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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL <i>(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))</i>	<i>Attorney Docket No.</i>	DON09 P-1696
	<i>First Inventor</i>	Niall R. Lynam
	<i>Title</i>	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
	<i>Express Mail Label No.</i>	

APPLICATION ELEMENTS <i>See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.</i>	ADDRESS TO: Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria VA 22313-1450
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1. <input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17) 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27. 3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification [Total Pages <u>49</u>] Both the claims and abstract must start on a new page <i>(For information on the preferred arrangement, see MPEP 608.01(a))</i> 4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets <u>16</u>] 5. Oath or Declaration [Total Sheets <u>1</u>] a. <input type="checkbox"/> Newly executed (original or copy) b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) <i>(for continuation/divisional with Box 18 completed)</i> i. <input type="checkbox"/> DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) name in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b). 6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76 7. <input type="checkbox"/> CD-ROM or CD-R in duplicate, large table or Computer Program <i>(Appendix)</i> <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD 8. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission <i>(if applicable, items a. – c. are required)</i> a. <input type="checkbox"/> Computer Readable Form (CRF) b. <input type="checkbox"/> Specification Sequence Listing on: i. <input type="checkbox"/> CD-ROM or CD-R (2 copies); or ii. <input type="checkbox"/> Paper c. <input type="checkbox"/> Statements verifying identity of above copies	ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS 9. <input type="checkbox"/> Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s)) Name of Assignee _____ 10. <input type="checkbox"/> 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement <input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney <i>(when there is an assignee)</i> 11. <input type="checkbox"/> English Translation Document <i>(if applicable)</i> 12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) <input type="checkbox"/> Copies of citations attached 13. <input type="checkbox"/> Preliminary Amendment 14. <input type="checkbox"/> Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) <i>(Should be specifically itemized)</i> 15. <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) <i>(if foreign priority is claimed)</i> 16. <input type="checkbox"/> Nonpublication Request under 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(i). Applicant must attach form PTO/SB/35 or equivalent. 17. <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
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18. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in the first sentence of the specification following the title, or in an Application Data Sheet under 37 CFR 1.76:

Continuation Divisional Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: 12/851,045.....

Prior application information: Examiner Alessandro V. Amari Art Unit: 2872

19. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

The address associated with Customer Number: OR Correspondence address below

Name				
Address				
City	State	Zip Code		
Country	Telephone	Email		

Signature	/taf/	Date	March 24, 2011
Name (Print/Type)	Timothy A. Flory	Registration No. (Attorney/Agent)	42 540

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.53(b). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam

For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir or Madam:

REQUEST FOR FILING DIVISIONAL APPLICATION
UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

This is a request for filing a divisional application of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/851,045, filed August 5, 2010, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/197,666, filed August 25, 2008, now U.S. Patent No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Serial No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S. Patent No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Serial No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003.

1. Copy of Prior Application as Filed Which is Attached

I hereby verify that the attached papers are a copy of what is shown in my records to be the above-identified prior application, including the Declaration as originally filed (37 CFR 1.53). No amendments referred to in any Declaration filed to complete the prior application introduced new matter in that application.

The attached copy of the papers of the parent application includes 37 pages of specification, 11 pages of claims (27 claims), 1 page of Abstract, 16 sheets of drawings, and signed Declaration and Power of Attorney (1 page). The attached drawings are copies of the

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For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
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formal drawings filed in the parent applications and correspond to the drawings originally filed with the parent applications.

2. Amendments

The copy of the application includes the amendments made during prosecution of the parent applications and includes a new Title, a revised/updated Cross Reference to Related Applications and a new Abstract.

The attached copy includes new claims 1-27, which correspond to withdrawn claims 62-88 of the parent patent application, Serial No. 12/851,045.

3. Patent Application Bibliographic Data Form

A copy of the Patent Application Bibliographic Data Form is enclosed.

4. Filing Fee and Calculation

Filing Fee:

Basic Fee - \$330	\$330.00
Each independent claim in excess of three, -3- times \$220.00	\$0.00
Number of claims in excess of twenty, -7- times \$52.00	\$364.00
Filing multiple dependent claims per application \$390.00	\$0.00
Application size fee for each additional 50 sheets that exceeds 100 sheets (-0- times \$270.00)	\$0.00

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Additional Fees:

Search Fee - \$540	\$540.00
Examination Fee - \$220	<u>\$220.00</u>
Total Filing Fee	\$1,454.00

The above fees will be paid by credit card. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 22-0190.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following fees during the pendency of this application, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account 22-0190.

- a) Any filing fees under 37 CFR 1.16 for presentation of extra claims for which full payment has not been tendered.
- b) Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR 1.17 for which full payment has not been tendered.

5. Drawings

Sixteen (16) sheets of formal drawings are enclosed and are copies of those filed in the parent applications. The formal drawings correspond to the drawings originally filed with the parent applications and include any revisions made and approved during prosecution of the parent applications.

6. Disclosure Statement

Applicants respectfully request that information cited in the prior parent application, Serial No. 12/851,045, be considered in the present application. An Information Disclosure Statement is included herewith that lists the cited references.

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For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
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7. Inventorship Statement

With respect to the prior co-pending U.S. application from which this application claims benefit under 35 USC 120, the inventor in this application is the same, namely, Niall R. Lynam.

8. Assignment

The prior application was originally assigned to Donnelly Corporation, a corporation of the State of Michigan, located and doing business at 49 W. Third Street, Holland, Michigan 49423. That Assignment was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office on August 23, 2004, at Reel 015715, Frame 0476.

9. Power of Attorney

The original Power of Attorney in application Serial No. 10/709,434 is to Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP and the individual patent attorneys and patent agents at such patent law firm.

Please address all future correspondence to:

Timothy A. Flory
Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E.
P.O. Box 888695
Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695
Ph: (616) 975-5500
Fax: (616) 975-5505

10. Verification

I hereby declare further that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further

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For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
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that these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP

Date: March 24, 2011



Timothy A. Flory
Registration No. 42 540
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E.
P.O. Box 888695
Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695
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TAF/ars
DON09 P-1696

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76		Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696
		Application Number	
Title of Invention	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM		
The application data sheet is part of the provisional or nonprovisional application for which it is being submitted. The following form contains the bibliographic data arranged in a format specified by the United States Patent and Trademark Office as outlined in 37 CFR 1.76. This document may be completed electronically and submitted to the Office in electronic format using the Electronic Filing System (EFS) or the document may be printed and included in a paper filed application.			

Secrecy Order 37 CFR 5.2

Portions or all of the application associated with this Application Data Sheet may fall under a Secrecy Order pursuant to 37 CFR 5.2 (Paper filers only. Applications that fall under Secrecy Order may not be filed electronically.)

Applicant Information:

Applicant 1					<input type="button" value="Remove"/>
Applicant Authority		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Inventor		<input type="radio"/> Legal Representative under 35 U.S.C. 117	
				<input type="radio"/> Party of Interest under 35 U.S.C. 118	
Prefix	Given Name	Middle Name	Family Name	Suffix	
	Niall	R.	Lynam		
Residence Information (Select One) <input checked="" type="radio"/> US Residency <input type="radio"/> Non US Residency <input type="radio"/> Active US Military Service					
City	Holland	State/Province	MI	Country of Residence i	US
Citizenship under 37 CFR 1.41(b) i		US			
Mailing Address of Applicant:					
Address 1	281 Norwood Avenue				
Address 2					
City	Holland	State/Province	MI		
Postal Code	49424	Countryⁱ	US		
All Inventors Must Be Listed - Additional Inventor Information blocks may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.					
<input type="button" value="Add"/>					

Correspondence Information:

Enter either Customer Number or complete the Correspondence Information section below. For further information see 37 CFR 1.33(a).			
<input type="checkbox"/> An Address is being provided for the correspondence information of this application.			
Customer Number	28101		
Email Address	flory@vglb.com	<input type="button" value="Add Email"/>	<input type="button" value="Remove Email"/>

Application Information:

Title of the Invention	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM		
Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	Small Entity Status Claimed <input type="checkbox"/>	
Application Type	Nonprovisional		
Subject Matter	Utility		
Suggested Class (if any)		Sub Class (if any)	
Suggested Technology Center (if any)			
Total Number of Drawing Sheets (if any)	16	Suggested Figure for Publication (if any)	

Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76		Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696
		Application Number	
Title of Invention	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM		

Publication Information:

Request Early Publication (Fee required at time of Request 37 CFR 1.219)

Request Not to Publish. I hereby request that the attached application not be published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b) and certify that the invention disclosed in the attached application **has not and will not** be the subject of an application filed in another country, or under a multilateral international agreement, that requires publication at eighteen months after filing.

Representative Information:

Representative information should be provided for all practitioners having a power of attorney in the application. Providing this information in the Application Data Sheet does not constitute a power of attorney in the application (see 37 CFR 1.32). Enter either Customer Number or complete the Representative Name section below. If both sections are completed the Customer Number will be used for the Representative Information during processing.

Please Select One:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Customer Number	<input type="radio"/> US Patent Practitioner	<input type="radio"/> Limited Recognition (37 CFR 11.9)
Customer Number	28101		

Domestic Benefit/National Stage Information:

This section allows for the applicant to either claim benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), 120, 121, or 365(c) or indicate National Stage entry from a PCT application. Providing this information in the application data sheet constitutes the specific reference required by 35 U.S.C. 119(e) or 120, and 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2) or CFR 1.78(a)(4), and need not otherwise be made part of the specification.

Prior Application Status	Pending		Remove		
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)		
	Division of	12851045	2010-08-05		
Prior Application Status	Patented		Remove		
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Patent Number	Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
12851045	Continuation of	12197666	2008-08-25	7842154	2010-11-30
Prior Application Status	Patented		Remove		
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Patent Number	Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
12197666	Division of	10709434	2004-05-05	7420756	2008-09-02
Prior Application Status	Expired		Remove		
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)		
10709434	non provisional of	60471872	2003-05-20		
Additional Domestic Benefit/National Stage Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.					Add

Foreign Priority Information:

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76		Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696
		Application Number	
Title of Invention	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM		

This section allows for the applicant to claim benefit of foreign priority and to identify any prior foreign application for which priority is not claimed. Providing this information in the application data sheet constitutes the claim for priority as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b) and 37 CFR 1.55(a).

Remove

Application Number	Country ⁱ	Parent Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Priority Claimed
			<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No

Additional Foreign Priority Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.

Add

Assignee Information:

Providing this information in the application data sheet does not substitute for compliance with any requirement of part 3 of Title 37 of the CFR to have an assignment recorded in the Office.

Remove

Assignee 1

If the Assignee is an Organization check here.

Organization Name Donnelly Corporation

Mailing Address Information:

Address 1 49 W. Third Street

Address 2

City Holland State/Province MI

Country ⁱ US Postal Code 49423

Phone Number Fax Number

Email Address

Additional Assignee Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.

Add

Signature:

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33 and 10.18. Please see 37 CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature	/taf/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2011-03-24
First Name	Timothy	Last Name	Flory
		Registration Number	42540

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.76. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 23 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application data sheet form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether the Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of these records.
2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.
9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] The present application is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/851,045, filed Aug. 5, 2010 (Attorney Docket DON09 P-1624), which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/197,666, filed Aug. 25, 2008, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Ser. No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates generally to rearview mirror elements for a rearview mirror assembly of a vehicle and, more particularly, to exterior rearview mirror elements comprising multi-radius reflective elements.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] Typically, mirror reflective elements are formed of glass and have a reflective coating deposited thereon, such as via vacuum deposition or wet chemical silvering or the like, such as on a silver line, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,737,188, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference. Polymeric reflective elements are also known, such as are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,601,960; 6,409,354; 4,944,581; 4,385,804; 4,193,668; 4,666,264; and 5,483,386, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. For such polymeric mirror reflective elements, the need exists for a hard coat or surface on the first or outer or exterior surface of the element which is contacted by the exterior elements, such as rain, road debris, or the like, or contacted, for example, by a person scraping ice or wiping snow or condensation off the mirror element outer surface, such as during winter. A variety of hard coats have been proposed in the art, typically applied by dip coating or vacuum deposition techniques. However, a need exists for an automotive mirror reflective element which has the properties of plastic (i.e., a specific gravity roughly half that of glass), and which has a glass-like exterior surface.

[0004] Also, exterior rearview mirror reflective elements may be aspheric or multi-radius, and may typically have a less curved or substantially flat (around 2000 mm radius or thereabouts) inboard portion or surface at the inboard side of the reflective element (i.e., closer to the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to the vehicle), and a more curved

multi-radius portion or surface at the outboard side of the reflective element (i.e., further from the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to the vehicle), in order to provide an extended field of view. It is typically desirable to have the reflective elements or substrates of such exterior mirror elements to be formed of a glass material because glass material typically provides an enhanced scratch resistance over conventional optical resins and the like.

[0005] Therefore, there is a need in the art for a mirror reflective element that overcomes the shortcomings of the prior art elements and substrates.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] The present invention provides a molded wide angle or multi-radius substrate for a reflective element. The molded substrate comprises a polymeric optical resin transparent material and has a curved exterior surface, which may have a less curved/flatter or substantially flat inboard portion or surface and a more curved outboard portion or surface. The molded substrate may have an anti-abrasion film or layer, such as an ultrathin glass film, applied over the exterior surface or first surface to provide substantial protection against scratches occurring to the molded substrate. The inner surface or second surface of the reflective element substrate may have a reflective coating or layer, such as a polymeric reflective film, laminated or adhered or otherwise applied thereto.

[0007] According to an aspect of the present invention, a wide angle reflective element for a mirror assembly for a vehicle includes a wide angle substrate having an exterior surface and a glass film disposed at the exterior surface. The exterior surface of the substrate has a less curved inboard portion or surface and a more curved outboard portion or surface. The substrate comprises a polymeric resin material. The glass film is adapted to substantially conform to the exterior surface of the wide angle substrate. The glass film comprises a glass material and has a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm.

[0008] According to another aspect of the present invention, a reflective element for a mirror assembly for a vehicle comprises a substrate having an exterior surface, and an anti-abrasion film applied to the exterior surface. The substrate comprises a polymeric resin material, such as a transparent optical polymeric resin material. The anti-abrasion film preferably comprises a glass material (such as a soda lime glass or a borosilicate or the like) and has a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm, and is flexible to conform to the exterior surface.

[0009] The substrate may be cut from a strip or sheet of molded or extruded or cast substrate material (or less preferably, may be cut from an injected molded strip or sheet). The flexible glass film may be unrolled from a reel or roll and applied to the exterior surface of the elongated strip or sheet of substrate material. The substrate, including the glass film or layer, may then be cut or otherwise formed from the elongated strip or sheet.

[0010] The substrate may comprise a wide angle substrate and/or may comprise a multi-radius exterior surface having a less curved inboard portion or surface and a more curved outboard portion or surface.

[0011] A reflective film or layer may be applied to the inner surface or side of the substrate or strip opposite the exterior surface. The reflective film may comprise a polymeric reflective film laminated or otherwise adhered or applied to the inner side of the substrate or strip. The reflective film may comprise an all polymer-thin-film multilayer, high reflective mirror film comprising multiple coextrusion of many plastic layers to form a highly reflective mirror film.

[0012] Optionally, a reflective film or layer may be applied to the exterior surface of the substrate or sheet or strip, and the glass film or layer or sheet may be applied over the reflective film layer. In such an application, the substrate acts as a support or backing plate for the reflective film or layer and the glass film or layer, whereby optical clarity / transparency of the substrate material is not necessary.

[0013] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for forming a reflective element substrate for a mirror assembly of a vehicle comprises generally continuously forming an elongated strip or sheet of substrate material and applying a substantially transparent functional film, such as an anti-abrasion film or a hydrophilic film or a hydrophobic film or the like, to a surface of the elongated strip sheet. The substrate material may comprise a transparent optical polymeric resin. The functional film is preferably unrolled from a reel or roll of film and applied to the surface of the elongated strip or sheet generally continuously as the strip or sheet is formed or extruded or cast or molded. Preferably, multiple mirror element shapes or mirror element substrates may be cut or otherwise formed from the elongated sheet after the functional film is applied to the surface of the strip or sheet.

[0014] The functional or anti-abrasion film may comprise an ultrathin glass material which is sufficiently flexible to be provided in a reel or roll (or in a sheet that is flexible and conformable to a bent substrate). The substrates may be formed with a wide angle exterior surface or a multi-

radius exterior surface. The anti-abrasion film may be sufficiently flexible to conform to the wide angle or multi-radius or curved exterior surface.

[0015] A reflective film, such as a polymeric reflective film or the like, may be applied to the opposite surface of the substrate or sheet or strip. The reflective film may be sufficiently flexible to be provided in a reel or roll form (or in a sheet that is flexible and conformable to a bent substrate) for unrolling the reflective film as the film is generally continuously applied to the surface of the generally continuously formed sheet or strip.

[0016] Therefore, the present invention provides a molded wide angle or multi-radius single substrate for a rearview mirror assembly which has an anti-abrasion or anti-scratch film or layer applied to the curved, wide angle or multi-radius exterior surface of the substrate. The anti-abrasion film preferably comprises an ultrathin glass film or sheet to provide enhanced scratch resistance. The molded substrate may have a reflective film or layer laminated or applied to the inner surface opposite the exterior surface.

[0017] These and other objects, advantages, purposes and features of the present invention will become apparent upon review of the following specification in conjunction with the drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0018] FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an exterior rearview mirror assembly in accordance with the present invention;

[0019] FIG. 2 is a perspective view of a wide angle or multi-radius reflective element in accordance with the present invention;

[0020] FIG. 3 is a sectional view of the wide angle or multi-radius reflective element taken along the line III-III in FIG. 2;

[0021] FIG. 4 is a sectional view similar to FIG. 3, showing a wide angle or multi-radius reflective element in accordance with the present invention with a reflective film or layer applied to the exterior surface of the element and an anti-abrasion film or layer applied over the reflective film or layer;

[0022] FIG. 5 is a diagram showing the extruding, coating and cutting processes for manufacturing a prismatic mirror reflective element in accordance with the present invention;

[0023] FIG. 5A is an elevation of the extruder of FIG. 5, showing the wedge shape of the extruded strip and reflective element substrate;

[0024] FIG. 6 is a plan view of the extruded strip showing the cut out shapes of the reflective element cut from the extruded strip;

- [0025] FIG. 7 is a sectional view of the reflective element formed by the process shown in FIG. 5;
- [0026] FIG. 8 is a diagram showing an alternate process for manufacturing a prismatic mirror reflective element in accordance with the present invention, where a strip of substrate material is cast and formed via a caster and float section;
- [0027] FIG. 9 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;
- [0028] FIG. 10 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of FIG. 9;
- [0029] FIG. 11 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in FIG. 10;
- [0030] FIG. 12 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of FIG. 11;
- [0031] FIGS. 13A-13H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;
- [0032] FIG. 14 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a dividing wall in a backing plate element;
- [0033] FIG. 14A is a cross-section taken along line XX of FIG. 14;
- [0034] FIG. 14B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of FIG. 14;
- [0035] FIG. 15 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention;
- [0036] FIG. 16 is a front elevation view of another embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention;
- [0037] FIG. 17 is an exploded perspective view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16;
- [0038] FIG. 18 is an end view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16 as viewed from line XVIII--XVIII of FIG. 16;
- [0039] FIG. 19 is a top view of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16 as viewed from line XIX--XIX of FIG. 16;
- [0040] FIG. 20 is a schematic representation of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16 illustrating the orientation of the reflective element;

[0041] FIG. 21 is another schematic representation of the orientation of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element in FIG. 16;

[0042] FIG. 22 is a diagram illustrating the range of viewing of the reflective elements of the plano reflective element assembly of FIG. 16; and

[0043] FIG. 23 is a perspective view of another embodiment of an exterior rearview mirror system of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0044] Referring now to the drawings and the illustrative embodiments depicted therein, an exterior rearview mirror assembly 10 includes a reflective element 12 mounted at a casing 14, which is mounted at an exterior portion of a vehicle 16 (FIG. 1). Reflective element 12 may provide an enhanced field of view or wide angle field of view to a driver or occupant of the vehicle and may comprise a single reflective element substrate 18 having an inner surface 18a and an opposite exterior surface 18b (FIGS. 2 and 3). The exterior surface 18b comprises a less curved or substantially flat inboard portion or surface 18c and a more curved outboard portion or surface 18d, as discussed below. The substrate 18 may have an anti-abrasion coating or layer or film 20, such as an ultrathin glass coating or layer or film, laminated or deposited or otherwise applied to the exterior surface 18b, and may have a reflective coating or layer 22 laminated or applied to the inner surface 18a, as also discussed below. Aspects of the reflective element of the present invention may be suitable for use in a reflective element for an exterior rearview mirror assembly (as shown in FIG. 1) and/or a reflective element for an interior rearview mirror assembly (not shown).

[0045] Reflective element 12 may comprise an aspheric or multi-radius or wide angle single element reflective element substrate. The reflective element 12 may provide a field of view similar to the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,522,451 and 6,717,712, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[0046] As illustrated in FIG. 9 from U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712, incorporated above, passenger automobile 110 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal transportation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 127 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 125. Interior vehicle cabin 125 further includes a steering wheel 116, a driver seat 129 positioned at steering wheel 116, a front passenger seat 121 adjacent to driver seat 129 in the front portion of cabin 125, and a rear passenger seat 123 in the rear portion of

cabin 125. Automobile 110 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 112 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 114, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body 111, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 129 for driver-side assembly 112 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 121 for passenger-side assembly 114. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in FIG. 9 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 112 includes, as illustrated in FIG. 10, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 130. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 136. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 136 in response to control 137. Control 137 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 within exterior mirror housing 140 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. Alternately, when actuator 136 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 137 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin 125) or control 137 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 136 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 136 is mounted to bracket 138 which attaches to vehicle body side 111. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is positionable by actuator 136 within exterior mirror housing 140.

[0047] Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130, as shown in FIG. 11, comprises a plano element 150 and a separate multiradius element 155. Preferably, plano element 150 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plano element 150 and separate multiradius element 155 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 150 and separate multiradius element 155 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in FIG. 11. Plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 are both mounted to surface 159 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 160. Plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 165. Surface 161 of backing plate element 160 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 164, to

actuator 136 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 112 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 114) such that plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 136 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. Thus, since elements 150, 155 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130, movement of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 by actuator 136 simultaneously and similarly moves plano element 150 and multiradius element 155.

[0048] Plano element 150 preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element 150 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element 150 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element 150 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 166) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 167), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element 150 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element 150 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

[0049] When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 112 and/or 114, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element 150 is positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element 155. Thus, and referring to FIG. 11, side A of plano element 150 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element 155 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted on

an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 112 and/or 114, surfaces 166, 168 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

[0050] Multiradius element 155 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element 155 with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element 155 (side C in FIG. 11) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element 150 when both are mounted on backing plate element 160. Thus, and referring to FIG. 11, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 155, when mounted on backing plate element 160, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element 155 from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 155 is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element 155 is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element 155 comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multiradius element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

[0051] The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

[0052] Multiradius element 155 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element 155 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or

any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element 155 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 168) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 169), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element 155 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element 155 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

[0053] Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, 166 and 168, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements 150, 155 is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 when mounted to an automobile.

[0054] The reflector area of plano element 150 is preferably larger than that of multiradius element 155. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element 150 is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element 155 (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to FIG. 11, the distance from side A to side B of plano element 150 is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element 155. Thus, the ratio of the width of plano element 150 to the width of multiradius element 155 is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element 150 as the principal rear viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 and providing multiradius element 155 as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of

passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element 150 (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 75 mm to about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

[0055] Backing plate element 160 is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element 50 and multiradius element 155. Backing plate element 160 comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in FIG. 11) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element 150. Backing plate element 60 also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in FIG. 11) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element 155. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element 155 is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element 155. Backing plate element 160 is formed as a single element to which elements 150 and 155 are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element 160 is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element 160 include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element 160 can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element 150 can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element 155 can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element 160. Alternatively, plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 160 with elements 150, 155 integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element 165) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130.

[0056] Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 further preferably includes demarcation element 165 that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the

assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray, rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 when both are attached to backing plate element 160. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element 165 can be disposed in any gap between plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 at their joint on backing plate element 160. Preferably, demarcation element 165 is formed of a polymeric material that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element 165 is formed of an at least partially elastomeric material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements 150, 155. As shown in FIG. 12, demarcation element 165 optionally includes a crown portion 170 that includes wing portions 173, 173' and a stem portion 171. Stem portion 171 preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than about 2 mm. Crown portion 170 preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces 166, 168 of elements 150, 155 when demarcation element 165 is installed between elements 150 and 155. Also, wings 173, 173' are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces 166, 168 of elements 150, 155 when demarcation element 165 is installed between elements 150 and 155 in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements 150, 155 that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in FIG. 12 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap). Optionally, demarcation element 165 is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 have been attached to backing plate element 160, a separately formed demarcation element 165

can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space between elements 150 and 155. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element 150 and side C of multiradius element 155 can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element 165 can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements 150 and 155. Alternatively, demarcation element 165 can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements 150 and 155. The width of the portion of demarcation element 165 that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element 165 can be formed as part of backing plate element 160 such as by forming demarcation element 165 as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element 160 into two regions: A first region adapted to receive plano reflective element 150 and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element 155.

[0057] Thus, and referring to FIG. 14, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130' may include a backing plate element 160' which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element 165' that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element 165' into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element 150' and into a second region (from BB to AA) adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element 155'. Note that section AA to BB of backing plate element 160' is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in FIG. 14 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

[0058] Preferably, demarcation element 165 is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element 160, and attachment of elements 150, 155 thereto. For

example, plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 160 with elements 150, 155 integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element 165 (along with any other elements such as attachment member 164) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components. Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

[0059] Plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces 166, 168. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

[0060] Also, plano element 150 and/or multiradius element 155 can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element 150 and element 155 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of element 150 and element 155 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements 150, 155 can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an

electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient light). Alternately, if both plano element 150 and multiradius element 155 comprise an electrooptic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element 150 can dim independently of element 155 (such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated by reference in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712, incorporated herein above). If either or both of elements 150, 155 comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/350,930, filed Jul. 12, 1999, entitled "ELECTROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANUFACTURING ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desaraju V. Varaprasad et al., now U.S. Pat. No. 6,154,306, or such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are incorporated by reference in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712, incorporated herein above. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6 mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

[0061] Backing plate element 165 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member 164 to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure

sensitive adhesive to form a "double-sticky" tape. The exterior sideview mirror assembly, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

[0062] FIGS. 13A-13H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element 155 relative to its adjacent plano reflective element 150 (with demarcation element 165 disposed at their joint). In FIGS. 13A, 13B, 13C, 13E and 13F, plano element 150 is mounted wholly inboard of multiradius element 155. Thus, in FIGS. 13A, 13B, 13C, 13E and 13F, plano element 150 would be disposed closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than multiradius element 155 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 was mounted in an exterior sideview mirror attached to a side of an automobile. Therefore, in FIGS. 13A, 13B, 13C, 13E and 13F, plano element 150 would be mounted inboard relative to the side of the automobile and multiradius element 155 would be mounted outboard relative to the side of the automobile. In general, the location of the multiradius reflective element in the outboard, upper portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, as in FIGS. 13B and 13E, is preferred as this allows the plano portion provide a desired rearward field of view along the side of the vehicle. The configuration as shown in FIG. 13G (where the multiradius reflective element is along the inboard side of the assembly) is also desirable as this allows the driver view the side of the vehicle (something many drivers desire in order to have a frame of reference for their rearward field of view) while facilitating having a wide field of view for the plano portion.

[0063] Unlike trucks, busses and commercial vehicles the size of an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on an automobile (and especially when the automobile is not towing a trailer or the like) is restricted. Automobiles generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal transportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles (which are classified herein as automobiles) can have seat accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accommodation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The tandem mounting of a plano element of unit magnification and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing plate element onto an actuator of an exterior sideview mirror assembly so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly move the auxiliary element and the plano element so as to position their respective rearward fields of view, and to achieve this within the relatively

restricted space available in a standard automobile-sized exterior sideview mirror assembly is an important element of this present invention. By utilizing a plano element of unit magnification in the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, and by sizing the reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector area of the multiradius element and, preferably, by sizing the reflector area of the plano element at a sufficiently large size that the rearward field of view provided by the plano element alone meets and satisfies the minimum field of view requirement mandated by an automaker specification and/or a government regulation, the need to provide a safety warning indicia such as "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR" in the plano element and/or in the multiradius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plano element comprises a reflector surface area of a size sufficient, when mounted as part of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, to provide the driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a longitudinal plane tangent to the driver's side of the automobile at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the tangent plane 35 feet behind the driver's eyes (at a nominal location appropriate for any 95th percentile male driver or at the driver's eye reference points established in Federal Motor Vehicle Standard No. 104), with the driver seated in the driver's seat and with the driver's seat in the rearmost position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly (defined as the ratio of its largest vertical dimension to its largest horizontal dimension, measured with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be oriented when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel with the road surface the automobile travels on and "vertical" being generally perpendicular to the road surface the automobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more preferably less than 0.8, most preferably less than 0.6. Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be disposed outboard (relative to the side of the vehicle and with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly so that the multiradius element is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a "blind-spot" region in an adjacent sidelane while the more inboard-disposed plano element with unit magnification provides the principal sideview image to the driver.

[0064]

Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element be different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of

view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the road that the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile) so as to provide the driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in the side lane that the plano element views). However, preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted driver-side (or passenger-side) exterior sideview mirror assembly in which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location and/or several feet (such as about 1 foot to about 24 feet; more preferably, about 1 foot to about 12 feet; most preferably about 1 foot to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear (in order to capture a field of view of a rear approaching vehicle that is approaching to overtake, or is about to overtake, or is overtaking the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly). Thus, preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is angled and directed generally downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element. For example, multiradius element 155' when attached to surface 173" of backing plate 160' (see FIG. 14B) would have its principal axis of rearward view as indicated by 180' as in FIG. 14B, and as such would be canted towards the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. By contrast, plano element 150' when attached to surface 174' of backing plate 160' (see FIG. 14A) would have a principal axis as indicated by 185' as in FIG. 14A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. Having the multiradius element canted somewhat downwards towards the road surface assists visual detection by the driver of overtaking vehicles in the traditional "blind-spot" in the adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius element is angled on the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plano reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1 degree to about 10 degrees range; about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees range more preferred; and about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees

range most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plano reflective portion is attached to. Thus, and referring to FIG. 14, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130' includes a molded polymeric backing plate element 160' comprising a generally flat portion 162' (between BB and CC in FIG. 14) and an adjacent curved portion 161' (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190' and 195', portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160' is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160'. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160' to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. FIG. 14 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130' as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162' closer to the driver than portion 161'). The wall section, section XX in FIG. 14, taken through section 162' of backing plate element 160' is of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in FIG. 14A) whereas the wall section, section YY in FIG. 14B, taken through section 161' of backing plate element 160' is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150' and multiradius reflective element 155' (for example, plano element 150' can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and multiradius element 155' can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to portions 162' and 161', respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173" (see FIG. 14B) of portion 161', the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155' is angled downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal viewing axis of plano element 150', when plano-multiradius reflective element 130' is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element 165' is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element 160', and so demarcation element 165' is formed as an integral part of backing plate element 160', forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160' into a region for receiving the plano reflective element 150' and a region for receiving the auxiliary reflective element 155'. Also, end-caps 170' and 171' are optionally provided. Plano reflective element 150' can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165' and end-cap 171'; multiradius reflective element 155' can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165' and end-cap 170'. Note that the portion of the

backing plate element where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in FIGS. 14A-B. As illustrated in FIGS. 14A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in order to ensure that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

[0065] Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

[0066] Referring to FIG. 15, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and

reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

[0067] Referring to FIG. 16, another embodiment 310 of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention is illustrated. Plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly 310 includes a first reflective element 312 and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 314 which are together supported in a frame element assembly 316. As will be more fully described below, frame element assembly 316 is adapted such that when reflective elements 312 and 314 are placed, or otherwise positioned, in frame element assembly 316, the angular orientation of each reflective element is pre-established such that during assembly, the assembler need simply place the reflective elements in frame element assembly 316.

[0068] In the illustrated embodiment, frame element assembly 316 includes a frame 318 with a forward facing open portion 318a (FIG. 17) (and thus when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in a vehicle-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly, the forward facing open portion (318a) is facing to the front of the vehicle) through which a reflective element subassembly 317a, which includes reflective element 312, is positioned in frame element assembly 316 and a rearward facing open portion 318b (FIG. 16) (which faces the rear of the vehicle when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in a vehicle mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly) in which a second reflective element subassembly 317b, which includes reflective element 314, is positioned in frame element assembly 316. Frame 318 preferably comprises a molded member formed from a plastic material, such as a reinforced nylon.

[0069] In preferred form, first reflective element 312 comprises a plano reflective element 350, such as a flat reflector coated glass substrate, with a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of an image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed to the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances) so as to have a unit magnification. Similar to the previous embodiment, plano reflective element 350 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance reflective element or may

comprise a variable reflectance reflective element whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable, as is known in the art. For example, plano reflective element 350 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with metallic reflector coating, such as a chromium coating, titanium coating, rhodium coating, metal alloy coating, nickel alloy coating, silver coating, aluminum coating, or any alloy or composition of these metal reflectors. For further details of plano reflective element 350, reference is made to the previous embodiments.

[0070] In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 312 comprises an electrochromic reflective element and includes a first substrate 312a and a second substrate 312b with an electrochromic medium 312c disposed between first and second substrates 312a, 312b. Such suitable electrochromic media include, for example, a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium as noted in reference to the previous embodiments. Electrical connectors 320a and 320b are coupled to the electrochromic medium 312c to provide a potential across the electrochromic medium which induces the electrochromic medium to darken, as is known in the art. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element subassembly 317a also includes an optional heater pad 322, which is disposed behind reflective element 312, and a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad 326, positioned behind heater pad 322, which absorbs vibration of reflective element 312.

[0071] Referring again to FIG. 17, frame 318 is adapted to receive and support reflective element subassembly 317a, which is mounted to frame 318 by a backing plate 324, such as a plastic backing plate. In the illustrated embodiment, backing plate 324 mounts to the inner perimeter portion of frame 318 using conventional techniques, such as by adhesive bonding, heatstaking, snap-fit coupling, welding, or the like, to form part of frame element assembly 316. Alternatively, backing plate 324 may mount onto foam pad 326, for example, by an adhesive attachment, such as double sided sticky tape. In which case, reflective element 312 may be mounted to an inner surface of frame 318, such as by an adhesive attachment, including for example a silicone adhesive, with heater pad 322 mounted to reflective element 312, such as by an adhesive attachment, and foam pad 326 mounted to heater pad 322, such as by an adhesive attachment including, for example, double-sided sticky tape.

[0072] Frame element assembly 316 mounts reflective element assembly 310 in the mirror casing and preferably on an actuator, such as an electric actuator, which permits adjustment to the orientation of reflective element assembly 310 about one or more axis. Examples of suitable actuators are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,900,999; 5,986,364; 6,132,052; 6,037,689; and

6,094,027 and applications Ser. No. 09/277,632, filed Mar. 26, 1999, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,229,226, and Ser. No. 09/408,867, filed Sep. 29, 1999, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,243,218, which are incorporated by reference in their entireties in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712 (incorporated herein above). Optionally and preferably, backing plate 324 is adapted to engage or be engaged by the actuator for repositioning of plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly 310 about one or more axes. In this manner, the orientation of both reflective element 312 and reflective element 314 are simultaneously adjusted by the actuator. As best seen in FIG. 17, forward facing side 324a of backing plate 324 includes mounting structures 324b which are engaged by the actuator to thereby mount reflective element assembly 310 in the mirror casing.

[0073] Referring again to FIG. 16, frame 318 is a unitary frame and includes a first bezel portion 330 which extends around reflective element 312 and a second bezel portion 332 which extends around reflective element 314 to provide styling utility as well as functional utility. In this manner, a portion of forward facing side of frame 318 forms a support surface for reflective element 312, while a portion of rearward facing side of frame 318 forms first bezel portion 330. Similarly, another portion of the rearward facing side of frame provides support for reflective element 314 and also provides bezel portion 332. In addition, a portion of frame 318 forms a demarcation element at the juncture of reflective elements 312 and 314. In the illustrated embodiment, the demarcation element is formed by a section or portion of bezel portion 330, which will be described in greater detail in reference to bezel portion 330. Thus, frame element assembly 316 provides a support function, a positioning function, including an angling function, while also serving to provide styling utility and a demarcation function.

[0074] Second reflective element 314 comprises a radiused reflective element and, more preferably, a multiradiused reflective element 355 having a multiradiused curvature. For example, the radii of curvature of reflective element 314 may range from about 4000 mm to about 100 mm and, preferably, range from about 3000 mm to about 150 mm, and, most preferably, range from about 2000 mm to about 200 mm. In addition, reflective element 314 may comprise a fixed reflectance reflective element or may comprise a variable reflectance reflective element whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. Preferably, reflective elements 312 and 314 include glass substrates, with at least the outer surface of each reflective element comprising glass. However, metalized plastic reflectors may also be used which is especially suitable for reflective element 314. In which case, the reflective element (314) would be especially suitable for molding in or along with frame 318, with the preformed metalized

substrate forming reflective element 314 being placed into the mold forming frame 318. For further details of other suitable reflective elements, reference is made to the previous embodiments. In addition to reflective element 314, reflective element subassembly 317b includes a vibration reducing element, such as a foam pad 314a, which is positioned behind reflective element 314. Similar to reflective element 312, foam pad 314a is attached to reflective element 314 by an adhesive attachment, such as a double-sided sticky tape and, similarly, is attached to frame 318 as will be more fully described below.

[0075] As noted above, frame 318 includes a first bezel portion 330 and a second bezel portion 332. In addition, frame 318 includes an auxiliary support element 320 that provides a mounting surface or support surface for reflective element subassembly 317b. As best seen in FIGS. 17 and 18, support element 320 includes a recessed support surface 328 which is angled to provide an angled support surface for reflective element subassembly 317b. Thus, when reflective subassembly 317b is positioned on and mounted on support surface 328, such as by an adhesive attachment between foam pad 314a and support surface 328, the orientation of reflective element 314 is established by the angle of the support surface. Optionally, support element 320 includes gussets 321a and 321b which project forwardly from the forward facing side of frame 318 to thereby reinforce support surface 328.

[0076] Referring to FIG. 16, first bezel portion 330 includes an upper portion 330a, two side portions 330b and 330c, and a lower portion 330d. Side portion 330b forms an acute angle with respect to the lower portion 330d and an obtuse angle with respect to upper portion 330a and together with upper portion 330a, side portion 330c, and lower portion 330d form a perimeter around reflective element 312 to thereby form a styling feature. Second bezel portion 332 extends outwardly from upper portion 330a and downwardly to lower portion 330d of first perimeter portion 330 and together with side portion 330b forms a perimeter around second reflective element 314. Support element 320 extends behind and between side portion 330b and second bezel portion 332 so that reflective element 314 is recessed behind side portion 330b and bezel portion 332.

[0077] As best seen in FIG. 18, upper portion 330a, side portions 330b and 330c, and lower portion 330d are substantially coplanar and together define an outer surface below which reflective element 312 is recessed when reflective element 312 is mounted in frame 318. In contrast, perimeter portion 332 is angled forwardly with respect to the plane in which upper portion 330a, side portions 330b and 330c, and lower portion 330d lie. It should be understood

that the terms "forwardly", "rearwardly" and "downwardly", are used in reference to when the mirror system is mounted in an automobile. Therefore, "forwardly" is a direction heading toward the front of the automobile, "rearwardly" is a direction heading to the rear of the automobile, "outwardly" is a direction away from the side of the vehicle on which the mirror assembly is mounted, and "downwardly" is a direction heading toward the surface on which the vehicle is positioned (such as a ground or road surface). Similarly as noted above, reflective element 314 is recessed below an outer surface of perimeter portion 332 and also below the outer surface of side portion 330b when mounted in frame 318.

[0078] As would be understood from FIGS. 17-19, support surface 328 is also angled forwardly with respect to back plate 324 and/or reflective element 312 when frame element assembly 316 is mounted in an automobile mounted exterior sideview mirror system. In addition, support surface 328 is also angled or tilted downwardly with respect to reflective element 312 and/or backing plate 324 such that when reflective element 314 is supported on support surface 328, reflective element 314 provides an increased field of view extending laterally or outwardly from the longitudinal axis of the automobile and also downwardly of the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

[0079] Referring to FIGS. 21 and 22, support surface 328 is configured such that reflective element 314 is tilted forwardly at an angle α with respect to the X-axis of reflective element 312. In one form, angle α is in a range of about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees. In another form, angle α is in a range of about 1 degree to about 3 degrees. In yet another form, angle α is in a range of about 1.25 degrees to about 2.5 degrees. Reflective element 314 is also tilted downwardly with respect to the Y-axis of reflective element 312 at an angle β . In one form, angle β is in a range of about 0.75 degrees to about 5 degrees. In another form, angle β is in a range of about 1.5 degrees to about 3.5. In yet another form, angle β is in a range of about 2 degrees to about 3 degrees. With the tilted orientation of reflective element 314, reflective element 314 provides a field of view with a principal axis that sweeps outwardly and downwardly with respect to the principal axis of the field of view of reflective element 312.

[0080] In the illustrated embodiment, support surface 328 is provided by a plate member 321. Plate member 321 may comprise a solid plate member or a foraminous plate member. In the illustrated embodiment, plate member 321 is integrally formed with perimeter portions 330 and 332 during the molding process of frame 318. As previously noted, frame 318 includes a

rearwardly facing opening 318b through which reflective element 314 is inserted for placement on support surface 328. For example, reflective element 314 may be positioned in frame 318 on support surface 328 during the molding process of frame 318, such as by insert molding, or may be inserted into frame 318 before the plastic material forming frame 318 is fully cured and is still pliable. In which case, reflective element subassembly 317b is mounted to auxiliary support 320 by an adhesive attachment or a mechanical attachment. Alternatively, support surface 328 may be formed by peripheral flange or a frame. In this manner, reflective element subassembly 317b may be placed in frame 318 from its forward facing side.

[0081] Referring to FIG. 22, when reflective element assembly 310 is mounted in a vehicle reflective element 312 has a field of view 360 which forms an angle A with respect to the longitudinal center line of the vehicle in a range of about 8 degrees to about 20 degrees. In another form, angle A is in a range of about 10 degrees to about 18 degrees. In yet another form, angle A is in a range of about 12 degrees to about 16 degrees. Similarly, reflective element 314 has a field of view 362 which forms an angle C in range of about 15 degrees to about 50 degrees. In another form, angle C is in a range of about 15 degrees to about 35 degrees. In yet another form, angle C is in a range of about 15 degrees to about 25 degrees. Consequently, the overall field of view of reflective elements 312 and 314 extends over an angle B, which ranges from about 8 degrees to about 50 degrees in one form, about 10 degrees to about 35 degrees in another form, and about 12 degrees to about 25 degrees in yet another form. Furthermore, field of views 360 and 362 overlap over a range having angle D in a range of about 20 degrees to about 2 degrees, or in a range of about 15 degrees to about 5 degrees. In another form, angle D is in a range of about 10 degrees to about 8 degrees.

[0082] From the foregoing, it can be appreciated that reflective elements 312 and 314 provide a wider field of view than a wholly planar rearview mirror element that fully accommodates an equivalent frame having similar dimensions. In addition, because reflective elements 312 and 314 have overlapping field of views, an image in the field of view of reflective element 314 will transition or move between the reflective elements and appear in both reflective elements during the transition to thereby enable the driver of the automobile to view or be conscious of the object continuously. In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 314 is positioned in an outboard position relative to reflective element 312; therefore, when a vehicle or object that is approaching the automobile from the rear and to some extent from the side, the image of the approaching object will first appear in reflective element 312, then appear in both reflective elements 314 and

312, and then move to reflective element 314 so that the driver will be initially aware of the approaching object when its image first appears in reflective element 312 and continue to be aware of the object as it moves closer to the automobile, thus increasing the range of viewing of the driver. Since the image transitions smoothly from reflective element 312 to reflective element 314, the driver's awareness of the object is continuous and, further, the driver is not distracted from sudden transitions that often occur with conventional spotter mirrors. Typically, when an object "falls" or "drops" out, a driver's consciousness of the object reduces significantly, if not ceases, which is one of the causes of many automobile blind spot accidents. Hence, when combined with the field of view of an interior rearview mirror system, the present invention reduces, if not eliminates, an automobile's blind spot. For further discussion of blind spots in vehicle rearview mirror systems, reference is made to U.S. provisional application entitled VEHICULAR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM, Ser. No. 60/252,149, filed Nov. 20, 2000 by Robert E. Schnell, David K. Willmore, and Richard J. Weber, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety in U.S. Pat. No. 6,717,712 (incorporated herein above). Thus, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly provides a seamless rearvision function whereby the image of a side approaching/side overtaking other vehicle is substantially seamlessly maintained as the image of the overtaking or approaching vehicle transitions from being principally and substantially viewed by the driver of the vehicle (the vehicle mounted with the mirror system of the present invention) in the plano reflective element to be seen in the auxiliary reflective element.

[0083] Referring to FIG. 23, the numeral 410 generally designates yet another embodiment of an automobile exterior sideview mirror system of the present invention. Exterior sideview mirror system 410 includes a housing 412, a first reflective element 414, and a second or auxiliary, separate reflective element 416, which together provide an increase field of view over conventional planar reflectors mounted in a frame of equivalent dimensions to the combined lateral dimensions of reflective element 414 and 416.

[0084] Housing 412 includes a mirror casing 417 and a sail 418, which mounts casing 412 to a side of an automobile. Though illustrated as a fixed mounting arrangement, it should be understood that mirror system 410, like the previous embodiments, may comprise a break-away mirror system or a powerfold mirror system.

[0085] In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 414 comprises a plano reflective element having a unit magnification, similar to the plano reflective elements described in reference to the previous embodiments. Reflective element 416 preferably comprises a wide-

angle reflector, such as a convex or aspheric reflector, and may include a multiradius curvature. For further description of suitable reflectors, reference is made to the previous embodiment.

[0086] In the illustrated embodiment, reflective element 416 is mounted in an outboard position relative to reflective element 414 and is fixedly mounted to bezel 420 of mirror casing 417. In addition, reflective element 416 is preferably angled downwardly and forwardly relative to first reflective element 414 when mirror system 410 is mounted to an automobile to thereby increase the field of view of mirror system 410. Optionally and preferably, reflective element 416 is detachably mounted to bezel 420, such as by mechanical fasteners, including clips, so that reflective element 416 can be removed, such as for replacement.

[0087] Reflective element 414 preferably comprises an independently positionable reflective element and is mounted by a backing member, such as a backing plate, to an actuator, which provides multi-axis positioning of reflective element 414. In this manner, reflective element 414 and reflective element 416 are separately and independently mounted in housing 412. In addition, reflective element 414 optionally extends behind reflective element 416 in order to maintain the overlap of the field of views of reflective elements 414 and 416 even when reflective element 414 is moved by the actuator. Similar to the previous embodiment, when an object moves toward the automobile, in which mirror system 410 is mounted, from the rear of the automobile or laterally with respect to the automobile, the image of the object will appear initially in reflective element 414. As the object moves closer to the automobile, the image of the object will move from reflective element 414 to reflective element 416 such that when the image transitions between reflective element 414 and reflective element 416, the image will appear in both reflective elements.

[0088] Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element, such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element, for the second or auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano or first reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective element is angled relative to the

plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

[0089] The substrate 18 of the reflective element 12 of the present invention may be formed (such as by casting, extrusion or injection molding) of a polymeric optical resin material, such as an acrylic or polycarbonate resin, a polyolefin, a cyclic olefin copolymer, such as a COC resin known as "TOPAS" and available from Ticona of Summit, NJ (such as a resin of the type described in U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 09/946,228, filed Sep. 5, 2001 for IMPROVED PLASTIC SUBSTRATE FOR INFORMATION DEVICE AND METHOD FOR MAKING SAME, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference) or the like. Because the substrate can be, for example, injection molded from an optical resin, the substrate may be molded or formed to a desired shape having a wide angle or multi-radius surface, which is typically challenging to accomplish with glass sheets. This is because any prescription or form for the substrate can be established in an injection mold by machining, such that when the injection mold is filled with molten injected optical resin material, the optical resin material takes the shape of the mold. Thus, for example, a substrate having a substantially or fully flat inboard region for a multi-radius (often referred to as an aspheric) exterior mirror element is fully practical.

[0090] As shown in FIGS. 1-3, inboard portion or surface 18c of exterior surface 18b is positioned at or toward the side of the reflective element that is toward the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to or attached to the vehicle. The inboard portion 18c of surface 18b of substrate 18 may comprise a substantially flat or slightly curved or less curved surface, such as a surface having a radius of curvature of preferably greater than at least approximately 4000 mm, more preferably greater than at least approximately 9000 mm, and most preferably greater than at least approximately 12000 mm. The inboard surface 18c may provide a field of view of up to approximately 10 degrees, preferably up to approximately 15 degrees, and more preferably up to approximately 20 degrees.

[0091] Outboard portion or surface 18d of exterior surface 18b of substrate 18 is positioned outward from inboard portion and is thus further away from the side body of the vehicle when the mirror assembly is mounted to or attached to the vehicle. Outboard portion 18d of exterior surface 18b may be a more convex or curved surface, such that the substrate comprises a wide angle or multi-radius exterior surface substrate. The more curved outboard surface 18d of the substrate may have radii of curvature in the range of less than about 4000 mm to about 100 mm or lower. The more curved outboard portion or surface 18d may provide an extended field of view when combined with the less curved inboard portion or surface 18c. For example, the combined field of view of the mirror reflective element 12 may be preferably greater than at least approximately 25 degrees, more preferably greater than at least approximately 35 degrees, and most preferably greater than at least approximately 45 degrees. The substrate may be formed to have curves or shapes or to provide other field of views, without affecting the scope of the present invention.

[0092] The exterior surface 18b of substrate 18 may be coated or covered with a substantially transparent functional film or layer 20, such as an anti-abrasion film or layer, such as an ultrathin glass film or layer or sheet having a thickness of preferably less than or equal to approximately 0.8 mm, more preferably less than or equal to approximately 0.5 mm, and most preferably less than or equal to approximately 0.3 mm. The ultrathin glass film or layer or sheet 20 provides a flexible glass film which can be conformed to the exterior surface of the molded substrate (for example, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,085,907, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference) after the substrate is molded. The ultrathin glass film or layer may provide substantial protection against scratches on the outboard surface, such as may occur due to impact by debris at the outside of the vehicle (for exterior mirror assembly applications) or by use of ice scrapers and the like on the glass surface and the like. The ultrathin glass film or layer may be applied to a molded or extruded strip (such as described below with respect to FIGS. 5-8) or may be applied to the surface or surfaces of a formed or cut substrate, without affecting the scope of the present invention. The flexible ultrathin glass film or layer of the present invention allows the wide angle or multi-radius substrate to be molded in the desired shape out of a transparent acrylic resin material, yet may conform to the curved or multi-radius or aspheric shape and provide enhanced protection or scratch resistance to the substrate.

[0093] It is envisioned that other functional films or hard coats or anti-abrasion films or the like may be applied to the exterior surface of the molded substrate, such as via adhering or applying a

film to the exterior surface or via dip coating or vacuum deposition or the like. Optionally, a hydrophobic film or hydrophilic film or element or property may also or otherwise be applied to the exterior surface 18b of the substrate. Optionally, the functional film may comprise a non-glass or polymeric film, such as a polymeric material that is a harder and/or different property material than the substrate itself. Optionally, the anti-abrasion film may be formed of the same resin material as the substrate to match the coefficients of thermal expansion and thus reduce thermal expansion/contraction mismatches between the materials.

[0094] Optionally, the inner or rear surface 18a of the substrate 18 may have a reflective layer or coating or film or sheet 22 laminated or otherwise applied thereto. For example, the reflective layer or film 22 may comprise a polymeric reflective film 22 laminated or otherwise adhered or applied to the rear or inner surface 18a of a molded or extruded or cast strip (such as described below with respect to FIGS. 5-8) or of the molded or formed substrate 18. Reflective film 22 may comprise a polymeric reflective film, such as an all polymer-thin-film multilayer, high reflective mirror film, such as a multilayer, non-metallic reflective film which may comprise multiple coextrusion of many plastic layers to form a highly reflective mirror film, such as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,773,882; 3,884,606; and 3,759,647, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. Such a reflective film thus may comprise multilayers of polymer materials to form a highly reflective mirror film, such as a Radiant Light Film, a Radiant Mirror Film or a Radiant Color Film, such as commercially available from 3M of St. Paul, Minn., such as a Radiant Color Film CM590 or CM500. Also, a durable metallized polymeric mirror layer can be used, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,361,172, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[0095] As shown in FIG. 4, it is envisioned that a substrate or substrate shape or sheet or strip of substrate material 118 may have a reflective film or layer 122 adhered or laminated or otherwise applied to the exterior surface 118b of the substrate material. An anti-abrasion film or layer 120 (which may comprise an ultrathin glass film or layer as described above) may be adhered or laminated or otherwise applied to the reflective film or layer 122. In such an application, with the reflective layer on the front or exterior surface of the substrate, the substrate material may be molded or formed of a polymeric material that does not provide optical clarity and need not be transparent. The substrate material may act only as a support or backing plate for the reflective film or layer and the anti-abrasion film or layer and thus may be opaque or non-transparent. The exterior surface 118b of substrate material 118 may comprise a wide angle exterior surface or a

multi-radius exterior surface having a less curved inboard portion or surface 118c and a more curved outboard portion or surface 118d, such as discussed above with respect to substrate 18.

[0096] Optionally, and such as shown in FIGS. 5, 6 and 8, the optical resin material may be molded or extruded or cast into a generally continuous strip 19 having the desired curved or multi-radius surfaces, and may be cut to form the substrates. The substrates may be cut from the strip via any known cutting process, such as via a laser cutting process or a water-jet cutting process or the like, without affecting the scope of the present invention.

[0097] As shown in FIGS. 5-8, the molding processes and film or layer application processes of the present invention may be used to form a prismatic or wedge-shaped strip for forming prismatic or wedge-shaped substrates 18' (FIG. 7) for use in an interior rearview mirror assembly of a vehicle.

[0098] As also shown in FIGS. 5-8, the substrate material or optical resin material may be extruded or cast to form the continuous strip or sheet 19. For example, and as shown in FIGS. 5 and 5A, the strip 19 may be extruded by an extruder 24, which, preferably continuously, extrudes the optical resin material through an extrusion nozzle 26. The extruded material may be moved through an annealing Lehr 28 to reduce or substantially eliminate birefringence, striation, stress and/or distortion in the strip or substrates. The coatings or layers or films 20 and/or 22 may be applied to one or both surfaces of the strip or substrate after the annealing process. The strip 19 may then be cut, such as via laser cutting or water-jet cutting devices or processes 30, or via other forming processes, to form the substrates 18' after the films or coatings have been applied thereto.

[0099] Optionally, and as shown in FIG. 8, the strip 19 of optical polymeric resin material may be cast by a caster 32, which deposits the molten polymer or resin material onto a float section 34, such as a heated plate or heated melt. The float section 34 may be angled to form the wedge-shaped strip as the strip or ribbon of cast molten polymer solidifies as it passes across the hot float section (it is also envisioned that the float may provide a curved surface to form the curved outboard surface of the substrate). The coatings or layers or films 20, 22 may be applied to the solidified strip and the strip may be cut to form the substrates after the coatings or layers or films have been applied thereto.

[00100] Because the films or layers are flexible, it is envisioned that the anti-abrasion film or ultrathin glass film and/or the reflective polymeric film may be unwound or unrolled and applied along the generally continuously extruded or cast substrate material or strip 19. For example,

and as shown in FIGS. 5-8, the ultrathin glass film (or other outer layer anti-abrasion coating or film) 20 may be provided in a reel or roll form or strip 20a and may be unwound or unrolled and laminated or otherwise adhered or applied along the exterior surface 19b of the extruded or cast strip 19 of substrate material. Likewise, the reflective polymeric film 22 may be provided in a reel or roll form or strip 22a and may be attached or applied to the inner surface 19a of the substrate material strip 19, such as via laminating or adhering or otherwise applying the film to the substrate material, such as by using optical adhesive and/or via rolling or ironing the film or sheet (preferably at an elevated temperature and with vacuum assist) onto the substrate or strip surface, to secure the reflective film to the substrate or extruded or cast strip or sheet.

[00101] Optionally, the glass film or layer or sheet (or reel or roll of glass sheet or strip) may be coated with a highly reflective metallic layer, such as silver or aluminum or the like, deposited on or applied to its inner surface (i.e., the surface which is adhered to or otherwise applied to the substrate or substrate sheet or strip). The reflective layer or coating may be applied to the glass film or layer with or without transparent overcoats. The glass film thus may provide the reflective layer at the exterior surface of the substrate, such that the reflective layer provides the second layer or surface, with the substrate behind the reflective layer. The glass sheet or film may thus be provided with the reflective mirror coating already applied thereto. The glass layer with reflective layer or coating applied thereto may be provided in a reel or roll form for applying both the reflective layer and the anti-abrasion layer to the exterior surface of the substrate or substrate strip or sheet in one application process. In such an application, the substrate material need not comprise a transparent optical resin material, and a separate reflective layer or film or coating would not be necessary at the inner or rear surface of the substrate.

[00102] It is envisioned that other hard coats or films or the like may be applied to one or more surfaces of the molded substrate strip or to the molded and cut substrates, such as via dip coating or vacuum deposition or the like, without affecting the scope of the present invention. The other hard coats or films may be substantially flexible and may be applied via unrolling of a reel of an anti-abrasion film or sheet and applying the film or sheet to a surface of an extruded or cast strip of transparent acrylic resin or the like, as discussed above. Optionally, a hydrophobic film or hydrophilic film or element or property may also or otherwise be applied to (or sprayed on) one or both surfaces 18a, 18b of the substrate or strip or sheet. Optionally, one or both of the reflective polymeric film 22 and the anti-abrasion film 20 may be formed of the same resin

material as the substrate 18, 18' or substrate strip 19 to match the coefficients of thermal expansion and thus reduce thermal expansion/contraction mismatches between the materials.

[00103] Optionally, it is envisioned that such ultrathin glass films, anti-abrasion films, reflective films or reflective systems may be used for electrochromic mirror reflective elements or cells as well. For example, the interior or exterior rearview mirror assembly of the present invention may comprise an electrochromic mirror, such as an electrochromic mirror assembly and electrochromic element utilizing principles disclosed in commonly assigned U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,140,455; 5,151,816; 6,690,268; 6,178,034; 6,154,306; 6,002,544; 5,567,360; 5,525,264; 5,610,756; 5,406,414; 5,253,109; 5,076,673; 5,073,012; 5,117,346; 5,724,187; 5,668,663; 5,910,854; 5,142,407 and/or 4,712,879, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference, and/or as disclosed in the following publications: N. R. Lynam, "Electrochromic Automotive Day/Night Mirrors", SAE Technical Paper Series 870636 (1987); N. R. Lynam, "Smart Windows for Automobiles", SAE Technical Paper Series 900419 (1990); N. R. Lynam and A. Agrawal, "Automotive Applications of Chromogenic Materials", Large Area Chromogenics: Materials and Devices for Transmittance Control, C.M. Lampert and C.G. Granquist, EDS., Optical Engineering Press, Wash. (1990), which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. The mirror assembly may comprise an interior rearview mirror assembly, and may include an accessory module or may be mounted to an accessory module, such as an accessory module of the types disclosed in U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/355,454, filed Jan. 31, 2003 for VEHICLE ACCESSORY MODULE, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,824,281, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[00104] Optionally, the mirror assembly may include one or more displays for displaying information to a driver of the vehicle at or through the reflective element of the mirror assembly. For example, the mirror assembly may include one or more displays of the types described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,329,925; 6,501,387; 6,690,268; 5,910,854; 6,420,036; 5,668,663; and 5,724,187, and/or in U.S. pat. applications, Ser. No. 10/054,633, filed Jan. 22, 2002 by Lynam et al. for VEHICULAR LIGHTING SYSTEM, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,195,381; and Ser. No. 10/456,599, filed Jun. 6, 2003 by Weller et al. for INTERIOR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM WITH COMPASS, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,004,593, and/or in PCT Application No. PCT/US03/29776, filed Sep. 19, 2003 by Donnelly Corporation et al. for ELECTROCHROMIC MIRROR ASSEMBLY; PCT Application No. PCT/US03/35381, filed Nov. 5, 2003 by Donnelly Corporation et al. for ELECTRO-OPTIC REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY;

and/or PCT Application No. PCT/US03/40611, filed Dec. 19, 2003 by Donnelly Corporation et al. for ACCESSORY SYSTEM FOR VEHICLE, and/or in U.S. provisional applications, Ser. No. 60/508,086, filed Oct. 2, 2003 by Schofield for MIRROR REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY INCLUDING ELECTRONIC COMPONENT; Ser. No. 60/525,952, filed Nov. 26, 2003 by Lynam for MIRROR REFLECTIVE ELEMENT FOR A VEHICLE; Ser. No. 60/471,546, filed May 19, 2003; Ser. No. 60/525,537, filed Nov. 26, 2003; and Ser. No. 60/556,259, filed Mar. 25, 2004, which are all hereby incorporated herein by reference, without affecting the scope of the present invention.

[00105] Optionally, the mirror assembly may include or be associated with electronic accessories, such as, for example, antennas, including global positioning system (GPS) or cellular phone antennas, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,971,552, a communication module, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,798,688, a blind spot detection system, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,929,786 and/or 5,786,772, a high/low headlamp controller, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,796,094 and/or 5,715,093, transmitters and/or receivers, such as a garage door opener or the like, a digital network, such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,798,575, a memory mirror system, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,796,176, a hands-free phone attachment, a video device for internal cabin surveillance and/or video telephone function, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,760,962 and/or 5,877,897, a remote keyless entry receiver or system or circuitry and/or a universal garage door opening system or circuitry (such as the types disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,396,408; 6,362,771; 5,798,688 and 5,479,155, and/or U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/770,736, filed Feb. 3, 2004 by Baumgardner et al. for GARAGE DOOR OPENING SYSTEM FOR VEHICLE, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,023,322), lights, such as map reading lights or one or more other lights or illumination sources, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,690,268; 5,938,321; 5,813,745; 5,820,245; 5,673,994; 5,649,756; 5,178,448; 5,671,996; 4,646,210; 4,733,336; 4,807,096; 6,042,253; and/or 5,669,698, and/or U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/054,633, filed Jan. 22, 2002 by Lynam et al. for VEHICULAR LIGHTING SYSTEM, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,195,381, microphones, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,243,003; 6,278,377; and/or 6,420,975, and/or PCT Application No. PCT/US03/30877, filed Oct. 1, 2003, speakers, a compass or compass system, such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,924,212; 4,862,594; 4,937,945; 5,131,154; 5,255,442; and/or 5,632,092, and/or U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/456,599, filed Jun. 6, 2003 by Weller et al. for INTERIOR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM WITH COMPASS, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,004,593, a navigation system, such as described in U.S.

Pat. No. 6,477,464, and U.S. pat. applications, Ser. No. 10/456,599, filed Jun. 6, 2003 by Weller et al. for INTERIOR REARVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM WITH COMPASS, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,004,593; Ser. No. 10/287,178, filed Nov. 4, 2002 by McCarthy et al. for NAVIGATION SYSTEM FOR A VEHICLE, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,678,614; Ser. No. 10/645,762, filed Aug. 20, 2003 by Taylor et al. for VEHICLE NAVIGATION SYSTEM FOR USE WITH A TELEMATICS SYSTEM, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,167,796; and Ser. No. 10/422,378, filed Apr. 24, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,946,978; and/or PCT Application No. PCT/US03/40611, filed Dec. 19, 2003 by Donnelly Corporation et al. for ACCESSORY SYSTEM FOR VEHICLE, a tire pressure monitoring system, such as the types disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,294,989; 6,445,287; and/or 6,472,979, and/or in U.S. pat. application, Ser. No. 10/206,495, filed Jul. 26, 2002 by Schofield et al. for SELF TRAINING TIRE PRESSURE MONITORING SYSTEM, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,731,205, a seat occupancy detector, a trip computer, a telematics system, such as an ONSTAR[®] system or the like, and/or any other desired accessory or system or the like (with all of the above-referenced patents and patent applications and PCT applications being commonly assigned to Donnelly Corporation, and with the disclosures of all of the above referenced patents and patent applications and PCT applications being hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entireties).

[00106] Optionally, a vehicle compass or compass system may comprise a printed circuit board and may be positioned within a pod or the like that may be fixedly mounted in the vehicle. The compass may be initially calibrated (such as at the assembly plant or the like) via a small Helmholtz coil that may accommodate the small circuit board or pod. The coil induces a field to calibrate the compass, such as described in U.S. provisional application, Ser. No. 60/467,899, filed May 5, 2003, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The induced field in the miniature Helmholtz coil may be controlled via the use of a highly permeable magnetic shielding material that may enclose the miniature Helmholtz coil with only a small slot for the circuit board or compass pod to enter through. Such a set up may allow the compass pod manufacturer to automate and magnetically shield the calibration and test stage of a microprocessor-based compass. The calibration process may utilize an indexing rotary table that may rotate to move a compass pod from a loading bay to a calibration bay. The shielded Helmholtz coil may be adjacent to the rotary table and may be shuttled back and forth to align with the rotary table to receive a compass pod therefrom. The rotary table may rotate to move a

calibrated compass pod (after it leaves the miniature Helmholtz coil) from the calibration bay to a final functional test station to test the calibrated compass pod.

[00107] Therefore, the present invention provides a wide angle or multi-radius single substrate or reflective element which may provide an enhanced field of view for an interior or exterior rearview mirror assembly. The wide angle or multi-radius single element reflector may have an anti-abrasion coating or ultrathin glass film conformed to and applied to the exterior curved surface of the substrate. The substrate may be molded or extruded into the desired shape and may be formed into an elongated strip or sheet, whereby the anti-abrasion coating or film may be applied along the strip before the strip is cut into the desired substrates. The present invention thus provides a single element wide angle or multi-radius substrate which has enhanced scratch resistance. A polymeric reflective film may be laminated, adhered or otherwise applied to the opposite inner surface of the substrate or extruded strip while the anti-abrasion coating or film is applied to the exterior surface. Optionally, a reflective film or layer may be applied to the exterior surface of the substrate and an anti-abrasion film or layer may be applied to the reflective film or layer.

[00108] Changes and modifications in the specifically described embodiments can be carried out without departing from the principles of the present invention, which is intended to be limited only by the scope of the appended claims, as interpreted according to the principles of patent law.

The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

1. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;
said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached;

said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile;

wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin;

wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion;

wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion;

wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto;

wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element are adjacently supported at said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary reflective element adjacent said plano reflective element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said plano reflective element;

wherein said demarcation element is dark colored;

wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material;

wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed at said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; and

wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the entirety of said auxiliary reflective element is further distant from the side of the equipped automobile than the entirety of said plano reflective element.

2. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is at an angle of at least about 3 degrees relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element.

3. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile.

4. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element is supported at said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is supported at said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment, and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate.

5. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate.

6. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate has an aspherical curvature.

7. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature.

8. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall structure that at least partially partitions said backing plate element into a first region where said plano reflective element is disposed and a separate and adjacent second region where said auxiliary reflective element is disposed, and wherein at least one of (a) said first region is adapted to receive said plano reflective element and (b) said second region is adapted to receive said auxiliary reflective element.

9. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 8, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary reflective element when said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated on the side of the automobile.

10. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile.

11. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said auxiliary reflective element has an aspherical curvature.

12. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.5.
13. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at least at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.
14. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said metallic reflector coating is selected from the group consisting of (i) a chromium coating, (ii) a titanium coating, (iii) a rhodium coating, (iv) a metal-alloy coating, (v) a nickel alloy coating, (vi) an aluminum coating and (vii) a silver coating.
15. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.
16. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 15, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a curved substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.
17. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:
- an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;
 - said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;
 - said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field

of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached;

said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile;

wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin;

wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion;

wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion;

wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached

to said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is included in said exterior sideview mirror assembly and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element;

wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto;

wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile; and

wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.

18. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 17, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto.

19. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 18, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a thin flexible glass sheet and a polymeric substrate, said thin flexible glass sheet existing as a pre-formed glass sheet that is separate from said polymeric substrate, said thin glass sheet having an attaching surface, said attaching surface being opposed to and adhered to said surface of said polymeric substrate when said thin flexible sheet is adhered to said exterior surface of said polymeric substrate, said thin flexible sheet providing an anti-abrasion function at said surface of said polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin flexible glass sheet substantially conforming to said exterior surface of said polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin glass sheet having a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm and greater than approximately 0.3 mm.

20. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 17, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating.

21. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 20, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature.

22. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 17, wherein said auxiliary reflective element has a spherical curvature, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element has a spherical curvature.

23. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 17, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and

wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate has a spherical curvature.

24. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached;

said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile;

wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin;

wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;

wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion;

wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion;

wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is included in said exterior sideview mirror assembly and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element;

wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

wherein said plano reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass

element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto; and

wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a spherically bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

25. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 24, wherein said plano reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element.

26. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 25, wherein a demarcation element is disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element and wherein said demarcation element comprises a part of said backing plate element, and wherein said demarcation element at least partially partitions said backing plate element into a first region where said plano reflective element is disposed and a separate and adjacent second region where said auxiliary reflective element is disposed, and wherein said first region is adapted to receive said plano reflective element and said second region is adapted to receive said auxiliary reflective element.

27. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 26, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile.

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

An exterior sideview mirror system includes an exterior sideview mirror assembly including a plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to a side of an automobile. The plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are mounted adjacently at the reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed. The plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are supported at a backing plate element. The rearward field of view of the auxiliary reflective element may be different from and angled to the rearward field of view of the plano reflective element. The plano reflective element and/or the auxiliary reflective element may have one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto.

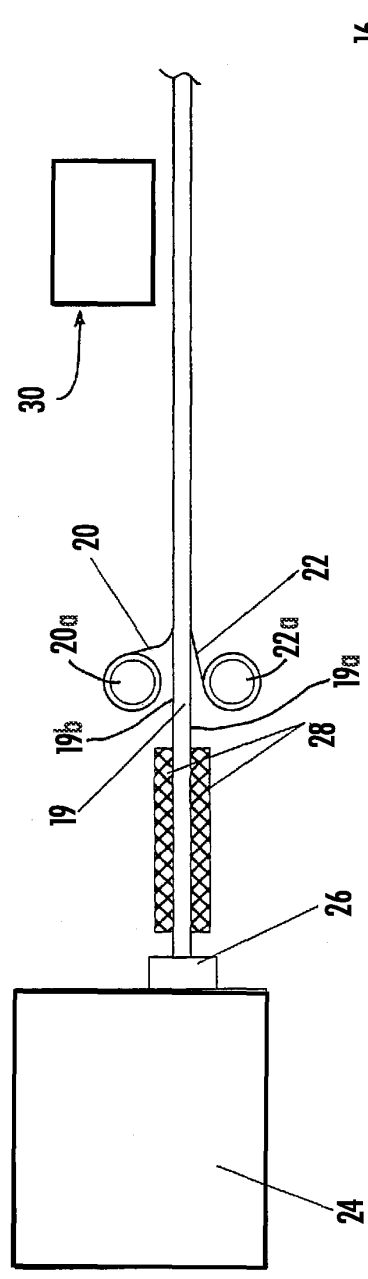


FIG. 5

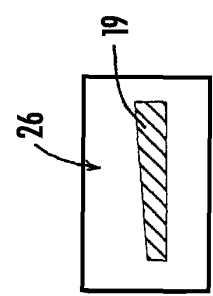


FIG. 5A

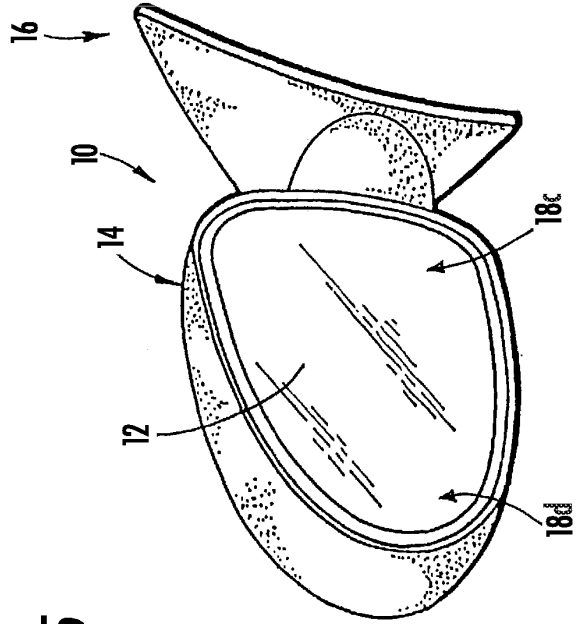


FIG. 7

FIG. 3

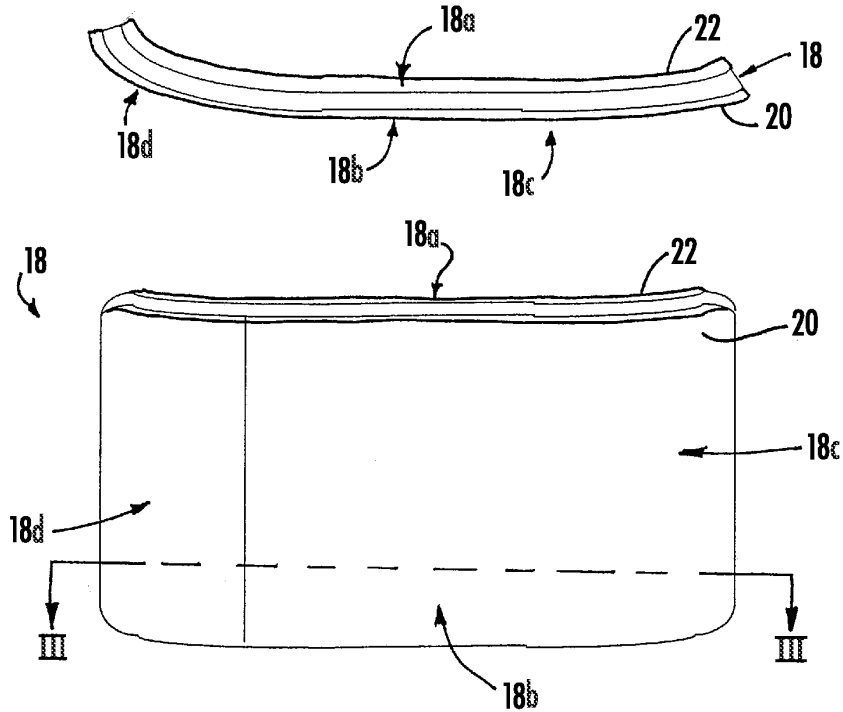
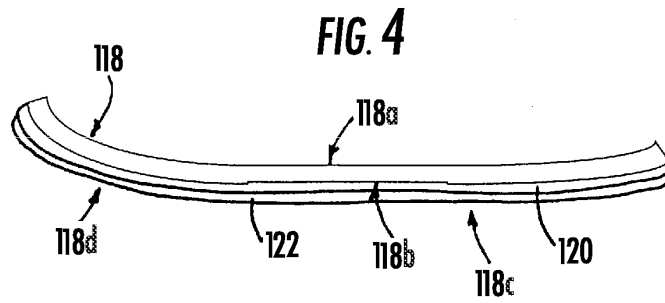
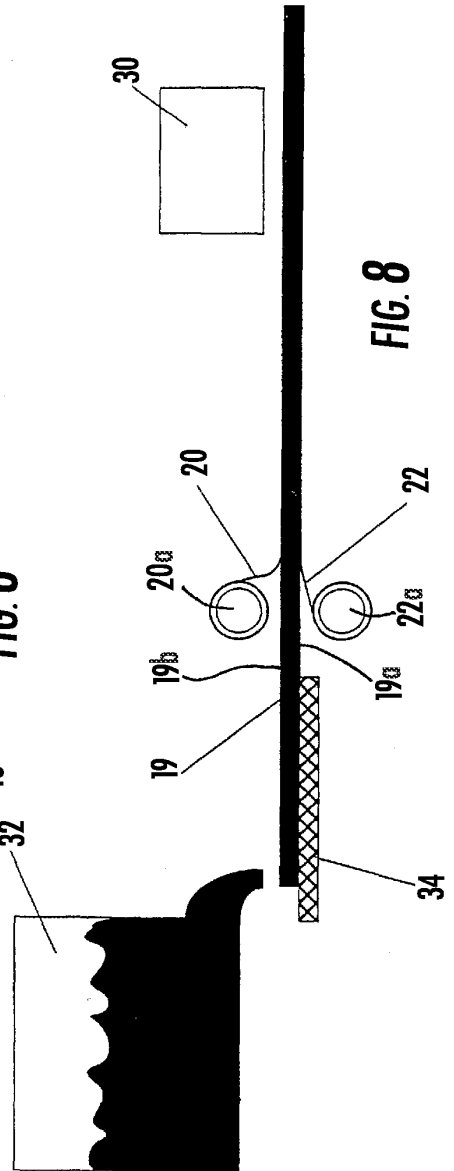
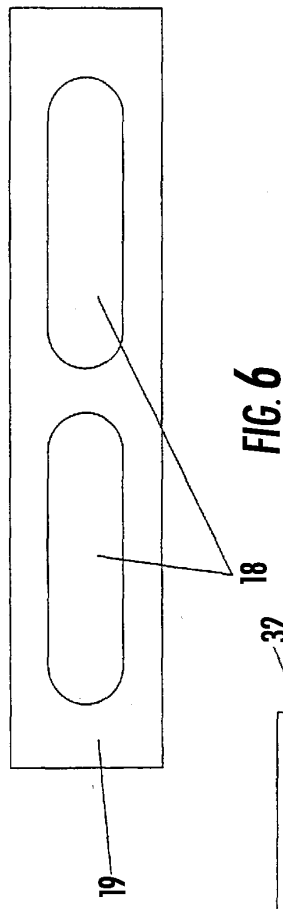
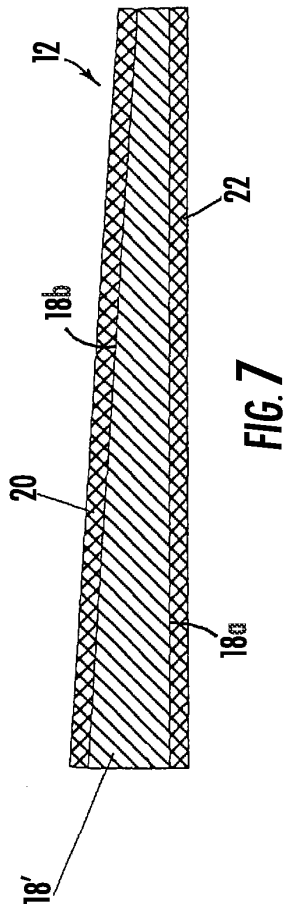


FIG. 2





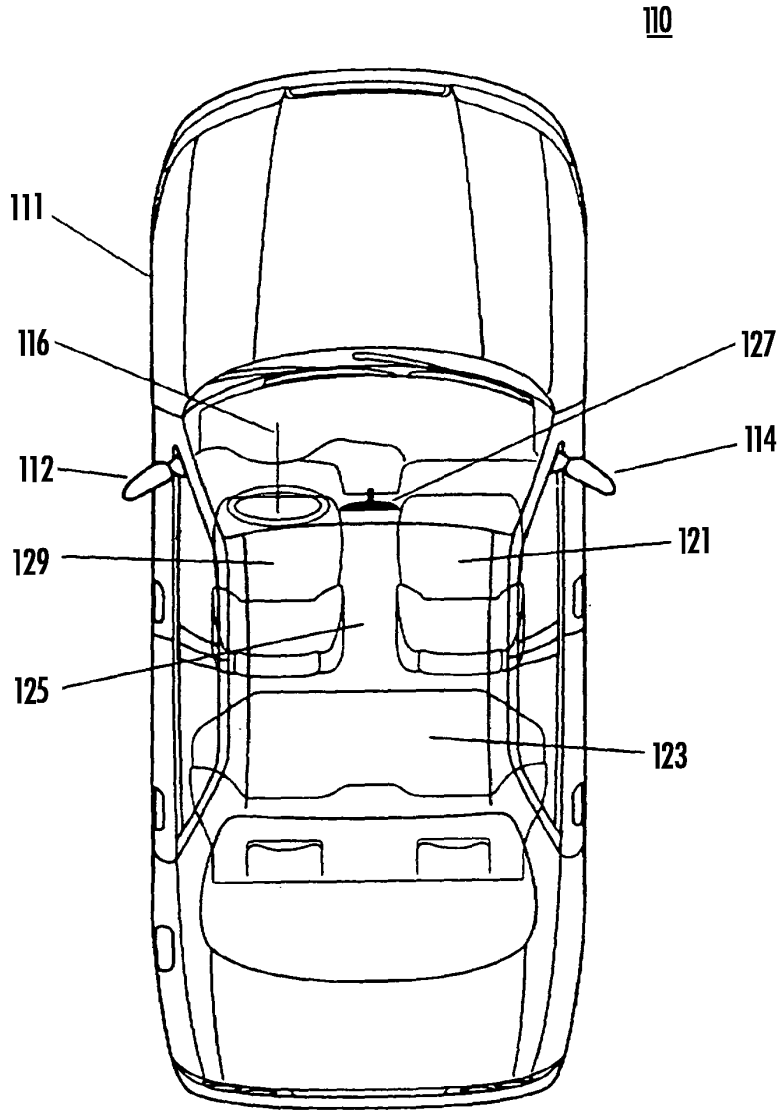


FIG. 9

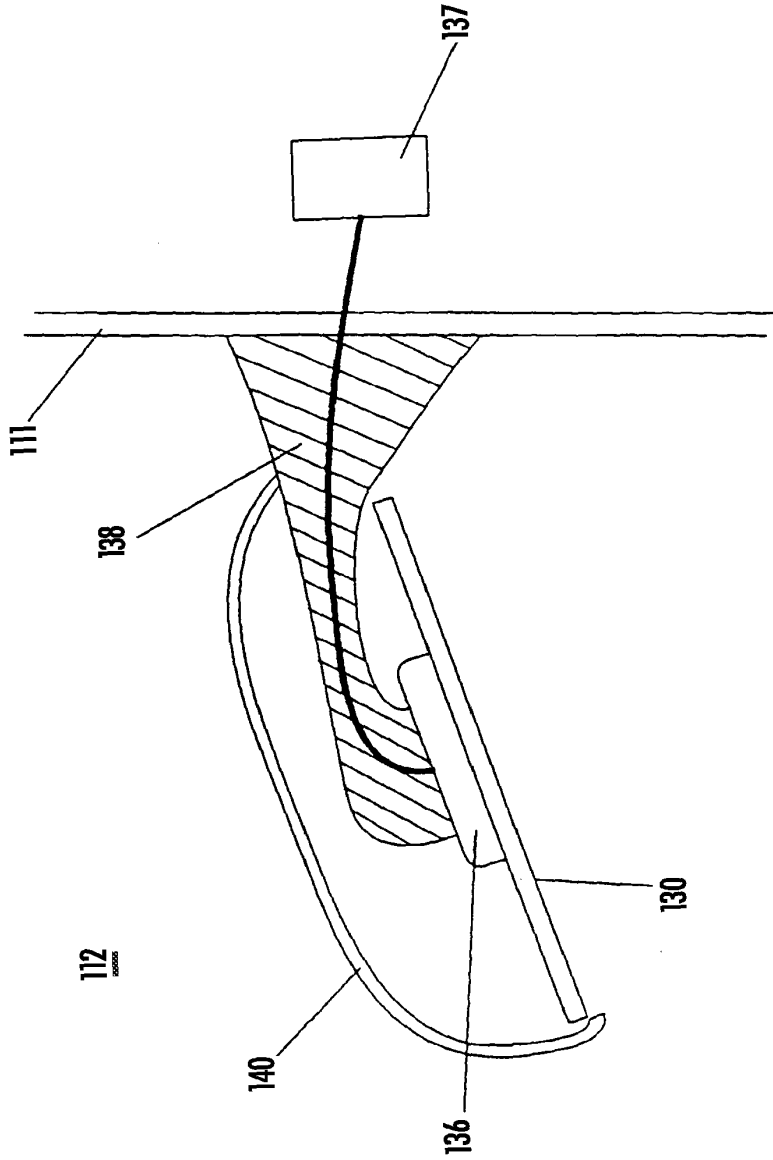


FIG. 10

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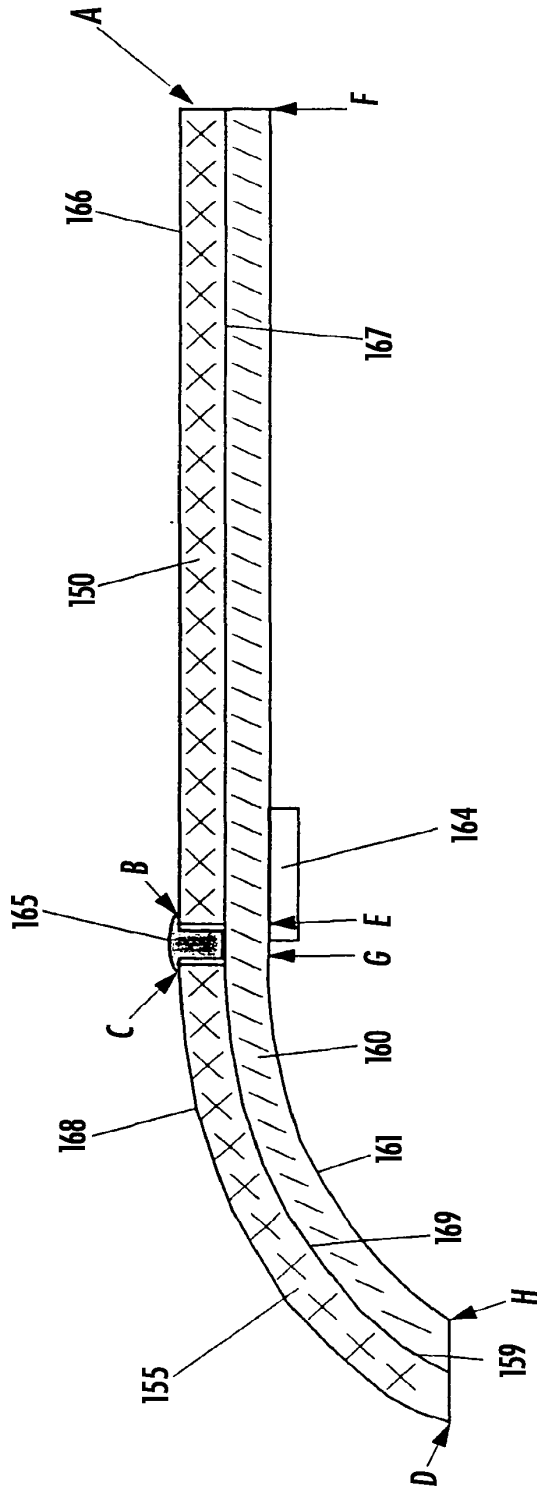


FIG. 11

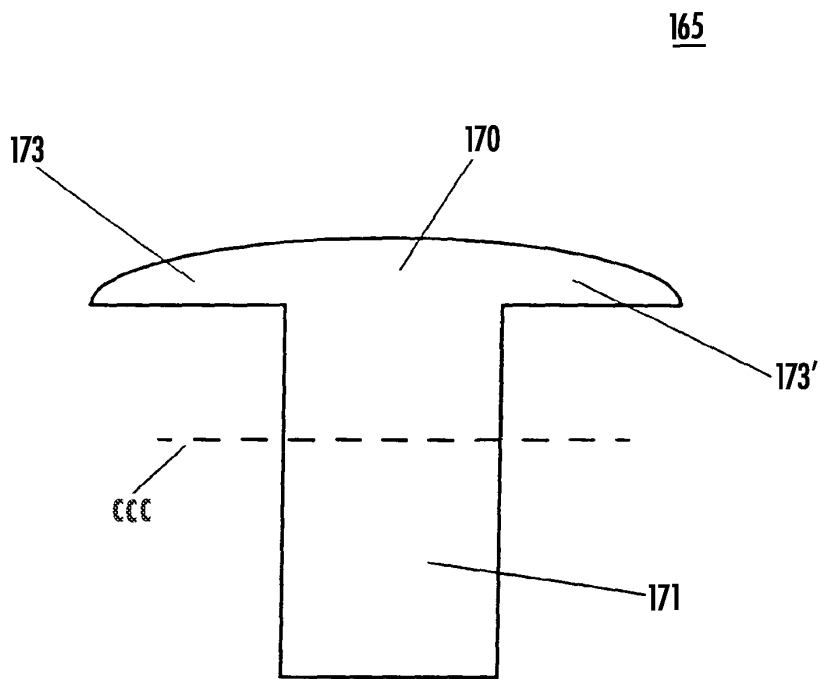
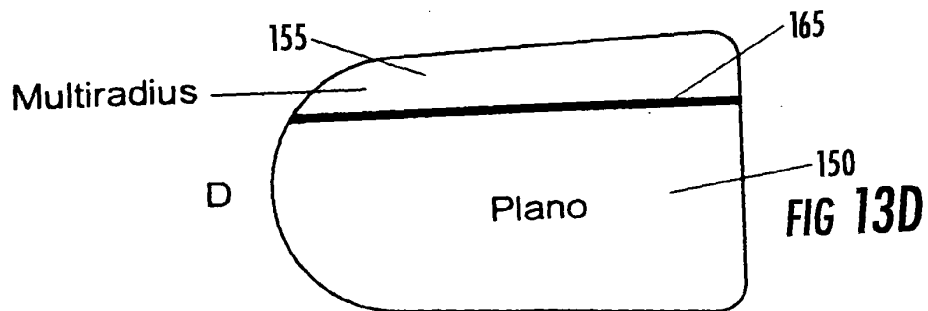
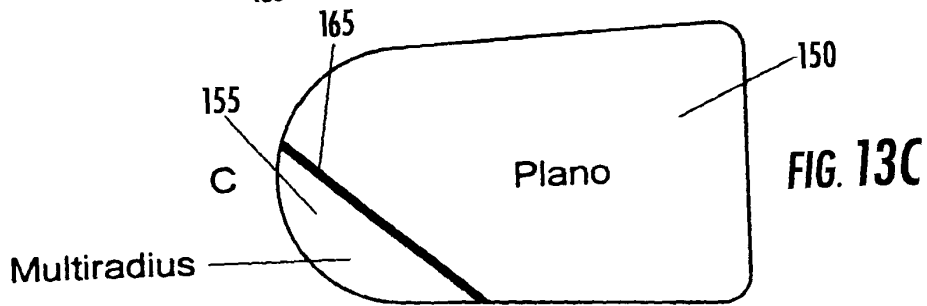
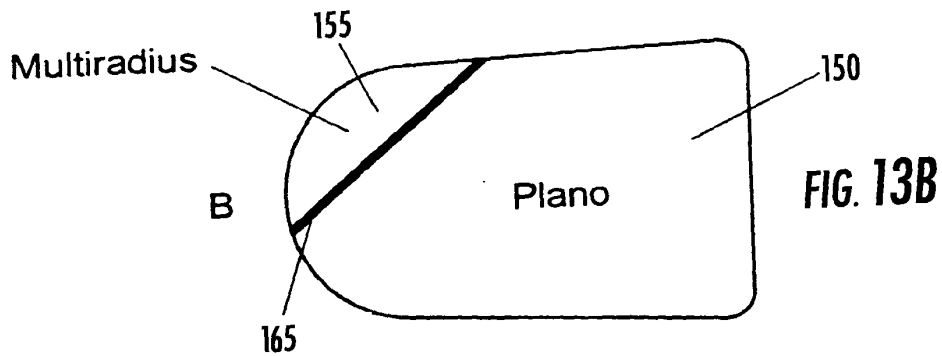
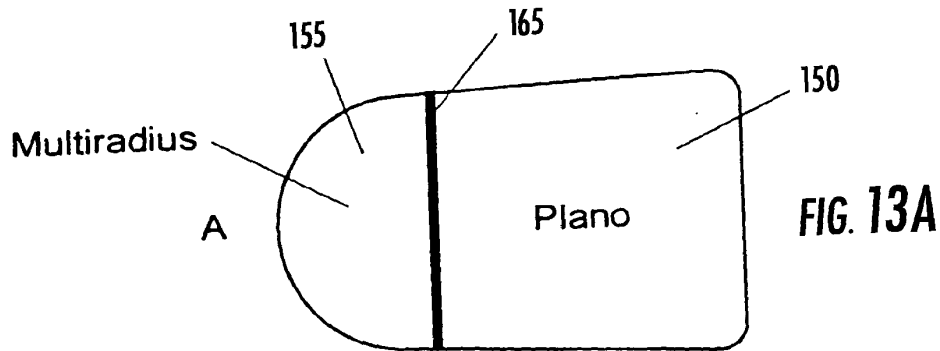
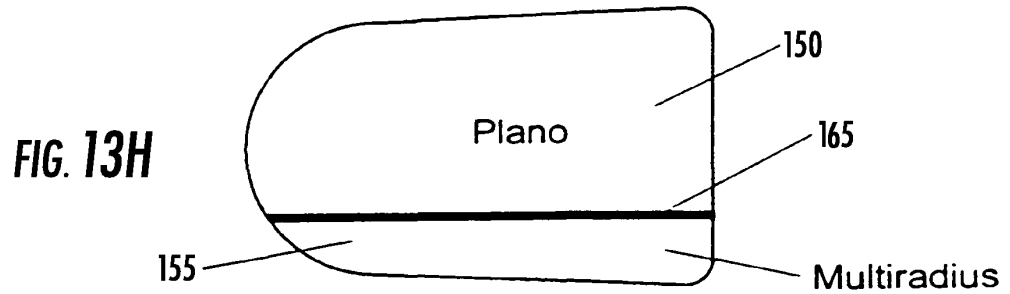
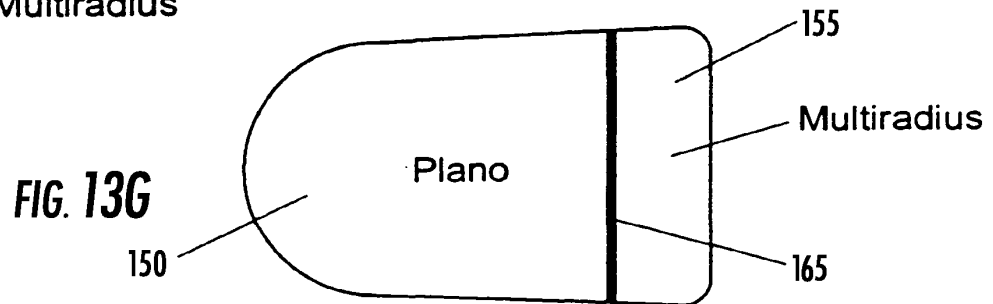
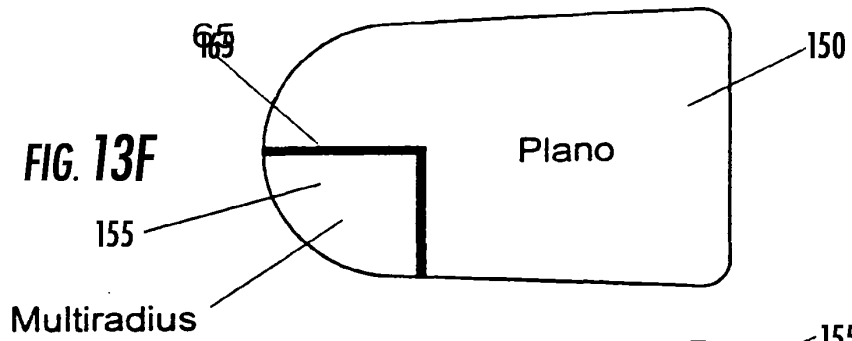
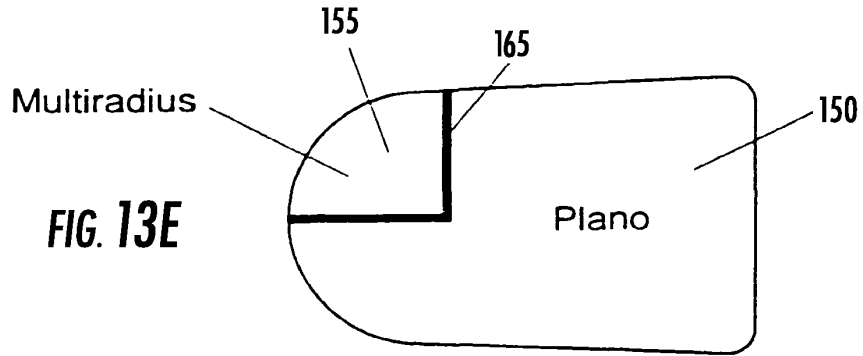


FIG. 12





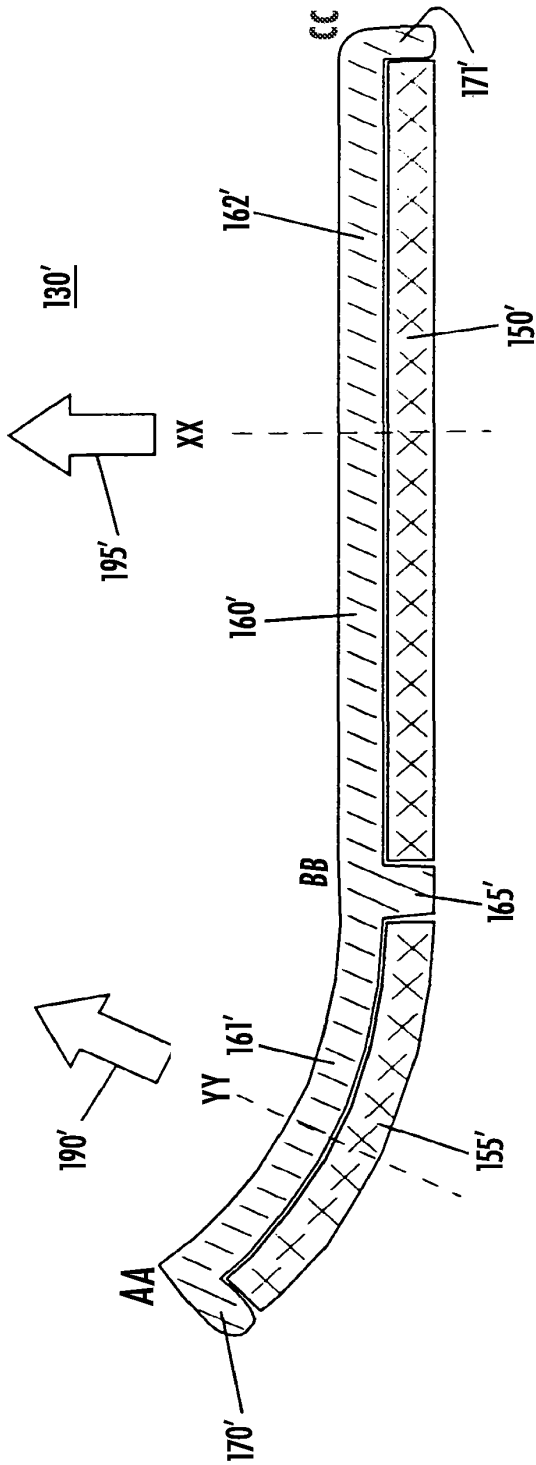


FIG. 14

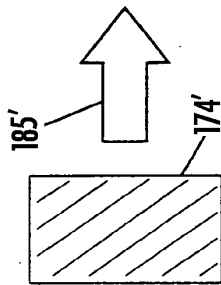


FIG. 14A

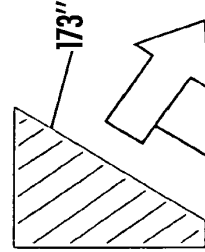
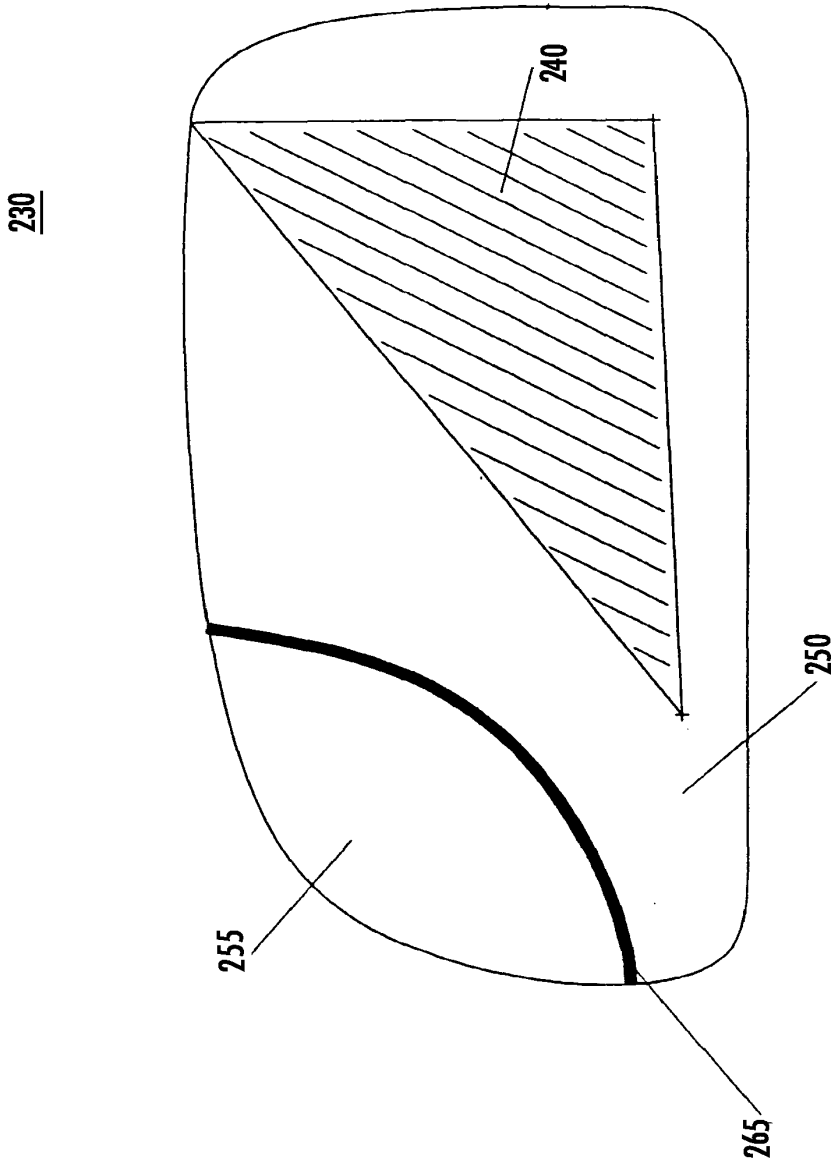


FIG. 14B



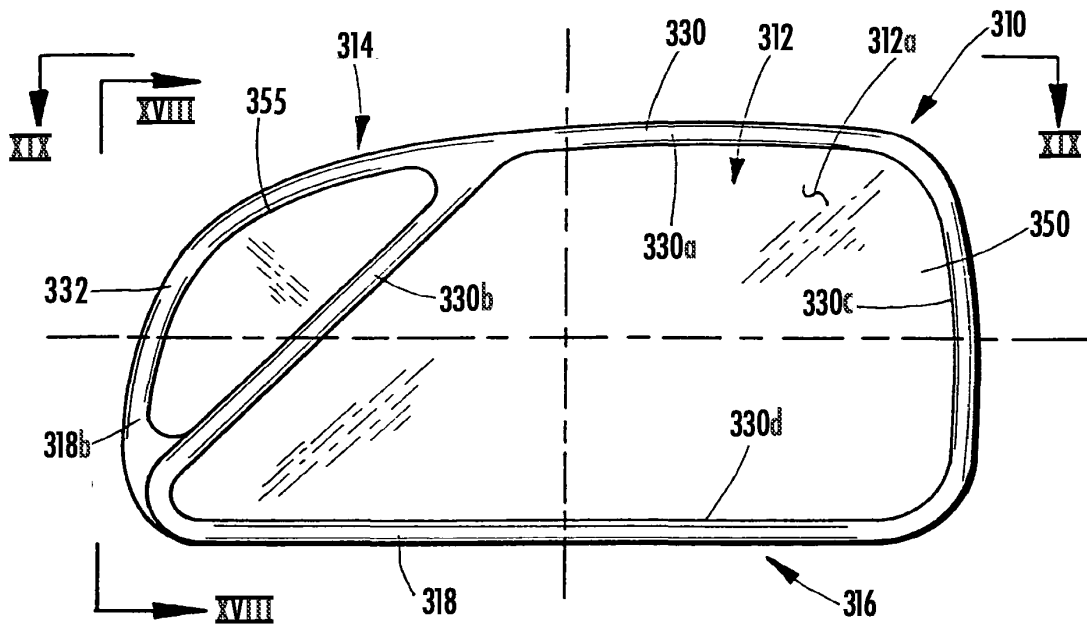


FIG. 16

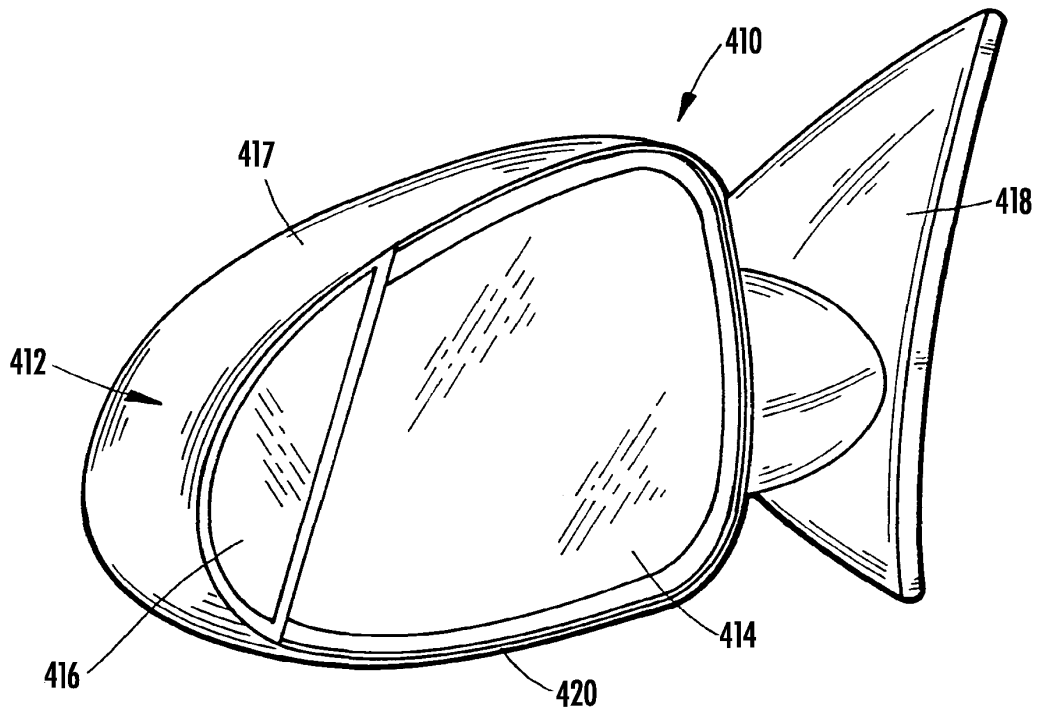


FIG. 23

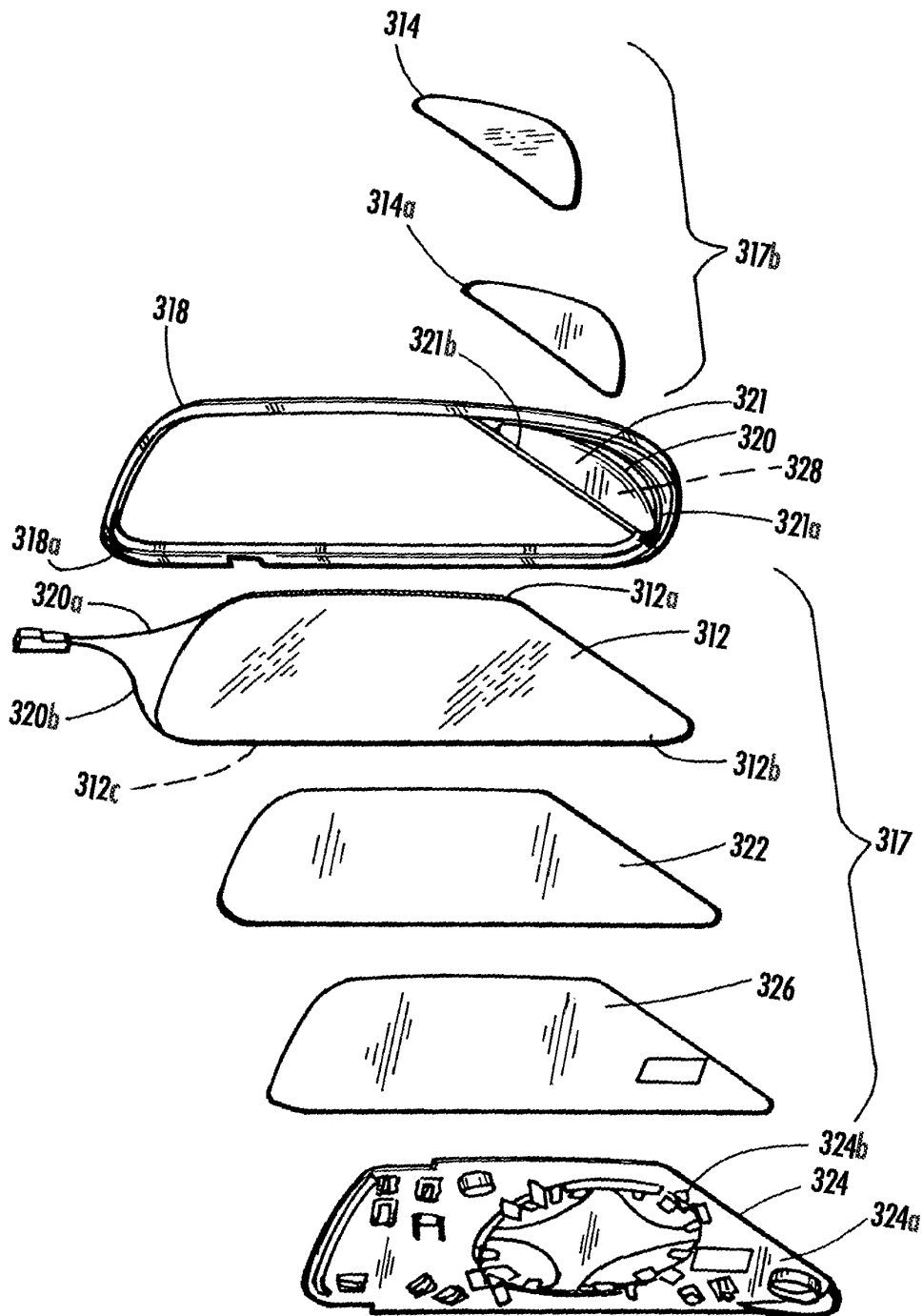
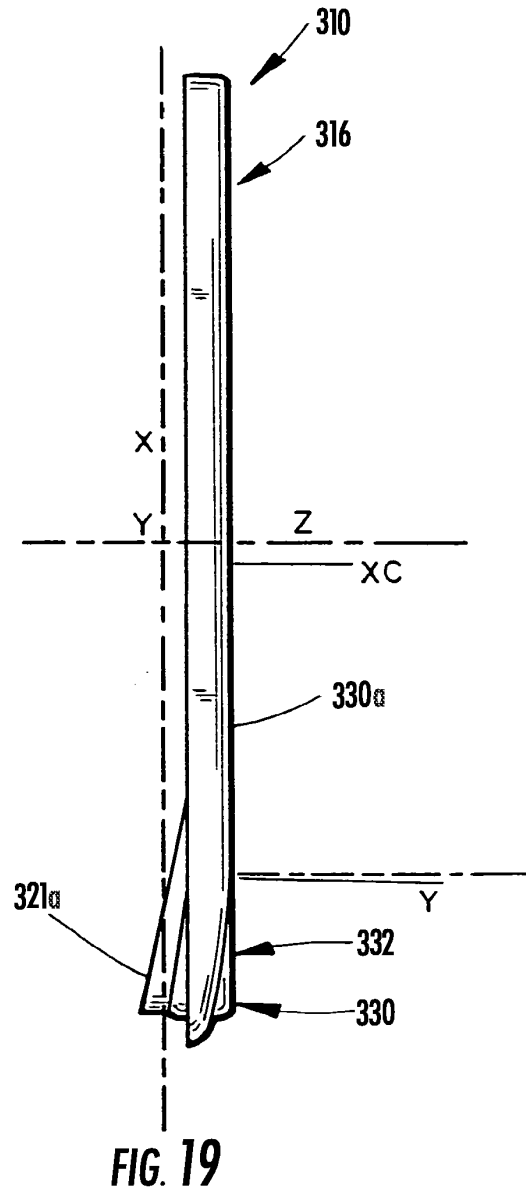
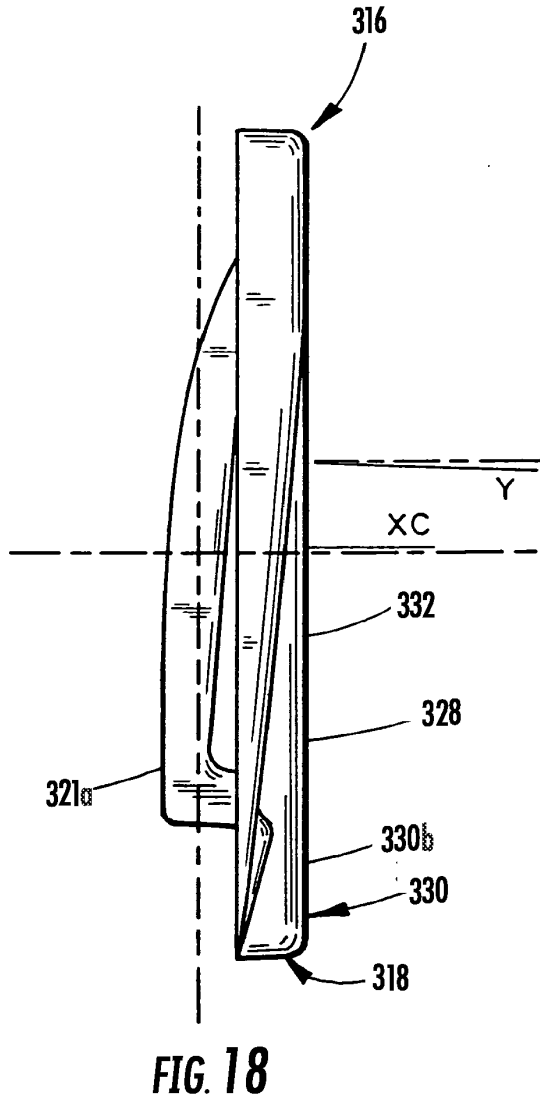


FIG. 17



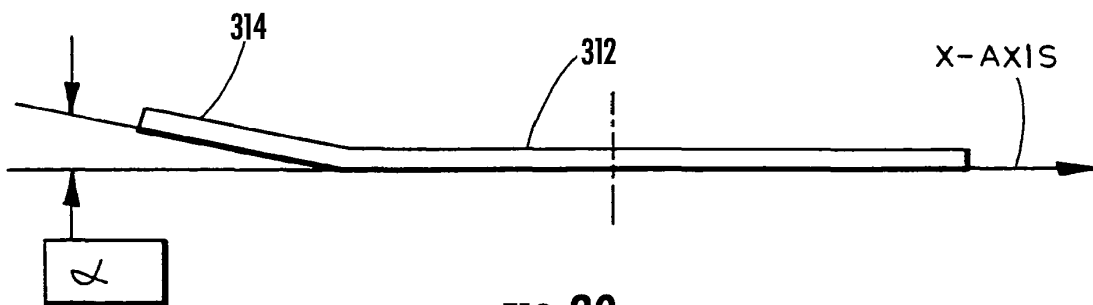


FIG. 20

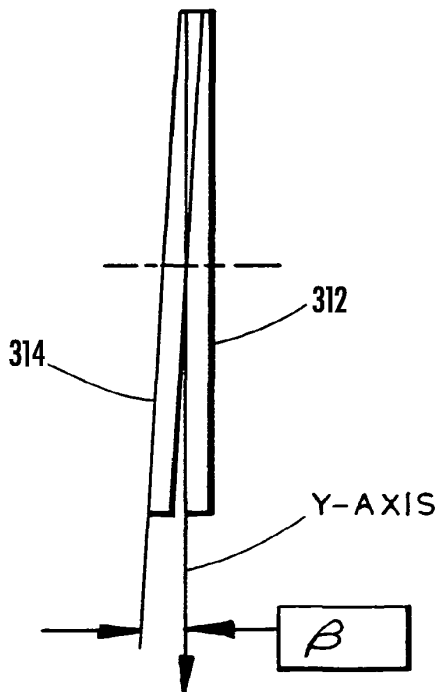


FIG. 21

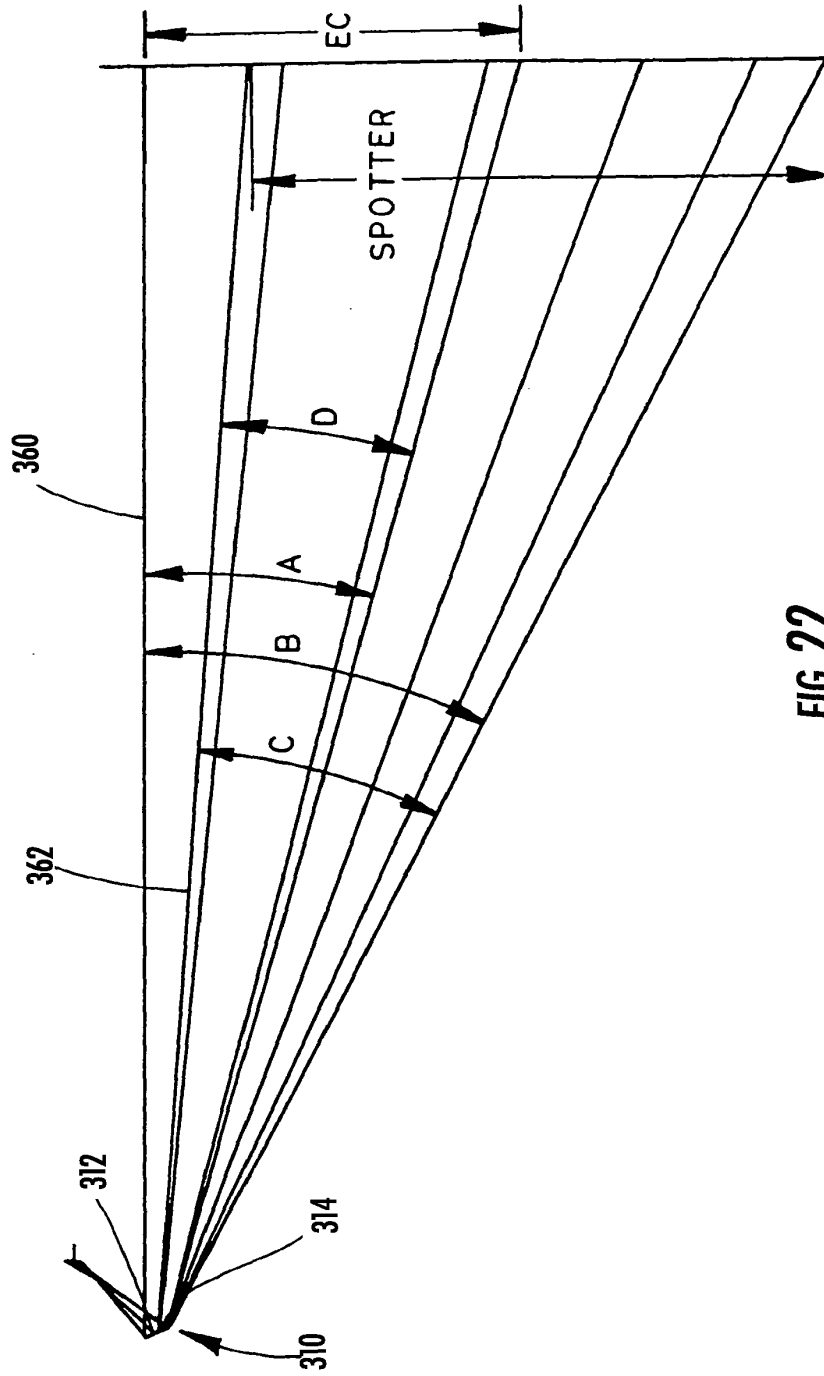


FIG. 22

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam

For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.51, 1.56, 1.97 and 1.98, Applicants submit herewith patents, publications or other information listed on attached Form PTO/SB/08A for consideration by the Examiner in connection with examination of the present application. Copies of the cited foreign references are not provided herewith, since these references were previously made of record during prosecution of the parent application Serial No. 12/851,045. The Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned attorney if an additional copy of any of these references is desired.

This Information Disclosure Statement is not intended to constitute an admission that any patent, publication or other information referred to herein is "prior art" for this invention unless specifically designated as such.

Under 37 CFR 1.97, the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement shall not be construed to mean that a search has been made or that no other material information as defined in 37 CFR 1.56(a) exists.

An early and favorable action on the merits is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP



Timothy A. Flory
Registration No. 42 540
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P.O. Box 888695
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(616) 975-5500

Date: March 24, 2011

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		First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam		
		Art Unit			
		Examiner Name			
Sheet	1	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

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		6,757,109	2004-06-29	Bos	

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		6,341,523	2002-01-29	Lynam	
		6,329,925	2001-12-11	Skiver et al.	
		6,320,282	2001-11-20	Caldwell	

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		6,250,148	2001-06-26	Lynam	
		6,245,262	2001-06-12	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,227,689	2001-05-08	Miller	
		6,207,083	2001-03-27	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,201,642	2001-03-13	Bos	
		6,199,993	2001-03-13	Mou	
		6,198,409	2001-03-06	Schofield et al.	
		6,196,688	2001-03-06	Caskey et al.	
		6,178,034	2001-01-23	Allemand et al.	
		6,176,602	2001-01-23	Pastrick et al.	
		6,172,613	2001-01-09	DeLine et al.	
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		6,135,419	2001-11-13	Platzer, Jr.	
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		6,116,743	2000-09-12	Hoek	
		6,111,684	2000-08-29	Forgette et al.	
		6,109,586	2000-08-29	Hock	
		6,097,023	2000-08-01	Schofield et al.	
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		6,032,323	2000-03-07	Smith et al.	
		6,030,084	2002-02-29	Schmidt	
		6,022,511	1999-12-14	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,011,486	1999-12-14	Varaprasad et al.	

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				Filing Date		March 24, 2011	
				First Named Inventor		Niall R. Lynam	
				Art Unit			
				Examiner Name			
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U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
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		Number-Kind Code ² (if known)	MM-DD-YYYY		

		6,007,207	1999-12-28	Liu	
		6,005,724	1999-12-21	Todd	
		6,002,544	1999-12-14	Yatsu	
		5,980,050	1999-11-09	McCord	
		5,938,320	1999-08-17	Crandall	
		5,929,786	1999-07-27	Schofield et al.	
		5,922,176	1999-07-13	Caskey	
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		5,864,434	1999-01-26	Taylor	
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		5,847,889	1998-12-08	Komiyama et al.	
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		5,835,294	1998-11-10	Minegishi	
		5,825,527	1998-10-20	Forgette et al.	
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		5,669,704	1997-09-23	Pastrick	

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				First Named Inventor		Niall R. Lynam	
				Art Unit			
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		5,668,663	1997-09-16	Varaprasad et al.	
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		5,424,875	1995-06-13	Davis, II	
		5,412,512	1995-05-02	Zebold et al.	
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				Art Unit	
				Examiner Name	
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		5,371,659	1994-12-06	Pastrick et al.	
		5,361,172	1994-11-01	Schissel et al.	
		5,355,245	1994-10-11	Lynam	
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		5,225,943	1993-07-06	Lupo	
		5,207,492	1993-05-04	Roberts	
		5,193,029	1993-03-09	Schofield et al.	
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		5,183,099	1993-02-02	Bechu	
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		5,076,673	1991-12-31	Lynam et al.	
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		4,721,364	1988-01-26	Itoh et al.	
		4,715,701	1987-12-29	Urban	

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		4,712,879	1987-12-15	Lynam et al.	
		4,679,906	1987-07-14	Brandenburg	
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		4,666,264	1987-05-19	Yamabe	
		4,630,904	1986-12-23	Pastore	
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		4,325,609	1982-04-20	Alford	
		4,311,363	1982-01-19	Marsalka et al.	
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		4,268,120	1981-05-19	Jitsumori	
		4,264,144	1981-04-28	McCord	
		4,258,979	1981-03-31	Mahin	
		4,223,983	1980-09-23	Bloom	

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Substitute for form 1449/PTO				Complete if Known	
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>				Application Number	
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011
				First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
				Art Unit	
				Examiner Name	
Sheet	9	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY		

		4,200,359	1980-04-29	Lawson	
		4,193,668	1980-03-18	Skinner	
		3,909,117	1975-09-30	Takahashi et al.	
		3,884,606	1975-05-20	Schrenk	
		3,881,811	1975-05-06	French	
		3,826,563	1974-07-30	Davis	
		3,806,232	1974-04-23	Gray	
		3,773,882	1973-11-20	Schrenk	
		3,764,201	1973-10-09	Haile	
		3,759,647	1973-09-18	Schrenk et al.	
		3,708,222	1973-01-02	Stern	
		3,667,833	1972-06-06	Baldwin, Sr.	
		3,610,739	1971-10-05	Seashore	
		3,601,614	1971-08-24	Platzer, Jr.	
		3,563,638	1971-02-16	Panozzo	
		3,424,517	1969-01-28	Budreck	
		3,408,136	1968-10-29	Travis	
		3,404,935	1968-10-08	Creager	
		3,389,952	1968-06-25	Tobin, Jr.	
		3,375,053	1968-03-26	Ward	
		3,338,655	1967-08-29	Young	
		3,337,285	1967-08-22	Travis	
		3,280,701	1966-10-25	Donnelly et al.	
		3,267,806	1966-08-23	Azegami	
		3,266,016	1966-08-09	Maruyama et al.	
		3,175,463	1965-03-30	Seashore	
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		3,146,296	1964-08-25	Fischer	
		3,131,250	1964-04-28	Ely	
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		2,911,177	1959-11-03	West	
		2,890,539	1959-06-16	Holt	
		2,778,273	1957-01-22	Fellmeth	
		2,636,419	1953-04-28	Kerr	
		2,580,014	1951-12-25	Gazda	
		2,514,989	1950-07-11	Buren	

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	
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Substitute for form 1449/PTO INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Use as many sheets as necessary)				Complete if Known			
				Application Number			
				Filing Date		March 24, 2011	
				First Named Inventor		Niall R. Lynam	
				Art Unit			
				Examiner Name			
Sheet	10	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696		

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ² (If Known)			

		2,263,382	1941-11-18	Gotzinger	
		2,135,262	1938-11-01	Schumacher	
		1,672,559	1928-06-05	Doble	
		1,114,559	1914-10-20	Weed	
		D297,926	1988-10-04	Kesler	
		D493,394	2004-07-27	Lawlor et al.	
		D493,131	2004-07-20	Lawlor et al.	
		2002/0036828	2002-03-28	Wong	
		2002/0159169	2002-10-31	McCord	
		2002/0159270	2002-10-31	Lynam et al.	
		2002/0105741	2002-08-08	Platzer, Jr.	
		2003/0043589	2003-03-06	Blank	
		2003/0117731	2003-06-26	Platzer, Jr.	
		2004/0032675	2004-02-19	Weller et al.	
		2004/0032676	2004-02-19	Drummond et al.	
		2004/0264011	2004-12-30	Lynam	
		2004/0165291	2004-08-26	Platzer, Jr.	
		2005/0078389	2005-04-14	Kulas et al.	
		2005/0083577	2005-04-21	Varaprasad et al.	
		2005/0099693	2005-05-12	Schofield et al.	
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		2005/0232469	2005-10-20	Schofield et al.	
		2005/0248859	2005-11-10	Platzer, Jr.	
		2006/0050018	2006-03-09	Hutzel et al.	
		2006/0126150	2006-06-15	Tonar et al.	
		2006/0061008	2006-03-23	Karner et al.	
		2006/0125919	2006-06-15	Camilleri et al.	
		2006/0171704	2006-08-03	Bingle et al.	
		2006/0184297	2006-08-17	Higgins-Luthman	
		2006/0268440	2006-11-30	Platzer, Jr.	
		2007/0032638	2004-02-19	Tonar et al.	
		2007/0058257	2007-03-15	Lynam	
		2007/0285789	2007-12-13	Lindahl et al.	
		2008/0308219	2008-12-18	Lynam	
		2008/0212189	2008-09-04	Baur et al.	
		2008/0225421	2008-09-18	Platzer	

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	
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				Application Number		
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
				First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
				Art Unit		
				Examiner Name		
Sheet	11	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}			
		2008/0304170	2008-12-11	Zhao	
		2009/0237820	2009-09-24	McCabe et al.	
		2009/0040306	2009-02-12	Foote et al.	
		2009/0115631	2009-05-07	Foote et al.	
		20100296187	2010-11-25	Lynam	
		RE17274	1929-04-16	Porter	

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	
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				Application Number		
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
				First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
				Art Unit		
				Examiner Name		
Sheet	12	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS						
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Foreign Patent Document	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages Or Relevant Figures Appear	T 6
		Country Code ² -Number ³ -Kind Code ⁵ (if known)	MM-DD-YYYY			

		DE 2409748	1975-09-04	Leitz		
		DE 2550095	1976-05-20	Schiff et al.		
		DE 2647592	1978-04-27	Uta		
		DE 2915521	1980-10-30	Docie		
		DE 3302735	1984-08-02	Schulze		X
		DE 3329998	1985-03-07	Horn		X
		DE 3620228	1987-12-17	Thomen		X
		DE 4026578	1992-04-30	Kramer		X
		EP 0210757	1987-02-04	Von Seidel		X
		EP 0310261	1989-04-05	Britax Wingard Limited		X
		EP 0551802	1992-01-15	Jonsson		X
		EP 0791503	1997-08-27	Gentex Corporation		X
		EP 0917987	1999-05-26	Magneti Marelli France		X
		EP 0356099	1990-02-28	Yamada et al.		X
		EP 0728618	08-28-1996	Gentex Corporation		X
		EP 0729864	09-04-1996	Gentex Corporation		X
		FR 2628042	1988-03-01	Racel		X
		GB 1279158	1972-06-28	Hacker		X
		GB 2048189	1980-12-10	Mirrocraft Inc.		X
		GB 2092534	1982-08-18	Hagiri		X
		JP 0051637	1980-04-15	Katsumata Giken KK		X
		JP 55076721	1980-10-06	Nikken Kogyo KK		X
		JP 1186443	1989-07-25	Kitsumoto Norihiko		X
		JP 1208245	1989-08-22	Moriwake		X
		JP 362075619	1987-04-07	Tomita		X
		JP 62105103	1987-05-15	Miyake Shinya		X
		KR 2002092059	2002-12-11	Jung		X
		NL 7908257	1981-06-01	Bartholomeus		
		WO 2001081956	11-01-2001	Platzer, Jr.		X
		WO 2004026633	04-01-2004	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2004047421	06-03-2004	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2004103772	12-02-2004	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2006124682	11-23-2006	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2007005942	01-11-2007	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO 2008051910	05-02-2008	Donnelly Corporation		X

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	
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Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal

Application Number:				
Filing Date:				
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam			
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma			
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696			
Filed as Large Entity				
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees				
Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:				
Utility application filing	1011	1	330	330
Utility Search Fee	1111	1	540	540
Utility Examination Fee	1311	1	220	220
Pages:				
Claims:				
Claims in excess of 20	1202	7	52	364
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
Total in USD (\$)				1454

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	9731415
Application Number:	13071174
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	3475
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam
Customer Number:	28101
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696
Receipt Date:	24-MAR-2011
Filing Date:	
Time Stamp:	16:58:34
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$1454
RAM confirmation Number	3738
Deposit Account	220190
Authorized User	FLORY,TIMOTHY A

The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal of New Application	Transmittal.pdf	263208 1dfbf41e188ffe5cd0697dda61126574705b4878	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Miscellaneous Incoming Letter	RequestforDivisional.pdf	201992 c768bd9559945d98ffe3163644b90a820926f6f8	no	5
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Application Data Sheet	ApplicationDataSheet.pdf	967797 057f0eaabc5e5cc3a622f5cccf3f9fa308f79b99	no	4
Warnings:					
Information:					
4	Oath or Declaration filed	Declaration.pdf	86788 94fc0869be0f6d778a9733efb9b617af69afb0c1	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					
5		Specification.pdf	4521502 9260bb2b689bd8b8a67654e0b81ddb431542f08d	yes	49
	Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description				
	Document Description	Start	End		
	Specification	1	37		
	Claims	38	48		
	Abstract	49	49		
Warnings:					
Information:					
6	Drawings-only black and white line drawings	P1696Drawings.pdf	3357854 c9d8b2a7c9f2fee7c6901d867a0dc6c13fae0f37	no	16
Warnings:					
Information:					

7	Transmittal Letter	IDSLetter.pdf	55285 a000cc6086fd576bc1466b15c6be27e97cd dfe3	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					
8	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed (SB/08)	IDSForms.pdf	1176730 30800fbc1c056db49c649d5995c0e4a8c 4bffc	no	12
Warnings:					
Information:					
This is not an USPTO supplied IDS fillable form					
9	Fee Worksheet (PTO-875)	fee-info.pdf	36334 ac26b31c91db28e02a7dea8c5a97b4ae5ad 7d0a6	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
Total Files Size (in bytes):			10667490		
<p>This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.</p> <p><u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u> If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.</p> <p><u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u> If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.</p> <p><u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u> If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.</p>					

PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD

Substitute for Form PTO-875

Application or Docket Number
13/071,174

APPLICATION AS FILED - PART I

(Column 1)		(Column 2)	SMALL ENTITY		OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY	
FOR	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE(\$)	FEE(\$)		RATE(\$)	FEE(\$)
BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	330
SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (l), or (m))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	540
EXAMINATION FEE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	220
TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(i))	27 minus 20 = *	7			OR	x 52 =	364
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(h))	3 minus 3 = *				OR	x 220 =	0.00
APPLICATION SIZE FEE (37 CFR 1.16(s))	If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$270 (\$135 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s).						0.00
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT (37 CFR 1.16(j))							0.00
* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2.			TOTAL			TOTAL	1454

APPLICATION AS AMENDED - PART II

(Column 1)		(Column 2)	(Column 3)	SMALL ENTITY		OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY	
AMENDMENT A	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT	HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA	RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)		RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)
Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus **	=	x	=	OR	x	=
Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus ***	=	x	=	OR	x	=
Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))						OR		
FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))						OR		
				TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	
AMENDMENT B	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT	HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA	RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)		RATE(\$)	ADDITIONAL FEE(\$)
Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus **	=	x	=	OR	x	=
Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus ***	=	x	=	OR	x	=
Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))						OR		
FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))						OR		
				TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	

* If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.
 ** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20".
 *** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3".
 The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest found in the appropriate box in column 1.



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Table with 7 columns: APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING or 371(c) DATE, GRP ART UNIT, FIL FEE REC'D, ATTY. DOCKET NO, TOT CLAIMS, IND CLAIMS. Row 1: 13/071,174, 03/24/2011, 2872, 1454, DON09 P-1696, 27, 3

CONFIRMATION NO. 3475

FILING RECEIPT

28101
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP
SUITE 207
2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E.
GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546



Date Mailed: 04/06/2011

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Applicant(s)

Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI;

Assignment For Published Patent Application

DONNELLY CORPORATION, Holland, MI

Power of Attorney:

Daniel Van Dyke--25046 Timothy Flory--42540
Donald Gardner--25975 Karl Ondersma--55894
Frederick Burkhart--29288
Terence Linn--30283
Catherine Collins--37599

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a DIV of 12/851,045 08/05/2010
which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7,842,154
which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7,420,756
which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003 *
(*)Data provided by applicant is not consistent with PTO records.

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If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 04/04/2011

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is US 13/071,174

Projected Publication Date: 07/14/2011

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

Title

EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Preliminary Class

359

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Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

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APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
13/071,174	03/24/2011	Niall R. Lynam	DON09 P-1696

CONFIRMATION NO. 3475

28101
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP
SUITE 207
2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E.
GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

PUBLICATION NOTICE



Title:EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Publication No.US-2011-0170207-A1

Publication Date:07/14/2011

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION OF APPLICATION

The above-identified application will be electronically published as a patent application publication pursuant to 37 CFR 1.211, et seq. The patent application publication number and publication date are set forth above.

The publication may be accessed through the USPTO's publically available Searchable Databases via the Internet at www.uspto.gov. The direct link to access the publication is currently <http://www.uspto.gov/patft/>.

The publication process established by the Office does not provide for mailing a copy of the publication to applicant. A copy of the publication may be obtained from the Office upon payment of the appropriate fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.19(a)(1). Orders for copies of patent application publications are handled by the USPTO's Office of Public Records. The Office of Public Records can be reached by telephone at (703) 308-9726 or (800) 972-6382, by facsimile at (703) 305-8759, by mail addressed to the United States Patent and Trademark Office, Office of Public Records, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 or via the Internet.

In addition, information on the status of the application, including the mailing date of Office actions and the dates of receipt of correspondence filed in the Office, may also be accessed via the Internet through the Patent Electronic Business Center at www.uspto.gov using the public side of the Patent Application Information and Retrieval (PAIR) system. The direct link to access this status information is currently <http://pair.uspto.gov/>. Prior to publication, such status information is confidential and may only be obtained by applicant using the private side of PAIR.

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Table with 5 columns: APPLICATION NO., FILING DATE, FIRST NAMED INVENTOR, ATTORNEY DOCKET NO., CONFIRMATION NO.

13/071,174 03/24/2011 Niall R. Lynam DON09 P-1696 3475

28101 7590 09/26/2011
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP
SUITE 207
2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E.
GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

Table with 1 column: EXAMINER

AMARI, ALESSANDRO V

Table with 2 columns: ART UNIT, PAPER NUMBER

2872

Table with 2 columns: MAIL DATE, DELIVERY MODE

09/26/2011 PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the “right to exclude” granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claim 1 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 4-12 of U.S. Patent No. 7934843. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they recite the same subject matter in the combination.

Claims 1, 17 and 24 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 23 and 25 of copending Application No. 13/071,169. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they recite the same subject matter in the combination.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2-16, 18-23 and 25-27 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Lynam et al US 2002/0072026 is considered relevant.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALESSANDRO AMARI whose telephone number is (571)272-2306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephone B. Allen can be reached on (571) 272-2434. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alessandro Amari/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872

Notice of References Cited	Application/Control No. 13/071,174	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LYNAM, NIAL R.	
	Examiner ALESSANDRO AMARI	Art Unit 2872	Page 1 of 1

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*	Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
*	A US-2002/0072026	06-2002	Lynam et al.	432/77
*	B US-7,934,843	05-2011	Lynam, Niall R.	359/866
	C US-			
	D US-			
	E US-			
	F US-			
	G US-			
	H US-			
	I US-			
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CONFIRMATION NO. 3475

SERIAL NUMBER 13/071,174	FILING or 371(c) DATE 03/24/2011 RULE	CLASS 359	GROUP ART UNIT 2872	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. DON09 P-1696	
APPLICANTS Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI; ** CONTINUING DATA ***** This application is a DIV of 12/851,045 08/05/2010 PAT 7,934,843 which is a CON of 12/197,666 08/25/2008 PAT 7,842,154 which is a DIV of 10/709,434 05/05/2004 PAT 7,420,756 which claims benefit of 60/471,872 05/20/2003 * (*)Data provided by applicant is not consistent with PTO records. ** FOREIGN APPLICATIONS ***** ** IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED ** 04/04/2011					
Foreign Priority claimed <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No 35 USC 119(a-d) conditions met <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Verified and /ALESSANDRO V AMARI/ Acknowledged <u>Examiner's Signature</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Met after Allowance <u>Initials</u>	STATE OR COUNTRY MI	SHEETS DRAWINGS 16	TOTAL CLAIMS 27	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS 3
ADDRESS VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP SUITE 207 2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546 UNITED STATES					
TITLE EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM					
FILING FEE RECEIVED 1454	FEES: Authority has been given in Paper No. _____ to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT No. _____ for following:		<input type="checkbox"/> All Fees <input type="checkbox"/> 1.16 Fees (Filing) <input type="checkbox"/> 1.17 Fees (Processing Ext. of time) <input type="checkbox"/> 1.18 Fees (Issue) <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Credit		

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Substitute for form 1449/PTO		Complete if Known	
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>		Application Number	13071174 - GAU: 2872
		Filing Date	March 24, 2011
		First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
		Art Unit	
		Examiner Name	
Sheet 1	of 12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY		

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		7,636,188	2009-12-22	Baur et al.	
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Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>		Application Number	
		Filing Date	March 24, 2011
		First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
		Art Unit	
		Examiner Name	
Sheet 2	of 12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ² (if known)	MM-DD-YYYY		

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Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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				Filing Date		March 24, 2011	
				First Named Inventor		Niall R. Lynam	
				Art Unit			
				Examiner Name			
Sheet	3	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696		

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY		

		6,318,870	2001-11-20	Spooner et al.	
		6,315,419	2001-11-13	Platzer, Jr.	
		6,310,611	2001-10-30	Caldwell	
		6,294,989	2001-09-25	Schofield et al.	
		6,286,965	2001-09-11	Caskey et al.	
		6,276,821	2001-08-21	Pastrick et al.	
		6,270,225	2001-08-07	Goolsby	
		6,260,608	2001-07-17	Kim	
		6,257,746	2001-07-10	Todd et al.	
		6,250,148	2001-06-26	Lynam	
		6,245,262	2001-06-12	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,227,689	2001-05-08	Miller	
		6,207,083	2001-03-27	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,201,642	2001-03-13	Bos	
		6,199,993	2001-03-13	Mou	
		6,198,409	2001-03-06	Schofield et al.	
		6,196,688	2001-03-06	Caskey et al.	
		6,178,034	2001-01-23	Allemand et al.	
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		6,172,613	2001-01-09	DeLine et al.	
		6,164,564	2000-12-26	Franco et al.	
		6,154,306	2000-11-28	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,135,419	2001-11-13	Platzer, Jr.	
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		6,116,743	2000-09-12	Hoek	
		6,111,684	2000-08-29	Forgette et al.	
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		6,074,068	2000-06-13	Palathingal	
		6,065,840	2000-05-23	Caskey et al.	
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		6,030,084	2002-02-29	Schmidt	
		6,022,511	1999-12-14	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,011,486	1999-12-14	Varaprasad et al.	

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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 1997-11-18-3-A11: 2872

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				Application Number			
				Filing Date		March 24, 2011	
				First Named Inventor		Niall R. Lynam	
				Art Unit			
				Examiner Name			
Sheet	4	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696		

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY		

		6,007,207	1999-12-28	Liu	
		6,005,724	1999-12-21	Todd	
		6,002,544	1999-12-14	Yatsu	
		5,980,050	1999-11-09	McCord	
		5,938,320	1999-08-17	Crandall	
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		5,922,176	1999-07-13	Caskey	
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		5,864,434	1999-01-26	Taylor	
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		5,847,889	1998-12-08	Komiyama et al.	
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		5,835,294	1998-11-10	Minegishi	
		5,825,527	1998-10-20	Forgette et al.	
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		5,669,704	1997-09-23	Pastrick	

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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Substitute for form 1449/PTO INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>				Complete if Known	
				Application Number	
				First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
				Art Unit	
				Examiner Name	
Sheet	5	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
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		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY		

		5,669,699	1997-09-23	Pastrick et al.	
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		5,668,663	1997-09-16	Varaprasad et al.	
		5,649,756	1997-07-22	Adams et al.	
		5,644,442	1997-07-01	Lemere	
		5,621,577	1997-04-15	Lang et al.	
		5,621,569	1997-04-15	Schlenke	
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		5,424,875	1995-06-13	Davis, II	
		5,412,512	1995-05-02	Zebold et al.	
		5,406,414	1995-04-11	O'Farrell et al.	

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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Substitute for form 1449/PTO		Complete if Known	
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>		Application Number	
		Filing Date	March 24, 2011
		First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
		Art Unit	
		Examiner Name	
Sheet 6	of 12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}			

		5,371,659	1994-12-06	Pastrick et al.	
		5,361,172	1994-11-01	Schissel et al.	
		5,355,245	1994-10-11	Lynam	
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		5,295,021	1994-03-15	Swanson	
		5,285,060	1994-02-08	Larson et al.	
		5,262,894	1993-11-16	Wheatley et al.	
		5,253,109	1993-10-12	O'Farrell et al.	
		5,247,395	1993-09-21	Martinez	
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		5,225,943	1993-07-06	Lupo	
		5,207,492	1993-05-04	Roberts	
		5,193,029	1993-03-09	Schofield et al.	
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		5,078,480	1992-01-07	Warszawski	

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>				Application Number	
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011
				First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
				Art Unit	
				Examiner Name	
Sheet	7	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

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		4,721,364	1988-01-26	Itoh et al.	
		4,715,701	1987-12-29	Urban	

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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				First Named Inventor		Niall R. Lynam	
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Sheet	8	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696		

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		4,712,879	1987-12-15	Lynam et al.	
		4,679,906	1987-07-14	Brandenburg	
		4,678,294	1987-07-01	Van Nostrand	
		4,674,850	1987-06-23	Blom	
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		4,666,264	1987-05-19	Yamabe	
		4,630,904	1986-12-23	Pastore	
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		4,609,266	1986-09-02	Blom	
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		4,549,786	1985-10-29	Albers et al.	
		4,526,446	1985-07-02	Adams	
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		4,331,382	1982-05-25	Graff	
		4,325,609	1982-04-20	Alford	
		4,311,363	1982-01-19	Marsalka et al.	
		4,311,362	1982-01-19	LaPorte	
		4,306,770	1981-12-22	Marhauer	
		4,303,308	1981-12-01	Kobrin	
		4,293,191	1981-10-06	Kim	
		4,281,899	1981-08-04	Oskam	
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		4,264,144	1981-04-28	McCord	
		4,258,979	1981-03-31	Mahin	
		4,223,983	1980-09-23	Bloom	

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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Receipt date: 03/24/2011

PTO/SB/08A (07-05)
 Approved for use through 07/2006. PNB 0651-0311 : 2872
 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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Substitute for form 1449/PTO		Complete if Known	
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>		Application Number	
		Filing Date	March 24, 2011
		First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
		Art Unit	
		Examiner Name	
Sheet 9	of 12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY		

		4,200,359	1980-04-29	Lawson	
		4,193,668	1980-03-18	Skinner	
		3,909,117	1975-09-30	Takahashi et al.	
		3,884,606	1975-05-20	Schrenk	
		3,881,811	1975-05-06	French	
		3,826,563	1974-07-30	Davis	
		3,806,232	1974-04-23	Gray	
		3,773,882	1973-11-20	Schrenk	
		3,764,201	1973-10-09	Haile	
		3,759,647	1973-09-18	Schrenk et al.	
		3,708,222	1973-01-02	Stern	
		3,667,833	1972-06-06	Baldwin, Sr.	
		3,610,739	1971-10-05	Seashore	
		3,601,614	1971-08-24	Platzer, Jr.	
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		3,424,517	1969-01-28	Budreck	
		3,408,136	1968-10-29	Travis	
		3,404,935	1968-10-08	Creager	
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		3,175,463	1965-03-30	Seashore	
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		3,104,274	1963-09-17	King	
		2,911,177	1959-11-03	West	
		2,890,539	1959-06-16	Holt	
		2,778,273	1957-01-22	Fellmeth	
		2,636,419	1953-04-28	Kerr	
		2,580,014	1951-12-25	Gazda	
		2,514,989	1950-07-11	Buren	

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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Receipt date: 03/24/2011

PTO/SB/08A (07-05)
 Approved for use through 03/31/2009. OMB 0662-0041: 2872
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Substitute for form 1449/PTO INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>				Complete if Known		
				Application Number		
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011	
				First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam	
				Art Unit		
				Examiner Name		
Sheet	10	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
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		Number-Kind Code ² (If Known)			

		2,263,382	1941-11-18	Gotzinger	
		2,135,262	1938-11-01	Schumacher	
		1,672,559	1928-06-05	Doble	
		1,114,559	1914-10-20	Weed	
		D297,926	1988-10-04	Kesler	
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		2002/0105741	2002-08-08	Platzer, Jr.	
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Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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				Application Number			
				Filing Date		March 24, 2011	
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				Art Unit			
				Examiner Name			
Sheet	11	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696		

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		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY		

		2008/0304170	2008-12-11	Zhao	
		2009/0237820	2009-09-24	McCabe et al.	
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		RE17274	1929-04-16	Porter	

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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				Examiner Name			
Sheet	12	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696		


FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS							
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Foreign Patent Document		Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages Or Relevant Figures Appear	T ⁶
		Country Code ²	Number ³ -Kind Code ⁵ <i>(if known)</i>				

		DE	2409748	1975-09-04	Leitz		
		DE	2550095	1976-05-20	Schiff et al.		
		DE	2647592	1978-04-27	Uta		
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		EP	0356099	1990-02-28	Yamada et al.		X
		EP	0728618	08-28-1996	Gentex Corporation		X
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		FR	2628042	1988-03-01	Racel		X
		GB	1279158	1972-06-28	Hacker		X
		GB	2048189	1980-12-10	Mirrocraft Inc.		X
		GB	2092534	1982-08-18	Hagiri		X
		JP	0051637	1980-04-15	Katsumata Giken KK		X
		JP	55076721	1980-10-06	Nikken Kogyo KK		X
		JP	1186443	1989-07-25	Kitsumoto Norihiko		X
		JP	1208245	1989-08-22	Moriwake		X
		JP	362075619	1987-04-07	Tomita		X
		JP	62105103	1987-05-15	Miyake Shinya		X
		KR	2002092059	2002-12-11	Jung		X
		NL	7908257	1981-06-01	Bartholomeus		
		WO	2001081956	11-01-2001	Platzer, Jr.		X
		WO	2004026633	04-01-2004	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO	2004047421	06-03-2004	Donnelly Corporation		X
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		WO	2006124682	11-23-2006	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO	2007005942	01-11-2007	Donnelly Corporation		X
		WO	2008051910	05-02-2008	Donnelly Corporation		X

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ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /A.A./

Index of Claims 	Application/Control No. 13071174	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner ALESSANDRO AMARI	Art Unit 2872

✓	Rejected	-	Cancelled	N	Non-Elected	A	Appeal
=	Allowed	÷	Restricted	I	Interference	O	Objected

Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant
 CPA
 T.D.
 R.1.47

CLAIM		DATE									
Final	Original	09/22/2011									
	1	✓									
	2	○									
	3	○									
	4	○									
	5	○									
	6	○									
	7	○									
	8	○									
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	17	✓									
	18	○									
	19	○									
	20	○									
	21	○									
	22	○									
	23	○									
	24	✓									
	25	○									
	26	○									
	27	○									

Search Notes 	Application/Control No. 13071174	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner ALESSANDRO AMARI	Art Unit 2872

SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
359	871,872,877,866,868	9/22/2011	AA

SEARCH NOTES		
Search Notes	Date	Examiner
EAST search	9/22/2011	AA

INTERFERENCE SEARCH			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

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EAST Search History

EAST Search History (Prior Art)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
S1	4714	(359/866,868,871,872,877).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2011/09/22 13:12
S2	40263	backing plate	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:13
S3	132	S1 and S2	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:13
S4	47	plano\$auxiliary	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:14
S5	47	plano-auxiliary	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:14
S6	17	S3 and S4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:14
S7	2	("20020072026").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2011/09/22 13:18
S22	2	(US-20020072026-\$).did. or (US-6717712-\$).did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12
S23	2	S22 and demarcation	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12
S24	2	(US-20020072026-\$).did. or (US-6717712-\$).did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12

EAST Search History (Interference)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
S9	174007	actuator.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:23
S10	4	plano-auxiliary.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:23
S11	4823	backing plate.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:24

S12	377	second support with curved. clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:25
S13	4	S9 and S10 and S11 and S12	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:25
S14	1622	demarcation.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:28
S15	4	S13 and S14	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:28
S16	2855	subtends.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:29
S17	7	fixed reflectance.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:29
S18	4	S16 and S17	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:29
S19	4	S13 and S18	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:29
S20	15	spherically bent.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:30
S21	4	S13 and S20	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 13:30
S25	2	"Term Removed" or "Term Removed"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12
S26	2	"Term Removed" or "Term Removed"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2011/09/22 16:12

9/ 22/ 2011 4:51:49 PM

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TERMINAL DISCLAIMER TO OBVIATE A DOUBLE PATENTING REJECTION OVER A "PRIOR" PATENT AND A PENDING APPLICATION

In re Application of: Niall R. Lynam
Application No.: 13/071,174
Filed: March 24, 2011
For: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

The owner, DONNELLY CORPORATION, of 100 percent interest in the instant application hereby disclaims, except as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant application which would extend beyond the expiration date of the full statutory term of prior patent No. 7,934,843 and any patent granted on pending reference U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/071,169 as the term of said prior patent is defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 and 173, and as the term of said prior patent and patent granted on said reference application is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant application shall be enforceable only for and during such period that it and the prior patent and patent granted on said reference application are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any patent granted on the instant application and is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns.

In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any patent granted on the instant application that would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term as defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 and 173 of the prior patent, "as the term of said prior patent is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer," and beyond the full statutory term of any patent granted on said reference application, "as the term of any patent granted on said reference application may be shortened by any terminal disclaimer filed prior to the grant of any patent on the pending reference application", in the event that said prior patent or patent granted on the reference application later:

- expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee;
is held unenforceable;
is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction;
is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321;
has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate;
is reissued; or
is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer or as shortened by any terminal disclaimer filed prior to its grant.

Check either box 1 or 2 below, if appropriate.

- 1. For submissions on behalf of a business/organization (e.g., corporation, partnership, university, government agency, etc.), the undersigned is empowered to act on behalf of the business/organization.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

- 2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 42540

Signature [Handwritten Signature]

October 3, 2011
Date

Timothy A. Flory
Typed or printed name

616-975-5500
Telephone Number

- Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal

Application Number:	13071174			
Filing Date:	24-Mar-2011			
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam			
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma			
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696			
Filed as Large Entity				
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees				
Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:				
Pages:				
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Miscellaneous:				
Statutory or terminal disclaimer	1814	1	160	160
Total in USD (\$)				160

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	11098538
Application Number:	13071174
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	3475
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam
Customer Number:	28101
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696
Receipt Date:	03-OCT-2011
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011
Time Stamp:	15:06:17
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

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Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$160
RAM confirmation Number	1345
Deposit Account	
Authorized User	

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
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1	Transmittal Letter	TransmittalForm.pdf	62213 eb6e750d805d3382f9eb95994fdbca5d49da2	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Amendment/Req. Reconsideration-After Non-Final Reject	ResponseA.pdf	57123 cc6fe27b60df1c0fdc76e1caea7a7062b8d5030	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Terminal Disclaimer Filed	TerminalDisclaimer.pdf	76164 5c22a7476478e6f609b1959389c91d4350e9e9f	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					
4	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	30005 c5a07f9654707414cc8fe8e66fb3dcb4b5d669d2	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
Total Files Size (in bytes):			225505		
<p>This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.</p> <p><u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u> If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.</p> <p><u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u> If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.</p> <p><u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u> If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.</p>					

Doc Code: TRAN.LET


Document Description: Transmittal Letter

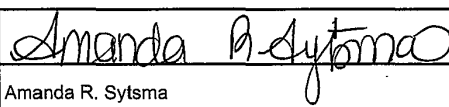
PTO/SB/21 (07-09)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

TRANSMITTAL FORM <i>(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)</i>	Application Number	13/071,174
	Filing Date	March 24, 2011
	First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
	Art Unit	2872
	Examiner Name	Alessandro V. Amari
Total Number of Pages in This Submission	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form	<input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to TC
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)
<input type="checkbox"/> After Final	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information
<input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address	<input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter
<input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Request	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Terminal Disclaimer	<input type="checkbox"/> Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below):
<input type="checkbox"/> Express Abandonment Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Request for Refund	
<input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement	<input type="checkbox"/> CD, Number of CD(s) _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application	Remarks	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53		

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT			
Firm Name	GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP		
Signature			
Printed name	Timothy A. Flory		
Date	October 3, 2011	Reg. No.	42540

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING			
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below:			
Signature			
Typed or printed name	Amanda R. Sytsma	Date	October 3, 2011

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group : 2872
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari
Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Filing Date : March 24, 2011
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Mail Stop Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

RESPONSE

Responsive to the Office Action mailed September 26, 2011, Applicant wishes to submit the following:

Remarks are on page 2 of this paper.

A Terminal Disclaimer is attached.

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Page : 2

Remarks:

The remarks presented herein are believed to be fully responsive to the Office Action dated September 26, 2011. Claims 1-27 are pending in the application.

Claim 1 was rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 4-12 of U.S. Patent No. 7,934,843, and claims 1, 17 and 24 were provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 23 and 25 of U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/071,169. Enclosed herewith is a Terminal Disclaimer with respect to U.S. Patent No. 7,934,843 and any patent that may be granted on pending U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/071,169. The basis for the double-patenting rejection is obviated. Accordingly, withdrawal of the rejections of these claims is respectfully requested.

Please charge Account No. 50-5553 for the \$140 terminal disclaimer fee due and for any additional fees which may be due.


Claims 1-27 remain pending in the application. Applicants respectfully submit that claims 1-27 are in condition for allowance and a notice to that effect is earnestly and respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,


NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Gardner, Linn, Burkhart & Flory, LLP

Date: October 3, 2011.



Timothy A. Flory
Registration No. 42 540
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207
P.O. Box 888695
Grand Rapids, Michigan 49588-8695
(616) 975-5500

Application Number 	Application/Control No. 13/071,174	Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination LYNAM, NIAL R.

Document Code - DISQ	Internal Document – DO NOT MAIL
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TERMINAL DISCLAIMER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> APPROVED	<input type="checkbox"/> DISAPPROVED
Date Filed : 10/03/11	This patent is subject to a Terminal Disclaimer	

Approved/Disapproved by:

Felicia D. Roberts
 7,934,843 and 13/071,169



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

Table with 5 columns: APPLICATION NO., FILING DATE, FIRST NAMED INVENTOR, ATTORNEY DOCKET NO., CONFIRMATION NO.

13/071,174 03/24/2011 Niall R. Lynam DON09 P-1696 3475

28101 7590 01/05/2012
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP
SUITE 207
2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E.
GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

Table with 1 column: EXAMINER

AMARI, ALESSANDRO V

Table with 2 columns: ART UNIT, PAPER NUMBER

2872

Table with 2 columns: MAIL DATE, DELIVERY MODE

01/05/2012 PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	13/071,174	LYNAM, NIAL R.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 October 2011.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**.
- 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on _____; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.
- 4) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 5) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application.
- 5a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 6) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 7) Claim(s) 1-18 and 20-27 is/are rejected.
- 8) Claim(s) 19 is/are objected to.
- 9) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 10) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 11) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Terminal Disclaimer

The terminal disclaimer filed on 3 October 2011 disclaiming the terminal portion of any patent granted on this application which would extend beyond the expiration date of US7,934,843 and 13/071169 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-18 and 20-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lynam et al (hereafter “Lynam”) US 2002/0072026.

The applied reference has a common inventor with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention “by another,” or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

In regard to claim 1, Lynam discloses (see Figures 3-9) an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising: an exterior sideview mirror assembly (12) adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element (30) having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile; said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator (36) of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0036]; wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature as described in paragraph [0015] and as shown in Figures 5A-5H; said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element as shown in Figures 5a-5H; said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element (60, 160), said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0042]; said

auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached as described in paragraph [0058]; said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figures 3 and 6; wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile as shown in Figures 5A-5H and as described in paragraph [0057]; wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion; wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto as described in paragraph [0043]; wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective

element are adjacently supported at said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element (65, 165), said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0051] and as shown in Figures 3 and 6; wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary reflective element adjacent said plano reflective element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said plano reflective element as described in paragraph [0048]; wherein said demarcation element is dark colored as described in paragraph [0051]; wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material as described in paragraph [0051]; wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0051] and as shown in Figures 3, 6, 8 and 9; wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed at said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figures 3, 6, 8 and 9; and wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figure 6 and as described in paragraph [0051]; and wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the entirety of said auxiliary

reflective element is further distant from the side of the equipped automobile than the entirety of said plano reflective element as shown in Figures 5D, 5H and 8.

Regarding claim 2, Lynam discloses that the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is at an angle of at least about 3 degrees relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element as described in paragraph [0059].

Regarding claim 3, Lynam discloses that the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0059].

Regarding claim 4, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element is supported at said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is supported at said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment, and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate as described in paragraph [0047] and [0055].

Regarding claim 5, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a

surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate as described in paragraph [0047] and [0055].

Regarding claim 6, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate has an aspherical curvature as described in paragraph [0005] and [0080].

Regarding claim 7, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraph [0043] and [0047]; and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature as shown in Figures 3 and 6.

Regarding claim 8, Lynam discloses that said demarcation element comprises a wall structure that at least partially partitions said backing plate element into a first region where said plano reflective element is disposed and a separate and adjacent second region where said auxiliary reflective element is disposed, and wherein at least one of (a) said first region is adapted to receive said plano reflective element and (b) said second region is adapted to receive said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0051] and as shown in Figure 6.

Regarding claim 9, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element comprises a heater element operable to demist/deice the outmost surface of said auxiliary reflective element when said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said backing plate element and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached and operated on the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0054].

Regarding claim 10, Lynam discloses that said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said piano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile as described in paragraph [0046].

Regarding claim 11, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element has an aspherical curvature as described in paragraph [0083].

Regarding claim 12, Lynam discloses that the ratio of the width of said piano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.5 as described in paragraph [0039].

Regarding claim 13, Lynam discloses that said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at

least at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location as described in paragraph [0059].

Regarding claim 14, Lynam discloses that at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said metallic reflector coating is selected from the group consisting of (i) a chromium coating, (ii) a titanium coating, (iii) a rhodium coating, (iv) a metal-alloy coating, (v) a nickel alloy coating, (vi) an aluminum coating and (vii) a silver coating as described in paragraph [0043].

Regarding claim 15, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element as described in paragraph [0043].

Regarding claim 16, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a curved substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraph [0055].

In regard to claim 17, Lynam discloses (see Figures 3-9) an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising: an exterior sideview mirror assembly (12) adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element (30) having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile; said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator (36) of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror

assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0036]; wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature as described in paragraph [0015] and as shown in Figures 5A-5H; said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element as shown in Figures 5a-5H; said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element (60, 160), said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0042]; said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached as described in paragraph [0058]; said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figures 3 and 6; wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile as shown in Figures 5A-5H and as

described in paragraph [0057]; wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion; wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is included in said exterior sideview mirror assembly and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraphs [0042] and [0051]; wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element as described in paragraph [0059]; wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped

automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraphs [0052], [0058] and [0059]; wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto as described in paragraph [0043]; wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0059]; wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile as described in paragraph

[0046]; and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector as described in paragraph [0055].

Regarding claim 18, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element comprises a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto as described in paragraphs [0047] and [0050].

Regarding claim 20, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraphs [0043] and [0047].

Regarding claim 21, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraphs [0043] and [0047], and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises at least one of (a) a spherical curvature, (b) an aspherical curvature and (c) a multiradius curvature as shown in Figures 3 and 6.

Regarding claim 22, Lynam discloses that said auxiliary reflective element has a spherical curvature, and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element has a spherical curvature as described in paragraph [0083].

Regarding claim 23, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a flat glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating, and wherein said bent glass substrate has a spherical curvature as described in paragraphs [0045] and [0083].

In regard to claim 24, Lynam discloses (see Figures 3-9) an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising: an exterior sideview mirror assembly (12) adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile; said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element (30) having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile; said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator (36) of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraph [0036]; wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature as described in paragraph [0015] and as shown in Figures 5A-5H; said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element as shown in Figures 5a-5H; said plano

reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element (60, 160), said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0042]; said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached as described in paragraph [0058]; said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element as shown in Figures 3 and 6; wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile as shown in Figures 5A-5H and as described in paragraph [0057]; wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion as described in paragraph [0050]; wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion; wherein the rearward

field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is included in said exterior sideview mirror assembly and when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraphs [0042] and [0051]; wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element as described in paragraph [0059]; wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile as described in paragraphs [0052], [0058] and [0059]; wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass

element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto as described in paragraph [0043]; wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a spherically bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating as described in paragraphs [0050] and [0055].

Regarding claim 25, Lynam discloses that said plano reflective element comprises a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and wherein said curved portion of said backing plate element comprises a curvature corresponding to a curvature of said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraphs [0045], [0047] and Figure 3.

Regarding claim 26, Lynam discloses wherein a demarcation element is disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element and wherein said demarcation element comprises a part of said backing plate element, and wherein said demarcation element at least partially partitions said backing plate element into a first region where said plano reflective element is disposed and a separate and adjacent second region where said auxiliary reflective element is disposed, and wherein said first region is adapted to receive said plano reflective element and said second region is adapted to receive said auxiliary reflective element as described in paragraphs [0050], [0051] and Figures 3 and 6.

Regarding claim 27, Lynam discloses that said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror

assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to the side of the equipped automobile as described in paragraph [0046].

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 19 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 19 is allowable for at least the reason, “surface of said polymeric substrate, said thin flexible sheet providing an anti-abrasion function at said surface of said polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin flexible glass sheet substantially conforming to said exterior surface of said polymeric substrate when adhered thereto, said thin glass sheet having a thickness of less than approximately 0.8 mm and greater than approximately 0.3 mm” as set forth in the claimed combination.


Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALESSANDRO AMARI whose telephone number is (571)272-2306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephone B. Allen can be reached on (571) 272-2434. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alessandro Amari/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872

<i>Index of Claims</i> 	Application/Control No. 13071174	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner ALESSANDRO AMARI	Art Unit 2872

✓	Rejected
=	Allowed


-	Cancelled
÷	Restricted

N	Non-Elected
I	Interference

A	Appeal
O	Objected

Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant
 CPA
 T.D.
 R.1.47

CLAIM		DATE							
Final	Original	09/22/2011	12/28/2011						
	1	✓	✓						
	2	○	✓						
	3	○	✓						
	4	○	✓						
	5	○	✓						
	6	○	✓						
	7	○	✓						
	8	○	✓						
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	21	○	✓						
	22	○	✓						
	23	○	✓						
	24	✓	✓						
	25	○	✓						
	26	○	✓						
	27	○	✓						

Search Notes 	Application/Control No. 13071174	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner ALESSANDRO AMARI	Art Unit 2872

SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
359	871,872,877,866,868	9/22/2011	AA
Update	above	12/28/2011	AA

SEARCH NOTES		
Search Notes	Date	Examiner
EAST search	9/22/2011	AA

INTERFERENCE SEARCH			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group : 2872
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari
Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Filing Date : March 24, 2011
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Mail Stop Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION

Responsive to the Office Action mailed January 5, 2012, Applicant wishes to submit the following:

Remarks begin on page 2 of this paper.

A **Terminal Disclaimer** is attached.

A **Declaration** under Rule 131(a) is attached.

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
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Remarks:

The amendments and remarks presented herein are believed to be fully responsive to the Office Action dated January 5, 2012. Claims 1-27 are pending in the application.

Allowable Claims:

Claim 19 was indicated as being allowable if rewritten in independent form. Because Applicant submits that independent claim 17 is in condition for allowance, as discussed below, Applicant has not amended claim 19 at this time.

Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. §102:

Claims 1-18 and 20-27 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by Lynam, U.S. Publication No. US 2002/0072026 ("Lynam '026"). Applicant respectfully traverses.

Applicant submits that Lynam '026 is not prior art under 35 U.S.C. §102(e). Lynam '026 published June 13, 2002, and, as discussed below, the present application has an effective filing date of May 20, 2003 (the filing date of U.S. provisional application 60/471,872). Thus, Lynam '026 published prior to the priority date of the presently claimed invention and Lynam '026 cannot be cited as prior art under 35 U.S.C. §102(e).

Also, because the present application has a priority date of May 20, 2003 that is less than one year after the publication date of Lynam '026 (June 13, 2002), and because (as discussed below) Applicant conceived and reduced to practice the invention claimed in at least the independent claims prior to the effective date of Lynam '026, Applicant respectfully submits that Lynam '026 is also not prior art under 35 U.S.C. §102(a).

The present application is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/851,045, filed August 5, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,934,843, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Serial No. 12/197,666, filed August 25, 2008, now U.S. Patent No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Serial No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S.

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Patent No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Serial No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003.

The present application incorporates by reference U.S. Patent Nos. 6,522,451 and 6,717,712. See, for example, paragraph [0045] on page 6 of the present application (reproduced below).

[0045] Reflective element 12 may comprise an aspheric or multi-radius or wide angle single element reflective element substrate. The reflective element 12 may provide a field of view similar to the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,522,451 and 6,717,712, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

With respect to the priority provisional application Serial No. 60/471,872, this application similarly incorporates by reference U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 and U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/745,172, filed December 20, 2000. U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/745,172 issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,717,712. Thus, the present application and each of the priority applications incorporate by reference the same disclosures.

With respect to the rejection in view of Lynam '026, and in accordance with 37 CFR 1.131, Applicant submits herewith a Declaration which declares that the invention claimed in at least independent claims 1, 17 and 24 was invented by Applicant prior to the publication date of Lynam '026, namely, June 13, 2002. The specification and drawings (Exhibit A) of U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/478,315, which was filed on January 6, 2000 by Niall R. Lynam (the sole named inventor of the present application), along with U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 (Exhibit B), which issued to Lynam from U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/478,315, are submitted with the Declaration as corroborative evidence that the present invention was reduced to practice prior to the Lynam '026 publication date of June 13, 2002 (and prior to the December 20, 2000 filing date of the application that published as Lynam '026). The Declaration is signed by the named inventor (Niall R. Lynam) for the present application. The attached specification and drawings of Exhibits A and B clearly corroborate that the inventions claimed in at least independent claims 1, 17 and 24 were reduced to practice well prior to June 13, 2002, the publication date of

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
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Lynam '026, and prior to December 20, 2000, the filing date of the application that published as Lynam '026.

Applicant also submits a terminal disclaimer that disclaims the term of any patent that will issue from the present application beyond the term of U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451. Please charge Account No. 50-5553 for the \$160 terminal disclaimer fee due and for any additional fees which may be due.

Accordingly, the rejections of claims 1-18 and 20-27 under §102(e) in view of Lynam '026 are obviated, and reconsideration and withdrawal of these rejections is respectfully requested.

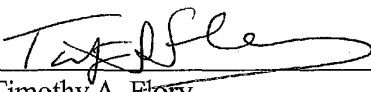
Claims 1-27 are pending in the application. Applicant respectfully submits that claims 1-27 are in condition for allowance and a notice to that effect is earnestly and respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP

Date: January 6, 2012.



Timothy A. Flory
Registration No. 42 540
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Grand Rapids, Michigan 49588-8695
(616) 975-5500

**TERMINAL DISCLAIMER TO OBTAIN A DOUBLE PATENTING
REJECTION OVER A "PRIOR" PATENT**Docket Number (Optional)
DON09 P-1696

In re Application of: Niall R. Lynam

Application No.: 13/071,174

Filed: March 24, 2011

For: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

The owner*, Donnelly Corporation, of 100 percent interest in the instant application hereby disclaims, except as provided below, the terminal part of the statutory term of any patent granted on the instant application which would extend beyond the expiration date of the full statutory term **prior patent** No. 6,522,451 as the term of said prior patent is defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 and 173, and as the term of said **prior patent** is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer. The owner hereby agrees that any patent so granted on the instant application shall be enforceable only for and during such period that it and the **prior patent** are commonly owned. This agreement runs with any patent granted on the instant application and is binding upon the grantee, its successors or assigns.

In making the above disclaimer, the owner does not disclaim the terminal part of the term of any patent granted on the instant application that would extend to the expiration date of the full statutory term as defined in 35 U.S.C. 154 and 173 of the **prior patent**, "as the term of said **prior patent** is presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer," in the event that said **prior patent** later:

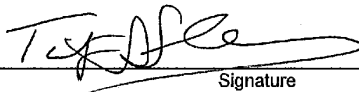
- expires for failure to pay a maintenance fee;
- is held unenforceable;
- is found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction;
- is statutorily disclaimed in whole or terminally disclaimed under 37 CFR 1.321;
- has all claims canceled by a reexamination certificate;
- is reissued; or
- is in any manner terminated prior to the expiration of its full statutory term as presently shortened by any terminal disclaimer.

Check either box 1 or 2 below, if appropriate.

1. For submissions on behalf of a business/organization (e.g., corporation, partnership, university, government agency, etc.), the undersigned is empowered to act on behalf of the business/organization.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

2. The undersigned is an attorney or agent of record. Reg. No. 42540



Signature

January 6, 2012

Date

Timothy A. Flory
Typed or printed name

(616) 975-5500
Telephone Number

- Terminal disclaimer fee under 37 CFR 1.20(d) included.

WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.

*Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is required if terminal disclaimer is signed by the assignee (owner). Form PTO/SB/96 may be used for making this certification. See MPEP § 324.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.321. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group : 2872
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari
Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Filing Date : March 24, 2011
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Mail Stop Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

DECLARATION UNDER RULE 131(a)

Niall R. Lynam, the inventor and Applicant in the above referenced patent application, declares as follows:

1. Prior to June 13, 2002, the inventor and Applicant conceived of the claimed invention of at least the independent claims as filed in the present application. For example, and with reference to claim 1 of the present application, the inventor and Applicant conceived of an exterior sideview mirror system comprising:
 - a. an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;
 - b. said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;
 - c. said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator of said exterior sideview mirror assembly and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view to a driver-desired position when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;
 - d. wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly, said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element having a curvature;

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
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- e. said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly mounted adjacently at said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element;
- f. said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element supported at a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;
- g. said auxiliary reflective element having a wide-angle field of view encompassing a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached;
- h. said backing plate element having a first support portion supporting said plano reflective element and a second support portion supporting said auxiliary reflective element;
- i. wherein said auxiliary reflective element is positioned at an outboard portion of said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile;
- j. wherein said backing plate element comprises a polymeric substrate that is formed as a single element by injection molding of a polymeric resin;
- k. wherein said backing plate element is capable of supporting said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;
- l. wherein said first support portion of said backing plate element comprises a flat portion and wherein said plano reflective element is disposed at said flat portion;
- m. wherein said second support portion of said backing plate element comprises a curved portion and wherein said auxiliary reflective element is disposed at said curved portion;
- n. wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto;
- o. wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element are adjacently supported at said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation

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between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile;

- p. wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary reflective element adjacent said plano reflective element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said plano reflective element;
 - q. wherein said demarcation element is dark colored;
 - r. wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material;
 - s. wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;
 - t. wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed at said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element;
 - u. wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; and
 - v. wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the entirety of said auxiliary reflective element is further distant from the side of the equipped automobile than the entirety of said plano reflective element.
2. The invention of at least the independent claims of the present application was reduced to practice sometime prior to June 13, 2002, as evidenced by the attached specification and drawings (Exhibit A), which were filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office on January 6, 2000 by Niall R. Lynam, and assigned Serial No. 09/478,315, as evidenced by the attached U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 (Exhibit B), which issued February 18, 2003 from the 09/478,315 application.
3. I am the sole named inventor of U.S. patent application Serial No. 13/071,174 (the present application) and I am the sole named inventor of U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/478,315 (Exhibit A), which issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,522,451 (Exhibit B).

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Page : 4

I hereby declare that all activities relating to the conception and reduction to practice of the above invention occurred in the United States.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that the statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, as set forth under section 1001, title 18, of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Inventor:

Date:

Niall Lynam

JAN 5 2012

Niall R. Lynam

PATENT
DON01 P-793
Express Mail No. EL399135945US

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
For : EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY
REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

Box Patent Application
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAIL

I certify that the attached return postcard, Transmittal Letter (in duplicate), Form PTO-1619 Recordation Form Cover Sheet, Assignment, a check in the amount of \$40.00 for the recordal fee, 23 pages of Specification, 12 pages of claims (83 claims), 1 page of Abstract, 7 sheets of drawings (in duplicate), Declaration and Power of Attorney, and a check in the amount of \$1,824.00 for the filing fee are being deposited with the United States Postal Service as Express Mail in an envelope having Express Mail Label Number EL

US addressed to:

Box Patent Application
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

on January 6, 2000.

Lynette M. S. Clark
Lynette M. S. Clark
Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhardt, LLP
P.O. Box 888695
Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695
(616) 975-5500

CSC:lmisc
Enclosures

EXHIBIT A

PATENT
DON01 P-793
Express Mail No. EL399135945US

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
For : EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY
REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

BOX PATENT APPLICATION
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Enclosed herewith is the above identified patent application comprising the following parts:

- 1) Postcard
- 2) Assignment, Form PTO-1619 Recordation Form Cover Sheet, and Assignment Recording Fee of \$40.00
- 3) 23 Pages of Specification
- 4) 12 Pages of Claims (83 claims)
- 5) 1 Page of Abstract
- 6) 7 Sheets of Drawings (in duplicate)
- 7) Declaration and Power of Attorney

Filing Fee:

Basic Fee \$690.00	\$690.00
Additional Fees	
Each independent claim in excess of three, times \$78.00	\$
Number of claims in excess of twenty, times \$18.00	\$1,134.00
Filing multiple dependent claims per application \$260.00	\$
Total Filing Fee	<u>\$1,824.00</u>

Checks in the amount of \$1,824.00 and \$40.00 are enclosed to cover the fees noted above.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge payment of the following fees associated with this communication, and during the pendency of this application, or to credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 22-0190. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

- 1) Any additional filing fees required under 37 CFR 1.16 for which full payment has not been tendered.
- 2) Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR 1.17 for which full payment has not been tendered.

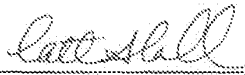
Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhart, LLP

Date

January 6, 2000


Catherine S. Collins

Registration No. 37 599

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Correspondent Name and Address Area Code and Telephone Number (616) 975-5500

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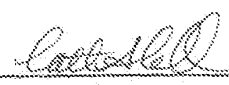
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Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT)
Enter PCT application number only if a U.S. Application Number has not been assigned.
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Number of Properties Enter the total number of properties involved. # 1

Fee Amount Fee Amount for Properties Listed (37 CFR 3.41): \$ 40.00
Method of Payment: Enclosed Deposit Account
(Enter for payment by deposit account or if additional fees can be charged to the account.)
Deposit Account Number: # 22-0190
Authorization to charge additional fees: Yes No

Statement and Signature
To the best of my knowledge and belief, the foregoing information is true and correct and any attached copy is a true copy of the original document. Charges to deposit account are authorized, as indicated herein.
Catherine S. Collins 37 599  January 6, 2000
Name of Person Signing Signature Date

Express Mail No. EL399135945US
DON01 P-793

ASSIGNMENT

WHEREAS, Niall R. Lynam residing at 248 Foxdown, Holland, Michigan 49424, (hereinafter referred to as Assignor), have invented certain new and useful improvements in EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY for which an application for United States Letters Patent was executed on even date herewith.

WHEREAS, Donnelly Corporation, a corporation of the State of Michigan, having a place of business at 414 East Fortieth Street, Holland, Michigan 49423 (hereinafter referred to as Assignee), is desirous of acquiring the entire right, title and interest in and to said invention and in and to any Letters Patent that may be granted therefor in the United States and in any and all foreign countries.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the sum of one dollar (\$1.00), the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, and for other good and valuable considerations, Assignor hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto said Assignee the full and exclusive right, title and interest to the said invention in the United States and in all foreign countries and the entire right, title and interest in and to any and all Letters Patent which may be granted therefor in the United States and in any and all foreign countries and in and to any and all divisions, reissues, continuations, continuation-in-part, and extensions thereof including the full right to claim for any such applications the benefits of the International Convention.

Assignor hereby authorizes and requests the Patent Office Officials in the United States and in any and all foreign countries to issue any and all of said Letters Patent, when granted, to said Assignee as the owner of the entire right, title and interest in and to the same, for the sole use and behoof of said Assignee, its successors and assigns.

FURTHER, Assignor agrees to communicate to said Assignee or its representatives any facts known to Assignor respecting said invention, and testify in any legal proceeding, sign all lawful papers, execute all divisional, continuation, continuation-in-part, substitution, renewal, and reissue applications, execute all necessary assignment papers to cause any and all of said Letters Patent to be issued to said Assignee, make all rightful oaths and generally do everything possible to aid said Assignee, its successors and assigns, to obtain and enforce proper protection for said invention in the United States and in any and all foreign countries.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand on the date appearing next to my signature.

Witness:

Donetta D. Vandine

Inventor:

Niall R. Lynam
Niall R. Lynam

Date:

JAN 6 2000

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY
TECHNICAL FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to exterior sideview mirror assemblies suitable for use on an automobile, and more specifically, to plano-auxiliary reflective element assemblies
5 for use in automobile exterior sideview mirror assemblies.

Automobiles are typically equipped with an interior rearview mirror assembly (adapted for providing a rearward field of view immediately rearward of the vehicle, typically principally in the road lane the vehicle is traveling in) and at least one exterior
10 sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of the vehicle (typically adjacent a front side window portion). The exterior side view mirror assembly typically comprises a reflective element adapted to provide a rearward field of view of the side lane adjacent the vehicle so as to allow the driver see whether a side approaching vehicle is present when the driver is contemplating a lane change. Conventionally, automobiles are equipped with a driver-side exterior mirror assembly and, very often, with a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror
15 assembly mounted to the side of the automobile body opposite to that of the driver-side assembly. While the combination of an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror (and especially in a three-mirror system comprising an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror and a passenger-side exterior mirror) works well in many driving situations, rear vision blind spots present a potential safety hazard while driving. A rear
20 vision blind spot is an area adjacent the side of an automobile where a view of another vehicle (overtaking on that side) is not captured in the rearward field of view of the exterior mirror reflector on that side. This presents a potential safety hazard as the driver, upon checking the view in the exterior sideview mirror and seeing no overtaking vehicle therein, may deem it safe to initiate a lane change, unaware that there is a vehicle immediately
25 adjacent in a blind-spot of the exterior mirror reflector.

Various attempts have been made conventionally to minimize and/or eliminate exterior mirror blind-spots on vehicles. One approach is to make the exterior mirror reflector larger, and particularly wider with respect to the vehicle body. By increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector, it has a wider field of view rearwards, and hence the reflector blind-

spot is reduced. While use of a wide exterior mirror reflector is an option for trucks, buses and commercial vehicles, increasing the width of the reflector used in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted on automobiles (such as sedans, station wagons, sports cars, convertibles, minivans, sports utility vehicles, pick-up trucks and similar passenger carrying automobiles) is often not an option. In such domestic automobiles, increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector increases the size of the exterior sideview mirror assembly with a concomitant increase in aerodynamic drag, increase in fuel consumption, increased difficulty in parking in tight parking spaces, and increased reflector vibration. Use of a non-flat, curved exterior mirror reflector is commonly used to increase rearward field of view without increasing reflector size.

While working well to increase field of view, use of a curved reflector (such as a convex, spherically-curved reflector) has disadvantages. The field of view rearward increases as the degree of curvature of the bent substrate increases (i.e., the field of view rearward increases as the radius of curvature of the bent substrate decreases). However, such wide-angle mirrors have non-unit magnification and distance perception rearward is distorted. For this reason, convex (spherically-bent) exterior mirror reflectors are required in some countries (such as the United States) to carry a safety warning "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR". Distance perception is particularly important for a driver-side exterior mirror. Indeed, Federal Vehicle Safety Standard No: 111 in the United States (the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein) requires that the driver-side exterior mirror reflector exhibit unit magnification, and places restrictions on the radius of curvature allowed for any bent passenger-side mirror as well as requiring a safety warning be placed thereon. As an improvement over spherically bent/convex mirror reflectors, aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors (such as are disclosed in U.S. Patents 4,449,786 and 5,724,187, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein) have been developed. Such mirrors are widely used in Europe and Asia for both driver-side exterior mirror reflectors and for passenger-side exterior mirror reflectors. The aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors typically have a less curved (larger radius of curvature) reflective region that is inboard or closest to the driver when mounted on a vehicle and, usually separated by a demarcation line or the like, have a more curved (smaller radius of curvature) region that is outboard or farthest from the driver when mounted on a vehicle. However, such aspherical or multiradius reflectors do not have unit

magnification and so cannot be used when unit magnification is mandated (such as by FMVSS 111, referenced above).

To supplement a flat driver-side exterior mirror reflector, an auxiliary and separate bent reflector is sometimes incorporated into the driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly. However, this is often not suitable for passenger automobiles because of the extra space required in the sideview mirror assembly to accommodate an auxiliary reflector element. Also, in most passenger automobiles, the position of the side view mirror reflector is adjustable by the driver (such as by a hand-adjust, or by a manually adjustable cable such as a Bowden cable or by an electrically operable actuator, as known in the art) in order to provide to that driver his or her desired rearward field of view, which ill-suits use of a separate, auxiliary reflector. Likewise, addition of stick-on blind-spot mirror reflectors (such as are commonly sold in automotive parts stores and the like) onto an automobile exterior sideview mirror reflector has disadvantages, including obscuring field of view of the automobile mirror reflector and adding to mirror element vibration.

There is thus a need to provide an automobile exterior sideview reflective element, and particularly a driver-side automobile exterior sideview reflective element, that overcomes the disadvantages above and that provides the driver of the automobile with a distortion-free field of view with unit magnification that is supplemented with a wide-angle view of a side lane blind spot, and there is a need that this be provided in a unitary reflective element assembly module suitable to mount onto, and be adjusted by, the mirror reflector adjustment mechanism (such as an electrically operated, motorized actuator) provided in the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;

Fig. 2 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of Fig. 3;

Fig. 5A-5H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;

Fig. 6 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a dividing wall in a backing plate element;

Fig. 6A is a cross-section taken along line XX of Fig.6;

Fig. 6B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of Fig.6; and

Fig. 7 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention provides a plano reflective element with unit magnification and an auxiliary reflector element for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. More specifically, this invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention is especially suitable for mounting in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly that is mounted to the side of the automobile body adjacent to the seating position of the driver in the front of the interior vehicular cabin. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention comprises a plano portion which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. This plano portion comprises a flat substrate, typically a flat glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention also includes a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, that has non-unit magnification. The plano portion provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. This multiradius portion comprises a curved substrate, typically a bent glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano portion and the multiradius portion are demarcated apart by a demarcation element. The demarcation element enables the driver of a vehicle equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element of this invention to readily delineate a rearward

view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano portion comprises a flat reflective element and the multiradius portion comprises a bent reflective element. The flat, plano reflective element and the curved, multiradius reflective element are individually and separately manufactured, and are adjacently attached to a single backing plate (which typically comprises a polymeric substrate, most typically a molded polymeric substrate), and with the demarcation element disposed at the joint of the plano, flat reflective element and the multiradius, bent reflective element. The backing plate is fabricated (typically by polymeric molding) to have a flat portion that corresponds to the plano, flat reflective element, and a curved surface that corresponds to the multiradius, curved reflective element. The attachment of the plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element to a single backing plate produces a unitary plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly module suitable for mounting in an exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the exterior sideview mirror assembly, the rearward fields of view of both the plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

One embodiment of the invention includes an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile comprising an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile. The exterior sideview mirror assembly includes a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile. The reflective element is attached to an actuator and is movable by the actuator in order to position the reflective element's rearward field of view in response to a control. The reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly which comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature. The plano element and the separate multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly are attached to a backing plate element. The backing plate element is mounted to the actuator such that movement of the backing plate element (and hence the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly) by the actuator simultaneously and similarly moves the plano element and the multiradius element. The plano element and the multiradius element are separately and, preferably, adjacently attached to the backing plate element at a joint.

In a further embodiment, a demarcation element is disposed at this joint to form a demarcation between the plano element and the multiradius element; this demarcation

element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile. Preferably, the demarcation element is dark colored, such as with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown. Optionally, there is a space at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element and the demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space
5 between said plano element and said multiradius element. The demarcation element can comprise at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.

In a further embodiment, the demarcation element comprises a wall on the backing plate element; this wall being located on the backing plate element at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element, this wall separating the respective elements apart.
10

In preferred embodiments, the portion of the demarcation element visible to a driver of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention has a width from about 0.5 mm to about 4 mm.

In preferred embodiments, the plano element is attached to the backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.
15

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element is attached to the backing plate element at a location such that, when the exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least portion, and preferably at least a substantial portion, of the plano element is disposed closer to the side of the vehicle than any portion of the multiradius element element.
20

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm, and the ratio of the width of the plano element to the width of the multiradius element is greater than 1.
25

In preferred embodiments, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the auxiliary, multiradius element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. The principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and the principal axis of the rearward field of view
30

of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle.

In a preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted comprises an electrically operable actuator. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is controlled by a switch or by a memory controller. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element and/or the multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element, and the multiradius element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector, such as a fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

In a preferred embodiment, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

These and other advantages, features, and modifications will become more apparent when reviewed in conjunction with the drawings and the detailed description which follows.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As illustrated in Fig. 1, passenger automobile 10 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal transportation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 18 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 25. Interior vehicle cabin 25 further includes a steering wheel 16, a driver seat 20 positioned at

steering wheel 16, a front passenger seat 21 adjacent to driver seat 20 in the front portion of cabin 25, and a rear passenger seat 23 in the rear portion of cabin 25. Automobile 10 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 14, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body 11, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 20 for driver-side assembly 12 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 21 for passenger-side assembly 14. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in Fig. 1 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 includes, as illustrated in Fig. 2, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 30. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 36. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 36 in response to control 37. Control 37 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 within exterior mirror housing 40 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Alternately, when actuator 36 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 37 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin 25) or control 37 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 36 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 36 is mounted to bracket 38 which attaches to vehicle body side 11. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positionable by actuator 36 within exterior mirror housing 40.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, as shown in Fig. 3, comprises a plano element 50 and a separate multiradius element 55. Preferably, plano element 50 is adjacent to multiradius element at a joint. At their joint, plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in Fig. 3. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are both mounted to surface 59 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 60.

Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 65. Surface 61 of backing plate element 60 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 64, to actuator 36 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 14) such that plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 36 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Thus, since elements 50, 55 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, movement of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 by actuator 36 simultaneously and similarly moves plano element 50 and multiradius element 55.

Plano element 50 preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element 50 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element 50 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element 50 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 66) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 67), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element 50 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element 50 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element 50 is

positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element 55. Thus, and referring to Figure 3, side A of plano element 50 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted on an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, surfaces 66, 68 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

Multiradius element 55 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element 55 with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element 55 (side C in Fig. 3) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element 50 when both are mounted on backing plate element 60. Thus, and referring to Figure 3, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55, when mounted on backing plate element 60, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element 55 from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55 is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element 55 is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element 55 comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multiradius element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

Multiradius element 55 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element 55 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element 55 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 68) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 69), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element 55 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element 55 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, 66 and 68, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements 50,55 is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 when mounted to an automobile.

The reflector area of plano element 50 is preferably larger than that of multiradius element 55. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element 50 is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element 55 (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element oriented as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to Figure 3, the distance from side A to side B of plano element 50 is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element 55. Thus, the ratio of

the width of plano element 50 to the width of multiradius element 55 is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element 50 as the principal rear viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 and providing multiradius element 55 as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element 50 (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 75 mm to about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

Backing plate element 60 is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element 50 and multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in Fig. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element 50. Backing plate element 60 also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in Fig. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element 55. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element 55 is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 is formed as a single element to which elements 50 and 55 are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element 60 is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element 60 include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element 60 can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element 50 can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element 55 can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element 60. Alternatively, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a

polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element 65) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred
5 fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 further preferably includes demarcation element 65 that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray,
10 rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 when both are attached to backing plate element 60. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element 65 can be disposed in any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 at their joint on backing plate
15 element 60. Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed of a polymeric material that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark grey or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element 65 is formed of an at least partially
20 elastomeric material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements 50, 55. As shown in Fig. 4, demarcation element 65 optionally includes a crown portion 70 that includes wing portions 73, 73' and a stem portion 71. Stem portion 71 preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than
25 about 2 mm. Crown portion 70 preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55. Also, wings 73, 73' are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55 in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at
30 least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements 50, 55 that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in Fig. 4 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation

element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap).
5
Optionally, demarcation element 65 is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 have been attached to backing plate element 60, a separately formed demarcation element 65 can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space
10 between elements 50 and 55. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element 50 and side C of multiradius element 55 can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element 65 can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements 50 and 55. Alternatively, demarcation element 65 can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or
15 similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements 50 and 55. The width of the portion of demarcation element 65 that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater
20 than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element 65 can be formed as part of backing plate element 60 such as by forming demarcation element 65 as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element 60 into two regions: A first
25 region adapted to receive plano reflective element 50 and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element 55.

Thus, and referring to Fig. 6, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 may include a backing plate element 160 which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as
30 ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element 165 that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element 165 into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element 150 and into a second region (from BB to AA)

adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element 155. Note that section AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in Fig. 6 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element 60, and attachment of elements 50, 55 thereto. For example, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element.

Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element 65 (along with any other elements such as attachment member 64) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. By loading all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components.

Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces 66, 68. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as

known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

Also, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements 50, 55 can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient light). Alternately, if both plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element 50 can dim independently of element 55 (such as is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein). If either or both of elements 50, 55 comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclosed in U.S. patent application Serial No. 09/350,930, filed July 12, 1999, entitled "ELECTROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANUFACTURING ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desaraju V. Varaprasad et al., or such as is disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rearmost surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such

as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

5 Backing plate element 65 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is optionally equipped on its rearmost surface with attachment member 64 to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment
10 such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure sensitive adhesive to form a "double-sticky" tape. The exterior sideview mirror assembly, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior
15 sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

Figs. 5A-5H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element 55 relative to its adjacent plano reflective element 50 (with demarcation element 65 disposed at their joint). In Figs. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 is mounted wholly inboard of
20 multiradius element 55. Thus, in Figs. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 would be disposed closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 was mounted in an exterior sideview mirror attached to a side of an automobile. Therefore, in Figs. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 would be mounted inboard relative to the side of the automobile and multiradius
25 element 55 would be mounted outboard relative to the side of the automobile. In general, the location of the multiradius reflective element in the outboard, upper portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, as in Figs. 5B and 5E, is preferred as this allows the plano portion provide a desired rearward field of view along the side of the vehicle. The configuration as shown in Fig. 5G (where the multiradius reflective element is along the
30 inboard side of the assembly) is also desirable as this allows the driver view the side of the vehicle (something many drivers desire in order to have a frame of reference for their rearward field of view) while facilitating having a wide field of view for the plano portion.

Unlike trucks, busses and commercial vehicles the size of an exterior sideview mirror assembly suitable for use on an automobile (and especially when the automobile is not towing a trailer or the like) is restricted. Automobiles generally are non-commercial vehicles intended for personal transportation. Automobiles typically carry 5 passengers or less, although minivans and large sports utility vehicles (which are classified herein as automobiles) can have seat accommodation for up to 10 passengers (although accommodation for 7 passengers or less is more common). The tandem mounting of a plano element of unit magnification and a separate auxiliary element onto a common, single backing plate element, and the mounting of this backing plate element onto an actuator of an exterior sideview mirror assembly so that a driver can simultaneously and similarly move the auxiliary element and the plano element so as to position their respective rearward fields of view, and to achieve this within the relatively restricted space available in a standard automobile-sized exterior sideview mirror assembly is an important element of this present invention. By utilizing a plano element of unit magnification in the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, and by sizing the reflector area of the plano element larger than the reflector area of the multiradius element and, preferably, by sizing the reflector area of the plano element at a sufficiently large size that the rearward field of view provided by the plano element alone meets and satisfies the minimum field of view requirement mandated by an automaker specification and/or a government regulation, the need to provide a safety warning indicia such as "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR" in the plano element and/or in the multiradius element can be obviated. Preferably, the plano element comprises a reflector surface area of a size sufficient, when mounted as part of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, to provide the driver of the automobile a view of a level road surface extending to the horizon from a line, perpendicular to a longitudinal plane tangent to the driver's side of the automobile at the widest point, extending 8 feet out from the tangent plane 35 feet behind the driver's eyes (at a nominal location appropriate for any 95th percentile male driver or at the driver's eye reference points established in Federal Motor Vehicle Standard No. 104), with the driver seated in the driver's seat and with the driver's seat in the rearmost position. Also, preferably, the aspect ratio of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly (defined as the ratio of its largest vertical dimension to its largest horizontal dimension, measured with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly

oriented as it would be oriented when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile, and with "horizontal" being generally parallel with the road surface the automobile travels on and "vertical" being generally perpendicular to the road surface the automobile travels on) is preferably less than 1, more preferably less than 0.8, most preferably less than 0.6. Further, it is preferable that the multiradius element be disposed outboard (relative to the side of the vehicle and with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly oriented as it would be when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile) on the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly so that the multiradius element is positioned to provide an auxiliary, wide-angle view of a "blind-spot" region in an adjacent sidelane while the more inboard-disposed plano element with unit magnification provides the principal sideview image to the driver.

Also, it is preferable that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element be different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted and operated in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the road that the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is travelling on (i.e. generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile) so as to provide the driver with a long-distance view of approaching vehicles in the side lane that the plano element views). However, preferably the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element of, for example, a door-mounted driver-side (or passenger-side) exterior sideview mirror assembly in which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location and/or several feet (such as about 1 foot to about 24 feet; more preferably, about 1 foot to about 12 feet; most preferably about 1 foot to about 8 feet in distance) to its rear (in order to capture a field of view of a rear approaching vehicle that is approaching to overtake, or is about to overtake, or is overtaking the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly). Thus, preferably, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is angled and directed generally downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the automobile and thus is at an angle to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the

plano element. For example, multiradius element 155 when attached to surface 173 of backing plate 160 (see Fig. 6B) would have its principal axis of rearward view as indicated by 180 as in Fig. 6B, and as such would be canted towards the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. By contrast, 5 plano element 150 when attached to surface 174 of backing plate 160 (see Fig. 6A) would have a principal axis as indicated by 185 as in Fig. 6A and, as such, would be generally parallel to the road surface when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of an automobile. Having the multiradius element canted somewhat downwards towards the road surface assists visual detection by the driver of overtaking vehicles in the 10 traditional "blind-spot" in the adjacent side lane. The angle that the multiradius element is angled on the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plano reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1 degree to about 10 degree range; about 2 degree to about 8 degree range more preferred; and about 3 degree to about 6 degree range 15 most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plano reflective portion is attached to. Thus, and referring to Fig. 6, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 includes 20 a molded polymeric backing plate element 160 comprising a generally flat portion 162 (between BB and CC in Fig. 6) and an adjacent curved portion 161 (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190 and 195, portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160 to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front 25 (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. Fig. 6 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162 closer to the driver than portion 161). The wall section, section XX in Fig. 6, taken through section 162 of backing plate element 160 is 30 of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in Fig. 6A) whereas the wall section, section YY in Fig. 6B, taken through section 161 of backing plate element 160 is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150 and multiradius reflective element

155 (for example, plano element 150 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and
multiradius element 155 can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to
portions 162 and 161, respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173 (see Fig. 6B)
of portion 161, the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155 is angled
5 downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal
viewing axis of plano element 150, when plano-multiradius reflective element 130 is
mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element
165 is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element
160, and so demarcation element 165 is formed as an integral part of backing plate element
10 160, forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160 into a
region for receiving the plano reflective element 150 and a region for receiving the auxiliary
reflective element 155. Also, end-caps 170 and 171 are optionally provided. Plano reflective
element 150 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap
171; multiradius reflective element 155 can attach into the cavity formed between
15 demarcation element 165 and end-cap 170. Note that the portion of the backing plate element
where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness
than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic
element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly
relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in Figs. 6A-B. As illustrated in Figs.
20 6A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element
can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in order to ensure
that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally
parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius
reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the
25 multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of
the automobile.

Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly
of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior
sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective
30 element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-
multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

Referring to Fig. 7, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element for the auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror

such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective element is angled relative to the plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

The above description is considered that of the preferred embodiments only. Modification of the invention will occur to those skilled in the art and to those who make or use the invention. Therefore, it is understood that the embodiments shown in the drawings and described above are merely for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention, which is defined in the following claims as interpreted according to the principles of patent law, including the doctrine of equivalents.

I claim:

1. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;

5 said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an actuator and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view in response to a control;

10 wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature; and

15 said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly attached to a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.

2. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element are adjacently attached to said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation
5 between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.

3. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored.

4. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 3, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown.
5. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.
6. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 5, wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.
7. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 3, wherein said demarcation element comprises at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.
8. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 7, wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material.
9. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall separating said plano reflective element from said multiradius reflective element.
10. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 4 mm.
11. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 3 mm.
12. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 2 mm.

13. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.5 mm.

14. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.75 mm.

15. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 1 mm.

16. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

17. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

18. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is attached to said backing plate element at a location such that, when said exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least a portion of said plano reflective element is disposed closer to said side of the automobile than any portion of said
5 multiradius reflective element.

19. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm.

20. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.

21. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.5.

22. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 2.5.

23. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element
5 assembly and when said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in said exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile.

24. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 23, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius
5 reflective element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

25. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 1 degree to about 10 degrees.

26. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees.

27. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees.

28. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is generally set by an angling of a surface of said backing plate element.

29. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said
5 multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

30. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said
5 multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 12 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

31. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 24, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said
5 multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 8 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

32. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly.
33. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.
34. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.
35. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said actuator comprises an electrically operable actuator.
36. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said control comprises a memory controller.
37. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.
38. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein both said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprise an electro-optic reflective element.
39. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optical reflective element.
40. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 39, wherein said electro-optical reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.
41. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 40, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.

42. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 41, wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

43. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 1, wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

44. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;

5 said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an electrically operable actuator and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view in response to a control;

10 wherein said reflective element comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate auxiliary reflective element;

said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element attached to a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves
15 said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; and

wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element are adjacently attached to said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein a demarcation element is disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a
20 driver of the automobile.

45. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein demarcation element is dark colored.

46. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown.
47. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element.
48. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 47, wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element.
49. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element comprises at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.
50. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material.
51. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall separating said plano reflective element from said auxiliary reflective element.
52. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 4 mm.
53. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 3 mm.
54. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 2 mm.

55. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.5 mm.

56. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.75 mm.

57. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 1 mm.

58. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said plano reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

59. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said auxiliary reflective element is attached to said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

60. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said auxiliary reflective element is attached to said backing plate element at a location such that, when said exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least a portion of said plano reflective element is disposed closer to said side of the automobile than any portion of said auxiliary reflective element.

61. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises one of a flat glass substrate and a bent glass substrate

62. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.

63. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 1.5.

64. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said auxiliary reflective element is greater than 2.5.

65. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when both are attached to said backing plate element and are mounted in said exterior sideview mirror
5 assembly on an automobile.

66. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 65, wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with said reflective element and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is directed
5 generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with said reflective element.

67. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 1 degree to about 10 degrees.

68. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees.

69. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees.

70. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is generally set by an angling of a surface of said backing plate element.

71. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

72. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 12 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

73. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 66, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 8 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

74. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly.

75. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.
76. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.
77. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said control comprises a memory controller.
78. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.
79. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein both said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element comprise an electro-optic reflective element.
80. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 44, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optical reflective element.
81. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 80, wherein said electro-optical reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.
82. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 81, wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.
83. The exterior sideview mirror system of Claim 82, wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

ABSTRACT

This invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a plano reflective element which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly also includes an auxiliary reflective element including a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view. The plano reflective element provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius portion are separated by a demarcation element which enables the driver to readily delineate a rearward view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are individually, separately, and adjacently attached to a single backing plate which is mounted to an actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the housing of the exterior sideview mirror assembly via the actuator, the rearward field of view of both the plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

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Express Mail No. EL399135945US

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor, if only one name is listed below, or an original, first and joint inventor, if plural names are listed below, of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY, the specification of which is attached hereto.

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (the Office), all information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.), Section 1.56.

CLAIM OF PRIORITY

I hereby claim foreign benefits under Title 35, United States Code (U.S.C.), Section 119, of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Application Ser. No. None, filed in (country) _____ on _____.

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120, of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the above-identified specification, including claims, discloses and claims subject matter in addition to that disclosed in the prior pending application(s), listed below, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office, all information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

U.S. Serial No. None, filed on _____, and now (status) _____.

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

U.S. Serial No. None, filed on _____.

POWER OF ATTORNEY

I hereby appoint the patent law firm of Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhardt, LLP, 2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207, Grand Rapids, Michigan 49546, telephone number 616/975-5500, facsimile number 616/975-5505, and the individual patent attorneys and patent agents at such patent law firm, namely, Daniel Van Dyke, Reg. No. 25 046; Donald S. Gardner, Reg. No. 25 975; Terence J. Linn, Reg. No. 30 283; Frederick S. Burkhardt, Reg. No. 29 288; Catherine S. Collins, Reg. No. 37 599; Matthew L. Goska, Reg. No. 42 594; Anthony A. Bisulca, Reg. No. 40 913; and Timothy A. Flory, Reg. No. 42 540, my attorney(s) or agent(s) with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in and to receive all correspondence from the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

All statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further, these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent issued thereon.

Sole inventor:

Niall R. Lynam JAN 6 2000
Niall R. Lynam Date

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10

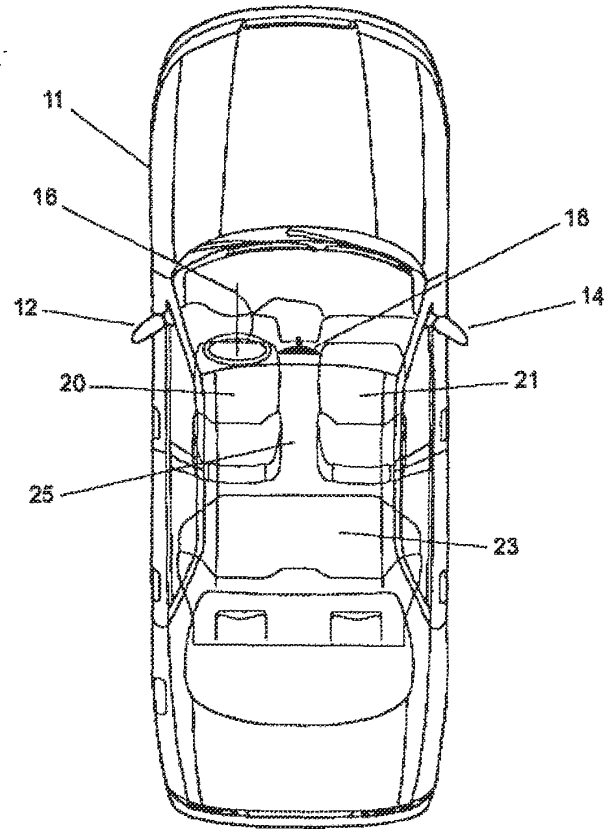


Figure 1

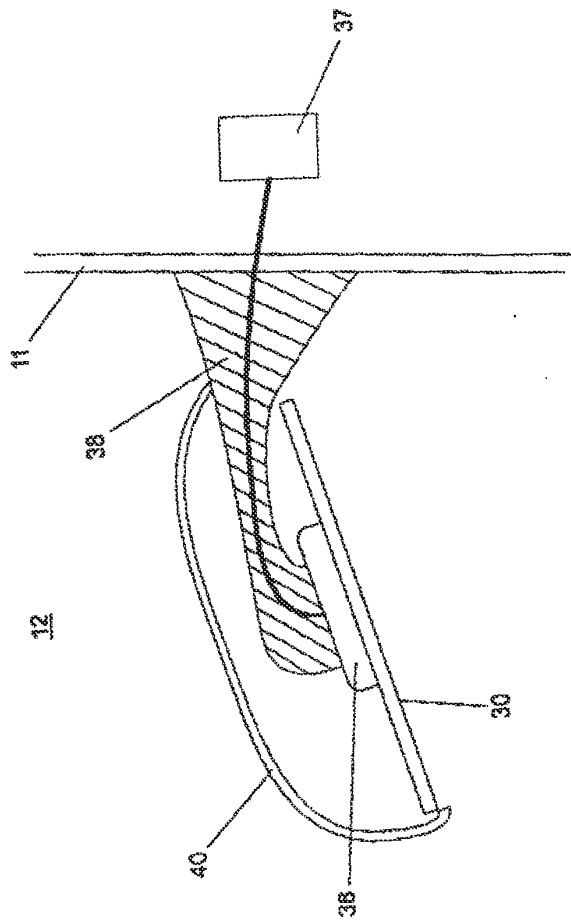


Figure 2

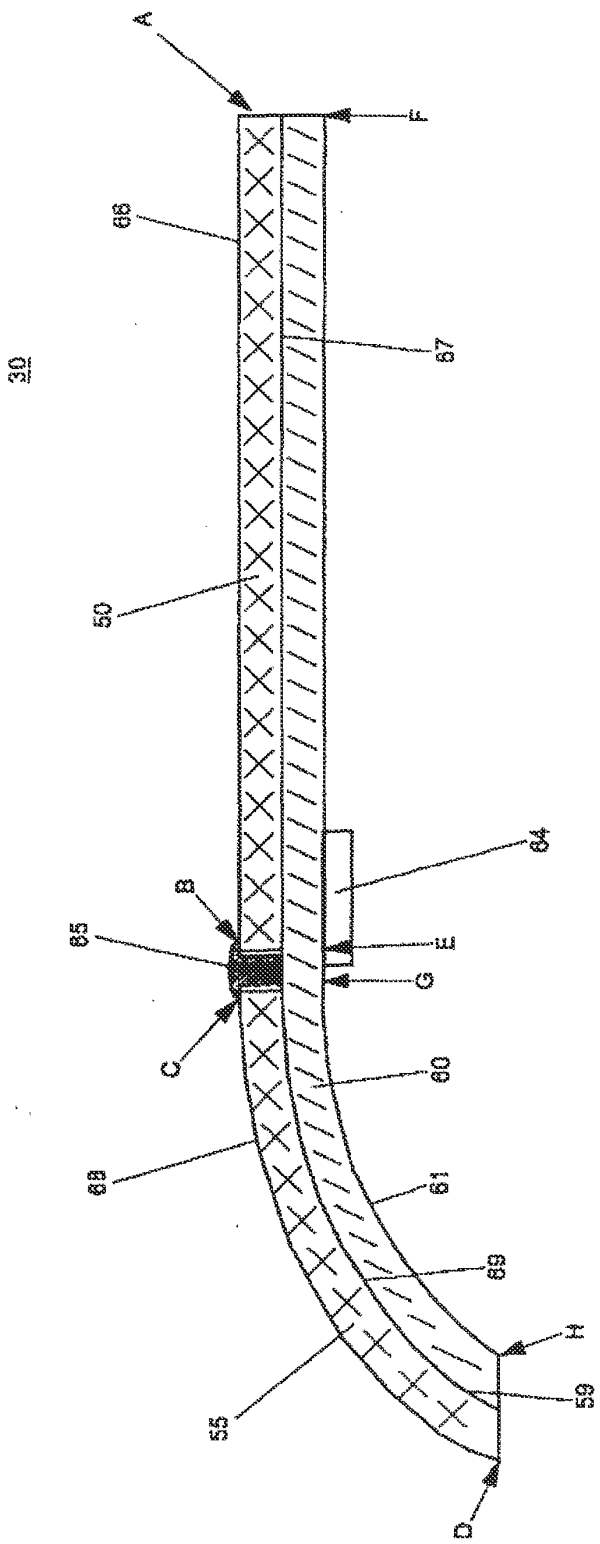


Figure 3

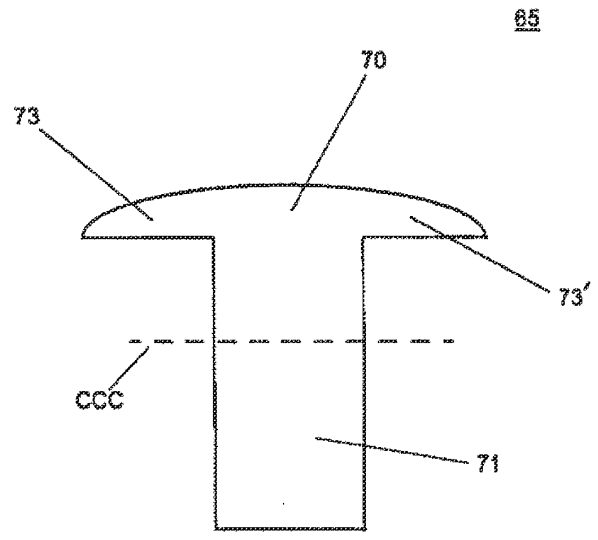


Figure 4

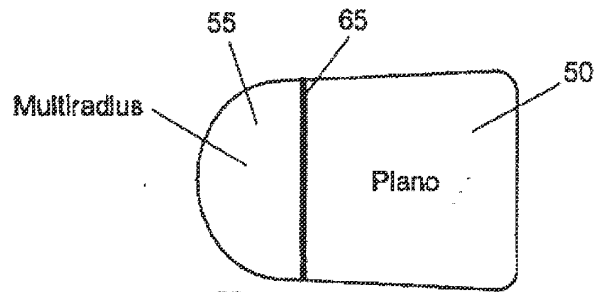


FIG. 5A

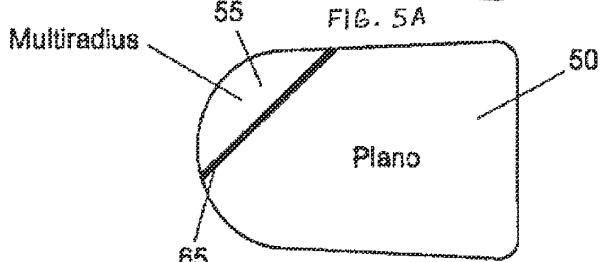


FIG. 5B

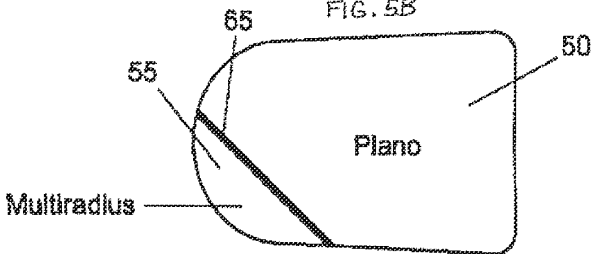


FIG. 5C

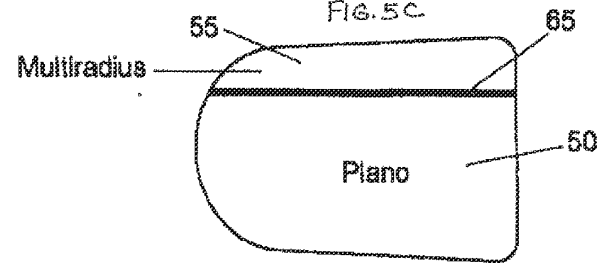


FIG. 5D

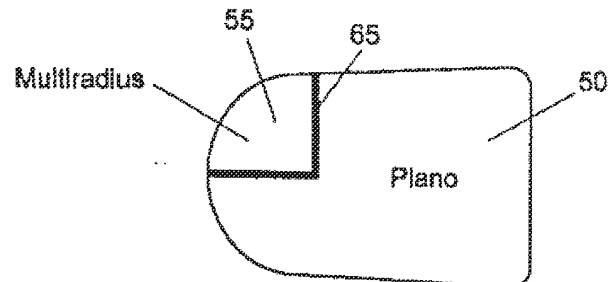


FIG. 5E

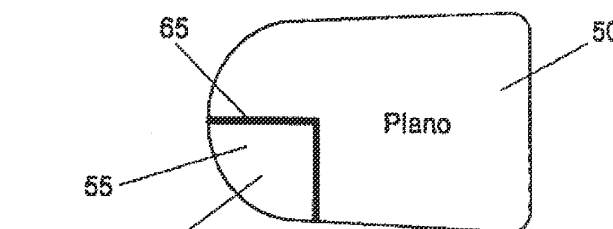


FIG. 5F

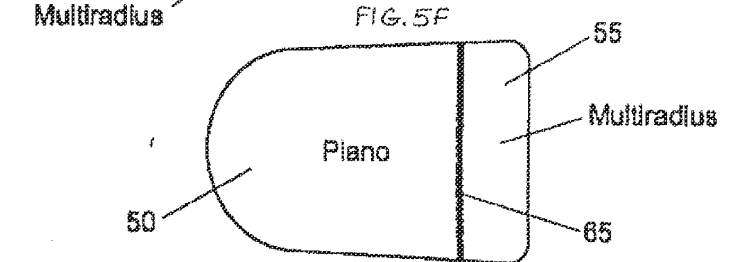


FIG. 5G

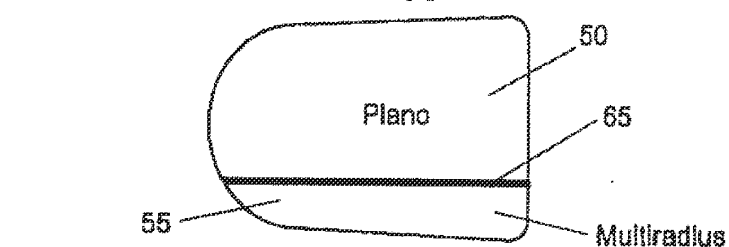


FIG. 5H

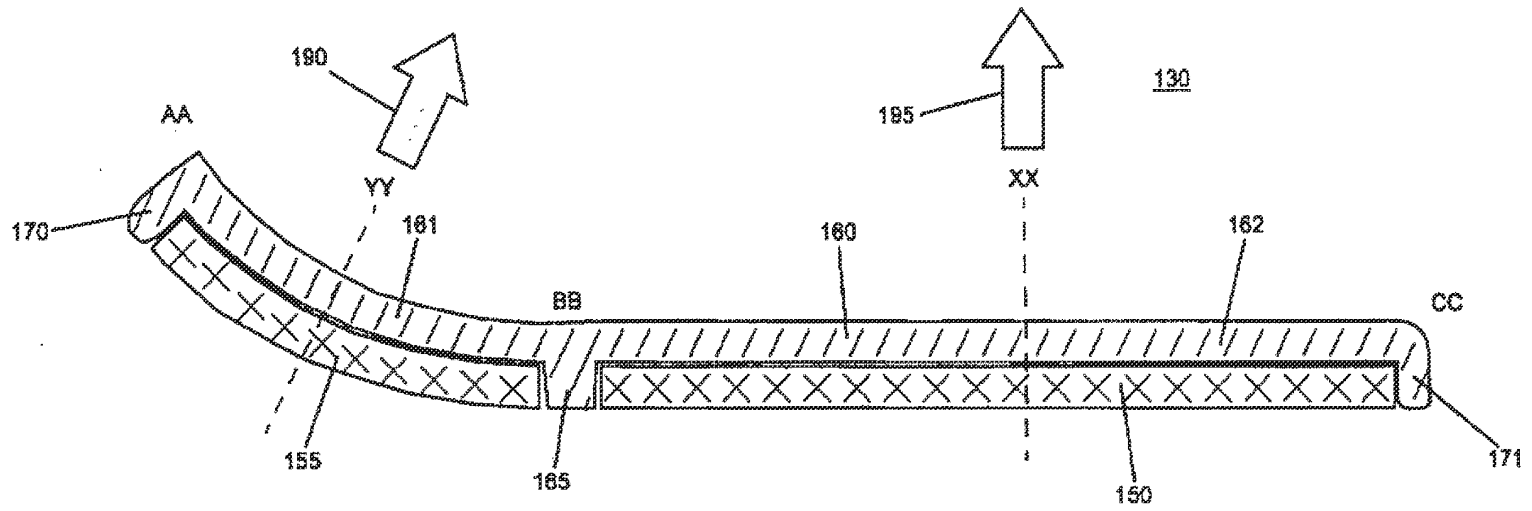


Figure 6

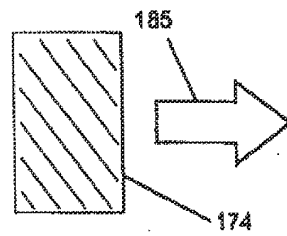


Figure 6A

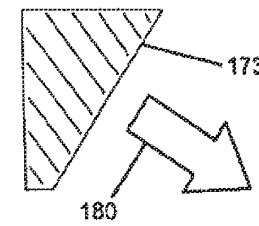


Figure 6B

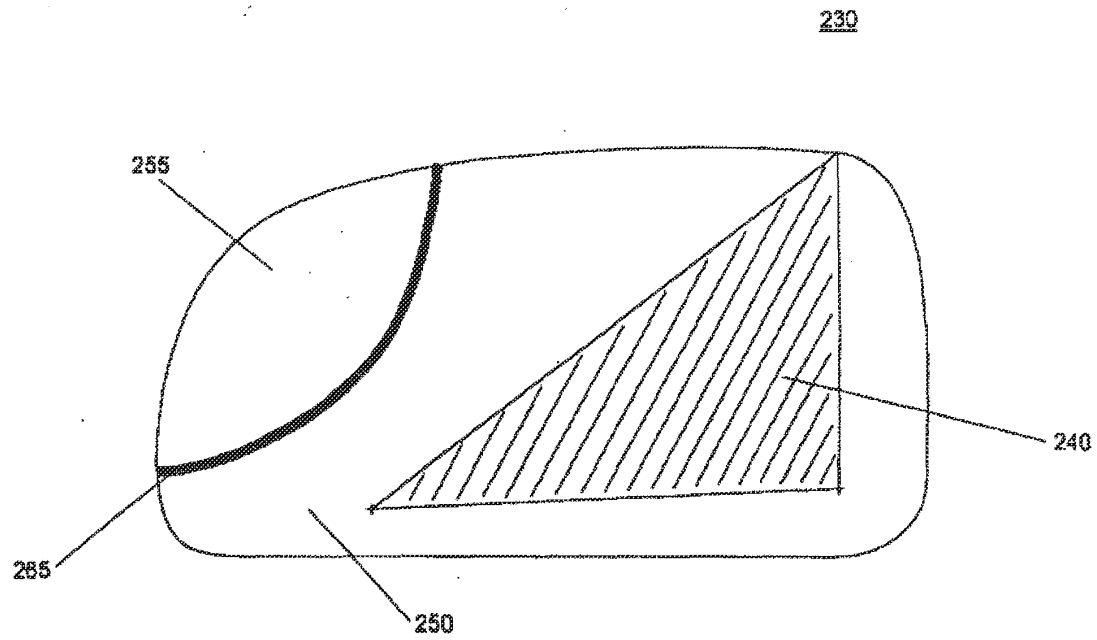
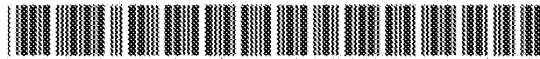


Figure 7



US006522451B1

(12) **United States Patent**
Lynam

(10) **Patent No.:** US 6,522,451 B1
(45) **Date of Patent:** Feb. 18, 2003

(54) **EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY**

(75) **Inventor:** Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI (US)

(73) **Assignee:** Dummally Corporation, Holland, MI (US)

(*) **Notice:** Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) **Appl. No.:** 09/478,315

(22) **Filed:** Jan. 6, 2000

(51) **Int. Cl.⁷** G02F 1/15; G02B 5/08; G02B 5/10; G02B 7/182; B60B 1/06

(52) **U.S. CL.** 359/265; 359/267; 359/841; 359/850; 359/864; 359/866; 359/868; 359/872; 359/877; 248/549; 248/900

(58) **Field of Search** 359/841, 850, 359/851, 855, 864, 865, 866, 868, 872, 877, 265, 267; 248/549, 900

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Primary Examiner—Ricky D. Stafer

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Van Dyke, Gardner, Linn & Burkhardt, LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

This invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a plano reflective element which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly also includes an auxiliary reflective element including a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view. The plano reflective element provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius portion are separated by a demarcation element which enables the driver to readily delineate a rearward view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are individually, separately, and adjacently attached to a single backing plate which is mounted to an actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the housing of the exterior sideview mirror assembly via the actuator, the rearward field of view of both the plano reflective element and the multiradius reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

40 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets

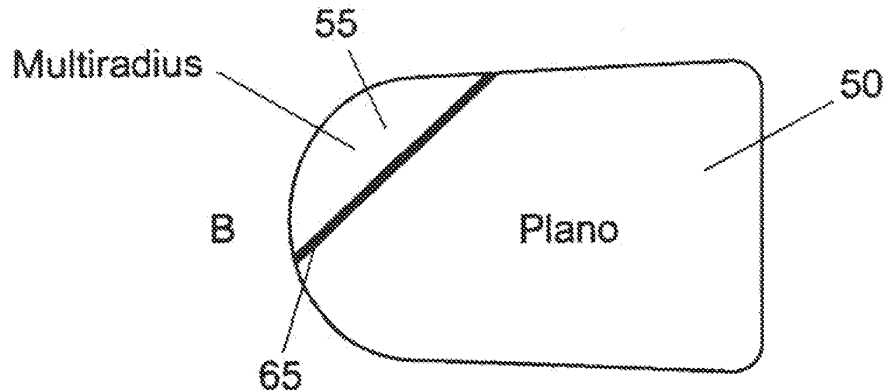


EXHIBIT B

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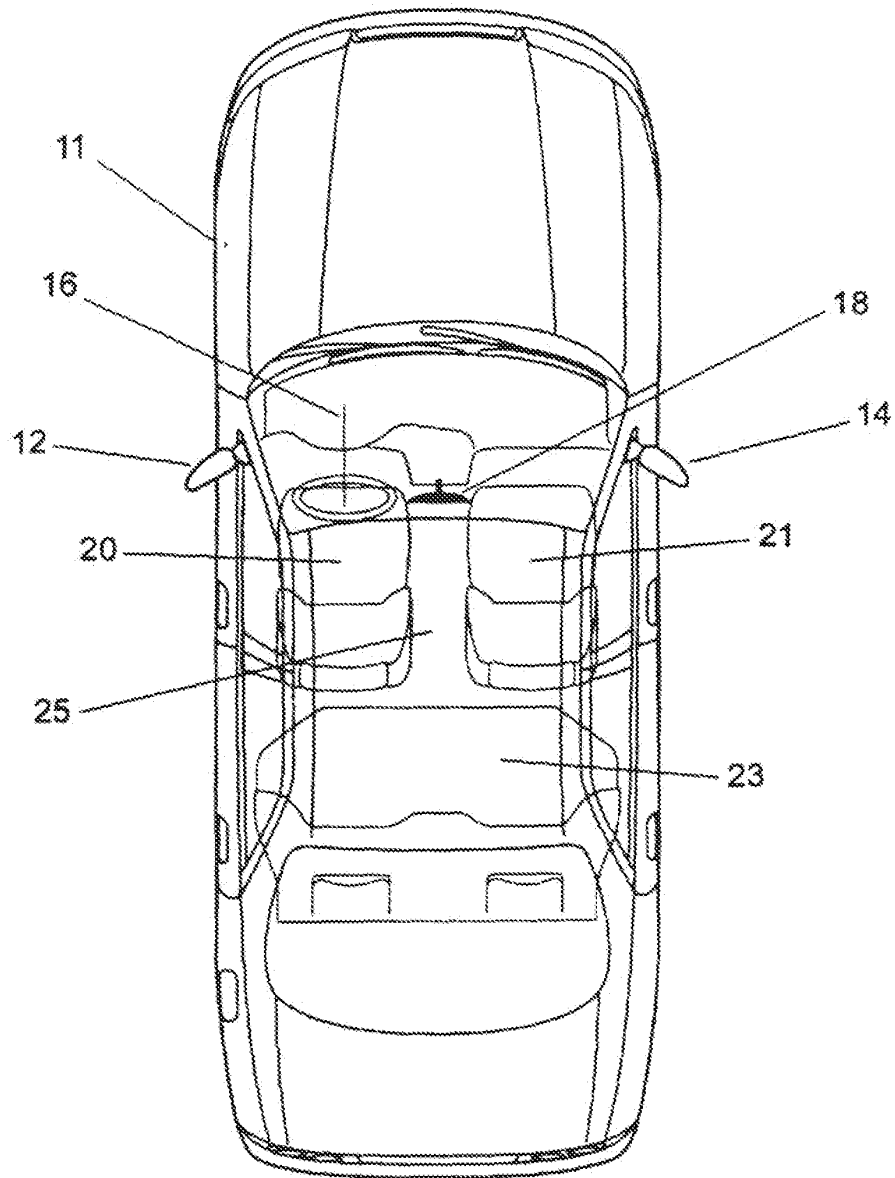


Figure 1

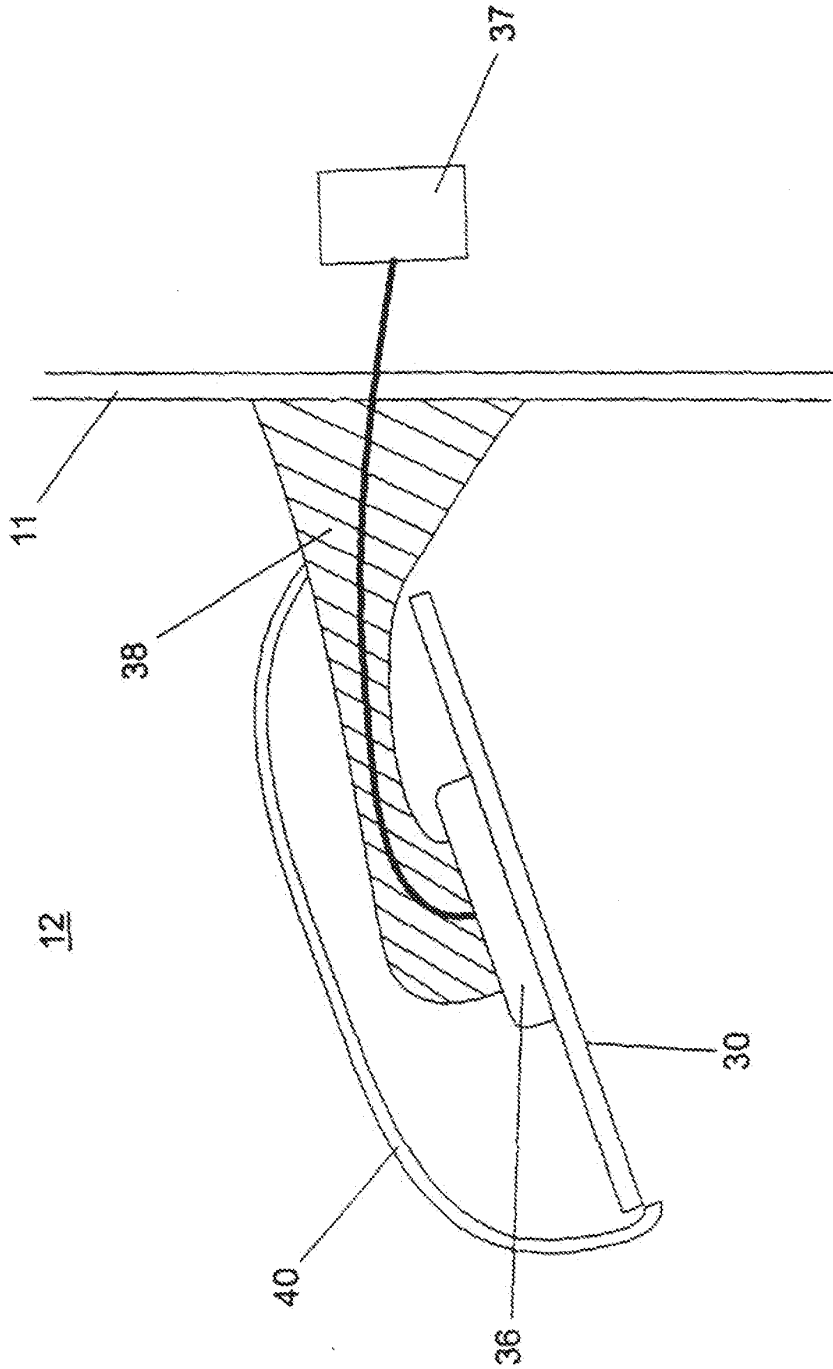


Figure 2

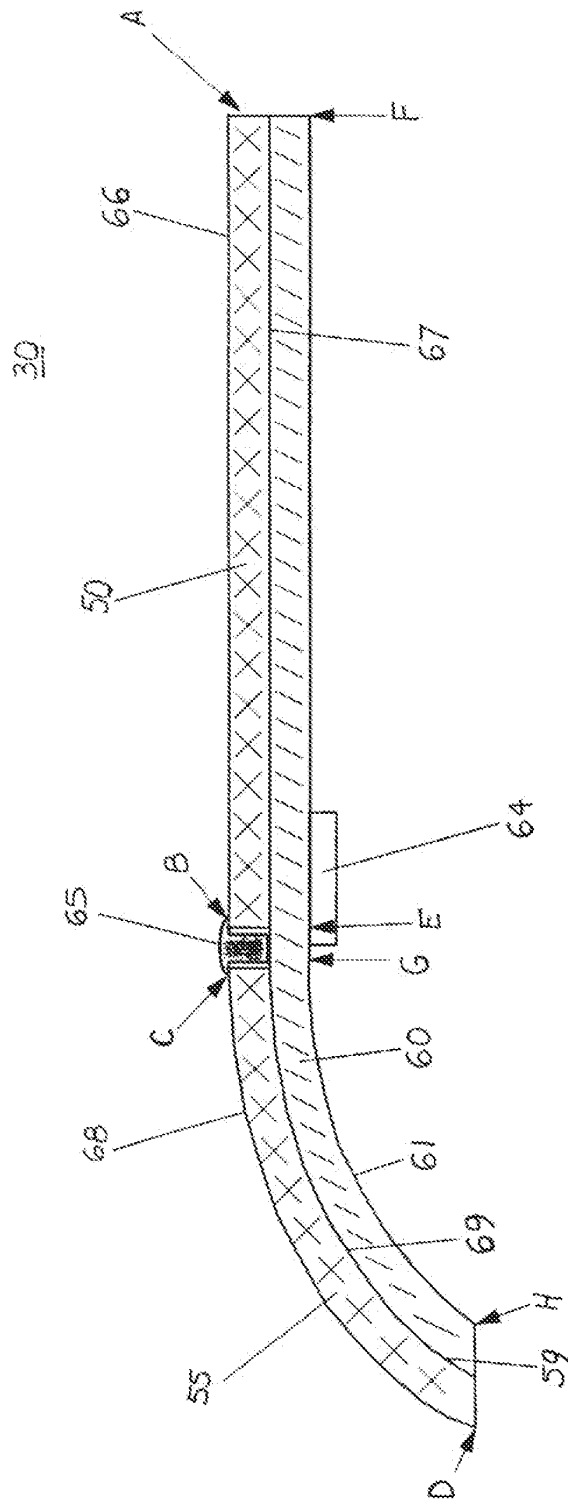


Figure 3

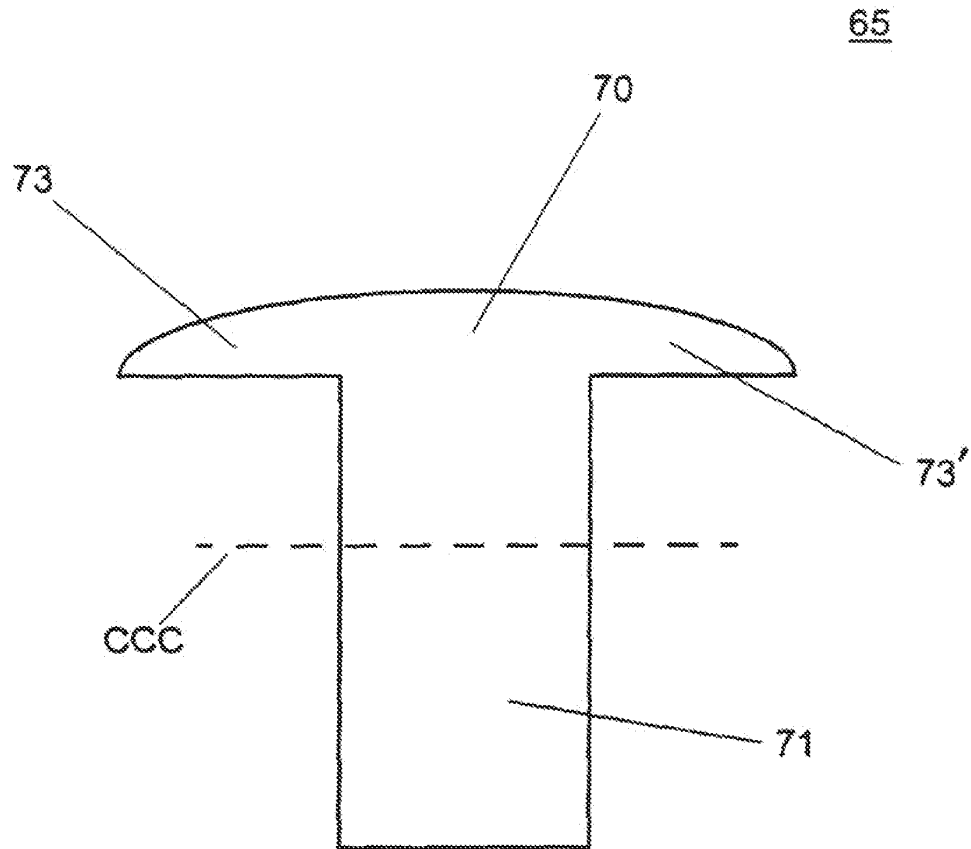
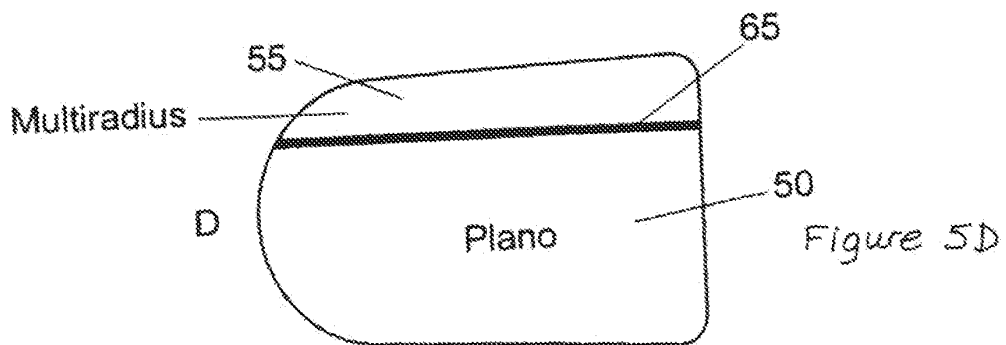
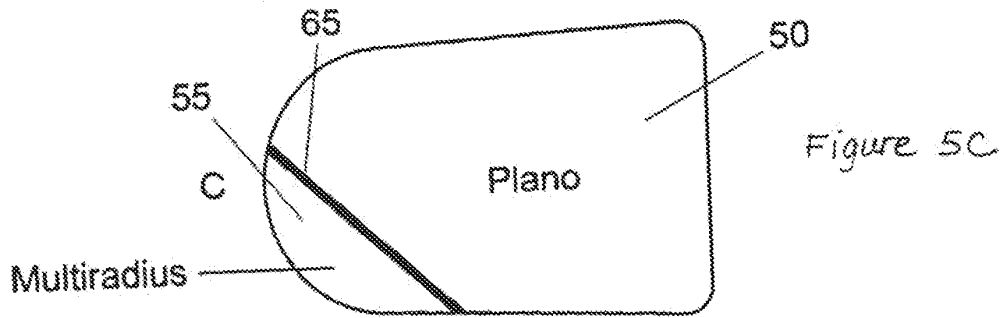
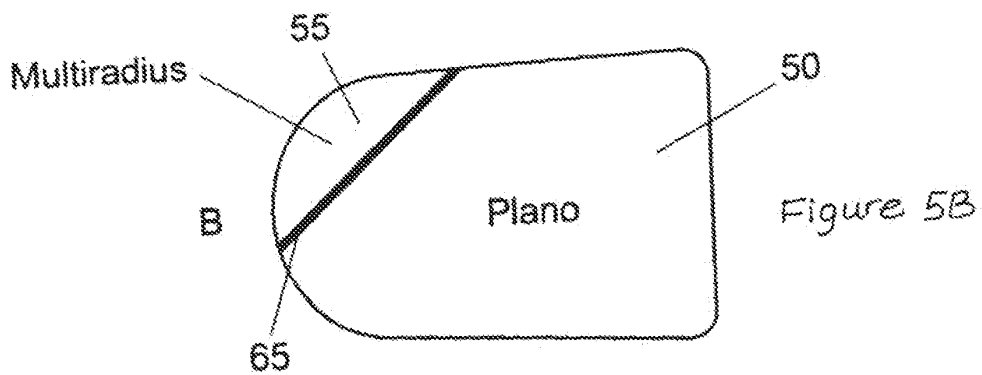
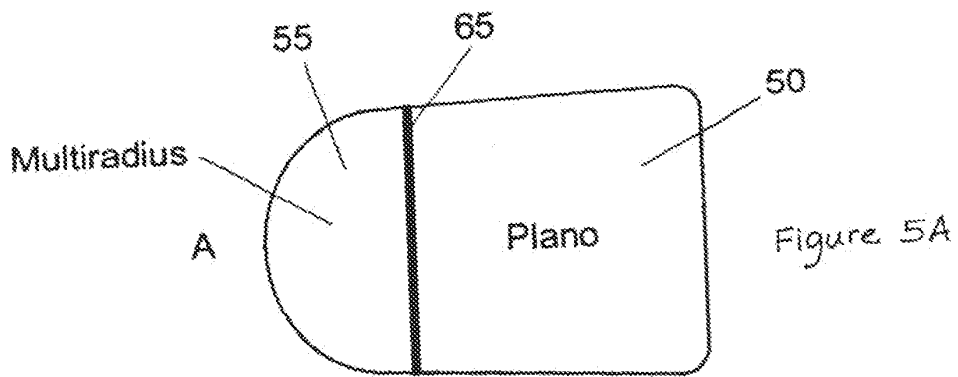
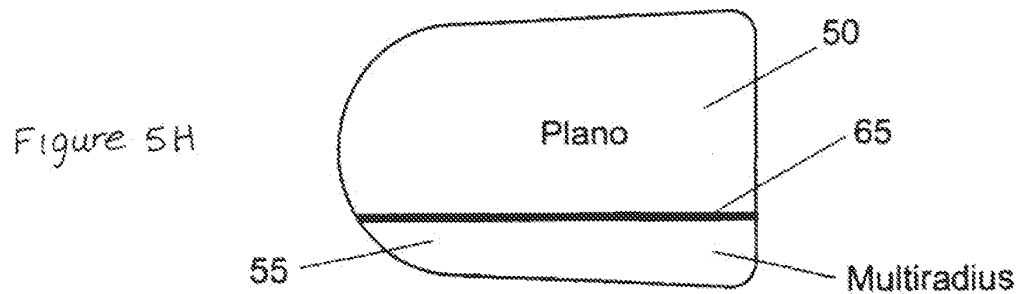
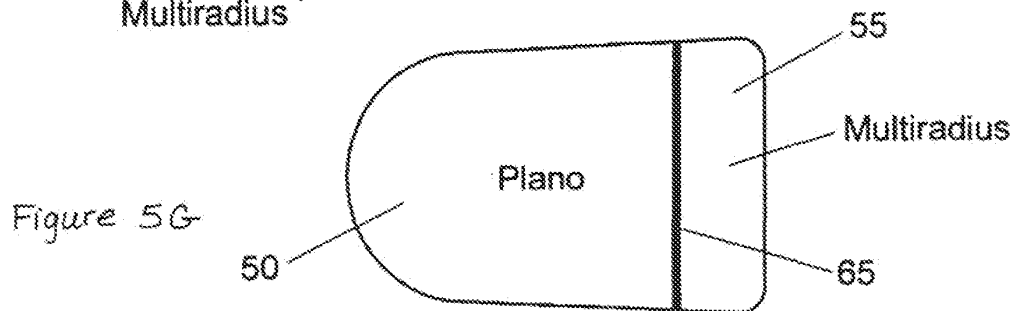
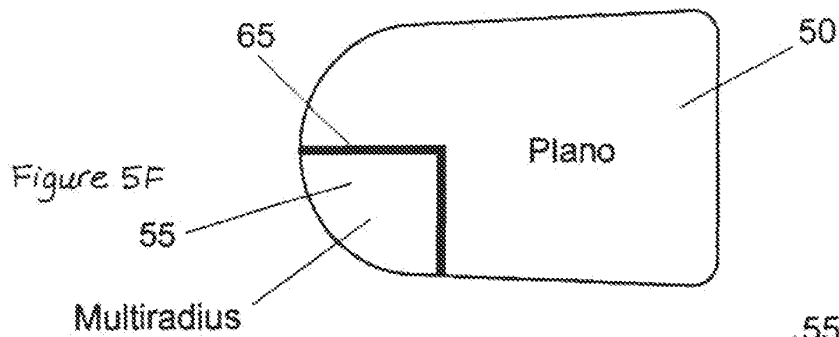
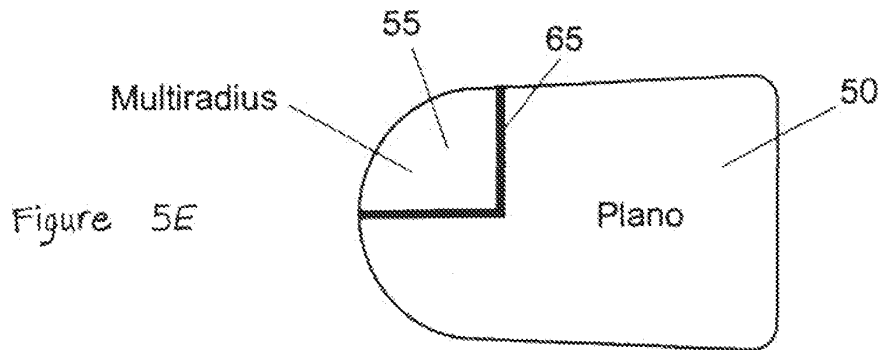


Figure 4





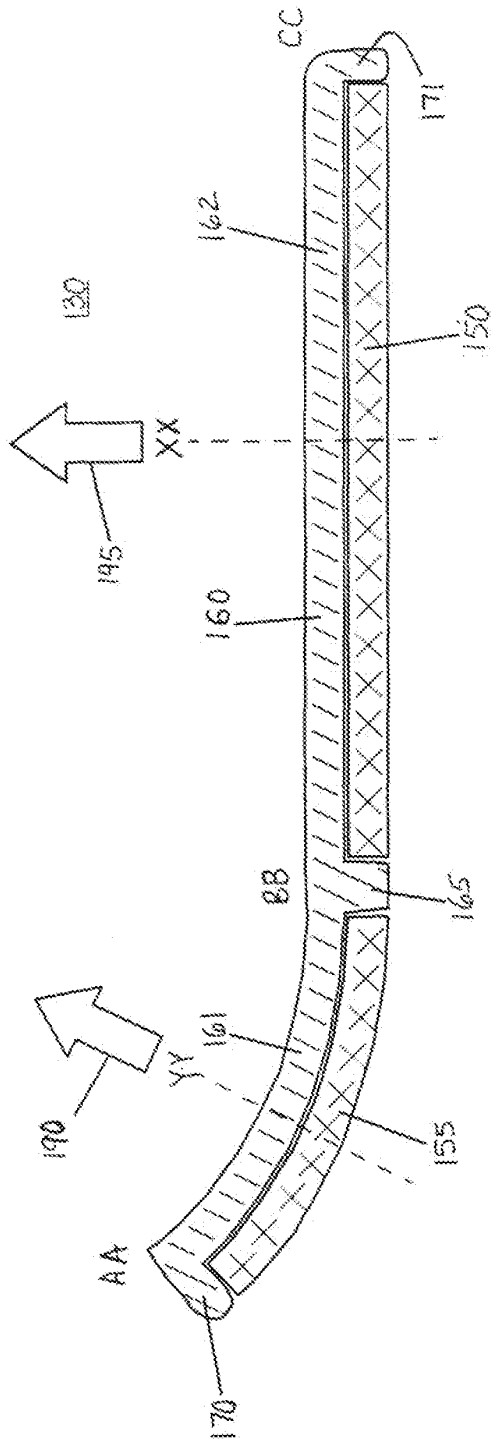


Figure 6

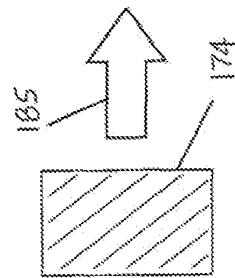


Figure 6A

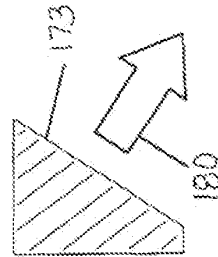


Figure 6B

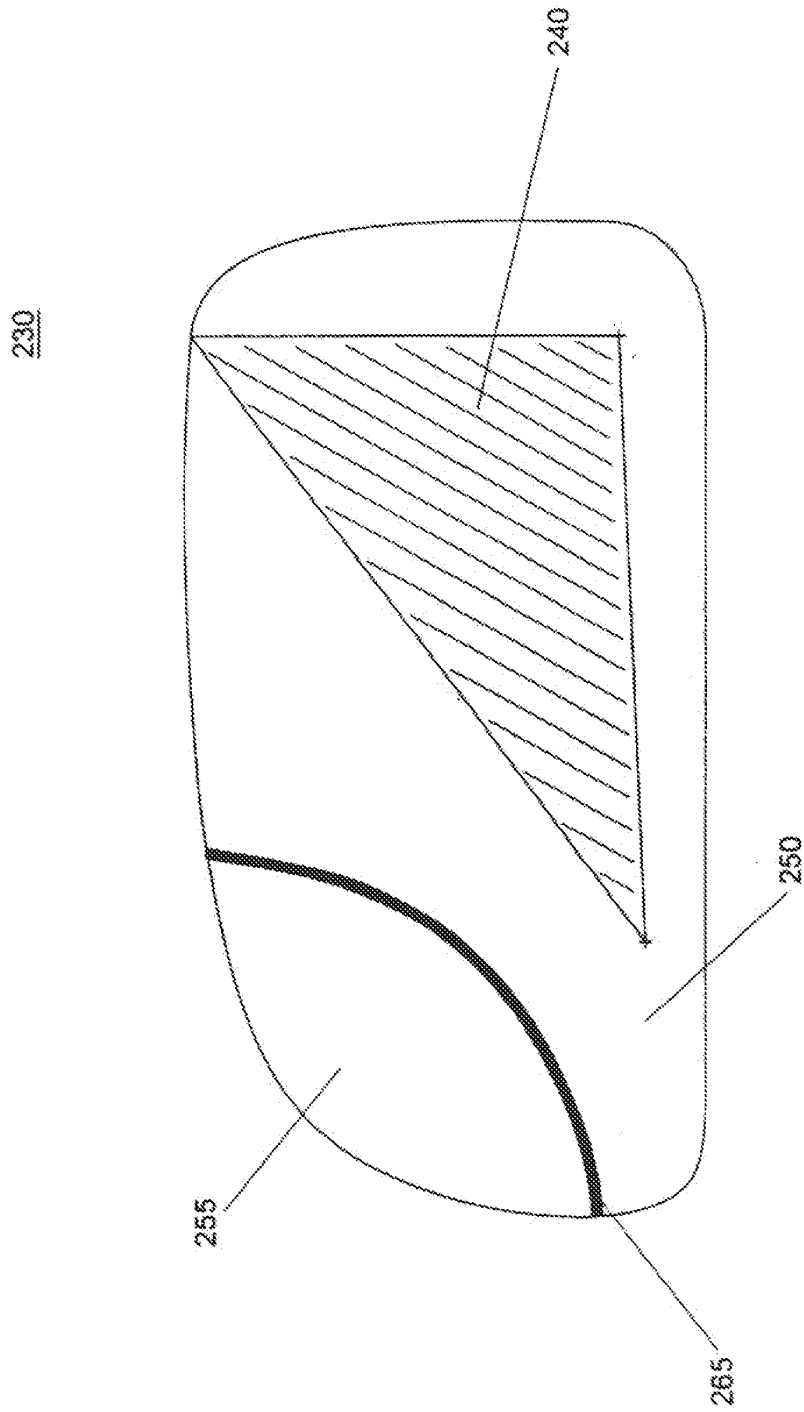


Figure 7

EXTERIOR MIRROR PLANO-AUXILIARY REFLECTIVE ELEMENT ASSEMBLY

TECHNICAL FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to exterior sideview mirror assemblies suitable for use on an automobile, and more specifically, to plano-auxiliary reflective element assemblies for use in automobile exterior sideview mirror assemblies.

Automobiles are typically equipped with an interior rearview mirror assembly (adapted for providing a rearward field of view immediately rearward of the vehicle, typically principally in the road lane the vehicle is traveling in) and at least one exterior sideview mirror assembly attached to the side of the vehicle (typically adjacent a front side window portion). The exterior side view mirror assembly typically comprises a reflective element adapted to provide a rearward field of view of the side lane adjacent the vehicle so as to allow the driver see whether a side approaching vehicle is present when the driver is contemplating a lane change. Conventionally, automobiles are equipped with a driver-side exterior mirror assembly and, very often, with a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side of the automobile body opposite to that of the driver-side assembly. While the combination of an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror (and especially in a three-mirror system comprising an interior rearview mirror with a driver-side exterior mirror and a passenger-side exterior mirror) works well in many driving situations, rear vision blind spots present a potential safety hazard while driving. A rear vision blind spot is an area adjacent the side of an automobile where a view of another vehicle (overtaking on that side) is not captured in the rearward field of view of the exterior mirror reflector on that side. This presents a potential safety hazard as the driver, upon checking the view in the exterior sideview mirror and seeing no overtaking vehicle therein, may deem it safe to initiate a lane change, unaware that there is a vehicle immediately adjacent in a blind-spot of the exterior mirror reflector.

Various attempts have been made conventionally to minimize and/or eliminate exterior mirror blind-spots on vehicles. One approach is to make the exterior mirror reflector larger, and particularly wider with respect to the vehicle body. By increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector, it has a wider field of view rearwards, and hence the reflector blind-spot is reduced. While use of a wide exterior mirror reflector is an option for trucks, buses and commercial vehicles, increasing the width of the reflector used in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted on automobiles (such as sedans, station wagons, sports cars, convertibles, minivans, sports utility vehicles, pick-up trucks and similar passenger carrying automobiles) is often not an option. In such domestic automobiles, increasing the width of the exterior mirror reflector increases the size of the exterior sideview mirror assembly with a concomitant increase in aerodynamic drag, increase in fuel consumption, increased difficulty in parking in tight parking spaces, and increased reflector vibration. Use of a non-flat, curved exterior mirror reflector is commonly used to increase rearward field of view without increasing reflector size.

While working well to increase field of view, use of a curved reflector (such as a convex, spherically-curved reflector) has disadvantages. The field of view rearward increases as the degree of curvature of the bent substrate increases (i.e., the field of view rearward increases as the

radius of curvature of the bent substrate decreases). However, such wide-angle mirrors have non-unit magnification and distance perception rearward is distorted. For this reason, convex (spherically-bent) exterior mirror reflectors are required in some countries (such as the United States) to carry a safety warning "OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR". Distance perception is particularly important for a driver-side exterior mirror. Indeed, Federal Vehicle Safety Standard No. 111 in the United States (the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein) requires that the driver-side exterior mirror reflector exhibit unit magnification, and places restrictions on the radius of curvature allowed for any bent passenger-side mirror as well as requiring a safety warning be placed thereon. As an improvement over spherically bent/convex mirror reflectors, aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors (such as are disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,449,786 and 5,724,187, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein) have been developed. Such mirrors are widely used in Europe and Asia for both driver-side exterior mirror reflectors and for passenger-side exterior mirror reflectors. The aspherical or multiradius mirror reflectors typically have a less curved (larger radius of curvature) reflective region that is inboard or closest to the driver when mounted on a vehicle and, usually separated by a demarcation line or the like, have a more curved (smaller radius of curvature) region that is outboard or farthest from the driver when mounted on a vehicle. However, such aspherical or multiradius reflectors do not have unit magnification and so cannot be used when unit magnification is mandated (such as by FMVSS 111, referenced above).

To supplement a flat driver-side exterior mirror reflector, an auxiliary and separate bent reflector is sometimes incorporated into the driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly. However, this is often not suitable for passenger automobiles because of the extra space required in the sideview mirror assembly to accommodate an auxiliary reflector element. Also, in most passenger automobiles, the position of the side view mirror reflector is adjustable by the driver (such as by a hand-adjust, or by a manually adjustable cable such as a Bowden cable or by an electrically operable actuator, as known in the art) in order to provide to that driver his or her desired rearward field of view, which ill-suits use of a separate, auxiliary reflector. Likewise, addition of stick-on blind-spot mirror reflectors (such as are commonly sold in automotive parts stores and the like) onto an automobile exterior sideview mirror reflector has disadvantages, including obscuring field of view of the automobile mirror reflector and adding to mirror element vibration.

There is thus a need to provide an automobile exterior sideview reflective element, and particularly a driver-side automobile exterior sideview reflective element, that overcomes the disadvantages above and that provides the driver of the automobile with a distortion-free field of view with unit magnification that is supplemented with a wide-angle view of a side lane blind spot, and there is a need that this be provided in a unitary reflective element assembly module suitable to mount onto, and be adjusted by, the mirror reflector adjustment mechanism (such as an electrically operated, motorized actuator) provided in the exterior sideview mirror assembly.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an automobile equipped with exterior sideview mirror assemblies according to this present invention;

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FIG. 2 is a top plan partial fragmentary view of the driver's side exterior rearview mirror assembly of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is an enlarged sectional view of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of the mirror assembly in FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 is an enlarged sectional view of a demarcation element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of FIG. 3;

FIGS. 5A-5H illustrate views of various locations for a plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element according to this present invention;

FIG. 6 is a sectional view of a second embodiment of a plano reflective element assembly according to the present invention including a demarcation element formed as a dividing wall in a backing plate element;

FIG. 6A is a cross-section taken along line XX of FIG. 6;

FIG. 6B is a cross-sectional view taken along line YY of FIG. 6; and

FIG. 7 is a schematic of a third embodiment of a plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention provides a plano reflective element with unit magnification and an auxiliary reflector element for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. More specifically, this invention provides a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly suitable for use in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention is especially suitable for mounting in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly that is mounted to the side of the automobile body adjacent to the seating position of the driver in the front of the interior vehicular cabin. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention comprises a plano portion which has a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, with unit magnification. This plano portion comprises a flat substrate, typically a flat glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention also includes a multiradius portion with a rearward field of view, when mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly mounted to the side body of an automobile, that has non-unit magnification. The plano portion provides a distortion-free rearward field of view and serves as the principal rearward-viewing portion of the plano-multiradius reflective element. The multiradius portion provides a wide angle rearward field of view, and typically supplements the rearward field of view of the plano portion. This multiradius portion comprises a curved substrate, typically a bent glass substrate, provided with a reflective surface. The plano portion and the multiradius portion are demarcated apart by a demarcation element. The demarcation element enables the driver of a vehicle equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element of this invention to readily delineate a rearward view in the plano portion from a rearward view in the multiradius portion. The plano portion comprises a flat reflective element and the multiradius portion comprises a bent reflective element. The flat, plano reflective element and the curved, multiradius reflective element are individually and separately manufactured, and are adjacently attached to a single backing plate (which typically comprises a polymeric substrate, most typically a molded polymeric substrate), and with the demarcation element disposed at the joint of the

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plano, flat reflective element and the multiradius, bent reflective element. The backing plate is fabricated (typically by polymeric molding) to have a flat portion that corresponds to the plano, flat reflective element, and a curved surface that corresponds to the multiradius, curved reflective element. The attachment of the plano reflective element and an auxiliary reflective element to a single backing plate produces a unitary plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly module suitable for mounting in an exterior sideview mirror assembly. By adjusting the position of the backing plate within the exterior sideview mirror assembly, the rearward fields of view of both the plano reflective element and the auxiliary reflective element are simultaneously and similarly aligned.

One embodiment of the invention includes an exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use in an automobile comprising an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile. The exterior sideview mirror assembly includes a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to said side of the automobile. The reflective element is attached to an actuator and is movable by the actuator in order to position the reflective element's rearward field of view in response to a control. The reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly which comprises a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature. The plano element and the separate multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly are attached to a backing plate element. The backing plate element is mounted to the actuator such that movement of the backing plate element (and hence the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly) by the actuator simultaneously and similarly moves the plano element and the multiradius element. The plano element and the multiradius element are separately and, preferably, adjacently attached to the backing plate element at a joint.

In a further embodiment, a demarcation element is disposed at this joint to form a demarcation between the plano element and the multiradius element; this demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile. Preferably, the demarcation element is dark colored, such as with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown. Optionally, there is a space at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element and the demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano element and said multiradius element. The demarcation element can comprise at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.

In a further embodiment, the demarcation element comprises a wall on the backing plate element; this wall being located on the backing plate element at the joint of the plano element and the multiradius element, this wall separating the respective elements apart.

In preferred embodiments, the portion of the demarcation element visible to a driver of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention has a width from about 0.5 mm to about 4 mm.

In preferred embodiments, the plano element is attached to the backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element is attached to the backing plate element at a location such that, when the exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least portion, and preferably at least a sub-

stantial portion, of the plano element is disposed closer to the side of the vehicle than any portion of the multiradius element.

In preferred embodiments, the multiradius element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm, and the ratio of the width of the plano element to the width of the multiradius element is greater than 1.

In preferred embodiments, the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the auxiliary, multiradius element is different from and angled to the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element when both are attached to the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. The principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle.

In a preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted comprises an electrically operable actuator. In another preferred embodiment, the actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted is controlled by a switch or by a memory controller. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element and/or the multiradius element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element. In another preferred embodiment, the plano element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprises an electro-optic reflective element, preferably an electrochromic reflective element, and the multiradius element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector, such as a fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

In a preferred embodiment, the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

These and other advantages, features, and modifications will become more apparent when reviewed in conjunction with the drawings and the detailed description which follows.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As illustrated in FIG. 1, passenger automobile 10 (which may be a sedan, a station-wagon, a sports car, a convertible, a minivan, a sports utility vehicle, a pick-up truck or a similar passenger carrying non-commercial, personal trans-

portation automobile) includes an interior rearview mirror assembly 18 positioned within interior vehicle cabin 25. Interior vehicle cabin 25 further includes a steering wheel 16, a driver seat 20 positioned at steering wheel 16, a front passenger seat 21 adjacent to driver seat 20 in the front portion of cabin 25, and a rear passenger seat 23 in the rear portion of cabin 25. Automobile 10 further includes a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and a passenger-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 14, each adapted for attachment to opposing sides of automobile body 11, most preferably adjacent to the seating position of the driver seated in driver seat 20 for driver-side assembly 12 and adjacent to the front passenger seat 21 for passenger-side assembly 14. Exterior sideview mirrors, mounted as shown in FIG. 1 close to the driver seating location, are commonly referred to as door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assemblies. Driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 includes, as illustrated in FIG. 2, a plano-multiradius exterior sideview reflective element assembly 30. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to a reflective element positioning actuator 36. The orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, and hence its rearward field of view, is adjustable by actuator 36 in response to control 37. Control 37 can comprise a handset control that allows the driver manually move the orientation of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 within exterior mirror housing 40 (such as by a lever control or by a cable control) and hence reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Alternately, when actuator 36 comprises an electrically actuated actuator that is electrically operable incorporating at least one motor, control 37 can comprise a switch (which, preferably, is operable under control of the driver seated in cabin 25) or control 37 can comprise a memory controller, as known in the automotive mirror art, that controls actuator 36 to move the position of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to a pre-set orientation that suits the rearward field of view preference of an individual driver. Actuator 36 is mounted to bracket 38 which attaches to vehicle body side 11. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positionable by actuator 36 within exterior mirror housing 40.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, as shown in FIG. 3, comprises a plano element 50 and a separate multiradius element 55. Preferably, plano element 50 is adjacent to multiradius element 55 at a joint. At their joint, plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can touch leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween, or plano element 50 and separate multiradius element 55 can be spaced apart at their joint by a space or gap, as in FIG. 3. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are both mounted to surface 59 of, and are both supported by, a single backing plate element 60. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are demarcated apart by demarcation element 65. Surface 61 of backing plate element 60 is preferably adapted to attach, such as by attachment member 64, to actuator 36 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted in driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 (and/or in passenger-side exterior side view mirror assembly 14) such that plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 are adjusted and positioned in tandem and simultaneously when the driver (or alternatively, when a mirror memory system, as is conventional in the rearview mirror arts) activates actuator 36 to reposition the rearward field of view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. Thus, since elements 50, 55 are part of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30, movement of plano-multiradius

reflective element assembly 30 by actuator 36 simultaneously and similarly moves plano element 50 and multiradius element 55.

Plano element 50 preferably comprises a flat reflector-coated glass substrate having unit magnification, and comprises a reflective surface through which the angular height and width of the image of an object is equal to the angular height and width of the object when viewed at the same distance (except for flaws that do not exceed normal manufacturing tolerances). Plano element 50 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, plano element 50 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of plano element 50 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 66) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 67), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on plano element 50 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, plano element 50 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

When mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is preferably orientated so that at least a portion of (more preferably a substantial portion of) the reflector surface of plano element 50 is positioned closer to the vehicle body (and hence to the driver) than any portion of the reflector surface of multiradius element 55. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, side A of plano element 50 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is positioned closer to the driver than side D of multiradius element 55 when plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted on an automobile. Also, when mounted into exterior side view mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, surfaces 66, 68 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 face rearwardly in terms of the direction of vehicle travel.

Multiradius element 55 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 preferably comprises a curved/bent mirrored glass substrate. The degree of curvature preferably increases (and hence the local radius of curvature decreases) across the surface of multiradius element 55 with the least curvature (largest radius of curvature) occurring at the side of multiradius element 55 (side C in FIG. 3) positioned adjacent its joint to plano element 50 when both are mounted on backing plate element 60. Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55, when mounted on backing plate element 60, is larger than at side D. Also, the local radius of curvature preferably progressively decreases across multiradius element 55 from side C to side D. Preferably, the local radius of curvature at side C of multiradius element 55 is at least about 1000 mm; more preferably is at least about 2000 mm and most preferably is at least about 3000 mm whereas the local radius of curvature at side D of multiradius element 55 is, preferably, less than about 750 mm, more preferably less than about 350 mm; most preferably less than about 150 mm. Preferably, multiradius element 55 comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4000 mm to about 50 mm. The multiradius prescription for the multiradius

element to be used in a particular exterior mirror assembly can vary according to the specific field of view needs on a specific automobile model.

The total field of view rearwardly of the automobile of the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly (which is a combination of the field of view of the plano reflective element and of the auxiliary reflective element) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 20 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly.

Multiradius element 55 may comprise a conventional fixed reflectance mirror reflector or it may comprise a variable reflectance mirror reflector whose reflectivity is electrically adjustable. For example, multiradius element 55 may comprise a flat glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating such as a chromium coating, a titanium coating, a rhodium coating, a metal alloy coating, a nickel-alloy coating, a silver coating, an aluminum coating (or any alloy or combination of these metal reflectors). The metal reflector coating of multiradius element 55 may be a first surface coating (such as on surface 68) or a second surface coating (such as on surface 69), as such terms are known in the mirror art. The reflector coating on multiradius element 55 may also comprise a dielectric coating, or a multilayer of dielectric coatings, or a combination of a metal layer and a dielectric layer to form automotive mirror reflectors as known in the automotive mirror art. If a variable reflectance reflector element, multiradius element 55 preferably comprises an electro-optic reflector element and, most preferably, an electrochromic reflector element.

Also, it is preferable that the thickness of plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 be substantially the same in dimension so that their respective outer surfaces, 66 and 68, are substantially coplanar so that a driver can readily view images in either or both elements. The thickness dimension of elements 50,55 is determined by the thickness of the substrate (or in the case of laminate-type electrochromic reflective elements, the thickness of the two substrates between which the electrochromic medium is disposed). For example, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a reflector coated glass substrate or panel of thickness preferably equal to or less than about 2.3 mm, more preferably equal to or less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably equal to or less than about 1.1 mm. Use of a thinner substrate is beneficial in terms of improving the overall stability/vibration performance of the image seen in plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 when mounted to an automobile.

The reflector area of plano element 50 is preferably larger than that of multiradius element 55. Preferably, the width dimension of plano element 50 is larger than the width dimension of multiradius element 55 (both width dimensions measured at their respective widest dimension and with the width of the respective element being gauged with the respective element orientated as it would be orientated when mounted on the automobile). Thus, and referring to FIG. 3, the distance from side A to side B of plano element 50 is larger than the distance from side C to side D of multiradius element 55. Thus, the ratio of the width of plano element 50 to the width of multiradius element 55 is preferably greater than 1; more preferably greater than 1.5; most preferably greater than 2.5 in order to provide a large, unit magnification plano element 50 as the principal rear

viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 and providing multiradius element 55 as a smaller, auxiliary, separate, wide-angle viewing portion of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. For plano-multiradius reflective element assemblies to be mounted to the exterior sideview assemblies of passenger automobiles used non-commercially and for non-towing purpose, the width of plano element 50 (at its widest dimension) is preferably in the range of from about 50 mm to about 225 mm; more preferably in the range of from about 75 mm to about 175 mm; most preferably in the range of from about 100 mm to about 150 mm.

Backing plate element 60 is preferably a rigid polymeric substrate capable of supporting plano element 50 and multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 comprises a flat portion (generally between E and F as shown in FIG. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with plano element 50. Backing plate element 60 also comprises a curved portion (generally between G and H as shown in FIG. 3) that corresponds to and is aligned with multiradius element 55. Preferably, curved portion G-H of multiradius element 55 is fabricated with a multiradius prescription that is substantially the same as the multiradius prescription of multiradius element 55. Backing plate element 60 is formed as a single element to which elements 50 and 55 are separately attached. Preferably, backing plate element 60 is formed by injection molding of a thermoplastic or a thermosetting polymer resin. Materials suitable to use for backing plate element 60 include unfilled or filled polymeric materials such as glass and/or mineral filled nylon or glass and/or mineral filled polypropylene, ABS, polyurethane and similar polymeric materials. For example, backing plate element 60 can be formed of ABS in an injection molding operation. Plano element 50 can be cut from a stock lite of flat chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Multiradius element 55 can be cut from a stock lite of multiradiusly-bent chromium mirror-coated 1.6 mm thick glass. Plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can then be attached (such as by an adhesive attachment such as an adhesive pad or by mechanical attachment such by clips, fasteners or the like) to the already molded backing plate element 60. Alternatively, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 (along with any other elements such as the demarcation element 65) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30.

Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 further preferably includes demarcation element 65 that functions to delineate and demarcate the plano region of the assembly from the wide-angle, multiradius region and also preferably functions to prevent ingress of debris, dirt, water and similar contaminants (such as road splash, car wash spray, rain, snow, ice, leaves, bugs and similar items that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 would be subject to when mounted and used on an automobile) into any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 when both are attached to backing plate element 60. Optionally, at least a portion of demarcation element 65 can be disposed in any gap between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 at their joint on backing plate element 60. Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed of a polymeric material

that is dark colored (such as black or dark blue or dark brown or dark gray or a similar dark color) such as a dark colored polypropylene resin or a dark colored nylon resin or a dark colored polyurethane resin or a dark colored polyvinyl chloride resin or a dark colored silicone material. Most preferably demarcation element 65 is formed of an at least partially elastomeric material (such as silicone, or EPDM, or plasticized PVC or the like) in order to provide a degree of vibration dampening for elements 50, 55. As shown in FIG. 4, demarcation element 65 optionally includes a crown portion 70 that includes wing portions 73, 73' and a stem portion 71. Stem portion 71 preferably has a cross-sectional width CCC of less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and, most preferably less than about 2 mm. Crown portion 70 preferably is dimensioned to not protrude substantially beyond surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55. Also, wings 73, 73' are preferably dimensioned to protrude (most preferably slightly) onto surfaces 66, 68 of elements 50, 55 when demarcation element 65 is installed between elements 50 and 55 in order to provide a weather barrier seal and/or to at least partially accommodate any dimensional tolerances of elements 50, 55 that could lead to variation in the inter-element gap between sides C and B. While the demarcation element shown in FIG. 4 is one embodiment, other constructions are possible including a demarcation element that has minimal or no crown portion. Likewise, a demarcation element can have little or no stem portion, especially when the joint between plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 includes no gap to receive a stem. Also, where a gap at the plano to multiradius joint exists, any stem of the demarcation element can at least partially be disposed in such gap so as to at least partially fill the gap (or it can optionally substantially fill the gap). Optionally, demarcation element 65 is fabricated by injection molding of a polymeric resin. After plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 have been attached to backing plate element 60, a separately formed demarcation element 65 can then be inserted (and secured such as by an adhesive or by a mechanical attachment such as by a fastener) into a space between elements 50 and 55. Note that, optionally, side B of plano element 50 and side C of multiradius element 55 can touch (leaving substantially no gap or space therebetween). In such a situation, demarcation element 65 can comprise a dark colored strip such as of a tape or of a plastic film that covers the joint between elements 50 and 55. Alternatively, demarcation element 65 can comprise a preferably dark-colored paint, lacquer, caulk or similar material that can be applied to, and that can preferably fill into, the joint between elements 50 and 55. The width of the portion of demarcation element 65 that is visible to the driver is preferably less than about 4 mm, more preferably less than about 3 mm and most preferably less than about 2 mm, but is equal to or greater than about 0.5 mm, more preferably is equal to or greater than about 0.75 mm, most preferably is equal to or greater than about 1 mm in order to provide adequate demarcation of the plano region from the multiradius radius region without unduly obscuring the rearward field of view of the respective elements. Optionally, demarcation element 65 can be formed as part of backing plate element 60 such as by forming demarcation element 65 as a wall structure of the backing plate element that partitions backing plate element 60 into two regions: A first region adapted to receive plano reflective element 50 and a separate and adjacent second region adapted to receive multiradius reflective element 55.

Thus, and referring to FIG. 6, a second embodiment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 may

include a backing plate element 160 which comprises a plate molded from a polymer resin (such as a polyolefin such as polypropylene or such as ABS or nylon) with a demarcation element 165 that is molded as a wall structure that partitions backing plate element 165 into a first region (from CC to BB) adapted to receive and accommodate plano reflective element 150 and into a second region (from BB to AA) adapted to receive and accommodate wide-angle optic multiradius reflective element 155. Note that section AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is angled to section BB to CC. Such angling of the auxiliary reflective element relative to the plano element can be advantageous in allowing the auxiliary reflective element view a portion of the road adjacent the automobile that is in a blind spot of the plano reflective element. In this regard, it is preferable that the multiradius element be angled away from the plane of the plano element, as shown in FIG. 6 by the angling of section AA to BB to section BB to CC.

Preferably, demarcation element 65 is formed in an integral molding operation, along with formation of backing plate element 60, and attachment of elements 50, 55 thereto. For example, plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 can each be individually loaded into an injection molding tool. Once loaded, a polymeric resin (or the monomers to form a polymeric resin) can be injected into the mold in order to integrally form backing plate element 60 with elements 50, 55 integrally molded thereto and, in the same molding operation and in the same tool, also form by molding the demarcation element. Integral molding of the backing plate element to plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 along with creation in the single molding operation of demarcation element 65 (along with any other elements such as attachment member 64) in a single integral molding operation, is a preferred fabrication process for plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30. By bonding all the sub components of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 into a molding tool, and then injecting polymeric resin to form the backing plate, demarcation member and any attachment member, a substantially complete or fully complete plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can be unloaded from the tool at the completion of the integral molding operation (as known in the molding art), thus enabling economy in manufacturing and accommodation of any dimensional tolerances in the sub components. Where integral molding is so used, it is preferable to use a reactive molding operation such as reactive injection molding of a urethane as such reactive injection molding operations occur at relatively modest temperatures.

Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a heater element, as known in the automotive mirror art, that is operable to deice/demist surfaces 66, 68. Such heater elements are conventional and can comprise a positive temperature coefficient heater pad, a resistive heater element and/or a conductive coating. Plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can also optionally comprise a scatterproofing member, as known in the automotive mirror art, such as an adhesive tape, to enhance safety in an accident.

Also, plano element 50 and/or multiradius element 55 can comprise a variable reflectance electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror reflector. Thus, both element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element or either of element 50 and element 55 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and the other can comprise a fixed reflectance non-variable reflectance mirror element such as a metal reflector coated glass panel such as a chromium coated glass substrate. Also, if both plano

element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, both elements 50, 55 can dim together and in tandem under control of a common dimming control signal (typically provided by an electro-optic automatic dimming interior mirror assembly mounted in the cabin of the automobile and equipped with photosensors to detect incident glare and ambient light). Alternately, if both plano element 50 and multiradius element 55 comprise an electro-optic element such as an electrochromic mirror element capable of electrically dimmable reflectivity, element 50 can dim independently of element 55 (such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,550,677, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein). If either or both of elements 50, 55 comprise an electrochromic element, preferably, the electrochromic reflective element comprises a front substrate and a rear substrate with an electrochromic medium disposed between, such as a solid polymer matrix electrochromic medium such as is disclosed in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/350,930, filed Jul. 12, 1999, entitled "ELECTROCHROMIC POLYMERIC SOLID FILMS, MANUFACTURING ELECTROCHROMIC DEVICES USING SUCH FILMS, AND PROCESSES FOR MAKING SUCH SOLID FILMS AND DEVICES" to Desraj V. Varaprasad et al., now U.S. Pat. No. 6,154,306, or such as is disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,668,663; 5,724,187; 5,910,854; and 5,239,405, the entire disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein. Most preferably, in such laminate-type electrochromic mirror reflective elements, the front substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness less than about 1.6 mm, most preferably about 1.1 mm thickness or lower, and the rear substrate comprises a glass plate of thickness equal to or greater than about 1.6 mm, more preferably greater than about 1.8 mm thickness, most preferably equal to or greater than about 2.0 mm thickness. The rear-most surface of the rear substrate (the fourth surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver. Most preferably, the front-most surface of the rear substrate (the third surface as known in the mirror art) is reflector coated with a high reflecting metal film such as of aluminum or silver, or an alloy of aluminum or silver.

Backing plate element 65 of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is optionally equipped on its rear-most surface with attachment member 64 to facilitate attachment to the reflector-positioning actuator of the exterior sideview mirror assembly that plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 is mounted to. Attachment of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 30 to the actuator can be by mechanical attachment such as by a tab, clip or fastener, or may be by adhesive attachment such as by a silicone adhesive, a urethane adhesive or a similar adhesive material such as a tape coated on both surfaces with a pressure sensitive adhesive to form a "double-sticky" tape. Exterior sideview mirror assembly 12 and/or 14, on whose mirror reflector-positioning actuator the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted, can be a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly, a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly and a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly, as known in the automotive mirror art.

FIGS. 5A-5H shows various arrangements of multiradius reflective element 55 relative to its adjacent plano reflective element 50 (with demarcation element 65 disposed at their joint). In FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, 5E and 5F, plano element 50 is mounted wholly inboard of multiradius element 55. Thus, in

angled on the backing plate element of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly relative to the plane of the plano reflective element will vary from automobile model to model, but generally is preferred to be in the about 1 degree to about 10 degree range; about 2 degree to about 8 degree range more preferred; and about 3 degree to about 6 degree range most preferred. In order to conveniently achieve an angling of the multiradius portion with respect to the plano portion (and preferably a downward angling), the portion of the backing plate element that the multiradius reflective element is attached to can be angled relative to the adjacent portion of the backing plate element that the plano reflective element is attached to. Thus, and referring to FIG. 6, plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 includes a molded polymeric backing plate element 160 comprising a generally flat portion 162 (between BB and CC in FIG. 6) and an adjacent curved portion 161 (between AA and BB). As indicated by 190 and 195, portion AA to BB of backing plate element 160 is generally angled to portion BB to CC of backing plate 160. Preferably, the portion of backing plate element 160 to which the auxiliary reflective element attaches is angled towards the front (compared to the angling of plano reflective element) of an automobile equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly of the present invention. FIG. 6 is a view of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 130 as it would appear from above the vehicle as it would be orientated in use (with portion 162 closer to the driver than portion 161). The wall section, section XX in FIG. 6, taken through section 162 of backing plate element 160 is of substantially constant dimension (as illustrated in FIG. 6A) whereas the wall section, section YY in FIG. 6B, taken through section 161 of backing plate element 160 is of varying dimension and is angled. Plano reflective element 150 and multiradius reflective element 155 (for example, plano element 150 can comprise an electrochromic mirror element and multiradius element 155 can comprise a chrome coated glass reflector) are attached to portions 162 and 161, respectively. By being supported on the angled face 173 (see FIG. 6B) of portion 161, the principal viewing axis of multiradius reflector element 155 is angled downwards towards the road surface, as compared to the more horizontal-viewing principal viewing axis of plano element 150, when plano-multiradius reflective element 130 is mounted in an exterior sideview mirror assembly on an automobile. Demarcation element 165 is preferably molded in the same molding tool as is used to mold backing plate element 160, and so demarcation element 165 is formed as an integral part of backing plate element 160, forming a wall thereof that partitions the surface of backing plate element 160 into a region for receiving the plano reflective element 150 and a region for receiving the auxiliary reflective element 155. Also, end-caps 170 and 171 are optionally provided. Plano reflective element 150 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 171; multiradius reflective element 155 can attach into the cavity formed between demarcation element 165 and end-cap 170. Note that the portion of the backing plate element where the wide-angle optic multiradius element attaches can have a thicker wall thickness than that of the portion of the backing plate element where the unit magnification optic element attaches in order to allow for the angling of the multiradius element downwardly relative to the angle of the plano element, as illustrated in FIGS. 6A-B. As illustrated in FIGS. 6A-B, the angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle of the multiradius element can generally be set by an angling of a surface of the backing plate element in

order to ensure that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the plano element is directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of an automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and that the principal axis of the rearward field of view of the multiradius element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile.

Note that the provision of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly of this invention as a unitary module has manufacturing advantages, particularly for exterior sideview mirror assembly manufacturers who can procure a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module from a mirror reflector supplier and then mount the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly module onto an actuator.

Referring to FIG. 7, a third embodiment 230 of a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is illustrated. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 includes a plano reflective element 250 and a separate multiradius reflective element assembly 255, both individually attached to a backing plate element, and with demarcation element 265 disposed at their joint. Plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 is about 8.5 inches wide and about 4.25 inches tall (aspect ratio of 0.5), at their largest dimension. Shown as the shaded triangle 240 in plano reflective element 250 is the image of a triangular target object set about 35 feet rearward and of width about 8 feet and of height of about 4.1 feet as would be seen were plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 mounted in a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly in an automobile such as a sports utility vehicle. In general, it is desirable that the plano reflective element be dimensioned and configured so as to have its rearward field of view capture an image (that is visible, by reflection in the plano reflective element, to a driver seated in the driver's seat in an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with the plano-auxiliary reflective element assembly according to this present invention) of a triangular shaped target located about 35 feet rearward of the driver seating location, extending about 8 feet out from the plane defined by the side of the automobile and reaching a height of between about 4 feet and about 5 feet from the road surface at that location 35 feet rearward of the automobile. The total field of view rearwardly of the vehicle of plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230 (which is a combination of the field of view of plano reflective element 250 and of the auxiliary multiradius reflective element 255) preferably generally subtends an angle of at least about 30 degrees (and more preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 35 degrees and most preferably, generally subtends an angle of at least about 40 degrees) with respect to the side of an automobile to which is attached an exterior sideview mirror assembly equipped with plano-multiradius reflective element assembly 230.

Also, although it is preferable to utilize a multiradius or compound curvature reflective element such as an aspherical element or a compound curvature element for the auxiliary mirror element adjacent the plano reflective element (as this enables least discontinuity in image at the joint between the adjacent elements of the assembly), a spherical reflective element (that has substantially only one radius of curvature and, as such, is a section from a sphere) can optionally be used adjacent the plano reflective element instead of, or in addition to, the multiradius reflective element. Also, a plano auxiliary mirror such as a flat mirrored substrate can be used, less preferably, as a substitute for a multiradius reflective element in those embodiments where the auxiliary reflective

element is angled relative to the plane of the principal, plano reflective element so as to view a blind spot region of the principal plano element. Also, the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly can optionally be fixedly attached to an exterior sideview mirror assembly housing that is not movable, or, alternately, the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing to which the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is fixedly attached can itself be actuated to move, such as by motor action, so that by moving the exterior sideview mirror assembly housing, the field of rearward view of the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly fixedly attached thereto can correspondingly move and be repositioned to suit the field of view need of a particular driver seated in the automobile cabin.

The above description is considered that of the preferred embodiments only. Modification of the invention will occur to those skilled in the art and to those who make or use the invention. Therefore, it is understood that the embodiments shown in the drawings and described above are merely for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention, which is defined in the following claims as interpreted according to the principles of patent law, including the doctrine of equivalents.

I claim:

1. An exterior sideview mirror system suitable for use on an automobile, said exterior sideview mirror system comprising:

an exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of an automobile;

said exterior sideview mirror assembly including a reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile;

said reflective element attached to an electrically-operated actuator and movable by said actuator in order to position said rearward field of view in response to a control;

wherein said reflective element comprises a plano-multiradius reflective element assembly, said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly comprising a plano reflective element having unit magnification and a separate multiradius reflective element having a multiradius curvature, said plano reflective element having a rearward field of view with a principal axis;

said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly mounted adjacently in said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly in a side-by-side relationship and not superimposed with one reflective element on top of the other reflective element, and supported by a backing plate element, said backing plate element mounting to said actuator such that movement of said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly by said actuator simultaneously and similarly moves said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said multiradius reflective element having a rearward field of view with a principal axis, said backing plate element have a first support portion supporting said plano-reflective element and a second support portion supporting said multiradius reflective element, said second support portion tilted forward with respect to said first support portion whereby said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is angled downwardly and outwardly with respect to said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said plano reflective element

when said multiradius reflective element and said plano reflective element are supported by said backing plate element of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and when said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is mounted in said exterior sideview mirror assembly on the automobile, and said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said plano reflective element being directed generally parallel to the longitudinal axis of the automobile equipped with the plano-multiradius reflective element assembly and wherein said principal axis of said rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally at an angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile; and

said multiradius reflective element being positioned diagonally at an outboard upper portion of said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is mounted to the side of the automobile.

2. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element are adjacently attached to said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile.

3. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored.

4. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 3, wherein said demarcation element is dark colored with a color selected from the group consisting of black, grey, blue and brown.

5. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 3, wherein said demarcation element comprises at least one of a polymer material, a tape, a plastic film, a paint, a lacquer and a caulk.

6. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 5, wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material.

7. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.

8. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 7, wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed in said space between said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element.

9. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall separating said plano reflective element from said multiradius reflective element.

10. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 4 mm.

11. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 3 mm.

12. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width less than about 2 mm.

13. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.5 mm.

14. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 0.75 mm.

15. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 2, wherein said portion visible to a driver of the automobile has a width greater than about 1 mm.

16. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element is supported by said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

17. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is supported by said backing plate element by at least one of an adhesive attachment and a mechanical attachment.

18. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element is supported by said backing plate element at a location such that, when said exterior mirror assembly is attached to a side of an automobile, at least a portion of said plano reflective element is disposed closer to said side of the automobile than any portion of said multiradius reflective element.

19. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a bent glass substrate with radii of curvature in the range of from about 4,000 mm to about 50 mm.

20. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.

21. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 1.5.

22. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the width of said plano reflective element to the width of said multiradius reflective element is greater than 2.5.

23. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 1 degree to about 10 degrees.

24. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 2 degrees to about 8 degrees.

25. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is in the range from about 3 degrees to about 6 degrees.

26. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said angle downwards to the longitudinal axis of the automobile is generally set by an angling of a surface of said backing plate element.

27. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver

seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 24 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

28. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 12 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

29. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a door-mounted exterior sideview mirror assembly adapted for attachment to a side of the automobile adjacent a driver seating location of a driver of the automobile and wherein the principal axis of the rearward field of view of said multiradius reflective element is directed generally downwardly towards the road surface adjacent to the driver seating location at a distance in the range of about 1 foot to about 8 feet to the rear of the driver seating location.

30. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a fixedly attached exterior sideview mirror assembly.

31. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a break-away exterior sideview mirror assembly.

32. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly comprises a powerfold exterior sideview mirror assembly.

33. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said control comprises a memory controller.

34. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein at least one of said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprises an electro-optic reflective element.

35. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein both said plano reflective element and said multiradius reflective element comprise an electro-optic reflective element.

36. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano reflective element comprises an electro-optical reflective element.

37. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 36, wherein said electro-optical reflective element comprises an electrochromic reflective element.

38. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 37, wherein said multiradius reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector.

39. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 38, wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating.

40. The exterior sideview mirror system of claim 1, wherein said plano-multiradius reflective element assembly is formed in an integral molding operation.

* * * * *

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal

Application Number:	13071174				
Filing Date:	24-Mar-2011				
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM				
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam				
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma				
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696				
Filed as Large Entity					
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees					
Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)	
Basic Filing:					
Pages:					
Claims:					
Miscellaneous-Filing:					
Petition:					
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:					
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:					
Extension-of-Time:					

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Miscellaneous:				
Statutory or terminal disclaimer	1814	1	160	160
Total in USD (\$)				160

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	11780312
Application Number:	13071174
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	3475
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam
Customer Number:	28101
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696
Receipt Date:	06-JAN-2012
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011
Time Stamp:	16:53:29
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$160
RAM confirmation Number	4045
Deposit Account	
Authorized User	

File Listing:

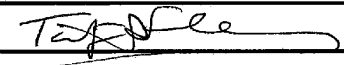
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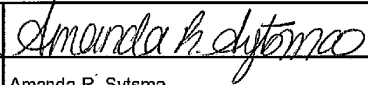
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Information:					
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Information:					
3	Terminal Disclaimer Filed	TerminalDisclaimer.pdf	95556 01151828750bb4e5416cdf86bc38ccd64cce03af	no	1
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Information:					
4	Rule 130, 131 or 132 Affidavits	DeclarationandExhibits.pdf	8097104 c0fbbe379f952a8d41c3a786f7f88fc0d5278f2c	no	74
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Information:					
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Warnings:					
Information:					
Total Files Size (in bytes):				8506238	
<p>This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.</p> <p><u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u> If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.</p> <p><u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u> If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.</p> <p><u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u> If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.</p>					

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TRANSMITTAL FORM <i>(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)</i>	Application Number	13/071,174
	Filing Date	March 24, 2011
	First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
	Art Unit	2872
	Examiner Name	Alessandro V. Amari
Total Number of Pages in This Submission	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form	<input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to TC
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)
<input type="checkbox"/> After Final	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information
<input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation	<input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter
<input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Change of Correspondence Address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below):
<input type="checkbox"/> Express Abandonment Request	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Terminal Disclaimer	-DECLARATION UNDER RULE 131(a) AND EXHIBITS
<input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement	<input type="checkbox"/> Request for Refund	
<input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> CD, Number of CD(s) _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53	Remarks	

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT			
Firm Name	GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP		
Signature			
Printed name	Timothy A. Flory		
Date	January 6, 2012	Reg. No.	42540

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING			
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below:			
Signature			
Typed or printed name	Amanda R. Sytsma	Date	January 6, 2012

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group Art Unit : 2872
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari
Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Filed : March 24, 2011
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Mail Stop Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

TRANSMITTAL OF REPLACEMENT DRAWINGS

Enclosed is one (1) sheet of replacement formal drawings to be entered in the above-identified application. The enclosed replacement drawings correspond to the drawings now on file and corrects an error in reference number 165 in Figure 13F. No new matter has been added. Applicant requests that the enclosed one (1) sheet of replacement formal drawings be entered in the above-identified application.

Respectfully submitted,

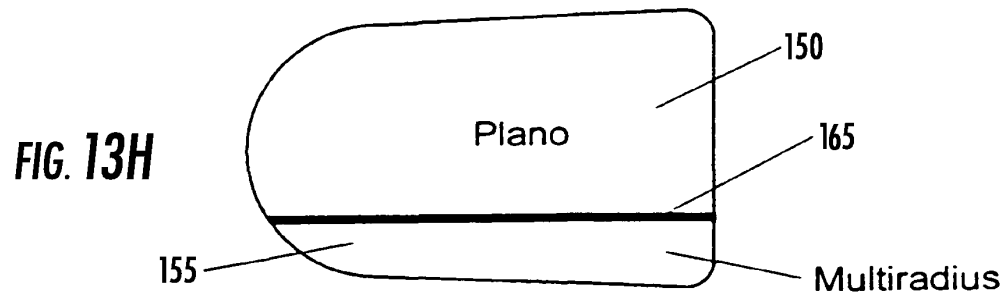
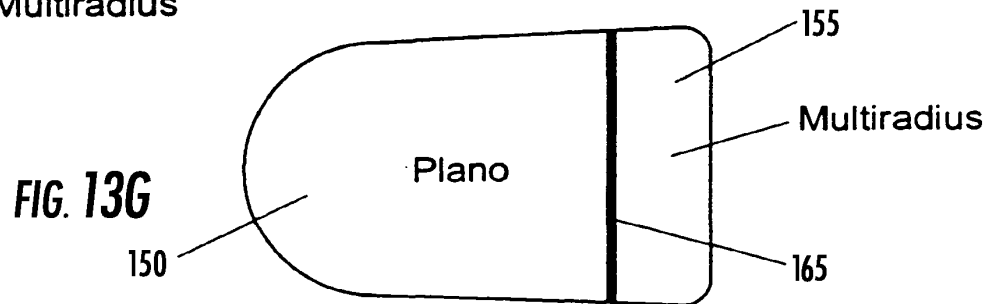
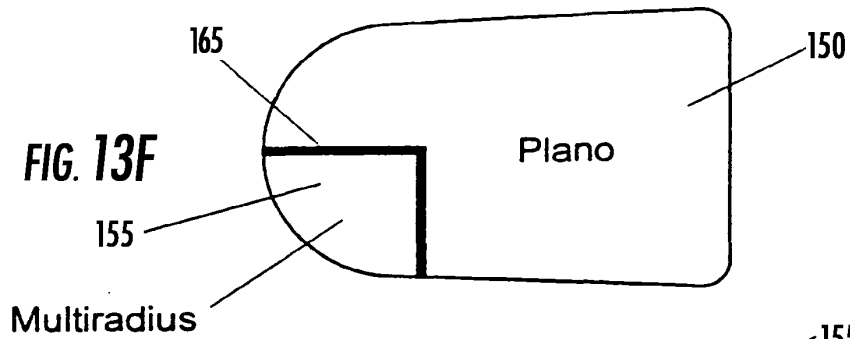
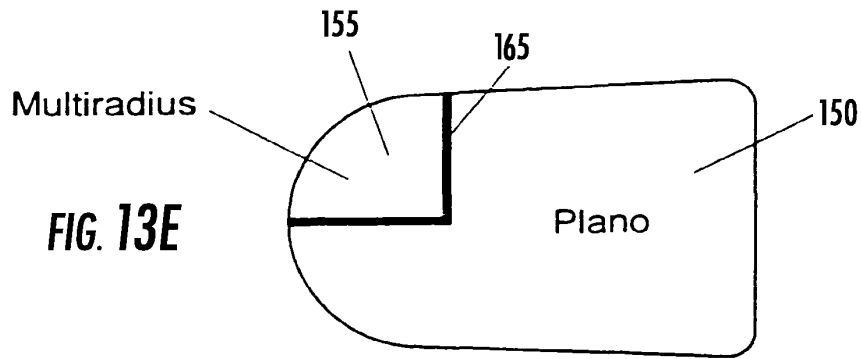
NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP



Timothy A. Flory
Registration No. 42 540
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E., Suite 207
P.O. Box 888695
Grand Rapids, Michigan 49588-8695
(616) 975-5500

Date: February 1, 2012



Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	11974473
Application Number:	13071174
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	3475
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam
Customer Number:	28101
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696
Receipt Date:	01-FEB-2012
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011
Time Stamp:	14:54:07
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no
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File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
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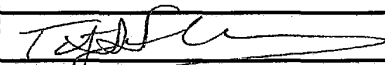
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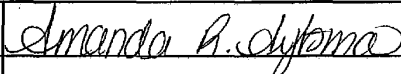
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Information:					
3	Drawings-only black and white line drawings	ReplacementDrawings.pdf	240466 9123b48935bff5d21da39dc155a80c41b94ac192	no	1
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Information:					
Total Files Size (in bytes):				367291	
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TRANSMITTAL FORM (to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)	Application Number	13/071,174
	Filing Date	March 24, 2011
	First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
	Art Unit	2872
	Examiner Name	Alessandro V. Amari
Total Number of Pages in This Submission	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696


ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to TC
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)
<input type="checkbox"/> After Final	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information
<input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address	<input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter
<input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Terminal Disclaimer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below):
<input type="checkbox"/> Express Abandonment Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Request for Refund	-Transmittal of Replacement Drawings
<input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement	<input type="checkbox"/> CD, Number of CD(s) _____	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD	
<input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)	Remarks	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application		
<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53		

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT			
Firm Name	GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP		
Signature			
Printed name	Timothy A. Flory		
Date	February 1, 2012	Reg. No.	42540

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING			
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below:			
Signature			
Typed or printed name	Amanda R. Sytsma	Date	February 1, 2012

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

Application Number 	Application/Control No. 13/071,174	Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination LYNAM, NIAL R.	
Document Code - DISQ		Internal Document – DO NOT MAIL	

TERMINAL DISCLAIMER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> APPROVED	<input type="checkbox"/> DISAPPROVED
Date Filed : 01/06/12	This patent is subject to a Terminal Disclaimer	

Approved/Disapproved by:

Lawana Hixon



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
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NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

28101 7590 02/17/2012
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP
SUITE 207
2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E.
GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

EXAMINER

AMARI, ALESSANDRO V

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2872

DATE MAILED: 02/17/2012

Table with 5 columns: APPLICATION NO., FILING DATE, FIRST NAMED INVENTOR, ATTORNEY DOCKET NO., CONFIRMATION NO.

13/071,174 03/24/2011 Niall R. Lynam DON09 P-1696 3475

TITLE OF INVENTION: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Table with 7 columns: APPLN. TYPE, SMALL ENTITY, ISSUE FEE DUE, PUBLICATION FEE DUE, PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE, TOTAL FEE(S) DUE, DATE DUE

nonprovisional NO \$1740 \$300 \$0 \$2040 05/17/2012

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the SMALL ENTITY status shown above.

If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as YES, verify your current SMALL ENTITY status:

- A. If the status is the same, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above.
B. If the status above is to be removed, check box 5b on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and twice the amount of the ISSUE FEE shown above, or

If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as NO:

- A. Pay TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above, or
B. If applicant claimed SMALL ENTITY status before, or is now claiming SMALL ENTITY status, check box 5a on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and 1/2 the ISSUE FEE shown above.

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

**Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail Mail Stop ISSUE FEE
 Commissioner for Patents
 P.O. Box 1450
 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
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INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications.

CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

28101 7590 02/17/2012
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP
 SUITE 207
 2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E.
 GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

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_____ (Depositor's name)
_____ (Signature)
_____ (Date)

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
13/071,174	03/24/2011	Niall R. Lynam	DON09 P-1696	3475

TITLE OF INVENTION: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	NO	\$1740	\$300	\$0	\$2040	05/17/2012

EXAMINER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLASS
AMARI, ALESSANDRO V	2872	359-872000

<p>1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363).</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer Number is required.</p>	<p>2. For printing on the patent front page, list</p> <p>(1) the names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively, _____ 1</p> <p>(2) the name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed. _____ 2</p> <p>_____ 3</p>
---	---

3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type)

PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment.

(A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE _____ (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) _____

Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent): Individual Corporation or other private group entity Government

<p>4a. The following fee(s) are submitted:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Issue Fee</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Advance Order - # of Copies _____</p>	<p>4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> A check is enclosed.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number _____ (enclose an extra copy of this form).</p>
---	--

5. Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)

a. Applicant claims SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27. b. Applicant is no longer claiming SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27(g)(2).

NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney or agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

Authorized Signature _____ Date _____

Typed or printed name _____ Registration No. _____

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

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Table with 5 columns: APPLICATION NO., FILING DATE, FIRST NAMED INVENTOR, ATTORNEY DOCKET NO., CONFIRMATION NO.
Row 1: 13/071,174, 03/24/2011, Niall R. Lynam, DON09 P-1696, 3475
Row 2: 28101, 7590, 02/17/2012, EXAMINER AMARI, ALESSANDRO V
Row 3: VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP, ART UNIT 2872, PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 02/17/2012

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)
(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment to date is 0 day(s). If the issue fee is paid on the date that is three months after the mailing date of this notice and the patent issues on the Tuesday before the date that is 28 weeks (six and a half months) after the mailing date of this notice, the Patent Term Adjustment will be 0 day(s).

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Notice of Allowability	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	13/071,174	LYNAM, NIALL R.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address--

All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. **THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS.** This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPEP 1308.

1. This communication is responsive to amendment of 1/6/2012.
2. An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on _____; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.
3. The allowed claim(s) is/are 1-27.
4. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some* c) None of the:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* Certified copies not received: _____.

Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of this communication to file a reply complying with the requirements noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of this application.
THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.

5. A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submitted. Note the attached EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT or NOTICE OF INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which gives reason(s) why the oath or declaration is deficient.
 6. CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") must be submitted.
 - (a) including changes required by the Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) attached
 - 1) hereto or 2) to Paper No./Mail Date _____.
 - (b) including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amendment / Comment or in the Office action of Paper No./Mail Date _____.
- Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the header according to 37 CFR 1.121(d).**
7. DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must be submitted. Note the attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR THE DEPOSIT OF BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08),
Paper No./Mail Date _____ 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit
of Biological Material | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application 6. <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413),
Paper No./Mail Date _____. 7. <input type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Amendment/Comment 8. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance 9. <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____. |
|---|--|

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REASONS FOR ALLOWANCE

Terminal Disclaimer

The terminal disclaimer filed on 6 January 2012 disclaiming the terminal portion of any patent granted on this application which would extend beyond the expiration date of US 6522451 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded.

Affidavit

The affidavit filed on 6 January 2012 under 37 CFR 1.131 is sufficient to overcome the Lynam et al US 2002/0072026 reference.

Drawings

The replacement drawings for Figure 13 were received on 1 February 2012. These drawings are accepted.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-27 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Claim 1 is allowable for at least the reason, "wherein said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element are adjacently supported at said backing plate element at a joint, and wherein said piano-auxiliary reflective element assembly includes a demarcation element, said demarcation element disposed at said joint to form a demarcation between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element, said demarcation element having a portion visible to a driver of the automobile

when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile; wherein at least a portion of said auxiliary reflective element adjacent said plano reflective element has its front surface generally coplanar with the front surface of said plano reflective element; wherein said demarcation element is dark colored; wherein said demarcation element comprises a polymer material; wherein said joint comprises a space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; wherein said demarcation element is at least partially disposed at said space between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; wherein said demarcation element comprises a wall on said backing plate element, said wall located on said backing plate element at said joint, said wall disposed between said plano reflective element and said auxiliary reflective element; and wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the entirety of said auxiliary reflective element is further distant from the side of the equipped automobile than the entirety of said plano reflective element” as set forth in the claimed combination. Claims 2-16 are allowable due to their dependence on claim 1.

Claim 17 is allowable for at least the reason, “wherein the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element is generally directed at least one of outwardly and downwardly with respect to the longitudinal axis of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile; wherein said exterior sideview mirror assembly including said plano-auxiliary reflective element having a rearward field of view when attached to the side of the automobile comprises a driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly, and wherein, when attached to the side of

the automobile, said driver-side exterior sideview mirror assembly provides to the driver of the equipped automobile a total field of view that generally subtends an angle of at least about 25 degrees with respect to tile side of the equipped automobile; and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector” as set forth in the claimed combination. Claims 18-23 are allowable due to their dependence on claim 17.

Claim 24 is allowable for at least the reason, “wherein angling of the rearward field of view of said auxiliary reflective element relative to the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element is achieved, at least in part, by an angling of said second support portion of said backing plate element supporting said auxiliary reflective element relative to said first support portion of said backing plate element supporting said plano reflective element; wherein, when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile, the field of view of said plano reflective element generally views rearwardly of the equipped automobile and the field of view of said auxiliary reflective element generally views towards a blind spot in the side lane adjacent the side of the automobile to which said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached, said blind spot being generally outside the rearward field of view of said plano reflective element when said plano reflective element is viewed by a driver of the equipped automobile when said exterior sideview mirror assembly is attached to the side of the automobile; wherein said plano reflective element comprises one of (a) a glass Substrate having a surface coated with a metallic reflector coating and (b) a polymeric substrate having a thin glass element applied to a surface thereof and with an

opposing surface thereof having a reflecting layer applied thereto; and wherein said auxiliary reflective element comprises a fixed reflectance mirror reflector and wherein said fixed reflectance mirror reflector comprises a spherically bent glass substrate coated with a metallic reflector coating” as set forth in the claimed combination. Claims 25-27 are allowable due to their dependence on claim 24.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled “Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance.”

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALESSANDRO AMARI whose telephone number is (571)272-2306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner’s supervisor, Stephone B. Allen can be reached on (571) 272-2434. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alessandro Amari/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872

EAST Search History

EAST Search History (Prior Art)


Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	4768	(359/866,868,871,872,877).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2012/02/14 15:34

EAST Search History (Interference)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L2	73	sideview mirror.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2012/02/14 15:36
L3	30	auxiliary reflective.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2012/02/14 15:36
L4	4911	backing plate.clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2012/02/14 15:36
L5	4	2 and 3 and 4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD	ADJ	ON	2012/02/14 15:37

2/ 14/ 2012 3:39:04 PM

C:\Users\ aamari\ Documents\ EAST\ Workspaces\ 13071174.wsp


Search Notes 	Application/Control No. 13071174	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner ALESSANDRO AMARI	Art Unit 2872

SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
359	871,872,877,866,868	9/22/2011	AA
Update	above	12/28/2011	AA
Update	above	2/14/2012	AA

SEARCH NOTES		
Search Notes	Date	Examiner
EAST search	9/22/2011	AA

INTERFERENCE SEARCH			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
	PG-Pub/USPAT/UPAD text search	2/14/2012	AA

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Issue Classification 	Application/Control No. 13071174	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner ALESSANDRO AMARI	Art Unit 2872

ORIGINAL						INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION														
CLASS			SUBCLASS			CLAIMED					NON-CLAIMED									
359			866			G	0	2	B	5 / 08 (2006.01.01)										
CROSS REFERENCE(S)						G	0	2	B	7 / 182 (2006.01.01)										
CLASS	SUBCLASS (ONE SUBCLASS PER BLOCK)																			
359	877																			

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant <input type="checkbox"/> CPA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> T.D. <input type="checkbox"/> R.1.47															
Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original	Final	Original
	1		17												
	2		18												
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	12														
	13														
	14														
	15														
	16														

NONE	Total Claims Allowed:	
(Assistant Examiner)	(Date)	27
/ALESSANDRO AMARI/ Primary Examiner. Art Unit 2872	02/15/2012	O.G. Print Claim(s)
(Primary Examiner)	(Date)	1
		O.G. Print Figure
		13F, 14

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: **Mail** **Mail Stop ISSUE FEE**
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
or Fax (571)-273-2885

INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the **ISSUE FEE** and **PUBLICATION FEE** (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications.

CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

28101 7590 02/17/2012
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP
SUITE 207
2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E.
GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

Certificate of Mailing or Transmission

I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below.

Amanda R. Sytsma	(Depositor's name)
<i>Amanda R. Sytsma</i>	(Signature)
February 17, 2012	(Date)

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
13/071,174	03/24/2011	Niall R. Lynam	DON09 P-1696	3475

TITLE OF INVENTION: EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	NO	\$1740	\$300	\$0	\$2040	05/17/2012

EXAMINER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLASS
AMARI, ALESSANDRO V	2872	359-872000

1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363).
 Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address Form PTO/SB/122) attached.
 "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a **Customer Number is required**.
2. For printing on the patent front page, list
 (1) the names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively, GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP
 (2) the name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed.

3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type)

PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment.

(A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE: **DONNELLY CORPORATION** (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) **HOLLAND, MI**

Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent): Individual Corporation or other private group entity Government

- 4a. The following fee(s) are submitted:
 Issue Fee
 Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted)
 Advance Order - # of Copies _____
- 4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above)
 A check is enclosed.
 Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.
 The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number 50-5553 (enclose an extra copy of this form).

5. Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)
 a. Applicant claims SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27. b. Applicant is no longer claiming SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27(g)(2).

NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney or agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

Authorized Signature *Timothy A. Flory* Date February 17, 2012
 Typed or printed name Timothy A. Flory Registration No. 42540

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal

Application Number:	13071174			
Filing Date:	24-Mar-2011			
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam			
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma			
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696			
Filed as Large Entity				
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees				
Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Basic Filing:				
Pages:				
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Utility Appl issue fee	1501	1	1740	1740
Publ. Fee- early, voluntary, or normal	1504	1	300	300

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
Total in USD (\$)				2040

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	12102812
Application Number:	13071174
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	3475
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam
Customer Number:	28101
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696
Receipt Date:	17-FEB-2012
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011
Time Stamp:	15:23:36
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$2040
RAM confirmation Number	1985
Deposit Account	
Authorized User	

File Listing:


Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
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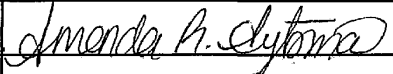
1	Transmittal Letter	TransmittalForm.pdf	81556 6ec62c95319bd0d145d15e00cc0a3757a6e2cd91	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Amendment after Notice of Allowance (Rule 312)	AmendmentafterAllowance.pdf	88428 a9569f014f78be8d20c8a5e069e7cd61115e5af0	no	3
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B)	IssueFeeTransmittal.pdf	129654 5478cc3c2a47748d5fd5872ac8351ad50d563c22	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					
4	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	31791 b35160494f774a0fb9e18dc3b82b87412bb14c92	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
Total Files Size (in bytes):				331429	
<p>This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.</p> <p><u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u> If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.</p> <p><u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u> If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.</p> <p><u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u> If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.</p>					

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

TRANSMITTAL FORM <small>(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)</small>	Application Number	13/071,174
	Filing Date	March 24, 2011
	First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
	Art Unit	2872
	Examiner Name	Alessandro V. Amari
Total Number of Pages in This Submission	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form	<input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to TC
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)
<input type="checkbox"/> After Final	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information
<input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address	<input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter
<input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Terminal Disclaimer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below): -Amendment After Allowance 37 CFR 1.312
<input type="checkbox"/> Express Abandonment Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Request for Refund	
<input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement	<input type="checkbox"/> CD, Number of CD(s) _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53	
Remarks		

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT		
Firm Name	GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP	
Signature		
Printed name	Timothy A. Flory	
Date	February 17, 2012	Reg. No. 42540

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING		
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below:		
Signature		
Typed or printed name	Amanda R. Sytsma	Date February 17, 2012

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group Art : 2872
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari
Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Filing Date : March 24, 2011
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Confirmation No.: 3475
Notice of Allowance Mailing Date: February 17, 2012

Mail Stop Issue Fee
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

AMENDMENT AFTER ALLOWANCE UNDER 37 CFR 1.312

Receipt of the Notice of Allowability and the Notice of Allowance and Fee(s) Due and Examiner's Amendment mailed February 17, 2012 in connection with the above identified application is hereby acknowledged.

Amendments to the Specification are on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks are on page 3 of this paper.

Applicant : Niall R.Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Page : 2

Amendments to the Specification:

Please amend paragraph [0001] on page 1 as follows:

[0001] The present application is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/851,045, filed Aug. 5, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,934,843 (~~Attorney Docket DON09 P-1624~~), which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/197,666, filed Aug. 25, 2008, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,842,154, which is a division of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/709,434, filed May 5, 2004, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,420,756, which claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application, Ser. No. 60/471,872, filed May 20, 2003, which are hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Page : 3

Remarks:

Review of the specification revealed that the specification needed updating to reference the patent number of the incorporated parent application, which has now issued as U.S. Patent No. 7,934,843.

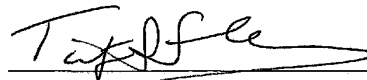
Because the present amendment relates to matters of form only, and does not require any further search on the part of the Examiner, it is respectfully submitted that it is proper for entry and such entry is requested along with a notice of approval of the amendment.

Respectfully submitted,

NIALL R. LYNAM

By: Gardner, Linn, Burkhardt & Flory, LLP

Date: February 17, 2012



Timothy A. Flory
Registration No. 42 540
2851 Charlevoix Drive, S.E.
P.O. Box 888695
Grand Rapids, MI 49588-8695
(616) 975-5500

OK TO ENTER: /A.A./

PATENT
DON09 P-1696

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Group Art : 2872
Examiner : Alessandro V. Amari
Applicant : Niall R. Lynam
Serial No. : 13/071,174
Filing Date : March 24, 2011
For : EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM

Confirmation No.: 3475
Notice of Allowance Mailing Date: February 17, 2012

Mail Stop Issue Fee
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

AMENDMENT AFTER ALLOWANCE UNDER 37 CFR 1.312

Receipt of the Notice of Allowability and the Notice of Allowance and Fee(s) Due and Examiner's Amendment mailed February 17, 2012 in connection with the above identified application is hereby acknowledged.

Amendments to the Specification are on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks are on page 3 of this paper.



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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
13/071,174	03/24/2011	Niall R. Lynam	DON09 P-1696	3475
28101	7590	03/02/2012	EXAMINER	
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP			AMARI, ALESSANDRO V	
SUITE 207			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E.			2872	
GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/02/2012	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Response to Rule 312 Communication	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	13/071,174	LYNAM, NIALL R.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	ALESSANDRO AMARI	2872

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

1. The amendment filed on 17 February 2012 under 37 CFR 1.312 has been considered, and has been:
- a) entered.
 - b) entered as directed to matters of form not affecting the scope of the invention.
 - c) disapproved because the amendment was filed after the payment of the issue fee.
Any amendment filed after the date the issue fee is paid must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.313(c)(1) and the required fee to withdraw the application from issue.
 - d) disapproved. See explanation below.
 - e) entered in part. See explanation below.

	/Alessandro Amari/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2872
--	---

Receipt date: 03/24/2011

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Substitute for form 1449/PTO INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>				Complete if Known			
				Application Number			
				Filing Date		March 24, 2011	
				First Named Inventor		Niall R. Lynam	
				Art Unit			
				Examiner Name			
Sheet	3	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696		

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY		

		6,318,870	2001-11-20	Spooner et al.	
		6,315,419	2001-11-13	Platzer, Jr.	
		6,310,611	2001-10-30	Caldwell	
		6,294,989	2001-09-25	Schofield et al.	
		6,286,965	2001-09-11	Caskey et al.	
		6,276,821	2001-08-21	Pastrick et al.	
		6,270,225	2001-08-07	Goolsby	
		6,260,608	2001-07-17	Kim	
		6,257,746	2001-07-10	Todd et al.	
		6,250,148	2001-06-26	Lynam	
		6,245,262	2001-06-12	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,227,689	2001-05-08	Miller	
		6,207,083	2001-03-27	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,201,642	2001-03-13	Bos	
		6,199,993	2001-03-13	Mou	
		6,198,409	2001-03-06	Schofield et al.	
		6,196,688	2001-03-06	Caskey et al.	
		6,178,034	2001-01-23	Allemand et al.	
		6,176,602	2001-01-23	Pastrick et al.	
		6,172,613	2001-01-09	DeLine et al.	
		6,164,564	2000-12-26	Franco et al.	
		6,154,306	2000-11-28	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,135,419 6315419	2001-11-13	Platzer, Jr.	
		6,128,860	2000-10-10	Varaprasad et al. Kepp	
		6,124,647	2000-09-26	Marcus et al.	
		6,116,743	2000-09-12	Hoek	
		6,111,684	2000-08-29	Forgette et al.	
		6,109,586	2000-08-29	Hock	
		6,097,023	2000-08-01	Schofield et al.	
		6,074,068	2000-06-13	Palathingal	
		6,065,840	2000-05-23	Caskey et al.	
		6,033,078	2000-03-07	Su et al.	
		6,032,323	2000-03-07	Smith et al.	
		6,030,084	2002-02-29	Schmidt	
		6,022,511 6002511	1999-12-14	Varaprasad et al.	
		6,011,486 6001486	1999-12-14	Varaprasad et al.	

Change(s) applied to document, /A.L./ 2/27/2011

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /A.A./

Receipt date: 03/24/2011

Approved for use through 03/24/2011 PTO/SB/08A (07-05)
 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
 0972006 ZMB 066 CAU: 2872

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Substitute for form 1449/PTO INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>				Complete if Known		
				Application Number		
Sheet		5	of	12	Examiner Name	
				Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696	

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ^{2 (if known)}	MM-DD-YYYY		

		5,669,699	1997-09-23	Pastrick et al.	
		5,669,698	1997-09-23	Veldman et al.	
		5,668,663	1997-09-16	Varaprasad et al.	
		5,649,756	1997-07-22	Adams et al.	
		5,644,442	1997-07-01	Lemere	
		5,621,577	1997-04-15	Lang et al.	
		5,621,569	1997-04-15	Schlenke	
		5,610,756	1997-03-11	Lynam et al.	
		5,594,593	1997-01-14	Milner	
		5,594,222	1997-01-14	Caldwell	
		5,587,699	1996-12-24	Faloon et al.	
		5,587,236	1996-12-24	Agrawal et al.	
		5,579,133	1996-11-26	Black et al.	
		5,575,552	1996-11-19	Faloon et al.	
		5,567,360	1996-10-22	Varaprasad et al.	
		5,563,744	1996-10-08	Matsumiya	
		5,559,640	1996-09-24	Vachss et al.	
		5,557,467	1996-09-17	McColgan et al.	
		5,550,677	1996-08-27	Schofield et al.	
		5,535,056	1996-07-09	Caskey et al.	
		5,530,588	1996-06-25	Vivier	
		5,526,195	1996-06-11	Thomas	
		5,525,264	1996-06-11	Cronin et al.	
		5,523,877	1996-06-04	Lynam	
		5,517,367	1996-05-14	Kim et al.	
		5,509,606	1996-04-23	Breithaupt et al.	
		5,497,306	1996-03-05	Pastrick	
		5,497,305	1996-03-05	Pastrick et al.	
		5,483,386	1996-01-09	Carson	
		5,481,409	1996-01-02	Roberts	
		5,446,576	1995-08-29	Lynam et al.	
		5,437,931	1995-08-01	Tsai et al.	
		5,432,643	1995-07-11	Huang	
		5,424,875	1995-06-13	Davis, II	
		5,412,512	1995-05-02	Zebold et al.	
		5,406,414	1995-04-11	O'Farrell et al.	

Change(s) applied to document, /A.L./ 2/27/2012

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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 OMB 0662-0041: 2872

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Substitute for form 1449/PTO				Complete if Known	
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>				Application Number	
				Filing Date	March 24, 2011
				First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
				Art Unit	
				Examiner Name	
Sheet	10	of	12	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Document Number	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number-Kind Code ² (If Known)	MM-DD-YYYY		

		2,263,382	1941-11-18	Gotzinger	
		2,135,262	1938-11-01	Schumacher	
		1,672,559	1928-06-05	Doble	
		1,114,559	1914-10-20	Weed	
		D297,926	1988-10-04	Kesler	
		D493,394	2004-07-27	Lawlor et al.	
		D493,131	2004-07-20	Lawlor et al.	
		2002/0036828	2002-03-28	Wong	
		2002/0159169	2002-10-31	McCord	
		2002/0159270	2002-10-31	Lynam et al.	
		2002/0105741	2002-08-08	Platzer, Jr.	
		2003/0043589	2003-03-06	Blank	
		2003/0117731	2003-06-26	Platzer, Jr.	
		2004/0032675	2004-02-19	Weller et al.	
		2004/0032676	2004-02-19	Drummond et al.	
		2004/0264011	2004-12-30	Lynam	
		2004/0165291	2004-08-26	Platzer, Jr.	
		2005/0078389	2005-04-14	Kulas et al.	
		2005/0083577	2005-04-21	Varaprasad et al.	
		2005/0099693	2005-05-12	Schofield et al.	
		2005/0134983	2005-06-23	Lynam	
		2005/0232469	2005-10-20	Schofield et al.	
		2005/0248859	2005-11-10	Platzer, Jr.	
		2006/0050018	2006-03-09	Hutzel et al.	
		2006/0126150	2006-06-15	Tonar et al.	
		2006/0061008	2006-03-23	Karner et al.	
		2006/0125919	2006-06-15	Camilleri et al.	
		2006/0171704	2006-08-03	Bingle et al.	
		2006/0184297	2006-08-17	Higgins-Luthman	
		2006/0268440	2006-11-30	Platzer, Jr.	
	2004	2007/0032638	2004-02-19	Tonar et al.	
		2007/0058257	2007-03-15	Lynam	
		2007/0285789	2007-12-13	Lindahl et al.	
		2008/0308219	2008-12-18	Lynam	
		2008/0212189	2008-09-04	Baur et al.	
		2008/0225421	2008-09-18	Platzer	

Change(s) applied to document, /A.L./ 2/27/2012

Examiner Signature	/Alessandro Amari/	Date Considered	09/22/2011
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APPLICATION NO.	ISSUE DATE	PATENT NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
13/071,174	04/03/2012	8147077	DON09 P-1696	3475

28101 7590 03/14/2012
VAN DYKE, GARDNER, LINN & BURKHART, LLP
SUITE 207
2851 CHARLEVOIX DRIVE, S.E.
GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49546

ISSUE NOTIFICATION

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)
(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 0 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (<http://pair.uspto.gov>).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Application Assistance Unit (AAU) of the Office of Data Management (ODM) at (571)-272-4200.

APPLICANT(s) (Please see PAIR WEB site <http://pair.uspto.gov> for additional applicants):

Niall R. Lynam, Holland, MI;

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

Page 1 of 2

PATENT NO. : 8,147,077
 APPLICATION NO.: 13/071,174
 ISSUE DATE : April 3, 2012
 INVENTOR(S) : Niall R. Lynam

It is certified that an error appears or errors appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 1

Line 11, "U.S," should be --U.S.--

Column 4

Line 5, "clement" should be --element--

Column 5

Line 64, "165," should be --165.--

Column 6

Line 53, "travel," should be --travel.--

Column 8

Line 67, "plan-multiradius" should be --plano-multiradius--

Column 12

Line 12, "clement" should be --element--

Line 49, "clement" should be --element--

Column 13

Line 32, "clement" should be --element--

Column 14

Line 25, "160'," should be --160'.--

Column 17

Line 12, "application" should be --applications--

MAILING ADDRESS OF SENDER (Please do not use customer number below):

GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP
 2851 Charlevoix Dr., S.E., Suite 207
 Grand Rapids, MI 49546

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.322, 1.323, and 1.324. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1.0 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Attention Certificate of Corrections Branch, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

**UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

Page 2 of 2

PATENT NO. : 8,147,077
APPLICATION NO.: 13/071,174
ISSUE DATE : April 3, 2012
INVENTOR(S) : Niall R. Lynam

It is certified that an error appears or errors appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 18

Line 46, "rcarwardly" should be --"rearwardly"--

Column 19

Line 3, "a" should be -- α --

Line 4, "a" should be -- α --

Column 22

Line 5, "clement" should be --element--

Column 27

Line 59, Claim 1, "minor" should be --mirror--

Column 33

Line 42, Claim 24 "plan-auxiliary" should be --plano-auxiliary--

MAILING ADDRESS OF SENDER (Please do not use customer number below):

GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP
2851 Charlevoix Dr., S.E., Suite 207
Grand Rapids, MI 49546

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.322, 1.323, and 1.324. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1.0 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: **Attention Certificate of Corrections Branch, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	12983744
Application Number:	13071174
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	3475
Title of Invention:	EXTERIOR SIDEVIEW MIRROR SYSTEM
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Niall R. Lynam
Customer Number:	28101
Filer:	Timothy A. Flory/Amanda Sytsma
Filer Authorized By:	Timothy A. Flory
Attorney Docket Number:	DON09 P-1696
Receipt Date:	11-JUN-2012
Filing Date:	24-MAR-2011
Time Stamp:	16:30:02
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no
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File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	TransmittalForm.pdf	60469 fc7b0d102884014b29dad52c0f1573ab0c29becc	no	1

Warnings:

Information:

2	Request for Certificate of Correction	RequestforCertificateofCorrecti on.pdf	80257 a6dc3d881d528751e1040dd1115689a445 87fbdf	no	2
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Warnings:

Information:

Total Files Size (in bytes):	140726
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

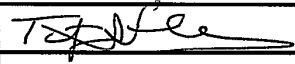
New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

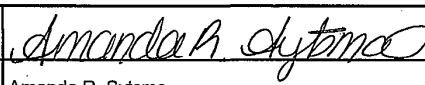
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

TRANSMITTAL FORM (to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)	Application Number	13/071,174
	Filing Date	March 24, 2011
	First Named Inventor	Niall R. Lynam
	Art Unit	2872
	Examiner Name	Alessandro V. Amari
	Attorney Docket Number	DON09 P-1696
Total Number of Pages in This Submission		

ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form	<input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to TC
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)
<input type="checkbox"/> After Final	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information
<input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation	<input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter
<input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Change of Correspondence Address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below):
<input type="checkbox"/> Express Abandonment Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Terminal Disclaimer	-Request for Certificate of Correction
<input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement	<input type="checkbox"/> Request for Refund	
<input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> CD, Number of CD(s) _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts/Incomplete Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Table on CD	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53	Remarks	

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT			
Firm Name	GARDNER, LINN, BURKHART & FLORY, LLP		
Signature			
Printed name	Timothy A. Flory		
Date	June 11, 2012	Reg. No.	42540

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING	
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below:	
Signature	
Typed or printed name	Amanda R. Sytsma
Date	June 11, 2012

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 8,147,077 B2
APPLICATION NO. : 13/071174
DATED : April 3, 2012
INVENTOR(S) : Niall R. Lynam

Page 1 of 2

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 1

Line 11, "U.S." should be --U.S.--

Column 4

Line 5, "clement" should be --element--

Column 5

Line 64, "165," should be --165.--

Column 6

Line 53, "travel," should be --travel.--

Column 8

Line 67, "plan-multiradius" should be --plano-multiradius--

Column 12

Line 12, "clement" should be --element--

Line 49, "clement" should be --element--

Column 13

Line 32, "clement" should be --element--

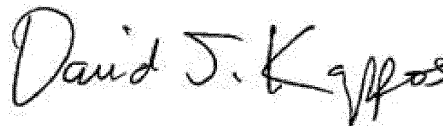
Column 14

Line 25, "160'," should be --160'.--

Column 17

Line 12, "application" should be --applications--

Signed and Sealed this
Thirty-first Day of July, 2012



David J. Kappos
Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION (continued)
U.S. Pat. No. 8,147,077 B2

Page 2 of 2

Column 18

Line 46, ““rcarwardly”” should be --“rearwardly”--

Column 19

Line 3, “a” should be --α--

Line 4, “a” should be --α--

Column 22

Line 5, “clement” should be --element--

Column 27

Line 59, Claim 1, “minor” should be --mirror--

Column 33

Line 42, Claim 24, “plan-auxiliary” should be --plano-auxiliary--

AO 120 (Rev. 08/10)

TO: Mail Stop 8 Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK
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In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Western District of Michigan on the following

Trademarks or Patents. (the patent action involves 35 U.S.C. § 292.):

DOCKET NO. 1:15-cv-183	DATE FILED 2/19/2015	U.S. DISTRICT COURT Western District of Michigan
PLAINTIFF Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.		DEFENDANT Ficosa International S.A.; Ficosa North America Corporation; Ficosa North America S.A. de C.V.; and Fico Mirrors, S.A.
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
1		SEE ATTACHED LIST
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In the above—entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> Answer <input type="checkbox"/> Cross Bill <input type="checkbox"/> Other Pleading	
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

In the above—entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT

CLERK TRACEY CORDES, CLERK OF COURT	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK /s/ Paula J. Woods	DATE 2/20/1015
--	---	-------------------

Copy 1—Upon initiation of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 3—Upon termination of action, mail this copy to Director
 Copy 2—Upon filing document adding patent(s), mail this copy to Director Copy 4—Case file copy

Patent No.	Date of Patent	Holder
U.S. Patent 7,934,843	May 3, 2011	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,128,243	March 6, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,128,244	March 6, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,147,077	April 3, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,267,534	September 18, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,550,642	October 8, 2013	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,591,047	November 26, 2013	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,783,882	July 22, 2014	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,899,762	December 2, 2014	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.

AO 120 (Rev. 08/10)

TO: Mail Stop 8 Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK
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In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Western District of Michigan on the following

Trademarks or Patents. (the patent action involves 35 U.S.C. § 292.);

DOCKET NO. 1:15-cv-183	DATE FILED 2/19/2015	U.S. DISTRICT COURT Western District of Michigan
PLAINTIFF Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.		DEFENDANT Ficosa International S.A., et al
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
1		SEE ATTACHED LIST
2		
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4		
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In the above—entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> Answer <input type="checkbox"/> Cross Bill <input type="checkbox"/> Other Pleading		
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	
1			
2			
3			
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5			

In the above—entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT Voluntarily Dismissed on 3/23/2016
--

CLERK Clerk of Court	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK /s/ Paula J. Woods	DATE 3/24/2016
-------------------------	---	-------------------

Copy 1—Upon initiation of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 3—Upon termination of action, mail this copy to Director
 Copy 2—Upon filing document adding patent(s), mail this copy to Director Copy 4—Case file copy

Patent No.	Date of Patent	Holder
U.S. Patent 7,934,843	May 3, 2011	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,128,243	March 6, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
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U.S. Patent 8,267,534	September 18, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,550,642	October 8, 2013	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,591,047	November 26, 2013	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,783,882	July 22, 2014	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,899,762	December 2, 2014	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.

AO 120 (Rev. 08/10)

TO: Mail Stop 8 Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK
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In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Western District of Michigan on the following

Trademarks or Patents. (the patent action involves 35 U.S.C. § 292.)

DOCKET NO. 1:17-cv-77	DATE FILED 1/23/2017	U.S. DISTRICT COURT Western District of Michigan
PLAINTIFF MAGNA MIRRORS OF AMERICA, INC.		DEPENDANT SAMVARDHANA MOTHERSON REFLECTEC GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED, et al.
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
1		SEE ATTACHED
2		
3		
4		
5		

In the above—entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> Answer <input type="checkbox"/> Cross Bill <input type="checkbox"/> Other Pleading	
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
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In the above—entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT

CLERK Thomas L. Dorwin, Clerk of Court	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK /s/ P. Woods	DATE 1/25/2017
---	-----------------------------------	-------------------

Copy 1—Upon initiation of action, mail this copy to Director Copy 3—Upon termination of action, mail this copy to Director
 Copy 2—Upon filing document adding patent(s), mail this copy to Director Copy 4—Case file copy

Patent No.	Date of Patent	Holder
U.S. Patent 7,934,843	May 3, 2011	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
U.S. Patent 8,128,243	March 6, 2012	Magna Mirrors of America, Inc.
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