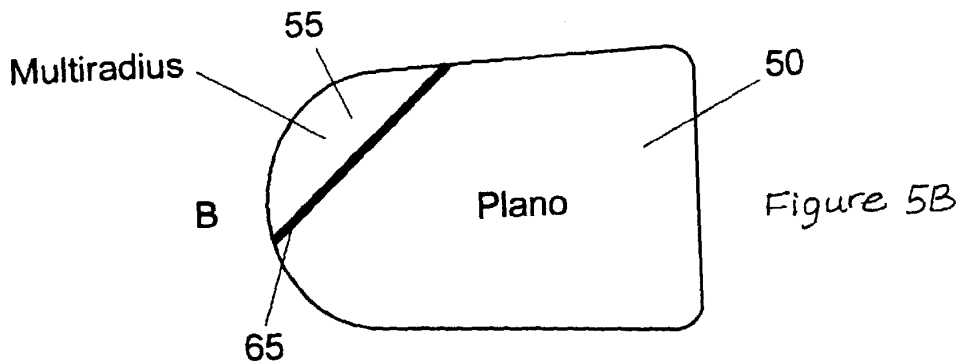
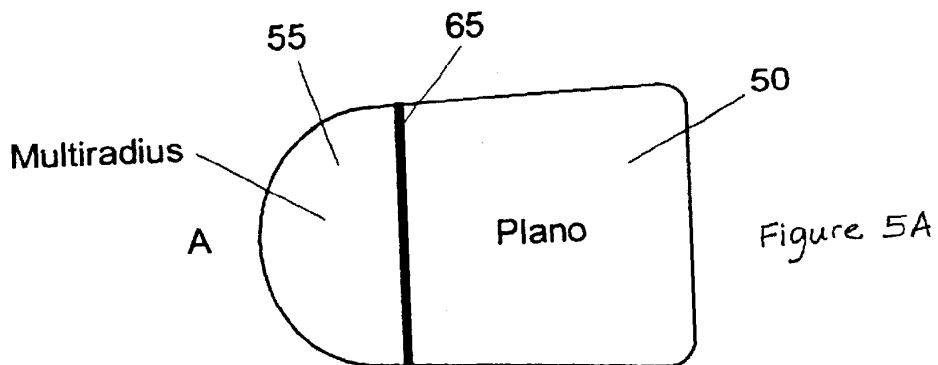
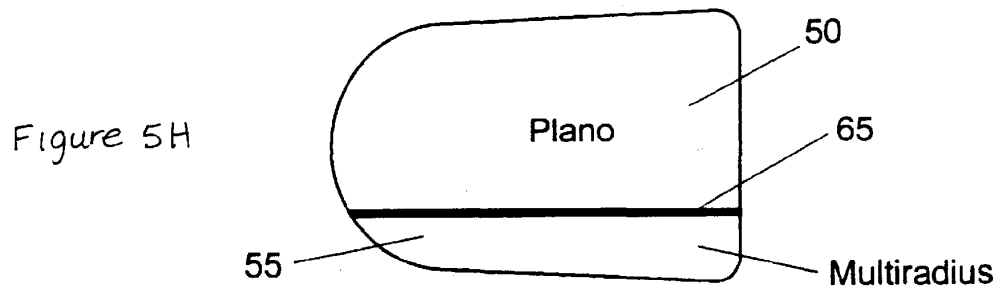
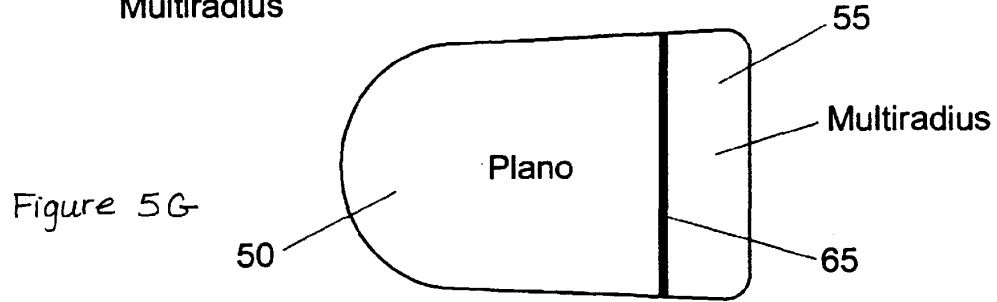
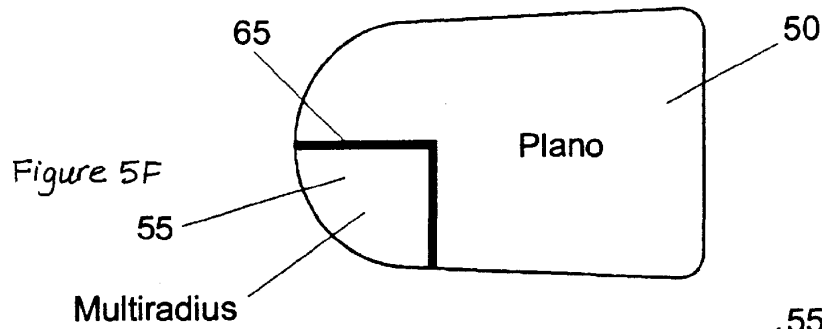
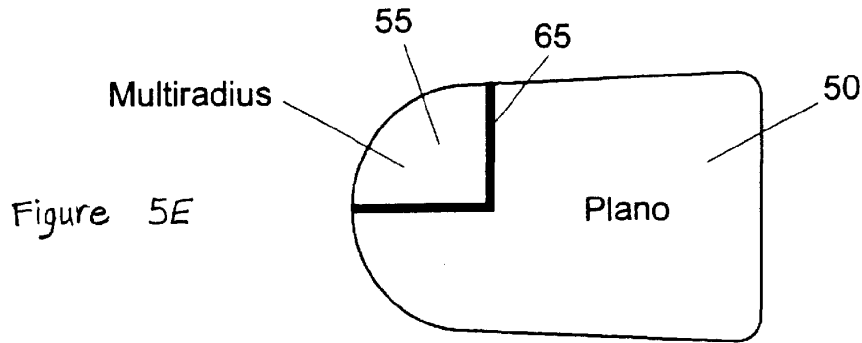


Figure 4







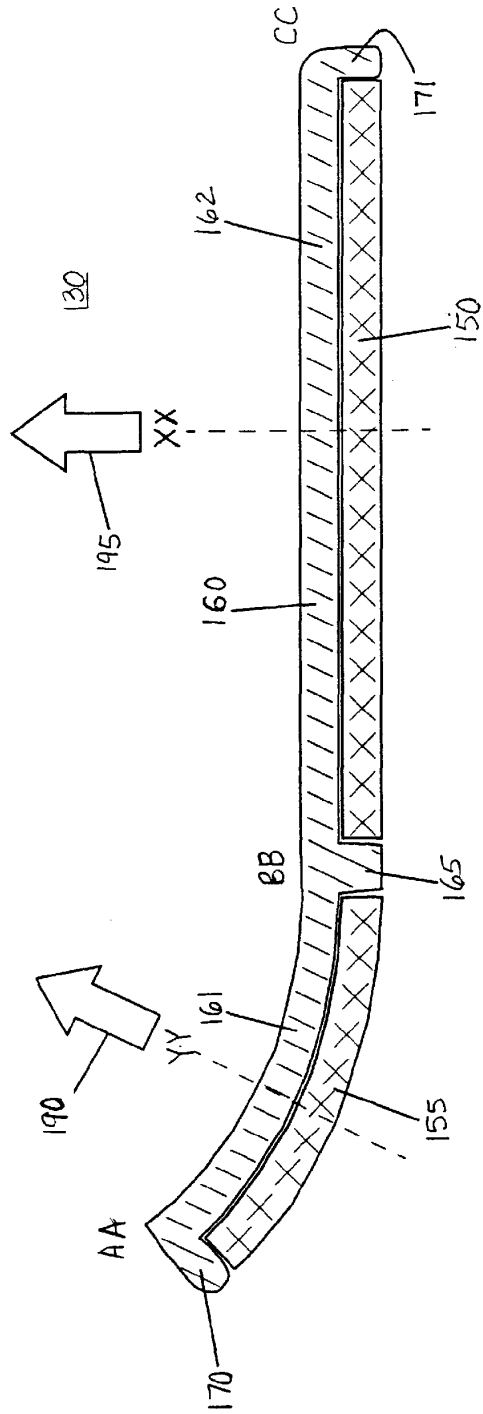


Figure 6

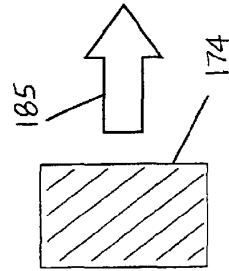


Figure 6A

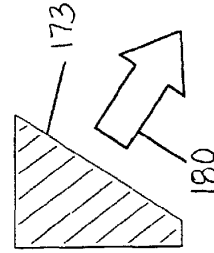


Figure 6B

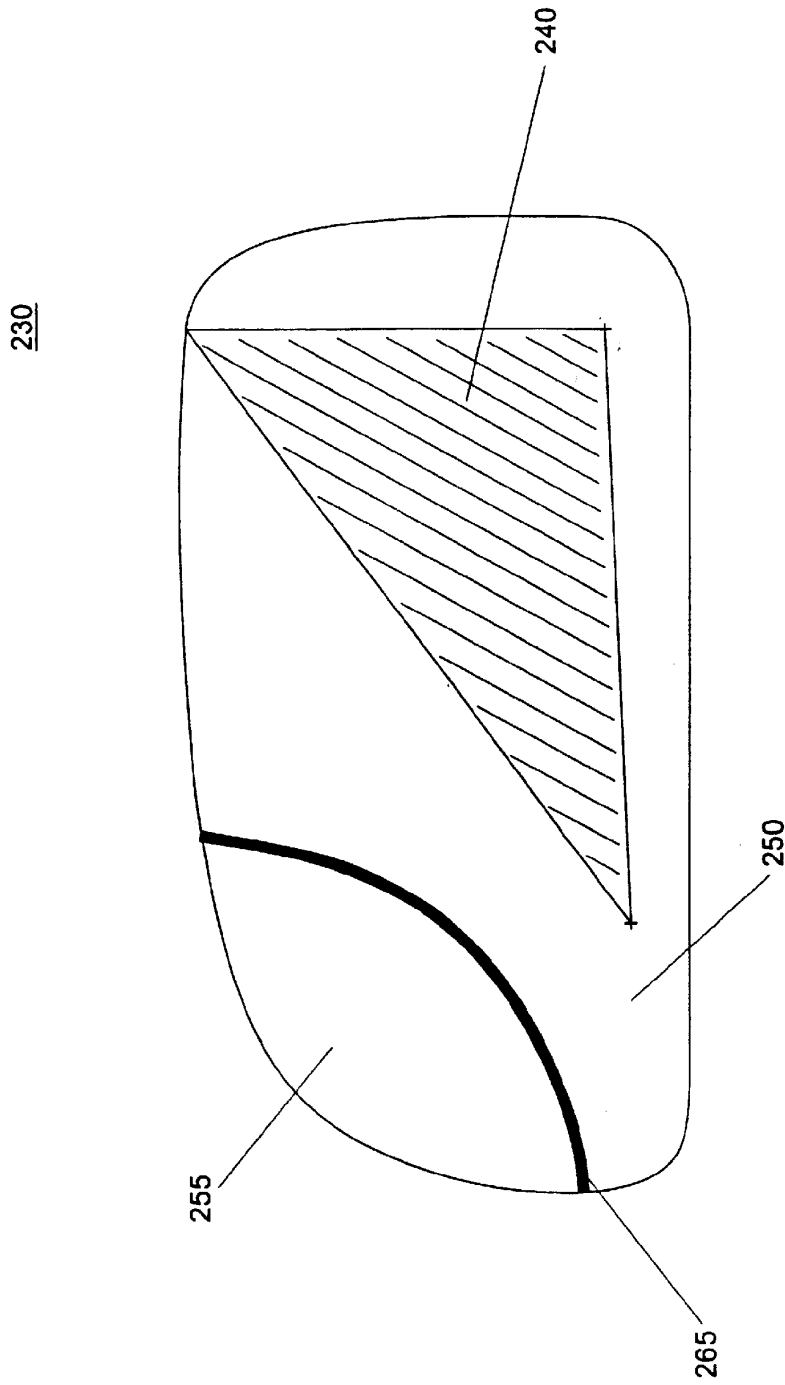


Figure 7

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**EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY  
REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY**

TECHNICAL FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF  
THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to exterior sideview mirror assemblies suitable for use on an automobile, and more specifically, to plano-auxiliary reflective element assemblies for use in automobile exterior sideview mirror assemblies.

Automobiles are typically equipped with an interior rearview mirror assembly (adapted for providing a rearward field of view immediately rearward of the vehicle, typically principally in the road lane the vehicle is traveling in) and at least one exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of the vehicle (typically adjacent a front side window portion). The exterior side view mirror assembly typically comprises a reflective element adapted to provide a rearward field of view of the side lane adjacent the vehicle so as to allow the driver see whether a side approaching vehicle is present when the driver is contemplating a lane change. Conventionally, automobiles are equipped with a driver-side exterior mirror assembly and, very often, with a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side of the automobile body opposite to that of the driver-side assembly. While the combination of an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror (and especially in a three-mirror system comprising an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror and a passenger-side exterior mirror) works well in many driving situations, rear vision blind spots present a potential safety hazard while driving. A rear vision blind spot is an area adjacent the side of an automobile where a view of another vehicle (overtaking on that side) is not captured in the rearward field of view of the exterior mirror reflector on that side. This presents a potential safety hazard as the driver, upon checking the view in the exterior sideview mirror and seeing no overtaking vehicle therein, may deem it safe to initiate a lane change, unaware that there is a vehicle immediately adjacent in a blind-spot of the exterior mirror reflector.

Various attempts have been made conventionally to minimize and/or eliminate exterior mirror blind-spots on vehicles. One approach is to make the exterior mirror reflector larger, and particularly wider with respect to the vehicle body. By increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector, it has a wider field of view rearwards, and hence the reflector blind-spot is reduced. While use of a wide exterior mirror reflector is an option for trucks, buses and commercial vehicles, increasing the width of the reflector used in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted on automobiles (such as sedans, station wagons, sports cars, convertibles, minivans, sports utility vehicles, pick-up trucks and similar passenger carrying automobiles) is often not an option. In such domestic automobiles, increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector increases the size of the exterior sideview mirror assembly with a concomitant increase in aerodynamic drag, increase in fuel consumption, increased difficulty in parking in tight parking spaces, and increased reflector vibration. Use of a non-flat, curved exterior mirror reflector is commonly used to increase rearward field of view without increasing reflector size.

While working well to increase field of view, use of a curved reflector (such as a convex, spherically-curved reflector) has disadvantages. The field of view rearward increases as the degree of curvature of the bent substrate increases (i.e., the field of view rearward increases as the

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radius of curvature of the bent substrate decreases). However, such wide-angle mirrors have non-unit magnification and distance perception rearward is distorted. For this reason, convex (spherically-bent) exterior mirror reflectors are required in some countries (such as the United States) to carry a safety warning "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR". Distance perception is particularly important for a driver-side exterior mirror. Indeed, Federal Vehicle Safety Standard No: 111 in the United States (the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein) requires that the driver-side exterior mirror reflector exhibit unit magnification, and places restrictions on the radius of curvature allowed for any bent passenger-side mirror as well as requiring a safety warning be placed thereon. As an improvement over spherically bent/convex mirror reflectors, aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors (such as are disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,449,786 and 5,724,187, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein) have been developed. Such mirrors are widely used in Europe and Asia for both driver-side exterior mirror reflectors and for passenger-side exterior mirror reflectors. The aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors typically have a less curved (larger radius of curvature) reflective region that is inboard or closest to the driver when mounted on a vehicle and, usually separated by a demarcation line or the like, have a more curved (smaller radius of curvature) region that is outboard or farthest from the driver when mounted on a vehicle. However, such aspherical or multiradius reflectors do not have unit magnification and so cannot be used when unit magnification is mandated (such as by FMVSS 111, referenced above).

To supplement a flat driver-side exterior mirror reflector, an auxiliary and separate bent reflector is sometimes incorporated into the driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly. However, this is often not suitable for passenger automobiles because of the extra space required in the sideview mirror assembly to accommodate an auxiliary reflector element. Also, in most passenger automobiles, the position of the side view mirror reflector is adjustable by the driver (such as by a hand-adjust, or by a manually adjustable cable such as a Bowden cable or by an electrically operable actuator, as known in the art) in order to provide to that driver his or her desired rearward field of view, which ill-suits use of a separate, auxiliary reflector. Likewise, addition of stick-on blind-spot mirror reflectors (such as are commonly sold in automotive parts stores and the like) onto an automobile exterior sideview mirror reflector has disadvantages, including obscuring field of view of the automobile mirror reflector and adding to mirror element vibration.

There is thus a need to provide an automobile exterior sideview reflective element, and particularly a driver-side automobile exterior sideview reflective element, that overcomes the disadvantages above and that provides the driver of the automobile with a distortion-free field of view with unit magnification that is supplemented with a wide-angle view of a side lane blind spot, and there is a need that this be provided in a unitary reflective element assembly module suitable to mount onto, and be adjusted by, the mirror reflector adjustment mechanism (such as an electrically operated, motorized actuator) provided in the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;

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FIG. 2 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of FIG. 3;

FIGS. 5A-5H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;

FIG. 6 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a dividing wall in a backing plate element;

FIG. 6A is a cross-section taken along line XX of FIG. 6;

FIG. 6B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of FIG. 6; and

FIG. 7 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention provides a plano reflective element with unit magnification and an auxiliary reflector element for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. More specifically, this invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention is especially suitable for mounting in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly that is mounted to the side of the automobile body adjacent to the seating position of the driver in the front of the interior vehicular cabin. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention comprises a plano portion which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. This plano portion comprises a flat substrate, typically a flat glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention also includes a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, that has non-unit magnification. The plano portion provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. This multiradius portion comprises a curved substrate, typically a bent glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano portion and the multiradius portion are demarcated apart by a demarcation element. The demarcation element enables the driver of a vehicle equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element of this invention to readily delineate a rearward view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano portion comprises a flat reflective element and the multiradius portion comprises a bent reflective element. The flat, plano reflective element and the curved, multiradius reflective element are individually and separately manufactured, and are adjacently attached to a single backing plate (which typically comprises a polymeric substrate, most typically a molded polymeric substrate), and with the demarcation element disposed at the joint of the

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plano, flat reflective element and the multiradius, bent reflective element. The backing plate is fabricated (typically by polymeric molding) to have a flat portion that corresponds to the plano, flat reflective element, and a curved surface that corresponds to the multiradius, curved reflective element. The attachment of the plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element to a single backing plate produces a unitary plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly module suitable for mounting in an exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the exterior sideview mirror assembly, the rearward fields of view of both the plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

One embodiment of the invention includes an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile comprising an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile. The exterior sideview mirror assembly includes a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile. The reflective element is attached to an actuator and is movable by the actuator in order to position the reflective element's rearward field of view in response to a control. The reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly which comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature. The plano element and the separate multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly are attached to a backing plate element. The backing plate element is mounted to the actuator such that movement of the backing plate element (and hence the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly) by the actuator simultaneously and similarly moves the plano element and the multiradius element. The plano element and the multiradius element are separately and, preferably, adjacently attached to the backing plate element at a joint.

In a further embodiment, a demarcation element is disposed at this joint to form a demarcation between the plano element and the multiradius element; this demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile. Preferably, the demarcation element is dark colored, such as with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown. Optionally, there is a space at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element and the demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano element and said multiradius element. The demarcation element can comprise at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.

In a further embodiment, the demarcation element comprises a wall on the backing plate element; this wall being located on the backing plate element at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element, this wall separating the respective elements apart.

In preferred embodiments, the portion of the demarcation element visible to a driver of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention has a width from about 0.5 mm to about 4 mm.

In preferred embodiments, the plano element is attached to the backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element is attached to the backing plate element at a location such that, when the exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least portion, and preferably at least a sub-

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stantial portion, of the plano element is disposed closer to the side of the vehicle than any portion of the multiradius element element.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm, and the ratio of the width of the plano element to the width of the multiradius element is greater than 1.

In preferred embodiments, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the auxiliary, multiradius element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. The principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle.

In a preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted comprises an electrically operable actuator. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is controlled by a switch or by a memory controller. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element and/or the multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element, and the multiradius element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector, such as a fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

In a preferred embodiment, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

These and other advantages, features, and modifications will become more apparent when reviewed in conjunction with the drawings and the detailed description which follows.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As illustrated in FIG. 1, passenger automobile 10 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal trans-

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portation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 18 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 25. Interior vehicle cabin 25 further includes a steering wheel 16, a driver seat 20 positioned at steering wheel 16, a front passenger seat 21 adjacent to driver seat 20 in the front portion of cabin 25, and a rear passenger seat 23 in the rear portion of cabin 25. Automobile 10 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 14, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body 11, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 20 for driver-side assembly 12 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 21 for passenger-side assembly 14. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in FIG. 1 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 includes, as illustrated in FIG. 2, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 30. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 36. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 36 in response to control 37. Control 37 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 within exterior mirror housing 40 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Alternately, when actuator 36 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 37 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin 25) or control 37 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 36 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 36 is mounted to bracket 38 which attaches to vehicle body side 11. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positionable by actuator 36 within exterior mirror housing 40.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, as shown in FIG. 3, comprises a plano element 50 and a separate multiradius element 55. Preferably, plano element 50 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in FIG. 3. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are both mounted to surface 59 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 60. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 65. Surface 61 of backing plate element 60 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 64, to actuator 36 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 14) such that plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 36 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Thus, since elements 50, 55 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, movement of plano-multiradius

reflective element assembly **30** by actuator **36** simultaneously and similarly moves plano element **50** and multiradius element **55**.

Plano element **50** preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element **50** may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element **50** may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element **50** may be a first surface coating (such as on surface **66**) or a second surface coating (such as on surface **67**), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element **50** may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element **50** preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly **12** and/or **14**, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element **50** is positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element **55**. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, side A of plano element **50** of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element **55** when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is mounted on an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly **12** and/or **14**, surfaces **66**, **68** of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

Multiradius element **55** of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element **55** with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element **55** (side C in FIG. 3) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element **50** when both are mounted on backing plate element **60**. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element **55**, when mounted on backing plate element **60**, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element **55** from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element **55** is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element **55** is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element **55** comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multira-

dius element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

Multiradius element **55** may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element **55** may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element **55** may be a first surface coating (such as on surface **68**) or a second surface coating (such as on surface **69**), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element **55** may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element **55** preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, **66** and **68**, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements **50,55** is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element **50** and/or multiradius element **55** can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** when mounted to an automobile.

The reflector area of plano element **50** is preferably larger than that of multiradius element **55**. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element **50** is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element **55** (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the distance from side A to side B of plano element **50** is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element **55**. Thus, the ratio of the width of plano element **50** to the width of multiradius element **55** is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element **50** as the principal rear

viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** and providing multiradius element **55** as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30**. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element **50** (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 75 mm to about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

Backing plate element **60** is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element **50** and multiradius element **55**. Backing plate element **60** comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in FIG. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element **50**. Backing plate element **60** also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in FIG. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element **55**. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element **55** is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element **55**. Backing plate element **60** is formed as a single element to which elements **50** and **55** are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element **60** is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element **60** include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element **60** can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element **50** can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element **55** can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element **60**. Alternatively, plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element **60** with elements **50**, **55** integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element **65**) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30**.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** further preferably includes demarcation element **65** that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray, rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** when both are attached to backing plate element **60**. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element **65** can be disposed in any gap between plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** at their joint on backing plate element **60**. Preferably, demarcation element **65** is formed of a polymeric material

that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element **65** is formed of an at least partially elastomeric material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements **50**, **55**. As shown in FIG. 4, demarcation element **65** optionally includes a crown portion **70** that includes wing portions **73**, **73'** and a stem portion **71**. Stem portion **71** preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than about 2 mm. Crown portion **70** preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces **66**, **68** of elements **50**, **55** when demarcation element **65** is installed between elements **50** and **55**. Also, wings **73**, **73'** are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces **66**, **68** of elements **50**, **55** when demarcation element **65** is installed between elements **50** and **55** in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements **50**, **55** that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in FIG. 4 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap). Optionally, demarcation element **65** is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** have been attached to backing plate element **60**, a separately formed demarcation element **65** can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space between elements **50** and **55**. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element **50** and side C of multiradius element **55** can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element **65** can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements **50** and **55**. Alternatively, demarcation element **65** can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements **50** and **55**. The width of the portion of demarcation element **65** that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element **65** can be formed as part of backing plate element **60** such as by forming demarcation element **65** as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element **60** into two regions: A first region adapted to receive plano reflective element **50** and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element **55**.

Thus, and referring to FIG. 6, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **130** may

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include a backing plate element **160** which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element **165** that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element **165** into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element **150** and into a second region (from BB to AA) adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element **155**. Note that section AA to BB of backing plate element **160** is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in FIG. 6 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

Preferably, demarcation element **65** is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element **60**, and attachment of elements **50**, **55** thereto. For example, plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element **60** with elements **50**, **55** integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element **65** (along with any other elements such as attachment member **64**) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30**. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components. Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

Plano element **50** and/or multiradius element **55** can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces **66**, **68**. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element **50** and/or multiradius element **55** can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

Also, plano element **50** and/or multiradius element **55** can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element **50** and element **55** can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of element **50** and element **55** can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano

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element **50** and multiradius element **55** comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements **50**, **55** can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient light). Alternately, if both plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element **50** can dim independently of element **55** (such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein). If either or both of elements **50**, **55** comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/350,930, filed Jul. 12, 1999, entitled "ELECTROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANUFACTURING ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desraj V. Varaprasad et al., now U.S. Pat. No. 6,154,306, or such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6 mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

Backing plate element **65** of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member **64** to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure sensitive adhesive to form a "double-sticky" tape. Exterior sideview mirror assembly **12** and/or **14**, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

FIGS. 5A-5H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element **55** relative to its adjacent plano reflective element **50** (with demarcation element **65** disposed at their joint). In FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element **50** is mounted wholly inboard of multiradius element **55**. Thus, in



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FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element **50** would be disposed closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than multiradius element **55** when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** was mounted in an exterior sideview mirror attached to a side of an automobile. Therefore, in FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element **50** would be mounted inboard relative to the side of the automobile and multiradius element **55** would be mounted outboard relative to the side of the automobile. In general, the location of the multiradius reflective element in the outboard, upper portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, as in FIGS. 5B and 5E, is preferred as this allows the plano portion provide a desired rearward field of view along the side of the vehicle. The configuration as shown in FIG. 5G (where the multiradius reflective element is along the inboard side of the assembly) is also desirable as this allows the driver view the side of the vehicle (something many drivers desire in order to have a frame of reference for their rearward field of view) while facilitating having a wide field of view for the plano portion.

Unlike trucks, busses and commercial vehicles the size of an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on an automobile (and especially when the automobile is not towing a trailer or the like) is restricted. Automobiles generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal transportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles (which are classified herein as automobiles) can have seat accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accommodation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The tandem mounting of a plano element of unit magnification and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing plate element onto an actuator of an exterior sideview mirror assembly so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly move the auxiliary element and the plano element so as to position their respective rearward fields of view, and to achieve this within the relatively restricted space available in a standard automobile-sized exterior sideview mirror assembly is an important element of this present invention. By utilizing a plano element of unit magnification in the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, and by sizing the reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector area of the multiradius element and, preferably, by sizing the reflector area of the plano element at a sufficiently large size that the rearward field of view provided by the plano element alone meets and satisfies the minimum field of view requirement mandated by an automaker specification and/or a government regulation, the need to provide a safety warning indicia such as "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR" in the plano element and/or in the multiradius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plano element comprises a reflector surface area of a size sufficient, when mounted as part of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, to provide the driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a longitudinal plane tangent to the driver's side of the automobile at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the tangent plane 35 feet behind the driver's eyes (at a nominal location appropriate for any 95th percentile male driver or at the driver's eye reference points established in Federal Motor Vehicle Standard No. 104), with the driver seated in the driver's seat and with the driver's seat in the rearmost position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly (defined as the ratio

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of its largest vertical dimension to its largest horizontal dimension, measured with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be oriented when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel with the road surface the automobile travels on and "vertical" being generally perpendicular to the road surface the automobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more preferably less than 0.8, most preferably less than 0.6. Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be disposed outboard (relative to the side of the vehicle and with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly so that the multiradius element is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a "blind-spot" region in an adjacent sidelane while the more inboard-disposed plano element with unit magnification provides the principal sideview image to the driver.

Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element be different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the road that the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile) so as to provide the driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in the side lane that the plano element views). However, preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted driver-side (or passenger-side) exterior sideview mirror assembly in which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location and/or several feet (such as about 1 foot to about 24 feet; more preferably, about 1 foot to about 12 feet; most preferably about 1 foot to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear (in order to capture a field of view of a rear approaching vehicle that is approaching to overtake, or is about to overtake, or is overtaking the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly). Thus, preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is angled and directed generally downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element. For example, multiradius element **155** when attached to surface **173** of backing plate **160** (see FIG. 6B) would have its principal axis of rearward view as indicated by **180** as in FIG. 6B, and as such would be canted towards the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. By contrast, plano element **150** when attached to surface **174** of backing plate **160** (see FIG. 6A) would have a principal axis as indicated by **185** as in FIG. 6A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. Having the multiradius element canted somewhat downwards towards the road surface assists visual detection by the driver of overtaking vehicles in the traditional "blind-spot" in the adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius element is

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angled on the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plano reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1 degree to about 10 degree range; about 2 degree to about 8 degree range more preferred; and about 3 degree to about 6 degree range most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plano reflective element is attached to. Thus, and referring to FIG. 6, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 includes a molded polymeric backing plate element 160 comprising a generally flat portion 162 (between BB and CC in FIG. 6) and an adjacent curved portion 161 (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190 and 195, portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160 to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. FIG. 6 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162 closer to the driver than portion 161). The wall section, section XX in FIG. 6, taken through section 162 of backing plate element 160 is of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in FIG. 6A) whereas the wall section, section YY in FIG. 6B, taken through section 161 of backing plate element 160 is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150 and multiradius reflective element 155 (for example, plano element 150 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and multiradius element 155 can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to portions 162 and 161, respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173 (see FIG. 6B) of portion 161, the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155 is angled downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal viewing axis of plano element 150, when plano-multiradius reflective element 130 is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element 165 is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element 160, and so demarcation element 165 is formed as an integral part of backing plate element 160, forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160 into a region for receiving the plano reflective element 150 and a region for receiving the auxiliary reflective element 155. Also, end-caps 170 and 171 are optionally provided. Plano reflective element 150 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 171; multiradius reflective element 155 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 170. Note that the portion of the backing plate element where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in FIGS. 6A-B. As illustrated in FIGS. 6A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in

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order to ensure that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

Referring to FIG. 7, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element for the auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective

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element is angled relative to the plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

The above description is considered that of the preferred embodiments only. Modification of the invention will occur to those skilled in the art and to those who make or use the invention. Therefore, it is understood that the embodiments shown in the drawings and described above are merely for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention, which is defined in the following claims as interpreted according to the principles of patent law, including the doctrine of equivalents.

I claim:

1. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;

said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view in response to a control;

wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature, said plano reflective element having a rearward field of view with a principal axis;

said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly mounted adjacently in said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element, and supported by a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said multiradius reflective element having a rearward field of view with a principal axis, said backing plate element have a first support portion supporting said plano-reflective element and a second support portion supporting said multiradius reflective element, said second support portion tilted forward with respect to said first support portion whereby said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is angled downwardly and outwardly with respect to said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said plano reflective element

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when said multiradius reflective element and said plano reflective element are supported by said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in said exterior sideview mirror assembly on the automobile, and said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said plano reflective element being directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and wherein said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile; and

said multiradius reflective element being positioned diagonally at an outboard upper portion of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile.

2. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element are adjacently attached to said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.

3. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored.

4. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 3, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown.

5. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 3, wherein said demarcation element comprises at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.

6. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 5, wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material.

7. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.

8. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 7, wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.

9. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall separating said plano reflective element from said multiradius reflective element.

10. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 4 mm.

11. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 3 mm.

12. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 2 mm.

13. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.5 mm.

14. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.75 mm.

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15. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 1 mm.

16. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element is supported by said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

17. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is supported by said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

18. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is supported by said backing plate element at a location such that, when said exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least a portion of said plano reflective element is disposed closer to said side of the automobile than any portion of said multiradius reflective element.

19. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4.000 mm to about 50 mm.

20. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.

21. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.5.

22. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 2.5.

23. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 1 degree to about 10 degrees.

24. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees.

25. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees.

26. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is generally set by an angling of a surface of said backing plate element.

27. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver

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seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

28. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 12 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

29. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 8 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

30. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly.

31. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.

32. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.

33. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said control comprises a memory controller.

34. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.

35. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein both said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprise an electro-optic reflective element.

36. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optical reflective element.

37. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 36, wherein said electro-optical reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.

38. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 37, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.

39. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 38, wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

40. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

\* \* \* \* \*

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

This is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Pat. application Ser. No. 09/478,315, filed Jan. 6, 2000, entitled "EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY", which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

5                   TECHNICAL FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to exterior sideview mirror assemblies suitable for use on an automobile, and more specifically, to plano-auxiliary reflective element assemblies for use in automobile exterior sideview mirror assemblies.

Automobiles are typically equipped with an interior rearview mirror assembly  
10 (adapted for providing a rearward field of view immediately rearward of the vehicle, typically principally in the road lane the vehicle is traveling in) and at least one exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of the vehicle (typically adjacent a front side window portion). The exterior side view mirror assembly typically comprises a reflective element adapted to provide a rearward field of view of the side lane adjacent the vehicle so as  
15 to allow the driver see whether a side approaching vehicle is present when the driver is contemplating a lane change. Conventionally, automobiles are equipped with a driver-side exterior mirror assembly and, very often, with a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side of the automobile body opposite to that of the driver-side assembly. While the combination of an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior  
20 mirror (and especially in a three-mirror system comprising an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror and a passenger-side exterior mirror) works well in many driving situations, rear vision blind spots present a potential safety hazard while driving. A rear vision blind spot is an area adjacent the side of an automobile where a view of another vehicle (overtaking on that side) is not captured in the rearward field of view of the exterior  
25 mirror reflector on that side. This presents a potential safety hazard as the driver, upon checking the view in the exterior sideview mirror and seeing no overtaking vehicle therein, may deem it safe to initiate a lane change, unaware that there is a vehicle immediately adjacent in a blind-spot of the exterior mirror reflector.

**EXHIBIT C**

Various attempts have been made conventionally to minimize and/or eliminate exterior mirror blind-spots on vehicles. One approach is to make the exterior mirror reflector larger, and particularly wider with respect to the vehicle body. By increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector, it has a wider field of view rearwards, and hence the reflector blind-spot is reduced. While use of a wide exterior mirror reflector is an option for trucks, buses and commercial vehicles, increasing the width of the reflector used in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted on automobiles (such as sedans, station wagons, sports cars, convertibles, minivans, sports utility vehicles, pick-up trucks and similar passenger carrying automobiles) is often not an option. In such domestic automobiles, increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector increases the size of the exterior sideview mirror assembly with a concomitant increase in aerodynamic drag, increase in fuel consumption, increased difficulty in parking in tight parking spaces, and increased reflector vibration. Use of a non-flat, curved exterior mirror reflector is commonly used to increase rearward field of view without increasing reflector size.

While working well to increase field of view, use of a curved reflector (such as a convex, spherically-curved reflector) has disadvantages. The field of view rearward increases as the degree of curvature of the bent substrate increases (i.e., the field of view rearward increases as the radius of curvature of the bent substrate decreases). However, such wide-angle mirrors have non-unit magnification and distance perception rearward is distorted. For this reason, convex (spherically-bent) exterior mirror reflectors are required in some countries (such as the United States) to carry a safety warning "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR". Distance perception is particularly important for a driver-side exterior mirror. Indeed, Federal Vehicle Safety Standard No: 111 in the United States (the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein) requires that the driver-side exterior mirror reflector exhibit unit magnification, and places restrictions on the radius of curvature allowed for any bent passenger-side mirror as well as requiring a safety warning be placed thereon. As an improvement over spherically bent/convex mirror reflectors, aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors (such as are disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,449,786 and 5,724,187, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein) have been developed. Such mirrors are widely used in Europe and Asia for both driver-side exterior mirror reflectors and for passenger-side exterior mirror reflectors. The aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors typically have a

less curved (larger radius of curvature) reflective region that is inboard or closest to the driver when mounted on a vehicle and, usually separated by a demarcation line or the like, have a more curved (smaller radius of curvature) region that is outboard or farthest from the driver when mounted on a vehicle. However, such aspherical or multiradius reflectors do not have unit magnification and so cannot be used when unit magnification is mandated (such as by  
5 FMVSS 111, referenced above).

To supplement a flat driver-side exterior mirror reflector, an auxiliary and separate bent reflector is sometimes incorporated into the driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly. However, this is often not suitable for passenger automobiles because of the extra  
10 space required in the sideview mirror assembly to accommodate an auxiliary reflector element. Also, in most passenger automobiles, the position of the side view mirror reflector is adjustable by the driver (such as by a hand-adjust, or by a manually adjustable cable such as a Bowden cable or by an electrically operable actuator, as known in the art) in order to provide to that driver his or her desired rearward field of view, which ill-suits use of a  
15 separate, auxiliary reflector. Likewise, addition of stick-on blind-spot mirror reflectors (such as are commonly sold in automotive parts stores and the like) onto an automobile exterior sideview mirror reflector has disadvantages, including obscuring field of view of the automobile mirror reflector and adding to mirror element vibration.

There is thus a need to provide an automobile exterior sideview reflective  
20 element, and particularly a driver-side automobile exterior sideview reflective element, that overcomes the disadvantages above and that provides the driver of the automobile with a distortion-free field of view with unit magnification that is supplemented with a wide-angle view of a side lane blind spot, and there is a need that this be provided in a unitary reflective element assembly module suitable to mount onto, and be adjusted by, the mirror reflector  
25 adjustment mechanism (such as an electrically operated, motorized actuator) provided in the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, an automobile exterior sideview mirror system includes an exterior sideview mirror assembly having a reflective element assembly.  
30 The reflective element assembly includes a first reflective element and a second reflective element, which together provide an increased field of view for the exterior side mirror assembly.

In one form of the invention, an automobile exterior side mirror system includes an exterior side mirror assembly, which is adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile. The exterior sideview mirror assembly includes a reflective element assembly having a plano reflective element, which forms a first reflective element, and a multiradiused reflective element which forms a second reflective element. The reflective element assembly is mounted to an actuator, which moves the reflective element assembly to position the rearward field of view of the reflective element assembly. The reflective element assembly further includes a frame element assembly to which the first and second reflective elements are mounted and which orients the second reflective element such that it has a viewing range which spans outwardly and downwardly with respect to the first reflective element to thereby provide an increased field of view for the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

In one aspect, the first reflective element and the second reflective element are adjacently attached to the frame element assembly at a joint. The reflective element assembly further includes a demarcation element disposed at its joint to form a demarcation between the first and second reflective elements that is visible to the driver. In a further aspect, the frame element assembly includes a bezel portion which extends around the first reflective element, with the demarcation element comprising a segment of the first bezel portion.

In another aspect, the second reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of about 4000 mm to about 100 mm.

In yet another aspect, the frame element assembly includes a frame, with the first and second reflective elements being mounted in the frame. The multiradiused reflective element is mounted to the frame at an outboard position, with the plano reflective element being positioned adjacent the multiradiused reflective element and at an inboard position with respect to the multiradiused reflective element when the exterior side mirror assembly is mounted to an automobile. In a further aspect, the plano reflective element is mounted to the frame by a backing plate, which is preferably adapted to mount to the actuator.

In other aspects, the first reflective element includes a rearward field of view having a principal axis, which is different from and angled to a principal axis of the rearward field of view of the second reflective element when the reflective element assembly is mounted in the exterior sideview mirror assembly. The principal axis of the rearward field of view of the second reflective element is directed generally outwardly and downwardly with



respect to a longitudinal axis of the automobile when the exterior side mirror system is mounted to an automobile. For example, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the second reflective element may form a downward angle with respect to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the first reflective element in the range from about .75° to about 5°, or in a range of about 1.5° to about 3.5°, in a range of about 2° to about 3°.

In other aspects, the principal axis of the second reflective element forms an outward angle with respect to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the first reflective element in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°, or in a range of about 1° to about 3°, or in a range of about 1.25° to about 2.5°.

According to another form of the invention, an automobile exterior side mirror system includes an exterior side mirror assembly, which is adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile. The exterior side mirror assembly includes a mirror casing, a reflective element assembly, and an actuator. The reflective element assembly includes a frame element assembly, a first reflective element having a unit magnification, and a second reflective element having a multiradiused curvature. The frame element assembly mounts the first reflective element and the second reflective element in the mirror casing and is adapted to mount to the actuator, which adjusts the orientation of the reflective element assembly. The first reflective element has a first rearward field of view with a first principal axis, and the second reflective element has a second rearward field of view with a second principal axis, with the second principal axis being angled outwardly and downwardly with respect to the first principal axis.

In one aspect, the second principal axis is angled outwardly from the first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°, or in a range of approximately 1° to about 3°, or at an angle in a range of about 1.25° to about 2.5°.

In another aspect, the second principal axis is angled downwardly from the first principal axis at an angle in a range of approximately 0.75° to about 5°, or in a range of about 1.5° to about 3.5°, or at an angle in a range of about 2° to about 3°.

In another aspect, the frame includes a support surface for the second reflective element, with the support surface angling the second principal axis of the second reflective element.

In yet another form of the invention, an automobile exterior sideview mirror system includes an exterior sideview mirror assembly, which is adapted for attachment to a

side of an automobile. The mirror assembly includes an actuator and a reflective element assembly. The reflective element assembly includes a frame element assembly, a first reflective element, and a second reflective element. The frame element assembly is adapted to mount to the actuator and includes a frame and a support surface for the second reflective  
5 element. The actuator adjusts the position of the reflective element assembly to thereby adjust the viewing angle of the sideview mirror system. The support surface angles the second reflective element downwardly and forwardly of the first reflective element when the mirror assembly is mounted to an automobile whereby the second reflective element provides a viewing range which spans outwardly and downwardly with respect to the automobile to  
10 thereby provide an increased field of view for the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

In one aspect, the support surface is provided by a plate element, for example a solid plate element or a foraminous plate element. In other aspects, the support surface is provided by a frame.

In further aspects, the frame includes a first bezel portion and a second bezel  
15 portion, with the first bezel portion extending around the first reflective element, and the second bezel portion extending around the second reflective element. In one form, the second bezel portion is angled forwardly with respect to the first bezel portion when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to a side of an automobile.

In another aspect, the second reflective element is located outboard of the first  
20 reflective element.

These and other advantages, features, and modifications will become more apparent when reviewed in conjunction with the drawings and the detailed description which follows.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

25 FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;

FIG. 2 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of FIG. 1;

30 FIG. 3 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of FIG. 3;

FIG. 5A-5H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;

FIG. 6 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a dividing wall in a backing plate element;

FIG. 6A is a cross-section taken along line XX of FIG.6;

FIG. 6B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of FIG.6;

FIG. 7 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention;

FIG. 8 is a front elevation view of another embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention;

FIG. 9 is an exploded perspective view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8;

FIG. 10 is an end view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8 as viewed from line X-X of FIG. 8;

FIG. 11 is a top view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8 as viewed from line XI-XI of FIG. 8;

FIG. 12 is a schematic representation of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8 illustrating the orientation of the reflective element;

FIG. 13 is another schematic representation of the orientation of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element in FIG. 8;

FIG. 14 is a diagram illustrating the range of viewing of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8; and

FIG. 15 is a perspective view of another embodiment of an exterior rearview mirror system of the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As illustrated in FIG. 1, passenger automobile 10 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal transportation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 18 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 25. Interior vehicle cabin 25 further includes a steering wheel 16, a driver seat 20 positioned at

steering wheel 16, a front passenger seat 21 adjacent to driver seat 20 in the front portion of cabin 25, and a rear passenger seat 23 in the rear portion of cabin 25. Automobile 10 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 14, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile  
5 body 11, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 20 for driver-side assembly 12 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 21 for passenger-side assembly 14. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in FIG. 1 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 includes, as illustrated in FIG.  
10 2, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 30. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 36. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 36 in response to control 37. Control 37 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius  
15 reflective element assembly 30 within exterior mirror housing 40 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Alternately, when actuator 36 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 37 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin  
20 25) or control 37 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 36 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 36 is mounted to bracket 38 which attaches to vehicle body side 11. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positionable by actuator 36 within  
25 exterior mirror housing 40.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, as shown in FIG. 3, comprises a plano element 50 and a separate multiradius element 55. Preferably, plano element 50 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space  
30 therebetween, or plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in FIG. 3. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are both mounted to surface 59 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 60.

Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 65. Surface 61 of backing plate element 60 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 64, to actuator 36 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 14) such that plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 36 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Thus, since elements 50, 55 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, movement of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 by actuator 36 simultaneously and similarly moves plano element 50 and multiradius element 55.

Plano element 50 preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element 50 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element 50 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element 50 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 66) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 67), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element 50 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element 50 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element 50 is

positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element 55. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, side A of plano element 50 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted on an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, surfaces 66, 68 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

Multiradius element 55 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element 55 with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element 55 (side C in FIG. 3) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element 50 when both are mounted on backing plate element 60. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55, when mounted on backing plate element 60, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element 55 from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55 is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element 55 is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element 55 comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multiradius element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20° (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25° and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30°) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

Multiradius element 55 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element 55 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element 55 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 68) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 69), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element 55 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element 55 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, 66 and 68, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements 50, 55 is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 when mounted to an automobile.

The reflector area of plano element 50 is preferably larger than that of multiradius element 55. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element 50 is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element 55 (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the distance from side A to side B of plano element 50 is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element 55. Thus, the ratio of the

width of plano element 50 to the width of multiradius element 55 is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element 50 as the principal rear viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 and providing multiradius element 55 as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element 50 (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 75 mm to about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

Backing plate element 60 is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element 50 and multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in FIG. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element 50. Backing plate element 60 also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in FIG. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element 55. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element 55 is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 is formed as a single element to which elements 50 and 55 are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element 60 is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element 60 include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element 60 can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element 50 can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element 55 can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element 60. Alternatively, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a



polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element 65) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred  
5 fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 further preferably includes demarcation element 65 that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray,  
10 rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 when both are attached to backing plate element 60. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element 65 can be disposed in any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 at their joint on backing plate  
15 element 60. Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed of a polymeric material that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element 65 is formed of an at least partially  
20 elastomeric material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements 50, 55. As shown in FIG. 4, demarcation element 65 optionally includes a crown portion 70 that includes wing portions 73, 73' and a stem portion 71. Stem portion 71 preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than  
25 about 2 mm. Crown portion 70 preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55. Also, wings 73, 73' are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55 in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at  
30 least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements 50, 55 that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in FIG. 4 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation

element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap).  
5  
Optionally, demarcation element 65 is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 have been attached to backing plate element 60, a separately formed demarcation element 65 can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space  
10 between elements 50 and 55. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element 50 and side C of multiradius element 55 can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element 65 can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements 50 and 55. Alternatively, demarcation element 65 can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or  
15 similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements 50 and 55. The width of the portion of demarcation element 65 that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater  
20 than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element 65 can be formed as part of backing plate element 60 such as by forming demarcation element 65 as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element 60 into two regions: A first  
25 region adapted to receive plano reflective element 50 and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element 55.

Thus, and referring to FIG. 6, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 may include a backing plate element 160 which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as  
30 ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element 165 that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element 165 into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element 150 and into a second region (from BB to AA)

adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element 155. Note that section AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in FIG. 6 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element 60, and attachment of elements 50, 55 thereto. For example, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element 65 (along with any other elements such as attachment member 64) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components. Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces 66, 68. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as

known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

Also, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both  
5 element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of  
element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can  
comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector  
coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano element 50  
and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic  
10 mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements 50, 55 can dim  
together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically  
provided by an electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the  
cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient  
light). Alternately, if both plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-  
15 optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable  
reflectivity, element 50 can dim independently of element 55 (such as is disclosed in U.S.  
Pat. No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference  
herein). If either or both of elements 50, 55 comprise an electrochromic element, preferably,  
the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an  
20 electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic  
medium such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. application Ser. No. 09/350,930, filed July 12, 1999,  
entitled "ELECTROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANUFACTURING  
ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR  
MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desaraju V. Varaprasad et al., or such  
25 as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire  
disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. Most preferably, in such  
laminated-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass  
plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower,  
and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about  
30 1.6mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or  
greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth  
surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such

as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

5                   Backing plate element 65 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member 64 to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment  
10 such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure sensitive adhesive to form a “double-sticky” tape. The exterior sideview mirror assembly, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior  
15 sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

                  FIGS. 5A-5H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element 55 relative to its adjacent plano reflective element 50 (with demarcation element 65 disposed at their joint). In FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 is mounted wholly inboard of  
20 multiradius element 55. Thus, in FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 would be disposed closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 was mounted in an exterior sideview mirror attached to a side of an automobile. Therefore, in FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 would be mounted inboard relative to the side of the automobile and  
25 multiradius element 55 would be mounted outboard relative to the side of the automobile. In general, the location of the multiradius reflective element in the outboard, upper portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, as in FIGS. 5B and 5E, is preferred as this allows the plano portion provide a desired rearward field of view along the side of the vehicle. The configuration as shown in FIG. 5G (where the multiradius reflective element is  
30 along the inboard side of the assembly) is also desirable as this allows the driver view the side of the vehicle (something many drivers desire in order to have a frame of reference for

their rearward field of view) while facilitating having a wide field of view for the plano portion.

5 Unlike trucks, busses and commercial vehicles the size of an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on an automobile (and especially when the automobile is not towing a trailer or the like) is restricted. Automobiles generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal transportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles (which are classified herein as automobiles) can have seat accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accommodation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The tandem mounting of a plano element of unit magnification and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single 10 backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing plate element onto an actuator of an exterior sideview mirror assembly so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly move the auxiliary element and the plano element so as to position their respective rearward fields of view, and to achieve this within the relatively restricted space available in a standard automobile-sized exterior sideview mirror assembly is an important element of this present 15 invention. By utilizing a plano element of unit magnification in the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, and by sizing the reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector area of the multiradius element and, preferably, by sizing the reflector area of the plano element at a sufficiently large size that the rearward field of view provided by the plano element alone meets and satisfies the minimum field of view requirement mandated by an 20 automaker specification and/or a government regulation, the need to provide a safety warning indicia such as "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR" in the plano element and/or in the multiradius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plano element comprises a reflector surface area of a size sufficient, when mounted as part of a 25 plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, to provide the driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a longitudinal plane tangent to the driver's side of the automobile at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the tangent plane 35 feet behind the driver's eyes (at a nominal location appropriate for any 95th 30 percentile male driver or at the driver's eye reference points established in Federal Motor Vehicle Standard No. 104), with the driver seated in the driver's seat and with the driver's seat in the rearmost position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the plano-multiradius

reflective element assembly (defined as the ratio of its largest vertical dimension to its largest horizontal dimension, measured with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be oriented when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel with the road surface the automobile travels on and "vertical" being generally perpendicular to the road surface the automobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more preferably less than 0.8, most preferably less than 0.6. Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be disposed outboard (relative to the side of the vehicle and with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly so that the multiradius element is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a "blind-spot" region in an adjacent sidelane while the more inboard-disposed plano element with unit magnification provides the principal sideview image to the driver.

Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element be different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the road that the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile) so as to provide the driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in the side lane that the plano element views). However, preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted driver-side (or passenger-side) exterior sideview mirror assembly in which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location and/or several feet (such as about 1 foot to about 24 feet; more preferably, about 1 foot to about 12 feet; most preferably about 1 foot to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear (in order to capture a field of view of a rear approaching vehicle that is approaching to overtake, or is about to overtake, or is overtaking the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly). Thus, preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is

angled and directed generally downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element. For example, multiradius element 155 when attached to surface 173 of backing plate 160 (see FIG. 6B) would have its principal axis of rearward view as indicated  
5 by 180 as in FIG. 6B, and as such would be canted towards the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. By contrast, plano element 150 when attached to surface 174 of backing plate 160 (see FIG. 6A) would have a principal axis as indicated by 185 as in FIG. 6A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached  
10 to the side of an automobile. Having the multiradius element canted somewhat downwards towards the road surface assists visual detection by the driver of overtaking vehicles in the traditional “blind-spot” in the adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius element is angled on the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plano reflective element will vary from automobile model to  
15 model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1° to about 10° range; about 2° to about 8° range more preferred; and about 3° to about 6° range most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of  
20 the backing plate element that the plano reflective portion is attached to. Thus, and referring to FIG. 6, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 includes a molded polymeric backing plate element 160 comprising a generally flat portion 162 (between BB and CC in FIG. 6) and an adjacent curved portion 161 (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190 and 195, portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is generally angled to portion BB to CC  
25 of backing plate 160. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160 to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. FIG. 6 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in  
30 use (with portion 162 closer to the driver than portion 161). The wall section, section XX in FIG. 6, taken through section 162 of backing plate element 160 is of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in FIG. 6A) whereas the wall section, section YY in FIG. 6B, taken



through section 161 of backing plate element 160 is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150 and multiradius reflective element 155 (for example, plano element 150 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and multiradius element 155 can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to portions 162 and 161, respectively.

5 By being supported on the angled face 173 (see FIG. 6B) of portion 161, the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155 is angled downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal viewing axis of plano element 150, when plano-multiradius reflective element 130 is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element 165 is preferably molded in the same

10 molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element 160, and so demarcation element 165 is formed as an integral part of backing plate element 160, forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160 into a region for receiving the plano reflective element 150 and a region for receiving the auxiliary reflective element 155. Also, end-caps 170 and 171 are optionally provided. Plano reflective element 150 can attach into

15 the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 171; multiradius reflective element 155 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 170. Note that the portion of the backing plate element where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic element attaches in order to allow

20 for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in FIGS. 6A-B. As illustrated in FIGS. 6A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in order to ensure that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the

25 longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior

30 sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

Referring to FIG. 7, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30° (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35° and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40°) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

Referring to FIG. 8, another embodiment 310 of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention is illustrated. Plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly 310 includes a first reflective element 312 and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 314 which are together supported in a frame element assembly 316. As will be more fully described below, frame element assembly 316 is adapted such that when reflective elements 312 and 314 are placed, or otherwise positioned, in frame element assembly 316, the angular orientation of each reflective element is pre-established such that

during assembly, the assembler need simply place the reflective elements in frame element assembly 316.

In the illustrated embodiment, frame element assembly 316 includes a frame 318 with a forward facing open portion 318a (FIG. 9) (and thus when frame element  
5 assembly 316 is mounted in a vehicle-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly, the forward facing open portion (318a) is facing to the front of the vehicle) through which a reflective element subassembly 317a, which includes reflective element 312, is positioned in frame element assembly 316 and a rearward facing open portion 318b (FIG. 8) (which faces  
10 the rear of the vehicle when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in a vehicle mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly) in which a second reflective element subassembly 317b, which includes reflective element 314, is positioned in frame element assembly 316. Frame 318 preferably comprises a molded member formed from a plastic material, such as a reinforced nylon.

In preferred form, first reflective element 312 comprises a plano reflective  
15 element 350, such as a flat reflector coated glass substrate, with a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of an image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed to the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances) so as to have a unit magnification. Similar to the previous embodiment, plano reflective element 350 may comprise a conventional fixed  
20 reflectance reflective element or may comprise a variable reflectance reflective element whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable, as is known in the art. For example, plano reflective element 350 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with metallic reflector coating, such as a chromium coating, titanium coating, rhodium coating, metal alloy coating, nickel alloy coating, silver coating, aluminum coating, or any alloy or composition of these  
25 metal reflectors. For further details of plano reflective element 350, reference is made to the previous embodiments.

In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 312 comprises an electrochromic reflective element and includes a first substrate 312a and a second substrate 312b with an electrochromic medium 312c disposed between first and second substrates  
30 312a, 312b. Such suitable electrochromic media include, for example, a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium as noted in reference to the previous embodiments. Electrical connectors 320a and 320b are coupled to the electrochromic medium 312c to provide a

potential across the electrochromic medium which induces the electrochromic medium to darken, as is known in the art. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element subassembly 317a also includes an optional heater pad 322, which is disposed behind reflective element 312, and a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad 326, positioned behind heater pad 322, which absorbs vibration of reflective element 312.

Referring again to FIG. 9, frame 318 is adapted to receive and support reflective element subassembly 317a, which is mounted to frame 318 by a backing plate 324, such as a plastic backing plate. In the illustrated embodiment, backing plate 324 mounts to the inner perimeter portion of frame 318 using conventional techniques, such as by adhesive bonding, heatstaking, snap-fit coupling, welding, or the like, to form part of frame element assembly 316. Alternatively, backing plate 324 may mount onto foam pad 326, for example, by an adhesive attachment, such as double sided sticky tape. In which case, reflective element 312 may be mounted to an inner surface of frame 318, such as by an adhesive attachment, including for example a silicone adhesive, with heater pad 322 mounted to reflective element 312, such as by an adhesive attachment, and foam pad 326 mounted to heater pad 322, such as by an adhesive attachment including, for example, double-sided sticky tape.

Frame element assembly 316 mounts reflective element assembly 310 in the mirror casing and preferably on an actuator, such as an electric actuator, which permits adjustment to the orientation of reflective element assembly 310 about one or more axis. Examples of suitable actuators are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,900,999; 5,986,364; 6,132,052; 6,037,689; and 6,094,027 and copending applications Ser. No. 09/277,632, filed Mar. 26, 1999, and Ser. No. 09/408,867, filed Sept. 29, 1999, which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. Optionally and preferably, backing plate 324 is adapted to engage or be engaged by the actuator for repositioning of plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly 310 about one or more axes. In this manner, the orientation of both reflective element 312 and reflective element 314 are simultaneously adjusted by the actuator. As best seen in FIG. 9, forward facing side 324a of backing plate 324 includes mounting structures 324b which are engaged by the actuator to thereby mount reflective element assembly 310 in the mirror casing.

Referring again to FIG. 8, frame 318 is a unitary frame and includes a first bezel portion 330 which extends around reflective element 312 and a second bezel portion

332 which extends around reflective element 314 to provide styling utility as well as functional utility. In this manner, a portion of forward facing side of frame 318 forms a support surface for reflective element 312, while a portion of rearward facing side of frame 318 forms first bezel portion 330. Similarly, another portion of the rearward facing side of frame provides support for reflective element 314 and also provides bezel portion 332. In addition, a portion of frame 318 forms a demarcation element at the juncture of reflective elements 312 and 314. In the illustrated embodiment, the demarcation element is formed by a section or portion of bezel portion 330, which will be described in greater detail in reference to bezel portion 330. Thus, frame element assembly 316 provides a support function, a positioning function, including an angling function, while also serving to provide styling utility and a demarcation function.

Second reflective element 314 comprises a radiused reflective element and, more preferably, a multiradiused reflective element 355 having a multiradiused curvature. For example, the radii of curvature of reflective element 314 may range from about 4000 mm to about 100 mm and, preferably, range from about 3000 mm to about 150 mm, and, most preferably, range from about 2000 mm to about 200 mm. In addition, reflective element 314 may comprise a fixed reflectance reflective element or may comprise a variable reflectance reflective element whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. Preferably, reflective elements 312 and 314 include glass substrates, with at least the outer surface of each reflective element comprising glass. However, metalized plastic reflectors may also be used which is especially suitable for reflective element 314. In which case, the reflective element (314) would be especially suitable for molding in or along with frame 318, with the preformed metalized substrate forming reflective element 314 being placed into the mold forming frame 318. For further details of other suitable reflective elements, reference is made to the previous embodiments. In addition to reflective element 314, reflective element subassembly 317b includes a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad 314a, which is positioned behind reflective element 314. Similar to reflective element 312, foam pad 314a is attached to reflective element 314 by an adhesive attachment, such as a double-sided sticky tape and, similarly, is attached to frame 318 as will be more fully described below.

As noted above, frame 318 includes a first bezel portion 330 and a second bezel portion 332. In addition, frame 318 includes an auxiliary support element 320 that provides a mounting surface or support surface for reflective element subassembly 317b. As

best seen in FIGS. 9 and 10, support element 320 includes a recessed support surface 328 which is angled to provide an angled support surface for reflective element subassembly 317b. Thus, when reflective subassembly 317b is positioned on and mounted on support surface 328, such as by an adhesive attachment between foam pad 314a and support surface 328, the orientation of reflective element 314 is established by the angle of the support surface. Optionally, support element 320 includes gussets 321a and 321b which project forwardly from the forward facing side of frame 318 to thereby reinforce support surface 328.

Referring to FIG. 8, first bezel portion 330 includes an upper portion 330a, two side portions 330b and 330c, and a lower portion 330d. Side portion 330b forms an acute angle with respect to the lower portion 330d and an obtuse angle with respect to upper portion 330a and together with upper portion 330a, side portion 330c, and lower portion 330d form a perimeter around reflective element 312 to thereby form a styling feature. Second bezel portion 332 extends outwardly from upper portion 330a and downwardly to lower portion 330d of first perimeter portion 330 and together with side portion 330b forms a perimeter around second reflective element 314. Support element 320 extends behind and between side portion 330b and second bezel portion 332 so that reflective element 314 is recessed behind side portion 330b and bezel portion 332.

As best seen in FIG. 10, upper portion 330a, side portions 330b and 330c, and lower portion 330d are substantially coplanar and together define an outer surface below which reflective element 312 is recessed when reflective element 312 is mounted in frame 318. In contrast, perimeter portion 332 is angled forwardly with respect to the plane in which upper portion 330a, side portions 330b and 330c, and lower portion 330d lie. It should be understood that the terms “forwardly”, “rearwardly” and “downwardly”, are used in reference to when the mirror system is mounted in an automobile. Therefore, “forwardly” is a direction heading toward the front of the automobile, “rearwardly” is a direction heading to the rear of the automobile, “outwardly” is a direction away from the side of the vehicle on which the mirror assembly is mounted, and “downwardly” is a direction heading toward the surface on which the vehicle is positioned (such as a ground or road surface). Similarly as noted above, reflective element 314 is recessed below an outer surface of perimeter portion 332 and also below the outer surface of side portion 330b when mounted in frame 318.

As would be understood from FIGS. 9-11, support surface 328 is also angled forwardly with respect to back plate 324 and/or reflective element 312 when frame element

assembly 316 is mounted in an automobile mounted exterior sideview mirror system. In addition, support surface 328 is also angled or tilted downwardly with respect to reflective element 312 and/or backing plate 324 such that when reflective element 314 is supported on support surface 328, reflective element 314 provides an increased field of view extending  
5 laterally or outwardly from the longitudinal axis of the automobile and also downwardly of the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

Referring to FIGS. 13 and 14, support surface 328 is configured such that reflective element 314 is tilted forwardly at an angle  $\alpha$  with respect to the X-axis of reflective element 312. In one form, angle  $\alpha$  is in a range of about  $0.75^\circ$  to about  $5^\circ$ . In another form,  
10 angle  $\alpha$  is in a range of about  $1^\circ$  to about  $3^\circ$ . In yet another form, angle  $\alpha$  is in a range of about  $1.25^\circ$  to about  $2.5^\circ$ . Reflective element 314 is also tilted downwardly with respect to the Y-axis of reflective element 312 at an angle  $\beta$ . In one form, angle  $\beta$  is in a range of about  $0.75^\circ$  to about  $5^\circ$ . In another form, angle  $\beta$  is in a range of about  $1.5^\circ$  to about  $3.5^\circ$ . In yet another form, angle  $\beta$  is in a range of about  $2^\circ$  to about  $3^\circ$ . With the tilted orientation of  
15 reflective element 314, reflective element 314 provides a field of view with a principal axis that sweeps outwardly and downwardly with respect to the principal axis of the field of view of reflective element 312.

In the illustrated embodiment, support surface 328 is provided by a plate member 321. Plate member 321 may comprise a solid plate member or a foraminous plate  
20 member. In the illustrated embodiment, plate member 321 is integrally formed with perimeter portions 330 and 332 during the molding process of frame 318. As previously noted, frame 318 includes a rearwardly facing opening 318b through which reflective element 314 is inserted for placement on support surface 328. For example, reflective element 314 may be positioned in frame 318 on support surface 328 during the molding  
25 process of frame 318, such as by insert molding, or may be inserted into frame 318 before the plastic material forming frame 318 is fully cured and is still pliable. In which case, reflective element subassembly 317b is mounted to auxiliary support 320 by an adhesive attachment or a mechanical attachment. Alternatively, support surface 328 may be formed by peripheral flange or a frame. In this manner, reflective element subassembly 317b may be placed in  
30 frame 318 from its forward facing side.

Referring to FIG. 14, when reflective element assembly 310 is mounted in a vehicle reflective element 312 has a field of view 360 which forms an angle A with respect to

the longitudinal center line of the vehicle in a range of about 8° to about 20°. In another form, angle A is in a range of about 10° to about 18°. In yet another form, angle A is in a range of about 12° to about 16°. Similarly, reflective element 314 has a field of view 362 which forms an angle C in range of about 15° to about 50°. In another form, angle C is in a range of about 15° to about 35°. In yet another form, angle C is in a range of about 15° to about 25°. Consequently, the overall field of view of reflective elements 312 and 314 extends over an angle B, which ranges from about 8° to about 50° in one form, about 10° to about 35° in another form, and about 12° to about 25° in yet another form. Furthermore, field of views 360 and 362 overlap over a range having angle D in a range of about 20° to about 2°, or in a range of about 15° to about 5°. In another form, angle D is in a range of about 10° to about 8°.

From the foregoing, it can be appreciated that reflective elements 312 and 314 provide a wider field of view than a wholly planar rearview mirror element that fully accommodates an equivalent frame having similar dimensions. In addition, because reflective elements 312 and 314 have overlapping field of views, an image in the field of view of reflective element 314 will transition or move between the reflective elements and appear in both reflective elements during the transition to thereby enable the driver of the automobile to view or be conscious of the object continuously. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 314 is positioned in an outboard position relative to reflective element 312; therefore, when a vehicle or object that is approaching the automobile from the rear and to some extent from the side, the image of the approaching object will first appear in reflective element 312, then appear in both reflective elements 314 and 312, and then move to reflective element 314 so that the driver will be initially aware of the approaching object when its image first appears in reflective element 312 and continue to be aware of the object as it moves closer to the automobile, thus increasing the range of viewing of the driver. Since the image transitions smoothly from reflective element 312 to reflective element 314, the driver's awareness of the object is continuous and, further, the driver is not distracted from sudden transitions that often occur with conventional spotter mirrors. Typically, when an object "falls" or "drops" out, a driver's consciousness of the object reduces significantly, if not ceases, which is one of the causes of many automobile blind spot accidents. Hence, when combined with the field of view of an interior rearview mirror system, the present invention reduces, if not eliminates, an automobile's blind spot. For



further discussion of blind spots in vehicle rearview mirror systems, reference is made to copending U.S. provisional application entitled VEHICULAR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM, filed November 20, 2000 by Robert E. Schnell, David K. Willmore, and Richard J. Weber (Attorney Docket DON01 P-840), which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Thus, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly provides a seamless rearvision function whereby the image of a side approaching/side overtaking other vehicle is substantially seamlessly maintained as the image of the overtaking or approaching vehicle transitions from being principally and substantially viewed by the driver of the vehicle (the vehicle mounted with the mirror system of the present invention) in the plano reflective element to be seen in the auxiliary reflective element.

Referring to FIG. 15, the numeral 410 generally designates yet another embodiment of an automobile exterior sideview mirror system of the present invention. Exterior sideview mirror system 410 includes a housing 412, a first reflective element 414, and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 416, which together provide an increase field of view over conventional planar reflectors mounted in a frame of equivalent dimensions to the combined lateral dimensions of reflective element 414 and 416.

Housing 412 includes a mirror casing 417 and a sail 418, which mounts casing 412 to a side of an automobile. Though illustrated as a fixed mounting arrangement, it should be understood that mirror system 410, like the previous embodiments, may comprise a break-away mirror system or a powerfold mirror system.

In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 414 comprises a plano reflective element having a unit magnification, similar to the plano reflective elements described in reference to the previous embodiments. Reflective element 416 preferably comprises a wide-angle reflector, such as a convex or aspheric reflector, and may include a multiradiused curvature. For further description of suitable reflectors, reference is made to the previous embodiment.

In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 416 is mounted in an outboard position relative to reflective element 414 and is fixedly mounted to bezel 420 of mirror casing 417. In addition, reflective element 416 is preferably angled downwardly and forwardly relative to first reflective element 414 when mirror system 410 is mounted to an automobile to thereby increase the field of view of mirror system 410. Optionally and preferably, reflective element 416 is detachably mounted to bezel 420, such as by mechanical

fasteners, including clips, so that reflective element 416 can be removed, such as for replacement.

Reflective element 414 preferably comprises an independently positionable reflective element and is mounted by a backing member, such as a backing plate, to an actuator, which provides multi-axis positioning of reflective element 414. In this manner, reflective element 414 and reflective element 416 are separately and independently mounted in housing 412. In addition, reflective element 414 optionally extends behind reflective element 416 in order to maintain the overlap of the field of views of reflective elements 414 and 416 even when reflective element 414 is moved by the actuator. Similar to the previous embodiment, when an object moves toward the automobile, in which mirror system 410 is mounted, from the rear of the automobile or laterally with respect to the automobile, the image of the object will appear initially in reflective element 414. As the object moves closer to the automobile, the image of the object will move from reflective element 414 to reflective element 416 such that when the image transitions between reflective element 414 and reflective element 416, the image will appear in both reflective elements.

Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element, such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element, for the second or auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano or first reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective element is angled relative to the plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element

assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

The above description is considered that of the preferred embodiments only. Modification of the invention will occur to those skilled in the art and to those who make or  
5 use the invention. Therefore, it is understood that the embodiments shown in the drawings and described above are merely for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention, which is defined in the following claims as interpreted according to the principles of patent law, including the doctrine of equivalents.

We claim:

1. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:
  - an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;
  - 5 said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element assembly having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile; wherein said reflective element assembly comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature; and
  - 10 said reflective element assembly further including a frame element assembly, said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly being mounted to said frame element assembly, said frame element assembly mounting to an actuator and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view, and said frame element assembly being adapted to orient
  - 15 said multiradius reflective element such that said multiradius reflective element has a viewing range which fans outwardly and downwardly with respect to a viewing range of said plano reflective element to thereby provide an increased field of view for said exterior sideview mirror assembly.
  
2. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element are adjacently attached to said frame element assembly at a joint, and wherein said reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said
- 5 plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.
  
3. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored.

4. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 3, wherein said frame element assembly includes a first bezel portion extending around said plano reflective element, said demarcation element comprising a segment of said first bezel portion.
5. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 4, wherein said multiradiused reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of about 4000 mm to about 100 mm.
6. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said frame element assembly includes a frame, said first and second reflective elements being mounted in said frame.
7. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 6, wherein said multiradiused reflective element is mounted to said frame at an outboard position, and said plano reflective element is positioned adjacent said multiradiused reflective element and at an inboard position with respect to said multiradiused reflective element when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to an automobile.
8. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 7, wherein said plano reflective element is mounted to said frame by a backing plate.
9. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 8, wherein said backing plate is adapted to mount to said actuator.
10. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 9, wherein said actuator comprises an electrical actuator.
11. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 6, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradiused reflective element are adjacently attached to said frame, said frame including a first perimeter portion and a second perimeter portion, said first perimeter portion extending around said plano reflective element, and said second perimeter portion extending around said multiradiused reflective element.

12. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 11, wherein a side portion of said first perimeter portion of said frame provides a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said multiradiused reflective element.
13. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 11, wherein said second perimeter portion is angled downwardly and forwardly with respect to said first perimeter portion when said mirror assembly is mounted to an automobile.
14. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 6, wherein said multiradiused reflective element is attached to said frame by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.
15. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 6, wherein said backing plate is attached to one side of said first reflective element and said frame by one of an adhesive attachment, a welded attachment, and a mechanical attachment.
16. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 15, wherein an opposed side of said frame forms a bezel around said plano reflective element.
17. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element includes a rearward field of view having a principal axis different from and angled to a principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradiused reflective element when mounted in said exterior sideview mirror assembly.
18. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 17, wherein said principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradiused reflective element is directed generally outwardly and downwardly with respect to a longitudinal axis of the automobile.
19. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 18, wherein said principal axis of the rearward field of said multiradiused reflective element forms a downward angle with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile in the range from about  $.75^\circ$  to about  $5^\circ$ .

20. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 19, wherein said downward angle is in a range from about 1.5° to about 3.5°.
21. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 20, wherein said downward angle is in a range of about 2° to about 3°.
22. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 18, wherein said principal axis of said multiradiused reflective element forms an outward angle with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°.
23. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 22, wherein said outward angle is in a range of about 1° to about 3°.
24. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 23, wherein said outward angle is in a range of about 1.25° to about 2.5°.
25. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly.
26. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.
27. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.
28. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said multiradiused reflective element comprises a variable reflectance reflective element.

29. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 28, wherein each of said plano reflective element and said multiradiused reflective element comprises a variable reflectance reflective element.

30. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.

31. An automobile exterior sideview mirror system comprising:  
an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;

5 said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a mirror casing, a reflective element assembly, and an actuator; and

10 said reflective element assembly including a frame element assembly, a first reflective element having unit magnification, and a second reflective element having a multiradiused curvature, said frame element assembly mounting said first reflective element and said second reflective element in said mirror casing and being adapted to mount to said actuator, said actuator adjusting the orientation of said reflective element assembly, said first reflective element having a first rearward field of view with a first principal axis, said second reflective element having a second rearward field of view with a second principal axis, and said frame element assembly angling said second principal axis outwardly and downwardly with respect to said first principal axis.

32. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 31, wherein said second principal axis is angled outwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°.

33. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 32, wherein said second principal axis is angled outwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 1° to about 3°.



34. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 33, wherein said second principal axis is angled outwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 1.25° to about 2.5°.

35. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 31, wherein said second principal axis is angled downwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of approximately 0.75° to about 5°.

36. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 35, wherein said second principal axis is angled downwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 1.5° to about 3.5°.

37. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 36, wherein said second principal axis is angled downwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 2° to about 3°.

38. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 31, wherein said second principal axis is directed generally outwardly and downwardly with respect to a longitudinal axis of an automobile when said mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile.

39. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 31, wherein said frame element assembly includes a support surface for said second reflective element, said support surface angling said second principal axis of said second reflective element.

40. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 31, wherein said second reflective element is outboard of said first reflective element.

41. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 31, wherein frame element assembly includes a first open portion and a second open portion, said first open portion receiving said first reflective element, and said second open portion receiving said second reflective element.

42. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 41, wherein said second open portion comprises a rearwardly facing open portion when said mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile.

43. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 42, wherein said first open portion comprises a forwardly facing open portion when said mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile.

44. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 31, wherein at least one of said reflective elements comprises a variable reflectance reflective element.

45. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 31, wherein at least one of said first reflective element and said second reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.

46. An automobile exterior sideview mirror system comprising:  
an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; and  
said exterior sideview mirror assembly including an actuator and a reflective element assembly, said reflective element assembly having a frame element assembly, a first reflective element, and a second reflective element, said first reflective element comprising a plano reflective element, said second reflective element comprising a multiradiused reflective element having a multiradiused curvature, said frame element assembly being adapted to mount to said actuator and including a frame and a support surface for said second reflective element, said actuator adjusting an orientation of said reflective element assembly, said support surface orienting said second reflective element downwardly and forwardly of said first reflective element when said mirror assembly is mounted to an automobile whereby said second reflective element provides a viewing range which spans outwardly and downwardly with respect to the automobile to thereby provide an increased field of view for said exterior sideview mirror assembly.

47. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 46, wherein said frame forms a bezel portion around said first reflective element.
48. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 47, wherein said frame forms a bezel portion around said second reflective element.
49. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 46, wherein a portion of said frame forms a demarcation between said first and second reflective elements.
50. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 46, wherein said support surface comprises a plate element.
51. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 50, wherein said plate element comprises a solid plate element.
52. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 50, wherein said plate element comprises a foraminous plate element.
53. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 46, wherein said support surface comprises a frame.
54. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 46, wherein said frame includes a first bezel portion and a second bezel portion, said first bezel portion extending around said first reflective element, and said second bezel portion extending around said second reflective element.
55. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 54, wherein said second bezel portion is angled forwardly with respect to said first bezel portion when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to a side of an automobile.
56. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 46, wherein said first reflective has a substantially unit magnification.

57. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 46, wherein said frame includes a forward facing open portion and a rearward facing open portion when said mirror assembly is mounted to an automobile, said first forward facing open portion receiving said first reflective element, and said rearward facing open portion receiving said second reflective  
5 element.

58. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 57, wherein a rearward facing side of said forward facing open portion defining a bezel around said first reflective element.

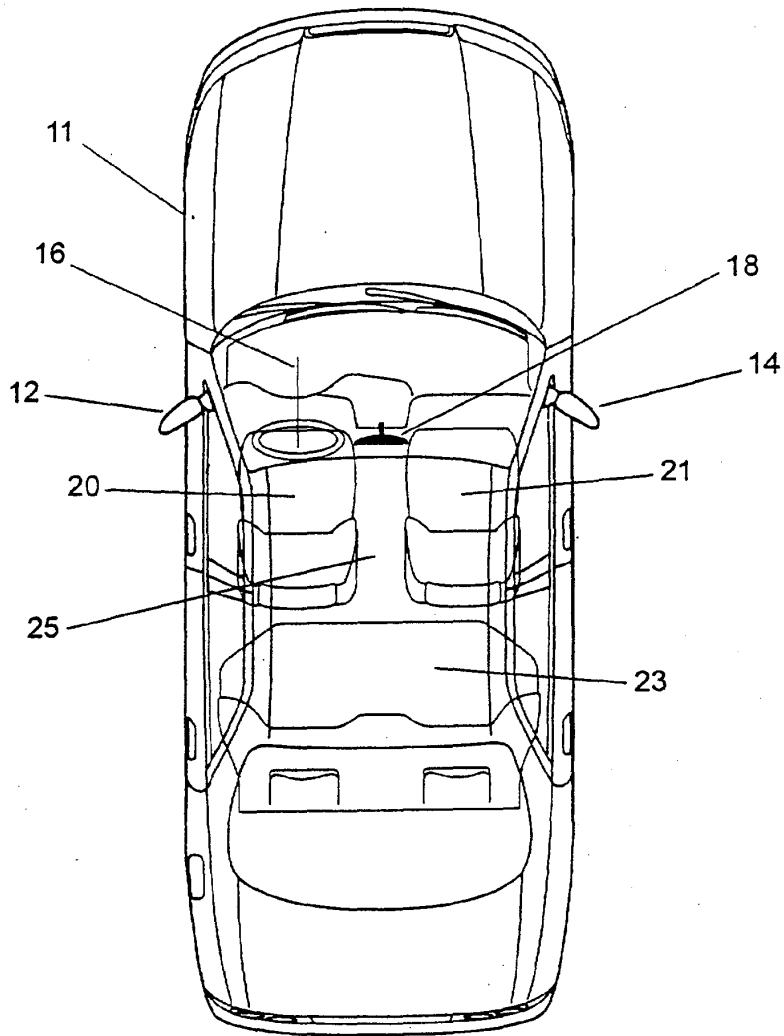
59. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 58, wherein said frame includes a bezel around said second reflective element at said rearward facing open portion.

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

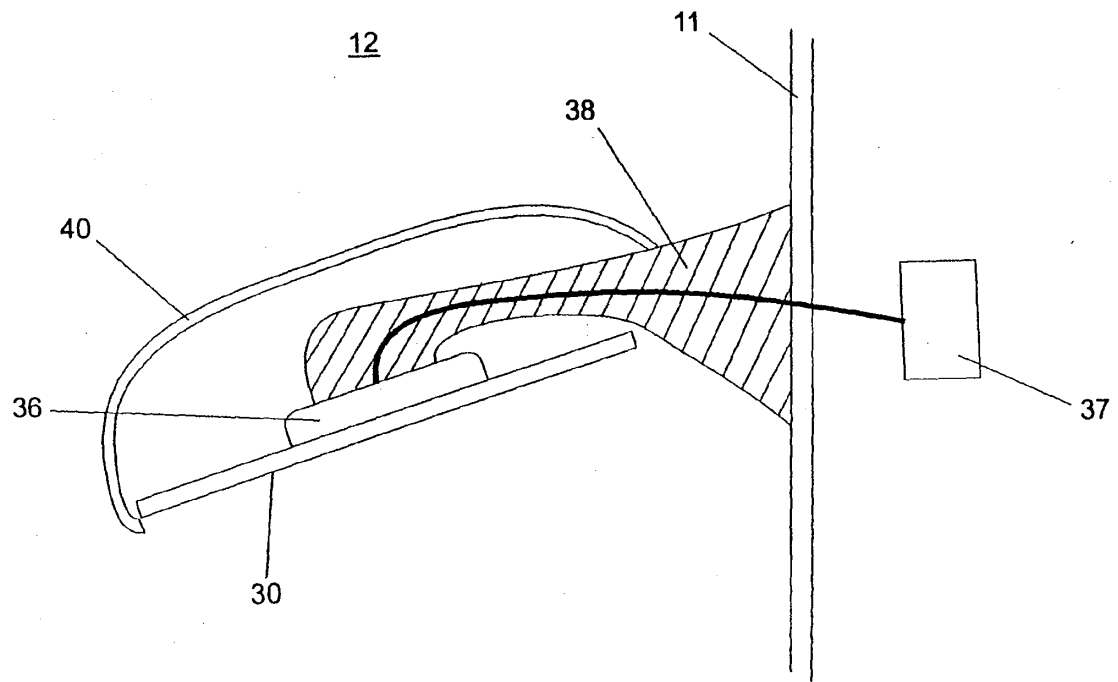
ABSTRACT

This invention provides a reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The reflective  
5 element assembly includes a first reflective element and a second reflective element. The  
second reflective element is angled downwardly and forwardly with respect to the first  
reflective element when the mirror assembly is mounted to a side of an automobile to provide  
an increased field of view. In one form, both reflective elements are commonly supported on  
a bezel, which is mounted to the mirror assembly casing. In another form, the reflective  
10 elements are separately mounted, with the second reflective element fixedly mounted to the  
casing and the first reflective element movably supported in the mirror casing, for example,  
on an actuator.

10



**Figure 1**



**Figure 2**

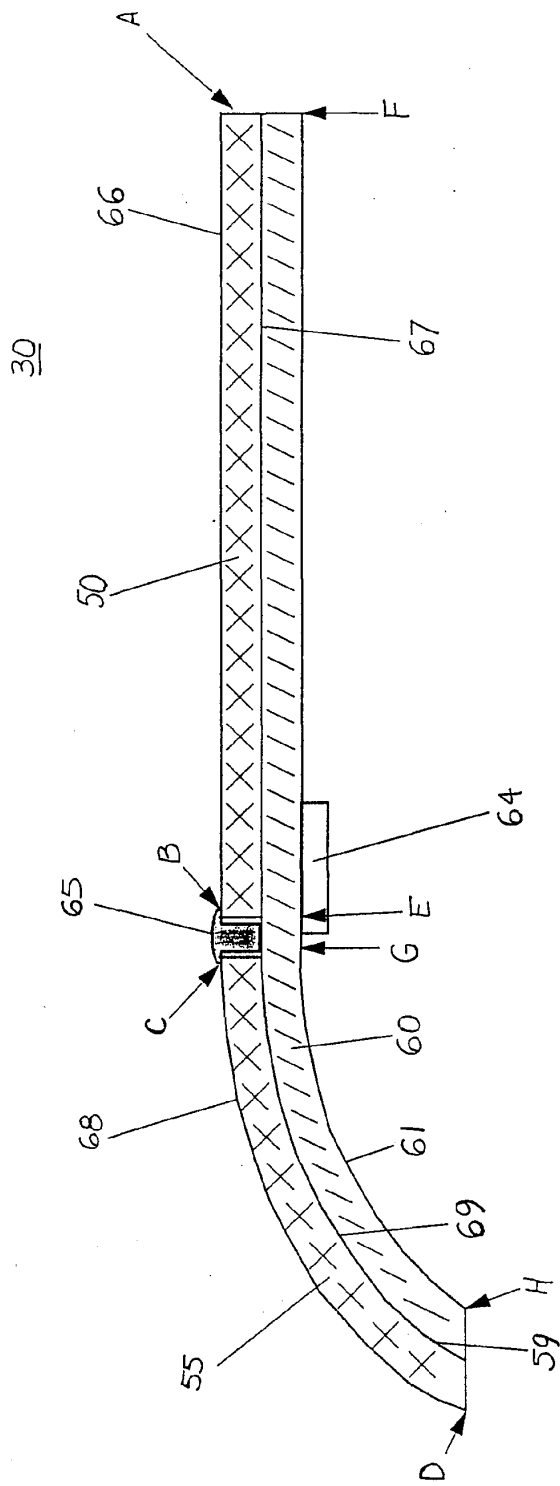
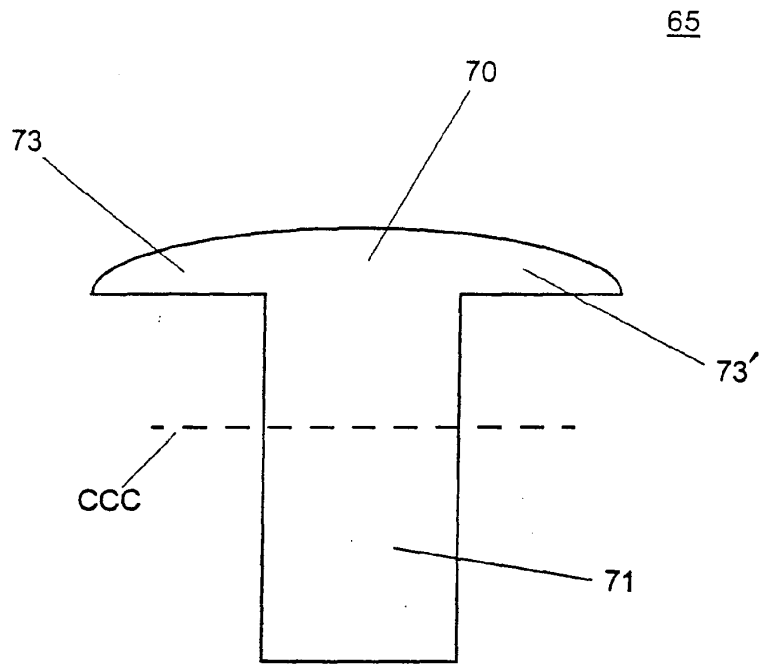
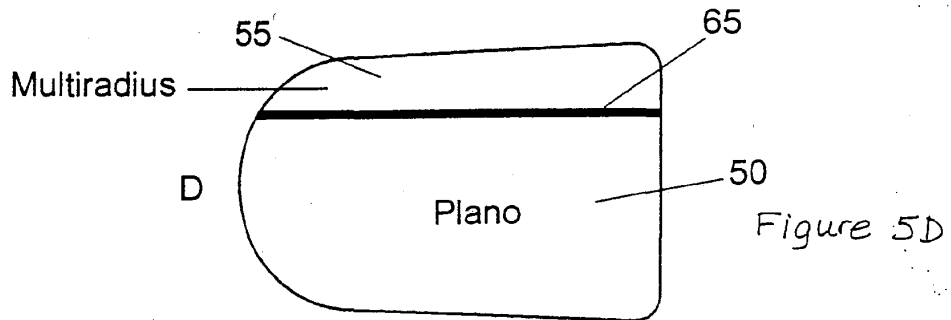
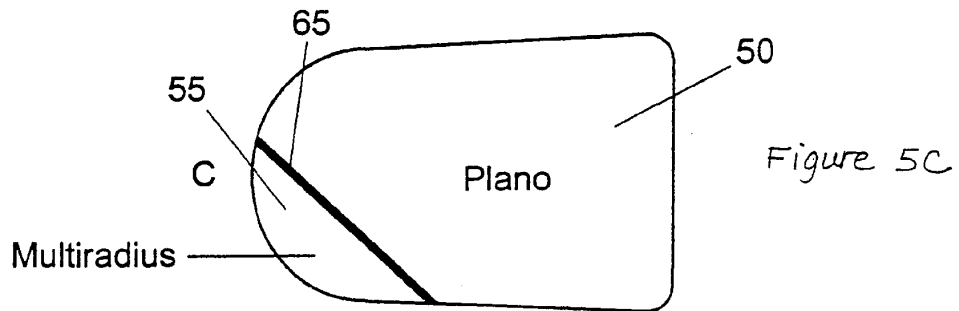
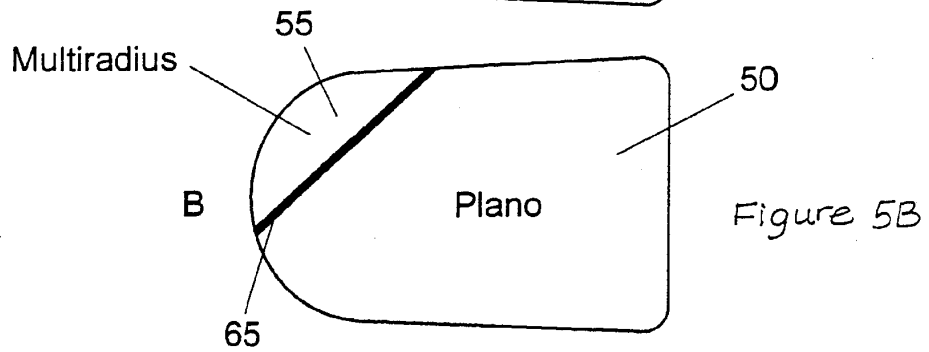
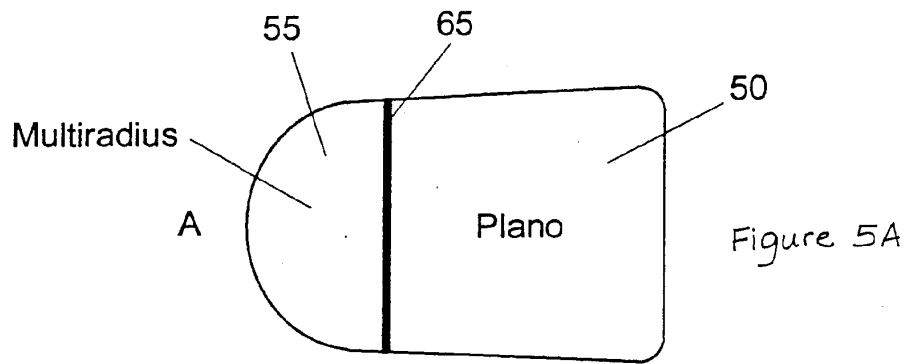


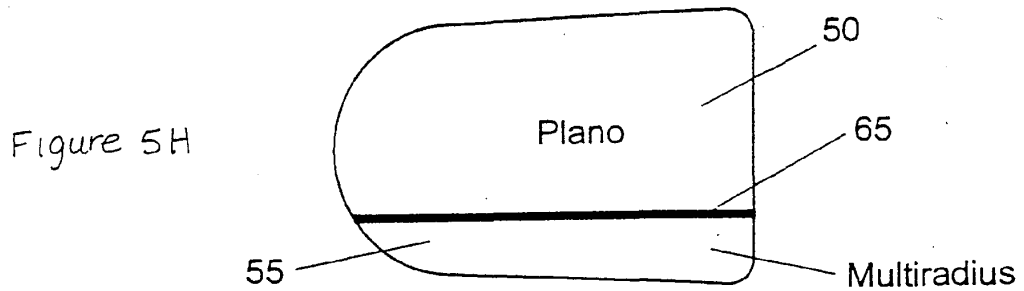
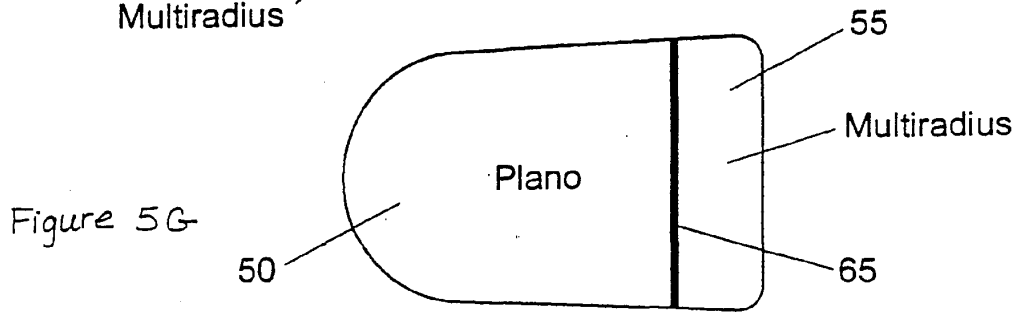
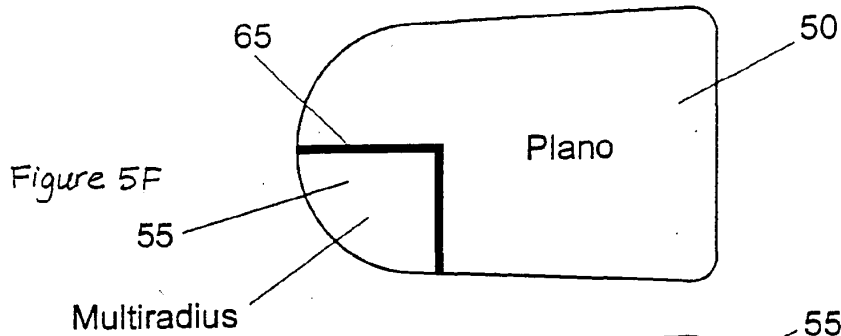
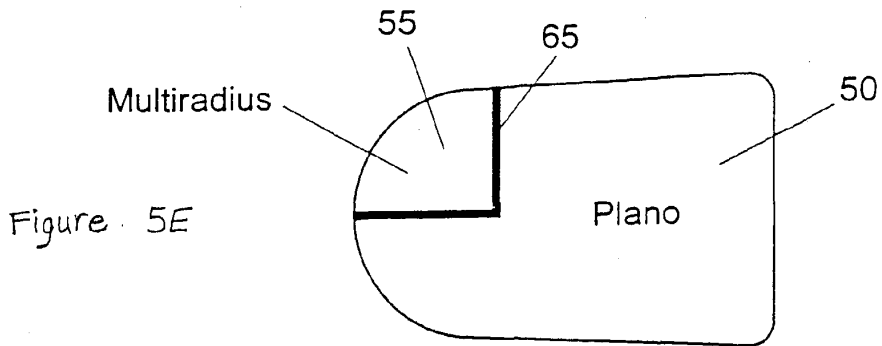
Figure 3





**Figure 4**





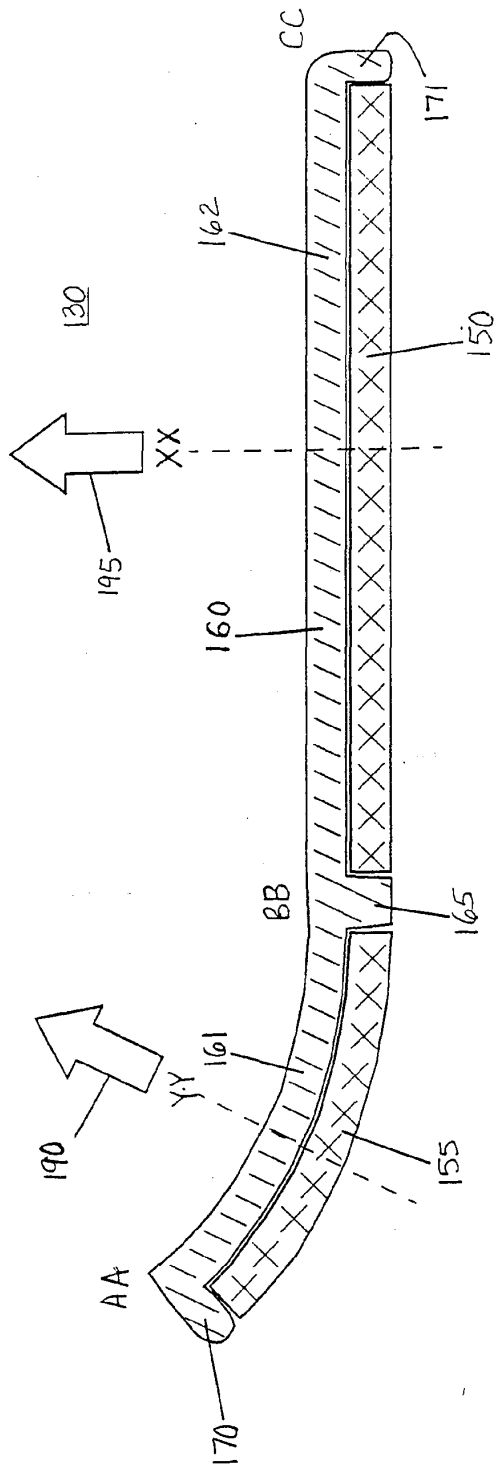


Figure 6

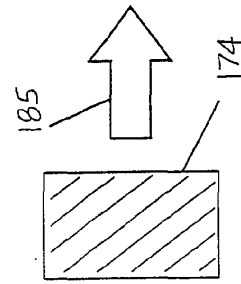


Figure 6A

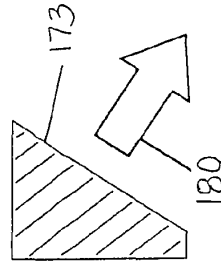
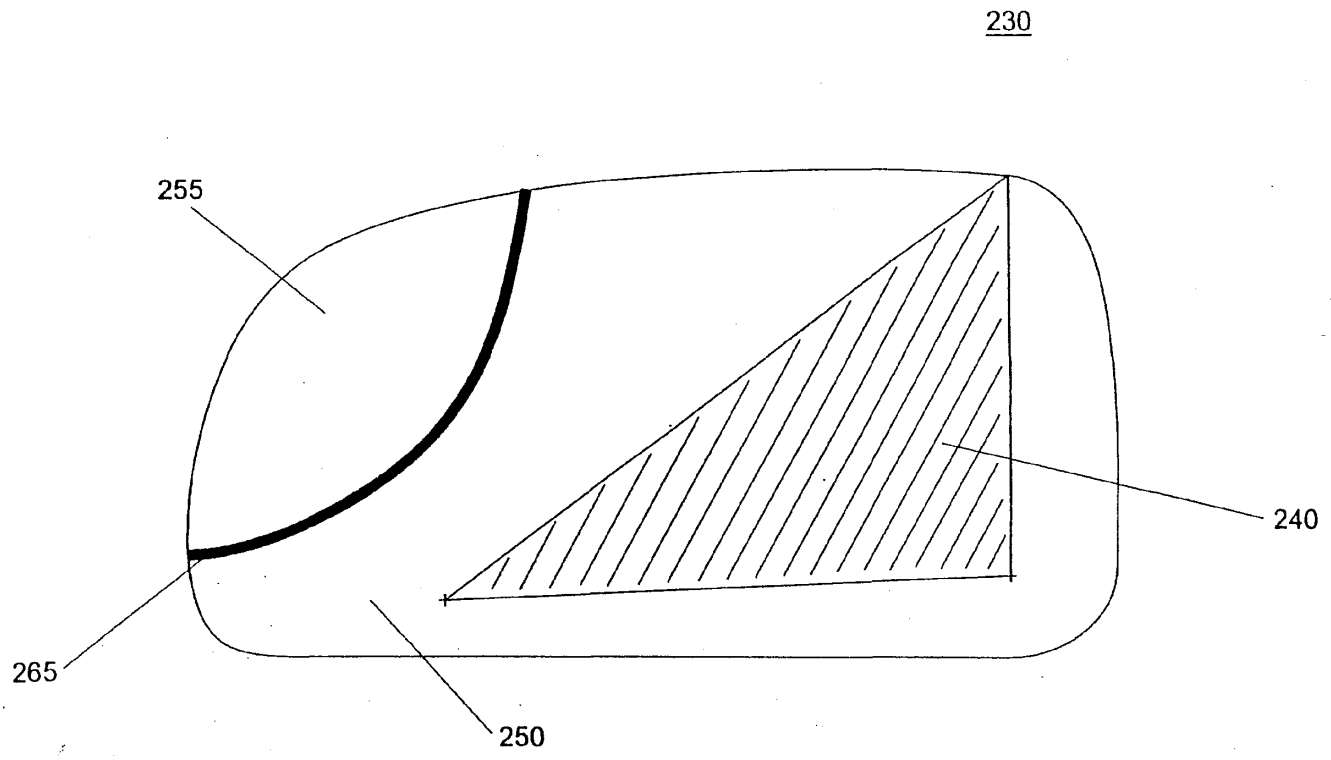


Figure 6B



**Figure 7**

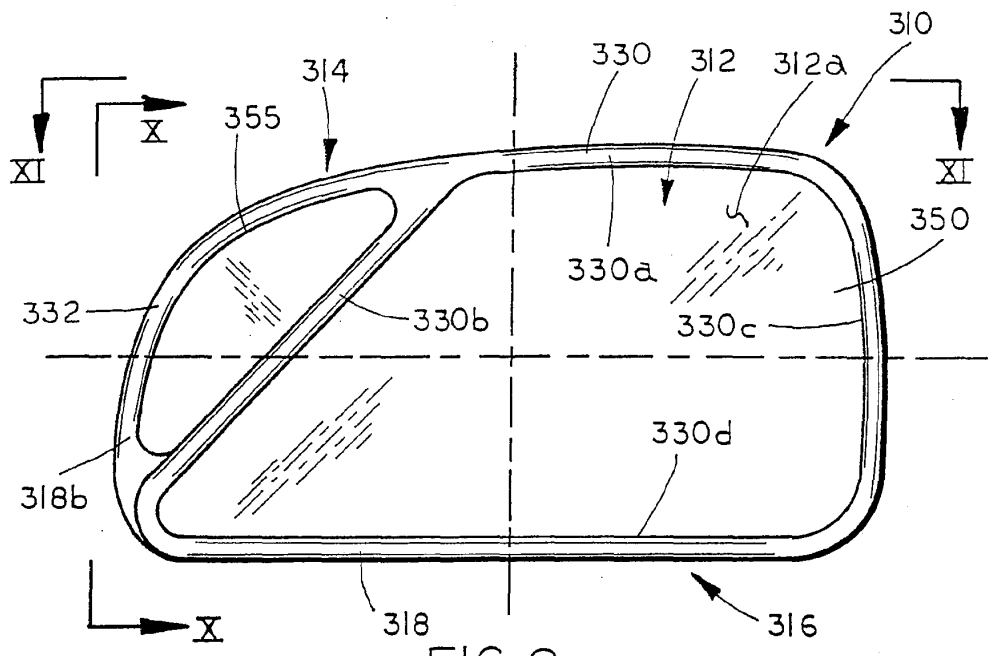


FIG. 8

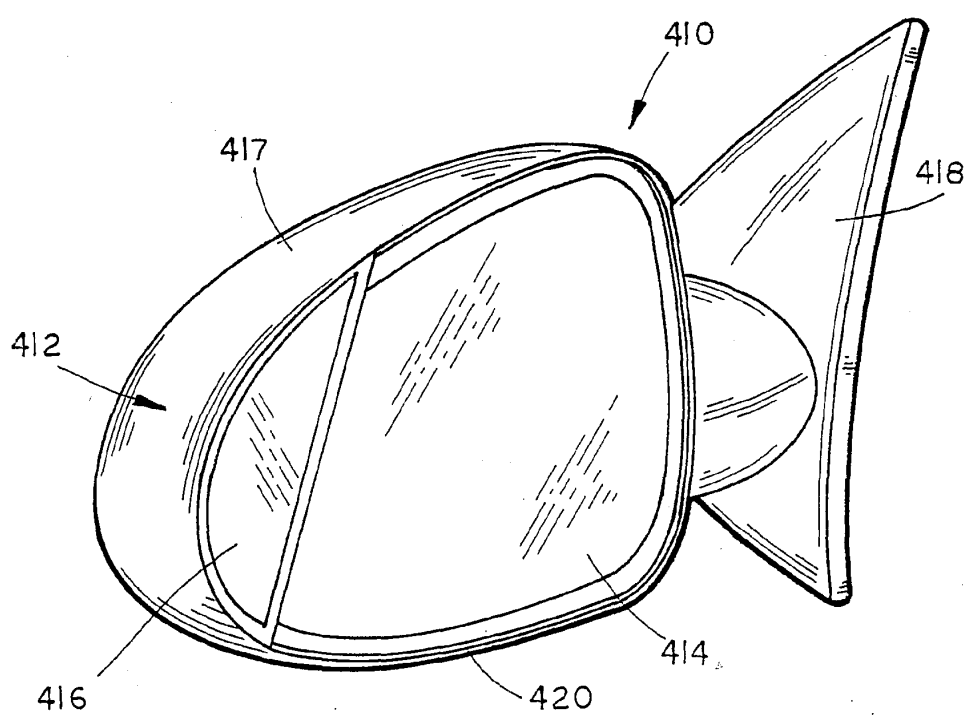


FIG. 15

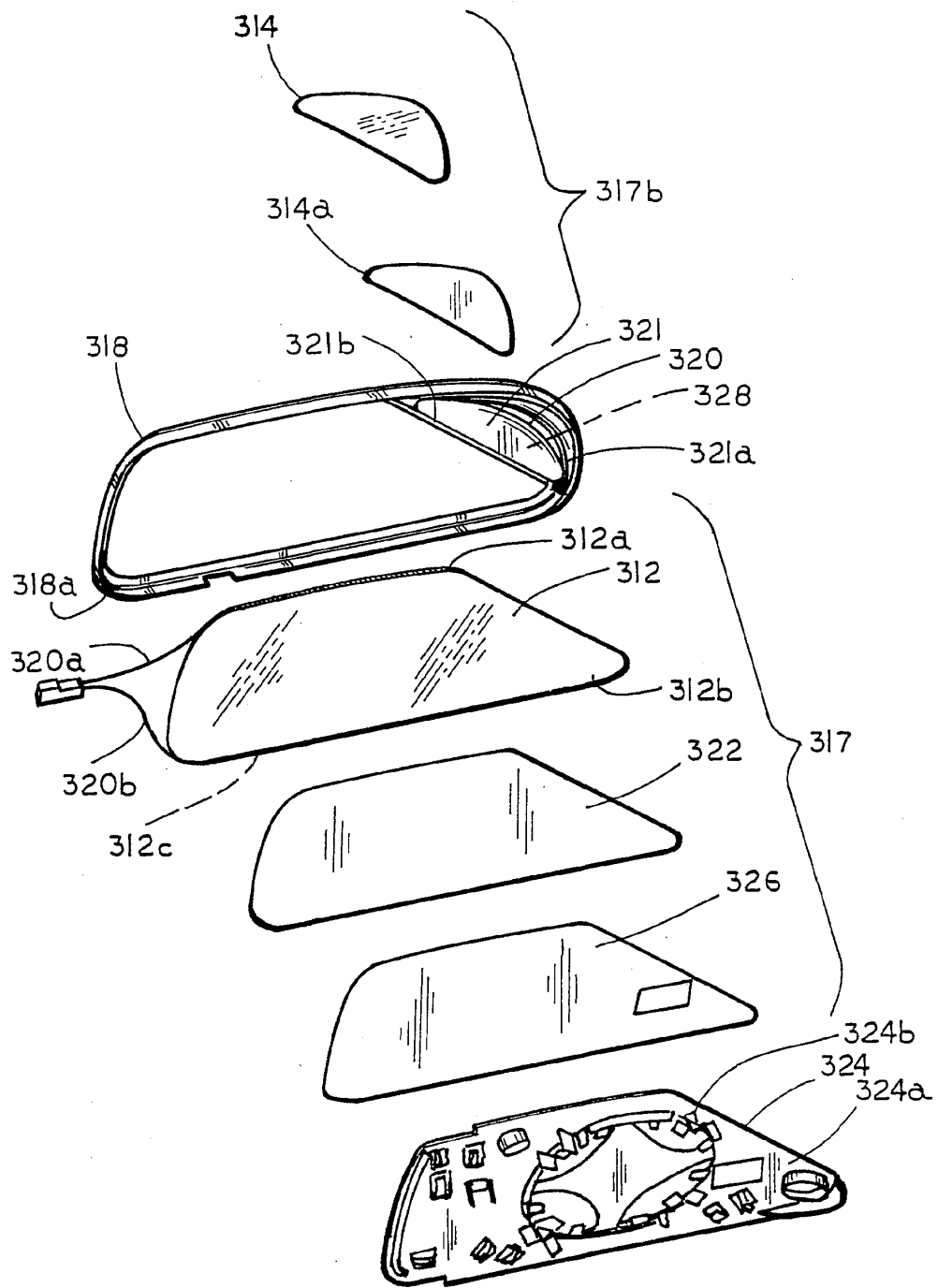


FIG.9

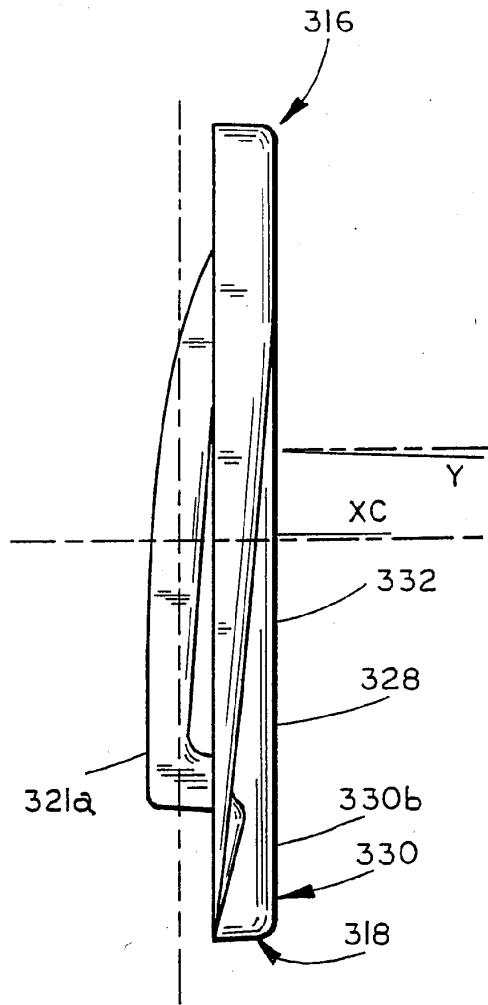


FIG. 10

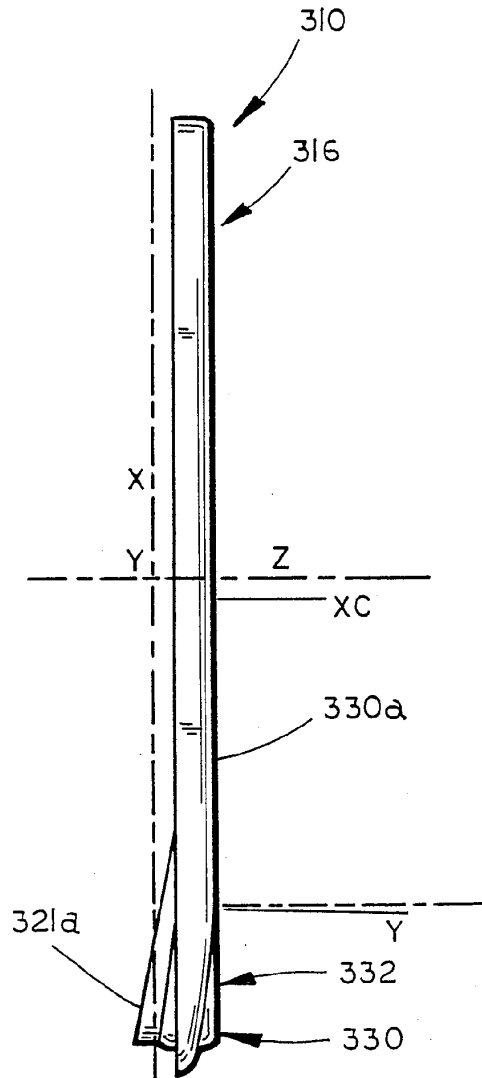


FIG. 11



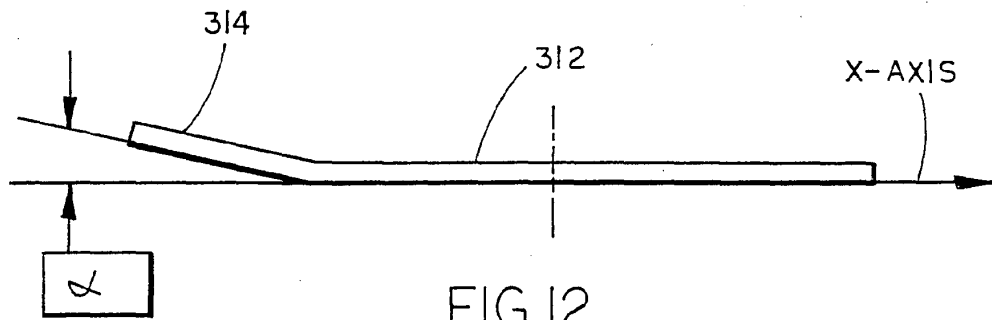


FIG. 12

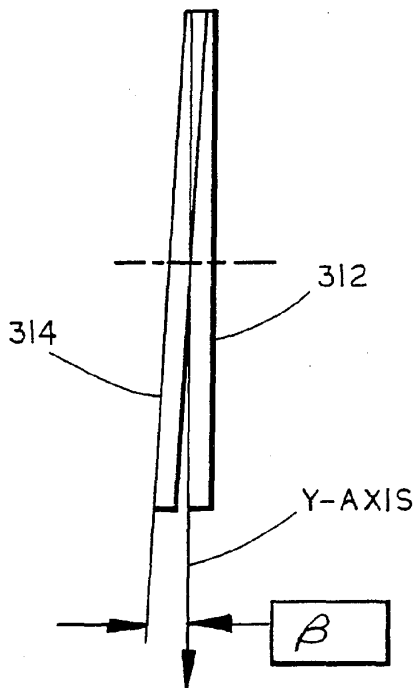


FIG. 13

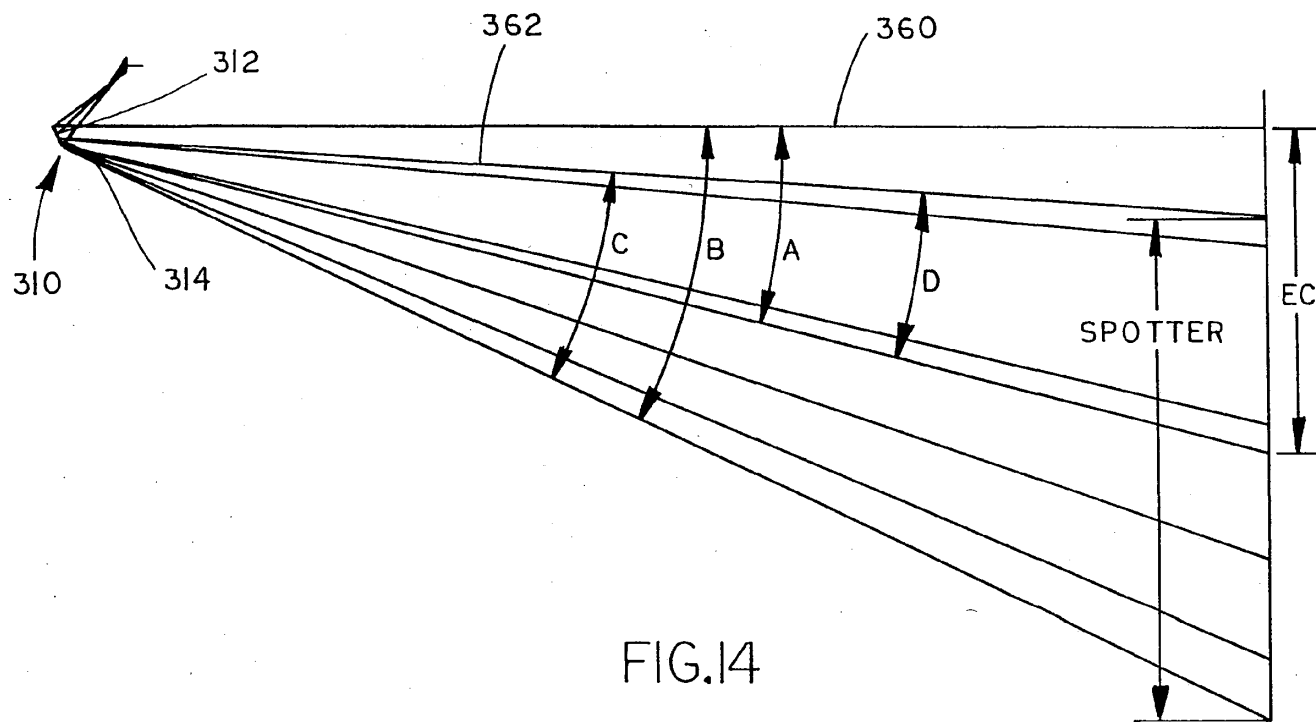


FIG.14



US006717712B2

(12) **United States Patent**  
**Lynam et al.**

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 6,717,712 B2**  
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Apr. 6, 2004**

(54) **EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY**

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(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 84 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **09/745,172**

(22) Filed: **Dec. 20, 2000**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2002/0072026 A1 Jun. 13, 2002

**Related U.S. Application Data**

(63) Continuation-in-part of application No. 09/478,315, filed on Jan. 6, 2000, now Pat. No. 6,522,451.

(51) **Int. Cl.**<sup>7</sup> ..... **G02F 1/15**; G02B 5/08; G02B 5/10; G02B 7/182; B60R 1/06

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **359/265**; 359/267; 359/841; 359/850; 359/864; 359/866; 359/868; 359/872; 359/877; 248/549; 248/900

(58) **Field of Search** ..... 359/841, 850, 359/851, 854, 855, 864, 865, 866, 868, 872, 877, 265, 267; 248/549, 900

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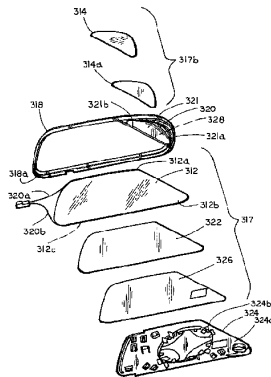
*Primary Examiner*—Ricky D. Shafer

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

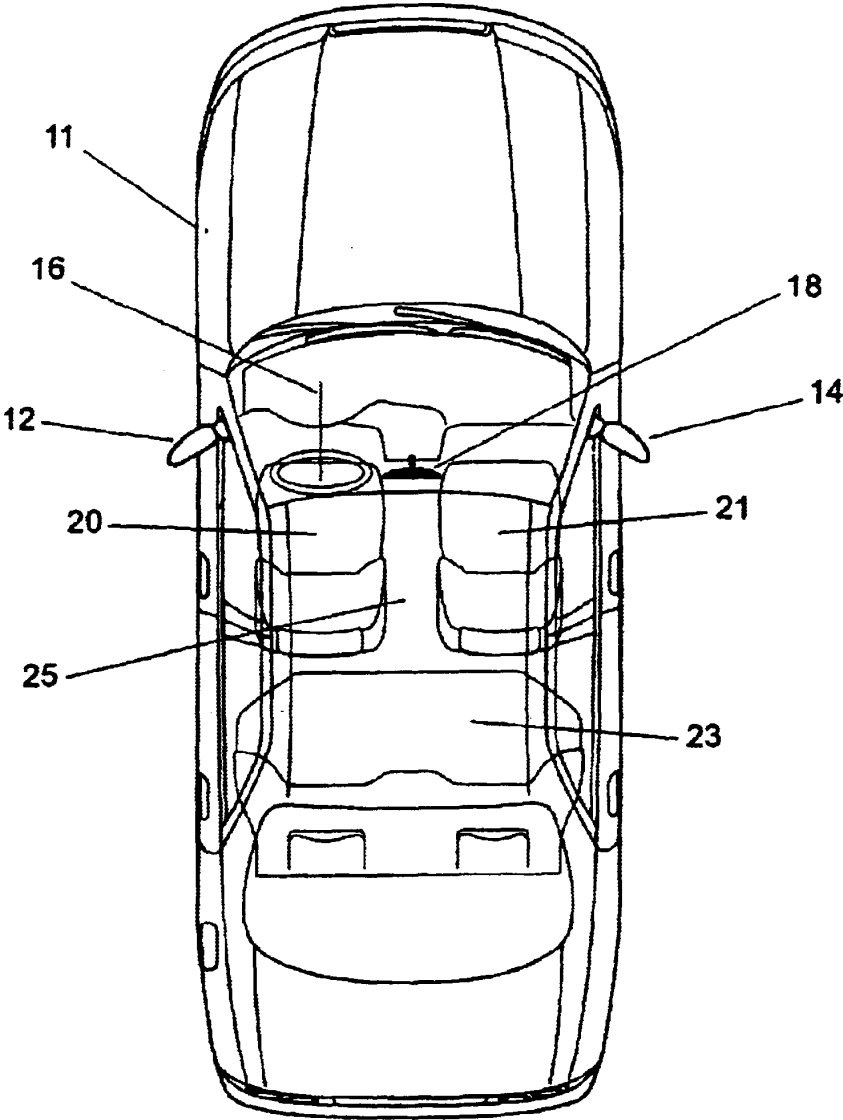
This invention provides a reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The reflective element assembly includes a first reflective element and a second reflective element. The second reflective element is angled downwardly and forwardly with respect to the first reflective element when the mirror assembly is mounted to a side of an automobile to provide an increased field of view. In one form, both reflective elements are commonly supported on a bezel, which is mounted to the mirror assembly casing. In another form, the reflective elements are separately mounted, with the second reflective element fixedly mounted to the casing and the first reflective element movably supported in the mirror casing, for example, on an actuator.

**54 Claims, 13 Drawing Sheets**



**EXHIBIT D**

10



**Figure 1**

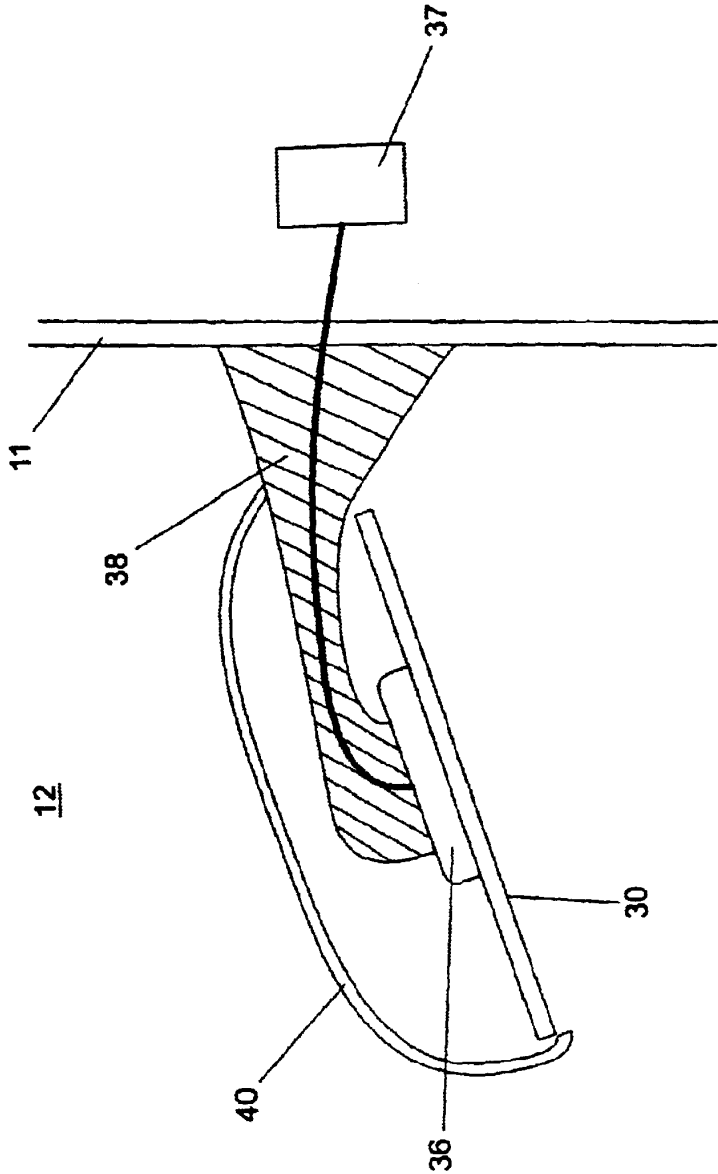


Figure 2

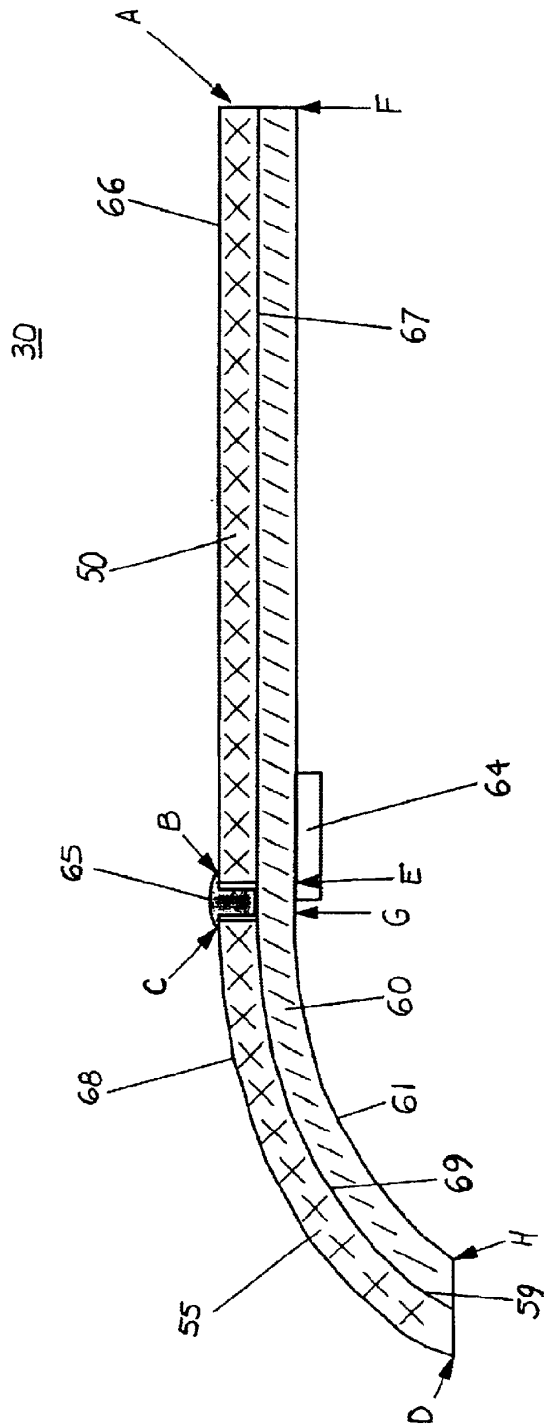


Figure 3

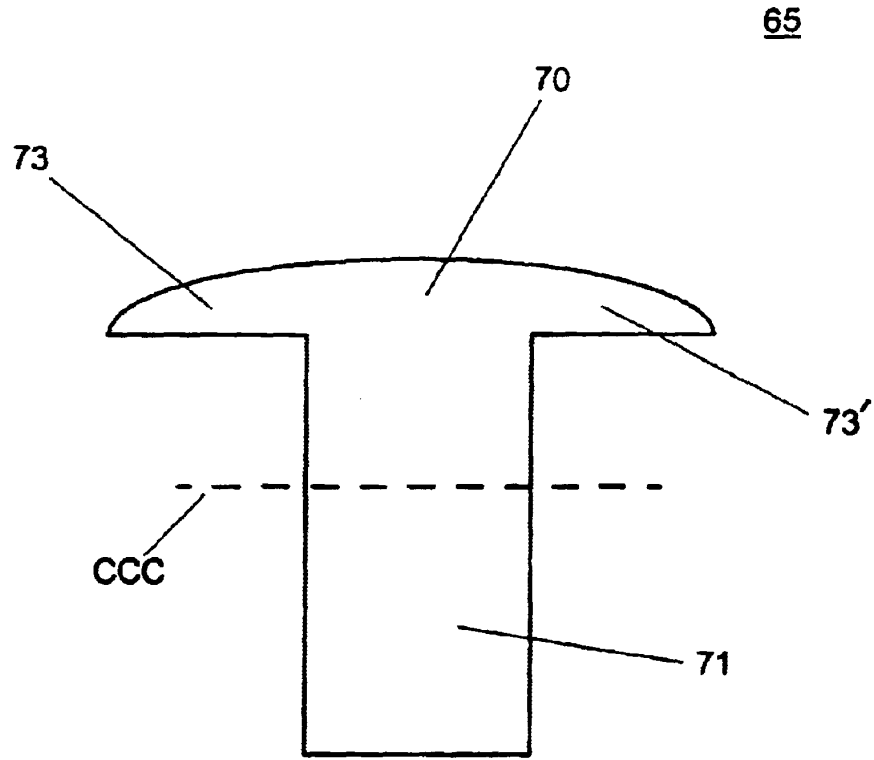
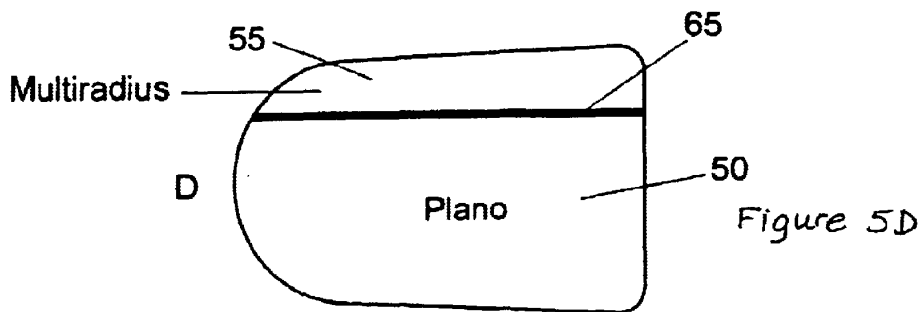
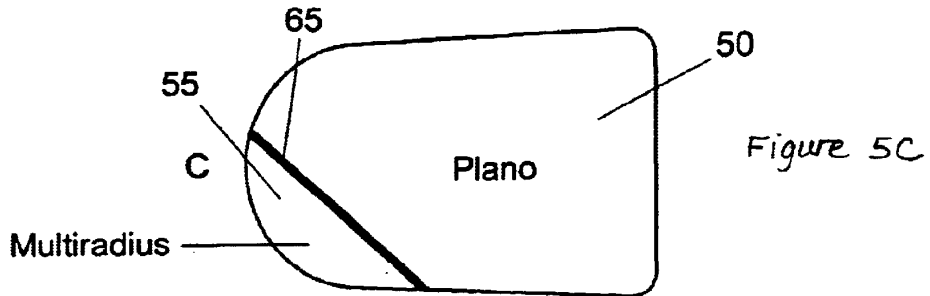
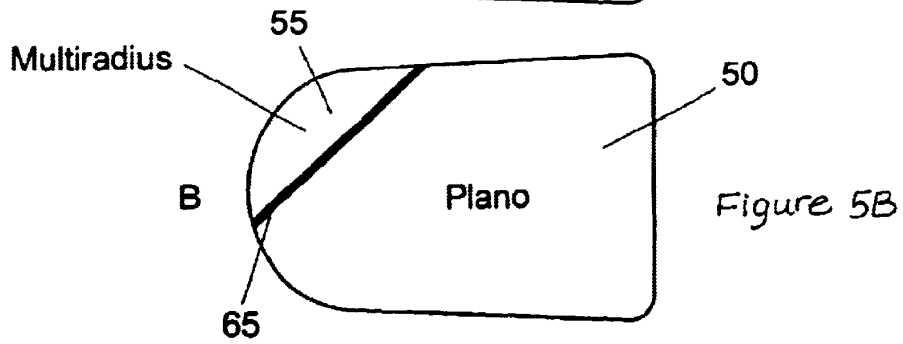
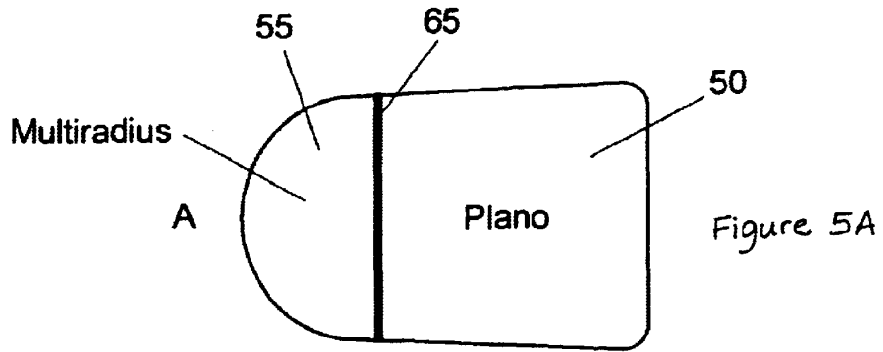
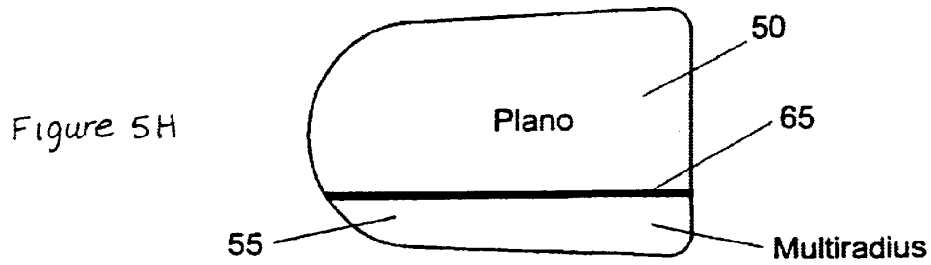
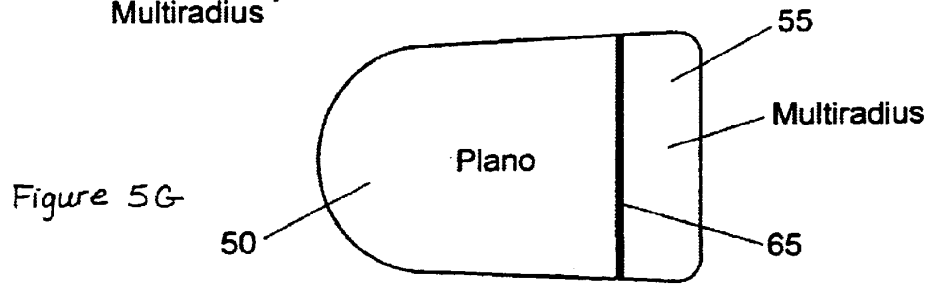
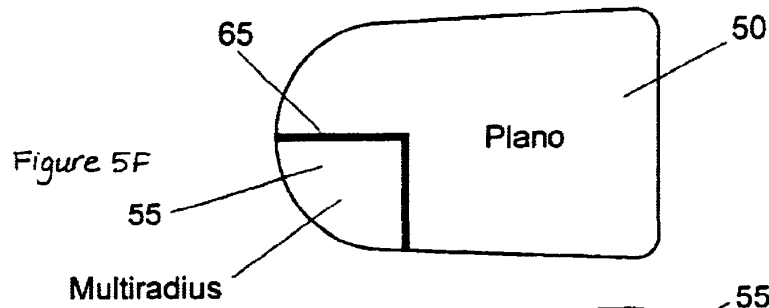
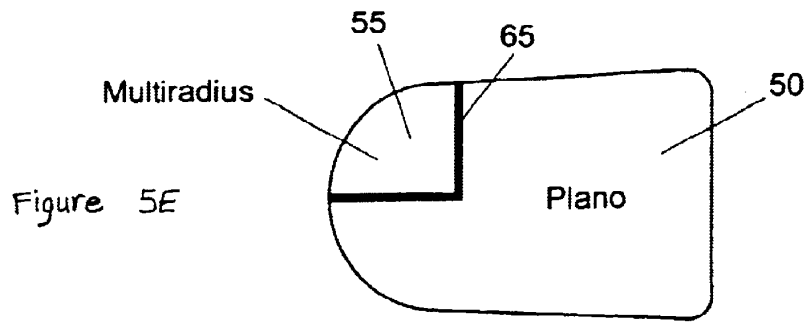


Figure 4.







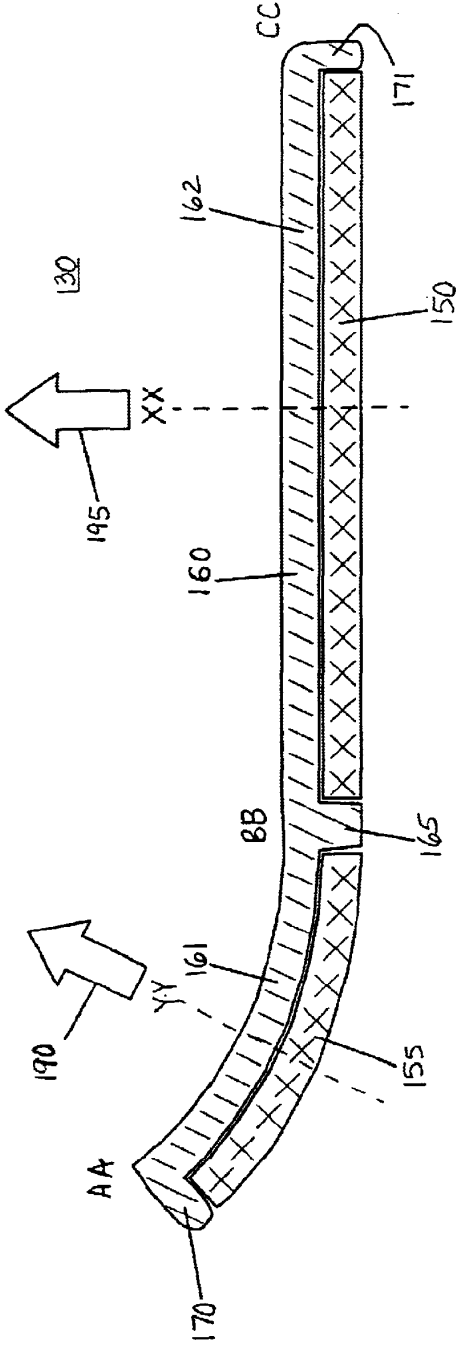


Figure 6

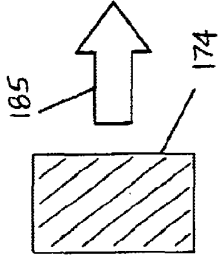


Figure 6A

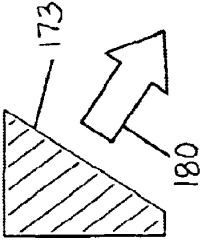


Figure 6B

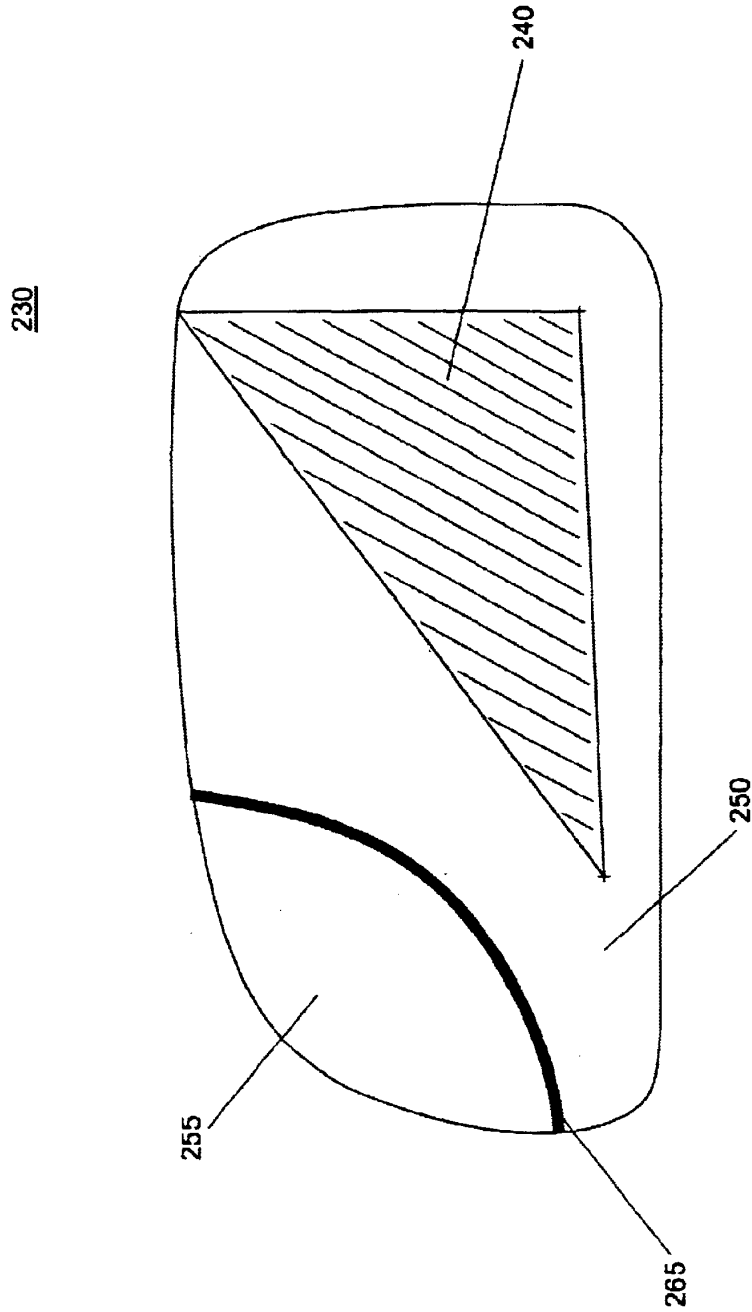


Figure 7

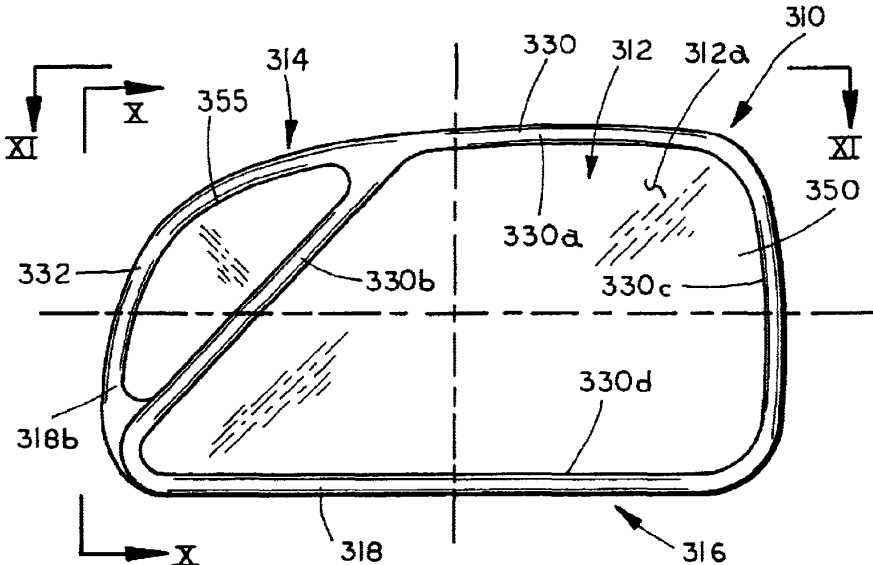


FIG. 8

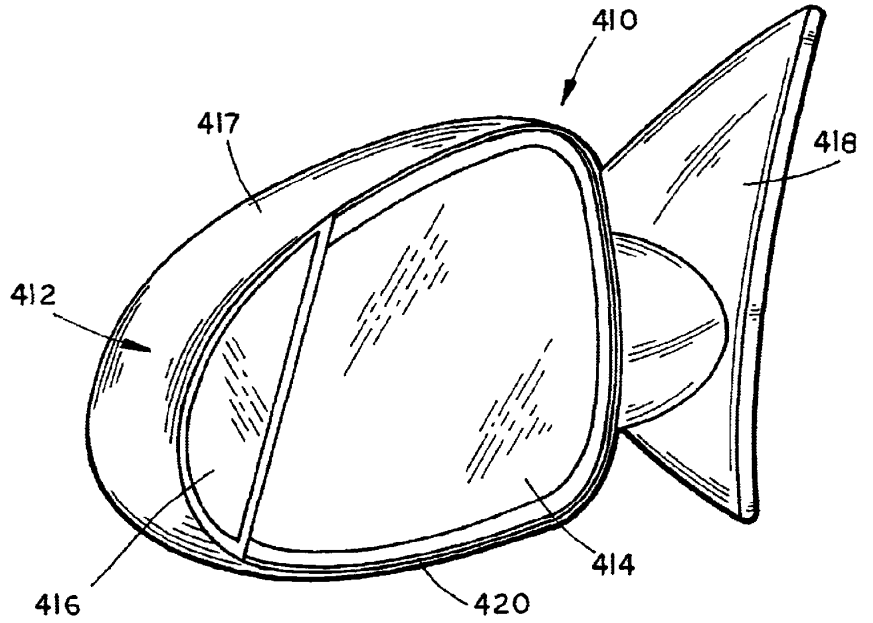


FIG. 15

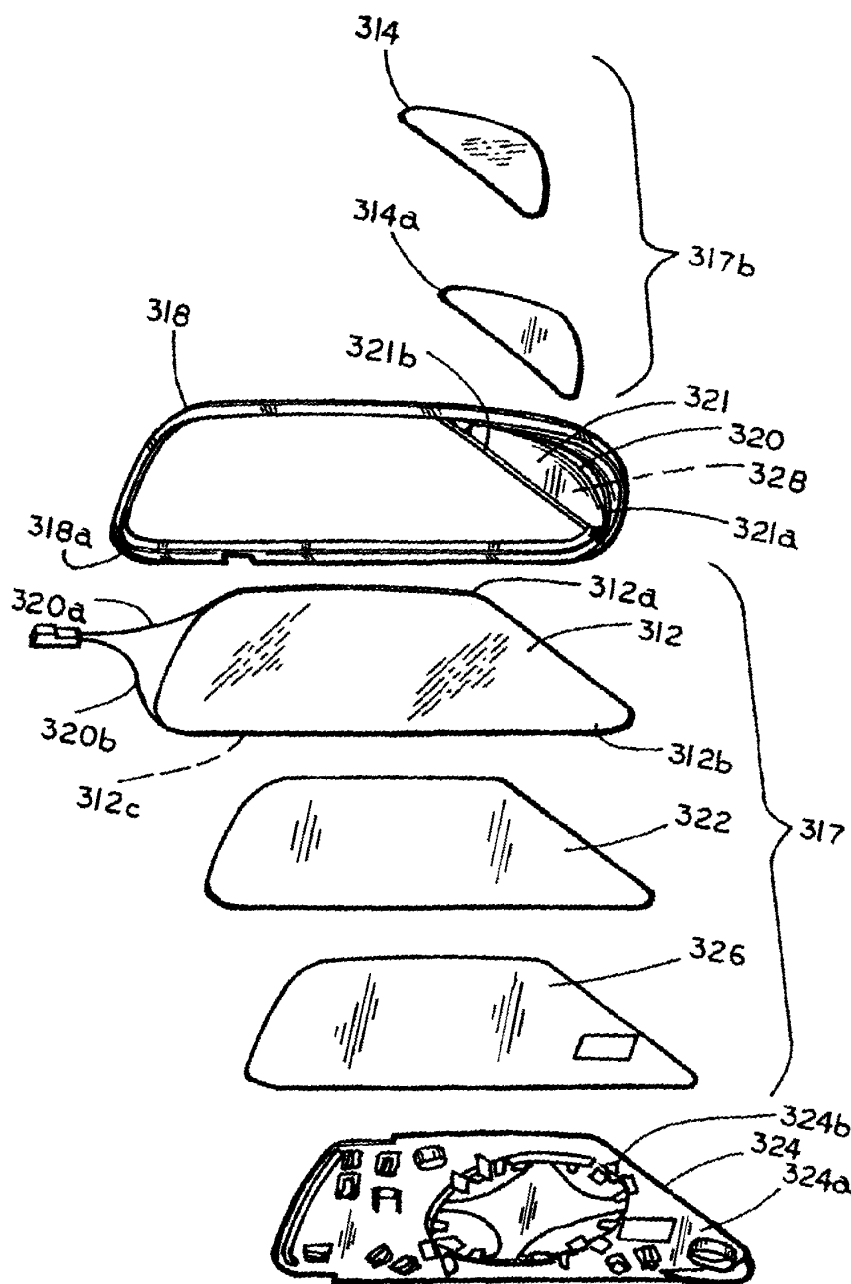


FIG.9

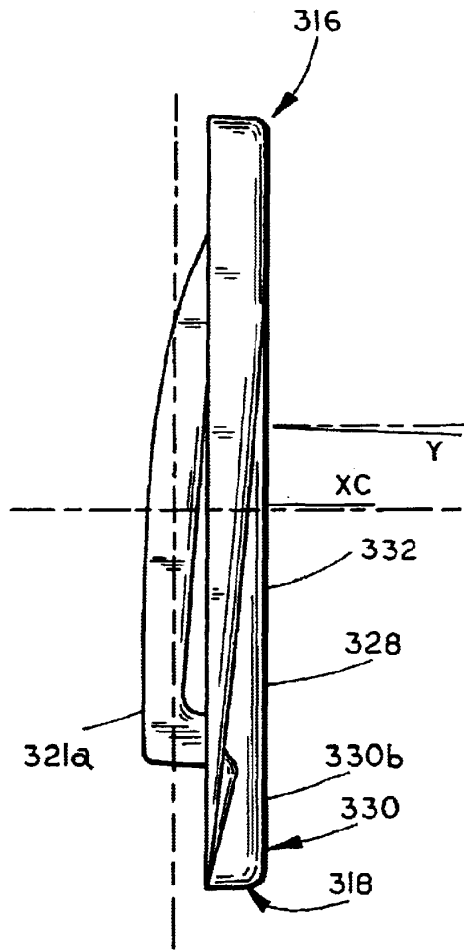


FIG. 10

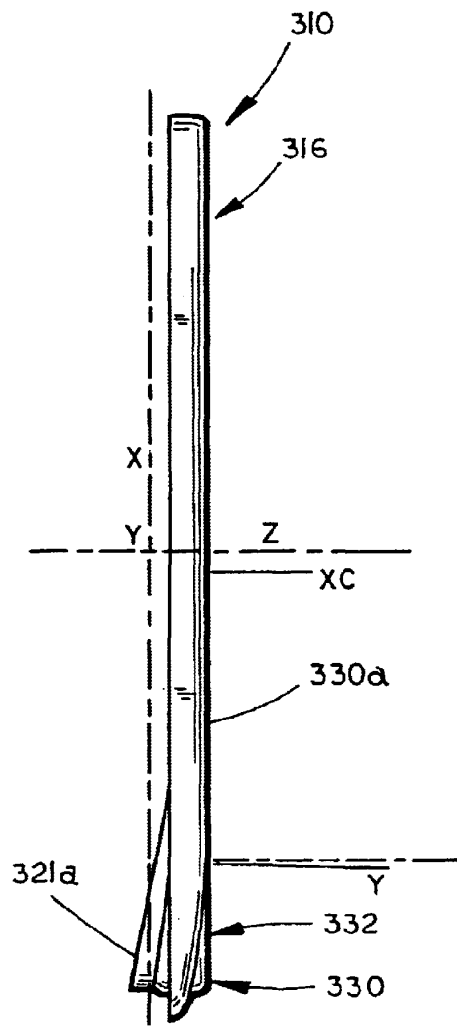
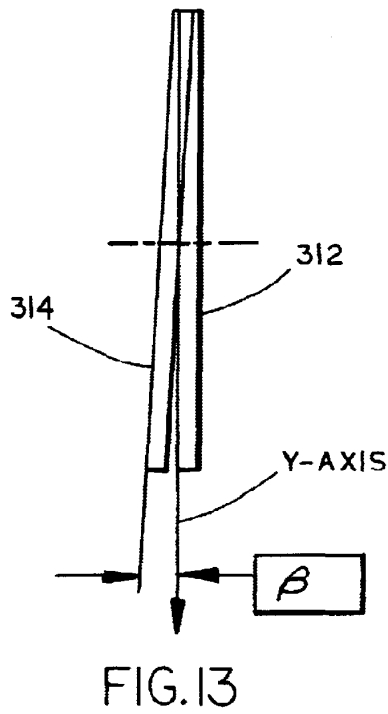
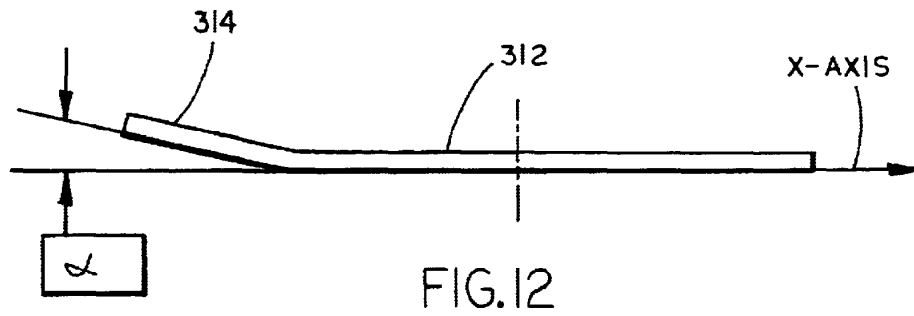


FIG. 11



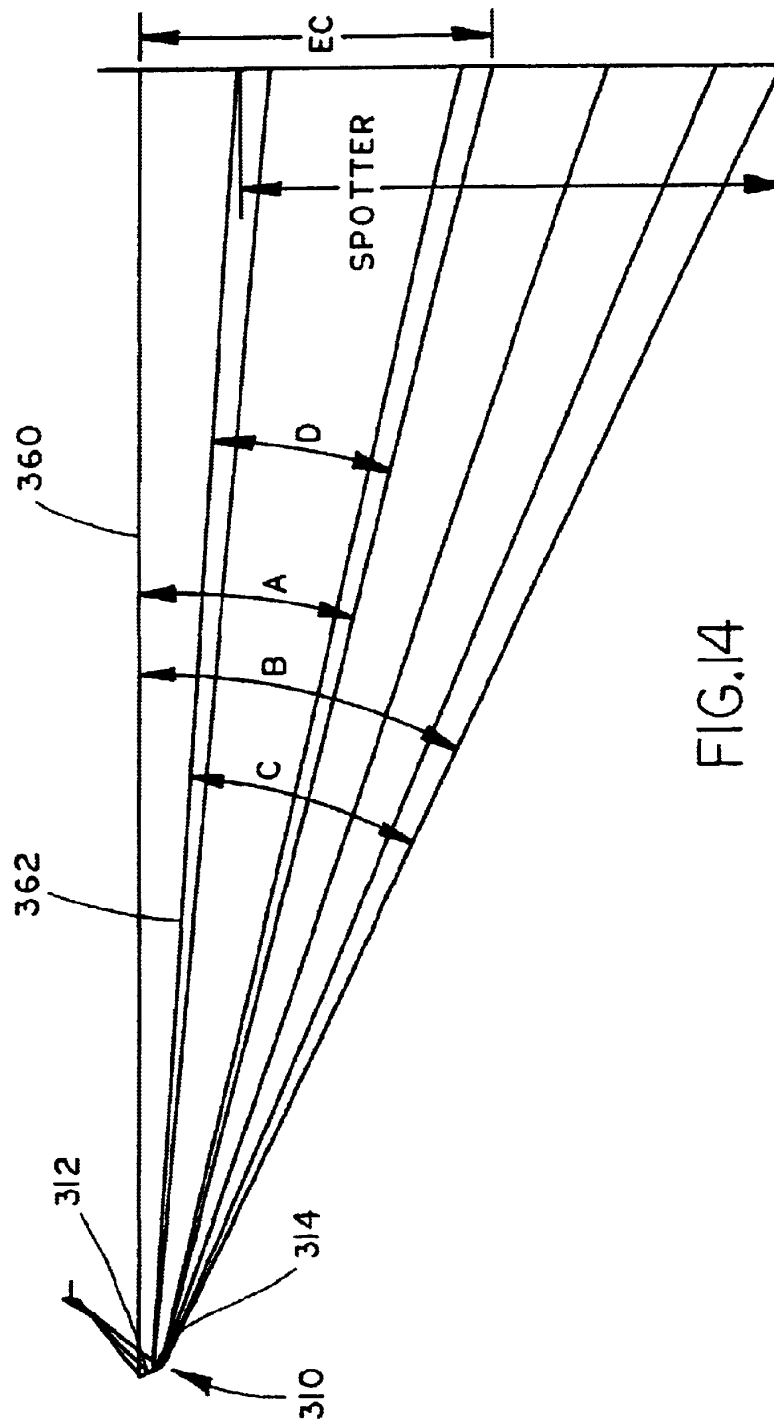


FIG. 14



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**EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY  
REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY**

This is a continuation-in-part of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/478,315, filed Jan. 6, 2000, entitled "EXTE-  
RIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE  
ELEMENT ASSEMBLY", now U.S. Pat. No. 6,522,451,  
which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

**TECHNICAL FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF  
THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to exterior sideview mirror assemblies suitable for use on an automobile, and more specifically, to plano-auxiliary reflective element assemblies for use in automobile exterior sideview mirror assemblies.

Automobiles are typically equipped with an interior rearview mirror assembly (adapted for providing a rearward field of view immediately rearward of the vehicle, typically principally in the road lane the vehicle is traveling in) and at least one exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of the vehicle (typically adjacent a front side window portion). The exterior side view mirror assembly typically comprises a reflective element adapted to provide a rearward field of view of the side lane adjacent the vehicle so as to allow the driver see whether a side approaching vehicle is present when the driver is contemplating a lane change. Conventionally, automobiles are equipped with a driver-side exterior mirror assembly and, very often, with a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side of the automobile body opposite to that of the driver-side assembly. While the combination of an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror (and especially in a three-mirror system comprising an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror and a passenger-side exterior mirror) works well in many driving situations, rear vision blind spots present a potential safety hazard while driving. A rear vision blind spot is an area adjacent the side of an automobile where a view of another vehicle (overtaking on that side) is not captured in the rearward field of view of the exterior mirror reflector on that side. This presents a potential safety hazard as the driver, upon checking the view in the exterior sideview mirror and seeing no overtaking vehicle therein, may deem it safe to initiate a lane change, unaware that there is a vehicle immediately adjacent in a blind-spot of the exterior mirror reflector.

Various attempts have been made conventionally to minimize and/or eliminate exterior mirror blind-spots on vehicles. One approach is to make the exterior mirror reflector larger, and particularly wider with respect to the vehicle body. By increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector, it has a wider field of view rearwards, and hence the reflector blindspot is reduced. While use of a wide exterior mirror reflector is an option for trucks, buses and commercial vehicles, increasing the width of the reflector used in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted on automobiles (such as sedans, station wagons, sports cars, convertibles, minivans, sports utility vehicles, pick-up trucks and similar passenger carrying automobiles) is often not an option. In such domestic automobiles, increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector increases the size of the exterior sideview mirror assembly with a concomitant increase in aerodynamic drag, increase in fuel consumption, increased difficulty in parking in tight parking spaces, and increased reflector vibration. Use of a non-flat, curved exterior mirror reflector is commonly used to increase rearward field of view without increasing reflector size.

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While working well to increase field of view, use of a curved reflector (such as a convex, spherically-curved reflector) has disadvantages. The field of view rearward increases as the degree of curvature of the bent substrate increases (i.e., the field of view rearward increases as the radius of curvature of the bent substrate decreases). However, such wide-angle mirrors have non-unit magnification and distance perception rearward is distorted. For this reason, convex (spherically-bent) exterior mirror reflectors are required in some countries (such as the United States) to carry a safety warning "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR". Distance perception is particularly important for a driver-side exterior mirror. Indeed, Federal Vehicle Safety Standard No: 111 in the United States (the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein) requires that the driver-side exterior mirror reflector exhibit unit magnification, and places restrictions on the radius of curvature allowed for any bent passenger-side mirror as well as requiring a safety warning be placed thereon. As an improvement over spherically bent/convex mirror reflectors, aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors (such as are disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,449,786 and 5,724,187, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein) have been developed. Such mirrors are widely used in Europe and Asia for both driver-side exterior mirror reflectors and for passenger-side exterior mirror reflectors. The aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors typically have a less curved (larger radius of curvature) reflective region that is inboard or closest to the driver when mounted on a vehicle and, usually separated by a demarcation line or the like, have a more curved (smaller radius of curvature) region that is outboard or farthest from the driver when mounted on a vehicle. However, such aspherical or multiradius reflectors do not have unit magnification and so cannot be used when unit magnification is mandated (such as by FMVSS 111, referenced above).

To supplement a flat driver-side exterior mirror reflector, an auxiliary and separate bent reflector is sometimes incorporated into the driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly. However, this is often not suitable for passenger automobiles because of the extra space required in the sideview mirror assembly to accommodate an auxiliary reflector element. Also, in most passenger automobiles, the position of the side view mirror reflector is adjustable by the driver (such as by a hand-adjust, or by a manually adjustable cable such as a Bowden cable or by an electrically operable actuator, as known in the art) in order to provide to that driver his or her desired rearward field of view, which ill-suits use of a separate, auxiliary reflector. Likewise, addition of stick-on blind-spot mirror reflectors (such as are commonly sold in automotive parts stores and the like) onto an automobile exterior sideview mirror reflector has disadvantages, including obscuring field of view of the automobile mirror reflector and adding to mirror element vibration.

There is thus a need to provide an automobile exterior sideview reflective element, and particularly a driver-side automobile exterior sideview reflective element, that overcomes the disadvantages above and that provides the driver of the automobile with a distortion-free field of view with unit magnification that is supplemented with a wide-angle view of a side lane blind spot, and there is a need that this be provided in a unitary reflective element assembly module suitable to mount onto, and be adjusted by, the mirror reflector adjustment mechanism (such as an electrically operated, motorized actuator) provided in the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, an automobile exterior sideview mirror system includes an exterior sideview mirror assembly having a reflective element assembly. The reflective element assembly includes a first reflective element and a second reflective element, which together provide an increased field of view for the exterior side mirror assembly.

In one form of the invention, an automobile exterior side mirror system includes an exterior side mirror assembly, which is adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile. The exterior sideview mirror assembly includes a reflective element assembly having a plano reflective element, which forms a first reflective element, and a multiradiused reflective element which forms a second reflective element. The reflective element assembly is mounted to an actuator, which moves the reflective element assembly to position the rearward field of view of the reflective element assembly. The reflective element assembly further includes a frame element assembly to which the first and second reflective elements are mounted and which orients the second reflective element such that it has a viewing range which spans outwardly and downwardly with respect to the first reflective element to thereby provide an increased field of view for the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

In one aspect, the first reflective element and the second reflective element are adjacently attached to the frame element assembly at a joint. The reflective element assembly further includes a demarcation element disposed at its joint to form a demarcation between the first and second reflective elements that is visible to the driver. In a further aspect, the frame element assembly includes a bezel portion which extends around the first reflective element, with the demarcation element comprising a segment of the first bezel portion.

In another aspect, the second reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of about 4000 mm to about 100 mm.

In yet another aspect, the frame element assembly includes a frame, with the first and second reflective elements being mounted in the frame. The multiradiused reflective element is mounted to the frame at an outboard position, with the plano reflective element being positioned adjacent the multiradiused reflective element and at an inboard position with respect to the multiradiused reflective element when the exterior side mirror assembly is mounted to an automobile. In a further aspect, the plano reflective element is mounted to the frame by a backing plate, which is preferably adapted to mount to the actuator.

In other aspects, the first reflective element includes a rearward field of view having a principal axis, which is different from and angled to a principal axis of the rearward field of view of the second reflective element when the reflective element assembly is mounted in the exterior sideview mirror assembly. The principal axis of the rearward field of view of the second reflective element is directed generally outwardly and downwardly with respect to a longitudinal axis of the automobile when the exterior side mirror system is mounted to an automobile. For example, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the second reflective element may form a downward angle with respect to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the first reflective element in the range from about 0.75° to about 5°, or in a range of about 1.5° to about 3.5°, in a range of about 2° to about 3°.

In other aspects, the principal axis of the second reflective element forms an outward angle with respect to the principal

axis of the rearward field of view of the first reflective element in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°, or in a range of about 1° to about 3°, or in a range of about 1.25° to about 2.5°.

According to another form of the invention, an automobile exterior side mirror system includes an exterior side mirror assembly, which is adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile. The exterior side mirror assembly includes a mirror casing, a reflective element assembly, and an actuator. The reflective element assembly includes a frame element assembly, a first reflective element having a unit magnification, and a second reflective element having a multiradiused curvature. The frame element assembly mounts the first reflective element and the second reflective element in the mirror casing and is adapted to mount to the actuator, which adjusts the orientation of the reflective element assembly. The first reflective element has a first rearward field of view with a first principal axis, and the second reflective element has a second rearward field of view with a second principal axis, with the second principal axis being angled outwardly and downwardly with respect to the first principal axis.

In one aspect, the second principal axis is angled outwardly from the first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°, or in a range of approximately 1° to about 3°, or at an angle in a range of about 1.25° to about 2.5°.

In another aspect, the second principal axis is angled downwardly from the first principal axis at an angle in a range of approximately 0.75° to about 5°, or in a range of about 1.5° to about 3.5°, or at an angle in a range of about 2° to about 3°.

In another aspect, the frame includes a support surface for the second reflective element, with the support surface angling the second principal axis of the second reflective element.

In yet another form of the invention, an automobile exterior sideview mirror system includes an exterior sideview mirror assembly, which is adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile. The mirror assembly includes an actuator and a reflective element assembly. The reflective element assembly includes a frame element assembly, a first reflective element, and a second reflective element. The frame element assembly is adapted to mount to the actuator and includes a frame and a support surface for the second reflective element. The actuator adjusts the position of the reflective element assembly to thereby adjust the viewing angle of the sideview mirror system. The support surface angles the second reflective element downwardly and forwardly of the first reflective element when the mirror assembly is mounted to an automobile whereby the second reflective element provides a viewing range which spans outwardly and downwardly with respect to the automobile to thereby provide an increased field of view for the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

In one aspect, the support surface is provided by a plate element, for example a solid plate element or a foraminous plate element. In other aspects, the support surface is provided by a frame.

In further aspects, the frame includes a first bezel portion and a second bezel portion, with the first bezel portion extending around the first reflective element, and the second bezel portion extending around the second reflective element. In one form, the second bezel portion is angled forwardly with respect to the first bezel portion when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to a side of an automobile.

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In another aspect, the second reflective element is located outboard of the first reflective element.

These and other advantages, features, and modifications will become more apparent when reviewed in conjunction with the drawings and the detailed description which follows.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;

FIG. 2 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in FIG. 3;

FIGS. 5A–5H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;

FIG. 6 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a dividing wall in a backing plate element;

FIG. 6A is a cross-section taken along line XX of FIG. 6;

FIG. 6B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of FIG. 6;

FIG. 7 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention;

FIG. 8 is a front elevation view of another embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention;

FIG. 9 is an exploded perspective view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8;

FIG. 10 is an end view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8 as viewed from line X—X of FIG. 8;

FIG. 11 is a top view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8 as viewed from line XI—XI of FIG. 8;

FIG. 12 is a schematic representation of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8 illustrating the orientation of the reflective element;

FIG. 13 is another schematic representation of the orientation of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element in FIG. 8;

FIG. 14 is a diagram illustrating the range of viewing of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 8; and

FIG. 15 is a perspective view of another embodiment of an exterior rearview mirror system of the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As illustrated in FIG. 1, passenger automobile 10 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal transportation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 18 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 25. Interior vehicle cabin 25 further includes a steering wheel 16, a driver seat 20 positioned at steering wheel 16, a front

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passenger seat 21 adjacent to driver seat 20 in the front portion of cabin 25, and a rear passenger seat 23 in the rear portion of cabin 25. Automobile 10 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 14, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body 11, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 20 for driver-side assembly 12 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 21 for passenger-side assembly 14. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in FIG. 1 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 includes, as illustrated in FIG. 2, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 30. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 36. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 36 in response to control 37. Control 37 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 within exterior mirror housing 40 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Alternately, when actuator 36 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 37 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin 25) or control 37 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 36 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 36 is mounted to bracket 38 which attaches to vehicle body side 11. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positionable by actuator 36 within exterior mirror housing 40.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, as shown in FIG. 3, comprises a plano element 50 and a separate multiradius element 55. Preferably, plano element 50 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in FIG. 3. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are both mounted to surface 59 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 60. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 65. Surface 61 of backing plate element 60 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 64, to actuator 36 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 14) such that plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 36 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Thus, since elements 50, 55 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, movement of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 by actuator 36 simultaneously and similarly moves plano element 50 and multiradius element 55.

Plano element 50 preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and com-

prises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element **50** may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element **50** may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element **50** may be a first surface coating (such as on surface **66**) or a second surface coating (such as on surface **67**), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element **50** may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element **50** preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly **12** and/or **14**, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element **50** is positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element **55**. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, side A of plano element **50** of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element **55** when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is mounted on an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly **12** and/or **14**, surfaces **66**, **68** of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

Multiradius element **55** of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element **55** with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element **55** (side C in FIG. 3) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element **50** when both are mounted on backing plate element **60**. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element **55**, when mounted on backing plate element **60**, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element **55** from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element **55** is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element **55** is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element **55** comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multiradius element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a

combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20° (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25° and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30°) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

Multiradius element **55** may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element **55** may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element **55** may be a first surface coating (such as on surface **68**) or a second surface coating (such as on surface **69**), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element **55** may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element **55** preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, **66** and **68**, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements **50**, **55** is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element **50** and/or multiradius element **55** can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** when mounted to an automobile.

The reflector area of plano element **50** is preferably larger than that of multiradius element **55**. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element **50** is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element **55** (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the distance from side A to side B of plano element **50** is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element **55**. Thus, the ratio of the width of plano element **50** to the width of multiradius element **55** is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element **50** as the principal rear viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** and providing multiradius element **55** as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30**. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of passenger

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automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element **50** (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 75 mm to about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

Backing plate element **60** is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element **50** and multiradius element **55**. Backing plate element **60** comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in FIG. **3**) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element **50**. Backing plate element **60** also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in FIG. **3**) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element **55**. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element **55** is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element **55**. Backing plate element **60** is formed as a single element to which elements **50** and **55** are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element **60** is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element **60** include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element **60** can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element **50** can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element **55** can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element **60**. Alternatively, plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element **60** with elements **50, 55** integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element **65**) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30**.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** further preferably includes demarcation element **65** that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray, rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** when both are attached to backing plate element **60**. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element **65** can be disposed in any gap between plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** at their joint on backing plate element **60**. Preferably, demarcation element **65** is formed of a polymeric material that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element **65** is formed of an at least

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partially elastomeric material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements **50, 55**. As shown in FIG. **4**, demarcation element **65** optionally includes a crown portion **70** that includes wing portions **73, 73'** and a stem portion **71**. Stem portion **71** preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than about 2 mm. Crown portion **70** preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces **66, 68** of elements **50, 55** when demarcation element **65** is installed between elements **50** and **55**. Also, wings **73, 73'** are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces **66, 68** of elements **50, 55** when demarcation element **65** is installed between elements **50** and **55** in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements **50, 55** that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in FIG. **4** is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap). Optionally, demarcation element **65** is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** have been attached to backing plate element **60**, a separately formed demarcation element **65** can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space between elements **50** and **55**. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element **50** and side C of multiradius element **55** can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element **65** can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements **50** and **55**. Alternatively, demarcation element **65** can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements **50** and **55**. The width of the portion of demarcation element **65** that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element **65** can be formed as part of backing plate element **60** such as by forming demarcation element **65** as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element **60** into two regions: A first region adapted to receive plano reflective element **50** and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element **55**.

Thus, and referring to FIG. **6**, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **130** may include a backing plate element **160** which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element **165** that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element **165** into a first region (from CC to

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BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element **150** and into a second region (from BB to AA) adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element **155**. Note that section AA to BB of backing plate element **160** is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in FIG. 6 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

Preferably, demarcation element **65** is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element **60**, and attachment of elements **50**, **55** thereto. For example, plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element **60** with elements **50**, **55** integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element **65** (along with any other elements such as attachment member **64**) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30**. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components. Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

Plano element **50** and/or multiradius element **55** can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces **66**, **68**. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element **50** and/or multiradius element **55** can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

Also, plano element **50** and/or multiradius element **55** can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element **50** and element **55** can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of element **50** and element **55** can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements **50**, **55** can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an

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electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient light). Alternately, if both plano element **50** and multiradius element **55** comprise an electrooptic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element **50** can dim independently of element **55** (such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein). If either or both of elements **50**, **55** comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/350,930, filed Jul. 12, 1999, entitled "ELECTROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANUFACTURING ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desaraju V. Varaprasad et al., or such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6 mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

Backing plate element **65** of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member **64** to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure sensitive adhesive to form a "double-sticky" tape. The exterior sideview mirror assembly, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

FIGS. 5A–5H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element **55** relative to its adjacent plano reflective element **50** (with demarcation element **65** disposed at their joint). In FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element **50** is mounted wholly inboard of multiradius element **55**. Thus, in FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element **50** would be disposed closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than multiradius element **55** when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly **30** was mounted in an exterior sideview mirror attached to a side of an automobile. Therefore, in FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element

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50 would be mounted inboard relative to the side of the automobile and multiradius element 55 would be mounted outboard relative to the side of the automobile. In general, the location of the multiradius reflective element in the outboard, upper portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, as in FIGS. 5B and 5E, is preferred as this allows the plano portion provide a desired rearward field of view along the side of the vehicle. The configuration as shown in FIG. 5G (where the multiradius reflective element is along the inboard side of the assembly) is also desirable 10 as this allows the driver view the side of the vehicle (something many drivers desire in order to have a frame of reference for their rearward field of view) while facilitating having a wide field of view for the plano portion.

Unlike trucks, busses and commercial vehicles the size of 15 an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on an automobile (and especially when the automobile is not towing a trailer or the like) is restricted. Automobiles generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal transportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles (which are classified herein as automobiles) can have seat accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accommodation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The tandem mounting of a plano element of unit magnification and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing plate element onto an actuator of an exterior sideview mirror assembly so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly move the auxiliary element and the plano element so as to position their respective rearward fields of view, and to achieve this within the relatively restricted space available in a standard automobile-sized exterior sideview mirror assembly is an important element of this present invention. By utilizing a plano element of unit magnification in the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, and by sizing the reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector area of the multiradius element and, preferably, by sizing the reflector area of the plano element at a sufficiently large size that the rearward field of view provided by the plano element alone meets and satisfies the minimum field of view requirement mandated by an automaker specification and/or a government regulation, the need to provide a safety warning indicia such as "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR" in the plano element and/or in the multiradius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plano element comprises a reflector surface area of a size sufficient, when mounted as part of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, to provide the driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a longitudinal plane tangent to the driver's side of the automobile at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the tangent plane 35 feet behind the driver's eyes (at a nominal location appropriate for any 95th percentile male driver or at the driver's eye reference points established in Federal Motor Vehicle Standard No. 104), with the driver seated in the driver's seat and with the driver's seat in the rearmost position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly (defined as the ratio of its largest vertical dimension to its largest horizontal dimension, measured with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be oriented when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel with the road surface the automobile travels on and "verti-

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cal" being generally perpendicular to the road surface the automobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more preferably less than 0.8, most preferably less than 0.6. Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be disposed outboard (relative to the side of the vehicle and with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly so that the multiradius element is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a "blind-spot" region in an adjacent sidelane while the more inboard-disposed plano element with unit magnification provides the principal sideview image to the driver.

Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element be different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the road that the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile) so as to provide the driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in the side lane that the plano element views). However, preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted driver-side (or passenger-side) exterior sideview mirror assembly in which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location and/or several feet (such as about 1 foot to about 24 feet; more preferably, about 1 foot to about 12 feet; most preferably about 1 foot to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear (in order to capture a field of view of a rear approaching vehicle that is approaching to overtake, or is about to overtake, or is overtaking the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly). Thus, preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is angled and directed generally downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element. For example, multiradius element 155 when attached to surface 173 of backing plate 160 (see FIG. 6B) would have its principal axis of rearward view as indicated by 180 as in FIG. 6B, and as such would be canted towards the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. By contrast, plano element 150 when attached to surface 174 of backing plate 160 (see FIG. 6A) would have a principal axis as indicated by 185 as in FIG. 6A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. Having the multiradius element canted somewhat downwards towards the road surface assists visual detection by the driver of overtaking vehicles in the traditional "blind-spot" in the adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius element is angled on the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plano reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1° to about 10° range; about 2° to about 8° range more preferred; and about 3° to about 6° range most preferred. In order to

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conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plano reflective portion is attached to. Thus, and referring to FIG. 6, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 includes a molded polymeric backing plate element 160 comprising a generally flat portion 162 (between BB and CC in FIG. 6) and an adjacent curved portion 161 (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190 and 195, portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160 to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. FIG. 6 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162 closer to the driver than portion 161). The wall section, section XX in FIG. 6, taken through section 162 of backing plate element 160 is of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in FIG. 6A) whereas the wall section, section YY in FIG. 6B, taken through section 161 of backing plate element 160 is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150 and multiradius reflective element 155 (for example, plano element 150 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and multiradius element 155 can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to portions 162 and 161, respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173 (see FIG. 6B) of portion 161, the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155 is angled downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal viewing axis of plano element 150, when plano-multiradius reflective element 130 is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element 165 is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element 160, and so demarcation element 165 is formed as an integral part of backing plate element 160, forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160 into a region for receiving the plano reflective element 150 and a region for receiving the auxiliary reflective element 155. Also, end-caps 170 and 171 are optionally provided. Plano reflective element 150 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 171; multiradius reflective element 155 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 170. Note that the portion of the backing plate element where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in FIGS. 6A-B. As illustrated in FIGS. 6A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in order to ensure that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

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Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

Referring to FIG. 7, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30° (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35° and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40°) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

Referring to FIG. 8, another embodiment 310 of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention is illustrated. Plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly 310 includes a first reflective element 312 and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 314 which are together supported in a frame element assembly 316. As will be more fully described below, frame element assembly 316 is adapted such that when reflective elements 312 and 314 are placed, or otherwise positioned, in frame element assembly 316, the angular orientation of each reflective element is pre-established such that during assembly, the assembler need simply place the reflective elements in frame element assembly 316.

In the illustrated embodiment, frame element assembly 316 includes a frame 318 with a forward facing open portion 318a (FIG. 9) (and thus when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in a vehicle-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly, the forward facing open portion (318a) is facing to the front of the vehicle) through which a reflective element subassembly 317a, which includes reflective ele-



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ment **312**, is positioned in frame element assembly **316** and a rearward facing open portion **318b** (FIG. **8**) (which faces the rear of the vehicle when frame element assembly **316** is mounted in a vehicle mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly) in which a second reflective element subassembly **317b**, which includes reflective element **314**, is positioned in frame element assembly **316**. Frame **318** preferably comprises a molded member formed from a plastic material, such as a reinforced nylon.

In preferred form, first reflective element **312** comprises a plano reflective element **350**, such as a flat reflector coated glass substrate, with a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of an image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed to the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances) so as to have a unit magnification. Similar to the previous embodiment, plano reflective element **350** may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance reflective element or may comprise a variable reflectance reflective element whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable, as is known in the art. For example, plano reflective element **350** may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with metallic reflector coating, such as a chromium coating, titanium coating, rhodium coating, metal alloy coating, nickel alloy coating, silver coating, aluminum coating, or any alloy or composition of these metal reflectors. For further details of plano reflective element **350**, reference is made to the previous embodiments.

In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element **312** comprises an electrochromic reflective element and includes a first substrate **312a** and a second substrate **312b** with an electrochromic medium **312c** disposed between first and second substrates **312a**, **312b**. Such suitable electrochromic media include, for example, a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium as noted in reference to the previous embodiments. Electrical connectors **320a** and **320b** are coupled to the electrochromic medium **312c** to provide a potential across the electrochromic medium which induces the electrochromic medium to darken, as is known in the art. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element subassembly **317a** also includes an optional heater pad **322**, which is disposed behind reflective element **312**, and a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad **326**, positioned behind heater pad **322**, which absorbs vibration of reflective element **312**.

Referring again to FIG. **9**, frame **318** is adapted to receive and support reflective element subassembly **317a**, which is mounted to frame **318** by a backing plate **324**, such as a plastic backing plate. In the illustrated embodiment, backing plate **324** mounts to the inner perimeter portion of frame **318** using conventional techniques, such as by adhesive bonding, heatstaking, snap-fit coupling, welding, or the like, to form part of frame element assembly **316**. Alternatively, backing plate **324** may mount onto foam pad **326**, for example, by an adhesive attachment, such as double sided sticky tape. In which case, reflective element **312** may be mounted to an inner surface of frame **318**, such as by an adhesive attachment, including for example a silicone adhesive, with heater pad **322** mounted to reflective element **312**, such as by an adhesive attachment, and foam pad **326** mounted to heater pad **322**, such as by an adhesive attachment including, for example, double-sided sticky tape.

Frame element assembly **316** mounts reflective element assembly **310** in the mirror casing and preferably on an actuator, such as an electric actuator, which permits adjustment to the orientation of reflective element assembly **310** about one or more axis. Examples of suitable actuators are

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described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,900,999; 5,986,364; 6,132,052; 6,037,689; and 6,094,027 and copending applications Ser. No. 09/277,632, filed Mar. 26, 1999, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,229,226, and Ser. No. 09/408,867, filed Sep. 29, 1999, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,243,218, which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. Optionally and preferably, backing plate **324** is adapted to engage or be engaged by the actuator for repositioning of plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly **310** about one or more axes. In this manner, the orientation of both reflective element **312** and reflective element **314** are simultaneously adjusted by the actuator. As best seen in FIG. **9**, forward facing side **324a** of backing plate **324** includes mounting structures **324b** which are engaged by the actuator to thereby mount reflective element assembly **310** in the mirror casing.

Referring again to FIG. **8**, frame **318** is a unitary frame and includes a first bezel portion **330** which extends around reflective element **312** and a second bezel portion **332** which extends around reflective element **314** to provide styling utility as well as functional utility. In this manner, a portion of forward facing side of frame **318** forms a support surface for reflective element **312**, while a portion of rearward facing side of frame **318** forms first bezel portion **330**. Similarly, another portion of the rearward facing side of frame provides support for reflective element **314** and also provides bezel portion **332**. In addition, a portion of frame **318** forms a demarcation element at the juncture of reflective elements **312** and **314**. In the illustrated embodiment, the demarcation element is formed by a section or portion of bezel portion **330**, which will be described in greater detail in reference to bezel portion **330**. Thus, frame element assembly **316** provides a support function, a positioning function, including an angling function, while also serving to provide styling utility and a demarcation function.

Second reflective element **314** comprises a radiused reflective element and, more preferably, a multiradiused reflective element **355** having a multiradiused curvature. For example, the radii of curvature of reflective element **314** may range from about 4000 mm to about 100 mm and, preferably, range from about 3000 mm to about 150 mm, and, most preferably, range from about 2000 mm to about 200 mm. In addition, reflective element **314** may comprise a fixed reflectance reflective element or may comprise a variable reflectance reflective element whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. Preferably, reflective elements **312** and **314** include glass substrates, with at least the outer surface of each reflective element comprising glass. However, metalized plastic reflectors may also be used which is especially suitable for reflective element **314**. In which case, the reflective element (**314**) would be especially suitable for molding in or along with frame **318**, with the preformed metalized substrate forming reflective element **314** being placed into the mold forming frame **318**. For further details of other suitable reflective elements, reference is made to the previous embodiments. In addition to reflective element **314**, reflective element subassembly **317b** includes a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad **314a**, which is positioned behind reflective element **314**. Similar to reflective element **312**, foam pad **314a** is attached to reflective element **314** by an adhesive attachment, such as a double-sided sticky tape and, similarly, is attached to frame **318** as will be more fully described below.

As noted above, frame **318** includes a first bezel portion **330** and a second bezel portion **332**. In addition, frame **318** includes an auxiliary support element **320** that provides a mounting surface or support surface for reflective element subassembly **317b**. As best seen in FIGS. **9** and **10**, support

element **320** includes a recessed support surface **328** which is angled to provide an angled support surface for reflective element subassembly **317b**. Thus, when reflective subassembly **317b** is positioned on and mounted on support surface **328**, such as by an adhesive attachment between foam pad **314a** and support surface **328**, the orientation of reflective element **314** is established by the angle of the support surface. Optionally, support element **320** includes gussets **321a** and **321b** which project forwardly from the forward facing side of frame **318** to thereby reinforce support surface **328**.

Referring to FIG. 8, first bezel portion **330** includes an upper portion **330a**, two side portions **330b** and **330c**, and a lower portion **330d**. Side portion **330b** forms an acute angle with respect to the lower portion **330d** and an obtuse angle with respect to upper portion **330a** and together with upper portion **330a**, side portion **330c**, and lower portion **330d** form a perimeter around reflective element **312** to thereby form a styling feature. Second bezel portion **332** extends outwardly from upper portion **330a** and downwardly to lower portion **330d** of first perimeter portion **330** and together with side portion **330b** forms a perimeter around second reflective element **314**. Support element **320** extends behind and between side portion **330b** and second bezel portion **332** so that reflective element **314** is recessed behind side portion **330b** and bezel portion **332**.

As best seen in FIG. 10, upper portion **330a**, side portions **330b** and **330c**, and lower portion **330d** are substantially coplanar and together define an outer surface below which reflective element **312** is recessed when reflective element **312** is mounted in frame **318**. In contrast, perimeter portion **332** is angled forwardly with respect to the plane in which upper portion **330a**, side portions **330b** and **330c**, and lower portion **330d** lie. It should be understood that the terms "forwardly", "rearwardly" and "downwardly", are used in reference to when the mirror system is mounted in an automobile. Therefore, "forwardly" is a direction heading toward the front of the automobile, "rearwardly" is a direction heading to the rear of the automobile, "outwardly" is a direction away from the side of the vehicle on which the mirror assembly is mounted, and "downwardly" is a direction heading toward the surface on which the vehicle is positioned (such as a ground or road surface). Similarly as noted above, reflective element **314** is recessed below an outer surface of perimeter portion **332** and also below the outer surface of side portion **330b** when mounted in frame **318**.

As would be understood from FIGS. 9-11, support surface **328** is also angled forwardly with respect to back plate **324** and/or reflective element **312** when frame element assembly **316** is mounted in an automobile mounted exterior sideview mirror system. In addition, support surface **328** is also angled or tilted downwardly with respect to reflective element **312** and/or backing plate **324** such that when reflective element **314** is supported on support surface **328**, reflective element **314** provides an increased field of view extending laterally or outwardly from the longitudinal axis of the automobile and also downwardly of the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

Referring to FIGS. 13 and 14, support surface **328** is configured such that reflective element **314** is tilted forwardly at an angle  $\alpha$  with respect to the X-axis of reflective element **312**. In one form, angle  $\alpha$  is in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°. In another form, angle  $\alpha$  is in a range of about 1° to about 3°. In yet another form, angle  $\alpha$  is in a range of about 1.25° to about 2.5°. Reflective element **314** is also tilted downwardly with respect to the Y-axis of

reflective element **312** at an angle  $\beta$ . In one form, angle  $\beta$  is in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°. In another form, angle  $\beta$  is in a range of about 1.5° to about 3.5°. In yet another form, angle  $\beta$  is in a range of about 2° to about 3°. With the tilted orientation of reflective element **314**, reflective element **314** provides a field of view with a principal axis that sweeps outwardly and downwardly with respect to the principal axis of the field of view of reflective element **312**.

In the illustrated embodiment, support surface **328** is provided by a plate member **321**. Plate member **321** may comprise a solid plate member or a foraminous plate member. In the illustrated embodiment, plate member **321** is integrally formed with perimeter portions **330** and **332** during the molding process of frame **318**. As previously noted, frame **318** includes a rearwardly facing opening **318b** through which reflective element **314** is inserted for placement on support surface **328**. For example, reflective element **314** may be positioned in frame **318** on support surface **328** during the molding process of frame **318**, such as by insert molding, or may be inserted into frame **318** before the plastic material forming frame **318** is fully cured and is still pliable. In which case, reflective element subassembly **317b** is mounted to auxiliary support **320** by an adhesive attachment or a mechanical attachment. Alternatively, support surface **328** may be formed by peripheral flange or a frame. In this manner, reflective element subassembly **317b** may be placed in frame **318** from its forward facing side.

Referring to FIG. 14, when reflective element assembly **310** is mounted in a vehicle reflective element **312** has a field of view **360** which forms an angle A with respect to the longitudinal center line of the vehicle in a range of about 8° to about 20°. In another form, angle A is in a range of about 10° to about 18°. In yet another form, angle A is in a range of about 12° to about 16°. Similarly, reflective element **314** has a field of view **362** which forms an angle C in a range of about 15° to about 50°. In another form, angle C is in a range of about 15° to about 35°. In yet another form, angle C is in a range of about 15° to about 25°. Consequently, the overall field of view of reflective elements **312** and **314** extends over an angle B, which ranges from about 8° to about 50° in one form, about 10° to about 35° in another form, and about 12° to about 25° in yet another form. Furthermore, field of views **360** and **362** overlap over a range having angle D in a range of about 20° to about 2°, or in a range of about 15° to about 5°. In another form, angle D is in a range of about 10° to about 8°.

From the foregoing, it can be appreciated that reflective elements **312** and **314** provide a wider field of view than a wholly planar rearview mirror element that fully accommodates an equivalent frame having similar dimensions. In addition, because reflective elements **312** and **314** have overlapping field of views, an image in the field of view of reflective element **314** will transition or move between the reflective elements and appear in both reflective elements during the transition to thereby enable the driver of the automobile to view or be conscious of the object continuously. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element **314** is positioned in an outboard position relative to reflective element **312**; therefore, when a vehicle or object that is approaching the automobile from the rear and to some extent from the side, the image of the approaching object will first appear in reflective element **312**, then appear in both reflective elements **314** and **312**, and then move to reflective element **314** so that the driver will be initially aware of the approaching object when its image first appears in reflective element **312** and continue to be aware of the object as it moves closer to the automobile, thus increasing the range of

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viewing of the driver. Since the image transitions smoothly from reflective element 312 to reflective element 314, the driver's awareness of the object is continuous and, further, the driver is not distracted from sudden transitions that often occur with conventional spotter mirrors. Typically, when an object "falls" or "drops" out, a driver's consciousness of the object reduces significantly, if not ceases, which is one of the causes of many automobile blind spot accidents. Hence, when combined with the field of view of an interior rearview mirror system, the present invention reduces, if not eliminates, an automobile's blind spot. For further discussion of blind spots in vehicle rearview mirror systems, reference is made to copending U.S. provisional application entitled VEHICULAR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM, Ser. No. 60/252,149, filed Nov. 20, 2000 by Robert E. Schnell, David K. Willmore, and Richard J. Weber (Attorney Docket DON01 P-840), which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Thus, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly provides a seamless rearvision function whereby the image of a side approaching/side overtaking other vehicle is substantially seamlessly maintained as the image of the overtaking or approaching vehicle transitions from being principally and substantially viewed by the driver of the vehicle (the vehicle mounted with the mirror system of the present invention) in the plano reflective element to be seen in the auxiliary reflective element.

Referring to FIG. 15, the numeral 410 generally designates yet another embodiment of an automobile exterior sideview mirror system of the present invention. Exterior sideview mirror system 410 includes a housing 412, a first reflective element 414, and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 416, which together provide an increase field of view over conventional planar reflectors mounted in a frame of equivalent dimensions to the combined lateral dimensions of reflective element 414 and 416.

Housing 412 includes a mirror casing 417 and a sail 418, which mounts casing 412 to a side of an automobile. Though illustrated as a fixed mounting arrangement, it should be understood that mirror system 410, like the previous embodiments, may comprise a break-away mirror system or a powerfold mirror system.

In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 414 comprises a plano reflective element having a unit magnification, similar to the plano reflective elements described in reference to the previous embodiments. Reflective element 416 preferably comprises a wide-angle reflector, such as a convex or aspheric reflector, and may include a multiradiused curvature. For further description of suitable reflectors, reference is made to the previous embodiment.

In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 416 is mounted in an outboard position relative to reflective element 414 and is fixedly mounted to bezel 420 of mirror casing 417. In addition, reflective element 416 is preferably angled downwardly and forwardly relative to first reflective element 414 when mirror system 410 is mounted to an automobile to thereby increase the field of view of mirror system 410. Optionally and preferably, reflective element 416 is detachably mounted to bezel 420, such as by mechanical fasteners, including clips, so that reflective element 416 can be removed, such as for replacement.

Reflective element 414 preferably comprises an independently positionable reflective element and is mounted by a backing member, such as a backing plate, to an actuator, which provides multi-axis positioning of reflective element 414. In this manner, reflective element 414 and reflective

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element 416 are separately and independently mounted in housing 412. In addition, reflective element 414 optionally extends behind reflective element 416 in order to maintain the overlap of the field of views of reflective elements 414 and 416 even when reflective element 414 is moved by the actuator. Similar to the previous embodiment, when an object moves toward the automobile, in which mirror system 410 is mounted, from the rear of the automobile or laterally with respect to the automobile, the image of the object will appear initially in reflective element 414. As the object moves closer to the automobile, the image of the object will move from reflective element 414 to reflective element 416 such that when the image transitions between reflective element 414 and reflective element 416, the image will appear in both reflective elements.

Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element, such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element, for the second or auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano or first reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective element is angled relative to the plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

The above description is considered that of the preferred embodiments only. Modification of the invention will occur to those skilled in the art and to those who make or use the invention. Therefore, it is understood that the embodiments shown in the drawings and described above are merely for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention, which is defined in the following claims as interpreted according to the principles of patent law, including the doctrine of equivalents.

We claim:

1. An automobile exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;

said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a mirror casing, a reflective element assembly, and an actuator; and

said reflective element assembly including a frame element assembly, a first reflective element having unit magnification, and a second reflective element having a multiradiused curvature, said frame element assembly mounting said first reflective element and said second reflective element in said mirror casing and being

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adapted to mount to said actuator, said actuator adjusting the orientation or said reflective element assembly, said frame element assembly including a first open portion and a second open portion, said first open portion receiving said first reflective element, said second open portion receiving said second reflective element, said second open portion comprising a rearward facing open portion when said mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile, and said first open portion comprising a forwardly facing open portion when said mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile, said first reflective element having a first rearward field of view with a first principal axis, said second reflective element having a second rearward field of view with a second principal axis, and said frame element assembly angling said second principal axis outwardly and downwardly with respect to said first principal axis.

2. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein

said first reflective element comprises a plano reflective element having said unit magnification, and said second reflective element comprises a multiradius reflective element having said multiradiused curvature.

3. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element are adjacently attached to said frame element assembly at a joint, and wherein said reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.

4. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 3, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored.

5. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 4, wherein said frame element assembly includes a first bezel portion extending around said plano reflective element, said demarcation element comprising a segment of said first bezel portion.

6. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 5, wherein said multiradiused reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of about 4000 mm to about 100 mm.

7. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said frame element assembly includes a frame, said first and second reflective elements being mounted in said frame.

8. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 7, wherein said multiradiused reflective element is mounted to said frame at an outboard position, and said plano reflective element is positioned adjacent said multiradiused reflective element and at an inboard position with respect to said multiradiused reflective element when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile.

9. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 8, wherein said plano reflective element is mounted to said frame by a backing plate.

10. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 9, wherein said backing plate is adapted to mount to said actuator.

11. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 10, wherein said actuator comprises an electrical actuator.

12. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 9, wherein said backing plate is attached to one side of said first reflective element and said frame by one of an adhesive attachment, a welded attachment, and a mechanical attachment.

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13. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 12, wherein an opposed side of said frame forms a bezel around said plano reflective element.

14. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 7, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradiused reflective element are adjacently attached to said frame, said frame including a first perimeter portion and a second perimeter portion, said first perimeter portion extending around said plano reflective element, and said second perimeter portion extending around said multiradiused reflective element.

15. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 14, wherein a side portion of said first perimeter portion of said frame provides a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said multiradiused reflective element.

16. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 14, wherein said second perimeter portion is angled downwardly and forwardly with respect to said first perimeter portion when said mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile.

17. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 7, wherein said multiradiused reflective element is attached to said frame by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and a mechanical attachment.

18. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said multiradiused reflective element comprises a variable reflectance reflective element.

19. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 18, wherein each of said plano reflective element and said multiradiused reflective element comprises a variable reflectance reflective element.

20. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.

21. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly.

22. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.

23. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.

24. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said second principal axis is angled downwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of approximately 0.75° to about 5°.

25. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 24, wherein said second principal axis is angled downwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 1.5° to about 3.5°.

26. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 25, wherein said second principal axis is angled downwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 2° to about 3°.

27. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said second principal axis is directed generally outwardly and downwardly with respect to a longitudinal axis of an automobile when said mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile.

28. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said frame element assembly includes a support surface for said second reflective element, said support surface angling said second principal axis of said second reflective element.

29. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said second reflective element is outboard of said first reflective element.

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30. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein at least one of said reflective elements comprises a variable reflectance reflective element.

31. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein at least one of said first reflective element and said second reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.

32. An automobile exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; and

said exterior sideview mirror assembly including an actuator and a reflective element assembly, said reflective element assembly having a frame element comprising a first reflective element, and a second reflective element, said first reflective element comprising a plano reflective element, said second reflective element comprising a multiradiused reflective element having a multiradiused curvature, said frame element assembly being adapted to mount to said actuator and including a frame and a support surface for said second reflective element said frame including a forward facing open portion and a rearward facing open portion when said mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile, said first forward facing open portion receiving said first reflective element, and said rearward facing open portion receiving said second reflective element, said actuator adjusting an orientation of said reflective element assembly, said support surface orienting said second reflective element downwardly and forwardly of said first reflective element when said mirror assembly is mounted to the automobile whereby said second reflective element provides a viewing range which spans outwardly and downwardly with respect to the automobile to thereby provide an increased field of view for said exterior sideview mirror assembly.

33. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 32, wherein said plano reflective element includes a rearward field of view having a principal axis different from and angled to a principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradiused reflective element when mounted in said exterior sideview mirror assembly.

34. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 33, wherein said principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradiused reflective element is directed generally outwardly and downwardly with respect to a longitudinal axis of the automobile.

35. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 34, wherein said principal axis of the rearward field of said multiradiused reflective element forms a downward angle with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile in the range from about 0.75° to about 5°.

36. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 35, wherein said downward angle is in a range from about 1.5° to about 3.5°.

37. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 36, wherein said downward angle is in a range of about 2° to about 3°.

38. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 34, wherein said principal axis of said multiradiused reflective

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element forms an outward angle with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°.

39. The exterior mirror system of claim 38, wherein said outward angle is in range of about 1° to about 3°.

40. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 39, wherein said outward angle is in a range of about 1.25° to about 2.5°.

41. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 32, wherein said first reflective element has a first principal axis and said second reflective element has a second principal axis, said second principal axis is angled outwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 0.75° to about 5°.

42. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 41, wherein said second principal axis is angled outwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 1° to about 3°.

43. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 42, wherein said second principal axis is angled outwardly from said first principal axis at an angle in a range of about 1.25° to about 2.5°.

44. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 32, wherein said frame forms a bezel portion around said first reflective element.

45. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 44, wherein said frame forms a bezel portion around said second reflective element.

46. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 32, wherein a portion of said frame forms a demarcation between said first and second reflective elements.

47. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 32, wherein said support surface comprises a plate element.

48. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 47, wherein said plate element comprises a solid plate element.

49. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 47, wherein said plate element comprises foraminous plate element.

50. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 32, wherein said frame includes a first bezel portion and a second bezel portion, said first bezel portion extending around said first reflective element, and said second bezel portion extending around said second reflective element.

51. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 50, wherein said second bezel portion is angled forwardly with respect to said first bezel portion when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of an automobile.

52. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 32, wherein said first reflective has a substantially unit magnification.

53. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 32, wherein a rearward facing side of said forward facing open portion defining a bezel around said first reflective element.

54. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 53, wherein said frame includes a bezel around said second reflective element at said rearward facing open portion.

\* \* \* \* \*

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : 6,717,712 B2  
APPLICATION NO. : 09/745172  
DATED : April 6, 2004  
INVENTOR(S) : Niall R. Lynam, John O. Lindahl and Hahns Joachim Fuchs

Page 1 of 2

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Title page Item (75) Inventors:

“**Hahns Yoachim Fuchs**” should be --**Hahns Joachim Fuchs**--

Column 12:

Line 5, “electrooptic” should be --electro-optic--

Column 23:

Line 2, Claim 1, “or” should be --of--

Line 3, Claim 1, Insert --first reflective element having a first rearward field of view with a first principal axis, said-- after “said”

Line 23, Claim 2, “multiradiused” should be --multiradius--

Line 37, Claim 5, “piano” should be --plano--

Line 49, Claim 8, “piano” should be --plano--

Line 53, Claim 8, “the” should be --an--

Column 24:

Line 9, Claim 14, “piano” should be --plano--

Line 19, Claim 16, “the” should be --an--

Line 24, Claim 17, Delete --and a mechanical attachment-- in the second occurrence

Line 55, Claim 26, “am” should be --an--

Line 59, Claim 27, “wit” should be --with--

Column 25:

Line 22, Claim 32, Insert --,-- after “element”

Line 24, Claim 32, “the” should be --an--

Line 32, Claim 32, “the” should be --an--

Line 60, Claim 38, “mulliradiused” should be --multiradiused--

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : 6,717,712 B2  
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INVENTOR(S) : Niall R. Lynam, John O. Lindahl and Hahns Joachim Fuchs

Page 2 of 2

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 26:

Line 4, Claim 39, Insert --sideview-- after "exterior"

Line 5, Claim 39, Insert --a-- after "in"

Line 37, Claim 49, Insert --a-- after "comprises"

Line 47, Claim 21, "the" should be --a--

Signed and Sealed this

Seventeenth Day of June, 2008



JON W. DUDAS  
*Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office*

## Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

|   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| <b>EFS ID:</b>                              | 16647202                          |
| <b>Application Number:</b>                  | 13776091                          |
| <b>International Application Number:</b>    |                                   |
| <b>Confirmation Number:</b>                 | 1002                              |
| <b>Title of Invention:</b>                  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |
| <b>First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:</b> | Niall R. Lynam                    |
| <b>Customer Number:</b>                     | 15671                             |
| <b>Filer:</b>                               | Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma    |
| <b>Filer Authorized By:</b>                 | Timothy A. Flory                  |
| <b>Attorney Docket Number:</b>              | DON09 P-2048                      |
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| <b>Time Stamp:</b>                          | 15:53:56                          |
| <b>Application Type:</b>                    | Utility under 35 USC 111(a)       |

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### File Listing:

| Document Number | Document Description | File Name           | File Size(Bytes)/<br>Message Digest                               | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|---|------------------|------------------|
| 1               | Transmittal Letter   | TransmittalForm.pdf | 119403<br><small>56e29c1cf5ab4c05c08193ee89ae2f153b22a095</small> | no               | 1                |

### Warnings:

### Information:



|   |   |                                 |  |    |     |
|---|---|---------------------------------|--|----|-----|
| 2   | Amendment/Req. Reconsideration-After Non-Final Reject | ResponseA.pdf                   | 57518<br>023481490547fd9dc65e730d3c4fe71f14af906     | no | 15  |
| <b>Warnings:</b>  |   |                                 |  |    |     |
| <b>Information:</b>   |   |                                 |  |    |     |
| 3   | Affidavit-Rule 130(a)-AIA (FITF) ONLY                 | LynamDeclarationandExhibits.pdf | 15344599<br>8b0c5c39b2c3c19df2da23243c865cb22e96d6e0 | no | 156 |
| <b>Warnings:</b>  |   |                                 |  |    |     |
| <b>Information:</b>   |   |                                 |  |    |     |
| <b>Total Files Size (in bytes):</b>   |   |                                 | 15521520   |    |     |
| <p>This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.</p> <p><b><u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u></b><br/> If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.</p> <p><b><u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u></b><br/> If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.</p> <p><b><u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u></b><br/> If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.</p> |   |                                 |  |    |     |

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|  |                        |                     |
|--|------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>TRANSMITTAL FORM</b><br><br><i>(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)</i> | Application Number     | 13/776,091          |
|  | Filing Date            | February 25, 2013   |
|  | First Named Inventor   | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  | Art Unit               | 2872                |
|  | Examiner Name          | Alessandro V. Amari |
| Total Number of Pages in This Submission   | Attorney Docket Number | DON09 P-2048        |

| ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form                             | <input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)   | <input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to TC                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached                                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers                                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Petition   | <input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> After Final                                      | <input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application               | <input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address | <input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Request                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Terminal Disclaimer  | <input type="checkbox"/> Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below):                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Express Abandonment Request                      | <input type="checkbox"/> Request for Refund   |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement                 | <input type="checkbox"/> CD, Number of CD(s) _____                                      |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)           | <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD  |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application   | Remarks   |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53 |   |   |

| SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT |                                      |          |       |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Firm Name                                  | GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP |          |       |
| Signature                                  | /taf/                                |          |       |
| Printed name                               | Timothy A. Flory                     |          |       |
| Date                                       | August 21, 2013                      | Reg. No. | 42540 |

| CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING   |                  |      |                 |
|---|------------------|------|-----------------|
| I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below: |                  |      |                 |
| Signature   | /ars/            |      |                 |
| Typed or printed name   | Amanda R. Sytsma | Date | August 21, 2013 |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: **Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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|   |   |              |   |                                  |                                       |
|---|---|--------------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD</b><br>Substitute for Form PTO-875                               |   |              | Application or Docket Number<br><b>13/776,091</b> | Filing Date<br><b>02/25/2013</b> | <input type="checkbox"/> To be Mailed |
| ENTITY: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LARGE <input type="checkbox"/> SMALL <input type="checkbox"/> MICRO |   |              |   |                                  |                                       |
| <b>APPLICATION AS FILED – PART I</b>  |   |              |   |                                  |                                       |
| (Column 1)  |   | (Column 2)   |   |                                  |                                       |
| FOR   | NUMBER FILED  | NUMBER EXTRA | RATE (\$)   | FEE (\$)                         |                                       |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BASIC FEE<br>(37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))                                  | N/A   | N/A          | N/A   | <b>390</b>                       |                                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SEARCH FEE<br>(37 CFR 1.16(k), (l), or (m))  | N/A   | N/A          | N/A   |                                  |                                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> EXAMINATION FEE<br>(37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))                                       | N/A   | N/A          | N/A   |                                  |                                       |
| TOTAL CLAIMS<br>(37 CFR 1.16(j))  | minus 20 =  | *            | X \$ =  |                                  |                                       |
| INDEPENDENT CLAIMS<br>(37 CFR 1.16(h))  | minus 3 =   | *            | X \$ =  |                                  |                                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> APPLICATION SIZE FEE<br>(37 CFR 1.16(s))   | If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$310 (\$155 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s). |              |   |                                  |                                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT (37 CFR 1.16(j))                                      |   |              |   |                                  |                                       |
| * If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2.                                       |   |              | TOTAL   | <b>390</b>                       |                                       |

|   |  |                                  |                                    |               |                 |                     |  |
|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| <b>APPLICATION AS AMENDED – PART II</b> |  |                                  |                                    |               |                 |                     |  |
| (Column 1)                              |  | (Column 2)                       |                                    | (Column 3)    |                 |                     |  |
| <b>AMENDMENT</b>                        | <b>08/21/2013</b>  | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA | RATE (\$)       | ADDITIONAL FEE (\$) |  |
|   | Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))   | * 40                             | Minus                              | ** 98         | = 0             | X \$80 = 0          |  |
|   | Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))   | * 1                              | Minus                              | ***7          | = 0             | X \$420 = 0         |  |
|   | <input type="checkbox"/> Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))                           |                                  |                                    |               |                 |                     |  |
|   | <input type="checkbox"/> FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j)) |                                  |                                    |               |                 |                     |  |
|   |  |                                  |                                    |               | TOTAL ADD'L FEE | <b>0</b>            |  |

|   |  |                                    |               |            |                     |  |
|---|--|------------------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------------|--|
| (Column 1)  |  | (Column 2)                         |               | (Column 3) |                     |  |
| <b>AMENDMENT</b>  | CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT   | HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR | PRESENT EXTRA | RATE (\$)  | ADDITIONAL FEE (\$) |  |
|   | Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))   | *                                  | Minus         | **         | =                   |  |
|   | Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))   | *                                  | Minus         | ***        | =                   |  |
|   | <input type="checkbox"/> Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))                           |                                    |               |            |                     |  |
|   | <input type="checkbox"/> FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j)) |                                    |               |            |                     |  |
|   |  |                                    |               |            | TOTAL ADD'L FEE     |  |
| * If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.   |  |                                    |               |            |                     |  |
| ** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20".                                       |  |                                    |               |            |                     |  |
| *** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3".  |  |                                    |               |            |                     |  |
| The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest number found in the appropriate box in column 1. |  |                                    |               |            |                     |  |
| LIE<br>/GLORIA TRAMMELL/  |  |                                    |               |            |                     |  |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**  
 If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.



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NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

15671 7590 09/27/2013
Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP
2851 Charlevoix Dr.
SE, Suite 207
Grand Rapids, MI 49546

EXAMINER

AMARI, ALESSANDRO V

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2872

DATE MAILED: 09/27/2013

Table with 5 columns: APPLICATION NO., FILING DATE, FIRST NAMED INVENTOR, ATTORNEY DOCKET NO., CONFIRMATION NO.
13/776,091 02/25/2013 Niall R. Lynam DON09 P-2048 1002

TITLE OF INVENTION: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

Table with 7 columns: APPLN. TYPE, ENTITY STATUS, ISSUE FEE DUE, PUBLICATION FEE DUE, PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE, TOTAL FEE(S) DUE, DATE DUE
nonprovisional UNDISCOUNTED \$1780 \$300 \$0 \$2080 12/27/2013

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the ENTITY STATUS shown above. If the ENTITY STATUS is shown as SMALL or MICRO, verify whether entitlement to that entity status still applies.

If the ENTITY STATUS is the same as shown above, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above.

If the ENTITY STATUS is changed from that shown above, on PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, complete section number 5 titled "Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)".

For purposes of this notice, small entity fees are 1/2 the amount of undiscounted fees, and micro entity fees are 1/2 the amount of small entity fees.

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

**PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL**

**Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE  
 Commissioner for Patents  
 P.O. Box 1450  
 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
 or Fax (571)-273-2885**

**INSTRUCTIONS:** This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications.

CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

15671 7590 09/27/2013  
 Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
 2851 Charlevoix Dr.  
 SE, Suite 207  
 Grand Rapids, MI 49546

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

**Certificate of Mailing or Transmission**

I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below.

|                    |
|--------------------|
| (Depositor's name) |
| (Signature)        |
| (Date)             |

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 13/776,091      | 02/25/2013  | Niall R. Lynam       | DON09 P-2048        | 1002             |

TITLE OF INVENTION: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

| APPLN. TYPE    | ENTITY STATUS | ISSUE FEE DUE | PUBLICATION FEE DUE | PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE | TOTAL FEE(S) DUE | DATE DUE   |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|
| nonprovisional | UNDISCOUNTED  | \$1780        | \$300               | \$0                  | \$2080           | 12/27/2013 |

| EXAMINER            | ART UNIT | CLASS-SUBCLASS |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|
| AMARI, ALESSANDRO V | 2872     | 359-866000     |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363).</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. <b>Use of a Customer Number is required.</b></p> | <p>2. For printing on the patent front page, list</p> <p>(1) the names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively, 1 _____</p> <p>(2) the name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed. 2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> |
|---|---|

3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type)

PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment.

(A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE \_\_\_\_\_ (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) \_\_\_\_\_

Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent) :  Individual  Corporation or other private group entity  Government

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <p>4a. The following fee(s) are submitted:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Issue Fee</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Advance Order - # of Copies _____</p> | <p>4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> A check is enclosed.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number _____ (enclose an extra copy of this form).</p> |
|---|--|

5. **Change in Entity Status** (from status indicated above)

Applicant certifying micro entity status. See 37 CFR 1.29

Applicant asserting small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27

Applicant changing to regular undiscounted fee status.

NOTE: Absent a valid certification of Micro Entity Status (see form PTO/SB/15A and 15B), issue fee payment in the micro entity amount will not be accepted at the risk of application abandonment.

NOTE: If the application was previously under micro entity status, checking this box will be taken to be a notification of loss of entitlement to micro entity status.

NOTE: Checking this box will be taken to be a notification of loss of entitlement to small or micro entity status, as applicable.

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NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney or agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

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Authorized Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Typed or printed name \_\_\_\_\_

Registration No. \_\_\_\_\_

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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

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Table with 5 columns: APPLICATION NO., FILING DATE, FIRST NAMED INVENTOR, ATTORNEY DOCKET NO., CONFIRMATION NO.
Row 1: 13/776,091, 02/25/2013, Niall R. Lynam, DON09 P-2048, 1002
Row 2: 15671, 7590, 09/27/2013, Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP, AMARI, ALESSANDRO V
Row 3: ART UNIT (2872), PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 09/27/2013

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)
(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment to date is 0 day(s). If the issue fee is paid on the date that is three months after the mailing date of this notice and the patent issues on the Tuesday before the date that is 28 weeks (six and a half months) after the mailing date of this notice, the Patent Term Adjustment will be 0 day(s).

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

## Privacy Act Statement

**The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579)** requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.



|                               |                                      |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| <b>Notice of Allowability</b> | <b>Application No.</b><br>13/776,091 | <b>Applicant(s)</b><br>LYNAM, NIALL R. |  |
|                               | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI  | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872                | <b>AIA (First Inventor to File) Status</b><br>No |

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address--**

All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. **THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS.** This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPEP 1308.

1.  This communication is responsive to amendment of 8/21/2013.  
 A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under **37 CFR 1.130(b)** was/were filed on \_\_\_\_\_.
2.  An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on \_\_\_\_\_; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.
3.  The allowed claim(s) is/are 1-40. As a result of the allowed claim(s), you may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at a participating intellectual property office for the corresponding application. For more information, please see [http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init\\_events/oph/index.jsv](http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/oph/index.jsv) or send an inquiry to [PPHfeedback@uspto.gov](mailto:PPHfeedback@uspto.gov).
4.  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

**Certified copies:**

- a)  All    b)  Some    \*c)  None of the:
1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* Certified copies not received: \_\_\_\_\_.

Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of this communication to file a reply complying with the requirements noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of this application.  
**THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.**

5.  CORRECTED DRAWINGS ( as "replacement sheets") must be submitted.  
 including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amendment / Comment or in the Office action of Paper No./Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.  
**Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the header according to 37 CFR 1.121(d).**
6.  DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must be submitted. Note the attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR THE DEPOSIT OF BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL.

**Attachment(s)**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Amendment/Comment                             |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08),<br>Paper No./Mail Date _____    | 6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance |
| 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit<br>of Biological Material | 7. <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____.   |
| 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413),<br>Paper No./Mail Date _____ .                    |  |

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### REASONS FOR ALLOWANCE

The declaration filed on 21 August 2013 under 37 CFR 1.131(a) is sufficient to overcome the Lynam et al US 2002/0072026 reference.

#### ***Allowable Subject Matter***

Claims 1-40 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Claim 1 is allowable for at least the reason, "wherein said first primary field of view of said main piano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element; wherein said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element that is at said second portion of said mirror backing plate element is angled relative to said main piano mirror element that is at said first portion of said mirror backing plate element; wherein said mirror backing plate element mounts to said actuator such that movement of said mirror backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said main piano mirror element and said auxiliary non-piano curved mirror element; wherein said main piano mirror element comprises one of (a) a generally flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a generally flat polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto; and wherein said first primary field of view of said main piano mirror element overlaps said second auxiliary field of view of said auxiliary non-piano

curved mirror element by between about 2 degrees and about 20 degrees” as set forth in the claimed combination. Claims 2-40 are allowable due to their dependence on claim 1.


Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled “Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance.”

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALESSANDRO AMARI whose telephone number is (571)272-2306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner’s supervisor, Thomas Pham can be reached on (571) 272-3689. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alessandro Amari/  
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872

|  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| <b>Search Notes</b><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>13776091 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination</b><br>LYNAM, NIALL R. |
|  | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI        | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872   |

| CPC- SEARCHED |      |          |
|---------------|------|----------|
| Symbol        | Date | Examiner |
|               |      |          |

| CPC COMBINATION SETS - SEARCHED |      |          |
|---------------------------------|------|----------|
| Symbol                          | Date | Examiner |
|                                 |      |          |

| US CLASSIFICATION SEARCHED |          |           |          |
|----------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Class                      | Subclass | Date      | Examiner |
| 359                        | 866, 877 | 8/9/2013  | AA       |
| Update                     | above    | 9/20/2013 | AA       |


| SEARCH NOTES  |          |          |
|---|----------|----------|
| Search Notes  | Date     | Examiner |
| EAST search   | 8/9/2013 | AA       |
| Reviewed prior art from CON 13590854, CON US 8267534, CON 8128243, CON 7934843, CON 7842154 and DIV 7420756 | 8/9/2013 | AA       |

| INTERFERENCE SEARCH     |                               |           |          |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| US Class/<br>CPC Symbol | US Subclass / CPC Group       | Date      | Examiner |
|                         | PG-Pub/USPAT/UPAD text search | 8/9/2013  | AA       |
|                         | PG-Pub/USPAT/UPAD text search | 9/20/2013 | AA       |

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| <b>Issue Classification</b><br> | <b>Application/Control No.</b><br>13776091 | <b>Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination</b><br>LYNAM, NIALL R. |
|  | <b>Examiner</b><br>ALESSANDRO AMARI        | <b>Art Unit</b><br>2872   |

| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>CPA</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>T.D.</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>R.1.47</b> |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|--|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|
| Final  | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original |
|  | 1        |       | 17       |       | 33       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 2        |       | 18       |       | 34       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 3        |       | 19       |       | 35       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 4        |       | 20       |       | 36       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 5        |       | 21       |       | 37       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 6        |       | 22       |       | 38       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 7        |       | 23       |       | 39       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 8        |       | 24       |       | 40       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 9        |       | 25       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 10       |       | 26       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 11       |       | 27       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 12       |       | 28       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 13       |       | 29       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 14       |       | 30       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 15       |       | 31       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |
|  | 16       |       | 32       |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |       |          |

|   |            |                              |                   |
|---|------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| NONE  |            | <b>Total Claims Allowed:</b> |                   |
|   |            | 40                           |                   |
| (Assistant Examiner)                                  | (Date)     | O.G. Print Claim(s)          | O.G. Print Figure |
| /ALESSANDRO AMARI/<br>Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872 | 09/20/2013 | 1                            | 10, 23            |
| (Primary Examiner)                                    | (Date)     |                              |                   |



**EAST Search History****EAST Search History (Prior Art)**

| Ref # | Hits | Search Query        | DBs                                       | Default Operator | Plurals | Time Stamp       |
|-------|------|---------------------|---|------------------|---------|------------------|
| L5    | 1551 | (359/866,877).CCLS. | US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT | OR               | OFF     | 2013/09/20 15:33 |

**EAST Search History (Interference)**

| Ref # | Hits  | Search Query                | DBs                   | Default Operator | Plurals | Time Stamp       |
|-------|-------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------|------------------|
| L6    | 5331  | backing plate.clm.          | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/09/20 15:34 |
| L7    | 24    | plano mirror.clm.           | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/09/20 15:34 |
| L8    | 513   | auxiliary near3 mirror.clm. | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/09/20 15:34 |
| L9    | 21429 | field near1 view.clm.       | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/09/20 15:34 |
| L10   | 3     | L6 and L7 and L8 and L9     | US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | ADJ              | ON      | 2013/09/20 15:34 |

9/ 20/ 2013 3:35:12 PM

C:\Users\ aamari\ Documents\ EAST\ Workspaces\ 13776091.wsp

**PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL**

**Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE  
 Commissioner for Patents  
 P.O. Box 1450  
 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
 or Fax (571)-273-2885**

**INSTRUCTIONS:** This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications.

CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

15671 7590 09/27/2013  
 Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
 2851 Charlevoix Dr.  
 SE, Suite 207  
 Grand Rapids, MI 49546

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

**Certificate of Mailing or Transmission**

I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below.

|                         |                                   |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Amanda R. Sytsma</b> | <small>(Depositor's name)</small> |
| /ars/                   | <small>(Signature)</small>        |
| <b>October 4, 2013</b>  | <small>(Date)</small>             |

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 13/776,091      | 02/25/2013  | Niall R. Lynam       | DON09 P-2048        | 1002             |

TITLE OF INVENTION: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY

| APPLN. TYPE    | ENTITY STATUS | ISSUE FEE DUE | PUBLICATION FEE DUE | PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE | TOTAL FEE(S) DUE | DATE DUE   |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|
| nonprovisional | UNDISCOUNTED  | \$1780        | \$300               | \$0                  | \$2080           | 12/27/2013 |

| EXAMINER            | ART UNIT | CLASS-SUBCLASS |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|
| AMARI, ALESSANDRO V | 2872     | 359-866000     |

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| <p>1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363).</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. <b>Use of a Customer Number is required.</b></p> | <p>2. For printing on the patent front page, list</p> <p>(1) the names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively,</p> <p>(2) the name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed.</p> | <p><b>GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART &amp; FLORY, LLP</b></p> <p>1 _____</p> <p>2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> |
|---|--|---|

3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type)

PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment.

(A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE: **DONNELLY CORPORATION**

(B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) **HOLLAND, MI**

Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent):  Individual  Corporation or other private group entity  Government

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <p>4a. The following fee(s) are submitted:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Issue Fee</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Advance Order - # of Copies _____</p> | <p>4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> A check is enclosed.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number <b>50-8553</b> (enclose an extra copy of this form).</p> |
|---|--|

5. **Change in Entity Status** (from status indicated above)

- Applicant certifying micro entity status. See 37 CFR 1.29
- Applicant asserting small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27
- Applicant changing to regular undiscounted fee status.

NOTE: Absent a valid certification of Micro Entity Status (see form PTO/SB/15A and 15B), issue fee payment in the micro entity amount will not be accepted at the risk of application abandonment.

NOTE: If the application was previously under micro entity status, checking this box will be taken to be a notification of loss of entitlement to micro entity status.

NOTE: Checking this box will be taken to be a notification of loss of entitlement to small or micro entity status, as applicable.

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NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney or agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

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Authorized Signature  Date October 4, 2013  
Typed or printed name Timothy A. Flory Registration No. 42540

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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

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## Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal

|  |                                   |                 |               |                             |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Application Number:</b>                     | 13776091                          |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Filing Date:</b>                            | 25-Feb-2013                       |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Title of Invention:</b>                     | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |                 |               |                             |
| <b>First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:</b>    | Niall R. Lynam                    |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Filer:</b>                                  | Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma    |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Attorney Docket Number:</b>                 | DON09 P-2048                      |                 |               |                             |
| Filed as Large Entity                          |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees</b> |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Description</b>                             | <b>Fee Code</b>                   | <b>Quantity</b> | <b>Amount</b> | <b>Sub-Total in USD(\$)</b> |
| <b>Basic Filing:</b>                           |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Pages:</b>                                  |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Claims:</b>                                 |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Miscellaneous-Filing:</b>                   |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Petition:</b>                               |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:</b>        |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| <b>Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:</b>       |                                   |                 |               |                             |
| Utility Appl Issue Fee                         | 1501                              | 1               | 1780          | 1780                        |
| Publ. Fee- Early, Voluntary, or Normal         | 1504                              | 1               | 300           | 300                         |

| Description               | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|--------|----------------------|
| <b>Extension-of-Time:</b> |          |          |        |                      |
| <b>Miscellaneous:</b>     |          |          |        |                      |
| <b>Total in USD (\$)</b>  |          |          |        | <b>2080</b>          |

## Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

|   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| <b>EFS ID:</b>                              | 17026786                          |
| <b>Application Number:</b>                  | 13776091                          |
| <b>International Application Number:</b>    |                                   |
| <b>Confirmation Number:</b>                 | 1002                              |
| <b>Title of Invention:</b>                  | EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR ASSEMBLY |
| <b>First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:</b> | Niall R. Lynam                    |
| <b>Customer Number:</b>                     | 15671                             |
| <b>Filer:</b>                               | Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma    |
| <b>Filer Authorized By:</b>                 | Timothy A. Flory                  |
| <b>Attorney Docket Number:</b>              | DON09 P-2048                      |
| <b>Receipt Date:</b>                        | 04-OCT-2013                       |
| <b>Filing Date:</b>                         | 25-FEB-2013                       |
| <b>Time Stamp:</b>                          | 14:52:21                          |
| <b>Application Type:</b>                    | Utility under 35 USC 111(a)       |

### Payment information:

|  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Submitted with Payment                   | yes         |
| Payment Type                             | Credit Card |
| Payment was successfully received in RAM | \$2080      |
| RAM confirmation Number                  | 1260        |
| Deposit Account                          |             |
| Authorized User                          |             |

### File Listing:

| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/<br>Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|-----------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|

|   |                             |                         |   |    |   |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|----|---|
| 1   | Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B) | IssueFeeTransmittal.pdf | 195581<br>3217e42750ffb4e5b70fd89fc997afe59c9fb63 | no | 2 |
| <b>Warnings:</b>  |                             |                         |   |    |   |
| <b>Information:</b>   |                             |                         |   |    |   |
| 2   | Fee Worksheet (SB06)        | fee-info.pdf            | 32001<br>4ceb2e6789a1a2dc17fc5370a2002e17522f3efa | no | 2 |
| <b>Warnings:</b>  |                             |                         |   |    |   |
| <b>Information:</b>   |                             |                         |   |    |   |
| <b>Total Files Size (in bytes):</b>   |                             |                         | 227582  |    |   |
| <p>This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.</p> <p><b><u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u></b><br/> If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.</p> <p><b><u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u></b><br/> If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.</p> <p><b><u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u></b><br/> If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.</p> |                             |                         |   |    |   |

Receipt date: 04/10/2013

1377609 (P/AU): 2872

Approved for use through 07/31/2006 OMB 0651-0034  
 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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|  |   |                          |                     |
|--|---|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Substitute for form 1449/PTO   |   | <b>Complete if Known</b> |                     |
| <b>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE<br/>STATEMENT BY APPLICANT</b><br><i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i> |   | Application Number       | 13/776,091          |
|  |   | Filing Date              | February 25, 2013   |
|  |   | First Named Inventor     | Niall R. Lynam      |
|  |   | Art Unit                 | 2872                |
|  |   | Examiner Name            | Alessandro V. Amari |
|  |   | Attorney Docket Number   | DON09 P-2048        |
| Sheet  | 4 | of                       | 13                  |

| U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS |                       |  |                                |   |   |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Examiner Initials*     | Cite No. <sup>1</sup> | Document Number                          | Publication Date<br>MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear |
|                        |                       | Number-Kind Code <sup>2 (if known)</sup> |                                |   |   |

|  |  |           |            |                    |  |
|--|--|-----------|------------|--------------------|--|
|  |  | 6,111,684 | 2000-08-29 | Forgette et al.    |  |
|  |  | 6,109,586 | 2000-08-29 | Hock               |  |
|  |  | 6,097,023 | 2000-08-01 | Schofield et al.   |  |
|  |  | 6,074,068 | 2000-06-13 | Palathingal        |  |
|  |  | 6,065,840 | 2000-05-23 | Caskey et al.      |  |
|  |  | 6,033,078 | 2000-03-07 | Su et al.          |  |
|  |  | 6,032,323 | 2000-03-07 | Smith et al.       |  |
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Change(s) applied to document, /C.L./ 10/15/2013

|                    |                    |                 |            |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Examiner Signature | /Alessandro Amari/ | Date Considered | 08/09/2013 |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|

\*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. <sup>1</sup> Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). <sup>2</sup> See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at [www.uspto.gov](http://www.uspto.gov) or MPEP 901.04. <sup>3</sup> Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). <sup>4</sup> For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. <sup>5</sup> Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. <sup>6</sup> Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

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| APPLICATION NO. | ISSUE DATE | PATENT NO. | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|------------|------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 13/776,091      | 11/26/2013 | 8591047    | DON09 P-2048        | 1002             |

15671 7590 11/06/2013  
Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP  
2851 Charlevoix Dr., SE, Suite 207  
Grand Rapids, MI 49546

**ISSUE NOTIFICATION**

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

**Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)**  
(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 0 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (<http://pair.uspto.gov>).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Application Assistance Unit (AAU) of the Office of Data Management (ODM) at (571)-272-4200.

APPLICANT(s) (Please see PAIR WEB site <http://pair.uspto.gov> for additional applicants):

Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI;  
DONNELLY CORPORATION, Holland, MI

The United States represents the largest, most dynamic marketplace in the world and is an unparalleled location for business investment, innovation, and commercialization of new technologies. The USA offers tremendous resources and advantages for those who invest and manufacture goods here. Through SelectUSA, our nation works to encourage and facilitate business investment. To learn more about why the USA is the best country in the world to develop technology, manufacture products, and grow your business, visit [SelectUSA.gov](http://SelectUSA.gov).

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In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Western District of Michigan on the following

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|   |                             |   |
|---|-----------------------------|---|
| DOCKET NO.<br>1:15-cv-183                   | DATE FILED<br>2/19/2015     | U.S. DISTRICT COURT<br>Western District of Michigan   |
| PLAINTIFF<br>Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |                             | DEFENDANT<br>Ficosa International S.A.; Ficosa North America Corporation; Ficosa North America S.A. de C.V.; and Fico Mirrors, S.A. |
| PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.                     | DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK | HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK   |
| 1   |                             | SEE ATTCHED LIST  |
| 2   |                             |   |
| 3   |                             |   |
| 4   |                             |   |
| 5   |                             |   |

In the above—entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

|                         |                             |  |
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| DATE INCLUDED           | INCLUDED BY                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> Answer <input type="checkbox"/> Cross Bill <input type="checkbox"/> Other Pleading |
| PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO. | DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK | HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK  |
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In the above—entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

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| DECISION/JUDGEMENT |
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| CLERK<br>TRACEY CORDES, CLERK OF COURT | (BY) DEPUTY CLERK<br>/s/ Paula J. Woods | DATE<br>2/20/1015 |
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| <b>Patent No.</b>     | <b>Date of Patent</b> | <b>Holder</b>                  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| U.S. Patent 7,934,843 | May 3, 2011           | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,128,243 | March 6, 2012         | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,128,244 | March 6, 2012         | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,147,077 | April 3, 2012         | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,267,534 | September 18, 2012    | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,550,642 | October 8, 2013       | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,591,047 | November 26, 2013     | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,783,882 | July 22, 2014         | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,899,762 | December 2, 2014      | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |

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| TO: <b>Mail Stop 8</b><br><b>Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office</b><br><b>P.O. Box 1450</b><br><b>Alexandria, VA 22313-1450</b> | <b>REPORT ON THE<br/>                 FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN<br/>                 ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR<br/>                 TRADEMARK</b> |
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 Trademarks or  Patents. (  the patent action involves 35 U.S.C. § 292.);

|   |                             |   |
|---|-----------------------------|---|
| DOCKET NO.<br>1:15-cv-183                   | DATE FILED<br>2/19/2015     | U.S. DISTRICT COURT<br>Western District of Michigan |
| PLAINTIFF<br>Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |                             | DEFENDANT<br>Ficosa International S.A., et al       |
| PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.                     | DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK | HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK                       |
| 1   |                             | SEE ATTACHED LIST                                   |
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| DATE INCLUDED           | INCLUDED BY<br><input type="checkbox"/> Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> Answer <input type="checkbox"/> Cross Bill <input type="checkbox"/> Other Pleading |                               |
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In the above—entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

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| DECISION/JUDGEMENT<br>Voluntarily Dismissed on 3/23/2016 |
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|-------------------------|---|-------------------|
| CLERK<br>Clerk of Court | (BY) DEPUTY CLERK<br>/s/ Paula J. Woods | DATE<br>3/24/2016 |
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| <b>Patent No.</b>     | <b>Date of Patent</b> | <b>Holder</b>                  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| U.S. Patent 7,934,843 | May 3, 2011           | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
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| U.S. Patent 8,550,642 | October 8, 2013       | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,591,047 | November 26, 2013     | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,783,882 | July 22, 2014         | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,899,762 | December 2, 2014      | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |

AO 120 (Rev. 08/10)

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| TO: <b>Mail Stop 8</b><br><b>Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office</b><br><b>P.O. Box 1450</b><br><b>Alexandria, VA 22313-1450</b> | <b>REPORT ON THE</b><br><b>FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN</b><br><b>ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR</b><br><b>TRADEMARK</b> |
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In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Western District of Michigan on the following

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|   |                             |   |
|---|-----------------------------|---|
| DOCKET NO.<br>1:17-cv-77                    | DATE FILED 1/23/2017        | U.S. DISTRICT COURT<br>Western District of Michigan                         |
| PLAINTIFF<br>MAGNA MIRRORS OF AMERICA, INC. |                             | DEPENDANT<br>SAMVARDHANA MOTHERSON REFLECTEC GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED, et al. |
| PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.                     | DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK | HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK   |
| 1   |                             | SEE ATTACHED  |
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| PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO. | DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK  | HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK |
| 1                       |  |                               |
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In the above—entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

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| DECISION/JUDGEMENT |
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| CLERK<br>Thomas L. Dorwin, Clerk of Court | (BY) DEPUTY CLERK<br>/s/ P. Woods | DATE<br>1/25/2017 |
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| <b>Patent No.</b>     | <b>Date of Patent</b> | <b>Holder</b>                  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| U.S. Patent 7,934,843 | May 3, 2011           | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
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| U.S. Patent 8,591,047 | November 26, 2013     | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,783,882 | July 22, 2014         | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |
| U.S. Patent 8,899,762 | December 2, 2014      | Magna Mirrors of America, Inc. |

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