# CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

APPLICATION NUMBER: 21-303

## **CHEMISTRY REVIEW(S)**

SLI 381, loss of appetite and nausea were more common in boys, and dyspepsia was more common in girls; however, the sponsor did not compare the relative risks for these events between boys and girls. Similarly, among subjects receiving SLI 381, insomnia was more common among Caucasians, while abdominal pain, loss of appetite, anxiety, emotional lability, and nervousness were more frequent among non-Caucasians, but here again the sponsor did not analyze these data in terms of differences in relative risk by ethnic origin.

8.6 Adequacy of safety assessment: The safety methodology was generally adequate. An analysis of weight and height, especially in the long term trial, would have been helpful. Also, the analysis of laboratory abnormalities could have been improved by selecting criterion values for significant abnormalities, and then determining the number of such abnormalities that were treatment emergent. The same comment applies to the vital sign analysis. Finally, more discussion could have been provided regarding the qualitatively abnormal ECG readings, which were simply listed in the report; presumably none were considered particularly concerning from a clinical standpoint.

#### 8.7 Overall conclusions about safety

This is the first large clinical trial dataset available in some time for an amphetamine drug product. Overall the safety profile appears consistent with what would be expected for a sympathomimetic psychostimulant. Weight loss and anorexia were two of the the most frequent adverse reactions, which is not surprising for a drug product that was originally marketed for weight loss. The psychostimulant effects of amphetamine were reflected in the incidence of emotional lability, insomnia and nervousness. Although the findings were not entirely consistent across trials, it is evident that the drug can raise heart rate and blood pressure. There did not appear to be any findings of concern with respect to laboratory or ECG parameters.

The sponsor should provide clarification regarding the abnormalities in serum calcium that were reported in study 301. The sponsor should also provide more information on the two subjects in study 301 who developed premature atrial systoles during treatment with SLI 381.

#### 9.0 Overall Conclusions and Recommendations

This drug product is approvable in my opinion. My suggestions for labeling are attached to this review.

Andrew D. Mosholder, M.D. Medical Officer, HFD-120

Cc: Laughren, Wheelous, Mosholder



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This is a representation of an electronic record that was signed electronically and this page is the manifestation of the electronic signature.

/s/

Andy Mosholder 7/24/01 02:21:23 PM MEDICAL OFFICER

Thomas Laughren
7/28/01 12:16:17 PM
MEDICAL OFFICER
I agree that this NDA is approvable; see memo to file for more detaile d comments.--TPL



Single-Entity Amphetamine Product) Shire Laboratories Inc.

## DIVISION OF NEUROPHARMACOLOGICAL DRUG PRODUCTS, HFD-120 REVIEW OF CHEMISTRY, MANUFACTURING, AND CONTROLS

 NDA 21-303
 CHEM REVIEW: #1
 REVIEW DATE: 10/24/2000 .

 SUBMISSION TYPE
 DOCUMENT DATE
 CDER DATE ASSIGNED DATE

 ORIGINAL
 10/3/2000 10/10/2000
 10/10/2000

18 mo. Stability data 03/30/01 Response to inquiry 06/19/01

NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT

Shire Laboratories Inc.

1505 East Gude Drive Rockville, Maryland 20850

DRUG PRODUCT NAME Proprietary: Adderall-XR

Non proprietary/USAN: Amphetamine sulfate USA/USN, amphetamine aspartate, dextroamphetamine sulfate

USP/USAN, dextroamphetamine saccharate

Code Name/Number: SLI 381 Chem. Type/Ther. Class: 3S

PHARMACOLOGICAL CATEGORY/INDICATION: 1) Treatment of ADHD 2) Treatment of

narcolepsey

DOSAGE FORM: Capsules

STRENGTHS: 10 mg, 20 mg, and 30 mg

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: Oral

DISPENSED: X RX OTC

SPECIAL PRODUCTS: Yes x No

CHEMICAL NAME, STRUCTURAL FORMULA, MOLECULAR FORMULA

Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient Chemical Name CAS Number

Amphetamine sulfate, USP  $(\pm)$ - $\alpha$ -Methylphenylamine sulfate 60-13-9 Dextroamphetamine sulfate, USP (+)- $\alpha$ -Methylphenylamine sulfate 617-48-8 Amphetamine aspartate  $(\pm)$ - $\alpha$ -Methylphenylamine aspartate 51-63-8 Dextroamphetamine saccharate (+)- $\alpha$ -Methylphenylamine saccharate 87-73-0

CAS for free amphetamine base is 300-62-9



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