USB 2.0 Specification Engineering Change Notice (ECN) #1: Mini-B connector

Date: 10/20/2000

Reason for ECN:

The USB 2.0 specified device-side connector – the B connector – is too large for use with a new generation of handheld and mobile devices, e.g., cell phones which would benefit from connectivity to the PC. This ECN incorporates a specification of a device-side mini connector (hereafter referred to as a mini-B connector). The new connector only applies to upstream facing ports, i.e., connectors on devices.

Summary of ECN:

The bulk of the ECN specifies the mechanical requirements for the mini-B plug, receptacle and cable assembly. It also identifies the usage scope of this connector. The last part of the ECN describes the minimum test criteria and performance requirements for the new connector.

Benefits of ECN:

The ECN enables standardization of miniature device-side USB connectors and consequent economies of scales and lower cost for a new and growing class of devices which will benefit from connectivity to the PC. The standardization also allows leveraging of the compliance test and certification model which is already in place for USB connectors.

Assessment of Impact on Current Specification and Current USB Products:

The connector specified in the ECN will not have any impact on hardware or software of existing USB products. The current USB spec already allows for vendor-specific device side connectors – such cable assemblies are called captive assemblies. All that the ECN does is to identify one such connector for use in devices which need the smaller size of connector. There is a potential for some end-user confusion because of two standard cable options; but this can be mitigated by appropriate end-user education.

Structure of ECN:

The ECN is in the form of a new Chapter 6 with the mini-B connector requirements inserted into the appropriate locations. This format enables specification of the new connector in context.





Chapter 6 Mechanical

This chapter provides the mechanical and electrical specifications for the cables, connectors, and cable assemblies used to interconnect USB devices. The specification includes the dimensions, materials, electrical, and reliability requirements. This chapter documents minimum requirements for the external USB interconnect. Substitute material may be used as long as it meets these minimums.

6.1 Architectural Overview

The USB physical topology consists of connecting the downstream hub port to the upstream port of another hub or to a device. The USB can operate at three speeds. High-speed (480 Mb/s) and full-speed (12 Mb/s) require the use of a shielded cable with two power conductors and twisted pair signal conductors. Low-speed (1.5 Mb/s) recommends, but does not require the use of a cable with twisted pair signal conductors.

The connectors are designed to be hot plugged. The USB Icon on the plugs provides tactile feedback making it easy to obtain proper orientation.

6.2 Keyed Connector Protocol

To minimize end user termination problems, USB uses a "keyed connector" protocol. The physical difference in the Series "A" and "B" <u>(or "mini-B")</u> connectors insures proper end user connectivity. The "A" connector is the principle means of connecting USB devices directly to a host or to the downstream port of a hub. All USB devices must have the standard Series "A" connector specified in this chapter. The "B" <u>(or "mini-B")</u> "B" connector allows device vendors to provide a standard detachable cable. This facilitates end user cable replacement. Figure 6-1 Figure 6-1 illustrates the keyed connector protocol.



Series "A" Connectors Series "B" Connectors Series "A" plugs are Series "B" plugs are always oriented upstream always oriented downstream towards the towards the Host System USB Device "A" Plugs (From the "B" Plugs USB Device) (From the Host System) "A" Receptacles (Downstream Output "B" Receptacles from the USB Host or (Upstream Input to the Hub) USB Device or Hub)

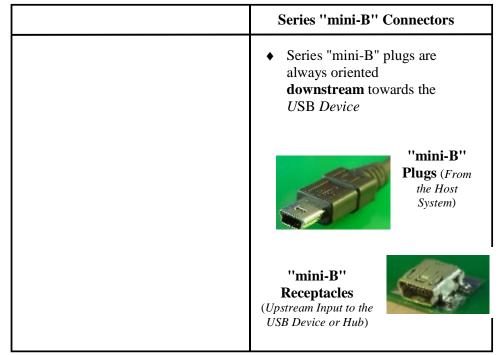


Figure 6-1. Keyed Connector Protocol



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The following list explains how the plugs and receptacles can be mated:

- Series "A" receptacle mates with a Series "A" plug. Electrically, Series "A" receptacles function as outputs from host systems and/or hubs.
- Series "A" plug mates with a Series "A" receptacle. The Series "A" plug always is oriented towards the host system.
- Series "B" receptacle mates with a Series "B" plug (male). Electrically, Series "B" receptacles function as inputs to hubs or devices.
- Series "B" plug mates with a Series "B" receptacle. The Series "B" plug is always oriented towards the USB hub or device.
- Series "mini-B" receptacle mates with a Series "mini-B" plug (male). Electrically, Series "mini-B" receptacles function as inputs to hubs or devices.
- Series "mini-B" plug mates with a Series "mini-B" receptacle. The Series "mini-B" plug is always oriented towards the USB hub or device.

6.3 Cable

USB cable consists of four conductors, two power conductors, and two signal conductors.

High-/full-speed cable consists of a signaling twisted pair, VBUS, GND, and an overall shield. High-/full-speed cable must be marked to indicate suitability for USB usage (see Section 6.6.2). High-/full-speed cable may be used with either low-speed, full-speed, or high-speed devices. When high-/full-speed cable is used with low-speed devices, the cable must meet all low-speed requirements.

Low-speed recommends, but does not require the use of a cable with twisted signaling conductors.

6.4 Cable Assembly

This specification describes three USB cable assemblies: standard detachable cable, high-/full-speed captive cable, and low-speed captive cable.

A standard detachable cable is a high-/full-speed cable that is terminated on one end with a Series "A" plug and terminated on the opposite end with a series "B" (or "mini-B") "B" plug. A high-/full-speed captive cable is terminated on one end with a Series "A" plug and has a vendor-specific connect means (hardwired or custom detachable) on the opposite end for the high-/full-speed peripheral. The low-speed captive cable is terminated on one end with a Series "A" plug and has a vendor-specific connect means (hardwired or custom detachable) on the opposite end for the low-speed peripheral. Any other cable assemblies are prohibited.

The color used for the cable assembly is vendor specific; recommended colors are white, grey, or black.

6.4.1 Standard Detachable Cable Assemblies

High-speed and full-speed devices can utilize the "B" (or "mini-B") "B" connector. This allows the device to have a standard detachable USB cable. This eliminates the need to build the device with a hardwired cable and minimizes end user problems if cable replacement is necessary.

Devices utilizing the "B" (or "mini-B") "B" connector must be designed to work with worst case maximum length detachable cable. Standard detachable cable assemblies may be used only on high-speed and full-speed devices. Using a high-/full-speed standard detachable cable on a low-speed device may exceed the maximum low-speed cable length.

Figure 6-2 and Figure 6-3 illustrates a standard detachable cable assemblies.



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