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UTILITY	Attorney Docket No.	DON09 P-1696				
PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL	First Inventor	Niall R. Lynam				
	Title	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM				
(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))	Express Mail Label No.					

(Only for new)	nonprovisional applications under 67 611(1)	.00(15))	Express Mail Label N	VO.			
	PPLICATION ELEMENTS ter 600 concerning utility patent application of	contents.	ADDRESS TO:	P	ommissioner .O. Box 1450 llexandria VA		
1. Fee Trans	mittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)		ACCOMP	ANYIN	NG APPLIC	ATION PAR	TS
See 37 CF Specificati Both the cla (For informati	ion [Total Pages 49 tims and abstract must start on a new page ton on the preferred arrangement, see MPEP 608.0	1(a))	9. Assignment	-		et & document(s)))
5. Oath or Declara a. Newly of A copy (for cor i. DEI Sign nam	ation [Total Sheets executed (original or copy) from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(ntinuation/divisional with Box 18 comple LETION OF INVENTOR(S) ed statement attached deleting inventor(s) in the prior application, see 37 CFR (d)(2) and 1.33(b).		11 English Tra	erè ís ar anslatio n Disclo	n assignee) on Document	ent (PTO/SB/08 o	
	on Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76 or CD-R in duplicate, large table or		13. Preliminar	-			
<u>Com</u> puter	r Program (Appendix) scape Table on CD		14. Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)				
(if applicable, it a. ☐ Com	Id/or Amino Acid Sequence Submiss tems a. – c. are required) potential reputer Readable Form (CRF) potential reputer Sequence Listing on: CD-ROM or CD-R (2 copies); or	 15. Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed) 16. Nonpublication Request under 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(i). Applicant must attach form PTO/SB/35 or equivalent. 					
ii. 🔲	Paper		17.				
18. If a CONTINUI	tements verifying identity of above cop NG APPLICATION, check appropriate ing the title, or in an Application Data S	box, and sup		ation be	elow and in the	first sentence o	f the
Continuati	on Divisional	Continua	tion-in-part (CIP)	of prior a	application No.:1	2/851,045	
Prior application infor				rt Unit: 2	2872		
	19. CO	RRESPON	DENCE ADDRESS				
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Signature	/taf/			Date	March 24, 201	1	
Name (Print/Type)	Timothy A. Flory		.		Registration I		

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.53(b). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir or Madam:

REQUEST FOR FILING DIVISIONAL APPLICATION UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

This is a request for filing a divisional application of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/851,045, filed August 5, 2010, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/197,666, filed August 25, 2008, now U.S. Patent No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Serial No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S. Patent No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Serial No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003.

1. Copy of Prior Application as Filed Which is Attached

I hereby verify that the attached papers are a copy of what is shown in my records to be the above-identified prior application, including the Declaration as originally filed (37 CFR 1.53). No amendments referred to in any Declaration filed to complete the prior application introduced new matter in that application.

The attached copy of the papers of the parent application includes 37 pages of specification, 11 pages of claims (27 claims), 1 page of Abstract, 16 sheets of drawings, and signed Declaration and Power of Attorney (1 page). The attached drawings are copies of the

Niall R. Lynam

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Page

formal drawings filed in the parent applications and correspond to the drawings originally filed with the parent applications.

2. Amendments

The copy of the application includes the amendments made during prosecution of the parent applications and includes a new Title, a revised/updated Cross Reference to Related Applications and a new Abstract.

The attached copy includes new claims 1-27, which correspond to withdrawn claims 62-88 of the parent patent application, Serial No. 12/851,045.

3. Patent Application Bibliographic Data Form

A copy of the Patent Application Bibliographic Data Form is enclosed.

4. Filing Fee and Calculation

Filing Fee:

Basic Fee - \$330	\$330.00
Each independent claim in excess of three, -3- times \$220.00	\$0.00
Number of claims in excess of twenty, -7- times \$52.00	\$364.00
Filing multiple dependent claims per application \$390.00	\$,00
Application size fee for each additional 50 sheets that exceeds 100 sheets	
(-0- times \$270.00)	\$0.00

Niall R. Lynam

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Page

. 3

Additional Fees:

Search Fee - \$540

\$540,00

Examination Fee - \$220

\$220.00

Total Filing Fee

\$1,454.00

The above fees will be paid by credit card. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 22-0190.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following fees during the pendency of this application, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account 22-0190.

- a) Any filing fees under 37 CFR 1.16 for presentation of extra claims for which full payment has not been tendered.
- b) Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR 1.17 for which full payment has not been tendered.

5. Drawings

Sixteen (16) sheets of formal drawings are enclosed and are copies of those filed in the parent applications. The formal drawings correspond to the drawings originally filed with the parent applications and include any revisions made and approved during prosecution of the parent applications.

6. Disclosure Statement

Applicants respectfully request that information cited in the prior parent application, Serial No. 12/851,045, be considered in the present application. An Information Disclosure Statement is included herewith that lists the cited references.

Niall R, Lynam

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Page

: 4

7. <u>Inventorship Statement</u>

With respect to the prior co-pending U.S. application from which this application claims benefit under 35 USC 120, the inventor in this application is the same, namely, Niall R. Lynam.

8. Assignment

The prior application was originally assigned to Donnelly Corporation, a corporation of the State of Michigan, located and doing business at 49 W. Third Street, Holland, Michigan 49423. That Assignment was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office on August 23, 2004, at Reel 015715, Frame 0476.

9. Power of Attorney

The original Power of Attorney in application Serial No. 10/709,434 is to Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP and the individual patent attorneys and patent agents at such patent law firm.

Please address all future correspondence to:

Timothy A. Flory Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP 2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E. P.O. Box 888695 Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695

Ph: (616) 975-5500 Fax: (616) 975-5505

10. Verification

I hereby declare further that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further

Niall R. Lynam

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

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that these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP

Date: March 24, 2011

T:---

imothy A. Flory

Registration No. 42 540 2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E.

P.O. Box 888695

Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695

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TAF/ars

DON09 P-1696

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76			Attorney Docket Number DON09			OON09 P-1696					
			Application Number								
Title of Invention	le of Invention EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM										
The application data sheet is part of the provisional or nonprovisional application for which it is being submitted. The following form contains the bibliographic data arranged in a format specified by the United States Patent and Trademark Office as outlined in 37 CFR 1.76. This document may be completed electronically and submitted to the Office in electronic format using the Electronic Filing System (EFS) or the document may be printed and included in a paper filed application.											
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Mailing Address of	Applicant:										
Address 1	281 Norwood A	venue									
Address 2											
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Customer Number	28101										
Email Address	flory@vglb.c	om						Add I	Email	Remove	Email
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Attorney Docket Nu	mber DON09 P-16										
Application Type	Nonprovisio	nal									
Subject Matter	Utility										
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Foreign Priority Information:

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76		Attorney Docket Number		DON09 P-1696					
Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76			Application Number						
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Registration Number

42540

Flory

First Name

Timothy

Last Name

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552)
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- A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
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 individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of
 the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor, if only one name is listed below, or an original, first and joint inventor, if plural names are listed below, of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled MIRROR REFLECTIVE ELEMENT, the specification of which was filed on May 5, 2004 as application Serial No. 10/709,434.

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (the Office), all information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.), Section 1.56.

CLAIM OF PRIORITY

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

U.S. Serial No. 60/471,872, filed on May 20, 2003.

POWER OF ATTORNEY

I hereby appoint the patent law firm of Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP, 2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207, Grand Rapids, Michigan 49546, telephone number 616/975-5500, facsimile number 616/975-5505, and the individual patent attorneys and patent agents at such patent law firm, namely, Daniel Van Dyke, Reg. No. 25 046; Donald S. Gardner, Reg. No. 25 975; Terence J. Linn, Reg. No. 30 283; Frederick S. Burkhart, Reg. No. 29 288; Catherine S. Collins, Reg. No. 37 599; Timothy A. Flory, Reg. No. 42 540; and Karl T. Ondersma, Reg. No. 55 894 my attorney(s) or agent(s) with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in and to receive all correspondence from the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

All statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further, these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent issued thereon.

Sole inventor:

Citizenship: U.S.A.

Residence: 248 Foxdown

Holland, Michigan 49424 United States of America

Officed States of Afficiaca

Post Office Address: Same as above.

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001]

The present application is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/851,045, filed Aug. 5, 2010 (Attorney Docket DON09 P-1624), which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/197,666, filed Aug. 25, 2008, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Ser. No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002]

The present invention relates generally to rearview mirror elements for a rearview mirror assembly of a vehicle and, more particularly, to exterior rearview mirror elements comprising multi-radius reflective elements.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003]

Typically, mirror reflective elements are formed of glass and have a reflective coating deposited thereon, such as via vacuum deposition or wet chemical silvering or the like, such as on a silver line, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,737,188, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference. Polymeric reflective elements are also known, such as are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,601,960; 6,409,354; 4,944,581; 4,385,804; 4,193,668; 4,666,264; and 5,483,386, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. For such polymeric mirror reflective elements, the need exists for a hard coat or surface on the first or outer or exterior surface of the element which is contacted by the exterior elements, such as rain, road debris, or the like, or contacted, for example, by a person scraping ice or wiping snow or condensation off the mirror element outer surface, such as during winter. A variety of hard coats have been proposed in the art, typically applied by dip coating or vacuum deposition techniques. However, a need exists for an automotive mirror reflective element which has the properties of plastic (i.e., a specific gravity roughly half that of glass), and which has a glass-like exterior surface.

[0004]

Also, exterior rearview mirror reflective elements may be aspheric or multi-radius, and may typically have a less curved or substantially flat (around 2000 mm radius or thereabouts) inboard portion or surface at the inboard side of the reflective element (i.e., closer to the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to the vehicle), and a more curved

multi-radius portion or surface at the outboard side of the reflective element (i.e., further from the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to the vehicle), in order to provide an extended field of view. It is typically desirable to have the reflective elements or substrates of such exterior mirror elements to be formed of a glass material because glass material typically provides an enhanced scratch resistance over conventional optical resins and the like.

[0005]

Therefore, there is a need in the art for a mirror reflective element that overcomes the shortcomings of the prior art elements and substrates.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006]

The present invention provides a molded wide angle or multi-radius substrate for a reflective element. The molded substrate comprises a polymeric optical resin transparent material and has a curved exterior surface, which may have a less curved/flatter or substantially flat inboard portion or surface and a more curved outboard portion or surface. The molded substrate may have an anti-abrasion film or layer, such as an ultrathin glass film, applied over the exterior surface or first surface to provide substantial protection against scratches occurring to the molded substrate. The inner surface or second surface of the reflective element substrate may have a reflective coating or layer, such as a polymeric reflective film, laminated or adhered or otherwise applied thereto.

[0007]

According to an aspect of the present invention, a wide angle reflective element for a mirror assembly for a vehicle includes a wide angle substrate having an exterior surface and a glass film disposed at the exterior surface. The exterior surface of the substrate has a less curved inboard portion or surface and a more curved outboard portion or surface. The substrate comprises a polymeric resin material. The glass film is adapted to substantially conform to the exterior surface of the wide angle substrate. The glass film comprises a glass material and has a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm.

[8000]

According to another aspect of the present invention, a reflective element for a mirror assembly for a vehicle comprises a substrate having an exterior surface, and an anti-abrasion film applied to the exterior surface. The substrate comprises a polymeric resin material, such as a transparent optical polymeric resin material. The anti-abrasion film preferably comprises a glass material (such as a soda lime glass or a borosilicate or the like) and has a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm, and is flexible to conform to the exterior surface.

[0009]

The substrate may be cut from a strip or sheet of molded or extruded or cast substrate material (or less preferably, may be cut from an injected molded strip or sheet). The flexible glass film may be unrolled from a reel or roll and applied to the exterior surface of the elongated strip or sheet of substrate material. The substrate, including the glass film or layer, may then be cut or otherwise formed from the elongated strip or sheet.

[0010]

The substrate may comprise a wide angle substrate and/or may comprise a multi-radius exterior surface having a less curved inboard portion or surface and a more curved outboard portion or surface.

[0011]

A reflective film or layer may be applied to the inner surface or side of the substrate or strip opposite the exterior surface. The reflective film may comprise a polymeric reflective film laminated or otherwise adhered or applied to the inner side of the substrate or strip. The reflective film may comprise an all polymer-thin-film multilayer, high reflective mirror film comprising multiple coextrusion of many plastic layers to form a highly reflective mirror film.

[0012]

Optionally, a reflective film or layer may be applied to the exterior surface of the substrate or sheet or strip, and the glass film or layer or sheet may be applied over the reflective film layer. In such an application, the substrate acts as a support or backing plate for the reflective film or layer and the glass film or layer, whereby optical clarity / transparency of the substrate material is not necessary.

[0013]

According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for forming a reflective element substrate for a mirror assembly of a vehicle comprises generally continuously forming an elongated strip or sheet of substrate material and applying a substantially transparent functional film, such as an anti-abrasion film or a hydrophilic film or a hydrophobic film or the like, to a surface of the elongated strip sheet. The substrate material may comprise a transparent optical polymeric resin. The functional film is preferably unrolled from a reel or roll of film and applied to the surface of the elongated strip or sheet generally continuously as the strip or sheet is formed or extruded or cast or molded. Preferably, multiple mirror element shapes or mirror element substrates may be cut or otherwise formed from the elongated sheet after the functional film is applied to the surface of the strip or sheet.

[0014]

The functional or anti-abrasion film may comprise an ultrathin glass material which is sufficiently flexible to be provided in a reel or roll (or in a sheet that is flexible and conformable to a bent substrate). The substrates may be formed with a wide angle exterior surface or a multi-

radius exterior surface. The anti-abrasion film may be sufficiently flexible to conform to the wide angle or multi-radius or curved exterior surface.

[0015]

A reflective film, such as a polymeric reflective film or the like, may be applied to the opposite surface of the substrate or sheet or strip. The reflective film may be sufficiently flexible to be provided in a reel or roll form (or in a sheet that is flexible and conformable to a bent substrate) for unrolling the reflective film as the film is generally continuously applied to the surface of the generally continuously formed sheet or strip.

[0016]

Therefore, the present invention provides a molded wide angle or multi-radius single substrate for a rearview mirror assembly which has an anti-abrasion or anti-scratch film or layer applied to the curved, wide angle or multi-radius exterior surface of the substrate. The anti-abrasion film preferably comprises an ultrathin glass film or sheet to provide enhanced scratch resistance. The molded substrate may have a reflective film or layer laminated or applied to the inner surface opposite the exterior surface.

[0017]

These and other objects, advantages, purposes and features of the present invention will become apparent upon review of the following specification in conjunction with the drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0018]

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an exterior rearview mirror assembly in accordance with the present invention;

[0019]

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of a wide angle or multi-radius reflective element in accordance with the present invention;

[0020]

FIG. 3 is a sectional view of the wide angle or multi-radius reflective element taken along the line III-III in FIG. 2;

[0021]

FIG. 4 is a sectional view similar to FIG. 3, showing a wide angle or multi-radius reflective element in accordance with the present invention with a reflective film or layer applied to the exterior surface of the element and an anti-abrasion film or layer applied over the reflective film or layer;

[0022]

FIG. 5 is a diagram showing the extruding, coating and cutting processes for manufacturing a prismatic mirror reflective element in accordance with the present invention;

[0023]

FIG. 5A is an elevation of the extruder of FIG. 5, showing the wedge shape of the extruded strip and reflective element substrate;

[0024]

FIG. 6 is a plan view of the extruded strip showing the cut out shapes of the reflective element cut from the extruded strip;

	5;
[0026]	FIG. 8 is a diagram showing an alternate process for manufacturing a prismatic mirror
	reflective element in accordance with the present invention, where a strip of substrate material is
	cast and formed via a caster and float section;
[0027]	FIG. 9 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror
	assemblies according to this present invention;
[0028]	FIG. 10 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror
	assembly of FIG. 9;
[0029]	FIG. 11 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly
	of the mirror assembly in FIG. 10;
[0030]	FIG. 12 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius
	reflective element assembly of FIG. 11;
[0031]	FIGS. 13A-13H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an
	auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;
[0032]	FIG. 14 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element
	assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a
	dividing wall in a backing plate element;
[0033]	FIG. 14A is a cross-section taken along line XX of FIG. 14;
[0034]	FIG. 14B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of FIG. 14;
[0035]	FIG. 15 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element
	assembly according to this present invention;
[0036]	FIG. 16 is a front elevation view of another embodiment of a plano reflective element
	assembly according to the present invention;
[0037]	FIG. 17 is an exploded perspective view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG.
	16;
[0038]	FIG. 18 is an end view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16 as viewed
	from line XVIIIXVIII of FIG. 16;
[0039]	FIG. 19 is a top view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16 as viewed from
	line XIXXIX of FIG. 16;
[0040]	FIG. 20 is a schematic representation of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16
	illustrating the orientation of the reflective element;

FIG. 7 is a sectional view of the reflective element formed by the process shown in FIG.

[0025]

[0041]

FIG. 21 is another schematic representation of the orientation of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element in FIG. 16;

[0042]

FIG. 22 is a diagram illustrating the range of viewing of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16; and

[0043]

FIG. 23 is a perspective view of another embodiment of an exterior rearview mirror system of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0044]

Referring now to the drawings and the illustrative embodiments depicted therein, an exterior rearview mirror assembly 10 includes a reflective element 12 mounted at a casing 14, which is mounted at an exterior portion of a vehicle 16 (FIG. 1). Reflective element 12 may provide an enhanced field of view or wide angle field of view to a driver or occupant of the vehicle and may comprise a single reflective element substrate 18 having an inner surface 18a and an opposite exterior surface 18b (FIGS. 2 and 3). The exterior surface 18b comprises a less curved or substantially flat inboard portion or surface 18c and a more curved outboard portion or surface 18d, as discussed below. The substrate 18 may have an anti-abrasion coating or layer or film 20, such as an ultrathin glass coating or layer or film, laminated or deposited or otherwise applied to the exterior surface 18b, and may have a reflective coating or layer 22 laminated or applied to the inner surface 18a, as also discussed below. Aspects of the reflective element of the present invention may be suitable for use in a reflective element for an exterior rearview mirror assembly (as shown in FIG. 1) and/or a reflective element for an interior rearview mirror assembly (not shown).

[0045]

Reflective element 12 may comprise an aspheric or multi-radius or wide angle single element reflective element substrate. The reflective element 12 may provide a field of view similar to the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,522,451 and 6,717,712, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[0046]

As illustrated in FIG. 9 from U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712, incorporated above, passenger automobile 110 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal transportation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 127 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 125. Interior vehicle cabin 125 further includes a steering wheel 116, a driver seat 129 positioned at steering wheel 116, a front passenger seat 121 adjacent to driver seat 129 in the front portion of cabin 125, and a rear passenger seat 123 in the rear portion of

cabin 125. Automobile 110 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 112 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 114, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body 111, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 129 for driver-side assembly 112 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 121 for passenger-side assembly 114. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in FIG. 9 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 112 includes, as illustrated in FIG. 10, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 130. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 136. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 136 in response to control 137. Control 137 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of planomultiradius reflective element assembly 130 within exterior mirror housing 140 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of planomultiradius reflective element assembly 130. Alternately, when actuator 136 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 137 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin 125) or control 137 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 136 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 136 is mounted to bracket 138 which attaches to vehicle body side 111. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is positionable by actuator 136 within exterior mirror housing 140.

[0047]

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130, as shown in FIG. 11, comprises a plano element 150 and a separate multiradius element 155. Preferably, plano element 150 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plano element 150 and separate multiradius element 155 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 150 and separate multiradius element 155 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in FIG. 11. Plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 are both mounted to surface 159 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 160. Plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 165. Surface 161 of backing plate element 160 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 164, to

actuator 136 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 112 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 114) such that plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 136 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. Thus, since elements 150, 155 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130, movement of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 by actuator 136 simultaneously and similarly moves plano element 150 and multiradius element 155.

[0048]

Plano element 150 preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element 150 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element 150 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element 150 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 166) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 167), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element 150 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element 150 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

[0049]

When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 112 and/or 114, planomultiradius reflective element assembly 130 is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element 150 is positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element 155. Thus, and referring to FIG. 11, side A of plano element 150 of planomultiradius reflective element assembly 130 is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element 155 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted on

an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 112 and/or 114, surfaces 166, 168 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

[0050]

Multiradius element 155 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element 155 with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element 155 (side C in FIG. 11) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element 150 when both are mounted on backing plate element 160. Thus, and referring to FIG. 11, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 155, when mounted on backing plate element 160, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element 155 from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 155 is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element 155 is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element 155 comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multiradius element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

[0051]

The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

[0052]

Multiradius element 155 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element 155 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or

any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element 155 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 168) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 169), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element 155 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element 155 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

[0053]

Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, 166 and 168, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements 150, 155 is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in planomultiradius reflective element assembly 130 when mounted to an automobile.

[0054]

The reflector area of plano element 150 is preferably larger than that of multiradius element 155. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element 150 is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element 155 (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to FIG. 11, the distance from side A to side B of plano element 150 is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element 155. Thus, the ratio of the width of plano element 150 to the width of multiradius element 155 is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element 150 as the principal rear viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 and providing multiradius element 155 as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wideangle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of

passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element 150 (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 75 mm to about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

[0055]

Backing plate element 160 is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element 50 and multiradius element 155. Backing plate element 160 comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in FIG. 11) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element 150. Backing plate element 60 also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in FIG. 11) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element 155. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element 155 is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element 155. Backing plate element 160 is formed as a single element to which elements 150 and 155 are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element 160 is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element 160 include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element 160 can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element 150 can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element 155 can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element 160. Alternatively, plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 can each by individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 160 with elements 150, 155 integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element 165) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130.

[0056]

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 further preferably includes demarcation element 165 that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the

assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray, rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 when both are attached to backing plate element 160. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element 165 can be disposed in any gap between plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 at their joint on backing plate element 160. Preferably, demarcation element 165 is formed of a polymeric material that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element 165 is formed of an at least partially elastomeric material (such as silicone. or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements 150, 155. As shown in FIG. 12, demarcation element 165 optionally includes a crown portion 170 that includes wing portions 173, 173' and a stem portion 171. Stem portion 171 preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than about 2 mm. Crown portion 170 preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces 166, 168 of elements 150, 155 when demarcation element 165 is installed between elements 150 and 155. Also, wings 173, 173' are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces 166, 168 of elements 150, 155 when demarcation element 165 is installed between elements 150 and 155 in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements 150, 155 that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in FIG. 12 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap). Optionally, demarcation element 165 is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 have been attached to backing plate element 160, a separately formed demarcation element 165

can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space between elements 150 and 155. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element 150 and side C of multiradius element 155 can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element 165 can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements 150 and 155. Alternatively, demarcation element 165 can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements 150 and 155. The width of the portion of demarcation element 165 that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element 165 can be formed as part of backing plate element 160 such as by forming demarcation element 165 as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element 160 into two regions: A first region adapted to receive plano reflective element 150 and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element 155.

[0057]

Thus, and referring to FIG. 14, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130' may include a backing plate element 160' which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element 165' that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element 165' into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element 150' and into a second region (from BB to AA) adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element 155'. Note that section AA to BB of backing plate element 160' is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in FIG. 14 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

[0058]

Preferably, demarcation element 165 is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element 160, and attachment of elements 150, 155 thereto. For

example, plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 can each by individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 160 with elements 150, 155 integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element 165 (along with any other elements such as attachment member 164) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components. Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

[0059]

Plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces 166, 168. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

[0060]

Also, plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element 150 and element 155 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of element 150 and element 155 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements 150, 155 can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an

electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient light). Alternately, if both plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 comprise an electrooptic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element 150 can dim independently of element 155 (such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated by reference in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712, incorporated herein above). If either or both of elements 150, 155 comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/350,930, filed Jul. 12, 1999, entitled "ELECTROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANUFACTURING ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desaraju V. Varaprasad et al., now U.S. Pat. No. 6,154,306, or such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are incorporated by reference in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712, incorporated herein above. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6 mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

[0061]

Backing plate element 165 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member 164 to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure

sensitive adhesive to form a "double-sticky" tape. The exterior sideview mirror assembly, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

[0062]

FIGS. 13A-13H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element 155 relative to its adjacent plano reflective element 150 (with demarcation element 165 disposed at their joint). In FIGS. 13A, 13B, 13C, 13E and 13F, plano element 150 is mounted wholly inboard of multiradius element 155. Thus, in FIGS, 13A, 13B, 13C, 13E and 13F, plano element 150 would be disposed closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than multiradius element 155 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 was mounted in an exterior sideview mirror attached to a side of an automobile. Therefore, in FIGS. 13A, 13B, 13C, 13E and 13F, plano element 150 would be mounted inboard relative to the side of the automobile and multiradius element 155 would be mounted outboard relative to the side of the automobile. In general, the location of the multiradius reflective element in the outboard, upper portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, as in FIGS, 13B and 13E, is preferred as this allows the plano portion provide a desired rearward field of view along the side of the vehicle. The configuration as shown in FIG. 13G (where the multiradius reflective element is along the inboard side of the assembly) is also desirable as this allows the driver view the side of the vehicle (something many drivers desire in order to have a frame of reference for their rearward field of view) while facilitating having a wide field of view for the plano portion.

[0063]

Unlike trucks, busses and commercial vehicles the size of an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on an automobile (and especially when the automobile is not towing a trailer or the like) is restricted. Automobiles generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal transportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles (which are classified herein as automobiles) can have seat accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accommodation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The tandem mounting of a plano element of unit magnification and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing plate element onto an actuator of an exterior sideview mirror assembly so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly move the auxiliary element and the plano element so as to position their respective rearward fields of view, and to achieve this within the relatively

restricted space available in a standard automobile-sized exterior sideview mirror assembly is an important element of this present invention. By utilizing a plane element of unit magnification in the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, and by sizing the reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector area of the multiradius element and, preferably, by sizing the reflector area of the plano element at a sufficiently large size that the rearward field of view provided by the plano element alone meets and satisfies the minimum field of view requirement mandated by an automaker specification and/or a government regulation, the need to provide a safety warning indicia such as "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR" in the plano element and/or in the multiradius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plano element comprises a reflector surface area of a size sufficient, when mounted as part of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, to provide the driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a longitudinal plane tangent to the driver's side of the automobile at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the tangent plane 35 feet behind the driver's eyes (at a nominal location appropriate for any 95th percentile male driver or at the driver's eye reference points established in Federal Motor Vehicle Standard No. 104), with the driver seated in the driver's seat and with the driver's seat in the rearmost position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly (defined as the ratio of its largest vertical dimension to its largest horizontal dimension, measured with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be oriented when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel with the road surface the automobile travels on and "vertical" being generally perpendicular to the road surface the automobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more preferably less than 0.8, most preferably less than 0.6. Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be disposed outboard (relative to the side of the vehicle and with the planomultiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly so that the multiradius element is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a "blind-spot" region in an adjacent sidelane while the more inboard-disposed plano element with unit magnification provides the principal sideview image to the driver.

[0064]

Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element be different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of

view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the planomultiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the road that the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile) so as to provide the driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in the side lane that the plano element views). However, preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted driver-side (or passenger-side) exterior sideview mirror assembly in which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location and/or several feet (such as about 1 foot to about 24 feet; more preferably, about 1 foot to about 12 feet; most preferably about 1 foot to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear (in order to capture a field of view of a rear approaching vehicle that is approaching to overtake, or is about to overtake, or is overtaking the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly). Thus, preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is angled and directed generally downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element. For example, multiradius element 155' when attached to surface 173" of backing plate 160' (see FIG. 14B) would have its principal axis of rearward view as indicated by 180' as in FIG. 14B, and as such would be canted towards the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. By contrast, plano element 150' when attached to surface 174' of backing plate 160' (see FIG. 14A) would have a principal axis as indicated by 185' as in FIG. 14A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. Having the multiradius element canted somewhat downwards towards the road surface assists visual detection by the driver of overtaking vehicles in the traditional "blind-spot" in the adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius element is angled on the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plane reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1 degree to about 10 degrees range; about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees range more preferred; and about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees

range most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plano reflective portion is attached to. Thus, and referring to FIG. 14, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130' includes a molded polymeric backing plate element 160' comprising a generally flat portion 162' (between BB and CC in FIG. 14) and an adjacent curved portion 161' (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190' and 195', portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160' is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160'. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160' to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. FIG. 14 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130' as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162' closer to the driver than portion 161'). The wall section, section XX in FIG. 14, taken through section 162' of backing plate element 160' is of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in FIG. 14A) whereas the wall section, section YY in FIG. 14B, taken through section 161' of backing plate element 160' is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150' and multiradius reflective element 155' (for example, plano element 150' can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and multiradius element 155' can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to portions 162' and 161', respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173" (see FIG. 14B) of portion 161', the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155' is angled downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal viewing axis of plano element 150', when planomultiradius reflective element 130' is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element 165' is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element 160', and so demarcation element 165' is formed as an integral part of backing plate element 160', forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160' into a region for receiving the plano reflective element 150' and a region for receiving the auxiliary reflective element 155'. Also, end-caps 170' and 171' are optionally provided. Plano reflective element 150' can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165' and end-cap 171'; multiradius reflective element 155' can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165' and end-cap 170'. Note that the portion of the

backing plate element where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in FIGS. 14A-B. As illustrated in FIGS. 14A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in order to ensure that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the planomultiradius reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

[0065]

Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

[0066]

Referring to FIG. 15, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and

reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of planomultiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

[0067]

Referring to FIG. 16, another embodiment 310 of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention is illustrated. Plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly 310 includes a first reflective element 312 and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 314 which are together supported in a frame element assembly 316. As will be more fully described below, frame element assembly 316 is adapted such that when reflective elements 312 and 314 are placed, or otherwise positioned, in frame element assembly 316, the angular orientation of each reflective element is pre-established such that during assembly, the assembler need simply place the reflective elements in frame element assembly 316.

[0068]

In the illustrated embodiment, frame element assembly 316 includes a frame 318 with a forward facing open portion 318a (FIG. 17) (and thus when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in a vehicle-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly, the forward facing open portion (318a) is facing to the front of the vehicle) through which a reflective element subassembly 317a, which includes reflective element 312, is positioned in frame element assembly 316 and a rearward facing open portion 318b (FIG. 16) (which faces the rear of the vehicle when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in a vehicle mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly) in which a second reflective element subassembly 317b, which includes reflective element 314, is positioned in frame element assembly 316. Frame 318 preferably comprises a molded member formed from a plastic material, such as a reinforced nylon.

[0069]

In preferred form, first reflective element 312 comprises a plano reflective element 350, such as a flat reflector coated glass substrate, with a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of an image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed to the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances) so as to have a unit magnification. Similar to the previous embodiment, plano reflective element 350 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance reflective element or may

comprise a variable reflectance reflective element who's reflectivity is electrically adjustable, as is known in the art. For example, plano reflective element 350 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with metallic reflector coating, such as a chromium coating, titanium coating, rhodium coating, metal alloy coating, nickel alloy coating, silver coating, aluminum coating, or any alloy or composition of these metal reflectors. For further details of plano reflective element 350, reference is made to the previous embodiments.

[0070]

In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 312 comprises an electrochromic reflective element and includes a first substrate 312a and a second substrate 312b with an electrochromic medium 312c disposed between first and second substrates 312a, 312b. Such suitable electrochromic media include, for example, a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium as noted in reference to the previous embodiments. Electrical connectors 320a and 320b are coupled to the electrochromic medium 312c to provide a potential across the electrochromic medium which induces the electrochromic medium to darken, as is known in the art. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element subassembly 317a also includes an optional heater pad 322, which is disposed behind reflective element 312, and a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad 326, positioned behind heater pad 322, which absorbs vibration of reflective element 312.

[0071]

Referring again to FIG. 17, frame 318 is adapted to receive and support reflective element subassembly 317a, which is mounted to frame 318 by a backing plate 324, such as a plastic backing plate. In the illustrated embodiment, backing plate 324 mounts to the inner perimeter portion of frame 318 using conventional techniques, such as by adhesive bonding, heatstaking, snap-fit coupling, welding, or the like, to form part of frame element assembly 316. Alternatively, backing plate 324 may mount onto foam pad 326, for example, by an adhesive attachment, such as double sided sticky tape. In which case, reflective element 312 may be mounted to an inner surface of frame 318, such as by an adhesive attachment, including for example a silicone adhesive, with heater pad 322 mounted to reflective element 312, such as by an adhesive attachment, and foam pad 326 mounted to heater pad 322, such as by an adhesive attachment including, for example, double-sided sticky tape.

[0072]

Frame element assembly 316 mounts reflective element assembly 310 in the mirror casing and preferably on an actuator, such as an electric actuator, which permits adjustment to the orientation of reflective element assembly 310 about one or more axis. Examples of suitable actuators are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,900,999; 5,986,364; 6,132,052; 6,037,689; and

6,094,027 and applications Ser. No. 09/277,632, filed Mar. 26, 1999, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,229,226, and Ser. No. 09/408,867, filed Sep. 29, 1999, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,243,218, which are incorporated by reference in their entireties in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712 (incorporated herein above). Optionally and preferably, backing plate 324 is adapted to engage or be engaged by the actuator for repositioning of plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly 310 about one or more axes. In this manner, the orientation of both reflective element 312 and reflective element 314 are simultaneously adjusted by the actuator. As best seen in FIG. 17, forward facing side 324a of backing plate 324 includes mounting structures 324b which are engaged by the actuator to thereby mount reflective element assembly 310 in the mirror casing.

[0073]

Referring again to FIG. 16, frame 318 is a unitary frame and includes a first bezel portion 330 which extends around reflective element 312 and a second bezel portion 332 which extends around reflective element 314 to provide styling utility as well as functional utility. In this manner, a portion of forward facing side of frame 318 forms a support surface for reflective element 312, while a portion of rearward facing side of frame 318 forms first bezel portion 330. Similarly, another portion of the rearward facing side of frame provides support for reflective element 314 and also provides bezel portion 332. In addition, a portion of frame 318 forms a demarcation element at the juncture of reflective elements 312 and 314. In the illustrated embodiment, the demarcation element is formed by a section or portion of bezel portion 330, which will be described in greater detail in reference to bezel portion 330. Thus, frame element assembly 316 provides a support function, a positioning function, including an angling function, while also serving to provide styling utility and a demarcation function.

[0074]

Second reflective element 314 comprises a radiused reflective element and, more preferably, a multiradiused reflective element 355 having a multiradiused curvature. For example, the radii of curvature of reflective element 314 may range from about 4000 mm to about 100 mm and, preferably, range from about 3000 mm to about 150 mm, and, most preferably, range from about 2000 mm to about 200 mm. In addition, reflective element 314 may comprise a fixed reflectance reflective element or may comprise a variable reflectance reflective element who's reflectivity is electrically adjustable. Preferably, reflective elements 312 and 314 include glass substrates, with at least the outer surface of each reflective element comprising glass. However, metalized plastic reflectors may also be used which is especially suitable for reflective element 314. In which case, the reflective element (314) would be especially suitable for molding in or along with frame 318, with the preformed metalized

substrate forming reflective element 314 being placed into the mold forming frame 318. For further details of other suitable reflective elements, reference is made to the previous embodiments. In addition to reflective element 314, reflective element subassembly 317b includes a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad 314a, which is positioned behind reflective element 314. Similar to reflective element 312, foam pad 314a is attached to reflective element 314 by an adhesive attachment, such as a double-sided sticky tape and, similarly, is attached to frame 318 as will be more fully described below.

[0075]

As noted above, frame 318 includes a first bezel portion 330 and a second bezel portion 332. In addition, frame 318 includes an auxiliary support element 320 that provides a mounting surface or support surface for reflective element subassembly 317b. As best seen in FIGS. 17 and 18, support element 320 includes a recessed support surface 328 which is angled to provide an angled support surface for reflective element subassembly 317b. Thus, when reflective subassembly 317b is positioned on and mounted on support surface 328, such as by an adhesive attachment between foam pad 314a and support surface 328, the orientation of reflective element 314 is established by the angle of the support surface. Optionally, support element 320 includes gussets 321a and 321b which project forwardly from the forward facing side of frame 318 to thereby reinforce support surface 328.

[0076]

Referring to FIG. 16, first bezel portion 330 includes an upper portion 330a, two side portions 330b and 330c, and a lower portion 330d. Side portion 330b forms an acute angle with respect to the lower portion 330d and an obtuse angle with respect to upper portion 330a and together with upper portion 330a, side portion 330c, and lower portion 330d form a perimeter around reflective element 312 to thereby form a styling feature. Second bezel portion 332 extends outwardly from upper portion 330a and downwardly to lower portion 330d of first perimeter portion 330 and together with side portion 330b forms a perimeter around second reflective element 314. Support element 320 extends behind and between side portion 330b and second bezel portion 332 so that reflective element 314 is recessed behind side portion 330b and bezel portion 332.

[0077]

As best seen in FIG. 18, upper portion 330a, side portions 330b and 330a, and lower portion 330d are substantially coplanar and together define an outer surface below which reflective element 312 is recessed when reflective element 312 is mounted in frame 318. In contrast, perimeter portion 332 is angled forwardly with respect to the plane in which upper portion 330a, side portions 330b and 330c, and lower portion 330d lie. It should be understood

that the terms "forwardly", "rearwardly" and "downwardly", are used in reference to when the mirror system is mounted in an automobile. Therefore, "forwardly" is a direction heading toward the front of the automobile, "rearwardly" is a direction heading to the rear of the automobile, "outwardly" is a direction away from the side of the vehicle on which the mirror assembly is mounted, and "downwardly" is a direction heading toward the surface on which the vehicle is positioned (such as a ground or road surface). Similarly as noted above, reflective element 314 is recessed below an outer surface of perimeter portion 332 and also below the outer surface of side portion 330b when mounted in frame 318.

[0078]

As would be understood from FIGS. 17-19, support surface 328 is also angled forwardly with respect to back plate 324 and/or reflective element 312 when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in an automobile mounted exterior sideview mirror system. In addition, support surface 328 is also angled or tilted downwardly with respect to reflective element 312 and/or backing plate 324 such that when reflective element 314 is supported on support surface 328, reflective element 314 provides an increased field of view extending laterally or outwardly from the longitudinal axis of the automobile and also downwardly of the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

[0079]

Referring to FIGS. 21 and 22, support surface 328 is configured such that reflective element 314 is tilted forwardly at an angle α with respect to the X-axis of reflective element 312. In one form, angle α is in a range of about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees. In another form, angle α is in a range of about 1 degree to about 3 degrees. In yet another form, angle α is in a range of about 1.25 degrees to about 2.5 degrees. Reflective element 314 is also tilted downwardly with respect to the Y-axis of reflective element 312 at an angle β . In one form, angle β is in a range of about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees. In another form, angle β is in a range of about 2 degrees to about 3.5. In yet another form, angle β is in a range of about 2 degrees to about 3 degrees. With the tilted orientation of reflective element 314, reflective element 314 provides a field of view with a principal axis that sweeps outwardly and downwardly with respect to the principal axis of the field of view of reflective element 312.

[0080]

In the illustrated embodiment, support surface 328 is provided by a plate member 321. Plate member 321 may comprise a solid plate member or a foraminous plate member. In the illustrated embodiment, plate member 321 is integrally formed with perimeter portions 330 and 332 during the molding process of frame 318. As previously noted, frame 318 includes a

rearwardly facing opening 318b through which reflective element 314 is inserted for placement on support surface 328. For example, reflective element 314 may be positioned in frame 318 on support surface 328 during the molding process of frame 318, such as by insert molding, or may be inserted into frame 318 before the plastic material forming frame 318 is fully cured and is still pliable. In which case, reflective element subassembly 317b is mounted to auxiliary support 320 by an adhesive attachment or a mechanical attachment. Alternatively, support surface 328 may be formed by peripheral flange or a frame. In this manner, reflective element subassembly 317b may be placed in frame 318 from its forward facing side.

[0081]

Referring to FIG. 22, when reflective element assembly 310 is mounted in a vehicle reflective element 312 has a field of view 360 which forms an angle A with respect to the longitudinal center line of the vehicle in a range of about 8 degrees to about 20 degrees. In another form, angle A is in a range of about 10 degrees to about 18 degrees. In yet another form, angle A is in a range of about 12 degrees to about 16 degrees. Similarly, reflective element 314 has a field of view 362 which forms an angle C in range of about 15 degrees to about 50 degrees. In another form, angle C is in a range of about 15 degrees to about 35 degrees. In yet another form, angle C is in a range of about 15 degrees to about 25 degrees. Consequently, the overall field of view of reflective elements 312 and 314 extends over an angle B, which ranges from about 8 degrees to about 50 degrees in one form, about 10 degrees to about 35 degrees in another form, and about 12 degrees to about 25 degrees in yet another form. Furthermore, field of views 360 and 362 overlap over a range having angle D in a range of about 20 degrees to about 2 degrees, or in a range of about 15 degrees to about 5 degrees. In another form, angle D is in a range of about 10 degrees to about 8 degrees.

[0082]

From the foregoing, it can be appreciated that reflective elements 312 and 314 provide a wider field of view than a wholly planar rearview mirror element that fully accommodates an equivalent frame having similar dimensions. In addition, because reflective elements 312 and 314 have overlapping field of views, an image in the field of view of reflective element 314 will transition or move between the reflective elements and appear in both reflective elements during the transition to thereby enable the driver of the automobile to view or be conscious of the object continuously. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 314 is positioned in an outboard position relative to reflective element 312; therefore, when a vehicle or object that is approaching the automobile from the rear and to some extent from the side, the image of the approaching object will first appear in reflective element 312, then appear in both reflective elements 314 and

312, and then move to reflective element 314 so that the driver will be initially aware of the approaching object when its image first appears in reflective element 312 and continue to be aware of the object as it moves closer to the automobile, thus increasing the range of viewing of the driver. Since the image transitions smoothly from reflective element 312 to reflective element 314, the driver's awareness of the object is continuous and, further, the driver is not distracted from sudden transitions that often occur with conventional spotter mirrors. Typically, when an object "falls" or "drops" out, a driver's consciousness of the object reduces significantly, if not ceases, which is one of the causes of many automobile blind spot accidents. Hence, when combined with the field of view of an interior rearview mirror system, the present invention reduces, if not eliminates, an automobile's blind spot. For further discussion of blind spots in vehicle rearview mirror systems, reference is made to U.S. provisional application entitled VEHICULAR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM, Ser. No. 60/252,149, filed Nov. 20, 2000 by Robert E. Schnell, David K. Willmore, and Richard J. Weber, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712 (incorporated herein above). Thus, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly provides a seamless rearvision function whereby the image of a side approaching/side overtaking other vehicle is substantially seamlessly maintained as the image of the overtaking or approaching vehicle transitions from being principally and substantially viewed by the driver of the vehicle (the vehicle mounted with the mirror system of the present invention) in the plano reflective element to be seen in the auxiliary reflective element.

[0083]

Referring to FIG. 23, the numeral 410 generally designates yet another embodiment of an automobile exterior sideview mirror system of the present invention. Exterior sideview mirror system 410 includes a housing 412, a first reflective element 414, and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 416, which together provide an increase field of view over conventional planar reflectors mounted in a frame of equivalent dimensions to the combined lateral dimensions of reflective element 414 and 416.

[0084]

Housing 412 includes a mirror casing 417 and a sail 418, which mounts casing 412 to a side of an automobile. Though illustrated as a fixed mounting arrangement, it should be understood that mirror system 410, like the previous embodiments, may comprise a break-away mirror system or a powerfold mirror system.

[0085]

In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 414 comprises a plano reflective element having a unit magnification, similar to the plano reflective elements described in reference to the previous embodiments. Reflective element 416 preferably comprises a wide-

angle reflector, such as a convex or aspheric reflector, and may include a multiradiused curvature. For further description of suitable reflectors, reference is made to the previous embodiment.

[0086]

In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 416 is mounted in an outboard position relative to reflective element 414 and is fixedly mounted to bezel 420 of mirror casing 417. In addition, reflective element 416 is preferably angled downwardly and forwardly relative to first reflective element 414 when mirror system 410 is mounted to an automobile to thereby increase the field of view of mirror system 410. Optionally and preferably, reflective element 416 is detachably mounted to bezel 420, such as by mechanical fasteners, including clips, so that reflective element 416 can be removed, such as for replacement.

[0087]

Reflective element 414 preferably comprises an independently positionable reflective element and is mounted by a backing member, such as a backing plate, to an actuator, which provides multi-axis positioning of reflective element 414. In this manner, reflective element 414 and reflective element 416 are separately and independently mounted in housing 412. In addition, reflective element 414 optionally extends behind reflective element 416 in order to maintain the overlap of the field of views of reflective elements 414 and 416 even when reflective element 414 is moved by the actuator. Similar to the previous embodiment, when an object moves toward the automobile, in which mirror system 410 is mounted, from the rear of the automobile or laterally with respect to the automobile, the image of the object will appear initially in reflective element 414. As the object moves closer to the automobile, the image of the object will move from reflective element 414 to reflective element 416 such that when the image transitions between reflective element 414 and reflective element 416, the image will appear in both reflective elements.

[8800]

Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element, such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element, for the second or auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano or first reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective element is angled relative to the

plane of the principal, plane reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plane element. Also, the plane-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plane-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plane-multiradius reflective element assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

[0089]

The substrate 18 of the reflective element 12 of the present invention may be formed (such as by casting, extrusion or injection molding) of a polymeric optical resin material, such as an acrylic or polycarbonate resin, a polyolefin, a cyclic olefin copolymer, such as a COC resin known as "TOPAS" and available from Ticona of Summit, NJ (such as a resin of the type described in U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 09/946,228, filed Sep. 5, 2001 for IMPROVED PLASTIC SUBSTRATE FOR INFORMATION DEVICE AND METHOD FOR MAKING SAME, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference) or the like. Because the substrate can be, for example, injection molded from an optical resin, the substrate may be molded or formed to a desired shape having a wide angle or multi-radius surface, which is typically challenging to accomplish with glass sheets. This is because any prescription or form for the substrate can be established in an injection mold by machining, such that when the injection mold is filled with molten injected optical resin material, the optical resin material takes the shape of the mold. Thus, for example, a substrate having a substantially or fully flat inboard region for a multiradius (often referred to as an aspheric) exterior mirror element is fully practical.

[0090]

As shown in FIGS. 1-3, inboard portion or surface 18c of exterior surface 18b is positioned at or toward the side of the reflective element that is toward the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to or attached to the vehicle. The inboard portion 18c of surface 18b of substrate 18 may comprise a substantially flat or slightly curved or less curved surface, such as a surface having a radius of curvature of preferably greater than at least approximately 4000 mm, more preferably greater than at least approximately 9000 mm, and most preferably greater than at least approximately 12000 mm. The inboard surface 18c may provide a field of view of up to approximately 10 degrees, preferably up to approximately 15 degrees, and more preferably up to approximately 20 degrees.

[0091]

Outboard portion or surface 18d of exterior surface 18b of substrate 18 is positioned outward from inboard portion and is thus further away from the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to or attached to the vehicle. Outboard portion 18d of exterior surface 18b may be a more convex or curved surface, such that the substrate comprises a wide angle or multi-radius exterior surface substrate. The more curved outboard surface 18d of the substrate may have radii of curvature in the range of less than about 4000 mm to about 100 mm or lower. The more curved outboard portion or surface 18d may provide an extended field of view when combined with the less curved inboard portion or surface 18c. For example, the combined field of view of the mirror reflective element 12 may be preferably greater than at least approximately 25 degrees, more preferably greater than at least approximately 35 degrees, and most preferably greater than at least approximately 45 degrees. The substrate may be formed to have curves or shapes or to provide other field of views, without affecting the scope of the present invention.

[0092]

The exterior surface 18b of substrate 18 may be coated or covered with a substantially transparent functional film or layer 20, such as an anti-abrasion film or layer, such as an ultrathin glass film or layer or sheet having a thickness of preferably less than or equal to approximately 0.8 mm, more preferably less than or equal to approximately 0.5 mm, and most preferably less than or equal to approximately 0.3 mm. The ultrathin glass film or layer or sheet 20 provides a flexible glass film which can be conformed to the exterior surface of the molded substrate (for example, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,085,907, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference) after the substrate is molded. The ultrathin glass film or layer may provide substantial protection against scratches on the outboard surface, such as may occur due to impact by debris at the outside of the vehicle (for exterior mirror assembly applications) or by use of ice scrapers and the like on the glass surface and the like. The ultrathin glass film or layer may be applied to a molded or extruded strip (such as described below with respect to FIGS. 5-8) or may be applied to the surface or surfaces of a formed or cut substrate, without affecting the scope of the present invention. The flexible ultrathin glass film or layer of the present invention allows the wide angle or multi-radius substrate to be molded in the desired shape out of a transparent acrylic resin material, yet may conform to the curved or multi-radius or aspheric shape and provide enhanced protection or scratch resistance to the substrate.

[0093]

It is envisioned that other functional films or hard coats or anti-abrasion films or the like may be applied to the exterior surface of the molded substrate, such as via adhering or applying a film to the exterior surface or via dip coating or vacuum deposition or the like. Optionally, a hydrophobic film or hydrophilic film or element or property may also or otherwise be applied to the exterior surface 18b of the substrate. Optionally, the functional film may comprise a non-glass or polymeric film, such as a polymeric material that is a harder and/or different property material than the substrate itself. Optionally, the anti-abrasion film may be formed of the same resin material as the substrate to match the coefficients of thermal expansion and thus reduce thermal expansion/contraction mismatches between the materials.

[0094]

Optionally, the inner or rear surface 18a of the substrate 18 may have a reflective layer or coating or film or sheet 22 laminated or otherwise applied thereto. For example, the reflective layer or film 22 may comprise a polymeric reflective film 22 laminated or otherwise adhered or applied to the rear or inner surface 18a of a molded or extruded or cast strip (such as described below with respect to FIGS. 5-8) or of the molded or formed substrate 18. Reflective film 22 may comprise a polymeric reflective film, such as an all polymer-thin-film multilayer, high reflective mirror film, such as a multilayer, non-metallic reflective film which may comprise multiple coextrusion of many plastic layers to form a highly reflective mirror film, such as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,773,882; 3,884,606; and 3,759,647, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. Such a reflective film thus may comprise multilayers of polymer materials to form a highly reflective mirror film, such as a Radiant Light Film, a Radiant Mirror Film or a Radiant Color Film, such as commercially available from 3M of St. Paul, Minn., such as a Radiant Color Film CM590 or CM500. Also, a durable metallized polymeric mirror layer can be used, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,361,172, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[0095]

As shown in FIG. 4, it is envisioned that a substrate or substrate shape or sheet or strip of substrate material 118 may have a reflective film or layer 122 adhered or laminated or otherwise applied to the exterior surface 118b of the substrate material. An anti-abrasion film or layer 120 (which may comprise an ultrathin glass film or layer as described above) may be adhered or laminated or otherwise applied to the reflective film or layer 122. In such an application, with the reflective layer on the front or exterior surface of the substrate, the substrate material may be molded or formed of a polymeric material that does not provide optical clarity and need not be transparent. The substrate material may act only as a support or backing plate for the reflective film or layer and the anti-abrasion film or layer and thus may be opaque or non-transparent. The exterior surface 118b of substrate material 118 may comprise a wide angle exterior surface or a

multi-radius exterior surface having a less curved inboard portion or surface 118c and a more curved outboard portion or surface 118d, such as discussed above with respect to substrate 18.

[0096]

Optionally, and such as shown in FIGS. 5, 6 and 8, the optical resin material may be molded or extruded or cast into a generally continuous strip 19 having the desired curved or multi-radius surfaces, and may be cut to form the substrates. The substrates may be cut from the strip via any known cutting process, such as via a laser cutting process or a water-jet cutting process or the like, without affecting the scope of the present invention.

[0097]

As shown in FIGS. 5-8, the molding processes and film or layer application processes of the present invention may be used to form a prismatic or wedge-shaped strip for forming prismatic or wedge-shaped substrates 18' (FIG. 7) for use in an interior rearview mirror assembly of a vehicle.

[0098]

As also shown in FIGS. 5-8, the substrate material or optical resin material may be extruded or cast to form the continuous strip or sheet 19. For example, and as shown in FIGS. 5 and 5A, the strip 19 may be extruded by an extruder 24, which, preferably continuously, extrudes the optical resin material through an extrusion nozzle 26. The extruded material may be moved through an annealing lehr 28 to reduce or substantially eliminate birefringence, striation, stress and/or distortion in the strip or substrates. The coatings or layers or films 20 and/or 22 may be applied to one or both surfaces of the strip or substrate after the annealing process. The strip 19 may then be cut, such as via laser cutting or water-jet cutting devices or processes 30, or via other forming processes, to form the substrates 18' after the films or coatings have been applied thereto.

[0099]

Optionally, and as shown in FIG. 8, the strip 19 of optical polymeric resin material may be cast by a caster 32, which deposits the molten polymer or resin material onto a float section 34, such as a heated plate or heated melt. The float section 34 may be angled to form the wedge-shaped strip as the strip or ribbon of cast molten polymer solidifies as it passes across the hot float section (it is also envisioned that the float may provide a curved surface to form the curved outboard surface of the substrate). The coatings or layers or films 20, 22 may be applied to the solidified strip and the strip may be cut to form the substrates after the coatings or layers or films have been applied thereto.

[00100]

Because the films or layers are flexible, it is envisioned that the anti-abrasion film or ultrathin glass film and/or the reflective polymeric film may be unwound or unrolled and applied along the generally continuously extruded or cast substrate material or strip 19. For example,

and as shown in FIGS. 5-8, the ultrathin glass film (or other outer layer anti-abrasion coating or film) 20 may be provided in a reel or roll form or strip 20a and may be unwound or unrolled and laminated or otherwise adhered or applied along the exterior surface 19b of the extruded or cast strip 19 of substrate material. Likewise, the reflective polymeric film 22 may be provided in a reel or roll form or strip 22a and may be attached or applied to the inner surface 19a of the substrate material strip 19, such as via laminating or adhering or otherwise applying the film to the substrate material, such as by using optical adhesive and/or via rolling or ironing the film or sheet (preferably at an elevated temperature and with vacuum assist) onto the substrate or strip surface, to secure the reflective film to the substrate or extruded or cast strip or sheet.

[00101]

Optionally, the glass film or layer or sheet (or reel or roll of glass sheet or strip) may be coated with a highly reflective metallic layer, such as silver or aluminum or the like, deposited on or applied to its inner surface (i.e., the surface which is adhered to or otherwise applied to the substrate or substrate sheet or strip). The reflective layer or coating may be applied to the glass film or layer with or without transparent overcoats. The glass film thus may provide the reflective layer at the exterior surface of the substrate, such that the reflective layer provides the second layer or surface, with the substrate behind the reflective layer. The glass sheet or film may thus be provided with the reflective mirror coating already applied thereto. The glass layer with reflective layer or coating applied thereto may be provided in a reel or roll form for applying both the reflective layer and the anti-abrasion layer to the exterior surface of the substrate or substrate strip or sheet in one application process. In such an application, the substrate material need not comprise a transparent optical resin material, and a separate reflective layer or film or coating would not be necessary at the inner or rear surface of the substrate.

[00102]

It is envisioned that other hard coats or films or the like may be applied to one or more surfaces of the molded substrate strip or to the molded and cut substrates, such as via dip coating or vacuum deposition or the like, without affecting the scope of the present invention. The other hard coats or films may be substantially flexible and may be applied via unrolling of a reel of an anti-abrasion film or sheet and applying the film or sheet to a surface of an extruded or cast strip of transparent acrylic resin or the like, as discussed above. Optionally, a hydrophobic film or hydrophilic film or element or property may also or otherwise be applied to (or sprayed on) one or both surfaces 18a, 18b of the substrate or strip or sheet. Optionally, one or both of the reflective polymeric film 22 and the anti-abrasion film 20 may be formed of the same resin

material as the substrate 18, 18' or substrate strip 19 to match the coefficients of thermal expansion and thus reduce thermal expansion/contraction mismatches between the materials.

[00103]

Optionally, it is envisioned that such ultrathin glass films, anti-abrasion films, reflective films or reflective systems may be used for electrochromic mirror reflective elements or cells as well. For example, the interior or exterior rearview mirror assembly of the present invention may comprise an electrochromic mirror, such as an electrochromic mirror assembly and electrochromic element utilizing principles disclosed in commonly assigned U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,140,455; 5,151,816; 6,690,268; 6,178,034; 6,154,306; 6,002,544; 5,567,360; 5,525,264; 5,610,756; 5,406,414; 5,253,109; 5,076,673; 5,073,012; 5,117,346; 5,724,187; 5,668,663; 5,910,854; 5,142,407 and/or 4,712,879, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference, and/or as disclosed in the following publications: N. R. Lynam, "Electrochromic Automotive Day/Night Mirrors", SAE Technical Paper Series 870636 (1987); N. R. Lynam, "Smart Windows for Automobiles", SAE Technical Paper Series 900419 (1990); N. R. Lynam and A. Agrawal, "Automotive Applications of Chromogenic Materials", Large Area Chromogenics: Materials and Devices for Transmittance Control, C.M. Lampert and C.G. Granquist, EDS., Optical Engineering Press, Wash. (1990), which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. The mirror assembly may comprise an interior rearview mirror assembly, and may include an accessory module or may be mounted to an accessory module, such as an accessory module of the types disclosed in U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/355,454, filed Jan. 31, 2003 for VEHICLE ACCESSORY MODULE, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,824,281, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[00104]

Optionally, the mirror assembly may include one or more displays for displaying information to a driver of the vehicle at or through the reflective element of the mirror assembly. For example, the mirror assembly may include one or more displays of the types described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,329,925; 6,501,387; 6,690,268; 5,910,854; 6,420,036; 5,668,663; and 5,724,187, and/or in U.S. pat. applications, Ser. No. 10/054,633, filed Jan. 22, 2002 by Lynam et al. for VEHICULAR LIGHTING SYSTEM, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,195,381; and Ser. No. 10/456,599, filed Jun. 6, 2003 by Weller et al. for INTERIOR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM WITH COMPASS, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,004,593, and/or in PCT Application No. PCT/US03/29776, filed Sep. 19, 2003 by Donnelly Corporation et al. for ELECTROCHROMIC MIRROR ASSEMBLY; PCT Application No. PCT/US03/35381, filed Nov. 5, 2003 by Donnelly Corporation et al. for ELECTRO-OPTIC REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY;

and/or PCT Application No. PCT/US03/40611, filed Dec. 19, 2003 by Donnelly Corporation et al. for ACCESSORY SYSTEM FOR VEHICLE, and/or in U.S. provisional applications, Ser. No. 60/508,086, filed Oct. 2, 2003 by Schofield for MIRROR REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY INCLUDING ELECTRONIC COMPONENT; Ser. No. 60/525,952, filed Nov. 26, 2003 by Lynam for MIRROR REFLECTIVE ELEMENT FOR A VEHICLE; Ser. No. 60/471,546, filed May 19, 2003; Ser. No. 60/525,537, filed Nov. 26, 2003; and Ser. No. 60/556,259, filed Mar. 25, 2004, which are all hereby incorporated herein by reference, without affecting the scope of the present invention.

[00105]

Optionally, the mirror assembly may include or be associated with electronic accessories, such as, for example, antennas, including global positioning system (GPS) or cellular phone antennas, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,971,552, a communication module, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,798,688, a blind spot detection system, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,929,786 and/or 5,786,772, a high/low headlamp controller, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,796,094 and/or 5,715,093, transmitters and/or receivers, such as a garage door opener or the like, a digital network, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,798,575, a memory mirror system, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,796,176, a hands-free phone attachment, a video device for internal cabin surveillance and/or video telephone function, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,760,962 and/or 5,877,897, a remote keyless entry receiver or system or circuitry and/or a universal garage door opening system or circuitry (such as the types disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,396,408; 6,362,771; 5,798,688 and 5,479,155, and/or U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/770,736, filed Feb. 3, 2004 by Baumgardner et al. for GARAGE DOOR OPENING SYSTEM FOR VEHICLE, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,023,322), lights, such as map reading lights or one or more other lights or illumination sources, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,690,268; 5,938,321; 5,813,745; 5,820,245; 5,673,994; 5,649,756; 5,178,448; 5,671,996; 4,646,210; 4,733,336; 4,807,096; 6,042,253; and/or 5,669,698, and/or U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/054,633, filed Jan. 22, 2002 by Lynam et al. for VEHICULAR LIGHTING SYSTEM, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,195,381, microphones, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,243,003; 6,278,377; and/or 6,420,975, and/or PCT Application No. PCT/US03/30877, filed Oct. 1, 2003, speakers, a compass or compass system, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,924,212; 4,862,594; 4,937,945; 5,131,154; 5,255,442; and/or 5,632,092, and/or U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/456,599, filed Jun. 6, 2003 by Weller et al. for INTERIOR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM WITH COMPASS, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,004,593, a navigation system, such as described in U.S.

Pat. No. 6,477,464, and U.S. pat. applications, Ser. No. 10/456,599, filed Jun. 6, 2003 by Weller et al. for INTERIOR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM WITH COMPASS, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,004,593; Scr. No. 10/287,178, filed Nov. 4, 2002 by McCarthy et al. for NAVIGATION SYSTEM FOR A VEHICLE, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,678,614; Ser. No. 10/645,762, filed Aug. 20, 2003 by Taylor et al. for VEHICLE NAVIGATION SYSTEM FOR USE WITH A TELEMATICS SYSTEM, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,167,796; and Ser. No. 10/422,378, filed Apr. 24, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,946,978; and/or PCT Application No. PCT/US03/40611, filed Dec. 19, 2003 by Donnelly Corporation et al. for ACCESSORY SYSTEM FOR VEHICLE, a tire pressure monitoring system, such as the types disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,294,989; 6,445,287; and/or 6,472,979, and/or in U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/206,495, filed Jul. 26, 2002 by Schofield et al. for SELF TRAINING TIRE PRESSURE MONITORING SYSTEM, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,731,205, a seat occupancy detector, a trip computer, a telematics system, such as an ONSTAR® system or the like, and/or any other desired accessory or system or the like (with all of the above-referenced patents and patent applications and PCT applications being commonly assigned to Donnelly Corporation, and with the disclosures of all of the above referenced patents and patent applications and PCT applications being hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entireties).

[00106]

Optionally, a vehicle compass or compass system may comprise a printed circuit board and may be positioned within a pod or the like that may be fixedly mounted in the vehicle. The compass may be initially calibrated (such as at the assembly plant or the like) via a small Helmholtz coil that may accommodate the small circuit board or pod. The coil induces a field to calibrate the compass, such as described in U.S. provisional application, Ser. No. 60/467,899, filed May 5, 2003, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The induced field in the miniature Helmholtz coil may be controlled via the use of a highly permeable magnetic shielding material that may enclose the miniature Helmholtz coil with only a small slot for the circuit board or compass pod to enter through. Such a set up may allow the compass pod manufacturer to automate and magnetically shield the calibration and test stage of a microprocessor-based compass. The calibration process may utilize an indexing rotary table that may rotate to move a compass pod from a loading bay to a calibration bay. The shielded Helmholtz coil may be adjacent to the rotary table and may be shuttled back and forth to align with the rotary table to receive a compass pod therefrom. The rotary table may rotate to move a

calibrated compass pod (after it leaves the miniature Helmholtz coil) from the calibration bay to a final functional test station to test the calibrated compass pod.

[00107]

Therefore, the present invention provides a wide angle or multi-radius single substrate or reflective element which may provide an enhanced field of view for an interior or exterior rearview mirror assembly. The wide angle or multi-radius single element reflector may have an anti-abrasion coating or ultrathin glass film conformed to and applied to the exterior curved surface of the substrate. The substrate may be molded or extruded into the desired shape and may be formed into an elongated strip or sheet, whereby the anti-abrasion coating or film may be applied along the strip before the strip is cut into the desired substrates. The present invention thus provides a single element wide angle or multi-radius substrate which has enhanced scratch resistance. A polymeric reflective film may be laminated, adhered or otherwise applied to the opposite inner surface of the substrate or extruded strip while the anti-abrasion coating or film is applied to the exterior surface. Optionally, a reflective film or layer may be applied to the exterior surface of the substrate and an anti-abrasion film or layer may be applied to the reflective film or layer.

[00108]

Changes and modifications in the specifically described embodiments can be carried out without departing from the principles of the present invention, which is intended to be limited only by the scope of the appended claims, as interpreted according to the principles of patent law.

The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

1. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached;

said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile; wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin;

wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion;

wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion;

wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto;

wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element are adjacently supported at said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary reflective element adjacent said plano reflective element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said plano reflective element;

wherein said demarcation element is dark colored;

wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material;

wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed at said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; and

wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the entirety of said auxiliary reflective element is further distant from the side of the equipped automobile than the entirety of said plano reflective element.

- 2. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is at an angle of at least about 3 degrees relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element.
- 3. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile.
- 4. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element is supported at said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is supported at said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment, and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate.
- 5. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate.
- 6. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate has an aspherical curvature.

- 7. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature.
- 8. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall structure that at least partially partitions said backing plate element into a first region where said plano reflective element is disposed and a separate and adjacent second region where said auxiliary reflective element is disposed, and wherein at least one of (a) said first region is adapted to receive said plano reflective element and (b) said second region is adapted to receive said auxiliary reflective element.
- 9. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 8, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary reflective element when said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated on the side of the automobile.
- 10. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile.
- 11. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary reflective element has an aspherical curvature.

- 12. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.5.
- 13. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at least at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.
- 14. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said metallic reflector coating is selected from the group consisting of (i) a chromium coating, (ii) a titanium coating, (iii) a rhodium coating, (iv) a metal-alloy coating, (v) a nickel alloy coating, (vi) an aluminum coating and (vii) a silver coating.
- 15. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.
- 16. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 15, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a curved substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.
- 17. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field

of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached;

said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile;

wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin;

wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion;

wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion;

wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is included in said exterior sideview mirror assembly and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element;

wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto;

wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile; and

wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.

- 18. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 17, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto.
- 19. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 18, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a thin flexible glass sheet and a polymeric substrate, said thin flexible glass sheet existing as a pre-formed glass sheet that is separate from said polymeric substrate, said thin glass sheet having an attaching surface, said attaching surface being opposed to and adhered to said surface of said polymeric substrate when said thin flexible sheet is adhered to said exterior surface of said polymeric substrate, said thin flexible sheet providing an anti-abrasion function at said surface of said polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin flexible glass sheet substantially conforming to said exterior surface of said polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin glass sheet having a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm and greater than approximately 0.3 mm.
- 20. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 17, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating.
- 21. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 20, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature.
- 22. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 17, wherein said auxiliary reflective element has a spherical curvature, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element has a spherical curvature.
- 23. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 17, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and

wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate has a spherical curvature.

24. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached;

said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile;

wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin;

wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion;

wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion;

wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is included in said exterior sideview mirror assembly and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element;

wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said plano reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass

element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto; and

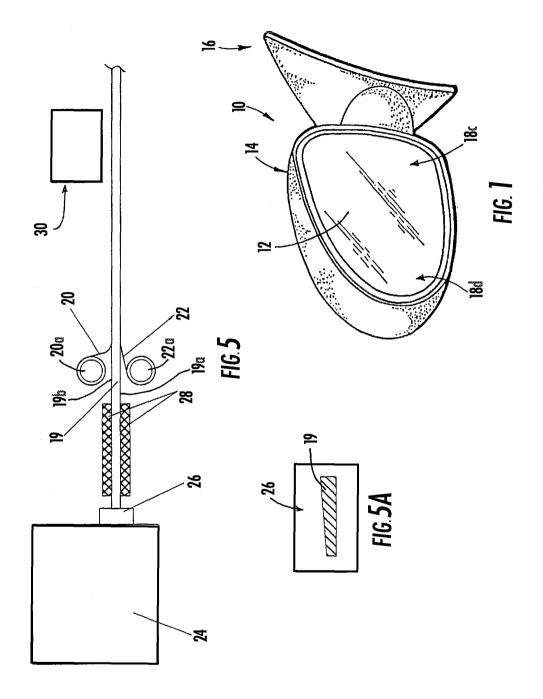
wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a spherically bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

- 25. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 24, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element.
- 26. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 25, wherein a demarcation element is disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element and wherein said demarcation element comprises a part of said backing plate element, and wherein said demarcation element at least partially partitions said backing plate element into a first region where said plano reflective element is disposed and a separate and adjacent second region where said auxiliary reflective element is disposed, and wherein said first region is adapted to receive said plano reflective element and said second region is adapted to receive said auxiliary reflective element.
- 27. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 26, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile.

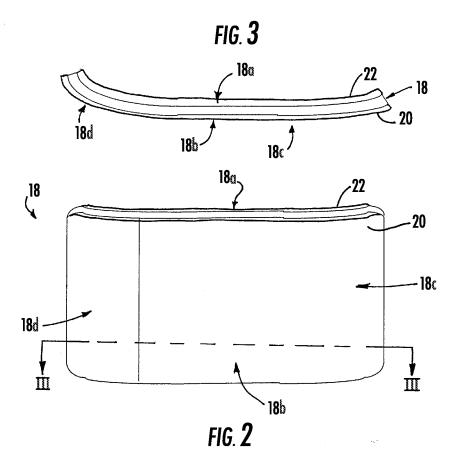
EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

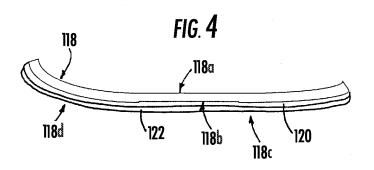
An exterior sideview mirror system includes an exterior sideview mirror assembly including a plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to a side of an automobile. The plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are mounted adjacently at the reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed. The plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are supported at a backing plate element. The rearward field of view of the auxiliary reflective element may be different from and angled to the rearward field of view of the plano reflective element. The plano reflective element and/or the auxiliary reflective element may have one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto.

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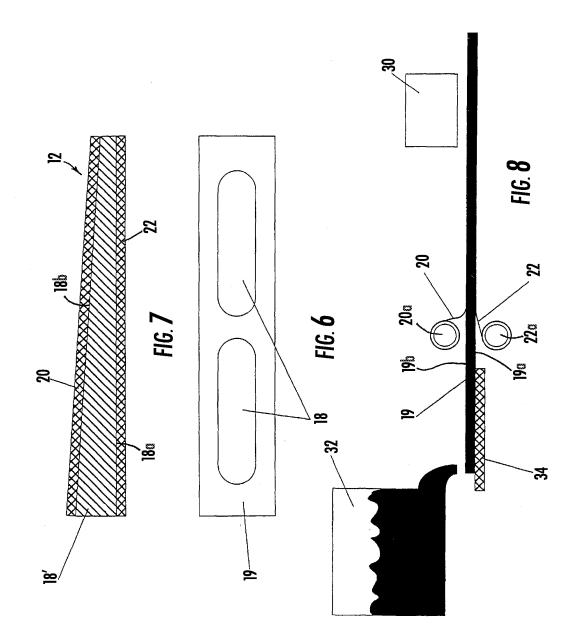


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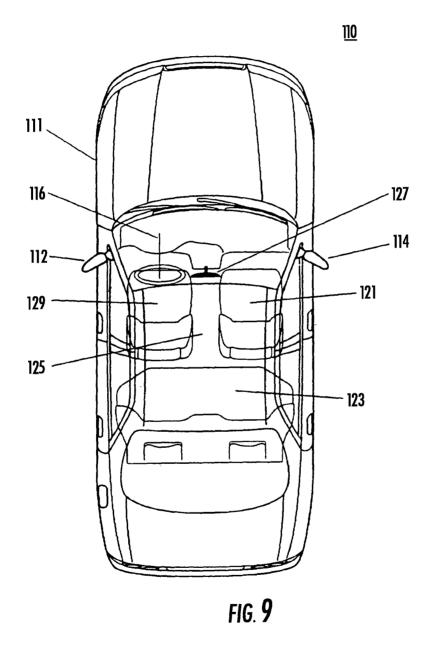




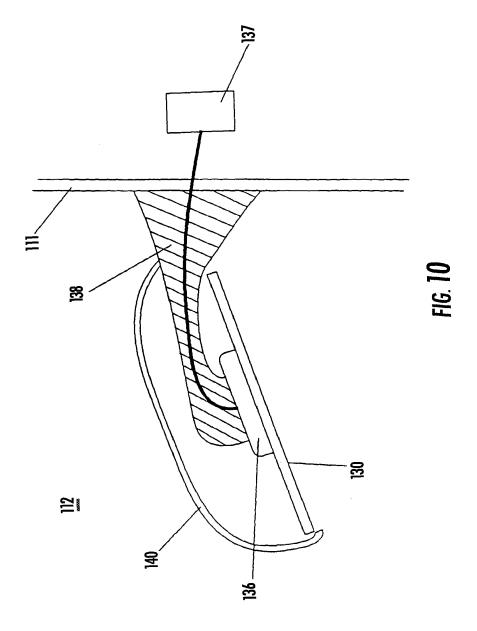
Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
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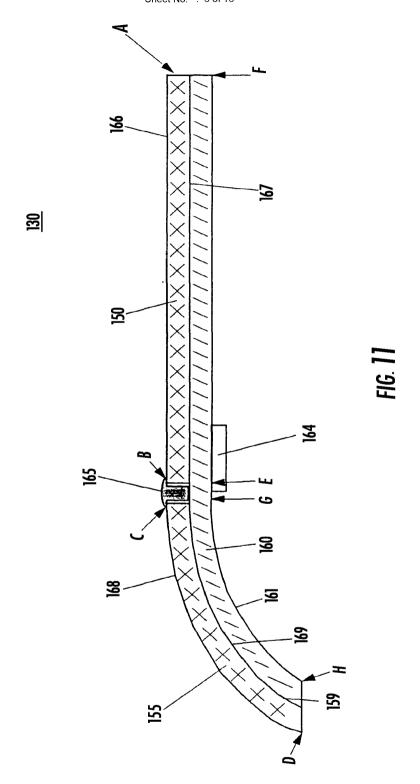
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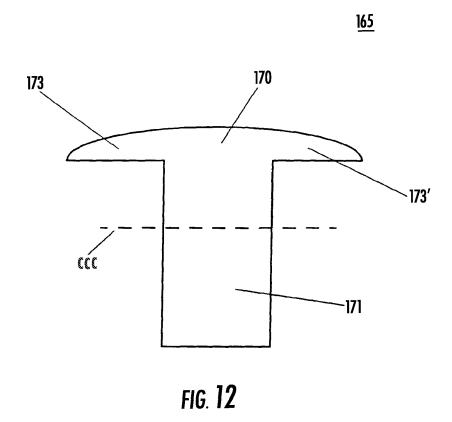
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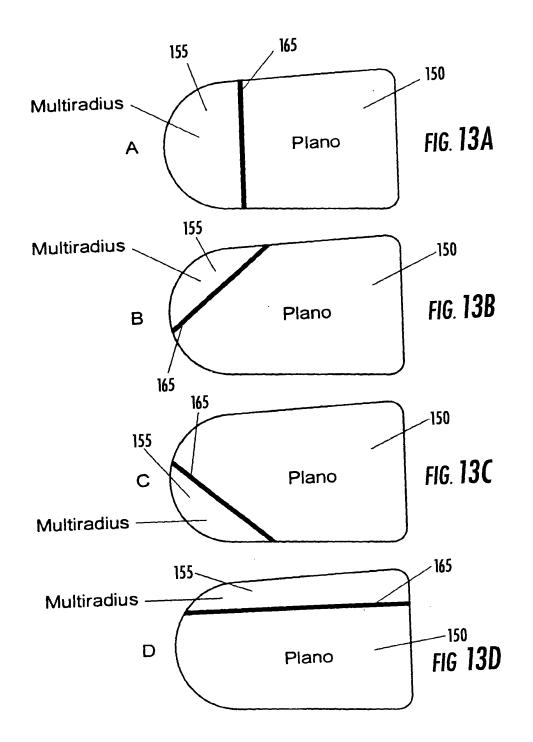


Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
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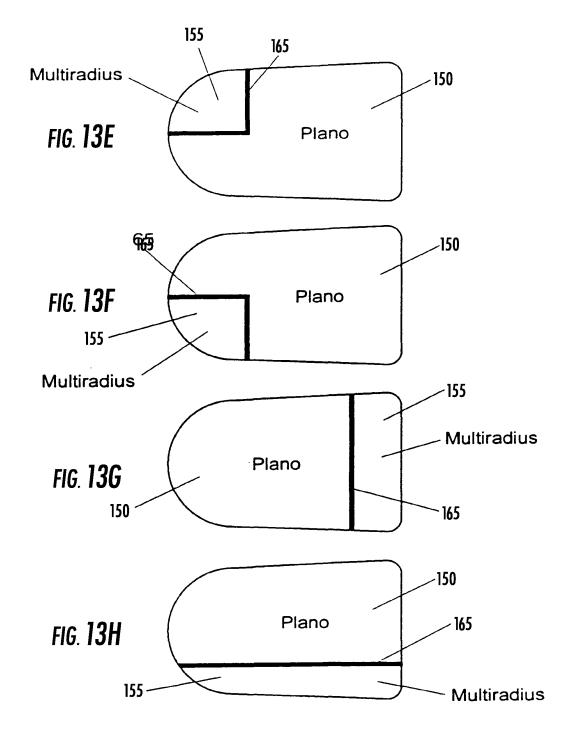


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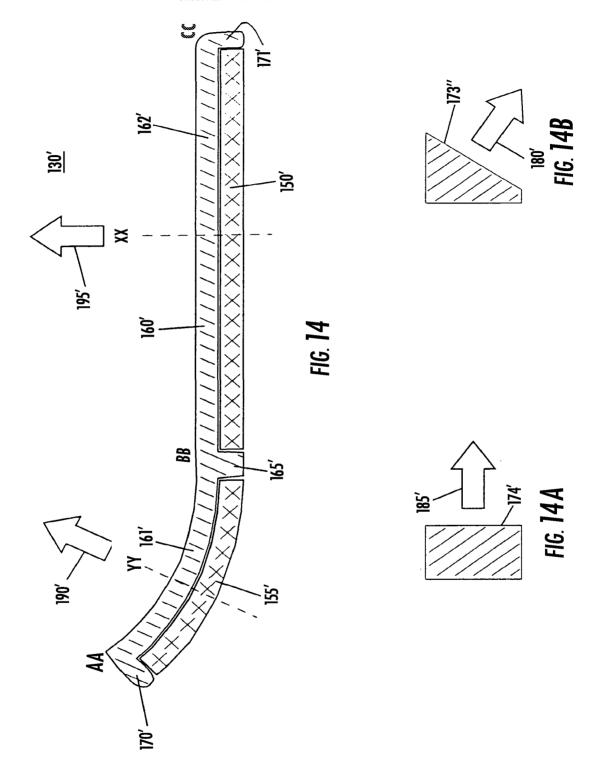
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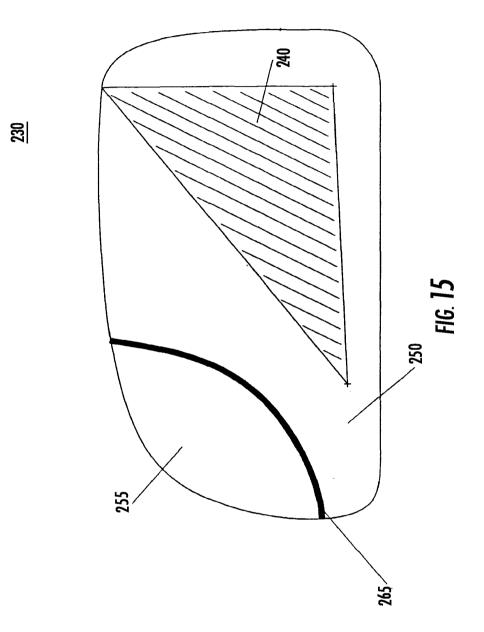
Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
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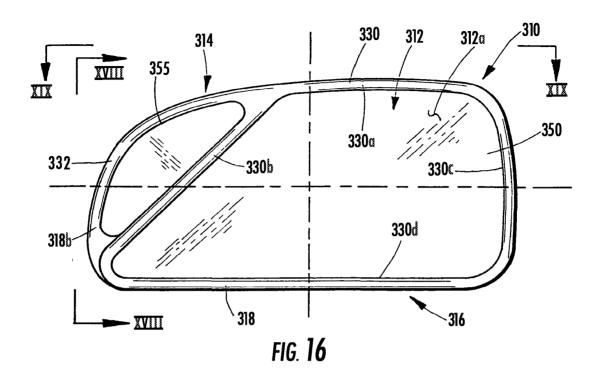
Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
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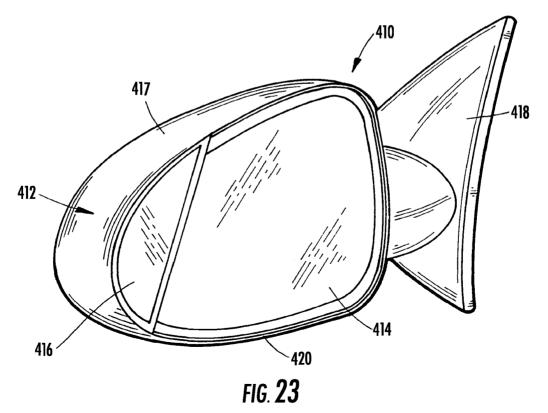


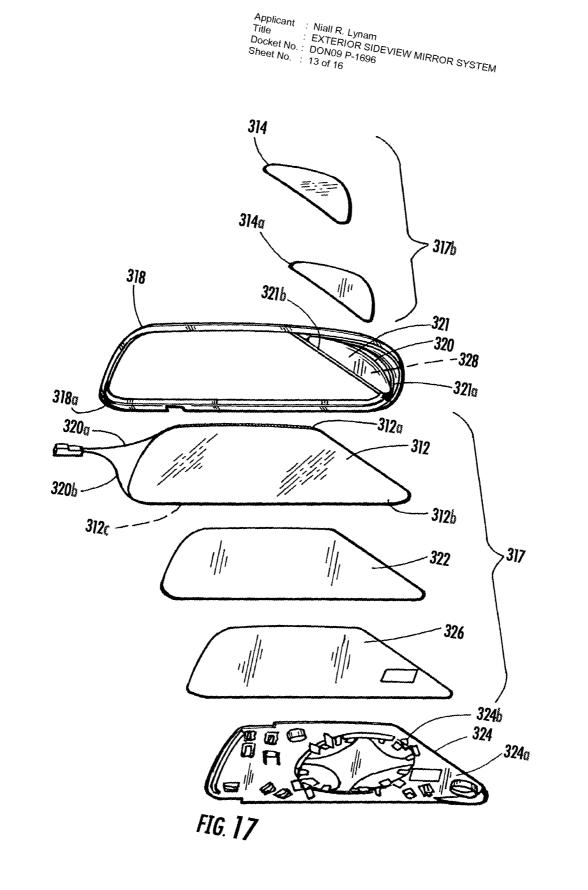
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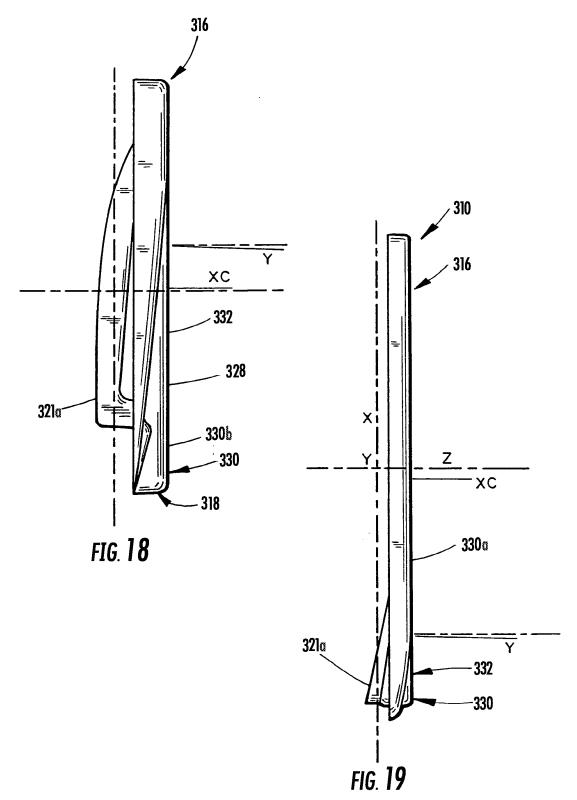
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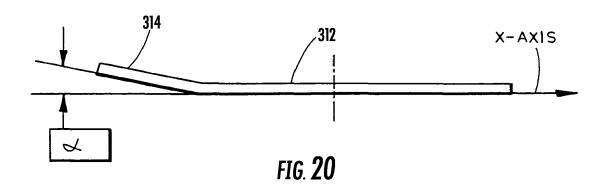


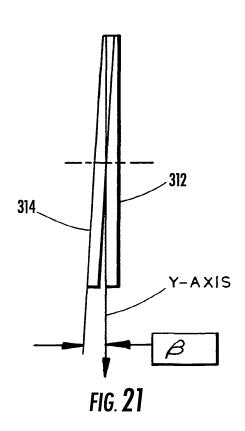


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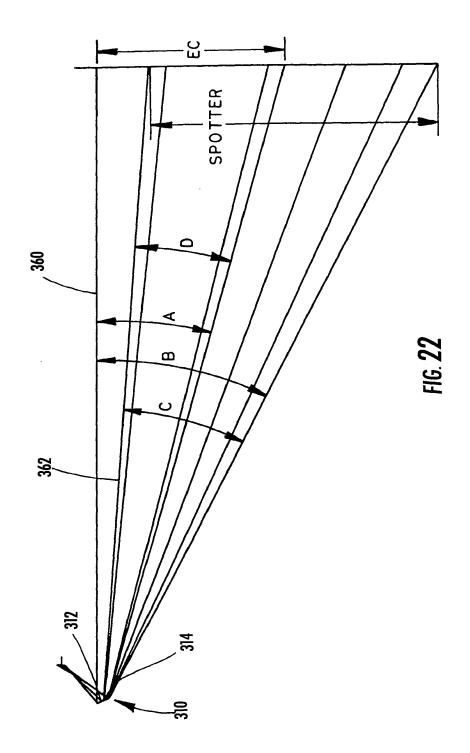


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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.51, 1.56, 1.97 and 1.98, Applicants submit herewith patents, publications or other information listed on attached Form PTO/SB/08A for consideration by the Examiner in connection with examination of the present application. Copies of the cited foreign references are not provided herewith, since these references were previously made of record during prosecution of the parent application Serial No. 12/851,045. The Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned attorney if an additional copy of any of these references is desired.

This Information Disclosure Statement is not intended to constitute an admission that any patent, publication or other information referred to herein is "prior art" for this invention unless specifically designated as such.

Under 37 CFR 1.97, the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement shall not be construed to mean that a search has been made or that no other material information as defined in 37 CFR 1.56(a) exists,

An early and favorable action on the merits is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP

Date: March 24, 2011

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PTO/SB/08A (07-05)
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Complete if Known Substitute for form 1449/PTO Application Number INFORMATION DISCLOSURE Filing Date March 24, 2011 STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Niall R. Lynam (Use as many sheets as necessary) Art Unit Examiner Name of 12 Attorney Docket Number DON09 P-1696 Sheet

Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number Number-Kind Code ^{2 (# known)}	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
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*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPBP 609. Draw line through citation it not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPBP 901.04. Here of the issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). For Japaneses patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. Stind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. Applicant is to place a check mark here it English language Translation is attached.

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	STATEMENT B			Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
	(Use as many sh			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
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	U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS							
Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Document Number Number-Kind Code ^{2 (# known)}	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear			
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	INFORMATION	פוח ו	CLOSUDE	Application Number	
	STATEMENT B			Filing Date	March 24, 2011
	(Use as many sh			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
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Sheet	3	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where
Initials*	No.1	Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
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1				Filing Date	March 24, 2011
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Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number Number-Kind Code ^{2 (If known)}	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear		
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Sheet	5	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

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Initials*	No. ¹	Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
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Initials*	No.1	Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	- MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or
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	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>			(Note of the Figure of Appear		
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Examiner		Date
Signature	,	Considered

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation it not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. \(^1\) Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). \(^2\) See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at \(\frac{\text{www.uspto.gov}}{\text{or}}\) or MPEP 901.04. \(^3\) Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). \(^4\) For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. \(^5\) Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. \(^6\) Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CPR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

PTC/SB/08A (07-05)
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	Substitute for form 1449/F	то	·	Complete if Known		
	INFORMATION	ם וחופי	CLOSUBE	Application Number		
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
	(Use as many sh			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
	(Use as many sm	eets as	necessary)	Art Unit		
				Examiner Name		
Sheet	9	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	

Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Publication Date	DOCUMENTS Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where
Initials*	No.1	Number-Kind Code ^{2 (If Known)}	MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		4,200,359	1980-04-29	Lawson	
		4,193,668	1980-03-18	Skinner	
		3,909,117	1975-09-30	Takahashi et al.	
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Examiner	Date	
Signature	Considered	

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	INFORMATION	ו חופי	CLOSUDE	Application Number		
	STATEMENT B			Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
	JIAIEIVIENIE Use as many sho			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
	(Ose as many sin	ceto uo i	recessary)	Art Unit		
				Examiner Name		
Sheet	10	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS							
Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Document Number	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or		
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (II known)}			Relevant Figures Appear		
		2,263,382	1941-11-18	Gotzinger			
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Examiner Date Considered Signature

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	Substitute for form 1449/	PTO	-	Сотр	olete if Known
	INFORMATIO	אום וא	CI OSIIDE	Application Number	
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011
	(Use as many sh			First Named Inventor	Niail R. Lynam
	(Use as many si	iccis as	necessary)	Art Unit	
				Examiner Name	
Sheet	11	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS								
Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Document Number	Publication Date - MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or			
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (Il known)}			Relevant Figures Appear			
		Tanan 100 0 14 mg	10000 10 11					
		2008/0304170	2008-12-11	Zhao				
		2009/0237820	2009-09-24	McCabe et al.				
		2009/0040306	2009-02-12	Foote et al.				
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		20100296187	2010-11-25	Lynam	<u> </u>			
		RE17274	1929-04-16	Porter				
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	INFORMATIOI STATEMENT (Use as many st	BY A	PPLICANT	Application Number Filing Date First Named Inventor Art Unit	March 24, 2011 Niall R. Lynam
				Examiner Name	
Sheet	12	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Foreign Patent Document Country Code ³ Number ⁴ -Kind Code ⁵ (If known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages Or Relevant Figures Appear	Т
	T	DE 2409748	1975-09-04	Leitz		1
		DE 2550095	1976-05-20	Schiff et al.		
		DE 2647592	1978-04-27	Uta		
		DE 2915521	1980-10-30	Docie		
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		EP 0356099	1990-02-28	Yamada et al.		X
		EP 0728618	08-28-1996	Gentex Corporation		X
		EP 0729864	09-04-1996	Gentex Corporation		X
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		GB 1279158	1972-06-28	Hacker		X
		GB 2048189	1980-12-10	Mirrocraft Inc.		X
		GB 2092534	1982-08-18	Hagiri		Х
		JP 0051637	1980-04-15	Katsumata Giken KK		X
		JP 55076721	1980-10-06	Nikken Kogyo KK		X
		JP 1186443	1989-07-25	Kitsumoto Norihiko		X
		JP 1208245	1989-08-22	Moriwake		X
		JP 362075619	1987-04-07	Tomita		X
		JP 62105103	1987-05-15	Miyake Shinya		X
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		WO 2008051910	05-02-2008	Donnelly Corporation		X

Examiner	Date	
Signature	Considered	

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Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal						
Application Number:						
Filing Date:						
Title of Invention:	EX	TERIOR SIDEVIEW M	IIRROR SYSTEM			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Nia	ıll R. Lynam				
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma					
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696					
Filed as Large Entity						
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees						
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)	
Basic Filing:						
Utility application filing		1011	1	330	330	
Utility Search Fee		1111	1	540	540	
Utility Examination Fee		1311	1	220	220	
Pages:						
Claims:						
Claims in excess of 20		1202	7	52	364	
Miscellaneous-Filing:						
Petition:						

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	1454

Electronic Ack	knowledgement Receipt
EFS ID:	9731415
Application Number:	13071174
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	3475
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam
Customer Number:	28101
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696
Receipt Date:	24-MAR-2011
Filing Date:	
Time Stamp:	16:58:34
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

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Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$1454
RAM confirmation Number	3738
Deposit Account	220190
Authorized User	FLORY,TIMOTHY A

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File Listing	:				
Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal of New Application	Transmittal adf	263208		1
1	Transmittal of New Application	Transmittal.pdf	1dfbf41e188ffec5c0697dda61126574705b 4878	no	1
Warnings:			1	<u> </u>	
Information:			,		
2	Miscellaneous Incoming Letter	Requestfor Divisional.pdf	201992	no	5
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Information:					
3	Application Data Sheet	Application Data Sheet.pdf	967797	no	4
3	Application Data Sifeet	ApplicationDatastreet.pdf	057f0eaabc5e5cc3a622f5ccef3f9fa308f79b 99	110	4
Warnings:					
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4	Oath or Declaration filed	Declaration.pdf	86788	no	1
	outh of Declaration filed	Deciaration.pui	94fc0869be0f6d778a9733efb9b617af69afb 0c1	110	'
Warnings:					
Information:					
5		Specification.pdf	4521502	yes	49
		Specification.pdf	9260bb2b689bd8b8a67654e0b81ddb4315 42f08d	yes	72
	Multip	art Description/PDF files in	.zip description		
	Document Des	cription	Start	E	nd
	Specificati	ion	1	3	37
	Claims		38	2	18
	Abstrac	t	49		19
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6	Drawings-only black and white line	P1696Drawings.pdf	3357854	no	16
	drawings		c9d8b2a7c9f2fee7c6901d867a0dc6c13fae 0f37		16
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

	PAT	ENT APPLI		N FEE DE itute for Form		TI	ON RECOR	D		tion or Docket Num	nber
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	SIC FEE FR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))	N	/A	N	J/A	Ì	N/A		1	N/A	330
	ARCH FEE FR 1.16(k), (i), or (m))	N	/A	١	I/A	ı	N/A		1	N/A	540
	MINATION FEE FR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))	N	/A	N	I/A	ı	N/A		1	N/A	220
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	APPLIO	(Column 1)	MEND	ED - PART I	(Column 3)		SMALL	ENTITY	OR	OTHEF SMALL	
ΑΤ		CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA		RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)		RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)
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United States Patent and Trademark Office

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P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

FILING RECEIPT

 APPLICATION NUMBER
 FILING or 371(c) DATE
 GRP ART UNIT
 FIL FEE RECD
 ATTY.DOCKET.NO
 TOT CLAIMS IND CLAIMS

 13/071,174
 03/24/2011
 2872
 1454
 DON09 P-1696
 27
 3

CONFIRMATION NO. 3475

28101 VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP SUITE 207 2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

Date Mailed: 04/06/2011

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Applicant(s)

Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI;

Assignment For Published Patent Application

DONNELLY CORPORATION, Holland, MI

Power of Attorney:

Daniel Van Dyke--25046 Timothy Flory--42540
Donald Gardner--25975 Karl Ondersma--55894
Frederick Burkhart--29288
Terence Linn--30283
Catherine Collins--37599

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a DIV of 12/851,045 08/05/2010 which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7,842,154 which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7,420,756 which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003 * (*)Data provided by applicant is not consistent with PTO records.

Foreign Applications (You may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at the USPTO. Please see http://www.uspto.gov for more information.)

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 04/04/2011

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 13/071,174**

Projected Publication Date: 07/14/2011

page 1 of 3

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

Title

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Preliminary Class

359

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

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Title 35, United States Code, Section 184

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

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No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15(b).



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO. Box 1450

Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER
13/071.174

FILING OR 371(C) DATE 03/24/2011

FIRST NAMED APPLICANT
Niall R. Lynam

ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
DON09 P-1696

CONFIRMATION NO. 3475

PUBLICATION NOTICE

28101 VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP SUITE 207 2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

Title: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Publication No.US-2011-0170207-A1 Publication Date:07/14/2011

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION OF APPLICATION

The above-identified application will be electronically published as a patent application publication pursuant to 37 CFR 1.211, et seq. The patent application publication number and publication date are set forth above.

The publication may be accessed through the USPTO's publically available Searchable Databases via the Internet at www.uspto.gov. The direct link to access the publication is currently http://www.uspto.gov/patft/.

The publication process established by the Office does not provide for mailing a copy of the publication to applicant. A copy of the publication may be obtained from the Office upon payment of the appropriate fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.19(a)(1). Orders for copies of patent application publications are handled by the USPTO's Office of Public Records. The Office of Public Records can be reached by telephone at (703) 308-9726 or (800) 972-6382, by facsimile at (703) 305-8759, by mail addressed to the United States Patent and Trademark Office, Office of Public Records, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 or via the Internet.

In addition, information on the status of the application, including the mailing date of Office actions and the dates of receipt of correspondence filed in the Office, may also be accessed via the Internet through the Patent Electronic Business Center at www.uspto.gov using the public side of the Patent Application Information and Retrieval (PAIR) system. The direct link to access this status information is currently http://pair.uspto.gov/. Prior to publication, such status information is confidential and may only be obtained by applicant using the private side of PAIR.

Further assistance in electronically accessing the publication, or about PAIR, is available by calling the Patent Electronic Business Center at 1-866-217-9197.

Office of Data Managment, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101



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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
13/071,174	03/24/2011	Niall R. Lynam	DON09 P-1696	3475
	7590 09/26/201 SARDNER, LINN & B		EXAM	IINER
SUITE 207		AMARI, ALE	SSANDRO V	
GRAND RAPI	EVOIX DRIVE, S.E. DS, MI 49546	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2872	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/26/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		13/071,174	LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
WHI0 - Exte afte - If No - Fail Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH , cause the application to become ABAN	ATION. y be timely filed IS from the mailing date of this communication. IDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on		
2a)	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.	
3)	An election was made by the applicant in response		
. —	; the restriction requirement and election		
4)	• •	·	•
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	:x parte Quayle, 1935 G.D. 1	, 1, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposit	tion of Claims		
5)🛛	Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application.		
	5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.	
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
	Claim(s) 1,17 and 24 is/are rejected.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>2-16,18-23 and 25-27</u> is/are objected		
9)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.	
Applicat	tion Papers		
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	
11)🛛	The drawing(s) filed on 24 March 2011 is/are:	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objec	ted to by the Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	= : :	
_	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		-
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached C	Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
-	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents		19(a)-(d) or (f).
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		olication No
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been re	ceived in this National Stage
	application from the International Bureau	, , , ,	
*	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not re	ceived.
Attachmei	nt(s)		
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		nmary (PTO-413)
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	—	Mail Date Irmal Patent Application
	er No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/24/2011</u> .	6) Other:	• •

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 03-11) Art Unit: 2872

DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Application/Control Number: 13/071,174

Art Unit: 2872

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claim 1 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 4-12 of U.S. Patent No. 7934843. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the recite the same subject matter in the combination.

Claims 1, 17 and 24 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 23 and 25 of copending Application No. 13/071,169. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the recite the same subject matter in the combination.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2-16, 18-23 and 25-27 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Page 3

Application/Control Number: 13/071,174 Page 4

Art Unit: 2872

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Lynam et al US 2002/0072026 is considered relevant.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALESSANDRO AMARI whose telephone number is (571)272-2306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephone B. Allen can be reached on (571) 272-2434. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alessandro Amari/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872

					Application/0	Control No.	Applicant(s)/Pa	atent Under
		Notice of Patarones	a Citad		13/071,174		LYNAM, NIALI	
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					ALESSANDRO AMARI 2872		2872	Page 1 of 1
				U.S. PA	TENT DOCUM	ENTS	•	•
*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY			Name		Classification
*	Α	US-2002/0072026	06-2002	Lynam e	et al.			432/77
*	В	US-7,934,843	05-2011	Lynam,	Niall R.			359/866
	С	US-						
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*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).) Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-892 (Rev. 01-2001)

Notice of References Cited



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BIB DATA SHEET

CONFIRMATION NO. 3475

SERIAL NUM	IBER	FILING	r_ 371(c)		CLASS	GRO	OUP ART	UNIT	ATTC	RNEY DOCKET	
13/071,174 DATE 03/24/20		_		359		2872		DO	ON09 P-1696		
		RUL	E								
APPLICANT Niall R. L		Holland, MI;									
This appl wh wh wh	This application is a DIV of 12/851,045 08/05/2010 PAT 7,934,843 which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7,842,154 which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7,420,756 which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003 (*)Data provided by applicant is not consistent with PTO records.										
** FOREIGN A	PPLICA	ATIONS *****	*****	*****	*						
** IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED ** 04/04/2011											
						HEETS WINGS	TOTAL INDEPENDED		INDEPENDENT CLAIMS		
Verified and /ALESSANDRO V		— Allowa	rice	MI		16	27		3		
AMARI/ IVII 10 27 3 Acknowledged Examiner's Signature Tnitials											
ADDRESS											
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP SUITE 207 2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546 UNITED STATES											
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Receipt date: 03/24/2011

PTO/SB/08A (07-05)
Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0651-0031
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	Substitute for form 1449/PTO INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT		Comp	lete if Known	
	STATEMENT BY APPLICANT		Application Number	1β071174 - GAU: 2872	
			Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
	(Use as many sm	eets as	necessary)	Art Unit	
			Examiner Name		
Sheet	1	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

	0''			DOCUMENTS	I Daniel California Linea 140
Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Document Number	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (# known)}	<u> </u>		Relevant Figures Appear
		7,842,154	2010-11-30	Lynam	
•		7,636,188	2009-12-22	Baur et al.	
		7,626,749	2009-12-01	Baur et al.	
		7,581,859	2009-09-01	Lynam	
		7,526,103	2009-04-28	Schofield et al.	
		7,492,281	2009-02-17	Lynam et al.	
**		7,423,522	2008-09-09	O'Brien et al.	13.4. 15.34.4
		7,420,756	2008-09-02	Lynam	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
		7,400,435	2008-07-15	Byers et al.	
		7,391,563	2008-06-24	McCabe et al.	
		7,377,675	2008-05-27	Pastrick et al.	
•		7,370,983	2008-05-13	DeWind et al.	Bur an example of Falls grown, I decomply the
		7,345,680	2008-03-18	David	
		7,339,149	2008-03-04	Schofield et al.	KIND OF THE STATE
		7,338,177	2008-03-04	Lynam	Process of the second
		7,289,037	2007-10-30	Uken et al.	First or and the second of the
		7,274,501	2007-09-25	McCabe et al.	
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		7,255,451	2007-08-14	McCabe et al.	where the state of
		7,249,860	2007-07-31	Kulas et al.	
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	Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered 09/22/2011	
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*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation it not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. Initiation of this issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is required by 37 CPR 1.14. This collection is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CPR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O, Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /A.A./

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	INFORMATIO	N DIG	SCI OSIIDE	Application Number		
	STATEMENT			Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
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	Substitute for form 1449/F	TO OT		Complete if Known	
	INFORMATION	ı Die	CLOSUBE	Application Number	
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011
ĺ	STATEMENT E			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
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				Examiner Name	
Sheet	4	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

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Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011

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	STATEMENT I			Filing Date	March 24, 2011
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Sheet	5	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

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*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation it not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. 'Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. ³ Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). ⁴ For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. ⁵ Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. ⁶ Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

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	INFORMATION	ם וחופי	CLOSUBE	Application Number	
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011
	(Use as many sho			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
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				Examiner Name	
Sheet	7	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

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	l /Alessandro Amari/		09/22/2011	
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	STATEMENT			Filing Date	March 24, 2011	_
				First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
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Sheet	8	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	

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Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Document Number	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or			
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Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Considered	09/22/2011

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	INFORMATION	יפוח ו	CI OSLIDE	Application Number		
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
	(Use as many sh			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
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				Examiner Name		
Sheet	9	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	

Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where
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	INFORMATION	פות ו	CI OSIIDE	Application Number	
	STATEMENT I			Filing Date	March 24, 2011
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Sheet	10	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

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				Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
	(Use as many sh			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
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	INFORMATION	I DIS	CLOSURE	Application Number			
	STATEMENT B		DILICANT	Filing Date	March 24, 2011		
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				Examiner Name			
Sheet	12	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696		

Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Foreign Patent Document Country Code ³ Number ⁴ -Kind Code ⁵ (If known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages Or Relevant Figures Appear	T
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		EP 0356099	1990-02-28	Yamada et al.		X
		EP 0728618	08-28-1996	Gentex Corporation		X
		EP 0729864	09-04-1996	Gentex Corporation		X
		FR 2628042	1988-03-01	Racel		X
		GB 1279158	1972-06-28	Hacker		X
		GB 2048189	1980-12-10	Mirrocraft Inc.		X
		GB 2092534	1982-08-18	Hagiri		X
		JP 0051637	1980-04-15	Katsumata Giken KK		X
		JP 55076721	1980-10-06	Nikken Kogyo KK		X
		JP 1186443	1989-07-25	Kitsumoto Norihiko		X
		JP 1208245	1989-08-22	Moriwake		Х
		JP 362075619	1987-04-07	Tomita		X
		JP 62105103	1987-05-15	Miyake Shinya		X
		KR 2002092059	2002-12-11	Jung		Х
		NL 7908257	1981-06-01	Bartholomeus		
		WO 2001081956	11-01-2001	Platzer, Jr.		Х
		WO 2004026633	04-01-2004	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2004047421	06-03-2004	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2004103772	12-02-2004	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2006124682	11-23-2006	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2007005942	01-11-2007	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2008051910	05-02-2008	Donnelly Corporation		X

Examiner	/A)	Date	00/00/0044
Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Considered	09/22/2011

^{*}EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation it not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. Include copy of this form with next communication in the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the region of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR. 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR. 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. The will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information of the Patents, P.O. Box 1730, Attranslation; A 22/1/31/31/30.

Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1730, Attranslation; A 22/1/31/31/30.

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Index of Claims	13071174	LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872

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Final	Original	09/22/2011										
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	2	0										
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No.: 20110922

Search Notes Application/Control No. Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LYNAM, NIALL R. Examiner ALESSANDRO AMARI 2872

SEARCHED					
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner		
359	871,872,877,866,868	9/22/2011	AA		

SEARCH NOTES		
Search Notes	Date	Examiner
EAST search	9/22/2011	AA

	INTERFERENCE SEARCH		
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

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EAST Search History

EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref#	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
S1	4714	(359/866,868,871,872,877).CQLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2011/09/22 13:12
S2	40263	backing plate	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:13
S3	132	S1 and S2	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:13
S4	47	plano\$auxiliary	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:14
S5	47	plano-auxiliary	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:14
S6	17	S3 and S4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:14
S7	2	("20020072026").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2011/09/22 13:18
S22	2	(US-20020072026-\$).did. or (US-6717712-\$).did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12
S23	2	S22 and demarcation	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12
S24	2	(US-20020072026-\$).did. or (US-6717712-\$).did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12

EAST Search History (Interference)

Ref#	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
S9	174007	actuator.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:23
S10	4	plano-auxiliary.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:23
S1 1	4823	backing plate.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:24

S12	377	second support with curved. clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:25
S13	4	S9 and S10 and S11 and S12	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:25
S14	1622	demarcation.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:28
S15	4	S13 and S14	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:28
S16	2855	subtends.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:29
S17	7	fixed reflectance.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:29
S18	4	S16 and S17	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:29
S19	4	S13 and S18	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:29
S20	15	spherically bent.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:30
S21	4	S13 and S20	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:30
S25	2	"Term Removed" or "Term Removed"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12
S26	2	"Term Removed" or "Term Removed"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12

9/22/2011 4:51:49 PM

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TERMINAL DISCLAIMER TO OBVIATE A DOUBLE PATENTING REJECTION OVER A "PRIOR" PATENT AND A PENDING APPLICATION

In re Application of: Niall R. Lynam Application No.: 13/071,174

Filed: March 24, 2011

For: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

The owner, <u>DONNELLY CORPORATION</u>, of <u>100</u> percent interest in the instant application hereby disclaims, except as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant application which would extend beyond the expiration date of the full statutory term of prior patent No. <u>7,934,843</u> and any patent granted on pending reference U.S. patent application Serial No. <u>13/071,169</u> as the term of said prior patent is defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 and 173, and as the term of said prior patent and patent granted on said reference application is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant application shall be enforceable only for and during such period that it and the prior patent and patent granted on said reference application are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any patent granted on the instant application and is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns.

In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any patent granted on the instant application that would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term as defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 and 173 of the prior patent, "as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer," and beyond the full statutory term of any patent granted on said reference application, "as the term of any patent granted on said reference application may be shortened by any terminal disclaimer filed prior to the grant of any patent on the pending reference application", in the event that said prior patent or patent granted on the reference application later:

	granted on the reference application later:
	expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee; is held unenforceable; is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction; is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321; has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate; is reissued; or is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer or as shortened by any terminal disclaimer filed prior to its grant.
	Check either box 1 or 2 below, if appropriate.
	1. For submissions on behalf of a business/organization (e.g., corporation, partnership, university, governmen agency, etc.), the undersigned is empowered to act on behalf of the business/organization.
	I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.
X	2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 42540
	Signature October 3, 2011 Date
	Timothy A. Flory Typed or printed name
	616-975-5500

Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included.

Telephone Number

Electronic Patent A	App	lication Fee	Transmi	ttal	
Application Number:	13	071174			
Filing Date:	24	Mar-2011			
Title of Invention:	EX	TERIOR SIDEVIEW M	IIRROR SYSTEM		
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Nia	ıll R. Lynam			
Filer:	Tir	nothy A. Flory/Ama	nda Sytsma		
Attorney Docket Number:	DC	N09 P-1696			
Filed as Large Entity					
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees					
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:					
Pages:					
Claims:					
Miscellaneous-Filing:					
Petition:					
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:					
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:					
Extension-of-Time:					

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Miscellaneous:				
Statutory or terminal disclaimer	1814	1	160	160
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	160

Electronic Ack	knowledgement Receipt
EFS ID:	11098538
Application Number:	13071174
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	3475
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam
Customer Number:	28101
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696
Receipt Date:	03-OCT-2011
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011
Time Stamp:	15:06:17
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$160
RAM confirmation Number	1345
Deposit Account	
Authorized User	

File Listing:

Document	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/	Multi	Pages
Number	Document Description	riie Naille	Message Digest	Part /.zip	(if appl.)

1	Transmittal Letter	TransmittalForm.pdf	62213	no	1	
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Warnings:						
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2	Amendment/Req. Reconsideration-After	Response A.pdf	57123	no	7	
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3	Terminal Disclaimer Filed	Terminal Disclaimer. pdf	76164	no	1	
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This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Doc Code: TRAN.LET

Document Description: Transmittal Letter

PTO/SB/21 (07-09) Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no		Patent and Tr	ademark Office;	through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE displays a valid OMB control number.
	Application Number	13/071,174		
TRANSMITTAL	Filing Date	March 24, 2	2011	
FORM	First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lyn	iam	
	Art Unit	2872		- consequent
(to be used for all correspondence after initial filin		Alessandro	V. Amari	
Total Number of Pages in This Submission	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1	696	
	ENCLOSURES (Check all	that apply)		
Fee Transmittal Form	Drawing(s)		Ц	Allowance Communication to TC
Fee Attached	Licensing-related Papers			al Communication to Board peals and Interferences
Express Abandonment Request Information Disclosure Statement	Petition Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence A Terminal Disclaimer Request for Refund CD, Number of CD(s) Landscape Table on CD Remarks	ddress	Propri Status	al Communication to TC al Notice, Brief, Reply Brief) etary Information s Letter Enclosure(s) (please Identify):
	IRE OF APPLICANT, ATTO	RNEY, O	R AGENT	
Firm Name GARDNER, LINN, BURKHAF	RT & FLORY, LLP			
Signature Tapple	>			
Printed name Timothy A. Flory				
Date October 3, 2011	. F	Reg. No.	42540	
CER	TIFICATE OF TRANSMISSI	ON/MAIL	ING	
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelopment the date shown below:				
Signature	a A. Sytoma			
Typed or printed name Amanda R. Sytsma			Date	October 3, 2011

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group

2872

Examiner

: Alessandro V. Amari

Applicant

: Niall R. Lynam

Serial No. : 13/071,174

Filing Date : March 24, 2011

For

: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

RESPONSE

Responsive to the Office Action mailed September 26, 2011, Applicant wishes to submit the following:

Remarks are on page 2 of this paper.

A Terminal Disclaimer is attached.

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

Serial No.

13/071,174

Page

: 2

Remarks:

The remarks presented herein are believed to be fully responsive to the Office Action dated September 26, 2011. Claims 1-27 are pending in the application.

Claim 1 was rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 4-12 of U.S. Patent No. 7,934,843, and claims 1, 17 and 24 were provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 23 and 25 of U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/071,169. Enclosed herewith is a Terminal Disclaimer with respect to U.S. Patent No. 7,934,843 and any patent that may be granted on pending U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/071,169. The basis for the double-patenting rejection is obviated. Accordingly, withdrawal of the rejections of these claims is respectfully requested.

Please charge Account No. 50-5553 for the \$140 terminal disclaimer fee due and for any additional fees which may be due.

Claims 1-27 remain pending in the application. Applicants respectfully submit that claims 1-27 are in condition for allowance and a notice to that effect is earnestly and respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP

Date: October 3, 2011.

Timothy A. Flory

Registration No. 42 540

2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207

P.O. Box 888695

Grand Rapids, Michigan 49588-8695

(616) 975-5500

Application Number	Application/Co	Re	oplicant(s)/Patent eexamination YNAM, NIALL R.	under	
Document Code - DISQ		Internal Doo	cument – DC	NOT MAIL	
TERMINAL DISCLAIMER	⊠ APPROVI	ED	☐ DISAPP	ROVED	
Date Filed : 10/03/11	This patent is subject to a Terminal Disclaimer				
Approved/Disapproved	d by:				
licia D. Roberts					
934,843 and 13/071,169					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
13/071,174	03/24/2011	Niall R. Lynam	DON09 P-1696	3475
	7590 01/05/201 SARDNER, LINN & B	EXAMINER		
SUITE 207			AMARI, ALESSANDRO V	
2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2872	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/05/2012	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		A 11 11 N				
Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		13/071,174	LYNAM, NIALL R.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)🛛	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 October 2011.					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3))☐ An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on					
_	; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.					
•	4) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
5) Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
·	6) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
·	7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18 and 20-27</u> is/are rejected.					
•	8) Claim(s) <u>19</u> is/are objected to. 9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers					
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine					
11) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
cos the attached detailed embe action for a list of the continua copies not received.						
Attachment/a)						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:						

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 03-11)

Art Unit: 2872

DETAILED ACTION

Terminal Disclaimer

The terminal disclaimer filed on 3 October 2011 disclaiming the terminal portion of any patent granted on this application which would extend beyond the expiration date of US7,934,843 and 13/071169 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-18 and 20-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lynam et al (hereafter "Lynam") US 2002/0072026.

The applied reference has a common inventor with the instant application.

Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

Art Unit: 2872

In regard to claim 1, Lynam discloses (see Figures 3-9) an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising: an exterior sideview mirror assembly (12) adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element (30) having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile; said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator (36) of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0036]; wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature as described in paragraph [0015] and as shown in Figures 5A-5H; said plane reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element as shown in Figures 5a-5H; said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element (60, 160), said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said piano-auxiliary reflective dement assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0042]; said

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auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached as described in paragraph [0058]; said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figures 3 and 6; wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile as shown in Figures 5A-5H and as described in paragraph [0057]; wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion; wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto as described in paragraph [0043]; wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective

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element are adjacently supported at said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element (65, 165), said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0051] and as shown in Figures 3 and 6; wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary reflective element adjacent said plano reflective element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said plano reflective element as described in paragraph [0048]; wherein said demarcation element is dark colored as described in paragraph [0051]; wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material as described in paragraph [0051]; wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0051] and as shown in Figures 3, 6, 8 and 9; wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed at said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figures 3, 6, 8 and 9; and wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figure 6 and as described in paragraph [0051]; and wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the entirety of said auxiliary

reflective element is further distant from the side of the equipped automobile than the entirety of said plano reflective element as shown in Figures 5D, 5H and 8.

Regarding claim 2, Lynam discloses that the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is at an angle of at least about 3 degrees relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element as described in paragraph [0059].

Regarding claim 3, Lynam discloses that the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0059].

Regarding claim 4, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element is supported at said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is supported at said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment, and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate as described in paragraph [0047] and [0055].

Regarding claim 5, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a

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surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate as described in paragraph [0047] and [0055].

Regarding claim 6, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate has an aspherical curvature as described in paragraph [0005] and [0080].

Regarding claim 7, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraph [0043] and [0047]; and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature as shown in Figures 3 and 6.

Regarding claim 8, Lynam discloses that said demarcation element comprises a wall structure that at least partially partitions said backing plate element into a first region where said plano reflective element is disposed and a separate and adjacent second region where said auxiliary reflective element is disposed, and wherein at least one of (a) said first region is adapted to receive said plano reflective element and (b) said second region is adapted to receive said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0051] and as shown in Figure 6.

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Regarding claim 9, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary reflective element when said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated on the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0054].

Regarding claim 10, Lynam discloses that said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said piano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile as described in paragraph [0046].

Regarding claim 11, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element has an aspherical curvature as described in paragraph [0083].

Regarding claim 12, Lynam discloses that the ratio of the width of said piano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.5 as described in paragraph [0039].

Regarding claim 13, Lynam discloses that said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at

least at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location as described in paragraph [0059].

Regarding claim 14, Lynam discloses that at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said metallic reflector coating is selected from the group consisting of (i) a chromium coating, (ii) a titanium coating, (iii) a rhodium coating, (iv) a metal-alloy coating, (v) a nickel alloy coating, (vi) an aluminum coating and (vii) a silver coating as described in paragraph [0043].

Regarding claim 15, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element as described in paragraph [0043].

Regarding claim 16, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a curved substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraph [0055].

In regard to claim 17, Lynam discloses (see Figures 3-9) an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising: an exterior sideview mirror assembly (12) adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element (30) having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile; said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator (36) of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror

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assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0036]; wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature as described in paragraph [0015] and as shown in Figures 5A-5H; said plane reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element as shown in Figures 5a-5H; said plane reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element (60, 160), said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said piano-auxiliary reflective dement assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0042]; said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached as described in paragraph [0058]; said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figures 3 and 6; wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile as shown in Figures 5A-5H and as

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described in paragraph [0057]; wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion; wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is included in said exterior sideview mirror assembly and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraphs [0042] and [0051]; wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element as described in paragraph [0059]; wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped

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automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraphs [0052], [0058] and [0059]; wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto as described in paragraph [0043]; wherein tile rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0059]; wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile as described in paragraph

[0046]; and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector as described in paragraph [0055].

Regarding claim 18, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element comprises a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto as described in paragraphs [0047] and [0050].

Regarding claim 20, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraphs [0043] and [0047].

Regarding claim 21, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraphs [0043] and [0047], and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature as shown in Figures 3 and 6.

Regarding claim 22, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element has a spherical curvature, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element has a spherical curvature as described in paragraph [0083].

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Regarding claim 23, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate has a spherical curvature as described in paragraphs [0045] and [0083].

In regard to claim 24, Lynam discloses (see Figures 3-9) an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising: an exterior sideview mirror assembly (12) adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element (30) having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile; said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator (36) of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0036]; wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature as described in paragraph [0015] and as shown in Figures 5A-5H; said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element as shown in Figures 5a-5H; said plano

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reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element (60, 160), said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said piano-auxiliary reflective dement assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0042]; said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached as described in paragraph [0058]; said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figures 3 and 6; wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile as shown in Figures 5A-5H and as described in paragraph [0057]; wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion; wherein the rearward

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field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is included in said exterior sideview mirror assembly and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraphs [0042] and [0051]; wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element as described in paragraph [0059]; wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraphs [0052], [0058] and [0059]; wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass

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element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto as described in paragraph [0043]; wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a spherically bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraphs [0050] and [0055].

Regarding claim 25, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraphs [0045], [0047] and Figure 3.

Regarding claim 26, Lynam discloses wherein a demarcation element is disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element and wherein said demarcation element comprises a part of said backing plate element, and wherein said demarcation element at least partially partitions said backing plate element into a first region where said plano reflective element is disposed and a separate and adjacent second region where said auxiliary reflective element is disposed, and wherein said first region is adapted to receive said plano reflective element and said second region is adapted to receive said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraphs [0050], [0051] and Figures 3 and 6.

Regarding claim 27, Lynam discloses that said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror

assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile as described in paragraph [0046].

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 19 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 19 is allowable for at least the reason, "surface of said polymeric substrate, said thin flexible sheet providing an anti-abrasion function at said surface of said polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin flexible glass sheet substantially conforming to said exterior surface of said polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin glass sheet having a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm and greater than approximately 0.3 mm" as set forth in the claimed combination.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALESSANDRO AMARI whose telephone number is (571)272-2306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephone B. Allen can be reached on (571) 272-2434. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alessandro Amari/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Index of Claims	13071174	LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872

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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No.: 20111228

Search Notes

Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
13071174	LYNAM, NIALL R.
Examiner	Art Unit
ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872

SEARCHED				
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner	
359	871,872,877,866,868	9/22/2011	AA	
Update	above	12/28/2011	AA	

SEARCH NOTES		
Search Notes	Date	Examiner
EAST search	9/22/2011	AA

	INTERFERENCE SEARCH		
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. : 20111228

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group

2872

Examiner

Alessandro V. Amari

Applicant

: Niall R. Lynam

Serial No.

13/071,174

Filing Date

March 24, 2011

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION

Responsive to the Office Action mailed January 5, 2012, Applicant wishes to submit the following:

Remarks begin on page 2 of this paper.

A Terminal Disclaimer is attached.

A Declaration under Rule 131(a) is attached.

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

Serial No.

13/071,174

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Remarks:

The amendments and remarks presented herein are believed to be fully responsive to the Office Action dated January 5, 2012. Claims 1-27 are pending in the application.

Allowable Claims:

Claim 19 was indicated as being allowable if rewritten in independent form.

Because Applicant submits that independent claim 17 is in condition for allowance, as discussed below, Applicant has not amended claim 19 at this time.

Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. §102:

Claims 1-18 and 20-27 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by Lynam, U.S. Publication No. US 2002/0072026 ("Lynam '026"). Applicant respectfully traverses.

Applicant submits that Lynam '026 is not prior art under 35 U.S.C. §102(e). Lynam '026 published June 13, 2002, and, as discussed below, the present application has an effective filing date of May 20, 2003 (the filing date of U.S. provisional application 60/471,872). Thus, Lynam '026 published prior to the priority date of the presently claimed invention and Lynam '026 cannot be cited as prior art under 35 U.S.C. §102(e).

Also, because the present application has a priority date of May 20, 2003 that is less than one year after the publication date of Lynam '026 (June 13, 2002), and because (as discussed below) Applicant conceived and reduced to practice the invention claimed in at least the independent claims prior to the effective date of Lynam '026, Applicant respectfully submits that Lynam '026 is also not prior art under 35 U.S.C. §102(a).

The present application is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/851,045, filed August 5, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,934,843, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/197,666, filed August 25, 2008, now U.S. Patent No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Serial No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S.

Applicant

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Patent No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Serial No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003.

The present application incorporates by reference U.S. Patent Nos. 6,522,451 and 6,717,712. See, for example, paragraph [0045] on page 6 of the present application (reproduced below).

[0045] Reflective element 12 may comprise an aspheric or multi-radius or wide angle single element reflective element substrate. The reflective element 12 may provide a field of view similar to the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,522,451 and 6,717,712, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

With respect to the priority provisional application Serial No. 60/471,872, this application similarly incorporates by reference U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 and U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/745,172, filed December 20, 2000. U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/745,172 issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,717,712. Thus, the present application and each of the priority applications incorporate by reference the same disclosures.

With respect to the rejection in view of Lynam '026, and in accordance with 37 CFR 1.131, Applicant submits herewith a Declaration which declares that the invention claimed in at least independent claims 1, 17 and 24 was invented by Applicant prior to the publication date of Lynam '026, namely, June 13, 2002. The specification and drawings (Exhibit A) of U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/478,315, which was filed on January 6, 2000 by Niall R. Lynam (the sole named inventor of the present application), along with U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 (Exhibit B), which issued to Lynam from U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/478,315, are submitted with the Declaration as corroborative evidence that the present invention was reduced to practice prior to the Lynam '026 publication date of June 13, 2002 (and prior to the December 20, 2000 filing date of the application that published as Lynam '026). The Declaration is signed by the named inventor (Niall R. Lynam) for the present application. The attached specification and drawings of Exhibits A and B clearly corroborate that the inventions claimed in at least independent claims 1, 17 and 24 were reduced to practice well prior to June 13, 2002, the publication date of

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

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Lynam '026, and prior to December 20, 2000, the filing date of the application that published as Lynam '026.

Applicant also submits a terminal disclaimer that disclaims the term of any patent that will issue from the present application beyond the term of U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451. Please charge Account No. 50-5553 for the \$160 terminal disclaimer fee due and for any additional fees which may be due.

Accordingly, the rejections of claims 1-18 and 20-27 under §102(e) in view of Lynam '026 are obviated, and reconsideration and withdrawal of these rejections is respectfully requested.

Claims 1-27 are pending in the application. Applicant respectfully submits that claims 1-27 are in condition for allowance and a notice to that effect is earnestly and respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP

Date: January 6, 2012.

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PTO/SB/26 (07-09)

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REJECTION OVER A "PRIOR" PATENT	DON09 P-1696			
In re Application of: Niall R, Lynam				
Application No.: 13/071,174				
Filed: March 24, 2011				
For: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM				
except as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant a the expiration date of the full statutory term prior patent No. <u>6.522,451</u> as the term of said and 173, and as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. The organized on the instant application shall be enforceable only for and during such period that it and the pagreement runs with any patent granted on the instant application and is binding upon the grantee, its so In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any patent would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term as defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 and 173 of the patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer," in the event that said prior patent later: expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee; is held unenforceable; is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction; is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321; has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate; is reissued; or	prior patent is defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 wher hereby agrees that any patent so rior patent are commonly owned. This uccessors or assigns. It granted on the instant application that prior patent, "as the term of said prior			
is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shortened be Check either box 1 or 2 below, if appropriate. 1. For submissions on behalf of a business/organization (e.g., corporation, partnership, university, etc.), the undersigned is empowered to act on behalf of the business/organization.	•			
I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that made are punis hable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United Statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.	willful false s tatements and the like so			
2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 42540				
Signature	January 6, 2012 Date			
Timothy A. Flory				
Typed or printed name				
	(616) 975-5500			
	Telephone Number			
Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included.				
WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information of the included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization of				
*Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is required if terminal disclaimer is signed by the assignee (owner), Form PTO/SB/96 may be used for making this certification. See MPEP § 324.				

This collection of Information is required by 37 CFR 1.321. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this but does not to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group

2872

Examiner

Alessandro V. Amari

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

Serial No.

13/071,174

Filing Date

March 24, 2011

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

DECLARATION UNDER RULE 131(a)

Niall R. Lynam, the inventor and Applicant in the above referenced patent application, declares as follows:

- 1. Prior to June 13, 2002, the inventor and Applicant conceived of the claimed invention of at least the independent claims as filed in the present application. For example, and with reference to claim 1 of the present application, the inventor and Applicant conceived of an exterior sideview mirror system comprising:
 - a. an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile:
 - b. said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;
 - c. said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;
 - d. wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature;

Applicant: Niall R. Lynam Serial No.: 13/071,174

Page : 2

- e. said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said
 plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said planoauxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not
 superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective
 element;
- f. said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;
- g. said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached;
- h. said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element:
- i. wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile;
- j. wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin;
- k. wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;
- 1. wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion;
- m. wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion;
- n. wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto;
- o. wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element are adjacently supported at said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation

Applicant Serial No. : Niall R. Lynam : 13/071,174

Page

: 3

between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

- p. wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary reflective element adjacent said plano reflective element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said plano reflective element;
- q. wherein said demarcation element is dark colored;
- r. wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material;
- s. wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;
- t. wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed at said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;
- wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; and
- v. wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the entirety of said auxiliary reflective element is further distant from the side of the equipped automobile than the entirety of said plano reflective element.
- 2. The invention of at least the independent claims of the present application was reduced to practice sometime prior to June 13, 2002, as evidenced by the attached specification and drawings (Exhibit A), which were filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office on January 6, 2000 by Niall R. Lynam, and assigned Serial No. 09/478,315, as evidenced by the attached U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 (Exhibit B), which issued February 18, 2003 from the 09/478,315 application.
- 3. I am the sole named inventor of U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/071,174 (the present application) and I am the sole named inventor of U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/478,315 (Exhibit A), which issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 (Exhibit B).

Applicant Serial No. Niall R. Lynam 13/071,174

Page

4

I hereby declare that all activities relating to the conception and reduction to practice of the above invention occurred in the United States.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that the statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, as set forth under section 1001, title 18, of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Inventor:

Date:

Niall R. Lynam

JAN 5 2012

PATENT DON01 P-793 Express Mail No. EL399135945US

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

For

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

Box Patent Application Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 2023l

Dear Sir:

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAIL

I certify that the attached return postcard, Transmittal Letter (in duplicate),
Form PTO-1619 Recordation Form Cover Sheet, Assignment, a check in the amount of
\$40.00 for the recordal fee, 23 pages of Specification, 12 pages of claims (83 claims), 1 page
of Abstract, 7 sheets of drawings (in duplicate), Declaration and Power of Attorney, and a
check in the amount of \$1,824.00 for the filing fee are being deposited with the United States
Postal Service as Express Mail in an envelope having Express Mail Label Number EL
US addressed to:

Box Patent Application Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

on <u>fanciasy 6</u>, 2000.

Lynette M. S. Clark

Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP

P.O. Box 888695

Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695

(616) 975-5500

CSC:Imsc Enclosures

EXHIBIT A

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

For

2000000000

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY

REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

BOX PATENT APPLICATION

,

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Washington, D.C. 2023i

Dear Sir:

Enclosed herewith is the above identified patent application comprising the following parts:

- 1) Postcard
- 2) Assignment, Form PTO-1619 Recordation Form Cover Sheet, and Assignment Recording Fee of \$40.00
- 3) 23 Pages of Specification
- 4) 12 Pages of Claims (83 claims)
- 5) 1 Page of Abstract
- 6) 7 Sheets of Drawings (in duplicate)
- 7) Declaration and Power of Attorney

Filing Fee:

Basic Fee \$690.00

\$690.00

Additional Fees

Each independent claim in excess

of three, times \$78.00

\$

Number of claims in excess of

twenty, times \$18.00

\$1,134.00

Filing multiple dependent claims

per application \$260.00

\$

Total Filing Fee

\$1,824,00

Checks in the amount of \$1,824.00 and \$40.00 are enclosed to cover the fees noted above.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge payment of the following fees associated with this communication, and during the pendency of this application, or to credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 22-0190. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

- Any additional filing fees required under 37 CFR
 1.16 for which full payment has not been tendered.
- Any patent application processing fees under 37
 CFR 1.17 for which full payment has not been tendered.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP

January 6, 2000 Date

Catherine S. Collins Registration No. 37 599

P.O. Box 888695

2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E. Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695

(616) 975-5500

CSC:lmsc

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FORM PTO-1619A Expires 08/00/99 OM8 0651-0027	U.S. Department of Commerce Patent and Trademark Office PATENT
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	PATENTS ONLY
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X New	X Assignment Security Agreement
Resubmission (Non-Recordation) Document ID#	License Change of Name
Correction of PTO Error Reel # Frame #	Merger Other
Corrective Document	U.S. Government (For Use ONLY by U.S. Government Agencies)
Reel # Frame #	Departmental File Secret File
Conveying Party(ies)	Mark if additional names of conveying parties attached Execution Date Month Day Year
Name (line 1) LYNAM, Niall R.	01/06/2000
Name (line 2)	***
Second Party	Execution Date Month Day Year
Name (line 1)	
Name (line 2)	
Receiving Party	Mark if additional names of receiving parties attached
Name (line 1) Donnelly Corporation	If document to be recorded is an assignment and the
Name (line 2)	receiving party is not domiciled in the United States, an appointment
Address (line 1) 414 East Fortieth Street	of a domestic representative is attached.
Address	(Designation must be a separate document from
Address (line 2)	Assignment.)
Address (line 3) Holland City	Michigan 49423 State/County Zin Code
Domestic Representative Name and Add	
Name	
Address (line 1)	
Address (line 2)	

Address (line 3)	
Address (line 4)	
FO	R OFFICE USE ONLY

Public burden reporting for this collection of information is estimated to average approximately 30 minutes per Cover Sheet to be recorded, including time for reviewing the document and gathering the data needed to complete the Cover Sheet. Send comments regarding this burden estimate to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, Chief Information Officer, Washington, D.C. 20231 and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0551-0027), Washington, D.C. 20501. See OMB Information Golfection Budget Package 0651-0027, Patent and Trademark Assignment Practice. DO NOT SEND REQUESTS TO RECORD ASSIGNMENT DOCUMENTS TO THIS ADDRESS.

Mail documents to be recorded with required cover sheet(s) information to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Box Assignments , Washington, D.C. 20231

The state of the s		
FORM PTO-1619B Expres 06/3099 CM8 0631-2027	Page 2	U.S. Department of Commerce Patent and Trademark Office PATENT
Correspondent Name and Address	Area Code and Telephone Number (616)	979-5500
Name Catherine S. Collins		
Address (line 1) Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn	& Burkhart, LLP	
Address (ine 2) 2851 Charlevoix Drive,	S.E., Suite 207	
Address (line 3) P.O. Box 888695		
Address (line 4) Grand Rapids, Michigan	49588-8695	
Pages Enter the total number of paging any attachments.	ges of the attached conveyance document	# [1
Patent Application Number(s) If this document is being filed together with a new Paten signed by the first named executing inventor. Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) Enter PCT application number only if a U.S. Application Number has not been assigned.	atent Number (DO NOT ENTER BOTH numbers for the	
Method of Payment: Enclos Deposit Account (Enter for payment by deposit account or if additi De		1190 X No
Statement and Signature		2000000
To the best of my knowledge and beli attached copy is a true copy of the or indicated herein.	ief, the foregoing information is true and co iginal document. Charges to deposit accou	rrect and any int are authorized, as
Catherine S. Collins 37 599	<u>Cathole U</u>	January 6, 2000 Date
Name of Person Signing	Signature	nate

Express Mail No. EL399135945US DON01 P-793

ASSIGNMENT

WHEREAS, Niall R. Lynam residing at 248 Foxdown, Holland, Michigan 49424, (hereinafter referred to as Assignor), have invented certain new and useful improvements in EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY for which an application for United States Letters Patent was executed on even date herewith.

WHEREAS, Donnelly Corporation, a corporation of the State of Michigan, having a place of business at 414 East Fortieth Street, Holland, Michigan 49423 (hereinafter referred to as Assignee), is desirous of acquiring the entire right, title and interest in and to said invention and in and to any Letters Patent that may be granted therefor in the United States and in any and all foreign countries.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the sum of one dollar (\$1.00), the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, and for other good and valuable considerations, Assignor hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto said Assignee the full and exclusive right, title and interest to the said invention in the United States and in all foreign countries and the entire right, title and interest in and to any and all Letters Patent which may be granted therefor in the United States and in any and all foreign countries and in and to any and all divisions, reissues, continuations, continuation-in-part, and extensions thereof including the full right to claim for any such applications the benefits of the International Convention.

Assignor hereby authorizes and requests the Patent Office Officials in the United States and in any and all foreign countries to issue any and all of said Letters Patent, when granted, to said Assignee as the owner of the entire right, title and interest in and to the same, for the sole use and behoof of said Assignee, its successors and assigns.

FURTHER, Assignor agrees to communicate to said Assignee or its representatives any facts known to Assignor respecting said invention, and testify in any legal proceeding, sign all lawful papers, execute all divisional, continuation, continuation-in-part, substitution, renewal, and reissue applications, execute all necessary assignment papers to cause any and all of said Letters Patent to be issued to said Assignee, make all rightful oaths and generally do everything possible to aid said Assignee, its successors and assigns, to obtain and enforce proper protection for said invention in the United States and in any and all foreign countries.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand on the date appearing next to my signature.

Witness:

Constto D. Van Dine

Inventor:

Date

Niall R. Lynam

JAN 6 2000

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY TECHNICAL FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates to exterior sideview mirror assemblies suitable for use on an automobile, and more specifically, to plano-auxiliary reflective element assemblies for use in automobile exterior sideview mirror assemblies.

Automobiles are typically equipped with an interior rearview mirror assembly (adapted for providing a rearward field of view immediately rearward of the vehicle, typically principally in the road lane the vehicle is traveling in) and at least one exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of the vehicle (typically adjacent a front side window portion). The exterior side view mirror assembly typically comprises a reflective element adapted to provide a rearward field of view of the side lane adjacent the vehicle so as to allow the driver see whether a side approaching vehicle is present when the driver is contemplating a lane change. Conventionally, automobiles are equipped with a driver-side exterior mirror assembly and, very often, with a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side of the automobile body opposite to that of the driver-side assembly. While the combination of an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror (and especially in a three-mirror system comprising an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror and a passenger-side exterior mirror) works well in many driving situations, rear vision blind spots present a potential safety hazard while driving. A rear vision blind spot is an area adjacent the side of an automobile where a view of another vehicle (overtaking on that side) is not captured in the rearward field of view of the exterior mirror reflector on that side. This presents a potential safety hazard as the driver, upon checking the view in the exterior sideview mirror and seeing no overtaking vehicle therein, may deem it safe to initiate a lane change, unaware that there is a vehicle immediately adjacent in a blind-spot of the exterior mirror reflector.

Various attempts have been made conventionally to minimize and/or eliminate exterior mirror blind-spots on vehicles. One approach is to make the exterior mirror reflector larger, and particularly wider with respect to the vehicle body. By increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector, it has a wider field of view rearwards, and hence the reflector blind-

spot is reduced. While use of a wide exterior mirror reflector is an option for trucks, buses and commercial vehicles, increasing the width of the reflector used in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted on automobiles (such as sedans, station wagons, sports cars, convertibles, minivans, sports utility vehicles, pick-up trucks and similar passenger carrying automobiles) is often not an option. In such domestic automobiles, increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector increases the size of the exterior sideview mirror assembly with a concomitant increase in aerodynamic drag, increase in fuel consumption, increased difficulty in parking in tight parking spaces, and increased reflector vibration. Use of a non-flat, curved exterior mirror reflector is commonly used to increase rearward field of view without increasing reflector size.

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While working well to increase field of view, use of a curved reflector (such as a convex, spherically-curved reflector) has disadvantages. The field of view rearward increases as the degree of curvature of the bent substrate increases (i.e., the field of view rearward increases as the radius of curvature of the bent substrate decreases). However, such wide-angle mirrors have non-unit magnification and distance perception rearward is distorted. For this reason, convex (spherically-bent) exterior mirror reflectors are required in some countries (such as the United States) to carry a safety warning "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR". Distance perception is particularly important for a driver-side exterior mirror. Indeed, Federal Vehicle Safety Standard No: 111 in the United States (the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein) requires that the driver-side exterior mirror reflector exhibit unit magnification, and places restrictions on the radius of curvature allowed for any bent passenger-side mirror as well as requiring a safety warning be placed thereon. As an improvement over spherically bent/convex mirror reflectors, aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors (such as are disclosed in U.S. Patents 4,449,786 and 5,724,187, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein) have been developed. Such mirrors are widely used in Europe and Asia for both driver-side exterior mirror reflectors and for passenger-side exterior mirror reflectors. The aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors typically have a less curved (larger radius of curvature) reflective region that is inboard or closest to the driver when mounted on a vehicle and, usually separated by a demarcation line or the like, have a more curved (smaller radius of curvature) region that is outboard or farthest from the driver when mounted on a vehicle. However, such aspherical or multiradius reflectors do not have unit

magnification and so cannot be used when unit magnification is mandated (such as by FMVSS 111, referenced above).

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To supplement a flat driver-side exterior mirror reflector, an auxiliary and separate bent reflector is sometimes incorporated into the driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly. However, this is often not suitable for passenger automobiles because of the extra space required in the sideview mirror assembly to accommodate an auxiliary reflector element. Also, in most passenger automobiles, the position of the side view mirror reflector is adjustable by the driver (such as by a hand-adjust, or by a manually adjustable cable such as a Bowden cable or by an electrically operable actuator, as known in the art) in order to provide to that driver his or her desired rearward field of view, which ill-suits use of a separate, auxiliary reflector. Likewise, addition of stick-on blind-spot mirror reflectors (such as are commonly sold in automotive parts stores and the like) onto an automobile exterior sideview mirror reflector has disadvantages, including obscuring field of view of the automobile mirror reflector and adding to mirror element vibration.

There is thus a need to provide an automobile exterior sideview reflective element, and particularly a driver-side automobile exterior sideview reflective element, that overcomes the disadvantages above and that provides the driver of the automobile with a distortion-free field of view with unit magnification that is supplemented with a wide-angle view of a side lane blind spot, and there is a need that this be provided in a unitary reflective element assembly module suitable to mount onto, and be adjusted by, the mirror reflector adjustment mechanism (such as an electrically operated, motorized actuator) provided in the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;

Fig. 2 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the planomultiradius reflective element assembly of Fig. 3;

Fig. 5A-5H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;

Fig. 6 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a dividing wall in a backing plate element;

Fig. 6A is a cross-section taken along line XX of Fig.6;

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Fig. 6B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of Fig.6; and

Fig. 7 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention provides a plano reflective element with unit magnification and an auxiliary reflector element for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. More specifically, this invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention is especially suitable for mounting in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly that is mounted to the side of the automobile body adjacent to the seating position of the driver in the front of the interior vehicular cabin. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention comprises a plano portion which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. This plano portion comprises a flat substrate, typically a flat glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention also includes a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, that has non-unit magnification. The plano portion provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the planomultiradius reflective element. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. This multiradius portion comprises a curved substrate, typically a bent glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano portion and the multiradius portion are demarcated apart by a demarcation element. The demarcation element enables the driver of a vehicle equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element of this invention to readily delineate a rearward

view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano portion comprises a flat reflective element and the multiradius portion comprises a bent reflective element. The flat, plano reflective element and the curved, multiradius reflective element are individually and separately manufactured, and are adjacently attached to a single backing plate (which typically comprises a polymeric substrate, most typically a molded polymeric substrate), and with the demarcation element disposed at the joint of the plano, flat reflective element and the multiradius, bent reflective element. The backing plate is fabricated (typically by polymeric molding) to have a flat portion that corresponds to the plano, flat reflective element, and a curved surface that corresponds to the multiradius, curved reflective element. The attachment of the plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element to a single backing plate produces a unitary plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly module suitable for mounting in an exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the exterior sideview mirror assembly, the rearward fields of view of both the plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

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One embodiment of the invention includes an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile comprising an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile. The exterior sideview mirror assembly includes a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile. The reflective element is attached to an actuator and is movable by the actuator in order to position the reflective element's rearward field of view in response to a control. The reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly which comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element and the separate multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly are attached to a backing plate element. The backing plate element is mounted to the actuator such that movement of the backing plate element (and hence the plano-multiradius reflective element and the multiradius element. The plano element and the multiradius element. The plano element and the multiradius element are separately and, preferably, adjacently attached to the backing plate element at a joint.

In a further embodiment, a demarcation element is disposed at this joint to form a demarcation between the plano element and the multiradius element; this demarcation

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In a further embodiment, the demarcation element comprises a wall on the backing plate element; this wall being located on the backing plate element at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element, this wall separating the respective elements apart.

In preferred embodiments, the portion of the demarcation element visible to a driver of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention has a width from about 0.5 mm to about 4 mm.

In preferred embodiments, the plano element is attached to the backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element is attached to the backing plate element at a location such that, when the exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least portion, and preferably at least a substantial portion, of the plano element is disposed closer to the side of the vehicle than any portion of the multiradius element element.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm, and the ratio of the width of the plano element to the width of the multiradius element is greater than 1.

In preferred embodiments, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the auxiliary, multiradius element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. The principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and the principal axis of the rearward field of view

of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle.

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In a preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the planomultiradius reflective element assembly is mounted comprises an electrically operable actuator. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is controlled by a switch or by a memory controller. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element and/or the multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element, and the multiradius element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector, such as a fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

In a preferred embodiment, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

These and other advantages, features, and modifications will become more apparent when reviewed in conjunction with the drawings and the detailed description which follows.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As illustrated in Fig. 1, passenger automobile 10 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal transportation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 18 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 25. Interior vehicle cabin 25 further includes a steering wheel 16, a driver seat 20 positioned at

steering wheel 16, a front passenger seat 21 adjacent to driver seat 20 in the front portion of cabin 25, and a rear passenger seat 23 in the rear portion of cabin 25. Automobile 10 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 14, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body 11, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 20 for driver-side assembly 12 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 21 for passenger-side assembly 14. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in Fig. 1 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 includes, as illustrated in Fig. 2, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 30. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 36. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 36 in response to control 37. Control 37 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 within exterior mirror housing 40 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Alternately, when actuator 36 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 37 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin 25) or control 37 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 36 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 36 is mounted to bracket 38 which attaches to vehicle body side 11. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positionable by actuator 36 within exterior mirror housing 40.

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Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, as shown in Fig. 3, comprises a plano element 50 and a separate multiradius element 55. Preferably, plano element 50 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in Fig. 3. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are both mounted to surface 59 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 60.

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Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 65. Surface 61 of backing plate element 60 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 64, to actuator 36 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 14) such that plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 36 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Thus, since elements 50, 55 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, movement of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 by actuator 36 simultaneously and similarly moves plano element 50 and multiradius element 55.

Plano element 50 preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element 50 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element 50 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element 50 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 66) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 67), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element 50 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element 50 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, planomultiradius reflective element assembly 30 is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element 50 is positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element 55. Thus, and referring to Figure 3, side A of plano element 50 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted on an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, surfaces 66, 68 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

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Multiradius element 55 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element 55 with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element 55 (side C in Fig. 3) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element 50 when both are mounted on backing plate element 60. Thus, and referring to Figure 3, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55, when mounted on backing plate element 60, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element 55 from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55 is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element 55 is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element 55 comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multiradius element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

Multiradius element 55 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element 55 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element 55 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 68) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 69), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element 55 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element 55 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

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Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, 66 and 68, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements 50,55 is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 when mounted to an automobile.

The reflector area of plano element 50 is preferably larger than that of multiradius element 55. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element 50 is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element 55 (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to Figure 3, the distance from side A to side B of plano element 50 is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element 55. Thus, the ratio of

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than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element 50 as the principal rear viewing portion of planomultiradius reflective element assembly 30 and providing multiradius element 55 as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element 50 (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

Backing plate element 60 is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element 50 and multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in Fig. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element 50. Backing plate element 60 also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in Fig. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element 55. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element 55 is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 is formed as a single element to which elements 50 and 55 are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element 60 is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element 60 include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element 60 can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element 50 can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element 55 can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element 60. Alternatively, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each by individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a

polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element 65) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30.

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Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 further preferably includes demarcation element 65 that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray, rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 when both are attached to backing plate element 60. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element 65 can be disposed in any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 at their joint on backing plate element 60. Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed of a polymeric material that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element 65 is formed of an at least partially elastomeric material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements 50, 55. As shown in Fig. 4, demarcation element 65 optionally includes a crown portion 70 that includes wing portions 73, 73' and a stem portion 71. Stem portion 71 preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than about 2 mm. Crown portion 70 preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55. Also, wings 73, 73' are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55 in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements 50, 55 that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in Fig. 4 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation

element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap). Optionally, demarcation element 65 is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 have been attached to backing plate element 60, a separately formed demarcation element 65 can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space between elements 50 and 55. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element 50 and side C of multiradius element 55 can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element 65 can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements 50 and 55. Alternatively, demarcation element 65 can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements 50 and 55. The width of the portion of demarcation element 65 that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater than about I mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element 65 can be formed as part of backing plate element 60 such as by forming demarcation element 65 as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element 60 into two regions: A first region adapted to receive plano reflective element 50 and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element 55.

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Thus, and referring to Fig. 6, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 may include a backing plate element 160 which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element 165 that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element 165 into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element 150 and into a second region (from BB to AA)

preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plane element,

as shown in Fig. 6 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

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Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element 60, and attachment of elements 50, 55 thereto. For example, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each by individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element.

Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element

55 along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element 65 (along with any other elements such as attachment member 64) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components.

Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces 66, 68. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as

known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

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Also, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements 50, 55 can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient light). Alternately, if both plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electrooptic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element 50 can dim independently of element 55 (such as is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein). If either or both of elements 50, 55 comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclosed in U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/350,930, filed July 12, 1999, en titled "ELECTROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANUFACTURING ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desaraju V. Varaprasad et al., or such as is disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such

as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

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Backing plate element 65 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member 64 to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure sensitive adhesive to form a "double-sticky" tape. The exterior sideview mirror assembly, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

Figs. 5A-5H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element 55 relative to its adjacent plano reflective element 50 (with demarcation element 65 disposed at their joint). In Figs. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 is mounted wholly inboard of multiradius element 55. Thus, in Figs. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 would be disposed closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 was mounted in an exterior sideview mirror attached to a side of an automobile. Therefore, in Figs. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 would be mounted inboard relative to the side of the automobile and multiradius element 55 would be mounted outboard relative to the side of the automobile. In general, the location of the multiradius reflective element in the outboard, upper portion of the planomultiradius reflective element assembly, as in Figs. 5B and 5E, is preferred as this allows the plano portion provide a desired rearward field of view along the side of the vehicle. The configuration as shown in Fig. 5G (where the multiradius reflective element is along the inboard side of the assembly) is also desirable as this allows the driver view the side of the vehicle (something many drivers desire in order to have a frame of reference for their rearward field of view) while facilitating having a wide field of view for the plano portion.

Unlike trucks, busses and commercial vehicles the size of an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on an automobile (and especially when the automobile is not towing a trailer or the like) is restricted. Automobiles generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal transportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles (which are classified herein as automobiles) can have seat accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accommodation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The tandem mounting of a plano element of unit magnification and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing plate element onto an actuator of an exterior sideview mirror assembly so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly move the auxiliary element and the plano element so as to position their respective rearward fields of view, and to achieve this within the relatively restricted space available in a standard automobile-sized exterior sideview mirror assembly is an important element of this present invention. By utilizing a plano element of unit magnification in the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, and by sizing the reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector area of the multiradius element and, preferably, by sizing the reflector area of the plano element at a sufficiently large size that the rearward field of view provided by the plano element alone meets and satisfies the minimum field of view requirement mandated by an automaker specification and/or a government regulation, the need to provide a safety warning indicia such as "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR" in the plano element and/or in the multiradius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plano element comprises a reflector surface area of a size sufficient, when mounted as part of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, to provide the driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a longitudinal plane tangent to the driver's side of the automobile at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the tangent plane 35 feet behind the driver's eyes (at a nominal location appropriate for any 95th percentile male driver or at the driver's eye reference points established in Federal Motor Vehicle Standard No. 104), with the driver seated in the driver's seat and with the driver's seat in the rearmost position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly (defined as the ratio of its largest vertical dimension to its largest horizontal dimension, measured with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly

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oriented as it would be oriented when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel with the road surface the automobile travels on and "vertical" being generally perpendicular to the road surface the automobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more preferably less than 0.8, most preferably less than 0.6. Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be disposed outboard (relative to the side of the vehicle and with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly so that the multiradius element is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a "blind-spot" region in an adjacent sidelane while the more inboard-disposed plano element with unit magnification provides the principal sideview image to the driver.

Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element be different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the planomultiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the road that the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile) so as to provide the driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in the side lane that the plano element views). However, preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted driver-side (or passenger-side) exterior sideview mirror assembly in which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location and/or several feet (such as about 1 foot to about 24 feet; more preferably, about 1 foot to about 12 feet; most preferably about 1 foot to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear (in order to capture a field of view of a rear approaching vehicle that is approaching to overtake, or is about to overtake, or is overtaking the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly). Thus, preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is angled and directed generally downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the

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plano element. For example, multiradius element 155 when attached to surface 173 of backing plate 160 (see Fig. 6B) would have its principal axis of rearward view as indicated by 180 as in Fig. 6B, and as such would be canted towards the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. By contrast, plano element 150 when attached to surface 174 of backing plate 160 (see Fig. 6A) would have a principal axis as indicated by 185 as in Fig. 6A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. Having the multiradius element canted somewhat downwards towards the road surface assists visual detection by the driver of overtaking vehicles in the traditional "blind-spot" in the adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius element is angled on the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plano reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1 degree to about 10 degree range; about 2 degree to about 8 degree range more preferred; and about 3 degree to about 6 degree range most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plano reflective portion is attached to. Thus, and referring to Fig. 6, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 includes a molded polymeric backing plate element 160 comprising a generally flat portion 162 (between BB and CC in Fig. 6) and an adjacent curved portion 161 (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190 and 195, portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160 to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. Fig. 6 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162 closer to the driver than portion 161). The wall section, section XX in Fig. 6, taken through section 162 of backing plate element 160 is of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in Fig. 6A) whereas the wall section, section YY in Fig. 6B, taken through section 161 of backing plate element 160 is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150 and multiradius reflective element

155 (for example, plano element 150 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and multiradius element 155 can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to portions 162 and 161, respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173 (see Fig. 6B) of portion 161, the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155 is angled downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal viewing axis of plano element 150, when plano-multiradius reflective element 130 is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element 165 is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element 160, and so demarcation element 165 is formed as an integral part of backing plate element 160, forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160 into a region for receiving the plano reflective element 150 and a region for receiving the auxiliary reflective element 155. Also, end-caps 170 and 171 are optionally provided. Plano reflective element 150 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 171; multiradius reflective element 155 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 170. Note that the portion of the backing plate element where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in Figs. 6A-B. As illustrated in Figs. 6A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in order to ensure that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

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Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

Referring to Fig. 7, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

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Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element for the auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror

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such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective element is angled relative to the plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

The above description is considered that of the preferred embodiments only. Modification of the invention will occur to those skilled in the art and to those who make or use the invention. Therefore, it is understood that the embodiments shown in the drawings and described above are merely for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention, which is defined in the following claims as interpreted according to the principles of patent law, including the doctrine of equivalents.

I claim:

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1. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile:

said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an actuator and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view in response to a control;

wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature; and

said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly attached to a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.

- 2. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element are adjacently attached to said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.
- 3. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored.

- 4. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 3, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown.
- 5. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.
- 6. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 5, wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.
- 7. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 3, wherein said demarcation element comprises at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.
- 8. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 7, wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material.
- 9. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall separating said plano reflective element from said multiradius reflective element.
- 10. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 4 mm.
- 11. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 3 mm.
- 12. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 2 mm.

- 13. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.5 mm.
- 14. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.75 mm.
- 15. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 1 mm.
- 16. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.
- 17. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.
- 18. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is attached to said backing plate element at a location such that, when said exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least a portion of said plano reflective element is disposed closer to said side of the automobile than any portion of said multiradius reflective element.
- 19. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm.
- 20. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.

- 21. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.5.
- 22. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 2.5.
- 23. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in said exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile.

- 24. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 23, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.
- 25. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 1 degree to about 10 degrees.
- 26. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees.

- 27. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees.
- 28. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is generally set by an angling of a surface of said backing plate element.
- 29. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.
- 30. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 12 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.
- 31. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 8 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

- 33. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.
- 34. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.
- 35. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said actuator comprises an electrically operable actuator.
- 36. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said control comprises a memory controller.
- 37. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.
- 38. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein both said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprise an electro-optic reflective element.
- 39. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optical reflective element.
- 40. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 39, wherein said electro-optical reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.
- 41. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 40, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.

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- 42. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 41, wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.
- 43. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said planomultiradius reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.
- 44. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:
- an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile:
- said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile;
- said reflective element attached to an electrically operable actuator and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view in response to a control;
- wherein said reflective element comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element;
- said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element attached to a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; and
- wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element are adjacently attached to said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein a demarcation element is disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.
- 45. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein demarcation element is dark colored.

- 46. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown.
- 47. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element.
- 48. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 47, wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element.
- 49. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element comprises at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.
- 50. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material.
- 51. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall separating said plano reflective element from said auxiliary reflective element.
- 52. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 4 mm.
- 53. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 3 mm.
- 54. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 2 mm.

- 55. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.5 mm.
- 56. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.75 mm.
- 57. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 1 mm.
- 58. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said plano reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.
- 59. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said auxiliary reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.
- 60. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said auxiliary reflective element is attached to said backing plate element at a location such that, when said exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least a portion of said plano reflective element is disposed closer to said side of the automobile than any portion of said auxiliary reflective element.
- 61. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of a flat glass substrate and a bent glass substrate

62. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.

- 63. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.5.
- 64. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 2.5.
- 65. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element and are mounted in said exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile.

- 66. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 65, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with said reflective element and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with said reflective element.
 - 67. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 1 degree to about 10 degrees.
 - 68. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees.
 - 69. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees.

- 70. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is generally set by an angling of a surface of said backing plate element.
- 71. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

- 72. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 12 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.
- 73. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 8 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.
- 74. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly.

- 75. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.
- 76. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.
- 77. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said control comprises a memory controller.
- 78. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.
- 79. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein both said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprise an electro-optic reflective element.
- 80. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optical reflective element.
- 81. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 80, wherein said electro-optical reflective element comprises and electrochromic reflective element.
- 82. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 81, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.
- 83. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 82, wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY ABSTRACT

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This invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a plano reflective element which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. The planomultiradius reflective element assembly also includes an auxiliary reflective element including a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view. The plano reflective element provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius portion are separated by a demarcation element which enables the driver to readily delineate a rearward view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are individually, separately, and adjacently attached to a single backing plate which is mounted to an actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the housing of the exterior sideview mirror assembly via the actuator, the rearward field of view of both the plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

DON01 P-793

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DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor, if only one name is listed below, or an original, first and joint inventor, if plural names are listed below, of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT

ASSEMBLY, the specification of which is attached hereto.
I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims,
as amended by any amendment referred to above.
I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (the Office), all
information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations
(C.F.R.), Section 1.56.
CLAIM OF PRIORITY
I hereby claim foreign benefits under Title 35, United States Code (U.S.C.), Section 119, of any foreign
application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application
for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.
Application Ser. No. None filed in (country) on
I hereby claim the benefit under 3S U.S.C. > 120, of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the above-identified specification, including claims, discloses and claims subject matter in addition to that disclosed in the prior copending application(s), listed below, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office, all information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. > 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.
U.S. Serial No. None filed on, and now (status)
I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, > 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below: U.S. Serial No, filed on
POWER OF ATTORNEY
I hereby appoint the patent law firm of Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP, 2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207, Grand Rapids, Michigan 49546, telephone number 616/975-5500, facsimile number 616/975-5505, and the individual patent attorneys and patent agents at such patent law firm, namely, Daniel Van Dyke, Reg. No. 25 046; Donald S. Gardner, Reg. No. 25 975; Terence J. Linn, Reg. No. 30 283; Frederick S. Burkhart, Reg. No. 29 288; Catherine S. Collins, Reg. No. 37 599; Matthew L. Goska, Reg. No. 42 594; Anthony A. Bisulca, Reg. No. 40 913; and Timothy A. Flory, Reg. No. 42 540, my attorney(s) or agent(s) with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in and to receive all correspondence from the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. All statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further, these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. > 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent issued thereon.
Sole inventor:
Niall R Lynam Date
Niall R. Lynam Date

Citizenship: USA Residence: 248 Foxdown

Holland, Michigan 49424 Post Office Address: Same as above.

> SMR USA Exhibit 1006 Page 205

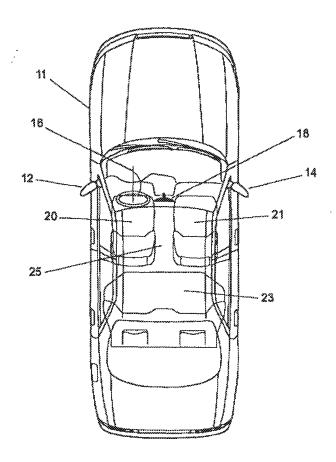
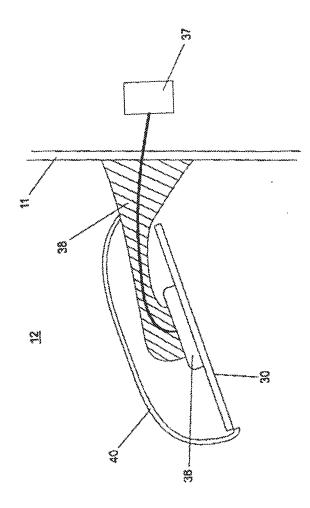


Figure 1



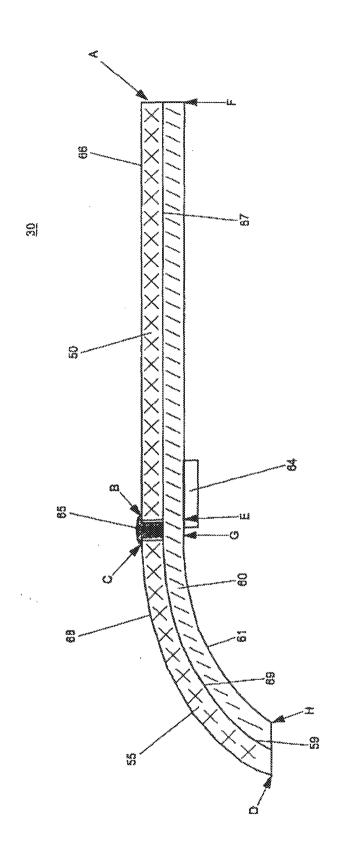
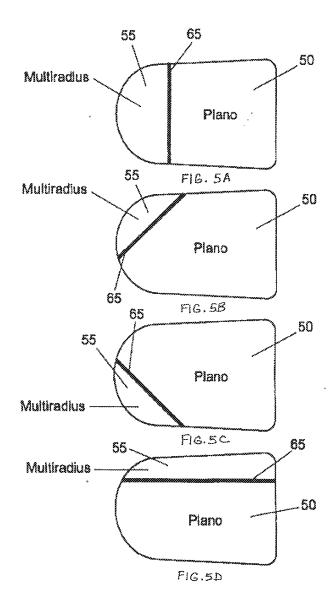
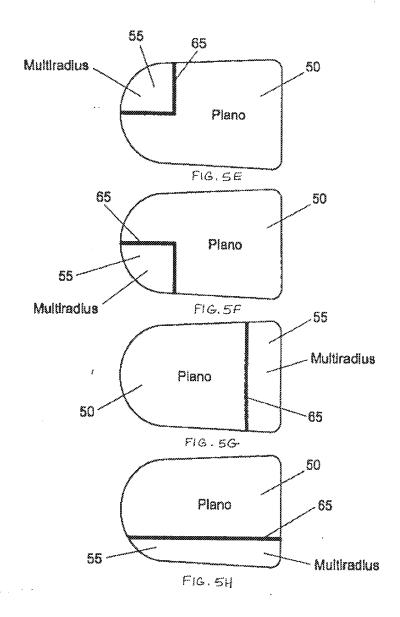


Figure 4





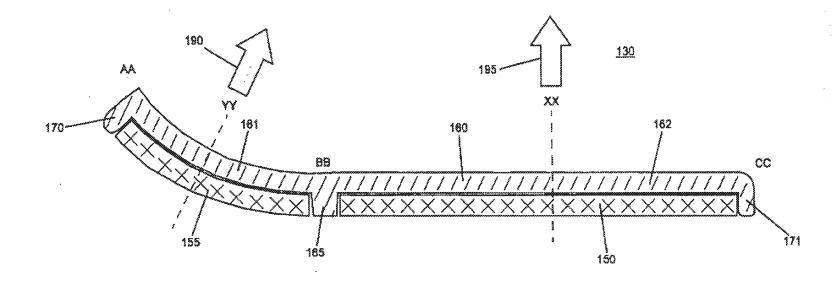


Figure 6

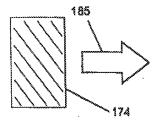


Figure 6A

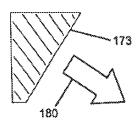


Figure 6B

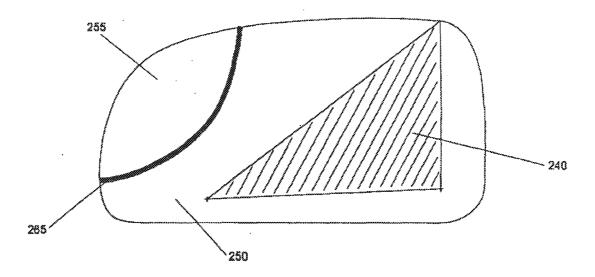


Figure 7



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Feb. 18, 2003

(54) EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

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(73) Assignee: Donnelly Corporation, Holland, MI /135

(*) Notice. Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 09/478,315

(22) Filed: Jan. 6, 2000

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Primary Examiner—Ricky D. Stafer (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Van Dyke, Ganlact, Linn & Burkhart, LLP

(57) ABSTRACT

This invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a plano reflective element which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. The pisno-multiradies reflective element assembly also includes an auxiliary reflective element including a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view. The plane reflective element provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearwardviewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly. The multiradius ponion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius portion are separated by a demarcation element which enables the driver to readily delineate a rearward view in the plano portion from a reacward view in the multiradius portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are individually, separately, and adjacently attached to a single backing plate which is mounted to an actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the housing of the exterior sideview mirror assembly via the actuator, the rearward field of view of both the plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are ximultaneously and similarly sligned.

40 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets

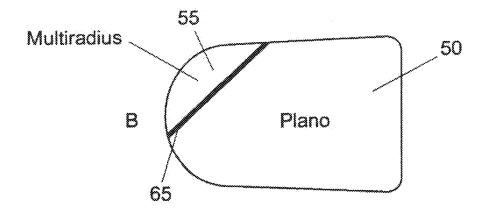


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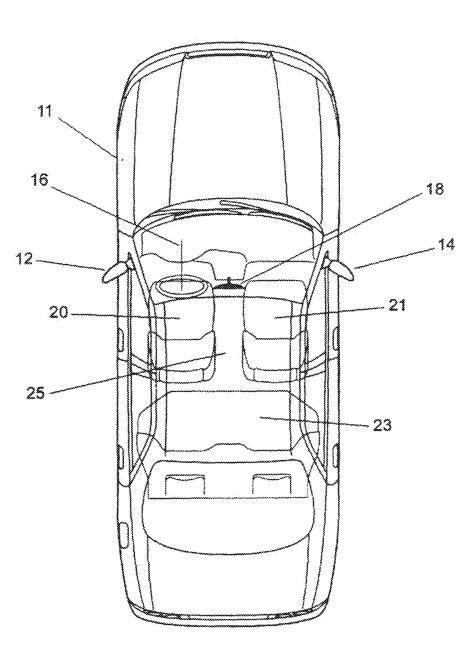
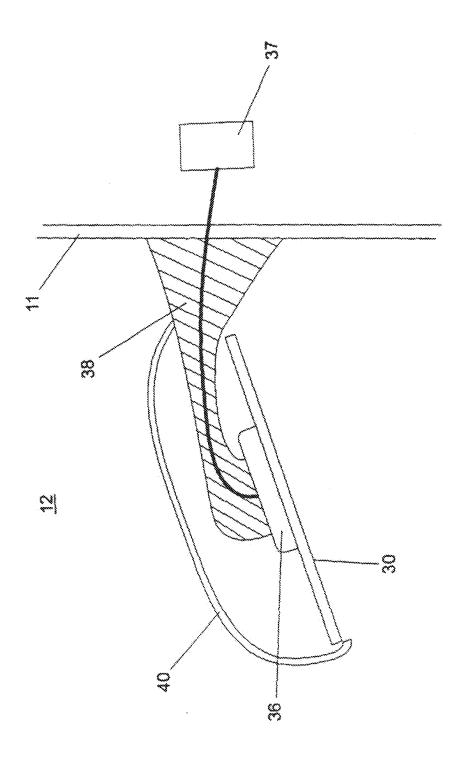
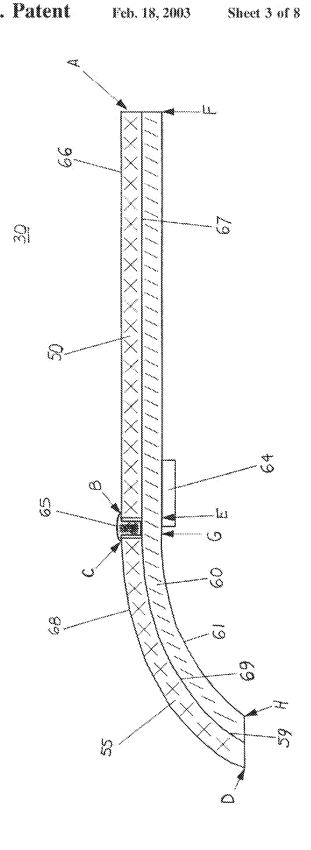


Figure 1

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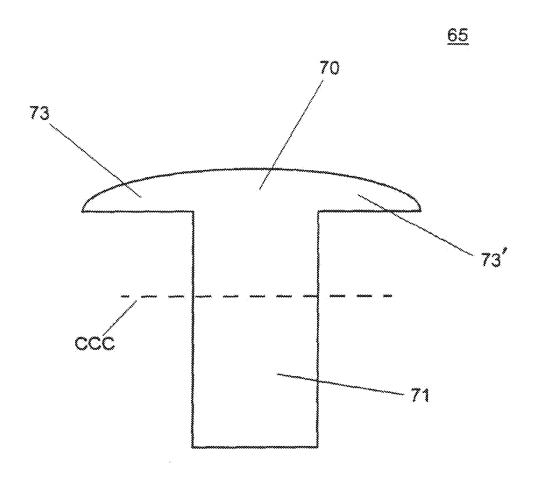
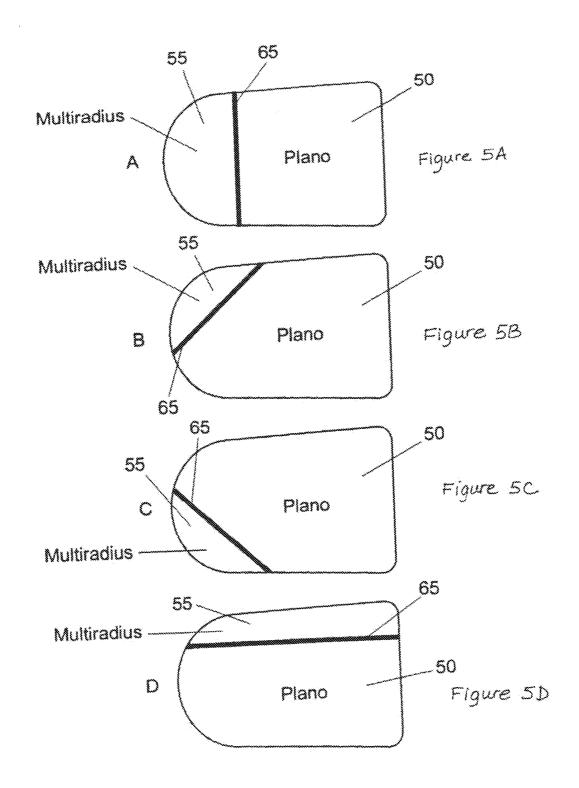
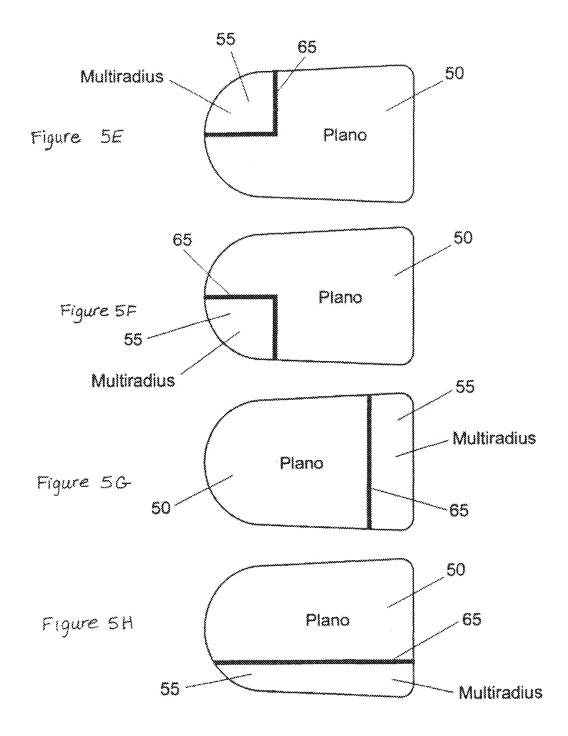


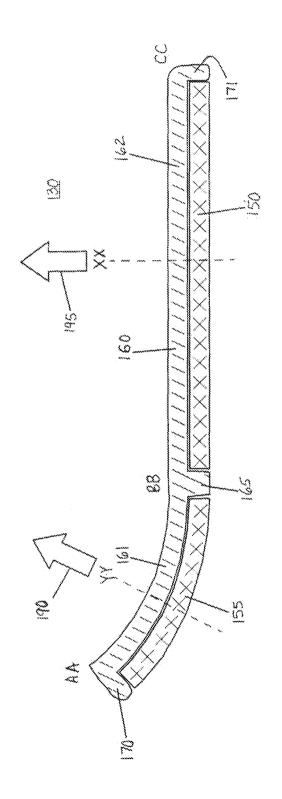
Figure 4

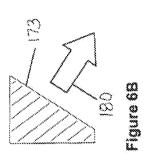


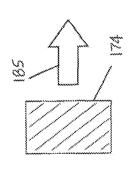


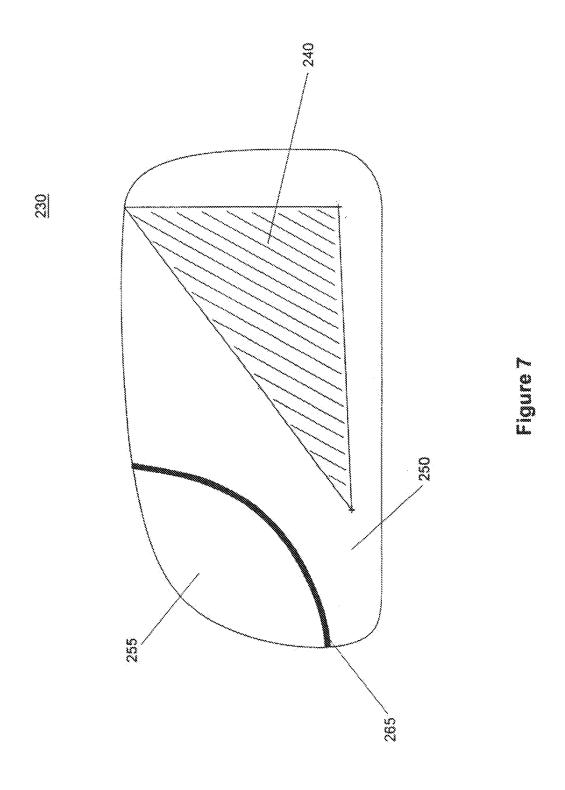
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Tigure 6









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EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

TECHNICAL FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to exterior sideview mirror assemblies suitable for use on an automobile, and more specifically, to plano-auxiliary reflective element assemblies for use in automobile exterior sideview mirror assemblies.

Automobiles are typically equipped with an interior rearview mirror assembly (adapted for providing a rearward field of view immediately rearward of the vehicle, typically principally in the road lane the vehicle is traveling in) and at least one exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of the vehicle (typically adjacent a front side window portion). The exterior side view mirror assembly typically comprises a reflective element adapted to provide a rearward field of view of the side lane adjacent the vehicle so as to 20 allow the driver see whether a side approaching vehicle is present when the driver is contemplating a lane change. Conventionally, automobiles are equipped with a driver-side exterior mirror assembly and, very often, with a passengerside exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side of the automobile body opposite to that of the driver-side assembly. While the combination of an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror (and especially in a three-mirror system comprising an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror and a passenger-side exterior mirror) works well in many driving situations, rear vision blind spots present a potential safety hazard while driving. A rear vision blind spot is an area adjacent the side of an automobile where a view of another vehicle (overtaking on that side) is not captured in the rearward field of view of the exterior mirror reflector on that side. This presents a potential safety hazard as the driver, upon checking the view in the exterior sideview mirror and seeing no overtaking vehicle therein, may deem it safe to initiate a lane change, unaware that there is a vehicle immediately adjacent 40 in a blind-spot of the exterior mirror reflector.

Various attempts have been made conventionally to minimize and/or eliminate exterior mirror blind-spots on vehicles. One approach is to make the exterior mirror reflector larger, and particularly wider with respect to the 48 vehicle body. By increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector, it has a wider field of view rearwards, and hence the reflector blind-spot is reduced. While use of a wide exterior mirror reflector is an option for trucks, buses and commercial vehicles, increasing the width of the reflector so used in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted on automobiles (such as sedans, station wagons, sports cars, conversibles, minivans, sports utility vehicles, pick-up trucks and similar passenger carrying automobiles) is often not an option. In such domestic automobiles, increasing the 🧀 width of the exterior mirror reflector increases the size of the exterior sideview mirror assembly with a concomitant increase in aerodynamic drag, increase in fuel consumption, increased difficulty in parking in tight parking spaces, and increased reflector vibration. Use of a non-flat, curved 60 exterior mirror reflector is commonly used to increase rearward field of view without increasing reflector size.

While working well to increase field of view, use of a curved reflector (such as a convex, spherically-curved reflector) has disadvantages. The field of view rearward 65 increases as the degree of curvature of the beat substrate increases (i.e., the field of view rearward increases as the

radius of curvature of the best substrate decreases). However, such wide-angle mirrors have non-unit magnification and distance perception rearward is distorted. For this reason, convex (spherically-bem) exterior mirror reflectors are required in some countries (such as the United States) to carry a safety warning "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR". Distance perception is particularly important for a driver-side exterior mirror. Indeed, Federal Vehicle Safety Standard No. 111 in the United States (the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference berein) requires that the driverside exterior mirror reflector exhibit unit magnification, and places restrictions on the radius of curvature allowed for any bent passenger-side mirror as well as requiring a safety warning be placed thereon. As an improvement over spherieally bem/convex mirror reflectors, aspherical or multiradies mirror reflectors (such as are disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,449,786 and 5,724,187, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein) have been developed. Such mirrors are widely used in Europe and Asia for both driver-side exterior mirror reflectors and for passengerside exterior mirror reflectors. The aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors typically have a less curved (larger radius of curvature) reflective region that is inhoard or closest to the driver when mounted on a vehicle and, usually separated by a demarcation line or the like, have a more curved (smaller radius of curvature) region that is outboard or furthest from the driver when mounted on a vehicle. However, such aspherical or multiradius reflectors do not have unit magnification and so cannot be used when unit magnification is mandated (such as by FMVSS 111, referenced above).

To supplement a flat driver-side exterior mirror reflector, an auxiliary and separate bent reflector is sometimes incorporated into the driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly. However, this is often not suitable for passenger automobiles because of the extra space required in the sideview mirror assembly to accommodate an auxiliary reflector element. Also, in most passenger amomobiles, the position of the side view mirror reflector is adjustable by the driver (such as by a hand-adjust, or by a manually adjustable cable such as a Bowden cable or by an electrically operable actuator, as known in the art) in order to provide to that driver his or her desired rearward field of view, which ill-suits use of a separate, auxiliary reflector. Likewise, addition of stick-on blind-spor mirror reflectors (such as are commonly sold in automotive parts stores and the like) onto an automobile exterior sideview mirror reflector has disadvantages, including obscuring field of view of the automobile mirror reflector and adding to mirror element vibration.

There is thus a need to provide an automobile exterior sideview reflective element, and particularly a driver-side automobile exterior sideview reflective element, that overcomes the dissidvantages above and that provides the driver of the automobile with a distortion-free field of view with unit magnification that is supplemented with a wide-angle view of a side Isne thind spot, and there is a need that this be provided in a unitary reflective element assembly module suitable to mount onto, and be adjusted by, the mirror reflector adjustment mechanism (such as an electrically operated, motorized actuator) provided in the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;

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FIG. 2 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is an enlarged sectional view of a planomultiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of FIG. 3;

FIGS. 5A-5H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;

FIG. 6 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a domarcation element formed as a 15 dividing wall in a backing plate element;

FIG. 6A is a cross-section taken along line XX of FIG. 6; FIG. 6B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of FIG. 6; and

FIG. 7 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano- 29 auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention provides a plano reflective element with 25 unit magnification and an auxiliary reflector element for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. More specifically, this invention provides a planomultiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side. body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention is especially suitable for mounting in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly that is mounted to the side of the automobile body adjacent to the seating position of the driver in the front of the interior vehicular cabin. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention comprises a plane portion which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. This plane pertion 40 comprises a flat substrate, typically a flat glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention also includes a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view, when monated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted, 45 to the side body of an automobile, that has non-unit magmification. The plano portion provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearwardviewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. This multiradius portion comprises a curved substrate, typically a bent glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plane portion and the multiradius portion are demarcated apart by a demarcation 55 element. The demarcation element enables the driver of a vehicle equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element of this invention to readily delineate a rearward view in the plano portion from a nearward view in the multicadius postion. The plane portion comprises a flat reflective ele- so ment and the multiradius portion comprises a bent reflective element. The flat, plano reflective element and the curved, multiradius reflective element are individually and separately manufactured, and are adjacently attached to a single backing plate (which typically comprises a polymeric substrate, most typically a molded polymeric substrate), and with the demurcation element disposed at the joint of the

plano, flat reflective element and the multiradius, bent reflective element. The backing plate is fabricated (typically by polymeric molding) to have a flat portion that corresponds to the plano, flat reflective element, and a curved surface that corresponds to the multiradius, curved reflective element. The attachment of the plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element to a single backing plate produces a unitary plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly module suitable for mounting in an exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the exterior sideview mirror assembly, the rearward fields of view of both the plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

One embediment of the invention includes an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile comprising an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile. The exterior sideview mirror assembly includes a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile. The reflective element is attached to an actuator and is movable by the actuator in order to position the reflective element's rearward field of view in response to a control. The reflective element comprises a pianomultiradius reflective element assembly which comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature. The plano element and the separate multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly are attached to a backing plate element. The backing plate element is mounted to the actuator such that movement of the backing plate element (and hence the planomultiradius reflective element assembly) by the actuator simultaneously and similarly moves the plane element and the multiradius element. The plane element and the multiradius element are separately and, preferably, adjacently attached to the backing plate element at a joint

In a further embodiment, a demarcation element is disposed at this joint to form a demarcation between the plano element and the multiradius element; this demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile. Preferably, the demarcation element is dark colored, such as with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown. Optionally, there is a space at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element and the demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano element and said multiradius element. The demarcation element can comprise at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.

In a further embodiment, the domarcation element comprises a wall on the backing plate element, this wall being located on the backing plate element at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element, this wall separating the respective elements apart.

In preferred embodiments, the portion of the demarcation element visible to a driver of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention has a width from about 0.5 mm to about 4 mm.

In preferred embediments, the plant element is attached to the backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element is attached to the backing plate element at a location such that, when the exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least portion, and preferably at least a sub.

stantial portion, of the plano element is disposed closer to the side of the vehicle than any portion of the multiradius element element.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm, and the ratio of the width of the plano element to the width of the multiradius element is greater than 1.

In preferred embodiments, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the auxiliary, multiradius element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the planomultiradius reflective element assembly and when the planomultiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. The principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the planomultiradius reflective element assembly and the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle.

In a preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the planomultiradius reflective element assembly is mounted comprises an electrically operable actuator. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is controlled by a switch or by a memory controller. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element and/or the multiradius element of the planomultiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element, and the multiradius element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector, such as a fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

In a preferred embodiment, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is assembly is formed in an integral 55 molding operation.

These and other advantages, features, and modifications will become more apparent when reviewed in conjunction with the drawings and the detailed description which follows.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As illustrated in FIG. 1, passenger automobile 10 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, 65 a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up track or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal trans-

portation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 18 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 25 Interior vehicle cabin 25 further includes a steering wheel 16, a driver scat 20 positioned at steering wheel 16, a front passenger seat 21 adjacent to driver seat 20 in the front portion of cabin 25, and a rear passenger sest 23 in the rear portion of cabin 25. Automobile 10 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 14, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body II, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 20 for driver-side assembly 12 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 21 for passengerside assembly 14 Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in FIG. I close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 includes, as illustrated in FIG. 2, a planomultiradus exterior sideview reflective element assembly 30. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 36. The prientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by setuator 36 in response to control 37. Control 37 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 within exterior mirror housing 40 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plane-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Alternately, when actuator 36 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 37 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under

control of the driver scated in cubin 25) or control 37 can

comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive

mirror art, that controls actuator 36 to move the position of

plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to a pre-

set orientation that suits the rearward field of view prefer-

ence of an individual driver, Actuator 36 is mounted to

bracket 38 which attaches to vehicle body side 11. Plano-

multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positionable

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by actuator 36 within exterior mirror housing 40. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, as shown in FIG. 3, comprises a plano element 50 and a separate multiradius element 55. Preferably, plano element 50 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plane element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in FIG. 3. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are both mounted to surface 59 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 60. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are domarcated apart by demarcation element 65. Surface 61 of backing plate element 60 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 64, to actuator 36 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 14) such that visuo element 50 and multiradius element 55 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 36 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Thus, since elements 50, 55 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, movement of plane-multiradius

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reflective element assembly 30 by actuator 36 simultamously and similarly moves plant element 50 and multiradius element 55.

Plano element 50 preferably comprises a flat reflectorcosted glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element 50 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element 50 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a 15 titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element 50 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 66) or a second surface so coating (such as on surface 67), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element 50 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mimor reflectors as 28 known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element 50 preferably comprises an electro-omic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochasmic reflector element

When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element 50 is positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector assurface of multiradius element 55. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, side A of plano element 50 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted on an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, surfaces 66, 68 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is required view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, surfaces 66, 68 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is required view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, surfaces 66, 68 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is required view in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

Multiradius element 55 of plano-multiradius reflective 45 element assembly 30 preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element 55 with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element 55 (side C in FIG. 3) positioned adjacent its joint to plane element 50 when both are mounted on backing plate element 60. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55, when mounted on backing plate element 60, is larger 55 than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element \$5 from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55 is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element 55 is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 min; most preferably less than about 150 min. Preferably, multiradius element 55 comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multira-

dies element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview micror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

Multiradius element 55 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element 55 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhedium coating, a metal alkey coating, a nickelalloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element 55 may be a first surface costing (such as on surface 68) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 69), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element 55 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal laver and a dialectric layer to form amomotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element 55 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element 59 and unitiradius element 55 be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, 66 and 68, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements 59.55 is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element \$0 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 when mounted to an automobile.

The reflector area of plano element 50 is preferably larger than that of multiradius element 55. Preferably, the width dimension of plane element 50 is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element 50 (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the distance from side A to side B of plano element 50 is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element 55. Thus, the ratio of the width of plano element 50 to the width of multiradius element 55 is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element 50 as the principal rest

viewing partion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 and providing multiradius element 55 as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be a mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element 50 (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

Backing plate element 60 is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element 50 and multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in FIG. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element 50. Backing plate element 60 also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in FIG. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element 55. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element 58 is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element 55. Backing place element 60 is formed as a single element to which elements 50 and 58 are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element 60 is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element 60 include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polygropylene, ABS, polygrethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element 60 can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plann element 50 can be cut from a stock life of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius: element 55 can be out from a stock life of multiradiusty-bent chromium micror-coated 1,6 mm thick glass. Plane element 50 and multiradius element 55 can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) 40 to the already molded backing plate element 60 Alternatively, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each by individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in 45 order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plane element 50 and multiradius element 55 (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element 65) in a single integral molding so operation, is a preferred fabrication process for planomultiradius reflective element assembly 30.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 further preferably includes demarcation element 65 that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano togion of the assembly 55 from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray, rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 when both are attached to backing plate element 60. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element 50 and multiradius element may gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 65 at their joint on backing plate element 60. Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed of a polymeric material

that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurathane rosin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element 65 is formed of an at least partially elastometic material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements 50, 53. As shown in FIG. 4, demarcation element 65 optionally includes a crown portion 70 that includes wing portions 73, 73' and a stem portion 71. Stem portion 71 preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than about 2 mm. Crown portion 70 preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces 66, 68 of elements 30, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55. Also, wings 73, 73' are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55 in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements 30, 53 that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in FIG. 4 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demancation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plane to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap). Optionally, demarcation element 65 is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plane element 50 and multiradius element 55 have been attached to backing plate element 6th, a separately formed demarcation element 65 can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space between elements 50 and 55. Note that, optionally, side B of plane element 59 and side C of multiradius element 55 can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element 65 can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements 50 and 55. Alternatively, demarcation element 65 can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements 50 and 55. The width of the portion of demarcation element 65 that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element 65 can be formed as part of backing plate element 60 such as by forming demarcation element 65 as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element 60 into two regions: A first region adapted to receive plano reflective element 50 and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradies reflective element 33.

Thus, and referring to FIG. 6, a second embodiment of plans-multiradius reliective element assembly 136 may

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include a backing plate element 160 which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyoletin such as polypropylene or such as ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element 165 that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element 165 into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plane reflective element 150 and into a second region (from BB to AA) adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element 155. Note that section AA to HB of backing plate element 168 is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in FIG. 6 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed in an integraf molding operation, along with formation of backing a plate element 60, and attachment of elements 50, 55 there to. For example, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each by individually loaded into an injection mulding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in 25 order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius 3 element 55 along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element 65 (along with any other elements such as attachment member 64) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demancation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element 40 assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub-components. Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to 45 use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a prethage as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

Plane element 50 and/or multiradius element 53 can comprise a heater element, as known in the automative 50 mirror art, that is operable to delec/demist surfaces 66, 68. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coaring. Plane element 50 and/or multiradius element 53 can also optionally comprise 58 a scatterproofing member, as known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

Also, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element of element 59 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano

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element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electrooptic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically diminable reflectivity, both elements 50, 55 can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient light's Alternately, if both plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element 50 can dim independently of element 55 (such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein). If either or both of elements 50, 55 comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclused in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/350,930, filed Jul. 12, 1999, on titled "ELEC-TROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANU-FACTURING ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desirain V. Varaprasad et al., now U.S. Pat. No. 6,154,306, or such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are bereby incorporated by reference berein. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the from substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6 mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the from-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector costed with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver

Backing plate element 65 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member 64 to facilitate attachment to the reflectin-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is minuted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a prothage adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure sensitive adhesive to form a "double-study" tape. Exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview microt assembly, as known in the automotive micros art

FIGS. 5A-5H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element 55 relative to its adjacent plano reflective element 50 (with demarcation element 65 disposed at their joint). In FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 is mounted wholly inboard of multiradius element 53. Thus, in

provides the principal sideview image to the driver. moissadingem time thise mornals magnification "blind-spat" region in an adjacent aidelane while the mene is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a moment authoritism of the ce yielness memore someoffer at micror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multicadius warvabie adratiza in mi baimpon nativo ad bluow h ze baino -ho yldnases manala svitasliar eribridiam-onelg silt dilw bus albitov att to abis aft of ovitslar) baseduso basedalb Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be preferably less than 0.5, most preferably less than 0.6. amomobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more cal, peing generally perpendicular to the road surface the -itrav" has no elsoun slidomoine adt sastrae haor adt dilw automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel ιποσιιτός το κατοιρός εξορείεσε απότος ακεστορίλ ου πο clement assembly unicated as it would be enleated when dimension, measured with the plano-multiratius reflective of its largest vertical dimension to its largest hearxental

adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius clement is overtaking vehicles in the traditional "blind-spiri" in the to toyinb out yet nomentab fausiy ststern zurhus brot out to uniquaques openioni campoj somowipai qozenwangs powangs oly attached to the side of an automobile. Having the зап'ясе миси топинесі іп за ехісніги відемом типог азмет-FIG. 6A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road ni es 281 yd batsaibni es eizs leglaning s oved bluow (AA de DH 52e) 001 stuly galdred to \$71 sostius at badratic and w the side of an automobile. By contrast, plane clement 150 or bodocus yidmoses aeroim waivobie rotates as an hotateer as such would be earlied towards the mad surface when bus .60. Off all as of tealing as indicated by 180 as in FIG. 6B, and lumparing all over thorne (80, OH oos) that shall guidand To \$71 scaling of bodowite nodw \$21 momole authentitum tennested field of view of the plano element. For example, automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the of the sixe landungued to the longuadinal axis of the the malitiadius element is subject and threeted generally protectably, the principal axis of the rearward lield off view of plann-multitadius reflective element assembly). Thus, evertake, or is evertaking the automobile equipped with the of those and assertance of grindscoping as about to guidoscrique na se se waiv to blod a cultura of a rom approaching men sit of (consists in feet to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear isom that SI mods of tool I mods gldsratary arom past AS mode of tool 1 mode as done) tool ferovor rothin notherol to towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating rescupply is monuted is queeted generally downwardly tramala avitaaltar aniberiilum onalq adı ilaidve ni yldmazar quinec-side (or bussenger-side) exected sideview minror the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the side lane that the plane element views). However, driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in ongitudinal axis of the autometals) so as so hardwidged assemply is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the as equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element directed generally parallel to the read that the amornobile si mamala onsiq adi hi warv hi biad baswasa adi lo sixa micror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview assembly and when the plane-multiradins reflective element thus element of the plano-multiradius relicenze clement of the plane element when betth are attached to the backing. such angled to the principal axis of the restreated field of view nerd of siew of the majittadius clement be different from Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward

ян ехрепел віфелісм шіним яввещіріў вінішріс іси изе он яп Unlike trucks, busses and communical vehicles the size of practing a wide field of view for the plane portion. gainstiffast clinte (weiv to blott brawners noth ret consistent до эшен в элец от горіо ін энкор кізлир Анвиі Винцэціюя) as this allows the driver view the sade of the vehicle adenies the mboard side of the assembly) is also desirable mornale ovitestian suitamitum oft erotw) Ož. OH in awodz ze nodarugilmo aff alantay adi lo shie afi gade waiv To bloth biamest beneau a desired rearward field of element assembly, as in FIGS. SB and SE, is preferred as this outhoard, upper portion of the plano-multiradus reflective the location of the multiraduse reflective element in the carboard relative to the side of the amonobile. In general, batmuon ad bluow 22, manuala suibraillum bas alidomouss 30 to shie aft of aviralar bracetti battatom ad bluow 03 minerative, in FIGS, \$1, \$6, 38, and \$1, plane element sideview mirror attached to a side of an automabile. ило ојошет взестрју 30 маз товијод ја ва охисии chan multiculus clement 55 witers plano-multiculus reflecdisposed closer to the vehicle hody (and bence to the driver) FIGS. 2A, 3B, 3C, 3E and 3E, plano element 30 would be

uniquaque repective element assembly (defined as the ratio position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the planotenument of the field with the direct's seat in the rearmest Motor Vehicle Standard No. 199), with the driver seated in the driver's eye reference points established in Pederal location appropriate for any 95th percentile male driver or at tanunun a ta) evyo e'tovith oitt baidod tool čč. amiq inognat only more at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the -ours adt to able e'ravinb aft of tragent analy lanibutignol extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface view missor assembly on an automobile, to provide the reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sidesufficient, when mounted as part of a plano-multiradues exista a lo gent contrar suffector author, area of a sixe, multiculius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plane adi ni 20/has inamala onniq adi ni "MARPPA YBIII NAHI PORTE SECTION OF CONTROL OF SECTION OF SECTI дочестивей седаванов, то пеей ю ргочьде в safety warming ment mandated by an automaker specification and/or a -ontapor waiv lo bloft mannimm and coffeines has stoom amols. that the rearward hold of view provided by the plane element tegrecion area of the plane element at a sufficiently large sixe ath graxiz yd giderolorg dans memolo suibsnillum och bo som reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector multuadus reflective element assembly, and by arxing the onsiq adi ni nodisofilugam fina lo inomido onalq a gaixildu bly is an important clement of this present invention. By -mossa rozimi wolvobia romotxo baxis-ofidomoma brabante a ni oldalisva oosqa bətəirləsi yləvitalər ədt nidilve sidi əvəidəs position their respective rearward fields of view, and to из ве ов изхиде срешей при рас помого Аленкий од заста assempty so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly plate element onto an actuator of an existior sideview mirror backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single tonicolings of a plane element of unit magnification modation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accoun-(which are classified berein as automobiles) can have sear less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles reasportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal. 25 tobeing a tradice or the like) is restricted, Automobiles automobile (and especially when the automobile is not

angled on the backing plate element of the plane-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plane reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1 degree to about 10 degree range; about 2 degree to about 8 degree range more preferred; and about 3 degree to about 6 degree range most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective to element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plane reflective portion is attached to. Thus, and referring to FIG. 6, planomultiradius reflective element assembly 130 includes a molded polymeric backing plate element 160 comprising a generally flat portion 162 (between BB and CC in FIG. 6) and an adjacent curved portion 161 (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190 and 195, portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160. Preferably, the portion of backing plate 29 element 160 to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. FIG. 6 is a view of plano-multivadius 23 reflective element assembly 130 as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162 closer to the driver than portion 161). The wall section, section XX in FIG. 6, taken through section 162 of backing plate element 160 is of substantially constant 3: dimension (as illustrated in FIG. 6A) whoreas the wall section, section YY in FIG. 6B, taken through section 161 of backing plate element 160 is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150 and multiraches reflective element 155 (for example, plane element 150 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and multiradius element 155 can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to portions 162 and 161, respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173 (see FIG. 6B) of postion 161, the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector 40 element 155 is angled downwards towards the mad surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal viewing axis of plano element 150, when plano-multiradius reflective element 130 is mounted in an exterior sideview micror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element 45 165 is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element 160, and so demarcation element 165 is formed as an integral part of backing plate element 160, forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160 into a region for receiving the plano reflective element 150 and a region for receiving the auxiliary reflective element 155. Also, endcaps 170 and 171 are optionally provided. Plano reflective element 150 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 171; multiradius 55 reflective element 155 can attach into the cavity formed between demandation element 165 and end-cap 170. Note that the portion of the backing plate element where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in FIGS, 6A-B. As illustrated in FIGS. 6A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in

order to ensure that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

Referring to FIG. 7, a third embodiment 230 of a planomultiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Planomultiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plane reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of beight of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were planomultiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of planomultiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

Also, although it is praferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element for the auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano uxiliary mirror such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective

element is angled relative to the plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plane-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not a movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of to rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to soft the field of view need of a particular driver scated in the automobile cabin.

The above description is considered that of the preferred embodiments only. Medification of the invention will occur to those skilled in the art and to those who make or use the invention. Therefore, it is understood that the embodiments stown in the shawings and described above are merely for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention, which is defined in the following claims as interpreted according to the principles of patent law, including the doctrine of equivalents.

Lelaim:

- 1. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on ²⁵ an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:
 - an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile:
 - said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;
 - said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator and movable by said actuator in order to 35 position said rearward field of view in response to a control:
 - wherein said reflective element comprises a plantmultiradius reflective element assembly, said plantmultiradius reflective element assembly comprising a
 plano reflective element having unit magnification and
 a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature, said plano reflective element having
 a rearward field of view with a principal axis;

 8. The
 - said plane reflective element and said multiradius reflect 45. tive element of said plane-multiradius reflective element assembly mounted adjacently in said planniandinadius reflective element assembly in a side-byside relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element, and supported by a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano 55 reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said multiradius reflective element having a rearward field of view with a principal axis, said backing plate element have a first support portion supporting said plano-reflective element and a second 55 support portion supporting said multiradius reflective element, said second support portion titled forward with respect to said first support portion whereby said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is angled downwardly and outwardly with respect to said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said plano reflective element

when said multiradius reflective element and said plano reflective element are supported by said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in said exterior sideview mirror assembly on the automobile, and said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said plano reflective element being directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and wherein said principal axis of said marward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile; and

- said multiradius reflective element being positioned diagonally at an outboard upper portion of said planomultiradius reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile.
- 2. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element are adjacently attached to said backing plane element at a joint, and wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.
- The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored.
- 4. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 3, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown.
- 5. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 3, wherein said demarcation element comprises at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.
- The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 5, wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material.
- The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.
- 8. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 7, wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plane reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.
- 9. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element it said joint, said wall separating said plano reflective element from said multiradius reflective element.
- 10. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 4 mm.
- 11. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 3 mm.
- 12. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 2 mm.
- 13. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.5 mm.
- 14. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.75 mm.

- 15. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 1 mm.
- 16. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element is supported by said 5 backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.
- 17. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said multitadius reflective element is supported by said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive to attachment and a mechanical attachment.
- 18 The exterior sideview micror system of claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is supported by said backing plate element at a location such that, when said exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an 15 automobile, at least a portion of said plano reflective element is disposed closer to said side of the automobile than any portion of said multiradius reflective element.
- 19. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a bent 20 glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4,000 mm to about 50 mm.
- 20. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is 25
- 21. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.5.
- 22. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 2.5.
- 23. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, 35 wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 1 degree to about 10
- 24. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1. automobile is in the range from about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees
- 25. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 3 degrees to about 6-45 degrees.
- 26. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is generally set by an angling of a surface of said backing plate element.
- 27. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1. wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein 55 the principal axis of the marward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver

scating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver scating location.

- 28. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adiacent a driver scating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver scating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 12 feet to the rear of the driver scating location.
- 29. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver scating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the marward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 front to about 8 feet to the mar of the driver scating location.
- 30. The exterior sideview minur system of claim I, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly
- 31. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.
- 32. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly
- 33. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said control comprises a memory controller.
- 34. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein at least one of said plane reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.
- 35. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein both said plane reflective element and said multiwherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the 40 radius reflective element comprise an electro-optic reflective element.
 - 36: The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electroontical reflective element.
 - 37. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 36. wherein said electro-optical reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.
 - 38. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 37. wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.
 - 39. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 38. wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.
 - 40. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal						
Application Number:	13	071174				
Filing Date:	24	Mar-2011				
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM					
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam					
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma					
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696					
Filed as Large Entity						
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees						
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)	
Basic Filing:						
Pages:						
Claims:						
Miscellaneous-Filing:						
Petition:						
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:						
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:						
Extension-of-Time:						

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Miscellaneous:				
Statutory or terminal disclaimer	1814	1	160	160
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	160

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	11780312			
Application Number:	13071174			
International Application Number:				
Confirmation Number:	3475			
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam			
Customer Number:	28101			
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma			
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory			
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696			
Receipt Date:	06-JAN-2012			
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011			
Time Stamp:	16:53:29			
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)			

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Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$160
RAM confirmation Number	4045
Deposit Account	
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File Listing:

Document	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/	Multi	Pages
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1	Transmittal Letter	TransmittalForm.pdf	80932	no	1
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Information:					
2	Amendment/Req. Reconsideration-After	ResponseB.pdf	202641	no	4
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Information:					
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Warnings:					
Information:					
4	Rule 130, 131 or 132 Affidavits	Declaration and Exhibits.pdf	8097104	no	74
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Warnings:					
Information:					
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If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

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Doc Code: TRAN,LET

Document Description: Transmittal Letter

PTO/SB/21 (07-09) Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a Application Number 13/071,174 TRANSMITTAL Filing Date March 24, 2011 First Named Inventor FORM Niall R. Lynam Art Unit 2872 Examiner Name Alessandro V, Amari (to be used for all correspondence after initial filing) Attorney Docket Number DON09 P-1696 Total Number of Pages in This Submission **ENCLOSURES** (Check all that apply) After Allowance Communication to TC Fee Transmittal Form Drawing(s) Appeal Communication to Board Licensing-related Papers Fee Attached of Appeals and Interferences Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief) Petition Amendment/Reply Petition to Convert to a Proprietary Information After Final Provisional Application Power of Attorney, Revocation Status Letter Change of Correspondence Address Affidavits/declaration(s) Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify Terminal Disclaimer Extension of Time Request below): -DECLARATION UNDER RULE 131(a) AND Request for Refund Express Abandonment Request **EXHIBITS** CD, Number of CD(s) _ Information Disclosure Statement Landscape Table on CD Certified Copy of Priority Remarks Document(s) Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53 SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT Firm Name GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP Signature Printed name Timothy A. Flory Date Reg. No. January 6, 2012 42540 CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below: Signature

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1,5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 37 CFR 1,5. The information is required to obtain or retain a peneint by the public which is to line (and by the DSF IO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1,11 and1,14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Amanda R. Sytsma

Typed or printed name

Date

January 6, 2012

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group Art Unit:

2872

Examiner

Alessandro V, Amari

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

Serial No.

: 13/071,174

Filed

March 24, 2011

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

TRANSMITTAL OF REPLACEMENT DRAWINGS

Enclosed is one (1) sheet of replacement formal drawings to be entered in the above-identified application. The enclosed replacement drawings correspond to the drawings now on file and corrects an error in reference number 165 in Figure 13F. No new matter has been added. Applicant requests that the enclosed one (1) sheet of replacement formal drawings be entered in the above-identified application.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP

Date: February 1, 2012

Timothy A. Flory

Registration No. 42 540

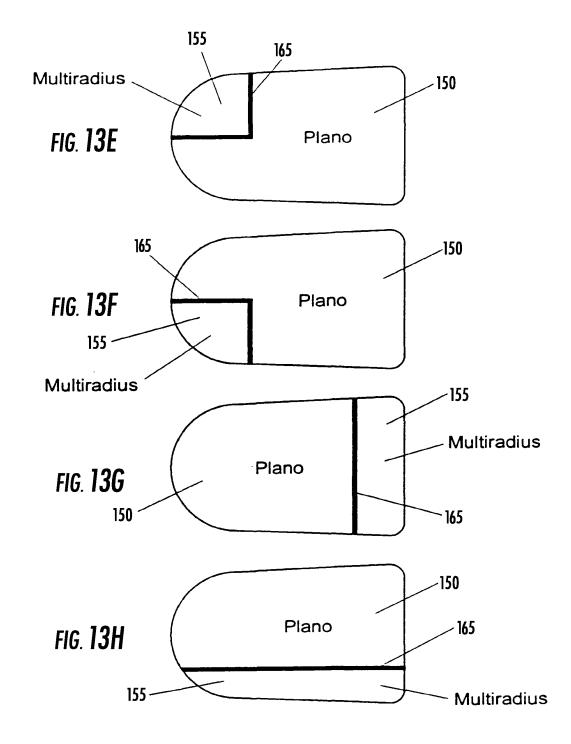
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207

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Grand Rapids, Michigan 49588-8695

(616) 975-5500

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Title : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Docket No. : DON09 P-1696 Replacement Sheet No.: 1 of 1



Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt				
EFS ID:	11974473			
Application Number:	13071174			
International Application Number:				
Confirmation Number:	3475			
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam			
Customer Number:	28101			
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma			
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory			
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696			
Receipt Date:	01-FEB-2012			
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011			
Time Stamp:	14:54:07			
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)			

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment no						
File Listing	g:					
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Warnings:						
Information:						

2	Miscellaneous Incoming Letter	TransmittalofReplacementDra	42133	no	1
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3	Drawings-only black and white line	Replacement Drawings.pdf	240466	no	1
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Warnings:					
Information	}				
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

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National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

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Document Description: Transmittal Letter

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Application Number 13/071,174

(Application (4dinoci	13/071,17	74			
TRA	ANSMITTAL	Filing Date	March 24	, 2011			
ŀ	FORM	First Named Inventor	Niall R. L	ynam			
		Art Unit	2872				
(to be used for a	Il correspondence after initial filing)	Examiner Name	Alessand	ro V. Amari			
	Pages in This Submission	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P	-1696			
	FNZ	N COURTS (c)					
	ENC	CLOSURES (Check al	I that appl	After Allowance Communication to TC			
Fee Transn	mittal Form	Drawing(s)					
Fee	e Attached	Licensing-related Papers		Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences			
Amendmen	nt/Reply	Petition		Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)			
Afte	er Final	Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application		Proprietary Information			
Affic	davits/declaration(s)	Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence		Status Letter			
Extension of	of Time Request	Terminal Disclaimer		Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify below):			
Express Ab	pandonment Request	Request for Refund		-Transmittal of Replacement Drawlings			
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	SIGNATURE	OF APPLICANT, ATTO	RNEY C	DR AGENT			
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Signature	A C	- LOIVI, ELI					
	Topula		, <u>.</u>				
Printed name	Fimothy A. Flory						
Date F	February 1, 2012		Reg. No.	42540			
CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING							
	s first class mail in an envelope ac			ited with the United States Postal Service with P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on			
Signature	Smanda G	?.dutoma					
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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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Application Number	Application/Co	Re	oplicant(s)/Patent eexamination YNAM, NIALL R.	under	
Document Code - DISQ	Internal Document – DO NOT MAIL				
TERMINAL DISCLAIMER	⊠ APPROVI	ΞD	☐ DISAPP	ROVED	
Date Filed : 01/06/12	This patent is subject to a Terminal Disclaimer				
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wana Hixon					

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NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP SUITE 207 2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546 EXAMINER

AMARI, ALESSANDRO V

PAPER NUMBER

.

ART UNIT

DATE MAILED: 02/17/2012

	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
Ī	13/071.174	03/24/2011	Niall R. Lynam	DON09 P-1696	3475

TITLE OF INVENTION: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	NO	\$1740	\$300	\$0	\$2040	05/17/2012

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the SMALL ENTITY status shown above.

If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as YES, verify your current SMALL ENTITY status:

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If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as NO:

A. Pay TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above, or

B. If applicant claimed SMALL ENTITY status before, or is now claiming SMALL ENTITY status, check box 5a on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and 1/2 the ISSUE FEE shown above.

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

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Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE

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maintenance fee notifications Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission. CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address) 7590 02/17/2012 28101 VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP Certificate of Mailing or Transmission I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below. **SUITE 207** 2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546 (Depositor's name (Signature FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 13/071.174 03/24/2011 Niall R. Lynam DON09 P-1696 3475 TITLE OF INVENTION: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM APPLN. TYPE SMALL ENTITY ISSUE FEE DUE PUBLICATION FEE DUE PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE TOTAL FEE(S) DUE DATE DUE nonprovisional NO \$1740 \$300 \$0 \$2040 05/17/2012 EXAMINER ART UNIT CLASS-SUBCLASS AMARI, ALESSANDRO V 2872 359-872000 1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363). 2. For printing on the patent front page, list (1) the names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively, ☐ Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached. (2) the name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed. ☐ "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer Number is required. 3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type) PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment. (A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent): 🔲 Individual 🚨 Corporation or other private group entity 🚨 Government 4a. The following fee(s) are submitted: 4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above) 🗖 Issue Fee A check is enclosed. Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted) Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number (enclose an extra copy of this form). Advance Order - # of Copies 5. Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above) a. Applicant claims SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27 ☐ b. Applicant is no longer claiming SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27(g)(2). NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney or agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Authorized Signature Date Typed or printed name Registration No. _ This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

PTOL-85 (Rev. 02/11) Approved for use through 08/31/2013.

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CONFIRMATION NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 13/071,174 03/24/2011 Niall R. Lynam DON09 P-1696 3475 EXAMINER 28101 7590 02/17/2012 VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP AMARI, ALESSANDRO V **SUITE 207** PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT 2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546 2872

DATE MAILED: 02/17/2012

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment to date is 0 day(s). If the issue fee is paid on the date that is three months after the mailing date of this notice and the patent issues on the Tuesday before the date that is 28 weeks (six and a half months) after the mailing date of this notice, the Patent Term Adjustment will be 0 day(s).

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	13/071,174	LYNAM, NIALL R.				
Notice of Allowability	Examiner	Art Unit				
	ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPEP 1308.						
. 🛛 This communication is responsive to <u>amendment of 1/6/2012</u> .						
2. An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.						
3. ☑ The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>1-27</u> .						
 4. ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐ None of the: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the 						
International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* Certified copies not received:						
Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of this communication to file a reply complying with the requirements noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of this application. THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.						
5. A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submitted. Note the attached EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT or NOTICE OF INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which gives reason(s) why the oath or declaration is deficient.						
6. ☐ CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") must be submitted.						
(a) 🔲 including changes required by the Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) attached						
1) 🔲 hereto or 2) 🔲 to Paper No./Mail Date						
(b) including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amendment / Comment or in the Office action of Paper No./Mail Date						
Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the header according to 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
7. DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must be submitted. Note the attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR THE DEPOSIT OF BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL.						
Attachment(s) 1. ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	5. ☐ Notice of Informal P	otant Application				
 Notice of Preferences Cited (PTO-992) Dotice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 	6. ☐ Interview Summary	1 1				
	Paper No./Mail Dat	è				
3. ☐ Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08), Paper No./Mail Date	7. 🔲 Examiner's Amendn	nent/Comment				
4. Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material	_	s Statement of Reasons for Allowance				
	9. Other					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-37 (Rev. 03-11)

Notice of Allowability

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20120215

REASONS FOR ALLOWANCE

Terminal Disclaimer

The terminal disclaimer filed on 6 January 2012 disclaiming the terminal portion of any patent granted on this application which would extend beyond the expiration date of US 6522451 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded.

Affidavit

The affidavit filed on 6 January 2012 under 37 CFR 1.131 is sufficient to overcome the Lynam et al US 2002/0072026 reference.

Drawings

The replacement drawings for Figure 13 were received on 1 February 2012.

These drawings are accepted.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-27 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Claim 1 is allowable for at least the reason, "wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element are adjacently supported at said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile

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when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile; wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary reflective element adjacent said plano reflective element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said plano reflective element; wherein said demarcation element is dark colored; wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material; wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed at said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; and wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the entirety of said auxiliary reflective element is further distant from the side of the equipped automobile than the entirety of said plano reflective element" as set forth in the claimed combination. Claims 2-16 are allowable due to their dependence on claim 1.

Claim 17 is allowable for at least the reason, "wherein tile rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile; wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said piano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of

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the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to tile side of the equipped automobile; and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector" as set forth in the claimed combination. Claims 18-23 are allowable due to their dependence on claim 17.

Claim 24 is allowable for at least the reason, "wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element; wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile; wherein said plano reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass Substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto; and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a spherically bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating" as set forth in the claimed combination. Claims 25-27 are allowable due to their dependence on claim 24.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALESSANDRO AMARI whose telephone number is (571)272-2306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephone B. Allen can be reached on (571) 272-2434. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Page 5

Application/Control Number: 13/071,174

Art Unit: 2872

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alessandro Amari/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872 Page 6

EAST Search History

EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	1	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	4768	(359/866,868,871,872,877).OCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT			2012/02/14 15:34

EAST Search History (Interference)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L2	73	sideview mirror.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2012/02/14 15:36
L3	30	auxiliary reflective.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2012/02/14 15:36
L4	4911	backing plate.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2012/02/14 15:36
L5	4	2 and 3 and 4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2012/02/14 15:37

2/14/2012 3:39:04 PM

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Search Notes



Application/Control	No.
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13071174

Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination

LYNAM, NIALL R.

Examiner

ALESSANDRO AMARI

Art Unit

2872

SEARCHED									
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner						
359	871,872,877,866,868	9/22/2011	AA						
Update	above	12/28/2011	AA						
Update	above	2/14/2012	AA						

SEARCH NOTES		
Search Notes	Date	Examiner
EAST search	9/22/2011	AA

INTERFERENCE SEARCH								
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner					
	PG-Pub/USPAT/UPAD text search	2/14/2012	AA					

	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination
Issue Classification	13071174	LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872

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	CROSS REFERENCE(S)					G	0	2	В	7 / 182 (2006.01.01)					
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⊠	Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant					СР	'A 🗵	T.D.	[☐ R.1.	47				
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NONE	Total Claims Allowed:			
(Assistant Examiner)	(Date)	2	7	
/ALESSANDRO AMARI/ Primary Examiner.Art Unit 2872	02/15/2012	O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure	
(Primary Examiner)	(Date)	1	13F, 14	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. 20120215

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR

Niall R, Lynam

CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

APPLICATION NO.

13/071,174

28101 7590 02/17/2012 VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP SUITE 207 2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

FILING DATE

03/24/2011

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

Certificate of Mailing or Transmission

I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEB address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below.

Amanda R. Sytsm	а	(Depositor's name)
Invenda	B. Sutoma	(Signature)
February 17, 2012		(Date)

CONFIRMATION NO.

3475

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.

DON09 P-1696

TITLE OF INVENTION	N: EXTERIOR SIDEVIE	W MIRROR SYSTEM				
APPLN, TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	NO	\$1740	\$300	\$0	\$2040	05/17/2012
EXAM	MINER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLASS			
AMARI, ALI	ESSANDRO V	2872	359-872000			
CFR 1.363). Change of corresponders form PTO/S "Fee Address" inc PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-Number is required		nge of Correspondence ' Indication form Ed. Use of a Customer	or agents OR, alternativ	3 registered patent attornedly, a firm (having as a memb gent) and the names of uneys or agents. If no namprinted,	icys —	LINN, & FLORY, LLP
PLEASE NOTE: Un recordation as set for	less an assignee is ident th in 37 CFR 3.11. Comp		data will appear on the pa I a substitute for filing an a	itent. If an assignee is id		ment has been filed for
(A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE (B) RESIDENCE; (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY)						
DONNELI	LY CORPORATION		HOLLAND	, MI		
4a. The following fee(s) ☑ Issue Fee ☑ Publication Fee (f) ☑ Advance Order - f	are submitted: No small entity discount p	4b ermitted)	inted on the patent): D. Payment of Fee(s): (Please D. A check is enclosed. D. Payment by credit care I. The Director is hereby overpayment, to Depos	se first reapply any prev 1. Form PTO-2038 is attac	iously paid issue fee sho	wn above)
5. Change in Entity Sta	itus (from status indicated is SMALL ENTITY statu	•	☐ b. Applicant is no long	er claiming SMALL ENT	FITY status, See 37 CFR 1	.,27(g)(2).
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Authorized Signature Typed or printed nam	The	thy A. Flory	>	DateFe	ebruary 17, 2012 42540	,
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Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal							
Application Number:	mber: 13071174						
Filing Date:	24-	-Mar-2011					
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM						
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Nia	all R. Lynam					
Filer:	Tin	nothy A. Flory/Ama	nda Sytsma				
Attorney Docket Number: DON09 P-1696							
Filed as Large Entity							
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees							
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)		
Basic Filing:							
Pages:							
Claims:							
Miscellaneous-Filing:							
Petition:							
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:							
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:							
Utility Appl issue fee		1501	1	1740	1740		
Publ. Fee- early, voluntary, or normal		1504	1	300	300		

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
	Tot	al in USD	(\$)	2040

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt					
EFS ID:	12102812				
Application Number:	13071174				
International Application Number:					
Confirmation Number:	3475				
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam				
Customer Number:	28101				
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma				
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory				
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696				
Receipt Date:	17-FEB-2012				
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011				
Time Stamp:	15:23:36				
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)				

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$2040
RAM confirmation Number	1985
Deposit Account	
Authorized User	

File Listing:

Document	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/	Multi	Pages
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1	Transmittal Letter	TransmittalForm.pdf	81556	no	1
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Information:					
2	Amendment after Notice of Allowance	AmendmentafterAllowance.pdf	88428	no	3
2	(Rule 312)	Amendmentaree/Allowance.pdf	a9569f014f78be8d20c8a5e069e7cd61115e 5af0	110	3
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Information:					
3	Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B)	Issue Fee Transmittal.pdf	129654	no	1
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Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes)	3:	31429	

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Doc Code: TRAN.LET

Document Description: Transmittal Letter

Approved for use through 07/31/2012, OMB 0651-0031

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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Application Number 13/071,174

Filing Date March 24, 2011

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TRAI	NSMITTAL	Filing Date	March 24	, 2011			
) i	FORM	First Named Inventor	Niall R. Ly	ynam			
		Art Unit	2872				
(to be used for all co	rrespondence after initial filing)	Examiner Name	Alessand	ro V, Amari			
Total Number of Page		Attorney Docket Number	Attorney Docket Number DON09 P-1696				
Total (tallipo) or 1 pg.							
	ENG	CLOSURES (Check all	that appl				
Fee Transmitt	al Form	Drawing(s)		After Allowance Communication to TC			
Fee Al	tached	Licensing-related Papers		Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences			
Amendment/R	eply	Petition		Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)			
After F	inal	Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application		Proprietary Information			
Affida	rits/declaration(s)	Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence A		Status Letter			
Extension of T	ime Request	Terminal Disclaimer		Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify below):			
Express Aban	donment Request	Request for Refund		-Amendment After Allowance 37 CFR 1,312			
Information Di	sclosure Statement	CD, Number of CD(s)		·			
		Landscape Table on CD					
Certified Copy Document(s)	of Priority Remains	arks					
Reply to Missi							
	o Missing Parts						
Ll under:	37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53						
	SIGNATURE	OF APPLICANT, ATTO	RNEY, C	DR AGENT			
Firm Name GA	RDNER, LINN, BURKHART &	FLORY, LLP					
Signature	Tappe						
Printed name Tim	othy A. Flory						
Date Feb	ruary 17, 2012		Reg. No.	42540			
CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING							
	I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below:						
Signature	I Amenda Pr.	Lytoma					
Typed or printed name	Amanda R. Sytsma	1		Date February 17, 2012			

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiallty is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case, Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group Art

2872

Examiner

: Alessandro V. Amari

Applicant

: Niall R. Lynam

Serial No.

: 13/071,174

Filing Date

: March 24, 2011

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Confirmation No.: 3475

Notice of Allowance Mailing Date: February 17, 2012

Mail Stop Issue Fee

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

AMENDMENT AFTER ALLOWANCE UNDER 37 CFR 1.312

Receipt of the Notice of Allowability and the Notice of Allowance and Fee(s) Due and Examiner's Amendment mailed February 17, 2012 in connection with the above identified application is hereby acknowledged.

Amendments to the Specification are on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks are on page 3 of this paper.

Applicant

Niall R.Lynam

Serial No.

13/071,174

Page

2

Amendments to the Specification:

Please amend paragraph [0001] on page 1 as follows:

The present application is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/851,045, filed Aug. 5, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,934,843-(Attorney Docket DON09 P-1624), which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/197,666, filed Aug. 25, 2008, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Ser. No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

Applicant

Niall R.Lynam 13/071,174

Serial No. Page

. 3

Remarks:

Review of the specification revealed that the specification needed updating to reference the patent number of the incorporated parent application, which has now issued as U.S. Patent No. 7,934,843.

Because the present amendment relates to matters of form only, and does not require any further search on the part of the Examiner, it is respectfully submitted that it is proper for entry and such entry is requested along with a notice of approval of the amendment.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R, LYNAM

By: Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP

Date: February 17, 2012

Timothy A. Flory

Registration No. 42 540 2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E.

P.O. Box 888695

Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695

(616) 975-5500

PATENT DON09 P-1696

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group Art

2872

Examiner

: Alessandro V. Amari

Applicant

Niall R. Lynam

Serial No.

: 13/071,174

Filing Date

: March 24, 2011

For

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Confirmation No.: 3475

Notice of Allowance Mailing Date: February 17, 2012

Mail Stop Issue Fee Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

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Amendments to the Specification are on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks are on page 3 of this paper.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
13/071,174	03/24/2011	Niall R. Lynam	DON09 P-1696	3475
	7590 03/02/201 SARDNER, LINN & B		EXAM	IINER
SUITE 207	EVOIX DRIVE, S.E.	AMARI, ALESSANDRO V		
GRAND RAPI	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2872	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/02/2012	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Response to Rule 312 Communication	13/071,174 Examiner	LYNAM, NIALL R. Art Unit				
	ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	ppears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address –				
 The amendment filed on <u>17 February 2012</u> under 37 CFF a) ☐ entered. 	R 1.312 has been considered, and I	nas been:				
b) 🛛 entered as directed to matters of form not affecting	the scope of the invention.					
c) disapproved because the amendment was filed after	er the payment of the issue fee.					
Any amendment filed after the date the issue fee is paid must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.313(c)(1) and the required fee to withdraw the application from issue.						
d) disapproved. See explanation below.						
e) 🔲 entered in part. See explanation below.						
	/Alessandro Amari/ Primary Examiner, Art Ur	nit 2872				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-271 (Rev. 04-01)

PTO/SB/08A (07-05)

Approved for use through \$7,372904. TMB 0637-04311. 2872
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE. Receipt date: 03/24/2011

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	INFORMATION	פוח ו	CLOSUDE	Application Number	
	STATEMENT E			Filing Date	March 24, 2011
	(Use as many sh			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
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				Examiner Name	
Sheet	3	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

Examiner	Cite	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where
Initials*	No.1	Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY	Applicant of Cited Document	Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		The state of the s			
		6,318,870	2001-11-20	Spooner et al.	
		6,315,419	2001-11-13	Platzer, Jr.	
		6,310,611	2001-10-30	Caldwell	
		6,294,989	2001-09-25	Schofield et al.	
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		6,276,821	2001-08-21	Pastrick et al.	
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		6,260,608	2001-07-17	Kim	
		6,257,746	2001-07-10	Todd et al.	
		6,250,148	2001-06-26	Lynam	
		6,245,262	2001-06-12	Varaprasad et al.	
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1.		6,135,419 6315419	2001-11-13	Platzer, Jr.	
s) applied		6,128,860	2000-10-10	Varaprasad et al. Kepp	·
ient,		6,124,647	2000-09-26	Marcus et al.	
		6,116,743	2000-09-12	Hoek	
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112		6,109,586	2000-08-29	Hock	
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		6.011,486 6001486	1999-12-14	Varaprasad et al.	

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*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation it not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. Applicant is to be two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. See Kinds of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. The will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burdent, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer U.S. Firemanner of the process of the city of

Receipt date: 03/24/2011

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Approved for use through 3/7/7/2016, 2/18 066 2041.
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	Substitute for form 1449/PTO			Complete if Known		
	INFORMATION	פותו	CLOSUBE	Application Number		
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
	(Use as many sh			First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
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				Examiner Name		
Sheet	5	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	

Examiner Cite Initials* No.		Document Number	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, When Relevant Passages or
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		5,669,698	1997-09-23	Veldman et al.	
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		5,587,699	1996-12-24	Faloon et al.	
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_		5,526,195	1996-06-11	Thomas	
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		5,481,409	1996-01-02	Roberts	
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s) applice		5,432,643	1995-07-11	Huang	
ent,		5,424,875	1995-06-13	Davis, II	
<u> </u>		5,412,512	1995-05-02	Zebold et al.	
		5,406,414	1995-04-11	O'Farrell et al.	

Date Examiner /Alessandro Amari/ 09/22/2011 Considered Signature

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation it not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. Better Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the Engrer must precede the serial number of the patent document. Skind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

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Receipt date: 03/24/2011

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	STATEMENT B			Filing Date	March 24, 2011
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		Examiner Name			
Sheet	10	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

	Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Document Number Number-Kind Code ^{2 (II known)}	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	ļ		Trelevant Figures Appeal
			2,263,382	1941-11-18	Gotzinger	
			2,135,262	1938-11-01	Schumacher	
			1,672,559	1928-06-05	Doble	
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			2002/0159270	2002-10-31	Lynam et al,	
	·		2002/0105741	2002-08-08	Platzer, Jr.	
			2003/0043589	2003-03-06	Blank	
			2003/0117731	2003-06-26	Platzer, Jr.	
	1 .		2004/0032675	2004-02-19	Weller et al.	
_hange(s) applied		2004/0032676	2004-02-19	Drummond et al.	
to docum	ent,		2004/0264011	2004-12-30	Lynam	
'A.L./			2004/0165291	2004-08-26	Platzer, Jr.	
			2005/0078389	2005-04-14	Kulas et al.	
2/27/20	12		2005/0083577	2005-04-21	Varaprasad et al.	
			2005/0099693	2005-05-12	Schofield et al.	
			2005/0134983	2005-06-23	Lynam	
			2005/0232469	2005-10-20	Schofield et al.	
			2005/0248859	2005-11-10	Platzer, Jr.	
			2006/0050018	2006-03-09	Hutzel et al.	
		·	2006/0126150	2006-06-15	Tonar et al.	
			2006/0061008	2006-03-23	Karner et al.	
			2006/0125919	2006-06-15	Camilleri et al.	
			2006/0171704	2006-08-03	Bingle et al.	
			2006/0184297	2006-08-17	Higgins-Luthman	
			2006/0268440	2006-11-30	Platzer, Jr.	
	2	004	2007 /0032638	2004-02-19	Tonar et al.	
			2007/0058257	2007-03-15	Lynam	
			2007/0285789	2007-12-13	Lindahl et al.	
			2008/0308219	2008-12-18	Lynam	
	•		2008/0212189	2008-09-04	Baur et al.	
			2008/0225421	2008-09-18	Platzer	

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
Olgridiaio		Considered	

*EXAMINBR: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation it not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPBP 901.04. There Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. Skind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.3). For Japanese patent document. Skind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.3). For Japanese patent document. Skind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.3). For Japanese patent document. Skind of document by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO To process) an application. Confidentially is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amounts of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burdon, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer U.S. Reference of the patent of the paten



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

APPLICATION NO.			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
13/071,174	04/03/2012	8147077	DON09 P-1696	3475	

28101 7590

SUITE 207

03/14/2012

VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP

2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

ISSUE NOTIFICATION

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 0 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Application Assistance Unit (AAU) of the Office of Data Management (ODM) at (571)-272-4200.

APPLICANT(s) (Please see PAIR WEB site http://pair.uspto.gov for additional applicants):

Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI;

Approved for use through 08/31/2013, OMB 0651-0033
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

Page 1 _ of <u>2</u>

PATENT NO.

: 8,147,077

APPLICATION NO.: 13/071,174

ISSUE DATE

: April 3, 2012

INVENTOR(S)

Niall R. Lynam

It is certified that an error appears or errors appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 1

Line 11, "U.S," should be --U.S.--

Column 4

Line 5, "clement" should be --element--

Line 64, "165," should be --165.--

Column 6

Line 53, "travel," should be --travel.--

Column 8

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Column 12

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Line 49, "clement" should be --element--

Column 13

Line 32, "clement" should be --element--

Column 14

Line 25, "160'," should be --160'.--

Column 17

Line 12, "application" should be --applications--

MAILING ADDRESS OF SENDER (Please do not use customer number below):

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2851 Charlevoix Dr., S.E., Suite 207

Grand Rapids, MI 49546

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

Page 2 of 2

PATENT NO.

: 8,147,077

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: April 3, 2012

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Column 33

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Grand Rapids, MI 49546

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt			
EFS ID:	12983744		
Application Number:	13071174		
International Application Number:			
Confirmation Number:	3475		
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM		
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam		
Customer Number:	28101		
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma		
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory		
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696		
Receipt Date:	11-JUN-2012		
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011		
Time Stamp:	16:30:02		
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)		

Payment information:

Submitted with	Payment	no			
File Listing:					
Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	TransmittalForm.pdf	60469	no	1
, ,	Hallstiffical Letter	manamittan omi.pu	fc7b0d102884014b29dad52c0f1573ab0c2 9becc		'
Warnings:					
Information:					

2	Request for Certificate of Correction	Request for Certificate of Correcti on.pdf	80257 a6dc3d881d528751e1040dd1115689a445 87fbdf	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	1.	40726	

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Doc Code: TRAN.LET

Document Description: Transmittal Letter

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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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Application Number

PTO/SB/21 (07-09)

		Application Number	13/071,17	74			
TRANSMITTAL		Filing Date	March 24	March 24, 2011			
FORM		First Named Inventor	Niall R. Ly	ynam			
		Art Unit	2872				
(1 - h		Examiner Name	Alessand	ro V. Amari			
(to be used for all correspondence after initia	nung)	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P	2-1696			
Total Number of Pages in This Submission			2011007				
	ENCL	OSURES (Check al	ii that appi				
Fee Transmittal Form		Drawing(s)		After Allowance Communication to TC			
Fee Attached		icensing-related Papers		Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences			
Amendment/Reply		Petition Petition to Convert to a		Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)			
After Final		Provisional Application Power of Attorney, Revocation	on	Proprietary Information			
Affidavits/declaration(s)		Change of Correspondence		Status Letter			
Extension of Time Request	📙 т	erminal Disclaimer		Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify below):			
Express Abandonment Request	F	Request for Refund		-Request for Certificate of Correction			
Information Disclosure Statement		D, Number of CD(s)					
		Landscape Table on C	D				
Certified Copy of Priority	Remar	ks					
Document(s) Reply to Missing Parts/							
Incomplete Application				•			
Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53	•	•					
SIGNA	TURE O	F APPLICANT, ATTO	RNEY,	OR AGENT			
Firm Name GARDNER, LINN, BURK	HART & FL	LORY, LLP					
Signature 75 Le							
Printed name Timothy A. Flory				•			
Date June 11, 2012			Reg. No.	42540			
CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING							
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on							
Signature	the date shown below: Signature Amanda A. Automa						
		Syville .		Date June 11, 2012			
Typed or printed name Amanda R. Syts	ıııd			Julie 11, 2012			

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 8,147,077 B2 Page 1 of 2

APPLICATION NO. : 13/071174

DATED : April 3, 2012

INVENTOR(S) : Niall R. Lynam

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 1

Line 11, "U.S." should be --U.S.--

Column 4

Line 5, "clement" should be --element--

Column 5

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Column 13

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Column 14

Line 25, "160'," should be --160'.--

Column 17

Line 12, "application" should be --applications--

Signed and Sealed this Thirty-first Day of July, 2012

David J. Kappos

Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION (continued) U.S. Pat. No. 8,147,077 B2

Column 18

Line 46, ""rearwardly"" should be -- "rearwardly"--

Column 19

Line 3, "a" should be $-\alpha$ -Line 4, "a" should be $-\alpha$ -

Column 22

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Line 42, Claim 24, "plan-auxiliary" should be --plano-auxiliary--

Case 1:15-cv-00183-JTN Doc #4 Filed 02/20/15 Page 1 of 2 Page ID#373

AO 120 (Rev. 08/10)

TO:

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REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK

	P.O. Box 1450 adria, VA 22313-1450	ACTION REGARDING TRADEMA		
filed in the U.S. Dist	U	Westerr	1116 you are hereby advised that a court ac District of Michigan s 35 U.S.C. § 292.):	on the following
DOCKET NO.	DATE FILED	U.S. DI	STRICT COURT	
1:15-cv-183 PLAINTIFF	2/19/2015	1	Western District of Mich	igan
Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.			Ficosa International S.A.; Ficosa North America Corporation; Ficosa North America S.A. de C.V.; and Fico Mirrors, S.A.	
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRA	ADEMARK
1 .		SEE	ATTCHED LIST	
2				
3				
4				
5				
DATE INCLUDED	In the above—entitled case, the INCLUDED BY		patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:	☐ Other Pleading
PATENT OR	DATE OF PATENT	Idinent	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRA	
TRADEMARK NO.	OR TRADEMARK			
2			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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In the char	a antitled aggs the following d	looision be	a hoon randared or independ is said.	
DECISION/JUDGEMENT	e—entitled case, the following d	iecision na	s been rendered or judgement issued:	
DECISION/JODGENERY				
CLERK	(BY)	DEPUTY	CLERK	DATE
TRACEY CORDES, CI	LERK OF COURT /s/	' Paula	J. Woods	2/20/1015

Copy 1—Upon initiation of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 3—Upon termination of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 2—Upon filing document adding patent(s), mail this copy to Director Copy 4—Case file copy

Case 1:15-cv-00183-JTN Doc #4 Filed 02/20/15 Page 2 of 2 Page ID#374

Patent No.	Date of Patent	Holder
U.S. Patent 7,934,843	May 3, 2011	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,128,243	March 6, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,128,244	March 6, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,147,077	April 3, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,267,534	September 18, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,550,642	October 8, 2013	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,591,047	November 26, 2013	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,783,882	July 22, 2014	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,899,762	December 2, 2014	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.

AO 120 (Rev. 08/10)

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P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450		ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK		
In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Western District of Michigan on the following ☐ Trademarks or ☑ Patents. (☐ the patent action involves 35 U.S.C. § 292.):				
DOCKET NO.	DATE FILED	U.S. DIS	STRICT COURT	
1:15-cv-183 PLAINTIFF	2/19/2015	Т	Western District of Michigan DEFENDANT	
Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.			Ficosa International S.A., et al	
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	
1		SEE	ATTACHED LIST	
2				
3				
4				
5				
DATE INCLUDED	In the above—entitled case, the INCLUDED BY	following	patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:	
	☐ Ame	ndment	Answer Cross Bill Other Pleading	
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	
1				
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	veentitled case, the following o	lecision ha	s been rendered or judgement issued:	
DECISION/JUDGEMENT Voluntarily Dismissed o	n 3/23/2016			
CLERK	(BY)	DEPUTY	CLERK DATE	
Clerk of Court /s/ Paula J. Woods 3/24/2016				

Copy 1—Upon initiation of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 3—Upon termination of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 2—Upon filing document adding patent(s), mail this copy to Director Copy 4—Case file copy

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Alexandria, VA 22313-1450		TRADEMARK		
filed in the U.S. Dist		U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been Western District of Michigan on the following in involves 35 U.S.C. § 292.):		
DOCKET NO. 1:17-cv-77	DATE FILED 1/23/201	Yu.s. district court		
PLAINTIFF MAGNA MIRRORS OF	AMERICA, INC.	Western District of Michigan DEPENDANT SAMVARDHANA MOTHERSON REFLECTEC GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED, et al.		
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		
***		SEE ATTACHED		
2				
3				
4				
5				
DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY	following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:		
PATENT OR	DATE OF PATENT	adment Answer Cross Bill Other Pleading HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		
TRADEMARK NO.	OR TRADEMARK			
2				
3				
4				
5				
In the abov	re-entitled case, the following d	ecision has been rendered or judgement issued:		
DECISION/JUDGEMENT				
CLERK	(BY)	DEPUTY CLERK DATE		
Thomas L. Dorwin, Clerk of Court /s/ P. Woods 1/25/2017				

Copy 1—Upon initiation of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 3—Upon termination of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 2—Upon filing document adding patent(s), mail this copy to Director Copy 4—Case file copy

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