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# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

Altomey Docket No.	99879-00026	$\overline{}$
First Inventor	Ira Marlowe	77
Title	Multimedia Device Integration System	တထ
Express Mail Label	EV623706889US	_⊃.R

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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.53(b). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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Date: June 27, 2006



Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Customer No.: 27614

File: 99879-00026 Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe

Title: Multimedia Device Integration System Express Mail Label No.: EV 623706889 US

Sir:

Enclosed herewith please find the following documents in the above-identified application for Letters Patent of the United States:

102 36 X X X X	Pages of Specification including claims 1-91 and 1 page of Abstract Sheets of Drawings (Figs. 1-24) Utility Patent Application Transmittal Form PTO/SB/05 Unexecuted Declaration and Power of Attorney (1 sheet) Return-addressed Postcard Transmittal Letter (2 sheets)	
<u>X</u>	Applicant claims small entity status	
Basic Filing Fe Additional Fees		<u>\$ 150.00</u>
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	Total number of claims (including multiple dependent claims) 91  Total number of claims in excess of 20, times \$25 71  Number of independent claims 7	\$ 1,775.00
	Number of independent claims <u>1</u> Number of independent claims minus 3, times \$100 <u>4</u> Fee for multiple dependent claims (\$360/\$180)  Fee for each additional 50 sheets exceeding 100 (\$125)	\$ 400.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 125.00
	TOTAL FILING FEES:	\$ 2,800.00

#### **PRIORITY CLAIM:**

This is a \_\_\_ Continuation \_X\_ Continuation-in-Part \_\_\_ Divisional, of U.S. Application Serial No. 11/071,667 filed March 3, 2005, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application Serial No. 10/732,909 filed December 10, 2003, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application Serial No. 10/316,961 filed December 11, 2002.

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 Ex. 1014 - Page 2

Commissioner for Patents
Date June 27, 2006
Page Two
Customer Number 27614
Express Mail Label No.EV623706889US



(date)

Please note that this application is being filed with an unexecuted Declaration and Power of Attorney. Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.53, the United States Patent and Trademark Office is respectfully requested to accept this application and accord a serial number and filing date as of the date that this application is deposited with the U.S. Postal Service for Express Mail. Further, it is respectfully requested that the NOTICE OF MISSING PARTS-FILING DATE GRANTED pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.53 be sent to the undersigned attorney.

Respectfully submitted,

McCARTER & ENGLISH, LLP

Michael R. Friscia Reg. No. 33,884

Janelle **√**ava

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY EXPRESS MAIL**

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# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

INVENTOR:

IRA MARLOWE

5 TITLE:

MULTIMEDIA DEVICE INTEGRATION SYSTEM

### **SPECIFICATION**

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 11/071,667, filed March 3, 2005, now U.S. Patent No. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 10/732,909 filed December 10, 2003, now U.S. Patent No. \_\_\_\_\_\_, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 10/316,961 filed December 11, 2002, now U.S. Patent No. \_\_\_\_\_\_, the entire disclosures of which applications are each expressly incorporated herein by reference.

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system. More specifically, the present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system for integrating after-market components such as satellite receivers, CD players, CD changers, digital media devices (e.g., MP3 players, MP4 players, WMV players, Apple iPod devices, portable media centers, and other devices), Digital Audio Broadcast (DAB) receivers, auxiliary audio sources, video devices (e.g., DVD players), cellular telephones, and other devices for use with factory-installed (OEM) or after-market car stereo and video systems.

**RELATED ART** 

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Automobile audio systems have continued to advance in complexity and the number of

options available to automobile purchasers. Early audio systems offered a simple AM and/or

FM tuner, and perhaps an analog tape deck for allowing cassettes, 8-tracks, and other types of

tapes to be played while driving. Such early systems were closed, in that external devices could

not be easily integrated therewith.

With advances in digital technology, CD players have been included with automobile

audio systems. Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) often produce car stereos having CD

players and/or changers for allowing CDs to be played while driving. However, such systems

often include proprietary buses and protocols that do not allow after-market audio systems, such

as satellite receivers (e.g., XM satellite tuners), digital audio broadcast (DAB) receivers, digital

media players (e.g., Apple iPod, MP3, MP4, WMV, etc.), CD changers, auxiliary input sources,

video devices (e.g., DVD players), cellular telephones, and the like, to be easily integrated

therewith. Thus, automobile purchasers are frequently forced to either entirely replace the OEM

audio system, or use same throughout the life of the vehicle or the duration of ownership. Even

if the OEM radio is replaced with an after-market radio, the after-market radio also frequently is

not operable with an external device.

A particular problem with integrating after-market audio and video systems with existing

car stereo and video systems is that signals generated by both systems are in proprietary formats,

and are not capable of being processed by the after-market system. Additionally, signals

generated by the after-market system are also in a proprietary format that is not recognizable by

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the car stereo or video system. Thus, in order to integrate after-market systems with existing car

stereo and video systems, it is necessary to convert signals between such systems.

It known in the art to provide one or more expansion modules for OEM and after-market

car stereos for allowing external audio products to be integrated with the car stereo. However,

such expansion modules only operate with and allow integration of external audio products

manufactured by the same manufacturer as the OEM / after-market car stereo. For example, a

satellite receiver manufactured by PIONEER, Inc., cannot be integrated with an OEM car radio

manufactured by TOYOTA or an after-market car radio manufactured by CLARION, Inc. Thus,

existing expansion modules only serve the limited purpose of integrating equipment by the same

manufacturer as the car stereo. Thus, it would be desirable to provide an integration system that

allows any audio device of any manufacture to be integrated with any OEM or after-market radio

system. Further, radio-frequency (RF) transmitters and cassette tape adapters have been

developed for allowing music from a device external to a car radio, such as a portable CD player,

to be played through the car radio using the FM receiver or the cassette deck of the radio.

However, such systems are often prone to interference, and do not provide high fidelity.

Moreover, it would be desirable to provide an integration system that not only achieves

integration of various audio and video devices that are alien to a given OEM or after-market car

stereo or video system, but also allows for information to be exchanged between the after-market

device and the car stereo or video system. For example, it would be desirable to provide a

system wherein station, track, time, and song information can be retrieved from the after-market

device, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo or video system for display thereby, such as

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at an LCD panel of the car stereo or on one or more display panels of a car video system. Such

information could be transmitted and displayed on both hardwired car stereo and video systems

(e.g., radios installed in dashboards or at other locations within the car), or integrated for display

on one or more software or graphically-driven radio systems operable with graphical display

panels. Additionally, it would be desirable to provide a multimedia device integration system

that allows a user to control more than one device, such as a CD or satellite receiver and one or

more auxiliary sources, and to quickly and conveniently switch between same using the existing

controls of the car stereo or video system. Still further, it would be desirable to provide a

multimedia device integration system that allows for wireless integration of portable devices for

use with car audio and/or video systems, wherein full remote control of the portable device is

provided at the controls of the car system.

Accordingly, the present invention addresses these needs by providing a multimedia

device integration system that allows a plurality of after-market devices, such as CD players, CD

changers, digital media devices (e.g., MP3 players, MP4 players, Apple iPod, WMV players,

portable media centers, and other devices), satellite receivers, DAB receivers, auxiliary input

sources, video devices (e.g., DVD players), cellular telephones, or any combination thereof, to be

integrated into existing car stereo and video systems while allowing information to be displayed

on, and control to be provided from, the car stereo or video system.

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## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system. One or more after-market audio devices, such as CD players, CD changers, digital media devices (e.g., MP3 players, MP4 players, WMV players, Apple iPod devices, portable media centers, and other devices), satellite receivers (e.g., XM or Sirius receivers), digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, or auxiliary input sources, can be connected to and operate with an existing stereo system in an automobile, such as an OEM car stereo system or an after-market car stereo system installed in the automobile. The integration system connects to and interacts with the car stereo at any available port of the car stereo, such as a CD input port, a satellite input, or other known type of connection. If the car stereo system is an after-market car stereo system, the present invention generates a signal that is sent to the car stereo to keep same in an operational state and responsive to external data and signals. Commands generated at the control panel are received by the present invention and converted into a format recognizable by the after-market device. The formatted commands are executed by the after-market device, and audio therefrom is channeled to the car stereo. Information from the after-market device is received by the present invention, converted into a format recognizable by the car stereo, and forwarded to the car stereo for display thereby. The formatted information could include information relating to a CD or MP3 track being played, channel, song, and artist information from a satellite receiver or DAB receiver, or video information from one or more external devices connected to the present invention. The information can be presented as one or more menus, textual, or graphical prompts for display on an LCD display of the radio, allowing interaction with the user at the radio. A docking port may be provided for allowing portable external audio devices to be connected to the interface of the present invention.

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In an embodiment of the present invention, a dual-input device is provided for integrating

both an external audio device and an auxiliary input with an OEM or after-market car stereo.

The user can select between the external audio device and the auxiliary input using the controls

of the car stereo. The invention can automatically detect the type of device connected to the

auxiliary input, and integrate same with the car stereo.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating a

plurality of auxiliary input sources with an existing car stereo system. A user can select between

the auxiliary sources using the control panel of the car stereo. One or more after-market audio

devices can be integrated with the auxiliary input sources, and a user can switch between the

audio device and the auxiliary input sources using the car stereo. Devices connected to the

auxiliary input sources are inter-operable with the car stereo, and are capable of exchanging

commands and data via the interface.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating

an external device for use with a car stereo or video system, wherein the interface is positioned

within the car stereo or video system. The system comprises a car stereo or video system; an

after-market device external to the car stereo or video system; an interface positioned within the

car stereo or video system and connected between the car stereo or video system and the after-

market device for exchanging data and audio or video signals between the car stereo or video

system and the after-market device; means for processing and dispatching commands for

controlling the after-market device from the car stereo or video system in a format compatible

with the after-market device; and means for processing and displaying data from the after-market

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device on a display of the car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the car stereo or

video system. The after-market device could comprise one or more of a CD changer, CD player,

satellite receiver (e.g., XM or Sirius), digital media device (e.g., MP3, MP4, WMV, or Apple

iPod device), video device (e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or any combination thereof.

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In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating a

cellular telephone for use with a car stereo or video system. The system comprises a car stereo

or video system; a cellular telephone external to the car stereo or video system; an interface

connected between the car stereo or video system and the cellular telephone for exchanging data

and audio or video signals between the car stereo or video system and the cellular telephone;

means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the cellular telephone from the

car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the cellular telephone; and means for

processing and displaying data from the cellular telephone on a display of the car stereo or video

system in a format compatible with the car stereo or video system.

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In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating

an external video system for use with a car video system. The system comprises a car video

system; an after-market video device external to the car video system; an interface connected

between the car video system and the after-market video device for exchanging data, audio, and

video signals between the car video system and the after-market video device; means for

processing and dispatching commands for controlling the after-market video device from the car

video system in a format compatible with the after-market video device; and means for

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processing and displaying data from the after-market video device on a display of the car video

system in a format compatible with the car video system.

The present invention also provides an interface for integrating a plurality of after-market

devices for use with a car stereo or video system using a single interface. In one embodiment,

the system comprises an interface in electrical communication with a car stereo or video system

and an after-market device; a plurality of configuration jumpers in the interface for specifying a

first device type corresponding to the car stereo or video system and a second device type

corresponding to the after-market device; and a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks

stored in memory in the interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first

format compatible with the car stereo or video system and for converting signals from the car

stereo or video system into a second format compatible with the after-market device, wherein at

least one of the protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the interface using settings

of the plurality of configuration jumpers. In another embodiment, the system comprises an

interface in electrical communication with a car stereo or video system and an after-market

device; first and second wiring harnesses attached to the interface, wherein the first wiring

harness includes a first electrical configuration corresponding to the car stereo or video system

and the second wiring harness includes a second electrical configuration corresponding to the

after-market device; and a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks stored in memory in

the interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible

with the car stereo or video system and for converting signals from the car stereo or video system

into a second format compatible with the after-market device, wherein at least one of the

protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the interface using the first and second

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electrical configurations of the first and second wiring harnesses. A plurality of wiring harnesses

can be provided for integrating a plurality of devices.

The present invention also provides a method for integrating an after-market device for

use with a car stereo or video system, comprising the steps of interconnecting the car stereo or

video system and the after-market device with an interface; determining a first device type

corresponding to the car stereo or video system and a second device type corresponding to the

after-market device; loading a protocol conversion software block from memory in the interface

using the first and second device types; converting signals from the after-market device into a

first format compatible with the car stereo or video system using the protocol conversion

software block; and converting signals from the car stereo or video system into a second format

compatible with the after-market device using the protocol conversion software block.

The present invention further provides a multimedia device integration system that allows

for the wireless integration of a portable audio and/or video device with a car audio and/or video

system. The portable device could comprise a CD changer, CD player, satellite receiver (e.g.,

XM or Sirius), digital media device (e.g., MP3, MP4, WMV, or Apple iPod device), video

device (e.g., DVD player), or a cellular telephone. The portable device includes a wireless

interface and an integration subsystem positioned within the portable device. The wireless

interface establishes a wireless communications channel between the portable device and the car

system, and allows for the wireless exchange of control commands, data, video, and audio

signals between the portable device and the car system. The integration module receives control

commands issued at the car system and transmitted over the wireless channel, processes same

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into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches same to the portable device for

execution thereby. The integration module also receives data from the portable device

(including, but not limited to, track information, song information, artist information, time

information, and other related information), processes the data into a format compatible with the

car system, and transmits same over the wireless channel to the car system for display thereon.

Optionally, the integration module could be positioned within the car system.

The integration module could also include a voice recognition subsystem for acquiring

spoken commands from a user, converting same into control commands compatible with the

portable device, and dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for

execution thereby. The voice commands could be received at the car audio and/or video system

(i.e., using a microphone connected to the car audio and/or video system or some other vehicle

component), or at the portable device (i.e., using a microphone connected to or forming a part of

the portable device). Additionally, the integration module could include a speech synthesizer for

generating synthesized speech for conveying data generated by the portable device to a user.

The synthesized speech could be channeled to the car audio and/or video system by the

integration module to be played through the car audio and/or video system.

The present invention further provides a multimedia device integration system that allows

for the integration of a portable audio and/or video device with a car audio and/or video system

using a docking slot provided in the car system. The portable device includes an integration

module positioned within the portable device and an external interface for allowing electrical

communication with the car system via the docking slot. Optionally, the integration module

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could be positioned within the car audio or video system. The integration module could also

include a voice recognition subsystem for acquiring spoken commands from a user, converting

same into control commands compatible with the portable device, and dispatching the processed

control commands to the portable device for execution thereby. Additionally, the integration

module could include a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech for conveying data

generated by the portable device to a user.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These and other important objects and features of the invention will be apparent from the

following Detailed Description of the Invention, taken in connection with the accompanying

drawings, in which:

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FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing the multimedia device integration system of the

present invention.

FIG. 2a is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, wherein a CD player is integrated with a car radio.

FIG. 2b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player is integrated with a car radio.

FIG. 2c is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, wherein a satellite or DAB receiver is integrated with

a car radio.

FIG. 2d is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary input sources are

integrated with a car radio.

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FIG. 2e is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, wherein a CD player and a plurality of auxiliary

input sources are integrated with a car radio.

FIG. 2f is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

wherein a satellite or DAB receiver and a plurality of auxiliary input source are integrated with a

car radio.

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FIG. 2g is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

wherein a MP3 player and a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.

FIG. 2h is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

wherein a plurality of auxiliary interfaces and an audio device are integrated with a car stereo.

FIG. 3a is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for

integrating a CD player or an auxiliary input source with a car radio.

FIG. 3b is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for

integrating both a CD player and an auxiliary input source with a car radio, wherein the CD

player and the auxiliary input are switchable by a user.

FIG. 3c is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for

integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio.

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FIG. 3d is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for

integrating a satellite or DAB receiver with a car radio.

FIG. 4a is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

integrating a CD player with a car radio.

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FIG. 4b is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

integrating a MP3 player with a car radio.

FIG. 4c is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

integrating a satellite receiver with a car radio.

FIG. 4d is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio.

FIG. 4e is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

integrating a CD player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio.

FIG. 4f is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

integrating a satellite or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio.

FIG. 4g is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

integrating a MP3 player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car stereo.

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FIG. 5 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

allowing a user to switch between an after-market audio device and one or more auxiliary input

sources.

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FIG. 6 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

determining and handling various device types connected to the auxiliary input ports of the

invention.

FIG. 7a is a perspective view of a docking station according to the present invention for

retaining an audio device within a car.

FIG. 7b is an end view of the docking station of FIG. 7a.

FIGS. 8a-8b are perspective views of another embodiment of the docking station of the

present invention, which includes the multimedia device integration system of the present

invention incorporated therewith.

FIG. 9 is a block diagram showing the components of the docking station of FIGS. 8a-

8b.

FIG. 10 is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, wherein the interface is incorporated within a car

stereo or car video system.

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FIG. 11a is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention for integrating a cellular telephone for use with a car

stereo or video system; FIG. 11b is a flowchart showing processing logic for integrating a

cellular telephone for use with a car stereo or video system.

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FIG. 12a is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention for integrating an after-market video device for use

with a car video system; FIG. 12b is a flowchart showing processing logic for integrating an

after-market video device for use with a car video system.

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FIG. 13a is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, wherein configuration jumpers and protocol

conversion software blocks are provided for integrating after-market devices of various types

using a single interface.

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FIG. 13b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, wherein wiring harnesses and protocol conversion

software blocks are provided for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single

interface.

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FIG. 14 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration

system of the present invention for integrating after-market devices of various types using a

single interface.

FIG. 15 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration

system of the present invention for allowing a user to specify one or more after-market device

types for integration using a single interface.

FIG. 16 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration

system of the present invention for allowing a user to quickly navigate through a list of songs on

one or more after-market devices using the controls of a car stereo or video system.

FIG. 17 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein a

plurality of external devices are integrated using a single interface.

FIG. 18 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein

wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system and a portable audio

and/or video device using a wireless transceiver and an integration module positioned within the

portable device.

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FIG. 19 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein

wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system and a portable audio

and/or video device using a wireless transceiver and an integration module positioned within the

car audio and/or video system.

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FIG. 20 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein a

docking slot is provided in a car audio and/or video system for receiving a portable audio and/or

video device, and an integration module is positioned within the portable device.

FIG. 21 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein a

docking slot is provided in a car audio and/or video system for receiving a portable audio and/or

video device, and an integration module is positioned within the car audio and/or video system.

FIG. 22 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein

wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system and a portable audio

and/or video device, and the portable device includes an integration module having speech

synthesis and recognition capabilities.

FIG. 23 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein

wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system and a portable audio

and/or video device, and the car audio and/or video system includes an integration module

having speech synthesis and recognition capabilities.

FIG. 24 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

wirelessly integrating a portable audio and/or video device for use with a car audio or video

system.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system. One or more

after-market devices, such as a CD player, CD changer, digital media player (e.g., MP3 player,

MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, portable media center, or other device), satellite receiver,

digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, video device (e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or

the like, can be integrated with an existing car radio or car video device, such as an OEM or

after-market car stereo or video system. Control of the after-market device is enabled using the

car stereo or car video system, and information from the after-market device, such as channel,

artist, track, time, song, and other information, is retrieved form the after-market device,

processed, and forwarded to the car stereo or car video system for display thereon. The

information channeled to the car stereo or video system can include video from the external

device, as well as graphical and menu-based information. A user can review and interact with

information via the car stereo. Commands from the car stereo or video system are received,

processed by the present invention into a format recognizable by the after-market device device,

and transmitted thereto for execution. One or more auxiliary input channels can be integrated by

the present invention with the car stereo or video system. The user can switch between one or

more after-market devices and one or more auxiliary input channels using the control panel

buttons of the car stereo or video system.

As used herein, the term "integration" or "integrated" is intended to mean connecting one

or more external devices or inputs to an existing car stereo or video system via an interface,

processing and handling signals, audio, and/or video information, allowing a user to control the

devices via the car stereo or video system, and displaying data from the devices on the car stereo

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or video system. Thus, for example, integration of a CD player with a car stereo system allows

for the CD player to be remotely controlled via the control panel of the stereo system, and data

from the CD player to be sent to the display of the stereo. Of course, control of after-market

devices can be provided at locations other than the control panel of the car stereo or video system

without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention. Further, as used herein, the

term "inter-operable" is intended to mean allowing the external audio or video device to receive

and process commands that have been formatted by the interface of the present invention, as well

as allowing a car stereo or video system to display information that is generated by the external

audio or video device and processed by the present invention. Additionally, by the term "inter-

operable," it is meant allowing a device that is alien to the environment of an existing OEM or

after-market car stereo or video system to be utilized thereby.

Also, as used herein, the terms "car stereo" and "car radio" are used interchangeably and

are intended to include all presently existing car stereos, radios, video systems, such as physical

devices that are present at any location within a vehicle, in addition to software and/or

graphically- or display-driven receivers. An example of such a receiver is a software-driven

receiver that operates on a universal LCD panel within a vehicle and is operable by a user via a

graphical user interface displayed on the universal LCD panel. Further, any future receiver,

whether a hardwired or a software/graphical receiver operable on one or more displays, is

considered within the definition of the terms "car stereo" and "car radio," as used herein, and is

within the spirit and scope of the present invention. Moreover, the term "car" is not limited to

any specific type of automobile, but rather, includes all automobiles. Additionally, by the term

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"after-market," it is meant any device not installed by a manufacturer at the time of sale of the

car.

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FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing the multimedia device integration (or interface)

system of the present invention, generally indicated at 20. A plurality of devices and auxiliary

inputs can be connected to the interface 20, and integrated with an OEM or after-market car

radio 10. A CD player or changer 15 can be integrated with the radio 10 via interface 20. A

satellite radio or DAB receiver 25, such as an XM or Sirius radio satellite receiver or DAB

receiver known in the art, could be integrated with the radio 10, via the interface 20. Further, an

MP3 player 30 could also be integrated with the radio 10 via interface 20. The MP3 player 30

could be any known digital media device, such as an Apple iPod or any other digital media

device. Moreover, a plurality of auxiliary input sources, illustratively indicated as auxiliary input

sources 35 (comprising input sources 1 through n, n being any number), could also be integrated

with the car radio 10 via interface 20. Optionally, a control head 12, such as that commonly used

with after-market CD changers and other similar devices, could be integrated with the car radio

10 via interface 20, for controlling any of the car radio 10, CD player/changer 15, satellite/DAB

receiver 25, MP3 player 30, and auxiliary input sources 35. Thus, as can be readily appreciated,

the interface 20 of the present invention allows for the integration of a multitude of devices and

inputs with an OEM or after-market car radio or stereo.

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FIG. 2a is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

interface system of the present invention, wherein a CD player/changer 15 is integrated with an

OEM or after-market car radio 10. The CD player 15 is electrically connected with the interface

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20, and exchanges data and audio signals therewith. The interface 20 is electrically connected

with the car radio 10, and exchanges data and audio signals therewith. In a preferred

embodiment of the present invention, the car radio 10 includes a display 13 (such as an

alphanumeric, electroluminescent display) for displaying information, and a plurality of control

panel buttons 14 that normally operate to control the radio 10. The interface 20 allows the CD

player 15 to be controlled by the control buttons 14 of the radio 10. Further, the interface 20

allows information from the CD player 15, such as track, disc, time, and song information, to be

retrieved therefrom, processed and formatted by the interface 20, sent to the display 13 of the

radio 10.

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Importantly, the interface 20 allows for the remote control of the CD player 15 from the

radio 10 (e.g., the CD player 15 could be located in the trunk of a car, while the radio 10 is

mounted on the dashboard of the car). Thus, for example, one or more discs stored within the

CD player 15 can be remotely selected by a user from the radio 10, and tracks on one or more of

the discs can be selected therefrom. Moreover, standard CD operational commands, such as

pause, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track forward, and track reverse (among other

commands) can be remotely entered at the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10 for remotely

controlling the CD player 15.

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FIG. 2b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

wherein an MP3 player 30 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10 via interface

20. As mentioned earlier, the interface 20 of the present invention allows for a plurality of

disparate audio devices to be integrated with an existing car radio for use therewith. Thus, as

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shown in FIG. 2b, remote control of the MP3 player 30 via radio 10 is provided for via interface

20. The MP3 player 30 is electronically interconnected with the interface 20, which itself is

electrically interconnected with the car radio 10. The interface 20 allows data and audio signals

to be exchanged between the MP3 player 30 and the car radio 10, and processes and formats

signals accordingly so that instructions and data from the radio 10 are processable by the MP3

player 30, and vice versa. Operational commands, such as track selection, pause, play, stop, fast

forward, rewind, and other commands, are entered via the control panel buttons 14 of car radio

10, processed by the interface 20, and formatted for execution by the MP3 player 30. Data from

the MP3 player, such as track, time, and song information, is received by the interface 20,

processed thereby, and sent to the radio 10 for display on display 13. Audio from the MP3

player 30 is selectively forwarded by the interface 20 to the radio 10 for playing.

FIG. 2c is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

wherein a satellite receiver or DAB receiver 25 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car

radio 10 via the interface 20. Satellite/DAB receiver 25 can be any satellite radio receiver

known in the art, such as XM or Sirius, or any DAB receiver known in the art. The

satellite/DAB receiver 25 is electrically interconnected with the interface 20, which itself is

electrically interconnected with the car radio 10. The satellite/DAB receiver 25 is remotely

operable by the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10. Commands from the radio 10 are

received by the interface 20, processed and formatted thereby, and dispatched to the

satellite/DAB receiver 25 for execution thereby. Information from the satellite/DAB receiver 25,

including time, station, and song information, is received by the interface 20, processed, and

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transmitted to the radio 10 for display on display 13. Further, audio from the satellite/DAB

receiver 25 is selectively forwarded by the interface 20 for playing by the radio 10.

FIG. 2d is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

wherein one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car

radio 10. The auxiliary inputs 35 can be connected to analog sources, or can be digitally coupled

with one or more audio devices, such as after-market CD players, CD changers, MP3 players,

satellite receivers, DAB receivers, and the like, and integrated with an existing car stereo.

Preferably, four auxiliary input sources are connectable with the interface 20, but any number of

auxiliary input sources could be included. Audio from the auxiliary input sources 35 is

selectively forwarded to the radio 10 under command of the user. As will be discussed herein in

greater detail, a user can select a desired input source from the auxiliary input sources 35 by

depressing one or more of the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 receives

the command initiated from the control panel, processes same, and connects the corresponding

input source from the auxiliary input sources 35 to allow audio therefrom to be forwarded to the

radio 10 for playing. Further, the interface 20 determines the type of audio devices connected to

the auxiliary input ports 35, and integrates same with the car stereo 10.

As mentioned previously, the present invention allows one or more external audio

devices to be integrated with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo, along with one or more

auxiliary input sources, and the user can select between these sources using the controls of the

car stereo. Such "dual input" capability allows operation with devices connected to either of the

inputs of the device, or both. Importantly, the device can operate in "plug and play" mode,

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wherein any device connected to one of the inputs is automatically detected by the present

invention, its device type determined, and the device automatically integrated with an existing

OEM or after-market car stereo. Thus, the present invention is not dependent any specific device

type to be connected therewith to operate. For example, a user can first purchase a CD changer,

plug same into a dual interface, and use same with the car stereo. At a point later in time, the

user could purchase an XM tuner, plug same into the device, and the tuner will automatically be

detected and integrated with the car stereo, allowing the user to select from and operate both

devices from the car stereo. It should be noted that such plug and play capability is not limited to

a dual input device, but is provided for in every embodiment of the present invention. The dual-

input configuration of the preset invention is illustrated in FIGS. 2e-2h and described below.

FIG. 2e is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

wherein an external CD player/changer 15 and one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are

integrated with an OEM or after-market car stereo 10. Both the CD player 15 and one or more of

the auxiliary input sources 35 are electrically interconnected with the interface 20, which, in turn,

is electrically interconnected to the radio 10. Using the controls 14 of the radio 10, a user can

select between the CD player 15 and one or more of the inputs 35 to selectively channel audio

from these sources to the radio. The command to select from one of these sources is received by

the interface 20, processed thereby, and the corresponding source is channeled to the radio 10 by

the interface 20. As will be discussed later in greater detail, the interface 20 contains internal

processing logic for selecting between these sources.

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FIG. 2f is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein

a satellite receiver or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources are integrated by the

interface 20 with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. Similar to the embodiment of the present

invention illustrated in FIG. 2e and described earlier, the interface 20 allows a user to select

between the satellite/DAB receiver 25 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 using

the controls 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 contains processing logic, described in greater

detail below, for allowing switching between the satellite/DAB receiver 25 and one or more of

the auxiliary input sources 35.

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FIG. 2g is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein

a MP3 player 30 and one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated by the interface 20

with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. Similar to the embodiments of the present invention

illustrated in FIGS. 2e and 2f and described earlier, the interface 20 allows a user to select

between the MP3 player 30 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 using the controls

14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 contains processing logic, as will be discussed later in

greater detail, for allowing switching between the MP3 player 30 and one or more of the

auxiliary input sources 35.

FIG. 2h is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

wherein a plurality of auxiliary interfaces 40 and 44 and an audio device 17 are integrated with

an OEM or after-market car stereo 10. Importantly, the present invention can be expanded to

allow a plurality of auxiliary inputs to be connected to the car stereo 10 in a tree-like fashion.

Thus, as can be seen in FIG. 2h, a first auxiliary interface 40 is connected to the interface 20,

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and allows data and audio from the ports 42 to be exchanged with the car radio 10. Connected to

one of the ports 42 is another auxiliary interface 44, which, in turn, provides a plurality of input

ports 46. Any device connected to any of the ports 42 or 46 can be integrated with the car radio

10. Further, any device connected to the ports 42 or 46 can be inter-operable with the car radio

10, allowing commands to be entered from the car radio 10 (e.g., such as via the control panel

14) for commanding the device, and information from the device to be displayed by the car radio

10. Conceivably, by configuring the interfaces 40, 44, and successive interfaces in a tree

configuration, any number of devices can be integrated using the present invention.

The various embodiments of the present invention described above and shown in FIGS. 1

through 2h are illustrative in nature and are not intended to limit the spirit or scope of the present

invention. Indeed, any conceivable audio device or input source, in any desired combination,

can be integrated by the present invention into existing car stereo systems. Further, it is

conceivable that not only can data and audio signals be exchanged between the car stereo and

any external device, but also video information that can be captured by the present invention,

processed thereby, and transmitted to the car stereo for display thereby and interaction with a

user thereat.

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Various circuit configurations can be employed to carry out the present invention.

Examples of such configurations are described below and shown in FIGS. 3a-3d.

FIG. 3a is an illustrative circuit diagram according to the present invention for

integrating a CD player or an auxiliary input source with an existing car stereo system. A

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plurality of ports J1C1, J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH are provided for allowing connection of the

interface system of the present invention between an existing car radio, an after-market CD

player or changer, or an auxiliary input source. Each of these ports could be embodied by any

suitable electrical connector known in the art. Port J1C1 connects to the input port of an OEM

car radio, such as that manufactured by TOYOTA, Inc. Conceivably, port J1C1 could be

modified to allow connection to the input port of an after-market car radio. Ports J2A1, X2,

RCH, and LCH connect to an after-market CD changer, such as that manufactured by

PANASONIC, Inc., or to an auxiliary input source.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1C1, J2A1,

and X2, and provides functionality for integrating the CD player or auxiliary input source

connected to the ports J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH. For example, microcontroller U1 receives

control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car

radio and received at the connector J1C1, processes and formats same, and dispatches the

formatted commands to the CD player or auxiliary input source via connector J2A1.

Additionally, the microcontroller U1 receives information provided by the CD player or

auxiliary input source via connector J2A1, processes and formats same, and transmits the

formatted data to the car stereo via connector J1C1 for display on the display of the car stereo.

Audio signals provided at the ports J2A1, X2, RCH and LCH is selectively channeled to the car

radio at port J1C1 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be

discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1.

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In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the

16F628 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F628 chip is a CMOS,

flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having an internal, 4 MHz internal oscillator, 128 bytes of

EEPROM data memory, a capture/compare/PWM, a USART, 2 comparators, and a

programmable voltage reference. Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can

be substituted for microcontroller U1 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present

invention.

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A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R13, diodes D1 through

D4, capacitors C1 and C2, and oscillator Y1, among other components, are provided for

interfacing the microcontroller U1 with the hardware connected to the connectors J1C1, J2A1,

X2, RCH, and LCH. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill

in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers, and the

numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar

controllers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3a and described herein is illustrative in nature, and

modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3b is a diagram showing an illustrative circuit configuration according to the

present invention, wherein one or more after-market CD changers / players and an auxiliary

input source are integrated with an existing car stereo, and wherein the user can select between

the CD changer/player and the auxiliary input using the controls of the car stereo. A plurality of

connectors are provided, illustratively indicated as ports J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2.

Ports J4A, J4B, and J3 allow the audio device interface system of the present invention to be

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connected to one or more existing car stereos, such as an OEM car stereo or an after-market car stereo. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. For example, ports J4A and J4B can be connected to an OEM car stereo manufactured by BMW, Inc. Port J3 can be connected to a car stereo manufactured by LANDROVER, Inc. Of course, any number of car stereos, by any manufacturer, could be provided. Ports J1 and J2 allow connection to an after-market CD changer or player, such as that manufactured by ALPINE, Inc., and an auxiliary input source. Optionally, ports J5L1 and J5R1 allow integration of a standard analog (line-level) source. Of course, a single standalone CD player or auxiliary input source could be connected to either of ports J1 or J2.

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Microcontroller **DD1** is in electrical communication with each of the ports **J4A**, **J4B**, **J3**, **J5L1**, **J5R1**, **J1**, and **J2**, and provides functionality for integrating the CD player and auxiliary input source connected to the ports **J1** and **J2** with the car stereo connected to the ports **J4A** and **J4B** or **J3**. For example, microcontroller **DD1** receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received at the connectors **J4A** and **J4B** or **J3**, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the CD player and auxiliary input source via connectors **J1** or **J2**. Additionally, the microcontroller **DD1** receives information provided by the CD player and auxiliary input source via connectors **J1** or **J2**, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connectors **J4A** and **J4B** or **J3** for display on the display of the car stereo. Further, the microcontroller **DD1** controls multiplexer **DA3** to allow selection between the CD player/changer and the auxiliary input. Audio signals provided at the ports **J1**, **J2**, **J5L1** and **J5R1** is selectively channeled to the

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car radio at ports J4A and J4B or J3 under control of one or more user commands and

processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller **DD1**.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller **DD1** comprises

the 16F872 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F872 chip is a CMOS,

flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having 64 bytes of EEPROM data memory, self-programming

capability, an ICD, 5 channels of 10 bit Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converters, 2 timers,

capture/compare/PWM functions, a USART, and a synchronous serial port configurable as either

a 3-wire serial peripheral interface or a 2-wire inter-integrated circuit bus. Of course, any

suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller DD1 without

departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention. Additionally, in a preferred

embodiment of the present invention, the multiplexer DA3 comprises the CD4053 triple, two-

channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer manufactured by FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR,

Inc. Any other suitable multiplexer can be substituted for **DA3** without departing from the spirit

or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R18, diodes D1 through

D3, capacitors C1-C11, and G1-G3, transistors Q1-Q3, transformers T1 and T2, amplifiers

LCH:A and LCH:B, oscillator XTAL1, among other components, are provided for interfacing

the microcontroller **DD1** and the multiplexer **DA3** with the hardware connected to the connectors

J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one

of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of

microcontrollers and multiplexers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be

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varied to accommodate other similar controllers and multiplexers. Thus, the circuit shown in

FIG. 3b and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to

be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

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FIG. 3c is a diagram showing an illustrative circuit configuration for integrating a

plurality of auxiliary inputs using the controls of the car stereo. A plurality of connectors are

provided, illustratively indicated as ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3,

RCH4, and LCH4. Port J1 allows the multimedia device integration system of the present

invention to be connected to one or more existing car stereos. Each of these ports could be

embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. For example, port J1 could be

connected to an OEM car stereo manufactured by HONDA, Inc., or any other manufacturer.

Ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 allow connection with

the left and right channels of four auxiliary input sources. Of course, any number of auxiliary

input sources and ports/connectors could be provided.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1, RCH1,

LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4, and provides functionality for

integrating one or more auxiliary input sources connected to the ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2,

LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 with the car stereo connected to the port J1. Further,

the microcontroller U1 controls multiplexers DA3 and DA4 to allow selection amongst any of

the auxiliary inputs using the controls of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the ports

RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 are selectively channeled to

the car radio at port J1 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will

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be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1. In a preferred embodiment

of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F872 microcontroller discussed

earlier. Additionally, in a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the multiplexers DA3

and DA4 comprises the CD4053 triple, two-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer, discussed

earlier. Any other suitable microcontroller and multiplexers can be substituted for U1, DA3, and

**DA4** without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R15, diodes D1 through

D3, capacitors C1-C5, transistors Q1-Q2, amplifiers DA1:A and DA1:B, and oscillator Y1,

among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller U1 and the

multiplexers DA3 and DA4 with the hardware connected to the ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2,

LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4. These components, as will be readily appreciated to

one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of

microcontrollers and multiplexers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be

varied to accommodate other similar controllers and multiplexers. Thus, the circuit shown in

FIG. 3c and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to

be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3d is an illustrative circuit diagram according to the present invention for

integrating a satellite receiver with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo system. Ports J1

and J2 are provided for allowing connection of the integration system of the present invention

between an existing car radio and a satellite receiver. These ports could be embodied by any

suitable electrical connector known in the art. Port J2 connects to the input port of an existing

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car radio, such as that manufactured by KENWOOD, Inc. Port 1 connects to an after-market

satellite receiver, such as that manufactured by PIONEER, Inc.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1 and J2, and

provides functionality for integrating the satellite receiver connected to the port J1 with the car

stereo connected to the port J2. For example, microcontroller U1 receives control commands,

such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received

at the connector J2, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the

satellite receiver via connector J2. Additionally, the microcontroller U1 receives information

provided by the satellite receiver via connector J1, processes and formats same, and transmits the

formatted data to the car stereo via connector J2 for display on the display of the car stereo.

Audio signals provided at the port J1 is selectively channeled to the car radio at port J2 under

control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater

detail, embedded within microcontroller U1.

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In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the

16F873 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F873 chip is a CMOS,

flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having 128 bytes of EEPROM data memory, self-

programming capability, an ICD, 5 channels of 10 bit Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converters, 2

timers, 2 capture/compare/PWM functions, a synchronous serial port that can be configured as a

either a 3-wire serial peripheral interface or a 2-wire inter-integrated circuit bus, and a USART.

Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller

U1 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

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A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R7, capacitors C1 and

C2, and amplifier A1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller

U1 with the hardware connected to the connectors J1 and J2. These components, as will be

readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate

a variety of microcontrollers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to

accommodate other similar controllers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3d and described herein

is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope

of the present invention.

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FIGS. 4a through 6 are flowcharts showing processing logic according to the present

invention. Such logic can be embodied as software and/or instructions stored in a read-only

memory circuit (e.g., and EEPROM circuit), or other similar device. In a preferred embodiment

of the present invention, the processing logic described herein is stored in one or more

microcontrollers, such as the microcontrollers discussed earlier with reference to FIGS. 3a-3d.

Of course, any other suitable means for storing the processing logic of the present invention can

be employed.

FIG. 4a is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 100, for

integrating a CD player or changer with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo system.

Beginning in step 100, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered

on. If a negative determination is made, step 104 is invoked, wherein the present invention

enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination

is made, step 106 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car

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stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is

made, step 106 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 106, a CD handling process, indicated as block

108, is invoked, allowing the CD player/changer to exchange data and audio signals with any

existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 110, a signal is generated by the present invention

indicating that a CD player/changer is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the

car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep

mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. If the car

radio is an OEM car radio, the CD player presence signal need not be generated. Further, the

signal need not be limited to a CD player device presence signal, but rather, could be any type of

device presence signal (e.g., MP3 player device presence signal, satellite receiver presence

signal, video device presence signal, cellular telephone presence signal, or any other type of

device presence signal). Concurrently with step 110, or within a short period of time before or

after the execution of step 110, steps 112 and 114 are invoked. In step 112, the audio channels of

the CD player/changer are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from

the CD player/changer to be played through the car stereo. In step 114, data is retrieved by the

present invention from the CD player/changer, including track and time information, formatted,

and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the

external CD player/changer can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely

viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 110, 112, and 114 have been executed, control

passes to step 116.

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In steps 116, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for

CD operational commands. Examples of such commands include track forward, track reverse,

play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track program, random track play, and other similar commands.

In step 118, if a command is not detected, step 116 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is

received, step 118 invokes step 120, wherein the received command is converted into a format

recognizable by the CD player/changer connected to the present invention. For example, in this

step, a command issued from a GM car radio is converted into a format recognizable by a CD

player/changer manufactured by ALPINE, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car

radio can be formatted for use by a CD player/changer of any type or manufacture. Once the

command has been formatted, step 122 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is

transmitted to the CD player/changer and executed. Step 110 is then re-invoked, so that

additional processing can occur.

FIG. 4b is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 130, for

integrating an MP3 player with an existing car stereo system. Examples of MP3 players that can

be integrated by the present invention include, but are not limited to, the Apple iPod and other

types of digital media devices. Beginning in step 132, a determination is made as to whether the

existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 134 is invoked,

wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered

on. If a positive determination is made, step 136 is invoked, wherein a second determination is

made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a

negative determination is made, step 136 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 136, an MP3 handling process, indicated as

block 138, is invoked, allowing the MP3 player to exchange data and audio signals with any

existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 140, a signal is generated by the present invention

indicating that an MP3 player is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car

stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode,

or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 142, the

audio channels of the MP3 player are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing

audio from the MP3 player to be played through the car stereo. In step 144, data is retrieved by

the present invention from the MP3 player, including track, time, title, and song information,

formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. Thus, information

produced by the MP3 player can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely

viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 140, 142, and 144 have been executed, control

passes to step 146.

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In steps 146, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for

MP3 operational commands. Examples of such commands include track forward, track reverse,

play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track program, random track play, and other similar commands.

In step 148, if a command is not detected, step 146 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is

received, step 148 invokes step 150, wherein the received command is converted into a format

recognizable by the MP3 player connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a

command issued from a HONDA car radio is converted into a format recognizable by an MP3

player manufactured by PANASONIC, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car

radio can be formatted for use by an MP3 player of any type or manufacture. Once the

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command has been formatted, step 152 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is

transmitted to the MP3 player and executed. Step 140 is then re-invoked, so that additional

processing can occur.

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FIG. 4c is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 160, for

integrating a satellite receiver or a DAB receiver with an existing car stereo system. Beginning

in step 162, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a

negative determination is made, step 164 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a

standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made,

step 166 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a

state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step

166 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 166, a satellite/DAB receiver handling process,

indicated as block 168, is invoked, allowing the satellite/DAB receiver to exchange data and

audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 170, a signal is generated by

the present invention indicating that a satellite or DAB receiver is present, and the signal is

continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from

shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from

an external source. In step 172, the audio channels of the satellite/DAB receiver are connected

(channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the satellite receiver or DAB receiver

to be played through the car stereo. In step 174, data is retrieved by the present invention from

the satellite/DAB receiver, including channel number, channel name, artist name, song time, and

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song title, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. The

information could be presented in one or more menus, or via a graphical interface viewable and

manipulable by the user at the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the receiver can be

quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo.

After steps 170, 172, and 174 have been executed, control passes to step 176.

In steps 176, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for

satellite/DAB receiver operational commands. Examples of such commands include station up,

station down, station memory program, and other similar commands. In step 178, if a command

is not detected, step 176 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 178 invokes

step 180, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the

satellite/DAB receiver connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command

issued from a FORD car radio is converted into a format recognizable by a satellite receiver

manufactured by PIONEER, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car radio can be

formatted for use by a satellite/DAB receiver of any type or manufacture. Once the command

has been formatted, step 182 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the

satellite/DAB receiver and executed. Step 170 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing

can occur.

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FIG. 4d is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 190, for

integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 192, a

determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative

determination is made, step 194 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode

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and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 196 is

invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state

responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 196 is

re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 196, an auxiliary input handling process,

indicated as block 198, is invoked, allowing one or more auxiliary inputs to be connected

(channeled) to the car stereo. Further, if a plurality of auxiliary inputs exist, the logic of block

198 allows a user to select a desired input from the plurality of inputs. Beginning in step 200, a

signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the

signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car

stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals

and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 202, the control panel buttons of the car stereo

are monitored.

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In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, each of the one or more auxiliary

input sources are selectable by selecting a CD disc number on the control panel of the car radio.

Thus, in step 204, a determination is made as to whether the first disc number has been selected.

If a positive determination is made, step 206 is invoked, wherein the first auxiliary input source

is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 208 is

invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the second disc number has been

selected. If a positive determination is made, step 210 is invoked, wherein the second auxiliary

input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step

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212 is invoked, wherein a third determination is made as to whether the third disc number has

been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 214 is invoked, wherein the third

auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is

made, step 216 is invoked, wherein a fourth determination is made as to whether the fourth disc

number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 218 is invoked, wherein the

fourth auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative

determination is made, step 200 is re-invoked, and the process disclosed for block 198 repeated.

Further, if any of steps 206, 210, 214, or 218 are executed, then step 200 is re-invoked and block

198 repeated.

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The process disclosed in block 198 allows a user to select from one of four auxiliary

input sources using the control buttons of the car stereo. Of course, the number of auxiliary

input sources connectable with and selectable by the present invention can be expanded to any

desired number. Thus, for example, 6 auxiliary input sources could be provided and switched

using corresponding selection key(s) or keystroke(s) on the control panel of the radio. Moreover,

any desired keystroke, selection sequence, or button(s) on the control panel of the radio, or

elsewhere, can be utilized to select from the auxiliary input sources without departing from the

spirit or scope of the present invention.

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FIG. 4e is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 220, for

integrating a CD player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in

step 222, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a

negative determination is made, step 224 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a

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standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 226 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the cars stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 226 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 226, then step 228 is invoked, wherein a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 230, a determination is made as to whether a CD player is present (i.e., whether an external CD player or changer is connected to the multimedia device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 231 and 232 are invoked. In step 231, the logic of block 108 of FIG. 4a (the CD handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the CD player/changer can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 232, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external CD player/changer to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 234 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 234 reinvokes step 228, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external CD player/changer to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 236 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the CD player/changer are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 238 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of

FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user

to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is

made in step 230 (no external CD player/changer is connected to the present invention), then step

238 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or

more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

FIG. 4f is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 240, for

integrating a satellite receiver or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources with a

car radio. Beginning in step 242, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is

powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 244 is invoked, wherein the present

invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive

determination is made, step 246 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to

whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative

determination is made, step 246 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 246, then step 248 is invoked, wherein a signal

is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal

is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from

shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from

an external source. Then, in step 250, a determination is made as to whether a satellite receiver

or DAB receiver is present (i.e., whether an external satellite receiver or DAB receiver is

connected to the multimedia device integration system of the present invention). If a positive

determination is made, steps 251 and 252 are invoked. In step 251, the logic of block 168 of

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FIG. 4c (the satellite/DAB receiver handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the

satellite receiver can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 252, a

sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as

will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for

switching from the external satellite receiver to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 254 is

then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated.

If a negative determination is made, step 254 re-invokes step 258, so that further processing can

occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the

external satellite/DAB receiver to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 256 is invoked,

wherein the audio channels of the satellite receiver are disconnected from the car stereo. Then,

step 258 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling

process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input

sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 250 (no external

satellite/DAB receiver is connected to the present invention), then step 258 is invoked, and the

system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input

sources using the controls of the radio.

FIG. 4g is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for

integrating an MP3 player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car stereo. Beginning

in step 262, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a

negative determination is made, step 264 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a

standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made,

step 266 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a

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state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step

266 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 266, then step 268 is invoked, wherein a signal

is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal

is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from

shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from

an external source. Then, in step 270, a determination is made as to whether an MP3 player is

present (i.e., whether an external MP3 player is connected to the multimedia device integration

system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 271 and 272 are

invoked. In step 271, the logic of block 138 of FIG. 4b (the MP3 handling process), described

earlier, is invoked, so that the CD player/changer can be integrated with the car stereo and

utilized by a user. In step 272, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention

monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at

the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external CD player/changer to one or

more auxiliary input sources. Step 274 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to

whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 274 re-

invokes step 278, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is

made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external MP3 player to one of the auxiliary input

sources), step 276 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the MP3 player are disconnected

from the car stereo. Then, step 278 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the

auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from

one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 270

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(no external MP3 player is connected to the present invention), then step 278 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

As mentioned previously, to enable integration, the present invention contains logic for converting command signals issued from an after-market or OEM car stereo into a format compatible with one or more external audio devices connected to the present invention. Such logic can be applied to convert any car stereo signal for use with any external device. For purposes of illustration, a sample code portion is shown in **Table 1**, below, for converting control signals from a BMW car stereo into a format understandable by a CD changer:

Table 1

15	; Radio requests changer to STOP (exit PLAY mode); Decoding 6805183801004C message; ====================================
20	<pre>movlw 0x68 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff,W skpz return</pre>
25	<pre>movlw 0x05 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+1,W skpz return</pre>
30	movlw 0x18 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+2,W skpz return
35	<pre>movlw 0x38 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+3,W skpz return</pre>
40	<pre>movlw 0x01 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+4,W skpz</pre>

return

tstf BMW\_Recv\_buff+5

skpz return

movlw 0x4C

xorwf BMW\_Recv\_buff+6,W

skpz

return

bsf BMW\_Recv\_STOP\_msg

return

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The code portion shown in **Table 1** receives a STOP command issued by a BMW stereo, in a format proprietary to BMW stereos. Preferably, the received command is stored in a first buffer, such as BMW\_Recv\_buff. The procedure "Encode\_RD\_stop\_msg" repetitively applies an XOR function to the STOP command, resulting in a new command that is in a format compatible with the after-market CD player. The command is then stored in an output buffer for dispatching to the CD player.

Additionally, the present invention contains logic for retrieving information from an after-market audio device, and converting same into a format compatible with the car stereo for display thereby. Such logic can be applied to convert any data from the external device for display on the car stereo. For purposes of illustration, a sample code portion is shown in **Table** 2, below, for converting data from a CD changer into a format understandable by a BMW car stereo:

## Table 2

```
______
          ;
                Changer replies with STOP confirmation
                Encoding 180A68390002003F0001027D message
 5
                _____
          Load CD stop msg:
                movlw 0x18
                movwf BMW Send buff
10
                movlw 0x0A
                movwf BMW_Send_buff+1
                movlw 0x68
15
                movwf BMW Send buff+2
                movlw 0x39
                movwf BMW Send buff+3
20
                                       ;current status XX=00, power off
                movlw 0x00
                movwf BMW Send buff+4
                                       ;current status YY=02, power off
                movlw 0x02
                movwf BMW_Send_buff+5
25
                clrf BMW Send buff+6
                                       ;separate field, always =0
                                       ;current status_MM , magazine config
                movfw BMW MM stat
                movwf BMW Send buff+7
30
                clrf BMW_Send_buff+8
                                       ;separate field, always =0
                movfw BMW_DD_stat
                                       ;current status_DD , current disc
                movwf BMW Send buff+9
35
                movfw BMW TT stat
                                       ;current status_TT , current track
                movwf BMW Send buff+10
                xorwf BMW Send buff+9,W ; calculate check sum
40
                xorwf BMW Send buff+8,W
                xorwf BMW Send_buff+7,W
                xorwf BMW Send buff+6,W
                xorwf BMW_Send_buff+5,W
                xorwf BMW Send buff+4,W
45
                xorwf BMW Send buff+3,W
                xorwf BMW Send buff+2,W
                xorwf BMW Send buff+1,W
                xorwf BMW_Send_buff,W
50
                movwf BMW Send buff+11 ; store check sum
                movlw D'12'
                                       ;12 bytes total
                movwf BMW Send cnt
                                       ; ready to send
                      BMW Send on
                return
55 -
```

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The code portion shown in **Table 2** receives a STOP confirmation message from the CD player, in a format proprietary to the CD player. Preferably, the received command is stored in a first buffer, such as BMW\_Send\_buff. The procedure "Load\_CD\_stop\_msg" retrieves status information, magazine information, current disc, and current track information from the CD changer, and constructs a response containing this information. Then, a checksum is calculated and stored in another buffer. The response and checksum are in a format compatible with the BMW stereo, and are ready for dispatching to the car stereo.

The present invention also includes logic for converting signals from an OEM car stereo system for use with a digital media device such as an MP3, MP4, or Apple iPod player. Shown below are code samples for allowing commands and data to be exchanged between a Ford car stereo and an Apple iPod device:

## Table 3

```
//decoding Ford "play" command :41-C0-80-CA-01+
15
             if ( ACP rx ready == ON ) {
                     ACP rx ready = OFF;
                     ACP rx taddr = ACP rx buff[1];
                     ACP rx saddr = ACP rx buff[2];
20
                     ACP_rx_data1 = ACP_rx_buff[3];
                     ACP_rx_data2 = ACP_rx_buff[4];
                     ACP rx data3 = ACP_rx_buff[5];
                     if ( (ACP_rx_saddr == 0x80) )
                              switch ( ACP_rx_taddr ) {
25
                                      case 0xC0:
                                              if ( ACP_rx_data1 == 0xCA) {
                                                       if ( ACP rx data2 == 0x01 ) {
                                                             flags.ACP play req = 1;
30
                                                       break:
                                              break;
                              }
                     }
35
```

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In the code portion shown in **Table 3**, a "Play" command selected by a user at the controls of a Ford OEM car stereo is received, and portions of the command are stored in one or more buffer arrays. Then, as shown below in **Table 4**, the decoded portions of the command stored in the one or more buffer arrays are used to construct a "Play/Pause" command in a format compatible with the Apple iPod device, and the command is sent to the Apple iPod for execution thereby:

## Table 4

While the code portions shown in **Tables 1-2** are implemented using assembler language, and the code portions shown in **Tables 3-4** are implemented using the C programming language, it is to be expressly understood that any low or high level language known in the art could be utilized without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention. It will be appreciated that various other code portions can be developed for converting signals from any after-market or OEM car stereo for use by an after-market external audio device, and vice versa.

FIG. 5 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 300 for allowing a user to switch between an after-market audio device, and one or more auxiliary input sources. As was discussed earlier, the present invention allows a user to switch from one or more

connected audio devices, such as an external CD player/changer, MP3 player, satellite receiver,

DAB receiver, or the like, and activate one or more auxiliary input sources. A selection

sequence, initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo, allows such switching.

Beginning in step 302, the buttons of the control panel are monitored. In step 304, a

determination is made as to whether a "Track Up" button or sequence has been initiated by the

user. The "Track Up" button or sequence can for a CD player, MP3 player, or any other device.

If a negative determination is made, step 306 is invoked, wherein the sensed button or sequence

is processed in accordance with the present invention and dispatched to the external audio device

for execution. Then, step 302 is re-invoked, so that additional buttons or sequences can be

monitored.

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In the event that a positive determination is made in step 304, step 308 is invoked,

wherein the present invention waits for a predetermined period of time while monitoring the

control panel buttons for additional buttons or sequences. In a preferred embodiment of the

present invention, the predetermined period of time is 750 milliseconds, but of course, other time

durations are considered within the spirit and scope of the present invention. In step 310, a

determination is made as to whether the user has initiated a "Track Down" button or sequence at

the control panel of the car stereo within the predetermined time period. These sequences can be

used for a CD player, MP3 player, or any other device. If a negative determination is made, step

312 is invoked. In step 312, a determination is made as to whether a timeout has occurred (e.g.,

whether the predetermined period of time has expired). If a negative determination is made, step

308 is re-invoked. Otherwise, is a positive determination is made, step 312 invokes step 306, so

that any buttons or key sequences initiated by the user that are not a "Track Down" command are

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processed in accordance with the present invention and dispatched to the audio device for

execution.

In the event that a positive determination is made in step 310 (a "Track Down" button or

sequence has been initiated within the predetermined time period), then step 314 is invoked. In

step 314, the audio channels of the audio device are disconnected, and then step 316 is invoked.

In step 316, the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed

earlier, is invoked, so that the user can select from one of the auxiliary input sources in

accordance with the present invention. Thus, at this point in time, the system has switched,

under user control, from the audio device to a desired auxiliary input. Although the foregoing

description of the process 300 has been described with reference to "Track Up" and "Track

Down" buttons or commands initiated by the user, it is to be expressly understood that any

desired key sequence, keystroke, button depress, or any other action, can be sensed in accordance

with the present invention and utilized for switching modes.

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When operating in auxiliary mode, the present invention provides an indication on the

display of the car stereo corresponding to such mode. For example, the CD number could be

displayed as "1", and the track number displayed as "99," thus indicating to the user that the

system is operating in auxiliary mode and that audio and data is being supplied from an auxiliary

input source. Of course, any other indication could be generated and displayed on the display of

the car stereo, such as a graphical display (e.g., an icon) or textual prompt.

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FIG. 6 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 320, for determining and handling various device types connected to the auxiliary input ports of the invention. The present invention can sense device types connected to the auxiliary input ports, and can integrate same with the car stereo using the procedures discussed earlier. Beginning in step 322, the control panel buttons of the car stereo are monitored for a button or sequence initiated by the user corresponding to an auxiliary input selection (such as the disc number method discussed earlier with reference to FIG. 4d). In response to an auxiliary input selection, step 324 is invoked, wherein the type of device connected to the selected auxiliary input is sensed by the present invention. Then, step 326 is invoked.

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In step 326, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is a CD player/changer. If a positive determination is made, step 328 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 108 of FIG. 4a (the CD handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the CD player is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 326, then step 330 is invoked. In step 330, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is an MP3 player. If a positive determination is made, step 334 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 138 if FIG. 4b (the MP3 handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the MP3 player is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 330, then step 336 is invoked. In step 336, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is a satellite receiver or a DAB receiver. If a positive determination is made, step 338 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 168 of FIG. 4c (the satellite/DAB receiver handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the satellite receiver is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step

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336, step 322 is re-invoked, so that additional auxiliary input selections can be monitored and

processed accordingly. Of course, process 320 can be expanded to allow other types of devices

connected to the auxiliary inputs of the present invention to be integrated with the car stereo.

The present invention can be expanded for allowing video information generated by an

external device to be integrated with the display of an existing OEM or after-market car stereo.

In such a mode, the invention accepts RGB (red/green/blue) input signals from the external

device, and converts same to composite signals. The composite signals are then forwarded to the

car stereo for display thereby, such as on an LCD panel of the stereo. Additionally, the present

invention can accept composite input signals from an external device, and convert same to RGB

signals for display on the car stereo. Further, information from the external device can be

formatted and presented to the user in one or more graphical user interfaces or menus capable of

being viewed and manipulated on the car stereo.

FIG. 7a is a perspective view of a docking station 400 according to the present invention

for retaining an audio device within a car. Importantly, the present invention can be adapted to

allow portable audio devices to be integrated with an existing car stereo. The docking station

400 allows such portable devices to be conveniently docked and integrated with the car stereo.

The docking station 400 includes a top portion 402 hingedly connected at a rear portion 408 to a

bottom portion 404, preferably in a clam-like configuration. A portable audio device 410, such

as the SKYFI radio distributed by DELPHI, Inc., is physically and electrically connected with

the docking portion 412, and contained within the station 100. A clasp 406 can be provided for

holding the top and bottom portions in a closed position to retain the device 410. Optionally, a

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video device could also be docked using the docking station 400, and tabs 413 can be provided

for holding the docking station 400 in place against a portion of a car. Conceivably, the docking

station 400 could take any form, such as a sleeve-like device for receiving and retaining a

portable audio device and having a docking portion for electrically and mechanically mating

with the audio device. It should be noted that the docking station 400 could be formed without

the top portion 402.

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FIG. 7b is an end view showing the rear portion 408 of the docking station 400 of FIG.

7a. A hinge 414 connects the top portion and the bottom portions of the docking station 400. A

data port 416 is provided for interfacing with the audio device docked within the station 400, and

is in electrical communication therewith. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the

data port 416 is an RS-232 serial or USB data port that allows for the transmission of data with

the audio device, and which connects with the multimedia device integration system of the

present invention for integrating the audio device with an OEM or after-market car stereo. Any

known bus technology can be utilized to interface with any portable audio or video device

contained within the docking station 400, such as FIREWIRE, D2B, MOST, CAN, USB/USB2,

IE Bus, T Bus, or any other bus technology known in the art. It should be noted that the

present invention can be operated without a docking station, i.e., a portable audio or video device

can be plugged directly into the present invention for integration with a car stereo or video

system.

FIGS. 8a-8b are perspective views of another embodiment of the docking station of the

present invention, indicated generally at 500, which includes the multimedia device integration

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system of the present invention, indicated generally at 540, incorporated therewith. As shown in

FIG. 8a, the docking station 500 includes a base portion 530, a bottom member 515

interconnected with the base portion 530 at an edge thereof, and a top member 510 hingedly

interconnected at an edge to the base portion 530. The top member 510 and the bottom member

515 define a cavity for docking and storing a portable audio device 520, which could be a

portable CD player, MP3 player, satellite (e.g., XM, SIRIUS, or other type) tuner, or any other

portable audio device. The docking station 500 would be configured to accommodate a specific

device, such as an IPOD from Apple Computer, Inc., or any other portable device.

The multimedia device integration system 540, in the form of a circuit board, is housed

within the base portion 530 and performs the integration functions discussed herein for

integrating the portable device 520 with an existing car stereo or car video system. The

integration system 540 is in communication with the portable device 520 via a connector 550,

which is connected to a port on the device 520, and a cable 555 interconnected between the

connector 550 and the integration system 540. The connector 550 could be any suitable

connector and can vary according to the device type. For example, a MOLEX, USB, or any

other connector could be used, depending on the portable device. The integration system 540 is

electrically connected with a car stereo or car video system by cable 560. Alternatively, the

integration system could wirelessly communicate with the car stereo or car video system. A

transmitter could be used at the integration system to communicate with a receiver at the car

stereo or car video system. Where automobiles include Bluetooth systems, such systems can be

used to communicate with the integration system. As can be readily appreciated, the docking

station 500 provides a convenient device for docking, storing, and integrating a portable device

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for use with a car stereo. Further, the docking station 500 could be positioned at any desired

location within a vehicle, including, but not limited to, the vehicle trunk.

As shown in FIG. 8b, the top member 510 can be opened in the general direction

indicated by arrow A to allow for access to the portable audio device 520. In this fashion, the

device 520 can be quickly accessed for any desired purpose, such as for inserting and removing

the device 520 from the docking station 500, as well as for providing access to the controls of the

device 520.

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FIG. 9 is a block diagram showing the components of the docking station of FIGS. 8a-

8b. The docking station 500 houses both a portable audio or video device 520 and a multimedia

device integration system (or interface) 540. The shape and configuration of the docking station

500 can be varied as desired without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

The integration system of the present invention provides for control of a portable audio or

video device, or other device, through the controls of the car stereo or video system system. As

such, controls on the steering wheel, where present, may also be used to control the portable

audio device or other device. Further, in all embodiments of the present invention,

communication between the after-market device and a car stereo or video system can be

accomplished using known wireless technologies, such as Bluetooth.

FIG. 10 is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, indicated generally at 600, wherein the interface 630

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is incorporated within a car stereo or car video system 610. The interface 630 is in electrical

communication with the control panel buttons 620, display 615, and associated control circuitry

625 of the car stereo or video system 610. The interface 630 could be manufactured on a

separate printed circuit board positioned within the stereo or video system 610, or on one or

more existing circuit boards of the stereo or video system 610. An after-market device 635 can

be put into electrical communication with the interface 630 via a port or connection on the car

stereo or video system 610, and integrated for use with the car stereo or video system 610.

The device 635 can be controlled using the control panel buttons 620 of the car stereo or

video system 610, and information from the device 635 is formatted by the interface 630 and

displayed in the display 615 of the car stereo or video system 610. Additionally, control

commands generated at the car stereo or car video device 610 are converted by the interface 630

into a format (protocol) compatible with the multimedia device 635, and are dispatched thereto

for execution. A plurality of multimedia devices could be integrated using the interface 630, as

well as one or more auxiliary input sources 640. The after-market device 635 could comprise

any audio, video, or telecommunications device, including, but not limited to, a CD player, CD

changer, digital media player (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, or any

other player), satellite radio (e.g., XM, Sirius, Delphi, etc.), video device (e.g., DVD player),

cellular telephone, or any other type of device or combinations thereof. Additionally, one or

more interfaces could be connected to the interface 630 ("daisy-chained") to allow multiple

products to be integrated. The device 600 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed in

FIGS. 3a-3d and modified depending upon the type of the after-market device 635.

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FIG. 11a is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

indicated generally at 645, wherein a cellular telephone 670 is integrated for use with a car

stereo. The telephone 670 is in electrical communication with the interface 665, which receives

data from the cellular telephone and formats same for displaying on the display 650 of the car

stereo or video system 660. Commands for controlling the telephone 670 can be entered using

the control panel buttons 655 of the car stereo or video system 660. The commands are

processed by the interface 665, converted into a format (protocol) compatible with the telephone

670, and transmitted to the telephone 670 for processing thereby. Additionally, audio from the

telephone 670 can be channeled to the car stereo or video system 660 via the interface 665 and

played through the speakers of the car stereo or video system 660. For example, if the telephone

670 is provided with the ability to download songs or music, such songs or music can be selected

using the car stereo or video system 660 and played therethrough using the interface 665. It

should be noted that control of the cellular telephone could be provided using one or more

displays (e.g., LCD) of a car video system. Moreover, control of the cellular telephone 670 is

not limited to the use of buttons on the car stereo or video system 660, and indeed, a software or

graphically-driven menu or interface can be used to control the cellular telephone. The device

645 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed in FIGS. 3a-3d and modified for use

with the cellular telephone 670.

FIG. 11b is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 647, for

integrating a cellular telephone with a car radio. Beginning in step 649, a determination is made

as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 651

is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be

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powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 653 is invoked, wherein a second

determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to

the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 649 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 653, a cellular telephone handling process,

indicated as block 661, is invoked. Beginning in step 654, a signal is generated by the present

invention indicating that a cellular telephone is present, and the signal is continuously

transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off,

entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external

source. In step 657, the audio channels of the cellular telephone are connected (channeled) to the

car stereo system, allowing audio from the cellular telephone to be played through the car stereo.

In step 659, data is retrieved by the present invention from the cellular telephone, such as song

information corresponding to one or more songs downloaded onto the cellular telephone. After

steps 654, 657, and 659 have been executed, control passes to step 663.

In steps 663, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for

cellular telephone operational commands. In step 664, if a command is not detected, step 663 is

re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 663 invokes step 667, wherein the

received command is converted into a format recognizable by the cellular telephone connected to

the present invention. Once the command has been formatted, step 669 is invoked, wherein the

formatted command is transmitted to the cellular telephone and executed. Step 654 is then re-

invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

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FIG. 12a is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention,

indicated generally at 675, wherein an after-market video device 695 is integrated for use with a

car video system 685. The after-market video device 695 could comprise a portable DVD

player, digital video (DV) camera, digital camera, or any other video device. The interface 690

receives output video signals from the device 695, and converts same for display on one or more

displays 680 (e.g., LCD seat-back displays in a minivan, fold-down displays mounted on the roof

of a vehicle, vehicle navigation displays, etc.) of the car video system 685. The interface 690

could convert between composite and red/green/blue (RGB) video signals, and vice versa, using

commercially-available video format conversion chips such as the TDA8315, TDA4570,

TDA3567, TDA3566A, and TDA3569A video conversion chips manufactured by Philips Corp.,

and the AL251 and AL250 video conversion chips manufactured by Averlogic Technologies,

Inc., or any other suitable video conversion chips. Commands issued by a user using the car

video system 685 or display(s) 680 for controlling the device 695 are received by the interface

690, converted into a format compatible with the device 695, and transmitted thereto for

processing. The device 675 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed in FIGS. 3a-3d

and modified for use with the video device 695.

FIG. 12b is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 671, for

integrating an after-market video device with a car video system. Beginning in step 673, a

determination is made as to whether the existing car video system is powered on. If a negative

determination is made, step 674 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode

and waits for the car video system to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step

677 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car video system is in

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a state responsive to signals external to the car video system. If a negative determination is

made, step 673 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 677, an after-market video device handling

process, indicated as block 687, is invoked. Beginning in step 679, a signal is generated by the

present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously

transmitted to the car video system. Importantly, this signal prevents the car video system from

shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from

an external source. In step 681, the audio and video channels of the after-market device are

connected (channeled) to the car video system, allowing audio and video from the after-market

device to be played through the car video system. In step 684, the display(s) of the car video

system are updated with data from the after-market device. After steps 679, 681, and 684 have

been executed, control passes to step 683.

In step 683, the present invention monitors the car video system for after-market video

device operational commands. In step 689, if a command is not detected, step 683 is re-invoked.

Otherwise, if a command is received, step 689 invokes step 691, wherein the received command

is converted into a format recognizable by the after-market video device connected to the present

invention. Once the command has been formatted, step 693 is invoked, wherein the formatted

command is transmitted to the after-market video device and executed. Step 679 is then re-

invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

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FIG. 13a is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system 710 of the present invention, wherein configuration jumpers 720 and protocol conversion software blocks 724 are provided for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface. The jumpers 720 can be set to a plurality of different settings, each of which corresponds to an after-market device of a specific type (e.g., CD changer, CD player, digital media player, satellite radio, video device, cellular telephone, etc.) or from a specific manufacturer. Additionally, the jumpers 720 can be used to specify one or more device or manufacturer types for the car stereo or video system 705. The settings of the configuration jumpers 720 correspond to one or more protocol conversion software blocks 724 stored in memory (e.g., programmable flash memory, ROM, EEPROM, etc.) 725 of the interface 710. Each of the software blocks 724 controls the interface circuitry 715 and contains instructions for converting data from the device 707 into a format compatible with the car stereo or video system For example, a first block could contain software for allowing 705, and vice versa. communication between an Apple iPod and an in-dash car stereo manufactured by Sony, and a second block could contain software for allowing communication between a DVD player and a car video system. Any desired number of blocks could be stored in the memory 725 and can be selected as desired by the user via configuration jumpers 720. As such, a single interface 710 can be used for integrating numerous devices of various types and manufactures for use with one or more car stereo or video systems. The device 710 could include one or more of the circuits shown in FIGS. 3a-3d, with modifications depending upon the device types of the devices 705 and **707**.

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FIG. 13b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device

integration system of the present invention, wherein wiring harnesses 727 and 728 and protocol

conversion software blocks 729 are provided for integrating multimedia devices of various types

using a single interface 726. In this embodiment, the electrical configurations (pinouts) of each

of the harnesses 727 and 728 correspond to car stereo / video systems and after-market devices

of specific types and made by specific manufacturers (e.g., harness 727 could correspond to a

BMW car stereo, and harness 728 could correspond to an ALPINE satellite tuner). The electrical

configurations (pinouts) of the harnesses are utilized by the interface 726 to retrieve a specific

protocol conversion software block 729 that allows communication between the devices. The

interface 726 could be provided with a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks pre-

loaded into memory in the interface, and could be provided with any desired harnesses. The

interface 726 could include one or more of the circuits shown in FIGS. 3a-3d, with modification

depending upon the device types of the devices attached to the wiring harnesses 727 and 728.

FIG. 14 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 730, of the

multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating after-market

devices of various types using a single interface. In step 735, the interface determines types of

devices that are connected thereto, including the car stereo or video system and one or more

after-market devices to be integrated therewith. This could be achieved by the configuration

jumper settings or the harness types connected to the interface and discussed with respect to

FIGS. 13a and 13b. Then, in step 740, a protocol conversion software block is selected from

blocks of conversion software (e.g., from the blocks 725 and 729 shown in FIGS. 13a and 13b).

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In step 745, instructions are converted using the selected conversion block to allow the car stereo

or video system to operate with the multimedia device.

FIG. 15 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 750, of the

multimedia device integration system of the present invention for allowing a user to specify one

or more after-market device types for integration using a single interface. In step 770, a user is

provided with one or more lists of devices to be integrated, which are displayed on the display

760 of the car stereo or video device 755. Then, in step 775, using the buttons 765 of the car

video device, the user can specify the type of multimedia device to be integrated (e.g., by

scrolling through the lists). Additionally, the device type could be specified using a graphical or

software menu displayed on the car stereo or car video system. In step 780, a determination is

made as to whether a timeout has occurred (e.g., the user has not selected a device type within a

predetermined period of time). If a positive determination is made, step 785 occurs, wherein a

protocol conversion software block is selected from memory corresponding to the last device

type displayed by the car stereo or video system. If a negative determination is made, step 790 is

invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether the user has specified a device type. If a

negative determination is made, step 775 is re-invoked so that the user can specify a device type.

If a positive determination is made, step 795 is invoked, wherein a protocol conversion software

block is selected from memory corresponding to the device specified by the user. In step 800,

the protocol conversion software block is mapped to a logical address in memory. Then, in step

805, instructions to be exchanged between the car stereo or video system and the after-market

device are converted using the software block to allow communication between the devices

using compatible formats. Accordingly, the logic of FIG. 15 allows a single interface having

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multiple protocol conversion software blocks to be used integrate a plurality of after-market

devices with a car stereo or video system.

FIG. 16 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration

system of the present invention, indicated generally at 810, for allowing a user to quickly

navigate through a list of songs on one or more after-market devices using the controls of a car

stereo or video system (fast navigation technique). This method allows a user to quickly select a

song from a list of songs available on an after-market device for playing on the car stereo or

video system, and could be applied for use with any type of after-market device, including, but

not limited to, a digital media player such as an MP3 player or Apple iPod player. Beginning in

step 812, a user is provided with a list of alphanumeric characters on a display of the car stereo

or video system. This list could include the letters A through Z, as well as the numbers 0

through 9. In step 814, the user can specify a desired alphanumeric character, which can be

specified by scrolling through the list using one or more controls of the car stereo or video

system and pressing a button once the desired character has been highlighted, or optionally, if an

alphanumeric keypad (or touchscreen interface) is provided on the car stereo or video system, the

user can directly enter the desired alphanumeric character.

When the desired alphanumeric character has been specified, in step 816 a remote

database is queried using the alphanumeric character. The remote database could comprise a list

of songs stored in one or more after-market devices integrated by the present invention for use

with the car stereo or video system. In step 818, a list of potentially matching songs is retrieved

from the database and presented on the display of the car stereo or video system for perusal by

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the user. For example, if the user specified the letter "A," the list could include all songs in the

remote database having titles (or artists) beginning with the letter "A." In step 820, a

determination is made as to whether a desired song appears in the list and is immediately

viewable by the user, without requiring the user to scroll through the list. If a positive

determination is made, step 822 is invoked, wherein the desired song is selected by the user and

retrieved from the after-market device for playing on the car stereo or video system.

In the event that a negative determination is made in step 820, step 824 is invoked,

wherein the user can specify an additional alphanumeric character using the car stereo or video

system. For example, if the user initially specified the letter "A" and the desired song is not

visible in the list of songs without scrolling, the user can refine the query by adding an additional

alphanumeric character. Thus, for example, the user can specify the letters "AN" to search for

songs having titles (or artists) beginning with the letters "AN." In step 826, the remote database

of the after-market device is queried using the specified letters. In step 828, a list of potential

matches is presented to the user at the car stereo or video system. In step 830, a determination is

made as to whether the desired song appears in the list and is immediately viewable without

requiring the user to scroll through the list. If a positive determination is made, step 822 is

invoked, wherein the user can select the desired song for retrieval from the after-market device

and playing on the car stereo or video system. If a negative determination is made, step 832 is

invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether a threshold number of alphanumeric

characters has been specified by the user. For example, a maximum threshold of 3 alphanumeric

characters could be specified, or any other desired number. If a negative determination is made,

steps 824-832 are re-invoked in the manner disclosed herein to allow the user to specify

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additional alphanumeric characters for querying the remote database. If a positive determination

is made (threshold met), then processing terminates and the user must scroll through the list of

retrieved songs or repeat the processing disclosed in FIG. 16 to begin a new query.

FIG. 17 is a diagram showing an another embodiment of the present invention, indicated

generally at 850, wherein a plurality of external devices are integrated using a single interface

852. Any desired number or combination of devices can be integrated for use with a car stereo

or video system using the interface 852. The interface 852 houses a plurality of ports 858 for

connecting any desired number of external devices, and a port 856 for connection with a car

stereo or video system. The ports 858 and 856 could be any suitable type of input port, and

could vary depending upon the types of devices to be integrated. Additionally, the interface 852

includes integration electronics 854, which could include any desired electronics disclosed herein

for integrating a plurality of external devices.

As shown in FIG. 17, a CD player 860, a digital media device 862, a satellite tuner 864, a

video device 866, a cellular phone 868, and an auxiliary input 870 are connected to the interface

852 and integrated for use with a car stereo or video system. The CD player 860 could comprise

any desired CD player or changer. The digital media device 862 could comprise any portable

digital media device, such as an Apple iPod, MP3 player, MP4, player, WMV player, portable

music center, or any other desired device. The satellite tuner 864 could comprise any desired

satellite tuner, such as an XM or Sirius tuner. The video device 866 could comprise any desired

video device, such as a DVD player. The cellular phone 868 could comprise any cellular

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telephone capable of downloading and storing music or video files. The auxiliary input 870

could comprise any desired external device. Any desired number of interfaces 852 could be

interconnected ("daisy-chained"). Further, the interface 852 could form part of an existing car

stereo or video system. Control of the external devices connected to the interface 852 is

provided through the car stereo or video system.

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FIG. 18 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated

generally at 900, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video

system 910 and a portable audio and/or video device 924. The car system 910 could be any

OEM or after-market car audio and/or video system. The portable device 924 could comprise a

CD player, CD changer, digital media player (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player,

Apple iPod, Apple video iPod), portable media center, portable media player, satellite receiver,

digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver (also commonly referred to as a high-definition (HD)

radio receiver), video device (e.g., DVD player or digital media player, such as the SONY PSP

digital media player), cellular telephone, or any other portable device.

The car system 910 includes system electronics 912 (e.g., circuitry and components

provided by an OEM or after-market car audio and/or video system manufacturer), a display 918,

a control panel 920 (e.g., buttons, touch screen display, etc.) for allowing user interaction and

control, and a wireless interface or transceiver 916. The wireless interface 916 could comprise

an AT76C551 Bluetooth transceiver manufactured by Atmel, Inc., which includes a Bluetooth

baseband controller with an integrated digital signal processor (DSP), and an AT7024 2.4 - 2.5

GHz band RF front end transceiver manufactured by Atmel, Inc., which includes a low-noise

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amplifier and transmit / receive switch driver. Any other suitable wireless transceiver (e.g.,

IEEE 802.11a, 802.11b, or 802.11g) could also be substituted. The display 918 could comprise

any display associated with the car system 910, including, but not limited to, a display panel, a

seat-back display, a dashboard display, an LCD or plasma display, or any other display in a car

or associated with a car audio and/or video system, positioned anywhere within a vehicle.

The portable device 924 includes device electronics 934 (e.g., circuitry and components

provided by the portable device manufacturer), a wireless interface or transceiver 926, and an

integration subsystem or module 932 positioned within the portable device 924. Optionally, the

wireless interface 926 could be positioned external to the portable device 924. The wireless

interface 926 is identical to the wireless interface 916, and both interfaces 916 and 926 establish

a wireless communications channel or link 922 between the car system 910 and the portable

device 924.

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The integration subsystem 932 receives control commands that are issued at the car

system 910 and wirelessly transmitted to the portable device 924 via the wireless

communications link 922, processes the commands into a format compatible with the device

electronics 934 of the portable device 924, and dispatches same to the device electronics 934 for

execution thereby, so as to provide remote, wireless control of the portable device 924 using the

car system 910. For example, a "Play" command could be entered at the car system 910 (which

could be a BMW car stereo), wirelessly transmitted to the portable device 924 (which could be

an Apple iPod), converted by the integration subsystem 932 into a format recognizable by the

device electronics 934, and executed thereby. The integration subsystem 932 also receives data

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generated by the device electronics 934 (including, but not limited to, track information, artist

information, song title, time information, etc.), processes same into a format compatible with the

car system 910, and transmits the processed data to the car system 910 using the wireless link

922 for display thereon using the display 918. For example, playlists or other data generated by

the portable device 924 could be processed by the integration subsystem 932 into a format

compatible with the car system 910, and wirelessly transmitted thereto for display on the display

918.

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Audio and video information generated by the portable device 924 can be transmitted

digitally to the car system 910 using the wireless link 922. This information could also be

transmitted via one or more analog RF carrier signals, using suitable digital-to-analog and

analog-to-digital conversion circuitry known in the art. The integration subsystem 932 could

also include conversion circuitry (e.g., using the video format conversion chips discussed above

with respect to FIG. 12a) for converting video information generated by the portable device 924

for display on the display 918 of the car system 910 (e.g., by converting composite video signals

to red, green, and blue (RGB) video signals, or vice versa). It should be noted that the

integration subsystem 932 could also be utilized to process data, video, and audio information

provided by the portable device 924 where the portable device 924 is connected to the Internet

(e.g., via a wireless Internet connection established by a cellular telephone). In such

circumstances, the display 918 of the car system 910 would function as an Internet browser, and

the controls 920 of the car system 910 could be utilized to navigate the Internet.

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The integration subsystem 932 contains circuitry similar to the circuitry disclosed in the

various embodiments of the present invention discussed herein, and could include a PIC16F872

or PIC16F873 microcontroller manufactured by Microchip, Inc. and programmed in accordance

with the flowchart discussed below with respect to FIG. 24. Additionally, the integration

subsystem 932 generates a device presence signal for maintaining the car system 910 in a state

responsive to the portable device 924. It should be noted that a non-wireless connection 930

could be provided between optional external interfaces ports 914 and 928 of the car system 910

and the portable device 924, respectively, using any suitable wired connection type such as

serial, FIREWIRE, CAN/CAN2, USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, or any other connection, to

allow for wired integration between the car system 910 and the portable device 924.

Additionally, the non-wireless connection 930 could include a fiber-optic connection, such as a

D2B or MOST fiber-optic connection. The device presence can be transmitted to the car system

910 using the wireless link 922 or, optionally, the non-wireless connection 930.

FIG. 19 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated

generally at 1000, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video

system 1010 and a portable audio and/or video device 1024. The components shown in FIG. 19

are identical to the components shown in FIG. 18, and reference numerals of corresponding

components have been increased by 100. In this embodiment, the integration subsystem 1032 is

positioned internally within the car system 1010, which also includes system electronics 1012,

wireless interface 1016, display 1018, control panel 1020, and, optionally, external interface port

1014. The portable device 1024 includes a wireless interface 1026 in communication with

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device electronics 1034, and optionally, an external interface port 1028 for communicating with

the external interface port 1014 of the car system 1010 via non-wireless connection 1030.

FIG. 20 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated

generally at 1100, wherein a docking slot 1140 is provided in a car audio and/or video system

1110 for receiving a portable audio and/or video device 1124. The car system 1110 includes

system electronics 1112 (e.g., circuitry and components provided by an OEM or after-market car

audio or video system manufacturer), a display 1118, and a control panel 1120. The portable

device 1124 includes an integration subsystem or module 1132, device electronics 1134 (e.g.,

circuitry and components provided by the manufacturer of the portable device 1124) and an

external interface port 1142 that interfaces with the docking slot 1140 to allow electrical

communication between the integration subsystem 1132 of the car system 1110 and the device

electronics 1134 of the portable device 1124. The electrical connection formed by the external

interface port 1142 and the docking slot 1140 could include a FIREWIRE, CAN/CAN2,

USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, or I Bus connection, or any other suitable connection type.

Additionally, a fiber-optic connection could be formed between the external interface port 1142

and the docking slot 1140, using a D2B, MOST, or other suitable fiber-optic connection.

The portable device 1124 is inserted into the docking slot 1140 in the general direction

indicated by arrow A. Once docked, the integration subsystem 1132 processes control

commands issued at the car system 1110 into a format compatible with the portable device 1124,

and processes data generated by the portable device 1124 into a format compatible with the car

system 1110 in the manner described herein. Audio and video signals generated by the portable

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device 1124 are channeled by the integration subsystem 1132 to the system electronics 1112, for

playing through the car system 1110. The portable device 1124 could comprise a digital media

player (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, Apple video iPod, or other

device), a portable media center, a portable media player, a satellite receiver, a digital audio

broadcast (DAB) receiver or high-definition (HD) radio receiver, a portable video device, a

cellular telephone, or any other portable device.

FIG. 21 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated

generally at 1200, wherein a docking slot 1240 is provided in a car audio and/or video system

1210 for receiving a portable audio and/or video device 1224. The components shown in FIG.

21 are identical to those disclosed in FIG. 20, and reference numerals of corresponding

components have been increased by 100. In this embodiment, the integration subsystem 1232 is

positioned within the car system 1210, which also includes system electronics 1212, display

1218, and control panel 1220. The portable device 1224 includes device electronics 1234 and an

external interface port 1242 for interfacing with the docking slot 1240 and providing electrical

(and/or optical) communication with the integration subsystem 1232.

FIG. 22 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated

generally at 1300, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video

system 1310 and a portable audio and/or video device 1324, and voice synthesis and speech

recognition capabilities are provided. More particularly, the portable device 1324 includes an

integration subsystem or module 1332 having a voice recognition subsystem 1336 and a speech

synthesizer 1338. As with the embodiments discussed earlier with respect to FIGS. 18-19, the

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car system 1310 includes system electronics 1312 (e.g., circuitry and components provided by an

OEM or after-market car audio or video system manufacturer), an optional external interface port

1314, a wireless interface or transceiver 1316 (which could be a Bluetooth or other suitable

wireless transceiver), a display 1318, and a control panel 1320.

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The portable device 1324 could comprise a CD player, CD changer, digital media player

(e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, Apple video iPod, or other device),

portable media center, portable media player, satellite receiver, digital audio broadcast (DAB)

receiver, high-definition (HD) radio receiver, video device (e.g., DVD player or digital media

player, such as the SONY PSP digital media player), cellular telephone, or any other portable

device. The portable device 1324 includes a wireless interface 1326 which communicates with

the wireless interface 1316 to provide a wireless communications channel or link 1322, an

optional external interface port 1328 for providing a non-wireless connection 1330 with the

external interface port 1314 (which could include any suitable wired connection, such as

FIREWIRE, CAN/CAN2, USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, etc., or any suitable optical

connection, such as D2B or MOST), device electronics 1334, and optional external audio output

1340 and optional external audio input 1342.

The voice recognition subsystem 1336 of the integration subsystem 1332 could comprise

the HM2007 speech recognition processor manufactured by Hualon Microelectric Corporation,

the VRP6679 speech recognition processor manufactured by Oki, Inc., or any other suitable

speech recognition processor. The voice recognition subsystem 1336 receives control commands

that are spoken by a user and are transmitted to the portable device 1324 via the wireless link

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1322 or the non-wireless connection 1330 (where the car system 1310 another vehicle

component connected to the car system 1310 includes a microphone for receiving voice

commands). Optionally, a microphone could be connected to the external audio input 1342 of

the portable device 1324 for receiving voice commands. Any desired, spoken commands could

be received by the integration subsystem 1332 and processed by the voice recognition subsystem

1336 into a format compatible with the device electronics 1334 of the portable device 1324 for

execution thereby. For example, a user could speak a desired artist name, whereupon the voice

recognition subsystem 1336 processes the spoken artist name into a digital format, passes the

processed artist name to the integration subsystem 1332, and the integration subsystem 1332

constructs a query command and passes the query command to the device electronics 1334 along

with the processed artist name to the device electronics 1334. The device electronics 1334 then

queries the portable device 1324 for all songs (e.g., by searching ID3 tags associated with each

song and stored in the portable device 1324) having a matching artist name. The resulting list is

then passed to the integration subsystem 1332, whereupon the information is processed into a

format compatible with the car system 1310. Then, the information is transmitted to the car

system 1310 via the wireless link 1322 or the non-wireless connection 1330 for display on the

display 1318 of the car system 1310.

Voice recognition could also be used to retrieve other media files, such as video clips that

are stored on the portable device 1324. Such files, one retrieved, could then be processed by the

integration subsystem 1332 in the manner described herein, transmitted to the car system 1310

(via the wireless link 1322 or the non-wireless connection 1330), and displayed on the display

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1318 of the car system 1310. An index of such files could also be generated by the integration

subsystem 1332 for quick browsing and retrieval using car system 1310 or voice commands.

The speech synthesizer 1338 provides synthesized speech corresponding to data produced

by the portable device 1324. For example, track lists, artist names, song titles, and other

information (e.g., video clip titles, movie titles, etc.) could be retrieved from the portable device

1324 by the integration subsystem 1332 (e.g., in response to a command issued by the user at the

car system 1310 or a spoken command processed by the voice recognition subsystem 1336), and

synthesized speech corresponding to the retrieved information could be generated by the speech

synthesizer 1338 using known text-to-speech software. The speech synthesizer 1338 could

include the RC 8650 or RC 8660 speech synthesis chipsets manufactured by RC Systems, Inc.,

or any other suitable speech synthesizers. Synthesized speech could be transmitted to the car

system 1310 via the wireless link 1322 or the non-wireless connection 1330 and played through

the car system 1310, or optionally, the speech could be channeled to an external device via the

optional external audio output 1340. It should be noted that the voice recognition subsystem

1336 and the speech synthesizer 1338 could be formed on a single integrated circuit forming part

of the integration subsystem 1332. Additionally, the integration subsystem 1332 provides full

control of the portable device 1324 using the car system 1310 and exchange of data, audio, and

video signals between the portable device 1324 and the car system 1310, in the manner described

herein.

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FIG. 23 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated

generally at 1400, wherein wireless integration is provide between a car audio and/or video

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system 1410 and a portable audio and/or video device 1424 and voice recognition and speech

synthesis capabilities are provided. The components shown in FIG. 23 are functionally identical

to the components shown in FIG. 22, and reference numerals of corresponding components have

been increased by 100. In this embodiment, the integration subsystem 1432 is positioned in the

car system 1410, which includes system electronics 1412, an optional external interface port

1414, a wireless interface 1416, a display 1418, and a control panel 1420. The integration

subsystem 1432 includes a voice recognition subsystem 1436 and a speech synthesizer 1438,

which provide the voice recognition and speech synthesis capabilities described above with

reference to FIG. 22. The portable device 1424 includes a wireless interface 1426, and optional

external interface port 1428, device electronics 1434, an optional external audio output port

1440, and an optional external audio input port 1442.

FIG. 24 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention,

indicated generally at 1450, for wirelessly integrating a portable audio and/or video device for

use with a car audio and/or video system. In step 1452, a wireless link is established between the

portable device and the car audio and/or video system. As discussed above, the wireless link

could be any suitable wireless communications link, such as a Bluetooth wireless link, an IEEE

802.11 link, or any other suitable link. In step 1454, the car audio and/or video system type is

determined, such as the manufacturer name and/or model identifier. In step 1456, the portable

audio and/or video device type is identified, such as the manufacturer name and/or model

identifier. In step 1458, a protocol conversion software block is loaded from memory, based

upon the corresponding device types of the car audio and/or video system and the portable audio

and/or video device. The protocol conversion software block includes code for converting

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commands issued at the car audio and/or video system into a format compatible with the portable audio and/or video device, as well as code for converting data generated by the portable audio and/or video device into a format compatible with the car audio and/or video system.

In step 1460, data generated by the portable audio and/or video device is processed by the protocol conversion software block. Then, in step 1466, the processed data is transmitted to the car audio and/or video system for display thereon, using the wireless link. In step 1462, audio and/or video signal generated by the portable audio and/or video device are channeled to the car audio and/or video system using the wireless link. In step 1464, a determination is made as to whether commands from the car audio and/or video system are to be processed. If a negative determination is made, step 1458 is re-invoked. Otherwise, step 1468 is invoked, wherein the commands are processed using the protocol conversion software block. Then, in step 1470, the processed commands are transmitted to the car audio and/or video system using the wireless link. Step 1458 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

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Importantly, the present invention allows video files in any format (including video clips, movies, pictures, etc.) that are stored on a portable device to be displayed on one or more displays of a car audio and/or video system, and playback of such files to be controlled using the car audio and/or video system. Examples of such files include, but are not limited to, MPEG, WMV, AVI, JPEG, GIF, TIFF, MP4, or any other suitable video format. Such files could be stored on a cell phone, a portable media center, a portable media player, or any other portable device which is integrated by the present invention (through a wired or wireless connection) for use with a car audio and/or video system. Thus, for example, a video clip downloaded to a

cellular telephone or a video clip stored on a portable device (e.g., an Apple video iPod) can be

displayed on one or more displays of a car audio and/or video system. Further, the present

invention allows for live video streams, such as live television video received by a cellular

telephone or other portable device, to be displayed on one or more displays of the car audio

and/or video system.

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Having thus described the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the foregoing

description is not intended to limit the spirit and scope thereof.

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## **CLAIMS**

## What is claimed is:

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1. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car audio system having a display associated therewith;

a portable device external to the car audio system;

a first wireless interface in communication with the car audio system;

a second wireless interface in communication with the portable device, the first and second wireless interfaces establishing a wireless communications link between the car audio system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car audio system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem transmits the device presence signal to the car audio system, channels audio from the portable device to the car audio system using the wireless communications link, processes video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system, and transmits the processed video information to the car audio system using the wireless communications link for displaying the processed video information on the display of the car audio system.

2. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem processes data generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system and displays the processed data on the display of the car audio system.

3. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands

issued at the car audio system and transmitted over the wireless communications link, processes

the commands into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches the processed

commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

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4. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice

recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

5. The system of Claim 4, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a

video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.

6. The system of Claim 4, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech

synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable

device.

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7. The system of Claim 1, wherein the car audio system comprises an OEM car audio

system.

8. The system of Claim 1, wherein the car audio system comprises an after-market car audio

20 system.

9. The system of Claim 1, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.

10. The system of Claim 10, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio

broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.

11. The system of Claim 1, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media

player.

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12. The system of Claim 11, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video

device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV

player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.

13. The system of Claim 1, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.

14. The system of Claim 1, further comprising a non-wireless connection established

between the car audio system and the portable device for exchanging data, commands, audio and

video signals between the car audio system and the portable device.

15. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the portable device.

16. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car audio system.

17. The system of Claim 1, wherein the video information comprises a video file stored on the portable device.

10 18. The system of Claim 1, wherein the video information comprises a picture stored on the portable device.

19. The system of Claim 1, wherein the video information comprises a television signal received by the portable device.

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20. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car video system having a display associated therewith;

a portable device external to the car video system;

a first wireless interface in communication with the car video system;

a second wireless interface in communication with the portable device, the first and

second wireless interfaces establishing a wireless communications link between the car video

system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car

video system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem

transmits the device presence signal to the car video system, channels audio from the portable

device to the car video system using the wireless communications link, processes video

information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system,

and transmits the processed video information to the car video system using the wireless

communications link for displaying the processed video information on the display of the car

video system.

21. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem processes data generated by

the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system and displays the

processed data on the display of the car video system.

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22. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands

issued at the car video system and transmitted over the wireless communications link, processes

the commands into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches the processed

commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

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23. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice

recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

24. The system of Claim 23, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a

video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.

25. The system of Claim 23, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech

synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable

device.

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26. The system of Claim 20, wherein the car video system comprises an OEM car video

system.

27. The system of Claim 20, wherein the car video system comprises an after-market car

video system.

28. The system of Claim 20, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.

29. The system of Claim 28, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio

broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.

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30. The system of Claim 20, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media

player.

31. The system of Claim 30, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video

device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV

player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.

32. The system of Claim 20, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.

33. The system of Claim 20, further comprising a non-wireless connection established

between the car video system and the portable device for exchanging data, commands, audio and

video signals between the car video system and the portable device.

34. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the portable device.

35. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car video system.

36. The system of Claim 20, wherein the video information comprises a video file stored on the portable device.

10 37. The system of Claim 20, wherein the video information comprises a picture stored on the portable device.

38. The system of Claim 20, wherein the video information comprises a television signal received by the portable device.

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39. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car audio system;

a portable device external to the car audio system;

a docking slot formed in the car audio system for receiving the portable device and

establishing electrical communication between the car audio system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car

audio system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem

receives data generated by the portable device, processes the data into a format compatible with

the car audio system, and transmits the processed data, the device presence signal, and audio

signals to the car audio system.

40. The system of Claim 39, wherein the processed data is displayed on a display of the car

audio system.

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41. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem processes a video file stored

on the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system and transmits the video

file to the car audio system for displaying the video file on a display of the car audio system.

42. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands

issued at the car audio system, processes the commands into a format compatible with the

portable device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution

thereby.

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43. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice

recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

44. The system of Claim 43, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a

video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.

45. The system of Claim 43, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech

synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable

device.

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46. The system of Claim 39, wherein the car audio system comprises an OEM car audio

system.

47. The system of Claim 39, wherein the car audio system comprises an after-market car

audio system.

48. The system of Claim 39, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.

49. The system of Claim 48, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio

broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.

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50. The system of Claim 39, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media

player.

51. The system of Claim 50, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video

device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV

player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.

52. The system of Claim 39, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.

15 53. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the

portable device.

54. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car

audio system.

55. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car video system;

a portable device external to the car video system;

a docking slot formed in the car video system for receiving the portable device and

establishing electrical communication between the car video system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car

video system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem

receives data generated by the portable device, processes the data into a format compatible with

the car video system, and transmits the processed data, the device presence signal, audio signals,

and video signals to the car video system.

56. The system of Claim 55, wherein the processed data is displayed on a display of the car

video system.

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57. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem processes a video file stored

on the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system and transmits the video

file to the car video system for displaying the video file on a display of the car video system.

58. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands

issued at the car video system, processes the commands into a format compatible with the

portable device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution

thereby.

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59. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice

recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

60. The system of Claim 59, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a

video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.

61. The system of Claim 59, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech

synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable

device.

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62. The system of Claim 55, wherein the car video system comprises an OEM car video

system.

63. The system of Claim 55, wherein the car video system comprises an after-market car

video system.

64. The system of Claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.

65. The system of Claim 64, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio

broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.

66. The system of Claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media

player.

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67. The system of Claim 66, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video

device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV

player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.

68. The system of Claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.

69. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the

portable device.

70. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car

video system.

A method for wirelessly integrating a portable device for use with a car audio system 71.

comprising:

establishing a wireless communications link between the car audio system and the

portable device;

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generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car audio system in a state

responsive to the portable device;

transmitting the device presence signal to the car audio system over the wireless

communications link;

processing video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible

with the car audio system;

transmitting the processed video information and audio signals generated by the portable

device to the car audio system over the wireless communications link;

displaying the processed video information on a display of the car audio system; and

playing the audio signals over the car audio system.

72. The method of Claim 71, further comprising processing data generated by the portable

device into a format compatible with the car audio system.

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73. The method of Claim 72, further comprising transmitting the processed data over the

wireless communications link to the car audio system.

74. The method of Claim 73, further comprising displaying the processed data on a display of

the car audio system.

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75. The method of Claim 71, further comprising transmitting control commands issued by a

user at the car audio system over the wireless communications link.

10 76. The method of Claim 75, further comprising receiving the control commands at the

portable device and processing the control commands into a format compatible with the portable

device.

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77. The method of Claim 76, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands

to the portable device for execution thereby.

78. The method of Claim 71, further comprising receiving spoken control commands with a

voice recognition subsystem and processing the spoken control commands into a format

compatible with the portable device.

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79. The method of Claim 78, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands

to the portable device for execution thereby.

80. The method of Claim 71, further comprising generating synthesized speech

corresponding to data generated by the portable device.

81. A method for wirelessly integrating a portable device for use with a car video system

comprising:

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establishing a wireless communications link between the car video system and the

portable device;

generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car video system in a state

responsive to the portable device;

transmitting the device presence signal to the car video system over the wireless

communications link;

processing video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible

with the car video system;

transmitting the processed video information and audio signals generated by the portable

device to the car video system over the wireless communications link;

displaying the processed video information on a display of the car video system; and

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playing the audio signals over the car video system.

82. The method of Claim 81, further comprising processing data generated by the portable

device into a format compatible with the car video system.

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83. The method of Claim 82, further comprising transmitting the processed data over the

wireless communications link to the car video system.

84. The method of Claim 83, further comprising displaying the processed data on a display of

10 the car video system.

85. The method of Claim 81, further comprising transmitting control commands issued by a

user at the car video system over the wireless communications link.

86. The method of Claim 85, further comprising receiving the control commands at the

portable device and processing the control commands into a format compatible with the portable

device.

87. The method of Claim 86, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands

to the portable device for execution thereby.

88. The method of Claim 81, further comprising receiving spoken control commands with a

voice recognition subsystem and processing the spoken control commands into a format

compatible with the portable device.

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89. The method of Claim 88, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands

to the portable device for execution thereby.

90. The method of Claim 81, further comprising generating synthesized speech

corresponding to data generated by the portable device.

91. A docking station for docking and integrating a portable device for use with a car stereo, comprising:

a base portion;

a bottom member connected to the base portion;

a top member removably connected to the base portion, the base portion, bottom member, and top member defining a cavity for receiving a portable device; and

an integration device connected to the base portion for integrating the portable device with a car stereo.

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## **ABSTRACT**

An multimedia device integration system is provided. One or more after-market audio or video devices, such as a CD player, CD changer, digital media device (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, portable media center, or other device) satellite receiver (e.g., XM or Sirius receiver), DAB receiver, video device (e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or any other device or combinations thereof, is integrated for use with an existing OEM or aftermarket car stereo or video system, wherein control commands can be issued at the car stereo or video system and data from the after-market device can be displayed on the car stereo or video system. Control commands generated at the car stereo or video system are received, processed, converted into a format recognizable by the after-market device, and dispatched to the aftermarket device for execution. Information from the after-market device is converted into a format recognizable by the car stereo or video system, and dispatched to the car stereo or video system for display thereon. One or more auxiliary input sources can be integrated with the car stereo or video system, and selected using the controls of the car stereo or video system. A docking station is provided for docking a portable audio or video device for integration with the car stereo or video system. Wireless integration between the portable audio or video device and a car stereo or video system is provided, and voice recognition and speech synthesis capabilities are provided in the portable audio or video device or the car stereo or video system.

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Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe

Title: Multimedia Device Integration System

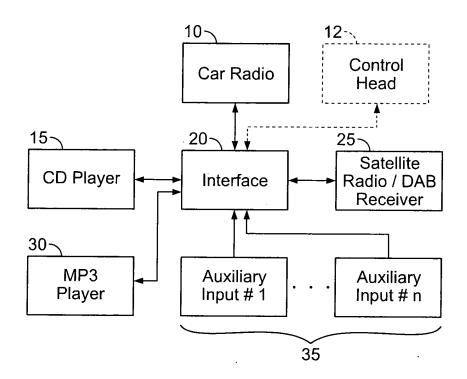


FIG. 1

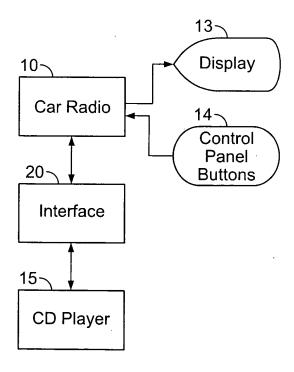


FIG. 2A

Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe

Title: Multimedia Device Integration System

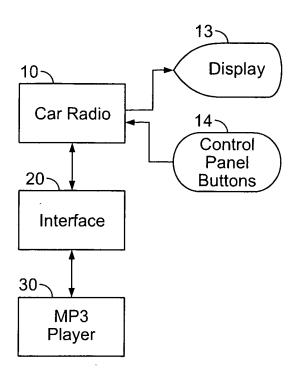


FIG. 2B

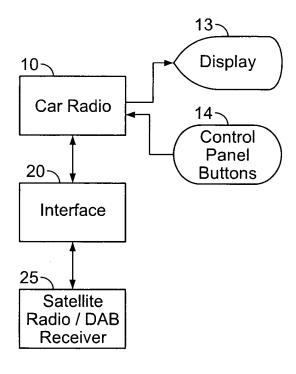


FIG. 2C

Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe

Title: Multimedia Device Integration System

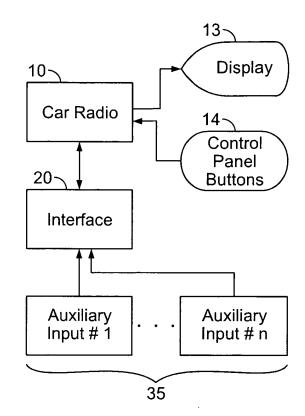


FIG. 2D

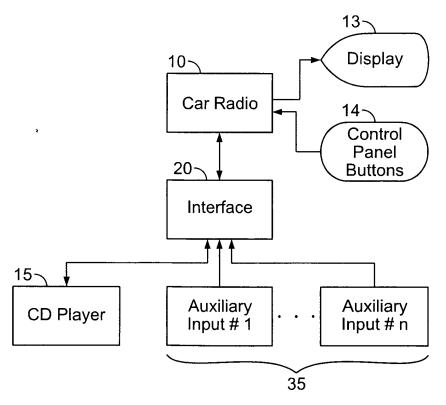


FIG. 2E

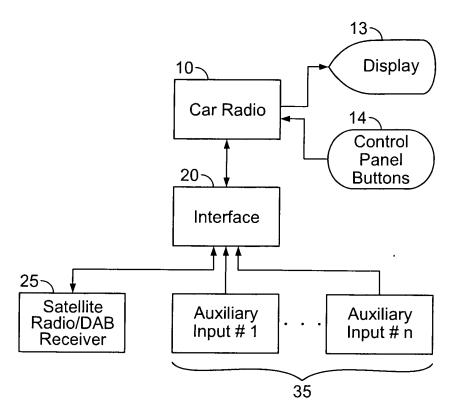


FIG. 2F

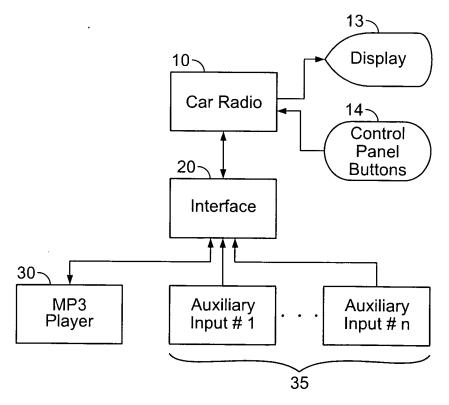


FIG. 2G

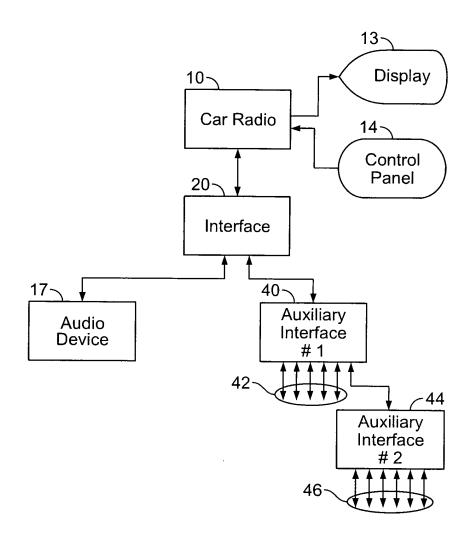
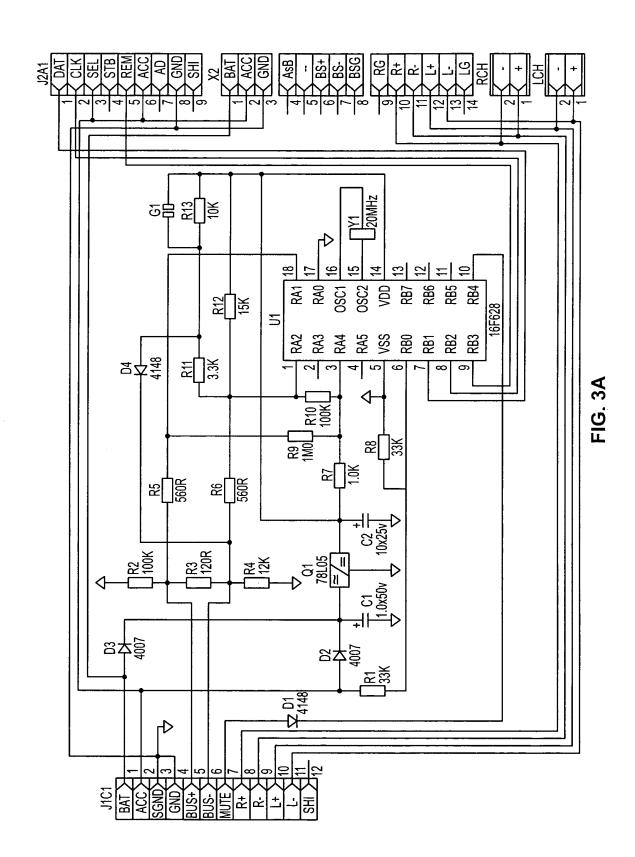
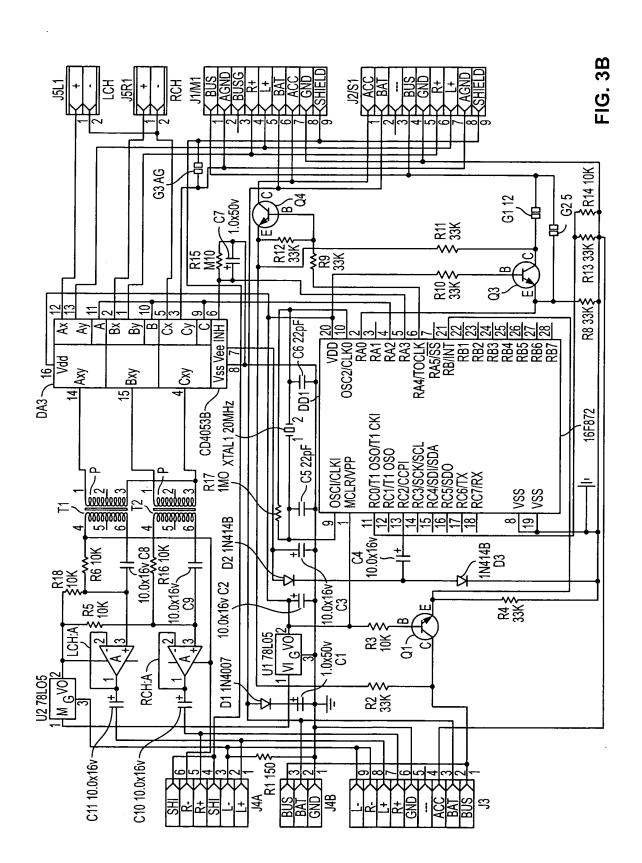


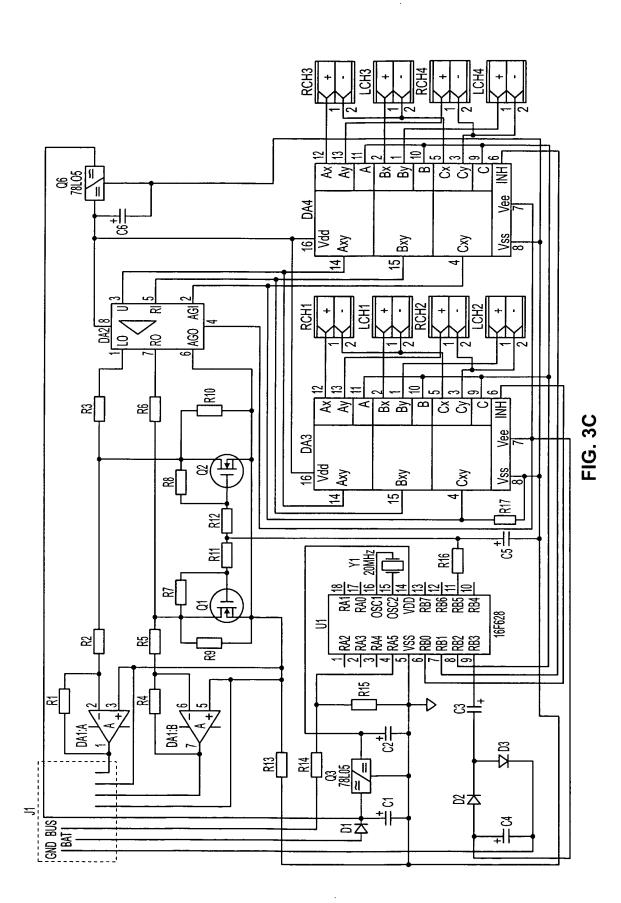
FIG. 2H



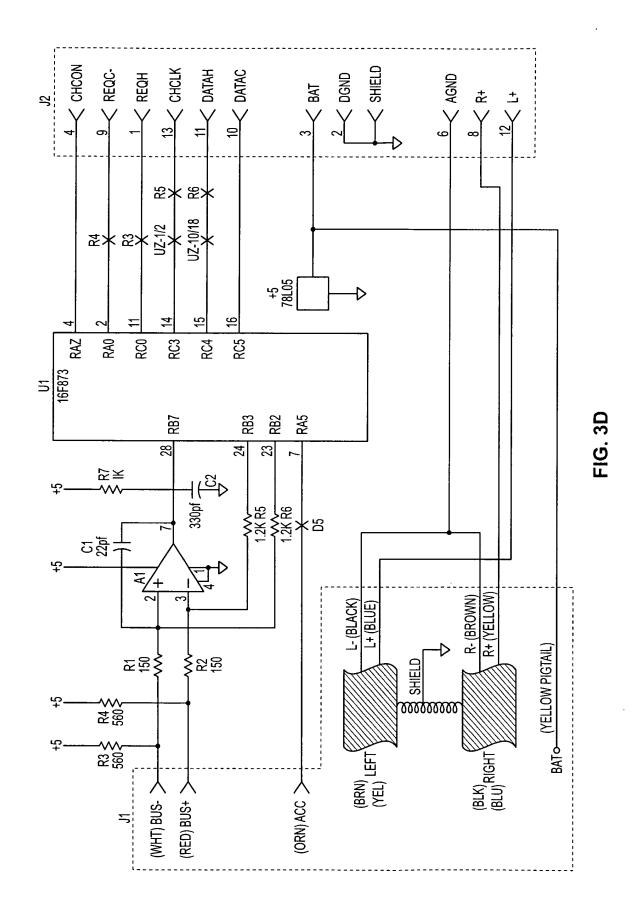


# NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe



NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026



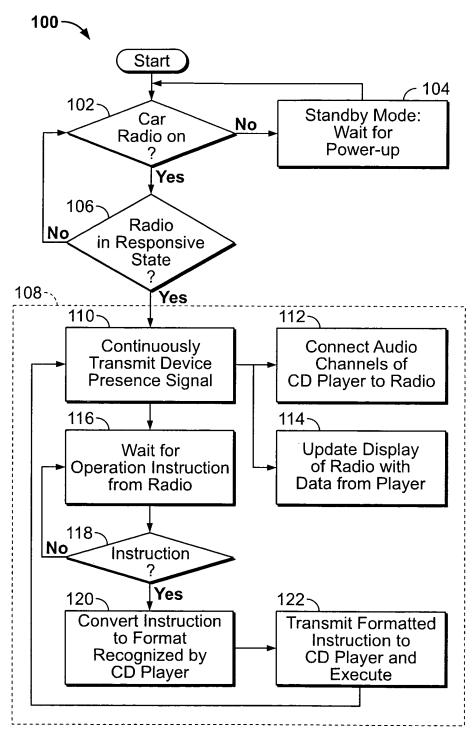


FIG. 4A

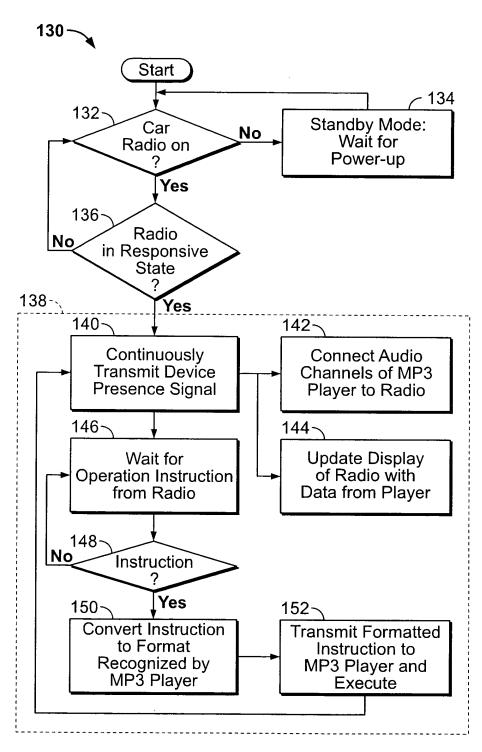


FIG. 4B

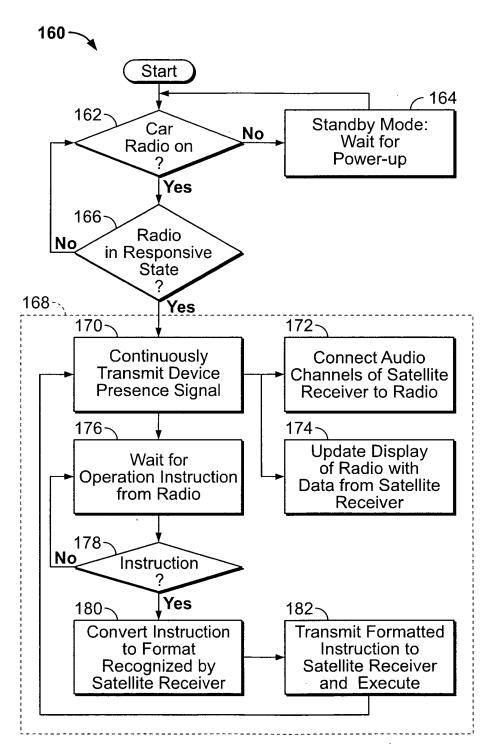


FIG. 4C

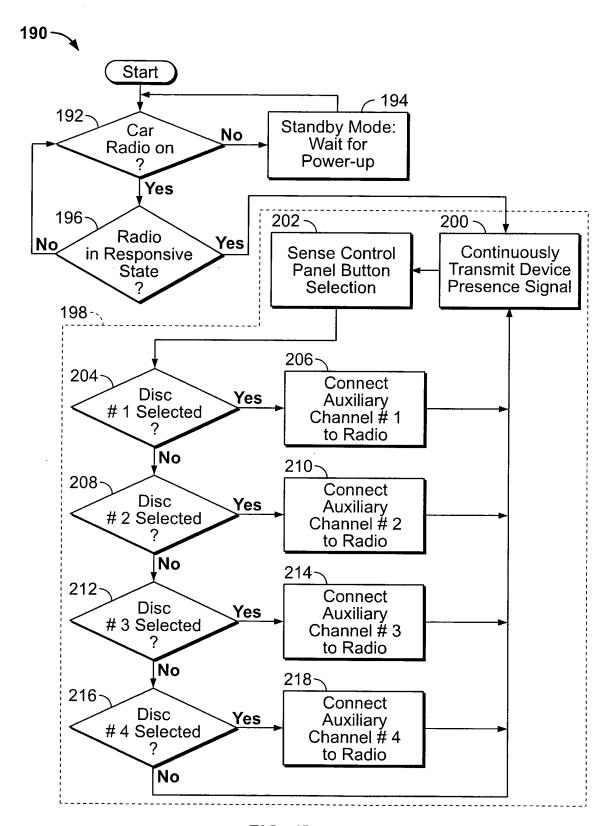


FIG. 4D

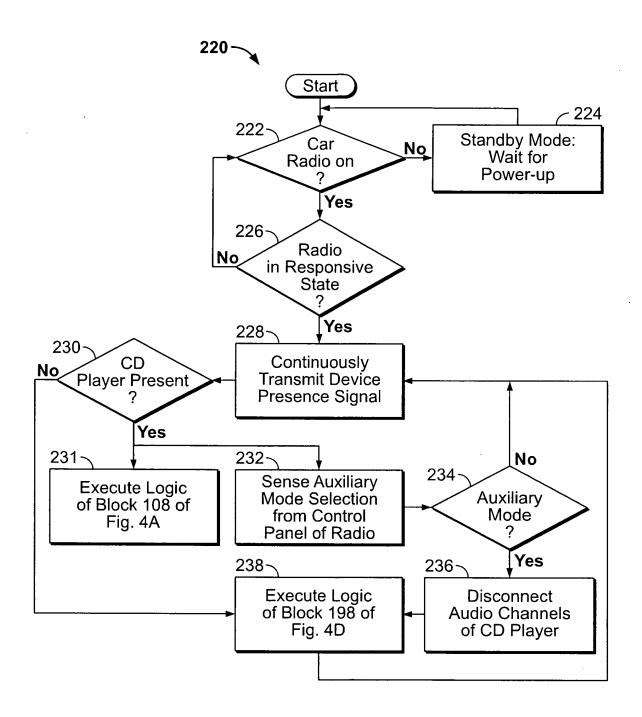


FIG. 4E

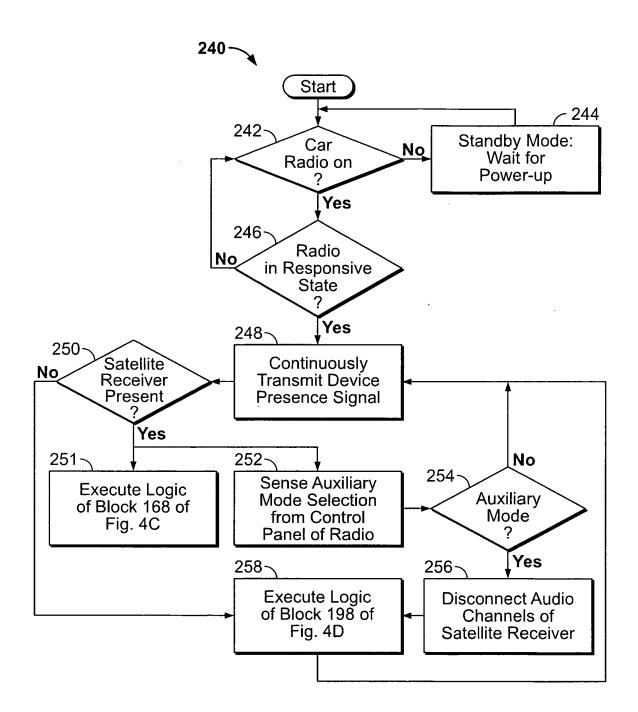


FIG. 4F

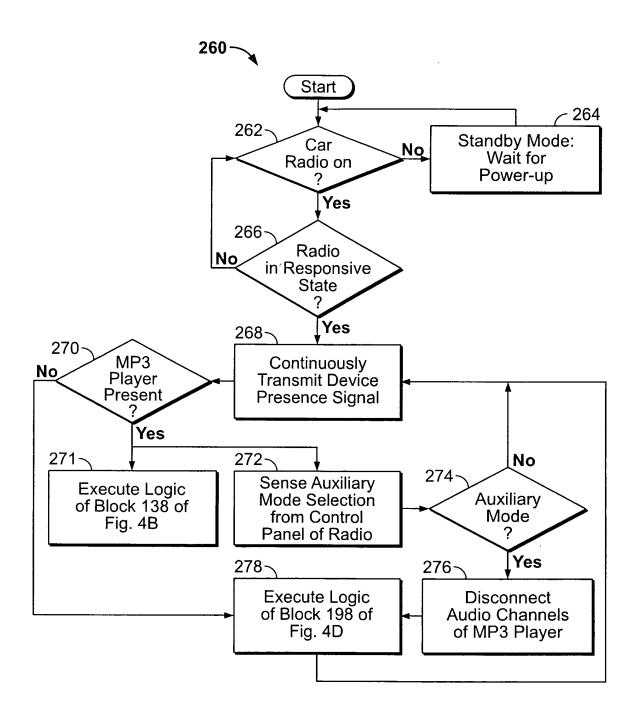


FIG. 4G

NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

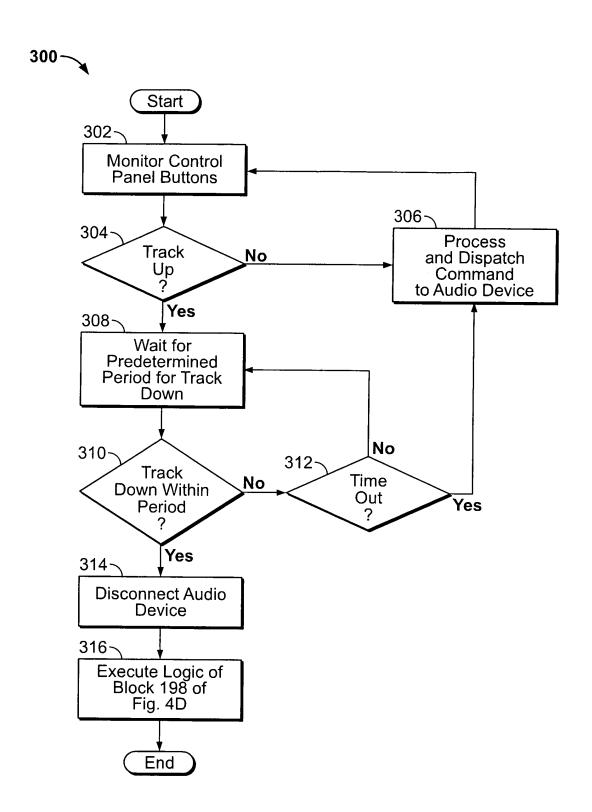


FIG. 5

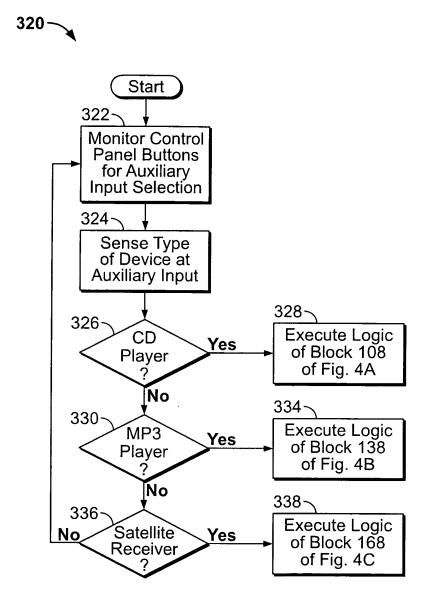


FIG. 6

NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe
Title: Multimedia Device Integration System

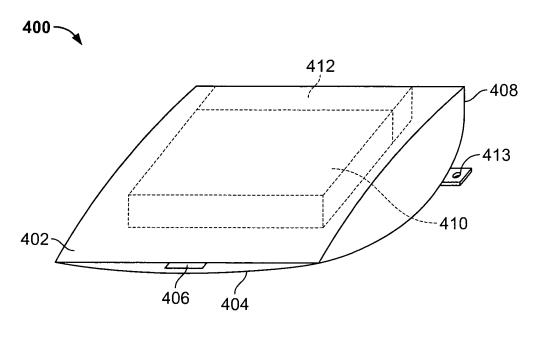


FIG. 7A

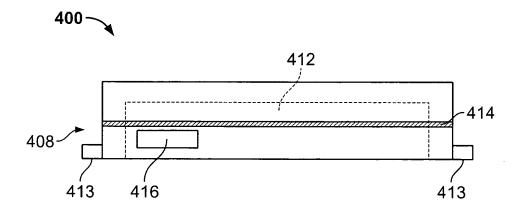
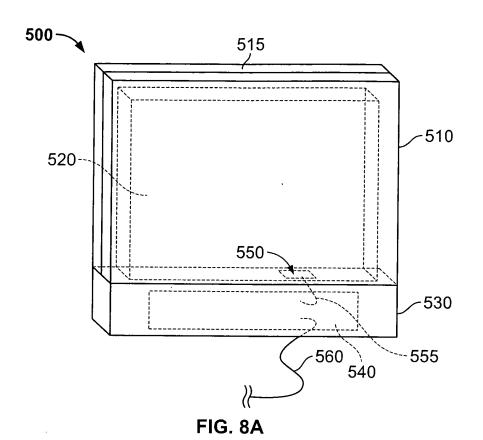
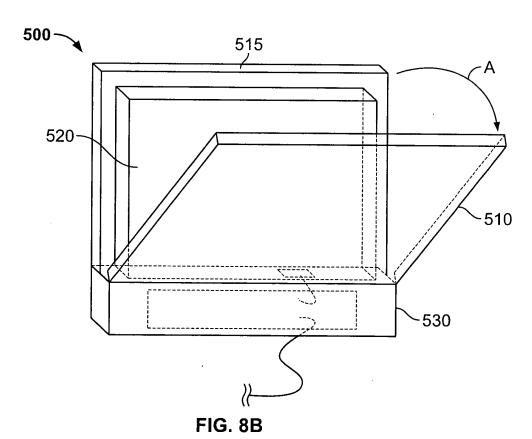


FIG. 7B

NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026 Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe Title: Multimedia Device Integration System





NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

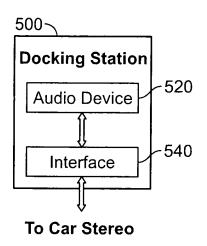


FIG. 9

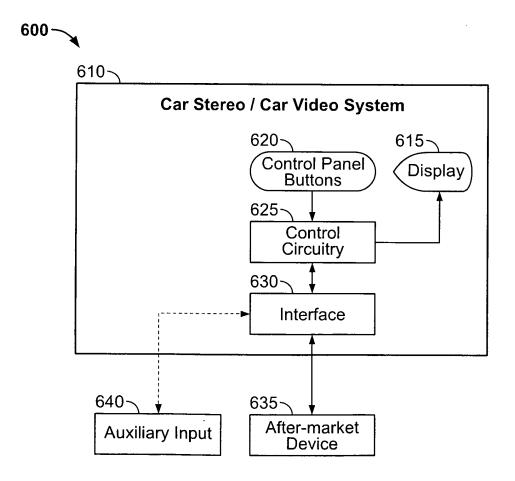
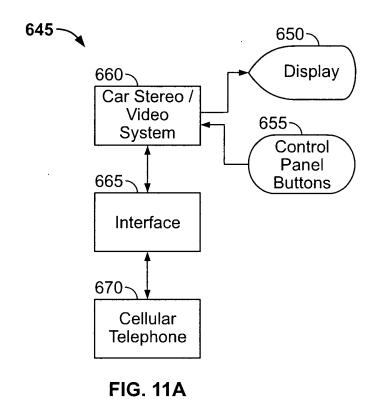


FIG. 10



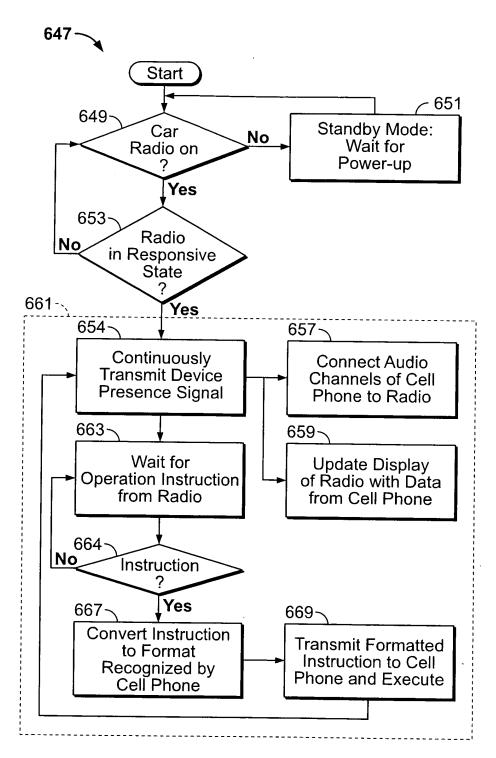


FIG. 11B

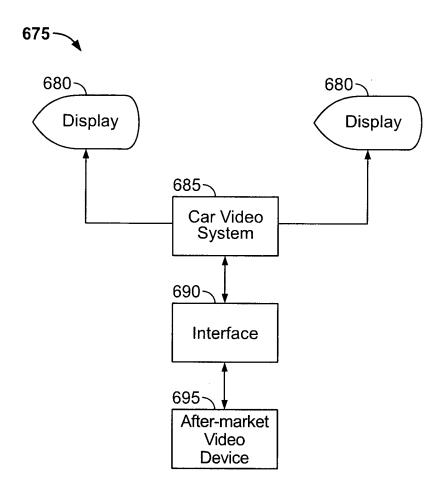
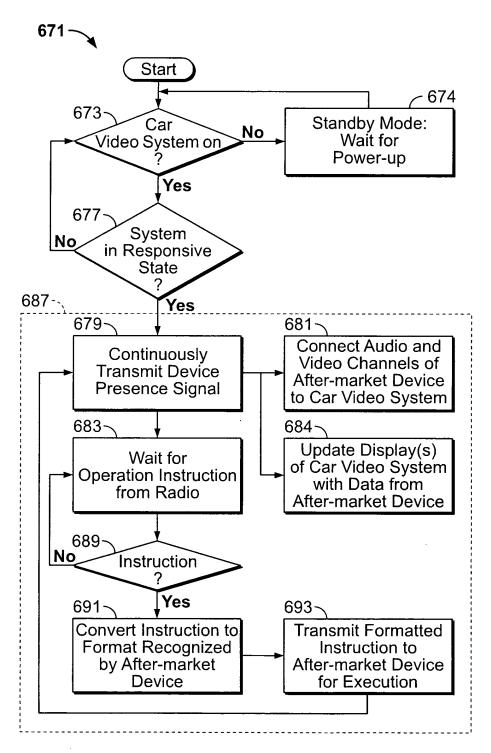


FIG. 12A

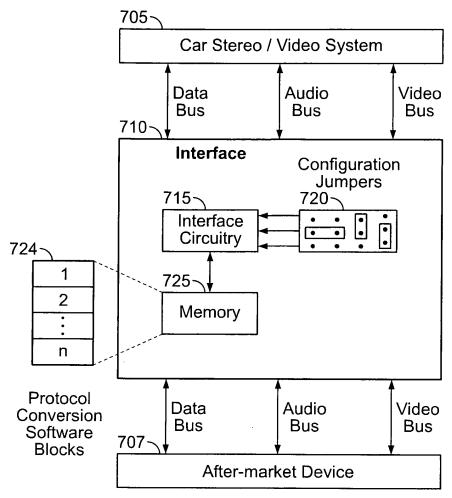


**FIG. 12B** 

NEW SHEET

Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe



**FIG. 13A** 

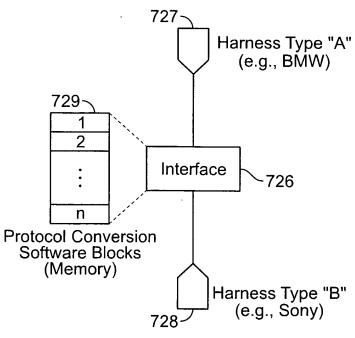


FIG. 13B

NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

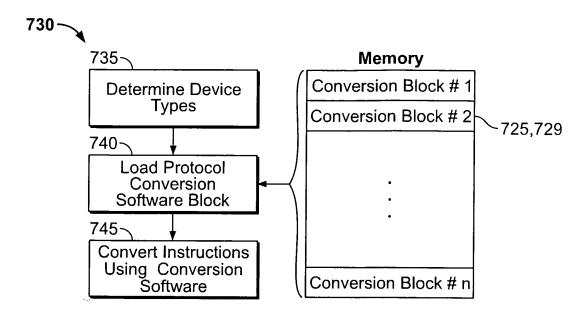
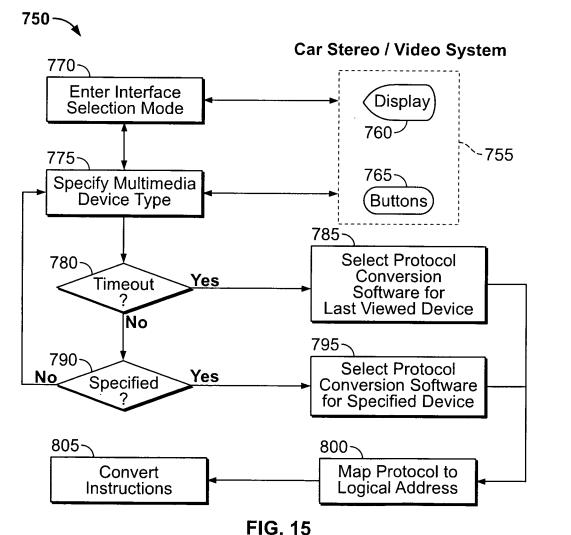


FIG. 14



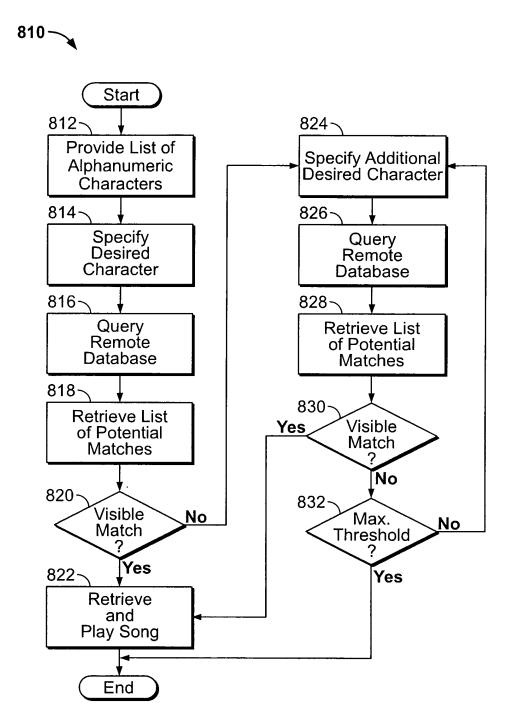


FIG. 16

NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

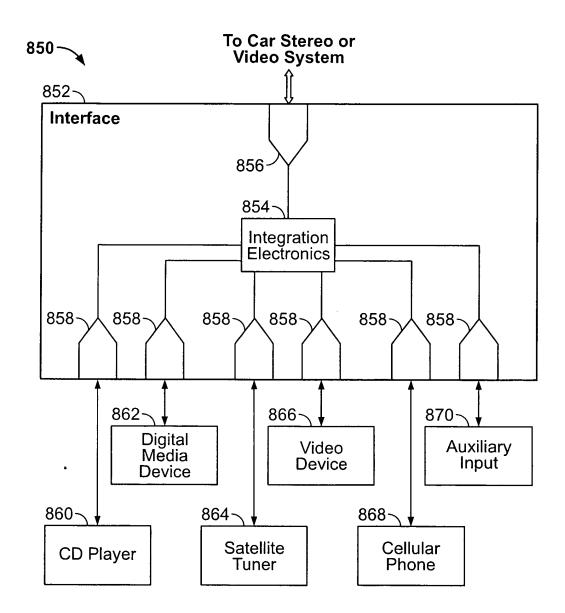


FIG. 17

NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

Portable Audio / Video Device

Wireless Interface

Integration Subsystem

**Device Electronics** 

External Interface Port

Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe

-930

928

Title: Multimedia Device Integration System

Car Audio / Video System

9/0

System Electronics

9/1

9/1

External Interface Port

Wireless Interface

Control Panel

920

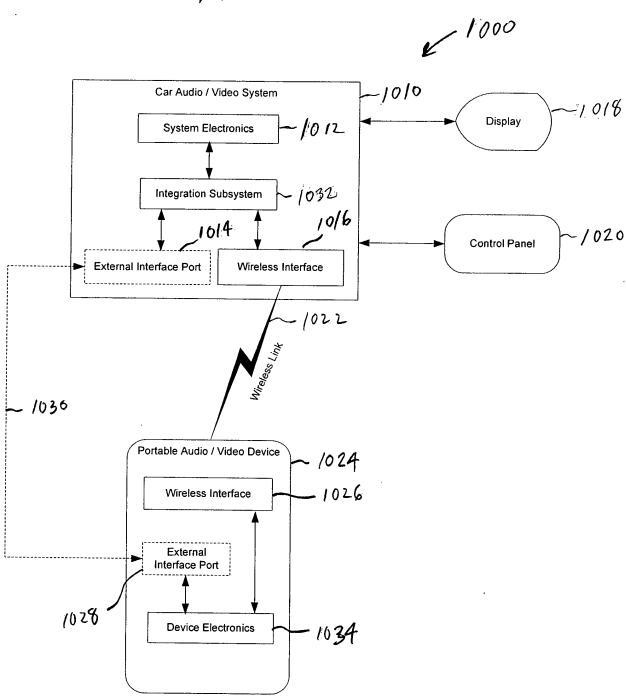
924

926

932

NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

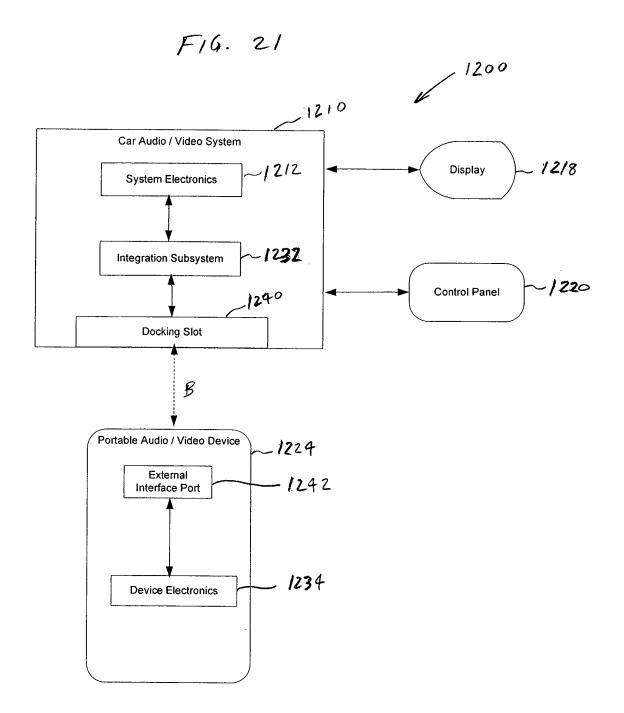
F-19.19



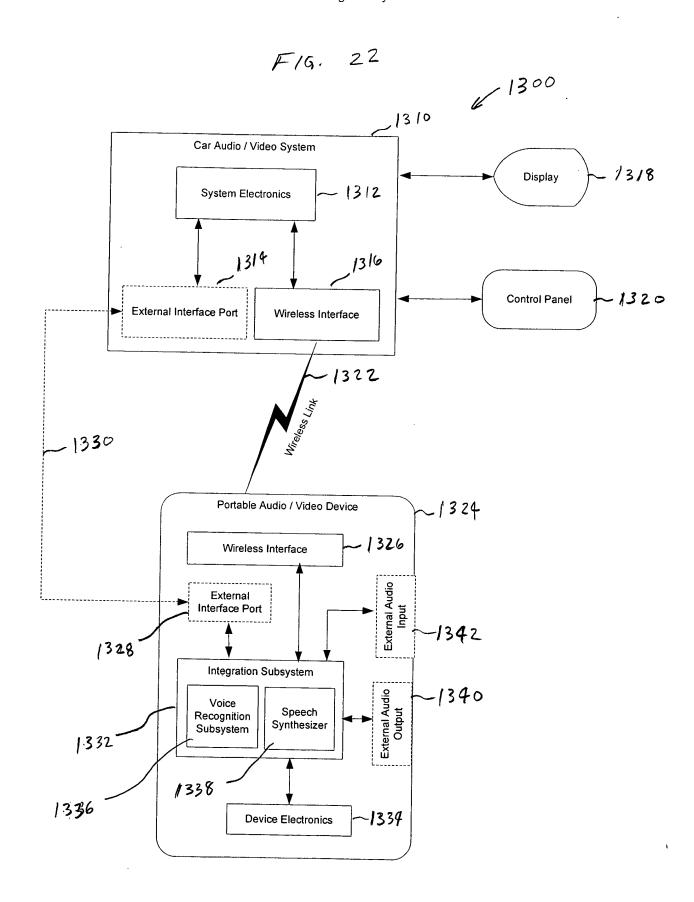
NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026

F19.20 1100 \_1110 Car Audio / Video System 1118 Display 1112 System Electronics -1120 1140 Control Panel **Docking Slot** A Portable Audio / Video Device 1124 External 1142 Interface Port 1132 Integration Subsystem 1134 **Device Electronics** 

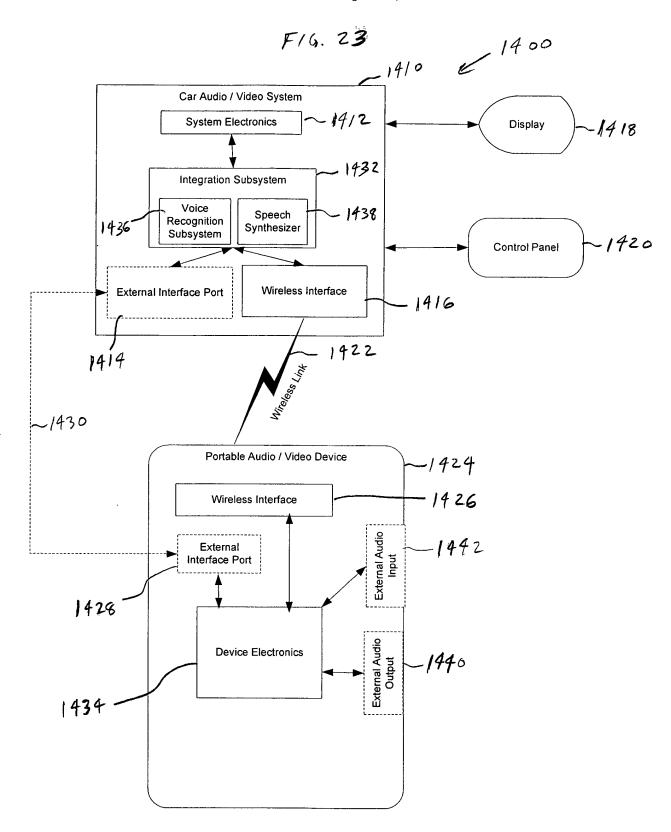
NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026 Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe



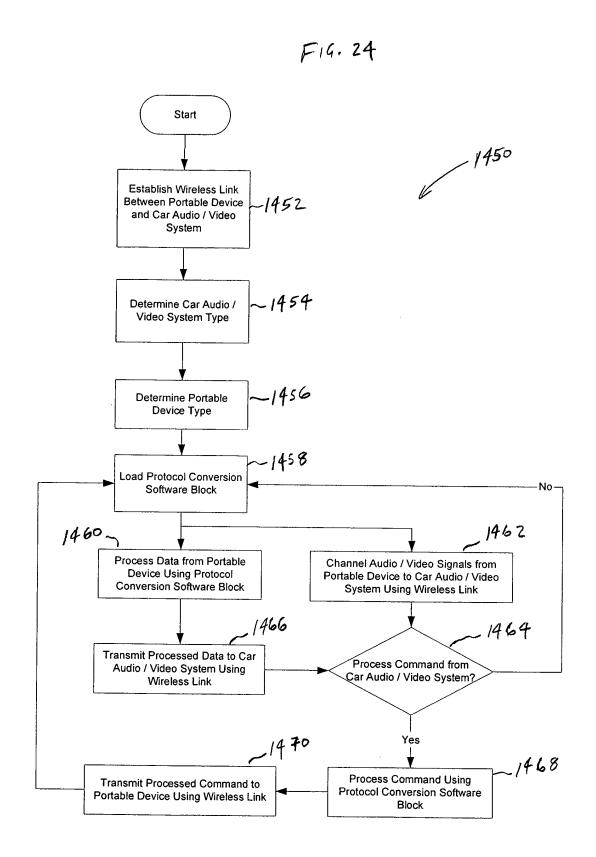
NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026



NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026 Inventor(s): Ira Marlowe



NEW SHEET Attorney Docket No.:99879-00026



Attorney Docket No. 99879-00026

### **DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**

(Patent, Design or C-I-P Application)

	attached hereto				
wa	s filed on	as Application Serial No		and was a	mended on
hereby state that I mendment referred t acknowledge the dut hereby claim foreign	have reviewed and und to above. ty to disclose information n priority benefits under	erstand the contents of the above which is material to patentability a 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) or §365(b)	e-entitled as defined of any fo	specification, including in 37 C.F.R. §1.56. preign application(s) 1	ing the claims, as amended by any for patent or inventor's certificate, or
entified below, by ch	International application hecking the box, any fore lication on which priority	eign application for patent or inven is claimed.	itor's certif	icate, or PCT Interna	States, listed below and have also tional application having a filing date
		PRIOR FOREIGN APP	LICATIO		BRIODITY CLAIMED
C	OUNTRY	APPLICATION NO.		DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119
-			ĺ		YES NO
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	YES NO
	LISTING OF FOREIG	SN APPLICATIONS CONTINUED	ON PAGE	2 HEREOF: YES	NO
		9(e) of any United States provisio			_
(/	Application Serial No.)		(Filing Da	ate)	
Aformation as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56 which ternational filing date of this application:  1/071,667  Application Serial No.) 0/732,909  Application Serial No.) 0/316,961		March 3, 2005 (Filing Date) December 10, 2003 (Filing Date) December 11, 2002		Pending (Status: patented, pending, abandoned) Pending (Status: patented, pending, abandoned) Pending (Status: patented, pending, abandoned)	
)/316,961		<u>December 11, 200</u>	<u>12</u>	Pending	patented, pending, abandoned)
D/316,961 Application Serial No POWER OF ATTOR all business in the F	RNEY: As a named inve	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  ntor, I hereby appoint the following fice connected therewith: RALPH	g attorney W. SELIT	Pending (Status: (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2	patented, pending, abandoned)
D/316,961 Application Serial No POWER OF ATTOF all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI	RNEY: As a named inverse and Trademark O M, Reg. No. 37,002; and	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  ntor, I hereby appoint the following fice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated	g attorney W. SELIT	Pending (Status: (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2 mer Number 27614.	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I
D/316,961 Application Serial No POWER OF ATTOR all business in the F	RNEY: As a named inverse and Trademark OM, Reg. No. 37,002; and NDENCE TO: Mice	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  ntor, I hereby appoint the following fice connected therewith: RALPH	g attorney W. SELIT	Pending (Status: (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I
D/316,961 Application Serial No POWER OF ATTOF all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI	RNEY: As a named inverse and Trademark O M, Reg. No. 37,002; and NDENCE TO: Mic McC	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  ntor, I hereby appoint the following fice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated that R. Friscia	g attorney W. SELIT	(s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2 omer Number 27614.	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I
0/316,961 pplication Serial No POWER OF ATTOF all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI	RNEY: As a named inversal and Trademark O M, Reg. No. 37,002; and NDENCE TO: Mic Mct	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the following fice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated that R. Friscia Carter & English, LLP r Gateway Center  Mulberry Street	g attorney W. SELIT	(s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2 omer Number 27614.	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I
0/316,961 Application Serial No POWER OF ATTOR all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI SEND CORRESPO	RNEY: As a named inversation of the control of the	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the following fice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated chael R. Friscia Carter & English, LLP r Gateway Center  Mulberry Street vark, NJ 07102	g attorney W. SELIT with Custo	Pending (Status: (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614. DIRECT TELEPHO CALLS TO:	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I
D/316,961 Application Serial No POWER OF ATTOF all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI SEND CORRESPO	RNEY: As a named inversal and Trademark O M, Reg. No. 37,002; and NDENCE TO: Mic Mct	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the following fice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated that R. Friscia Carter & English, LLP r Gateway Center  Mulberry Street	g attorney W. SELIT with Custo	Pending (Status: (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614. DIRECT TELEPHO CALLS TO:	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I
Distriction Serial Notation Serial Name of Inventor #1  Residence &	RNEY: As a named inverse attent and Trademark OM, Reg. No. 37,002; and NDENCE TO: Mic McG. Four 100 New Last Name: Marlowe City:	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the following file connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated chael R. Friscia Carter & English, LLP r Gateway Center  Mulberry Street vark, NJ 07102  First Name: Ira  State or For	g attorney W. SELIT with Custo	Pending (Status: (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614.  DIRECT TELEPHO CALLS TO:	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. II  DNE (973) 639-8493  Middle Name:
Distriction Serial Notation Serial Name of Inventor #1  Residence & Citizenship	RNEY: As a named inverse at and Trademark O M, Reg. No. 37,002; and NDENCE TO: Mic Mcc Four 100 New Last Name: Marlowe City: Fort Lee	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the following fifee connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated chael R. Friscia Carter & English, LLP r Gateway Center  Mulberry Street vark, NJ 07102  First Name:  Ira  State or For NJ	g attorney W. SELIT with Custo	(s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2 mer Number 27614.  DIRECT TELEPHO CALLS TO:	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I  DNE (973) 639-8493  Middle Name:  Country of Citizenship:  JSA
pplication Serial No POWER OF ATTOF all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI SEND CORRESPO  Full Name of inventor #1 Residence & Citizenship	RNEY: As a named inverse Patent and Trademark O M, Reg. No. 37,002; and Mic Mc Four 100 New Last Name:  Marlowe  City: Fort Lee  Post Office Address:	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the following fice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated chael R. Friscia Carter & English, LLP  r Gateway Center  Mulberry Street vark, NJ 07102  First Name:  Ira  State or For NJ  City:	g attorney W. SELIT with Custo	Pending (Status:  (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614.  DIRECT TELEPHO CALLS TO:	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. II  DNE (973) 639-8493  Middle Name:
POWER OF ATTOR all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI SEND CORRESPO  Full Name of Inventor #1 Residence & Citizenship Post Office Address Full Name of Inventor #2	RNEY: As a named inverse at and Trademark O M, Reg. No. 37,002; and NDENCE TO: Mic Mcc Four 100 New Last Name: Marlowe City: Fort Lee	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the following fifice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated that the process of the process	g attorney W. SELIT with Custo	Pending (Status:  (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614.  DIRECT TELEPHO CALLS TO:  Atry:  (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614.	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I  DNE (973) 639-8493  Middle Name:  Country of Citizenship:  JSA  State or Country and Zip Code:  NJ 07102  Middle Name:
POWER OF ATTOR all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI SEND CORRESPO Full Name of Inventor #1 Residence & Citizenship Post Office Address Full Name of Inventor #2 Residence &	RNEY: As a named inverse Patent and Trademark O M, Reg. No. 37,002; and Mic Mc Four 100 New Last Name:  Marlowe  City: Fort Lee Post Office Address: 6403 Hilltop Cour	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the followin Iffice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated hael R. Friscia Carter & English, LLP r Gateway Center Mulberry Street vark, NJ 07102    First Name:   Ira   State or For   NJ   City:   Fort Lee	g attorney W. SELIT with Custo	Pending (Status:  (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614.  DIRECT TELEPHO CALLS TO:  Atry:  (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614.	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I  DNE (973) 639-8493  Middle Name:  Country of Citizenship:  JSA  State or Country and Zip Code:  NJ 07102
pplication Serial No POWER OF ATTOR all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI SEND CORRESPO  Full Name of nventor #1 Residence & Citizenship Post Office Address  Full Name of nventor #2 Residence & Citizenship	RNEY: As a named inverse and an arrangement and Trademark O M, Reg. No. 37,002; and McG.  FOU.  100 New  Last Name: Marlowe  City: Fort Lee G Post Office Address: 6403 Hilltop Cour Last Name:  City: City:	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the following fifice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated that the process of the process	g attorney W. SELIT with Custo	Pending (Status:  (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614.  DIRECT TELEPHO CALLS TO:	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. IDNE (973) 639-8493  Middle Name:  Country of Citizenship:  JSA  State or Country and Zip Code:  NJ 07102  Middle Name:
POWER OF ATTOR all business in the F 33,884; JOHN K. KI SEND CORRESPO  Full Name of Inventor #1  Residence & Citizenship Post Office Address  Full Name of Inventor #2  Residence & Citizenship  Post Office Address  Full Name of Inventor #2  Residence & Citizenship  Post Office Address  hereby declare that is be true; and further imprisonment, or b	RNEY: As a named invertible of the control of the c	December 11, 200 (Filing Date)  Intor, I hereby appoint the following fice connected therewith: RALPH all other practitioners associated based on the practicioners associated based on	g attorney W. SELIT with Custo eign Cour eign Cour and that a willful fals	Pending (Status:  (s) and/or agent(s) to TO, JR., Reg. No. 2: omer Number 27614.  DIRECT TELEPHO CALLS TO:  Intry:  Other Number 27614.  Intry:  Other Number 276	patented, pending, abandoned)  patented, pending, abandoned)  prosecute this application and trans 6,996; MICHAEL R. FRISCIA, Reg. I  DNE (973) 639-8493  Middle Name:  Country of Citizenship:  JSA State or Country and Zip Code:  NJ 07102  Middle Name:  Country of Citizenship:

LISTING OF INVENTORS CONTINUED ON PAGE 2 HEREOF: YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO \_X

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. Application or Docket Number PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD Substitute for Form PTO-875 11.475,847 APPLICATION AS FILED - PART I OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY OR SMALL ENTITY (Column 1) (Column 2) **NUMBER FILED** NUMBER EXTRA FOR RATE (\$) FEE (\$) RATE (\$) FEE (\$) BASIC FEE 150 300 (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), or (c)) SEARCH FEE 250 500 (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), or (m)) **EXAMINATION FEE** 100 200 (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), or (q)) TOTAL CLAIMS 91 71 X\$ 25 1775 X\$50 (37 CFR 1.16(i)) minus 20 = OR INDEPENDENT CLAIMS 7 X\$100 400 X\$200 (37 CFR 1.16(h)) minus 3 = If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is APPLICATION SIZE \$250 (\$125 for small entity) for each additional FEE 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See (37 CFR 1.16(s)) 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 180 360 MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT (37 CFR 1.16(j)) **TOTAL** TOTAL If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2. 2675 1000 APPLICATION AS AMENDED - PART II OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY OR (Column 1) (Column 2) (Column 3) SMALL ENTITY CLAIMS HIGHEST ADDI-ADDI-PRESENT REMAINING NUMBER RATE (\$) TIONAL RATE (\$) TIONAL **AFTER** PREVIOUSLY **EXTRA** FEE (\$) FEE (\$) **AMENDMENT** AMENDMENT PAID FOR Total OR Minus X X (37 CFR 1.16(i)) Independent Minus = Х = = X (37 CFR 1.16(h)) OR Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s)) FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j)) 180 OR 360 TOTAL TOTAL OR ADD'T FEE ADD'T FEE (Column 1) (Column 2) (Column 3) OR CLAIMS HIGHEST ADDI-ADDI-REMAINING NUMBER **PRESENT** RATE (\$) TIONAL RATE (\$) TIONAL  $\mathbf{\omega}$ **AFTER** PREVIOUSLY **EXTRA** FEE (\$) FEE (\$) **AMENDMENT** AMENDMENT PAID FOR Total OR Minus = = Х X (37 CFR 1.16(i)) Independent Minus = = = X X (37 CFR 1.16(h)) OR Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s)) FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j)) N/A OR N/A TOTAL TOTAL OR

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. ADDRESS.

ADD'T FEE

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

ADD'T FEE

If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.

If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20".

If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3".

The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest number found in the appropriate box in column 1.



## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER FILING OR 371 (c) DATE FIRST NAMED APPLICANT ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER

11/475,847 06/27/2006 Ira Marlowe 99879-00026

27614 MCCARTER & ENGLISH, LLP FOUR GATEWAY CENTER 100 MULBERRY STREET NEWARK, NJ 07102 CONFIRMATION NO. 9001 FORMALITIES LETTER

Date Mailed: 07/25/2006

## NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION

FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

#### Filing Date Granted

## **Items Required To Avoid Abandonment:**

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items and pay any fees required below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The statutory basic filing fee is missing.
   Applicant must submit \$ 150 to complete the basic filing fee for a small entity.
- · The oath or declaration is unsigned.

The applicant needs to satisfy supplemental fees problems indicated below.

The required item(s) identified below must be timely submitted to avoid abandonment:

- Additional claim fees of \$2175 as a small entity, including any required multiple dependent claim fee, are required. Applicant must submit the additional claim fees or cancel the additional claims for which fees are due.
- To avoid abandonment, a surcharge (for late submission of filing fee, search fee, examination fee or oath or declaration) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(f) of \$65 for a small entity in compliance with 37 CFR 1.27, must be submitted with the missing items identified in this letter.

#### **SUMMARY OF FEES DUE:**

Total additional fee(s) required for this application is \$2865 for a Small Entity

- \$150 Statutory basic filing fee.
- \$65 Surcharge.
- The application search fee has not been paid. Applicant must submit \$250 to complete the search fee.

- The application examination fee has not been paid. Applicant must submit \$100 to complete the examination fee for a small entity in compliance with 37 CFR 1.27
- The specification and drawings contain more than 100 pages. Applicant owes \$125 for 38 pages in excess of 100 pages for a small entity in compliance with 37 CFR 1.27.
- Total additional claim fee(s) for this application is \$2175
  - \$400 for 4 independent claims over 3.
  - \$1775 for 71 total claims over 20.

Replies should be mailed to: N

Mail Stop Missing Parts

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

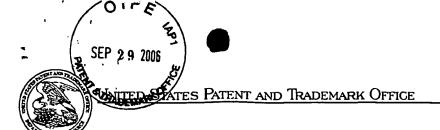
Alexandria VA 22313-1450

A copy of this notice MUST be returned with the reply.

Office of Initial Patent Examination (571) 272-4000, or 1-800-PTO-9199, or 1-800-972-6382

PART 3 - OFFICE COPY





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.unpto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371 (c) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER
11/475,847	06/27/2006	Ira Marlowe	99879-00026
27614	10/02/2008 @ASFA91	00000027 11475847 150.00 0P	CONFIRMATION NO. 9001 FORMALITIES
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72.77 (17)	06 FC:2051 07 FC:2081	65.00 GP 125.00 GP	Date Mailed: 07/25/2006

### NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION

FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

#### Filing Date Granted

## **Items Required To Avoid Abandonment:**

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items and pay any fees required below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The statutory basic filing fee is missing.
   Applicant must submit \$ 150 to complete the basic filing fee for a small entity.
- The oath or declaration is unsigned.

The applicant needs to satisfy supplemental fees problems indicated below.

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- To avoid abandonment, a surcharge (for late submission of filing fee, search fee, examination fee or oath or declaration) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(f) of \$65 for a small entity in compliance with 37 CFR 1.27, must be submitted with the missing items identified in this letter.

#### **SUMMARY OF FEES DUE:**

Total additional fee(s) required for this application is \$2865 for a Small Entity

- \$150 Statutory basic filing fee.
- \$65 Surcharge.
- The application search fee has not been paid. Applicant must submit \$250 to complete the search fee.

- The application examination fee has not been paid. Applicant must submit \$100 to complete the examination fee for a small entity in compliance with 37 CFR 1.27
- The specification and drawings contain more than 100 pages. Applicant owes \$125 for 38 pages in excess of 100 pages for a small entity in compliance with 37 CFR 1.27.
- Total additional claim fee(s) for this application is \$2175
  - \$400 for 4 independent claims over 3.
  - \$1775 for 71 total claims over 20.

Replies should be mailed to:

Mail Stop Missing Parts

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria VA 22313-1450

A copy of this notice <u>MUST</u> be returned with the reply.

Office of Initial Patent Examination (571) 272-4000, or 1-800-PTO-9199, or 1-800-972-6382
PART 2 - COPY TO BE RETURNED WITH RESPONSE

# SEP 2 9 2006

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Stop Missing raisommissioner for Patents

Rox 1450 Customer No. 27614 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 Examiner: Not Yet Assigned 99879-00026 Re: Our file: Art Unit: 2618 Applicant: Ira Marlowe Serial No.: 11/475,847 Filed: 06/27/20006 For: Multimedia Device Integration System Sir: Enclosed for filing in the United States Patent and Trademark Office is the following: 1. Response to Notice to File Missing Parts of Application Filing Date Granted 2. Copy of Notice to File Missing Parts Executed Declaration and Power of Attorney 3. Check in the amount of \$2,925.00 4. 5. Transmittal Sheet Postcard Receipt 6. **CONDITIONAL PETITION** If any extension of time is required for the submission of the above-identified items, Applicant requests that this be considered a petition therefor. Please charge any additional charges or any other charges relating to this matter, or credit any overpayment, to the Deposit Account of the writer, Account No. 503571. A duplicate copy of this letter is enclosed. Respectfully submitted, ael R. Friscia Registration No. 33,884 McCarter & English, LLP Four Gateway Center 100 Mulberry Street Newark, NJ 07102 Tel: (973) 639-8493 Fax: (973) 297-6627 Check One and Complete:

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY EXPRESS MAIL	
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the Unit	ed States Postal Service, postage
prepaid, as "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee," Mailing Label No.	US to the Commissioner for

By:\_\_\_\_\_

Janelle Fava

#### ☐ CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY FIRST CLASS MAIL

Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on .

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## Response To Notice To File Missing Parts Of Application Docket No. Filing Date Granted (PTO-1533)(Small Entity) 99879-00026 In Re Application Of: Ira Marlowe Application No. Filing Date Examiner Customer No. Group Art Unit Confirmation No. 11/475,847 06/27/2006 Not Yet Assigned 27614 2618 9001 Invention: Multimedia Device Integration System TO THE COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS: Mail Stop Missing Parts Completion of application fees as calculated below: □ Utility application basic fee \$150.00 Design application basic fee Search Fee \$250.00 $\boxtimes$ **Examination Fee** \$100.00 Total number of independent claims = 7 \$400.00 \$1,775.00 ☐ Multiple dependent claims Surcharge for late payment of filing fee and/or late filing of original declaration or oath \$65.00 Petition and fee for filing by other than all the inventors or a person not the inventor ☐ Fee for processing an application filed with a non-English language specification Application size fee for total pages in excess of 100 pages \$125.00 Total completion of application fees \$2,865.00 This is a request under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) to extend the period for filing a response to the above-identified Notice to File Missing Parts of Application. The requested extension is as follows (check time period desired). If an additional time extension is required, please consider this a petition therefor. ☐ Two months ☐ Three months ☐ Five months ☐ Four months from: 09/25/2006 until: 10/25/2006 Date Total time extension fees \$60.00 Total fees due \$2,925.00

[Page 2 of 3]

PERMANARES

## Response To Notice To File Missing Parts Of Application Filing Date Granted (PTO-1533) (Small Entity)

Docket No. 99879-00026

In Re Application Of: Ira Marlowe

Application No.	Filing Date	Examiner	Customer No.	Group Art Unit	Confirmation No.
11/475,847	06/27/2006	Not Yet Assigned	27614	2618	9001

Invention: Multimedia Device Integration System

## TO THE COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS:

Mail Stop Missing Parts

The fee of \$2,925.00 is to be paid as follows:

- A check in the amount of the fee is enclosed.
- The Director is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 503571
- If an additional extension of time is required, please consider this a petition therefor and charge any additional fees which may be required to Deposit Account No. 503571
- ☐ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.

WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.

Michael R. Friscia Registration No. 33,884 McCarter & English, LLP Four Gateway Center 100 Mulberry Street Newark, NJ 07102 Tel: (973) 639-8493

Fax: (973) 297-6627

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to "Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450" [37 CFR 1.8(a)] on

9/27/06

Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence

Janelle Fava

Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Correspondence

CC:

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{	all business in the Pa	stent and Tradem	d inventor, I hereby appoint and office connected there is and all other practitions	nt the following attorn	ney(s) end/or agent(s	) to prosect	ite this application	and transact
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		DENCE TO:	Michael R. Friscia McCarter & English, LL		DIRECT TELEP	HONE		-
į			Four Galeway Center		CALLS TO:	(973)	839-8493	
H			100 Mulberry Street					
#	Full Name of	Last Name:	No.vark, NJ 071()2					
1	Inventor #1	Marlowe		First Name:   Ira		Middle Na	lme:	
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and bellef are bolieved to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

NJ

City:

Fort Lee

First Name:

State or Foreign Country:

Full Name of

Inventor #2 Residence &

Citizenship

Post Office Address

Post Office Address

Post Office Address:

6403 Hilltop Court

Post Office Address:

Last Name:

City:

Signature of Inventor	Signature of Inventor #2
Date: 9/22/2006	Dale:
LISTING OF INVENTORS CONTINUED ON PAGE 2 HEREDF: YES	NO Y

MŒ1\5719898.1

Country of Citizenship:

State or Country and Zip Code: NJ 07102

State or Country and Zip Code:

USA

Middle Name:



06/27/2006

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO. Box 1450 Alexandria, Vrignia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(c) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE

Ira Marlowe

**CONFIRMATION NO. 9001** 

99879-00026

27614 MCCARTER & ENGLISH, LLP FOUR GATEWAY CENTER 100 MULBERRY STREET NEWARK, NJ07102

11/475.847

**Title:** Multimedia device integration system **Publication No.** US-2007-0015486-A1

Publication Date: 01/18/2007

#### NOTICE OF PUBLICATION OF APPLICATION

The above-identified application will be electronically published as a patent application pursuant to 37 CFR 1.211, et seq. The patent application publication number and publication date are set forth above.

The publication may be accessed through the USPTO's publically available Searchable Databases via the Internet at www.uspto.gov. The direct link to access the publication is currently http://www.uspto.gov/patft/.

The publication process established by the Office does not provide for mailing a copy of the publication to applicant. A copy of the publication may be obtained from the Office upon payment of the appropriate fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.19(a)(1). Orders for copies of patent application publications are handled by the USPTO's Office of Public Records. The Office of Public Records can be reached by telephone at (703) 308-9726 or (800) 972-6382, by facsimile at (703) 305-8759, by mail addressed to the United States Patent and Trademark Office, Office of Public Records, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 or via the Internet.

In addition, information on the status of the application, including the mailing date of Office actions and the dates of receipt of correspondence filed in the Office, may also be accessed via the Internet through the Patent Electronic Business Center at www.uspto.gov using the public side of the Patent Application Information and Retrieval (PAIR) system. The direct link to access this status information is currently http://pair.uspto.gov/. Prior to publication, such status information is confidential and may only be obtained by applicant using the private side of PAIR.

Further assistance in electronically accessing the publication, or about PAIR, is available by calling the Patent Electronic Business Center at 703-305-3028.

Pre-Grant Publication	n Division 703-6	505-4283	

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Customer No. 27614

fail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Examiner: Not Yet Assigned

Art Unit: 2618

Re:

Our file:

99879-00026

Applicant:

Ira Marlowe 11/475,847

Serial No.: Filed:

06/27/2006

For:

Multimedia Device Integration System

Sir:

Enclosed for filing in the United States Patent and Trademark Office is the following:

- 1. Transmittal of Information Disclosure Statement
- 2. Form PTO-1449 (12 pages)
- Copies of References 10, 11, 21, 22, 32, 33, 40, 41, 47, 48 and 54-120 from Form PTO-1449 3.
- 4. Transmittal Sheet
- 5 Postcard Receipt

#### **CONDITIONAL PETITION**

If any extension of time is required for the submission of the above-identified items, Applicant requests that this be considered a petition therefor. Please charge any additional charges or any other charges relating to this matter, or credit any overpayment, to the Deposit Account of the writer, Account No. 503571. A duplicate copy of this letter is enclosed.

Respectfully submitted,

Registration No. 33,884 McCarter & English, LLP Four Gateway Center 100 Mulberry Street Newark, NJ 07102

Tel: (973) 639-8493 Fax: (973) 297-6627

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TRA	TRANSMITTAL OF INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (Under 37 CFR 1.97(b) or 1.97(c))  Docket No. 99879-00026								
In Re Ar	pplication Of	f: Ira Marlowe		<del>' -</del>					
Applic	Application No. Filing Date Examiner Customer No. Group Art Unit Confirmation No.								
· 11/4	175,847	06/27/2006	Not Yet Assigned	27614	2618	9001			
Title:	Multimedia 1	Device Integration Sy	ystem						
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TRAD	EMAT		P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-14						
			37 CFR 1.97(b)						
1. 🗵	The Information Disclosure Statement submitted herewith is being filed within three months of the filing of a national application other than a continued prosecution application under 37 CFR 1.53(d); within three months of the date of entry of the national stage as set forth in 37 CFR 1.491 in an international application; before the mailing of a first Office Action on the merits, or before the mailing of a first Office Action after the filing of a request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114.								
			37 CFR 1.97(c)						
2.	2.   The Information Disclosure Statement submitted herewith is being filed after the period specified in 37 CFR 1.97(b), provided that the Information Disclosure Statement is filed before the mailing date of a Final Action under 37 CFR 1.113, a Notice of Allowance under 37 CFR 1.311, or an Action that otherwise closes prosecution in the application, and is accompanied by one of:								
	☐ the s	statement specified in	n 37 CFR 1.97(e);						
		•	OR						
	☐ the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(p).								

P10A/REV06

### TRANSMITTAL OF INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT Docket No. (Under 37 CFR 1.97(b) or 1.97(c)) 99879-00026 Ira Marlowe In Re Application of: Customer No. Group Art Unit Confirmation No. Application No. Filing Date Examiner 11/475,847 06/27/2006 9001 Not Yet Assigned 27614 2618 Title: Multimedia Device Integration System FEB 2 0 2007 Payment of Fee (Only complete if Applicant elects to pay the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(p)) A check in the amount of is attached. ☑ The Director is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. 503571 as described below. Charge the amount of XCredit any overpayment. Charge any additional fee required. ☐ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038. Certificate of Transmission by Facsimile\* Certificate of Mailing by First Class Mail I certify that this document and authorization to charge deposit I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited account is being facsimile transmitted to the United States with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage Patent and Trademark Office (Fa: as first class mail in an envelope addressed to "Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450" [37] CFR 1.8(a)] on 20100(Date) (Date) Signature nature of Person Mailing Correspondence Janelle Fava Typed or Printed Name of Person Signing Certificate Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Certificate \*This certificate may only be used if paying by deposit account. Dated: nature Michael R. Friscia Registration No. 33,884 McCarter & English, LLP Four Gateway Center 100 Mulberry Street Newark, NJ 07102 Tel: (973) 639-8493 Fax: (973) 297-6627 CC: P10A/REV06

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	1		93,615	01/31/2006	Falcon		710	303	11/15/20	002
	2	6,62	29,164	09/30/2003	Bhogal,	et al.	711	111	11/03/20	000
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Form PTO-A820 (also form PTO-1449) Patent and Trademark Office\* U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Petitioners
Ex. 1014 - Page 157 12

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Docket Number (Optional)	Application Number
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Ira Marlowe	
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Application Number			
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#### (Use several sheets if necessary) 06/27/2006 2618 U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS EXAMINER FILING DATE REF CLASS SUBCLASS DOCUMENT NUMBER DATE NAME INITIAL. IF APPROPRIATE 34 6,052,603 04/18/2000 Kinzalow, et al. 455 557 09/18/1997 35 6,005,488 340 825.56 12/21/1999 Symanov, et al. 12/03/1997 36 701 1 5,794,164 08/11/1998 Beckert, et al. 11/29/1995 37 395 500 09/17/1993 5,410,675 04/25/1995 Shreve, et al. 38 5,339,362 08/16/1994 Harris 381 86 01/07/1992 U.S. PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS EXAMINER FILING DATE REF DOCUMENT NUMBER CLASS SUBCLASS DATE NAME INITIAL IF APPROPRIATE 700 US 2001/0044664 A1 11/22/2001 Mueller, et al. 94 03/23/2001 FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS Translation REF DOCUMENT NUMBER DATE SUBCLASS COUNTRY CLASS YES NO OTHER DOCUMENTS (Including Author, Title, Date, Pertinent Pages, Etc.) "Delphi XM SKYFI(TM) RADIO," product description from XM Satellite Radio website (2 pages). 40 The New Delphi XM SKYFi Radio Add it to Any Car or Home Audio System, product description from www.xmradio.com (1 page). 41

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Applicant(s) Ira Marlowe	
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#### (Use several sheets if necessary) 06/27/2006 2618 **U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS** EXAMINER FILING DATE DOCUMENT NUMBER DATE NAME CLASS SUBCLASS INITIAL IF APPROPRIATE 42 4,943,978 07/24/1990 375 01/17/1989 Rice 43 4,817,130 03/28/1989 Frimmel, Jr. 379 88 12/05/1986 44 88 Re. 34,536 02/08/1994 Frimmel, Jr. 379 06/28/1990 45 4,772,079 09/20/1988 312 257 09/26/1986 Douglas, et al. 46 4,562,533 12/31/1985 Hodel, et al. 364 200 08/20/1984 U.S. PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS \*EXAMINER FILING DATE REF DOCUMENT NUMBER DATE NAME CLASS SUBCLASS INITIAL IF APPROPRIATE FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS Translation REF DOCUMENT NUMBER DATE COUNTRY CLASS SUBCLASS YES NO OTHER DOCUMENTS (Including Author, Title, Date, Pertinent Pages, Etc.) Mobile Electronics: News, "Soundgate to Release New GM and BMW Interfaces," December 2, 2002, ME-Mag.com (1 page). 47 "Welcome to Ventura Technology," from Venturatechnology.com (2 pages). 48

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	50	4,091,455	05/23/1978	Woods,	et al.	364	200	12/20/1976	
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	82	Invoice dated April 26, 1999 from Precision Interfa GM-Kenwood Protocol" (1 page).	Invoice dated April 26, 1999 from Precision Interface Electronics, Inc. for "9 Pin GM-Kenwood Protocol," and "10 Pin GM-Kenwood Protocol" (1 page).			
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	85	Invoice dated March 20, 2000 from Precision Interf		\ <b>.</b> 37		
	86	Invoice dated March 20, 2000 from Precision Interface Electronics, Inc. for "98-2000 Pre-Wired VW 8 DIS," and "1998-2000 Audi to Pan 8 PC" (1 page).				
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	89	Invoice dated May 29, 2002 from Precision Interface Electronics, Inc. for "95-01 GMC/Chev/Pontiac AUX," and "98-02 Ford/Lincoln/Merc AU" (1 page).				
	90	Toyota/Avox Interface Rev. Eng., Peripheral Model TIAS, created February 15, 1998 (1 page).				
	91	GM/Kenwood Translator diagram, created Februar	ry 4, 1999 (2 pages).			
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		"The UniLink Project," printout from website (2 pages).				
	99					
		"CD Changer Interfaces, "printout from http://web.archive.org/web/19991012021952/soundgate.com/cd-inter.html (1 page).				
-	100	Page).				
		"Digital Obsessions A Spotlight on Audio Gadgetry http://web.archive.org/web/20000815203327/music.	, ZDNet Music: The PhatNoise Car Azdnet.com/features/phatnoise (3 page	Audio System," printout from es).		
	101					
		"Bypassing and Switching With the CD4053 CMOS Analog MUX," printout from website (4 pages).				
	102					
		"Device Profile: PhatNoise PhatBox Car MP3 Play http://techupdate.zdnet.com/techupdate/stories/mai				
	103	( F. B. C. )				
EXAMINER			DATE CONSIDERED			

\*EXAMINER: Initial if citation considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP Section 609; Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

(Use several sheets if necessary)

Docket Number (Optional)	Application Number	
99879-00026	11/475,847	
Applicant(s)		
Applicant(s) Ira Marlowe		
Filing Date	Group Art Unit	
06/27/2006	2618	

			06/27/2006	2618
*EXAMINER INITIAL		OTHER DOCUMENTS (Including Author, Title	e, Date, Pertinent Pages, Etc.)	
	104	"The EZ Protoboard," printout from http://web.archive.org/web/20010613095105/http:/www.ajusd.org/~edward/ezproto (2 pages).		
	105	"TDIClub Forums: Reverse Engineering CD Chan	ger Progress,," April 3, 2001, printou	t from website (3 pages).
	106	"TDIClub Forums: Reverse Engineering CD Chan	ger Progress Reports,," April 5, 2001	, printout from website (8 pages).
	107	"Multi Technology Equipment - Home of the Neo M http://web.archive.org/web/20010413222617/ssiame	1P3 Player," printout from rica.com/products/neo35/ (1 page).	
	108	"TDIClub Forums: Reverse Engineering CD Chan	ger Protocol Update," April 18, 2001	printout from website (3 pages).
	109	"The Car CD Changer Interface Page," printout fr	om website (10 pages).	
	110	"SourceForge.net: Project Info - GNUlink," printo	ut from http://sourceforge.net/projec	ts/gnunilink/ (3 pages).
	111	"EZ Protoboard News," printout from website (3 p	ages).	
	112	"GNUnilink - For All Your AUX-IN Needs, "prin	tout from http://gnunilink.sourcefor	ge.net/ (4 pages).
	113	"VWCDPIC News, "printout from http://web.arch (8 pages).	ive.org/web/20020701101541/http:/w	ww.ajusd.org/~edward/vwcdpic/
	114	"VWCDPIC News, "printout from http://web.arch (10 pages).	ive.org/web/20021009014959/http:/wv	ww.ajusd.org/~edward/vwcdpic/
	115	"Neo Car Jukebox MP3 Player," printout from we	bsite (3 pages).	
EXAMINER			DATE CONSIDERED	

\*EXAMINER: Initial if citation considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP Section 609; Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

(Use several sheets if necessary)

Docket Number (Optional)	Application Number
99879-00026 11/475,847	
Applicant(s) Ira Marlowe	
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06/27/2006	2618

			06/27/2006	2618
*EXAMINER		OTHER DOCUMENTS (Including Author, Title	e, Date, Pertinent Pages, Etc.)	
INITIAL		"Mobile Electronic E-Newsletter" dated January 1	3, 2005 (4 pages)	
	116			
		"Axxess Introduces Two iPod Integration Units" pr	roduct description dated January 1	9, 2005 (1 page).
	117			
		"Even More iPod Adapters On the Way," printout	from twice.com website (2 pages).	
	118	-	-	
<del></del>		"Alpine Showing First MOST-Ready Product," pri	ntout from twice.com website (2 p	ages).
	119			
		"Bluetooth Gradually Enters Car Audio," prinout	from twice com währite (2 nages)	
		Diuetooth Gradually Effects Car Addio, prinout	nom twice.com website (2 pages).	
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\*EXAMINER: Initial if citation considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP Section 609; Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
11/475,847	06/27/2006	Ira Marlowe	99879-00026	9001
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FOUR GATEW	AY CENTER		KURR, JASON RICHARD	
100 MULBERF NEWARK, NJ			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1127711111, 113 07102			2615	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/09/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Comments	11/475,847	MARLOWE, IRA		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	JASON R. KURR	2615		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).				
Status				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 Ju</u>	ne 2006.			
	action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-91</u> is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) 1-91 are subject to restriction and/or	☐ Claim(s) <u>1-91</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r			
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce		Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		, ,		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 25 LLS C & 110(a)	(d) or (f)		
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 0.5.0. § 119(a)	-(d) or (i).		
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior				
application from the International Bureau	·	d in this National Stage		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	, ,,	d		
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Attachment(s)		(PTO 440)		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>	4) ∐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal Pa			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) L Other:			

## **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-90, drawn to a system and method of integrating a portable device with a car audio/video system, classified in class 381, subclass 86.
- II. Claim 91, drawn to a docking station comprising a base portion, a bottom member and a top member, classified in class 710, subclass 303.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons: Inventions I and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination (I) as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination (II) as claimed because the communication between the portable device and the car audio/video system is not solely based on a docking station having the structure described in the subcombination. The combination describes other means of communication such as wireless communication or a docking slot within the car audio/video system. The subcombination has separate utility such as providing power to a portable device.

The examiner has required restriction between combination and subcombination inventions. Where applicant elects a subcombination, and claims thereto are

Art Unit: 2615

subsequently found allowable, any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of the allowable subcombination will be examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. See MPEP § 821.04(a). Applicant is advised that if any claim presented in a continuation or divisional application is anticipated by, or includes all the limitations of, a claim that is allowable in the present application, such claim may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application.

Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C.101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention. If an election of group I is made, a further election of a related species must also be made.

Group I: Species 1 is drawn to the use of a first and second wireless interface as the communication means between the car audio/video system and the portable device, as in figures 18-19 and 22-23, claims 1-38 and 71-90.

Group I: Species 2 is drawn to the use of a docking slot as the communication means between the car audio/video system and the portable device, as in figures 20-21, claims 39-70.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

Art Unit: 2615

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JASON R. KURR whose telephone number is (571)272-0552. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 10:00am to 6:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivian Chin can be reached on (571) 273-7848. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 11/475,847 Page 6

Art Unit: 2615

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jason R Kurr/ Examiner, Art Unit 2615

/Vivian Chin/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2615

In	dex	of C	laims	

Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination
11/475,847	MARLOWE, IRA
Examiner	Art Unit

√ Rejected
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JASON R. KURR

Α	Appeal
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Application	Number

Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination					
11/475,847	MARLOWE, IRA					
Examiner	Art Unit					
JASON R. KURR	2615					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Part of Paper No. 20080904

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:

Ira Marlowe

Serial No.:

11/475,847

Filed:

06/27/2006

Title:

Multimedia Device Integration System

Examiner:

Kurr, Jason R.

Art Unit:

2614

# **Mail Stop Amendment**

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

## RESPONSE

Sir:

This is a response to the outstanding Restriction Requirement mailed September 9, 2008.

The time period for response is extendible to and including March 9, 2009.

Amendments to the Claims begin on page 2 of this response.

Remarks begin on page 22 of this response.

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Original) A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car audio system having a display associated therewith;

a portable device external to the car audio system;

a first wireless interface in communication with the car audio system;

a second wireless interface in communication with the portable device, the first and second wireless interfaces establishing a wireless communications link between the car audio system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car audio system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem transmits the device presence signal to the car audio system, channels audio from the portable device to the car audio system using the wireless communications link, processes video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system, and transmits the processed video information to the car audio system using the wireless communications link for displaying the processed video information on the display of the car audio system.

2. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem processes data generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system and displays the processed data on the display of the car audio system.

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3. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands issued at the car audio system and transmitted over the wireless communications link, processes the commands into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

4. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

5. (Original) The system of Claim 4, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.

6. (Original) The system of Claim 4, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.

7. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the car audio system comprises an OEM car audio system.

8. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the car audio system comprises an after-market car audio system.

9. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.

10. (Original) The system of Claim 10, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio

broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.

11. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital

media player.

12. (Original) The system of Claim 11, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a

video device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a

WMV player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.

13. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular

telephone.

14. (Original) The system of Claim 1, further comprising a non-wireless connection established

between the car audio system and the portable device for exchanging data, commands, audio and

video signals between the car audio system and the portable device.

15. (Original) The	system of Claim 1,	wherein the integration	subsystem is positi	oned within the
portable device.				

16. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car audio system.

17. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the video information comprises a video file stored on the portable device.

18. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the video information comprises a picture stored on the portable device.

19. (Original) The system of Claim 1, wherein the video information comprises a television signal received by the portable device.

20. (Original) A multimedia device inte gration system comprising:

a car video system having a display associated therewith;

a portable device external to the car video system;

a first wireless interface in communication with the car video system;

a second wireless interface in communication with the portable device, the first and

second wireless interfaces establishing a wireless communications link between the car video

system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car

video system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem

transmits the device presence signal to the car video system, channels audio from the portable

device to the car video system using the wireless communications link, processes video

information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system,

and transmits the processed video information to the car video system using the wireless

communications link for displaying the processed video information on the display of the car

video system.

21. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem processes data

generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system and displays

the processed data on the display of the car video system.

22. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands issued at the car video system and transmitted over the wireless communications link, processes the commands into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

23. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

24. (Original) The system of Claim 23, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.

25. (Original) The system of Claim 23, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.

26. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the car video system comprises an OEM car video system.

27. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the car video system comprises an after-market car video system.

28. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.

29. (Original) The system of Claim 28, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.

30. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media player.

31. (Original) The system of Claim 30, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.

32. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.

33. (Original) The s ystem of Claim 20, further comprising a non-wireless connection established between the car video system and the portable device for exchanging data, commands, audio and video signals between the car video system and the portable device.

34. (Original) The	system of Claim 20,	wherein the	integration	subsystem	is positioned	within
the portable device						

- 35. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car video system.
- 36. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the video information comprises a video file stored on the portable device.
- 37. (Original) The s ystem of Claim 20, wherein the video information comprises a picture stored on the portable device.
- 38. (Original) The system of Claim 20, wherein the video information comprises a television signal received by the portable device.

39. (Original) A multimedia device inte gration system comprising:

a car audio system;

a portable device external to the car audio system;

a docking slot formed in the car audio system for receiving the portable device and

establishing electrical communication between the car audio system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car

audio system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem

receives data generated by the portable device, processes the data into a format compatible with

the car audio system, and transmits the processed data, the device presence signal, and audio

signals to the car audio system.

40. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the processed data is displayed on a display of

the car audio system.

41. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem processes a video file

stored on the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system and transmits

the video file to the car audio system for displaying the video file on a display of the car audio

system.

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42. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands issued at the car audio system, processes the commands into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

43. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

44. (Original) The system of Claim 43, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.

45. (Original) The system of Claim 43, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.

46. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the car audio system comprises an OEM car audio system.

47. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the car audio system comprises an after-market car audio system.

48. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.

49. (Original) The system of Claim 48, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.

50. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media player.

51. (Original) The system of Claim 50, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.

52. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.

53. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the portable device.

54. (Original) The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within

the car audio system.

55. (Original) A multimedia device inte gration system comprising:

a car video system;

a portable device external to the car video system;

a docking slot formed in the car video system for receiving the portable device and

establishing electrical communication between the car video system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car

video system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem

receives data generated by the portable device, processes the data into a format compatible with

the car video system, and transmits the processed data, the device presence signal, audio signals,

and video signals to the car video system.

56. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the processed data is displayed on a display of

the car video system.

57. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem processes a video file

stored on the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system and transmits

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the video file to the car video system for displaying the video file on a display of the car video system.

58. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands issued at the car video system, processes the commands into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

59. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

60. (Original) The system of Claim 59, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.

61. (Original) The system of Claim 59, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.

62. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the car video system comprises an OEM car video system.

63. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the car video system comprises an after-market car video system.

64. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.

65. (Original) The system of Claim 64, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.

66. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media player.

67. (Original) The system of Claim 66, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.

68. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.

69. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the portable device.

70. (Original) The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car video system.

71. (Original) A method for wirelessly integrating a portable device for use with a car audio system comprising:

establishing a wireless communications link between the car audio system and the portable device;

generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car audio system in a state responsive to the portable device;

transmitting the device presence signal to the car audio system over the wireless communications link;

processing video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system;

transmitting the processed video information and audio signals generated by the portable device to the car audio system over the wireless communications link;

displaying the processed video information on a display of the car audio system; and

playing the audio signals over the car audio system.

72. (Original) The method of Claim 71, further comprising processing data generated by the

portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system.

73. (Original) The method of Claim 72, further comprising transmitting the processed data over

the wireless communications link to the car audio system.

74. (Original) The method of Claim 73, further comprising displaying the processed data on a

display of the car audio system.

75. (Original) The method of Claim 71, further comprising transmitting control commands

issued by a user at the car audio system over the wireless communications link.

76. (Original) The method of Claim 75, further comprising receiving the control commands at

the portable device and processing the control commands into a format compatible with the

portable device.

77. (Original) The method of Claim 76, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

78. (Original) The method of Claim 71, further comprising receiving spoken control commands with a voice recognition subsystem and processing the spoken control commands into a format compatible with the portable device.

79. (Original) The method of Claim 78, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

80. (Original) The method of Claim 71, further comprising generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.

81. (Original) A method for wirelessly integrating a portable device for use with a car video system comprising:

establishing a wireless communications link between the car video system and the portable device;

generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car video system in a state responsive to the portable device;

transmitting the device presence signal to the car video system over the wireless communications link;

processing video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system;

transmitting the processed video information and audio signals generated by the portable device to the car video system over the wireless communications link;

displaying the processed video information on a display of the car video system; and playing the audio signals over the car video system.

- 82. (Original) The method of Claim 81, further comprising processing data generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system.
- 83. (Original) The method of Claim 82, further comprising transmitting the processed data over the wireless communications link to the car video system.
- 84. (Original) The method of Claim 83, further comprising displaying the processed data on a display of the car video system.

85. (Original) The method of Claim 81, further comprising transmitting control commands issued by a user at the car video system over the wireless communications link.

86. (Original) The method of Claim 85, further comprising receiving the control commands at the portable device and processing the control commands into a format compatible with the portable device.

87. (Original) The method of Claim 86, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

88. (Original) The method of Claim 81, further comprising receiving spoken control commands with a voice recognition subsystem and processing the spoken control commands into a format compatible with the portable device.

89. (Original) The method of Claim 88, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

90. (Original) The method of Claim 81, further comprising generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.

91. (Original) A docking station for docking and integrating a portable device for use with a car stereo, comprising:

a base portion;

a bottom member connected to the base portion;

a top member removably connected to the base portion, the base portion, bottom member, and top member defining a cavity for receiving a portable device; and

an integration device connected to the base portion for integrating the portable device with a car stereo.

**REMARKS** 

Attorney for Applicant has carefully reviewed the outstanding Restriction Requirement

on the above-identified application.

In response to the Restriction Requirement, Applicant provisionally elects, without

traverse, to prosecute the claims of Invention I drawn to a system and method of integrating a

portable device with a car audio/video system. Applicants respectfully submits that claims 1-90

read on Invention I. Applicant further provisionally elects, without traverse, to prosecute Species

1, drawn to first and second wireless interfaces between a car audio/video system and a portable

device. Applicant makes these elections to advance prosecution of this matter, and makes no

representations as to the merits of the Restriction Requirement.

All issues raised in the Restriction Requirement are believed to have been addressed.

Applicants respectfully submit that the pending claims are directed to the same invention and are

in condition for allowance. Examination is requested and favorable action solicited.

Date:  $\frac{3/9/2009}{}$ 

Respectfully submitted,

Mark E. Nikolsky

Reg. No. 48,319

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PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME UNDER 37 CFR 1.136(a) (Small Entity)				cket No. 3-00011					
In Re Application (	Of: Fernando J. Mu	zzio, Lev Tsygan and Semen Du	kler						
Application No. 11/267,039	Filing Date 11/04/2005	Examiner Miller, Bena B.	Customer No. 27614	Group Art Unit 3725	Confirmation No. 8145				
Invention: Unifor	rm Shear Application	System and Methods Relating	Thereto						
of09/09/2008		COMMISSIONER FOR PAT of 37 CFR 1.136(a) to extend the dentified application.		ng a response to	the Office Action				
The requested exte	The requested extension is as follows (check time period desired):  ☐ One month ☐ Two months ☐ Four months ☐ Five months								
Michael R. Friscia Registration No. 33 McCarter & Englis Four Gateway Cent 100 Mulberry Stree Newark, NJ 07102 Tel: (973) 639-8493 Fax: (973) 297-6627	h, LLP ter st		with the United postage as first or "Commissioner for 22313-1450" [3 (Date)	d States Postal Sclass mail in an envior Patents, P.O. Boo 7 CFR 1.8(a)] on	e is being deposited service with sufficient elope addressed to the x 1450, Alexandria, VA				

PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME UNDER 37 CFR 1.136(a) (Small Entity)				cket No. 3-00011			
In Re Application (	Of: Fernando J. Mu	zzio, Lev Tsygan and Semen D	ukler				
Application No. 11/267,039	Filing Date 11/04/2005	Examiner Miller, Bena B.	Customer No. 27614	Group Art Unit 3725	Confirmation No. 8145		
Invention: Unifor	m Shear Application	System and Methods Relating	Thereto				
This is a request upof09/09/2008		COMMISSIONER FOR PAT of 37 CFR 1.136(a) to extend to dentified application.		ng a response to	the Office Action		
The requested extends One mon from:	_	check time period desired): onths	03/0	09/2009	Five months		
<ul> <li>☑ Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27</li> <li>The fee for the extension of time is \$555 and is to be paid as follows:         <ul> <li>☐ A check in the amount of the fee is enclosed.</li> <li>☑ The Director is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 503571</li> <li>☑ If an additional extension of time is required, please consider this a petition therefor and charge any additional fees which may be required to Deposit Account No. 503571</li> <li>☐ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.</li> <li>WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>							
Michael R. Friscia Registration No. 33, McCarter & Englisl Four Gateway Cent 100 Mulberry Stree Newark, NJ 07102 Tel: (973) 639-8493 Fax: (973) 297-6627	h, LLP eer t		I certify that with the United postage as first "Commissioner f 22313-1450" [3	d States Postal Sclass mail in an envior Patents, P.O. Bo. 7 CFR 1.8(a)] on	e is being deposited ervice with sufficient elope addressed to the x 1450, Alexandria, VA		

TRANSMITTAL OF INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (Under 37 CFR 1.97(b) or 1.97(c))							ket No. 9-00026
In Re Ap	oplication Of	: Ira Marlowe					
Applic	ation No.	Filing Date	Customer No.	Group Art Unit	Confirmation No.		
11/4	175,847	06/27/2006	Kurr, Ja	son R.	27614	2614	9001
Title:	Multimedia	Device Integration Sy	ystem				
			Commis P.	Address to: ssioner for Paten O. Box 1450 ria, VA 22313-14			
				CFR 1.97(b)			
1. 🛚	of a nation three mon- application	nation Disclosure Stanal application other the date of entry before the mailing or the filing of a reque	than a continued stry of the national of a first Office A est for continued of	d prosecution al stage as set ction on the m	application und forth in 37 CF erits, or before	der 37 CFR 1.53 R 1.491 in an in the mailing of a	3(d); within ternational
2.	CFR 1.97( Final Action	nation Disclosure State  (b), provided that the  on under 37 CFR 1  closes prosecution in	atement submitte e Information Dis I.113, a Notice (	ed herewith is sclosure States of Allowance	ment is filed be under 37 CFF	efore the mailing R 1.311, or an a	g date of a
	☐ the	statement specified i	in 37 CFR 1.97(e	);			
			OR			•	
	☐ the	fee set forth in 37 CF	FR 1.17(p).				

P10A/REV06

#### TRANSMITTAL OF INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT Docket No. (Under 37 CFR 1.97(b) or 1.97(c)) 99879-00026 Ira Marlowe In Re Application of: Confirmation No. Customer No. Group Art Unit Examiner Application No. Filing Date 9001 2614 27614 11/475,847 06/27/2006 Kurr, Jason R. Title: Multimedia Device Integration System **Payment of Fee** (Only complete if Applicant elects to pay the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(p)) is attached. A check in the amount of The Director is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. 503571 as described below. Charge the amount of Credit any overpayment. Charge any additional fee required. ☐ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038. Certificate of Mailing by First Class Mail Certificate of Transmission by Facsimile\* I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited certify that this document and authorization to charge deposit with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage account is being facsimile transmitted to the United States as first class mail in an envelope addressed to Patent and Trademark Office (Fa "Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450" [37 CFR 1.8(a)] on (Date) (Date) Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence Signature Typed or Printed Name of Person Signing Certificate Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Certificate \*This certificate may only be used if paying by deposit account. Dated: 3/9/2009Mark E. Nikolsky Registration No. 48,319 McCarter & English, LLP **Four Gateway Center** 100 Mulberry Street Newark, NJ 07102 Tel: (973) 639-6987 Fax: (973) 297-6624 cc:

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### INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

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Sheet 1

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

of 7

Complete if Known					
Application Number	11/475,847				
Filing Date	06/27/2006				
First Named Inventor	Ira Marlowe				
Art Unit	2614				
Examiner Name	Kurr, Jason R.				
Attorney Docket Number	99879-00026				

			U. S. PATENT	T DOCUMENTS	
Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Document Number  Number-Kind Code <sup>2 (ff known)</sup>	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	US- 6,608,399	08/19/2003	McConnell, et al.	
	2	<sup>US-</sup> 6,629,197	09/30/2003	Bhogal, et al.	
	3	<sup>US-</sup> 6,529,804	03/04/2003	Draggon, et al.	
	4	<sup>US-</sup> 6,175,789	01/16/2001	Beckert, et al.	
	5	<sup>US-</sup> 2007/0293183	12/20/2007	Marlowe	
	6	<sup>US-</sup> 2004/0145457	07/29/2004	Schofield, et al.	
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	11	<sup>US-</sup> 7,288,918	10/30/2007	DiStefano	
	12	<sup>US-</sup> 6,622,083	09/16/2003	Knockeart, et al.	
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	14	<sup>US-</sup> 5,859,628	01/12/1999	Ross, et al.	
	15	US- 5,808,373	09/15/1998	Hamanishi, et al.	
	16	<sup>US-</sup> 2008/0125031 A1	05/29/2008	Fadell, et al.	
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Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Foreign Patent Document	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages	
		Country Code <sup>3</sup> Number <sup>4</sup> -Kind Code <sup>5</sup> (if known)	MM-DD-YYYY		Or Relevant Figures Appear	T <sup>6</sup>
	20	WO 2008/002954	01/03/2008	Ira Marlowe		
	21	WO 2006/094281	09/08/2006	Ira Marlowe		
	22	WO 2004/053722	06/24/2004	BlitzSafe of America, Inc		
	23	KR 1020010035788 English Abstract	05/07/2001	Gyu Jin Park		
	24	KR 1020010059192 English Abstract	07/06/2001	Hyundai Motor Company		
	25	JP 2000-286874 with English translation	10/13/2000	Suzuki Motor Corp.		

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Examiner	Date	
Signature	Considered	
Signature	Considered	

\*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. <sup>1</sup>Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). <sup>2</sup> See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at <a href="www.uspto.gov">www.uspto.gov</a> or MPEP 901.04. <sup>3</sup> Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). <sup>4</sup> For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. <sup>5</sup>Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. <sup>6</sup>Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND**TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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Substitute for form	1449/F 10	Application Number	11/475,847			
	ATION DISCLOSURE	Filing Date	06/27/2006			
	ATION DISCLOSURE	First Named Inventor	Ira M. Marlowe			
STATEM	ENT BY APPLICANT	Art Unit	2614			
(Use	as many sheets as necessary)	Examiner Name	Kurr, Jason R.			
. 2	- 7	Attorney Docket Number	99879-00026			

				DOCUMENTS	I Day October 15-22 Where
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	Document Number  Number-Kind Code <sup>2 (f known)</sup>	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	26	<sup>US-</sup> 6,539,358	03/25/2003	Coon, et al.	
	27	<sup>US-</sup> 5,897,155	04/27/1999	Kerner, et al.	
	28	<sup>US-</sup> 6,397,086	05/28/2002	Chen	
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INF	ORMATION	I DIS	CLOSURE	Filing Date	06/27/2006
STA	STATEMENT BY APPLICAN		PPLICANT	First Named Inventor	Ira Marlowe
				Art Unit	2614
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Sheet	3	of	7	Attorney Docket Number	99879-00026

		NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS	
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				Art Unit	2614	
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Sheet	Sheet 4 of 7			Attorney Docket Number	99879-00026	

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				Art Unit	2614	
	(Use as many she	ets as n	ecessary)	Examiner Name	Kurr, Jason R.	
Sheet	5	of	7	Attorney Docket Number	99879-00026	

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	53	Copy of Office Action dated April 19, 2007, from co-pending Application Serial No.: 10/316,961 (69 pages)	
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STA	TEMENT E	BY A	PPLICANT	First Named Inventor	Ira Marlowe	
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Sheet	6	of	7	Attorney Docket Number	99879-00026	

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	67	International Preliminary Report on Patentability issued Oct. 16, 2007, issued in connection with International Patent Appln. No. PCT/US06/008043 (1 page)	
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Examiner Initials*	Cite No. <sup>1</sup>	NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS  Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T <sup>2</sup>
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(54) Title: MULTIMEDIA DEVICE INTEGRATION SYSTEM

(57) Abstract: A multimedia device integration system is provided. One or more after-market audio or video devices, such as a CD player, CD changer, digital media device, satellite receiver, DAB receiver, video device, digital camera, cellular telephone, portable navigation device, or any other device or combinations thereof, is integrated for use with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo or video system, wherein control commands can be issued at the car stereo or video system and data from the after-market device can be displayed on the car stereo or video system. Instructions generated at the car stereo or video system are received, processed, converted into a format recognizable by the after-market device, and dispatched to the after-market device for execution. Information from the after-market device is converted into a format recognizable by the car stereo or video system, and dispatched to the car stereo or video system for display thereon. The integration subsystem could be provided as an integrated circuit that can be installed in a car audiovisual system or a portable audiovisual device. A wireless or inductive battery charging circuit could be provided for wirelessly or inductively charging a battery of a portable after-market device.



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#### MULTIMEDIA DEVICE INTEGRATION SYSTEM

# SPECIFICATION BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system. More specifically, the present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system for integrating after-market components such as satellite receivers, CD players, CD changers, digital media devices (*e.g.*, MP3 players, MP4 players, WMV players, Apple iPod devices, portable media centers, and other devices), Digital Audio Broadcast (DAB) receivers, auxiliary audio sources, video devices (*e.g.*, DVD players), cellular telephones, and other devices for use with factory-installed (OEM) or after-market car stereo and video systems.

#### **RELATED ART**

Automobile audio systems have continued to advance in complexity and the number of options available to automobile purchasers. Early audio systems offered a simple AM and/or FM tuner, and perhaps an analog tape deck for allowing cassettes, 8-tracks, and other types of tapes to be played while driving. Such early systems were closed, in that external devices could not be easily integrated therewith.

With advances in digital technology, CD players have been included with automobile audio systems. Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) often produce car stereos having CD players and/or changers for allowing CDs to be played while driving. However, such systems often include proprietary buses and protocols that do not allow after-market audio systems, such as satellite receivers (e.g., XM satellite tuners), digital audio broadcast (DAB) receivers, digital media players (e.g., Apple iPod, MP3, MP4, WMV, etc.), CD changers, auxiliary input sources, video devices (e.g., DVD players), cellular telephones, and the like, to be easily integrated therewith. Thus, automobile purchasers are frequently forced to either entirely replace the OEM audio system, or use same throughout the life of the vehicle or the duration of ownership. Even if the OEM radio is replaced with an after-market radio, the after-market radio also frequently is not operable with an external device.

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A particular problem with integrating after-market audio and video systems with existing car stereo and video systems is that signals generated by both systems are in proprietary formats, and are not capable of being processed by the after-market system. Additionally, signals generated by the after-market system are also in a proprietary format that is not recognizable by the car stereo or video system. Thus, in order to integrate after-market systems with existing car stereo and video systems, it is necessary to convert signals between such systems.

It known in the art to provide one or more expansion modules for OEM and after-market car stereos for allowing external audio products to be integrated with the car stereo. However, such expansion modules only operate with and allow integration of external audio products manufactured by the same manufacturer as the OEM / after-market car stereo. For example, a satellite receiver manufactured by PIONEER, Inc., cannot be integrated with an OEM car radio manufactured by TOYOTA or an after-market car radio manufactured by CLARION, Inc. Thus, existing expansion modules only serve the limited purpose of integrating equipment by the same manufacturer as the car stereo. Thus, it would be desirable to provide an integration system that allows any audio device of any manufacture to be integrated with any OEM or after-market radio system. Further, radio-frequency (RF) transmitters and cassette tape adapters have been developed for allowing music from a device external to a car radio, such as a portable CD player, to be played through the car radio using the FM receiver or the cassette deck of the radio. However, such systems are often prone to interference, and do not provide high fidelity.

Moreover, it would be desirable to provide an integration system that not only achieves integration of various audio and video devices that are alien to a given OEM or after-market car stereo or video system, but also allows for information to be exchanged between the after-market device and the car stereo or video system. For example, it would be desirable to provide a system wherein station, track, time, and song information can be retrieved from the after-market device, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo or video system for display thereby, such as at an LCD panel of the car stereo or on one or more display panels of a car video system. Such information could be transmitted and displayed on both hardwired car stereo and video systems (e.g., radios installed in dashboards or at other locations within the car), or integrated for display on one or more software or graphically-driven radio systems operable with graphical display panels.

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Additionally, it would be desirable to provide a multimedia device integration system that allows a user to control more than one device, such as a CD or satellite receiver and one or more auxiliary sources, and to quickly and conveniently switch between same using the existing controls of the car stereo or video system. Still further, it would be desirable to provide a multimedia device integration system that allows for wireless integration of portable devices for use with car audio and/or video systems, wherein full remote control of the portable device is provided at the controls of the car system.

Accordingly, the present invention addresses these needs by providing a multimedia device integration system that allows a plurality of after-market devices, such as CD players, CD changers, digital media devices (e.g., MP3 players, MP4 players, Apple iPod, WMV players, portable media centers, and other devices), satellite receivers, DAB receivers, auxiliary input sources, video devices (e.g., DVD players), cellular telephones, digital cameras, portable navigation devices, or any combination thereof, to be integrated into existing car stereo and video systems while allowing information to be displayed on, and control to be provided from, the car stereo or video system.

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#### **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system. One or more after-market audio devices, such as CD players, CD changers, digital media devices (e.g., MP3 players, MP4 players, WMV players, Apple iPod devices, portable media centers), digital cameras, satellite receivers (e.g., XM or Sirius receivers), digital audio broadcast (DAB) receivers, portable navigation devices, or auxiliary input sources, can be connected to and operate with an existing stereo system in an automobile, such as an OEM car stereo system or an after-market car stereo system installed in the automobile. The integration system connects to and interacts with the car stereo at any available port of the car stereo, such as a CD input port, a satellite input, or other known type of connection. If the car stereo system is an after-market car stereo system, the present invention generates a signal that is sent to the car stereo to keep same in an operational state and responsive to external data and signals. Commands generated at the control panel are received by the present invention and converted into a format recognizable by the after-market device. The formatted commands are executed by the after-market device, and audio therefrom is channeled to the car stereo. Information from the after-market device is received by the present invention, converted into a format recognizable by the car stereo, and forwarded to the car stereo for display thereby. The formatted information could include information relating to a CD or MP3 track being played, channel, song, and artist information from a satellite receiver or DAB receiver, or video information from one or more external devices connected to the present invention. The information can be presented as one or more menus, textual, or graphical prompts for display on an LCD display of the radio, allowing interaction with the user at the radio. A docking port may be provided for allowing portable external audio devices to be connected to the interface of the present invention.

In an embodiment of the present invention, a dual-input device is provided for integrating both an external audio device and an auxiliary input with an OEM or aftermarket car stereo. The user can select between the external audio device and the auxiliary input using the controls of the car stereo. The invention can automatically detect the type of device connected to the auxiliary input, and integrate same with the car stereo.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with an existing car stereo system. A user can select between the auxiliary sources using the control panel of the car stereo. One or

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more after-market audio devices can be integrated with the auxiliary input sources, and a user can switch between the audio device and the auxiliary input sources using the car stereo. Devices connected to the auxiliary input sources are inter-operable with the car stereo, and are capable of exchanging commands and data via the interface.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating an external device for use with a car stereo or video system, wherein the interface is positioned within the car stereo or video system. The system comprises a car stereo or video system; an after-market device external to the car stereo or video system; an interface positioned within the car stereo or video system and connected between the car stereo or video system and the after-market device for exchanging data and audio or video signals between the car stereo or video system and the after-market device; means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the after-market device from the car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the after-market device; and means for processing and displaying data from the after-market device on a display of the car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the car stereo or video system. The after-market device could comprise one or more of a CD changer, CD player, satellite receiver (e.g., XM or Sirius), digital media device (e.g., MP3, MP4, WMV, or Apple iPod device), video device (e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or any combination thereof.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating a cellular telephone for use with a car stereo or video system. The system comprises a car stereo or video system; a cellular telephone external to the car stereo or video system; an interface connected between the car stereo or video system and the cellular telephone for exchanging data and audio or video signals between the car stereo or video system and the cellular telephone; means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the cellular telephone from the car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the cellular telephone; and means for processing and displaying data from the cellular telephone on a display of the car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the car stereo or video system.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating an external video system for use with a car video system. The system comprises a car video system; an after-market video device external to the car video

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system; an interface connected between the car video system and the after-market video device for exchanging data, audio, and video signals between the car video system and the after-market video device; means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the after-market video device from the car video system in a format compatible with the after-market video device; and means for processing and displaying data from the after-market video device on a display of the car video system in a format compatible with the car video system.

The present invention also provides an interface for integrating a plurality of aftermarket devices for use with a car stereo or video system using a single interface. In one embodiment, the system comprises an interface in electrical communication with a car stereo or video system and an after-market device; a plurality of configuration jumpers in the interface for specifying a first device type corresponding to the car stereo or video system and a second device type corresponding to the after-market device; and a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks stored in memory in the interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car stereo or video system and for converting signals from the car stereo or video system into a second format compatible with the after-market device, wherein at least one of the protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the interface using settings of the plurality of configuration jumpers. In another embodiment, the system comprises an interface in electrical communication with a car stereo or video system and an after-market device; first and second wiring harnesses attached to the interface, wherein the first wiring harness includes a first electrical configuration corresponding to the car stereo or video system and the second wiring harness includes a second electrical configuration corresponding to the after-market device; and a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks stored in memory in the interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car stereo or video system and for converting signals from the car stereo or video system into a second format compatible with the after-market device, wherein at least one of the protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the interface using the first and second electrical configurations of the first and second wiring harnesses. A plurality of wiring harnesses can be provided for integrating a plurality of devices.

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The present invention also provides a method for integrating an after-market device for use with a car stereo or video system, comprising the steps of interconnecting the car stereo or video system and the after-market device with an interface; determining a first device type corresponding to the car stereo or video system and a second device type corresponding to the after-market device; loading a protocol conversion software block from memory in the interface using the first and second device types; converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car stereo or video system using the protocol conversion software block; and converting signals from the car stereo or video system into a second format compatible with the after-market device using the protocol conversion software block.

The present invention further provides a multimedia device integration system that allows for the wireless integration of a portable audio and/or video device with a car audio and/or video system. The portable device could comprise a CD changer, CD player, satellite receiver (e.g., XM or Sirius), digital media device (e.g., MP3, MP4, WMV, or Apple iPod device), video device (e.g., DVD player), or a cellular telephone. The portable device includes a wireless interface and an integration subsystem positioned within the portable device. The wireless interface establishes a wireless communications channel between the portable device and the car system, and allows for the wireless exchange of control commands, data, video, and audio signals between the portable device and the car system. The integration module receives control commands issued at the car system and transmitted over the wireless channel, processes same into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches same to the portable device for execution thereby. The integration module also receives data from the portable device (including, but not limited to, track information, song information, artist information, time information, and other related information), processes the data into a format compatible with the car system, and transmits same over the wireless channel to the car system for display thereon. Optionally, the integration module could be positioned within the car system.

The integration module could also include a voice recognition subsystem for acquiring spoken commands from a user, converting same into control commands compatible with the portable device, and dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby. The voice commands could be received at the

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car audio and/or video system (i.e., using a microphone connected to the car audio and/or video system or some other vehicle component), or at the portable device (i.e., using a microphone connected to or forming a part of the portable device). Additionally, the integration module could include a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech for conveying data generated by the portable device to a user. The synthesized speech could be channeled to the car audio and/or video system by the integration module to be played through the car audio and/or video system.

The present invention further provides a multimedia device integration system that allows for the integration of a portable audio and/or video device with a car audio and/or video system using a docking slot provided in the car system. The portable device includes an integration module positioned within the portable device and an external interface for allowing electrical communication with the car system via the docking slot. Optionally, the integration module could be positioned within the car audio or video system. The integration module could also include a voice recognition subsystem for acquiring spoken commands from a user, converting same into control commands compatible with the portable device, and dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby. Additionally, the integration module could include a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech for conveying data generated by the portable device to a user.

The present invention also provides a multimedia device integration system which allows a digital camera, such as a still digital camera or a digital video camera, to be integrated for use with an existing car audiovisual system. Data, video, and/or audio from the digital camera is received by the interface, processed into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and transmitted thereto for display on and/or playing through the car audiovisual system. Control commands for controlling the digital camera, which can be issued at the car audiovisual system, are received by the interface, processed into a format compatible with the digital camera, and transmitted thereto for execution by the digital camera.

The present invention also provides a multimedia device integration system which allows a portable navigation device, such as a portable GPS receiver, to be integrated for use with an existing car audiovisual system. Data, video, and/or audio from the portable navigation device is received by the interface, processed into a format compatible with the

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car audiovisual system, and transmitted thereto for display on and/or playing through the car audiovisual system. Control commands for controlling the portable navigation device, which can be issued at the car audiovisual system, are received by the interface, processed into a format compatible with the portable navigation device, and transmitted thereto for execution by the portable navigation device.

The present invention also provides an interface integrated circuit that allows for the integration of an external portable audio and/or video device with a car audiovisual system, and which can be installed within the car audiovisual system. The interface integrated circuit could communicate with the portable audio and/or video device using one or more communications ports or a wireless transceiver. A manufacturer of a car audiovisual system could be provided with the interface integrated circuit and an electrical schematic for installing same. The interface integrated circuit could be provided with pre-installed firmware for converting data, audio, and/or video signals generated by the portable audio and/or video device into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and for converting control commands issued by the car audiovisual system into a format compatible with the portable audio and/or video device for execution thereby. The integrated circuit could also be installed in the portable audio and/or video device, or it could be embodied as a software product which is functionally equivalent to the integrated circuit and which is executed by an existing microprocessor of either the car audiovisual system or the portable audio and/or video device.

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# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These and other important features of the present invention will be apparent from the following Detailed Description of the Invention, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, in which:

- **FIG. 1** is a block diagram showing the multimedia device integration system of the present invention.
- FIG. 2A is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a CD player is integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2B is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player is integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2C is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a satellite or DAB receiver is integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2D is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2E is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a CD player and a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2F is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a satellite or DAB receiver and a plurality of auxiliary input source are integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2G is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player and a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2H is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary interfaces and an audio device are integrated with a car stereo.
- **FIG. 3A** is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating a CD player or an auxiliary input source with a car radio.

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- **FIG. 3B** is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating both a CD player and an auxiliary input source with a car radio, wherein the CD player and the auxiliary input are switchable by a user.
- **FIG. 3C** is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio.
- **FIG. 3D** is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating a satellite or DAB receiver with a car radio.
- **FIG. 4A** is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a CD player with a car radio.
- **FIG. 4B** is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a MP3 player with a car radio.
- **FIG. 4C** is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a satellite receiver with a car radio.
- FIG. 4D is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio.
- **FIG. 4E** is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a CD player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio.
- FIG. 4F is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a satellite or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio.
- **FIG. 4G** is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a MP3 player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car stereo.
- FIG. 5 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for allowing a user to switch between an after-market audio device and one or more auxiliary input sources.
- **FIG. 6** is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for determining and handling various device types connected to the auxiliary input ports of the invention.
- FIG. 7A is a perspective view of a docking station according to the present invention for retaining an audio device within a car.
  - FIG. 7B is an end view of the docking station of FIG. 7A.

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- FIGS. 8A-8B are perspective views of another embodiment of the docking station of the present invention, which includes the multimedia device integration system of the present invention incorporated therewith.
- FIG. 9 is a block diagram showing the components of the docking station of FIGS. 8A-8B.
- FIG. 10 is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein the interface is incorporated within a car stereo or car video system.
- FIG. 11A is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating a cellular telephone for use with a car stereo or video system; FIG. 11b is a flowchart showing processing logic for integrating a cellular telephone for use with a car stereo or video system.
- FIG. 12A is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating an after-market video device for use with a car video system; FIG. 12B is a flowchart showing processing logic for integrating an after-market video device for use with a car video system.
- FIG. 13A is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein configuration jumpers and protocol conversion software blocks are provided for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface.
- FIG. 13B is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein wiring harnesses and protocol conversion software blocks are provided for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface.
- FIG. 14 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface.
- FIG. 15 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for allowing a user to specify one or more after-market device types for integration using a single interface.
- FIG. 16 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for allowing a user to quickly navigate through

a list of songs on one or more after-market devices using the controls of a car stereo or video system.

- FIG. 17 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein a plurality of external devices are integrated using a single interface.
- FIG. 18 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system and a portable audio and/or video device using a wireless transceiver and an integration module positioned within the portable device.
- FIG. 19 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system and a portable audio and/or video device using a wireless transceiver and an integration module positioned within the car audio and/or video system.
- FIG. 20 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein a docking slot is provided in a car audio and/or video system for receiving a portable audio and/or video device, and an integration module is positioned within the portable device.
- FIG. 21 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein a docking slot is provided in a car audio and/or video system for receiving a portable audio and/or video device, and an integration module is positioned within the car audio and/or video system.
- FIG. 22 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system and a portable audio and/or video device, and the portable device includes an integration module having speech synthesis and recognition capabilities.
- FIG. 23 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system and a portable audio and/or video device, and the car audio and/or video system includes an integration module having speech synthesis and recognition capabilities.
- FIG. 24 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for wirelessly integrating a portable audio and/or video device for use with a car audio or video system.

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- FIG. 25A is a diagram showing another embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating a digital camera for use with a car audiovisual system; FIG. 25B is a flowchart showing processing logic for integrating the digital camera for use with the car audiovisual system.
- FIG. 26A is a diagram showing another embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating a portable navigation device for use with a car audiovisual system; FIG. 26B is a flowchart showing processing logic for integrating the portable navigation device for use with the car audiovisual system.
- FIG. 27 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein the integration system is provided as an integrated circuit installed within a car audiovisual system.

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# **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system. One or more after-market devices, such as a CD player, CD changer, digital media player (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, portable media center, or other device), satellite receiver, digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, video device (e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or the like, can be integrated with an existing car radio or car video device, such as an OEM or after-market car stereo or video system. Control of the after-market device is enabled using the car stereo or car video system, and information from the after-market device, such as channel, artist, track, time, song, and other information, is retrieved form the after-market device, processed, and forwarded to the car stereo or car video system for display thereon. The information channeled to the car stereo or video system can include video from the external device, as well as graphical and menu-based information. A user can review and interact with information via the car stereo. Commands from the car stereo or video system are received, processed by the present invention into a format recognizable by the after-market device, and transmitted thereto for execution. One or more auxiliary input channels can be integrated by the present invention with the car stereo or video system. The user can switch between one or more after-market devices and one or more auxiliary input channels using the control panel buttons of the car stereo or video system.

As used herein, the term "integration" or "integrated" is intended to mean connecting one or more external devices or inputs to an existing car stereo or video system via an interface, processing and handling signals, audio, and/or video information, allowing a user to control the devices via the car stereo or video system, and displaying data from the devices on the car stereo or video system. Thus, for example, integration of a CD player with a car stereo system allows for the CD player to be remotely controlled via the control panel of the stereo system, and data from the CD player to be sent to the display of the stereo. Of course, control of after-market devices can be provided at locations other than the control panel of the car stereo or video system without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention. Further, as used herein, the term "inter-operable" is intended to mean allowing the external audio or video device to receive and process commands that have been formatted by the interface of the present invention, as well as allowing a car stereo or video system to display information that is generated by

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the external audio or video device and processed by the present invention. Additionally, by the term "inter-operable," it is meant allowing a device that is alien to the environment of an existing OEM or after-market car stereo or video system to be utilized thereby.

Also, as used herein, the terms "car stereo" and "car radio" are used interchangeably and are intended to include all presently existing car stereos, radios, video systems, such as physical devices that are present at any location within a vehicle, in addition to software and/or graphically- or display-driven receivers. An example of such a receiver is a software-driven receiver that operates on a universal LCD panel within a vehicle and is operable by a user via a graphical user interface displayed on the universal LCD panel. Further, any future receiver, whether a hardwired or a software/graphical receiver operable on one or more displays, is considered within the definition of the terms "car stereo" and "car radio," as used herein, and is within the spirit and scope of the present invention. Moreover, the term "car" is not limited to any specific type of automobile, but rather, includes all automobiles. Additionally, by the term "after-market," it is meant any device not installed by a manufacturer at the time of sale of the car.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing the multimedia device integration (or interface) system of the present invention, generally indicated at 20. A plurality of devices and auxiliary inputs can be connected to the interface 20, and integrated with an OEM or aftermarket car radio 10. A CD player or changer 15 can be integrated with the radio 10 via interface 20. A satellite radio or DAB receiver 25, such as an XM or Sirius radio satellite receiver or DAB receiver known in the art, could be integrated with the radio 10, via the interface 20. Further, an MP3 player 30 could also be integrated with the radio 10 via interface 20. The MP3 player 30 could be any known digital media device, such as an Apple iPod or any other digital media device. Moreover, a plurality of auxiliary input sources, illustratively indicated as auxiliary input sources 35 (comprising input sources 1 through n, n being any number), could also be integrated with the car radio 10 via interface 20. Optionally, a control head 12, such as that commonly used with after-market CD changers and other similar devices, could be integrated with the car radio 10 via interface 20, for controlling any of the car radio 10, CD player/changer 15, satellite/DAB receiver 25, MP3 player 30, and auxiliary input sources 35. Thus, as can be readily appreciated, the interface 20 of the present invention allows for the integration of a multitude of devices and inputs with an OEM or after-market car radio or stereo.

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FIG. 2A is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device interface system of the present invention, wherein a CD player/changer 15 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. The CD player 15 is electrically connected with the interface 20, and exchanges data and audio signals therewith. The interface 20 is electrically connected with the car radio 10, and exchanges data and audio signals therewith. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the car radio 10 includes a display 13 (such as an alphanumeric, electroluminescent display) for displaying information, and a plurality of control panel buttons 14 that normally operate to control the radio 10. The interface 20 allows the CD player 15 to be controlled by the control buttons 14 of the radio 10. Further, the interface 20 allows information from the CD player 15, such as track, disc, time, and song information, to be retrieved therefrom, processed and formatted by the interface 20, sent to the display 13 of the radio 10.

Importantly, the interface **20** allows for the remote control of the CD player **15** from the radio **10** (e.g., the CD player **15** could be located in the trunk of a car, while the radio **10** is mounted on the dashboard of the car). Thus, for example, one or more discs stored within the CD player **15** can be remotely selected by a user from the radio **10**, and tracks on one or more of the discs can be selected therefrom. Moreover, standard CD operational commands, such as pause, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track forward, and track reverse (among other commands) can be remotely entered at the control panel buttons **14** of the radio **10** for remotely controlling the CD player **15**.

FIG. 2B is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein an MP3 player 30 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10 via interface 20. As mentioned earlier, the interface 20 of the present invention allows for a plurality of disparate audio devices to be integrated with an existing car radio for use therewith. Thus, as shown in FIG. 2B, remote control of the MP3 player 30 via radio 10 is provided for via interface 20. The MP3 player 30 is electronically interconnected with the interface 20, which itself is electrically interconnected with the car radio 10. The interface 20 allows data and audio signals to be exchanged between the MP3 player 30 and the car radio 10, and processes and formats signals accordingly so that instructions and data from the radio 10 are processable by the MP3 player 30, and vice versa. Operational commands, such as track selection, pause, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, and other commands, are entered via the control panel buttons 14 of car radio 10, processed by the

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interface 20, and formatted for execution by the MP3 player 30. Data from the MP3 player, such as track, time, and song information, is received by the interface 20, processed thereby, and sent to the radio 10 for display on display 13. Audio from the MP3 player 30 is selectively forwarded by the interface 20 to the radio 10 for playing.

FIG. 2C is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a satellite receiver or DAB receiver 25 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10 via the interface 20. Satellite/DAB receiver 25 can be any satellite radio receiver known in the art, such as XM or Sirius, or any DAB receiver known in the art. The satellite/DAB receiver 25 is electrically interconnected with the interface 20, which itself is electrically interconnected with the car radio 10. The satellite/DAB receiver 25 is remotely operable by the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10. Commands from the radio 10 are received by the interface 20, processed and formatted thereby, and dispatched to the satellite/DAB receiver 25 for execution thereby. Information from the satellite/DAB receiver 25, including time, station, and song information, is received by the interface 20, processed, and transmitted to the radio 10 for display on display 13. Further, audio from the satellite/DAB receiver 25 is selectively forwarded by the interface 20 for playing by the radio 10.

FIG. 2D is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. The auxiliary inputs 35 can be connected to analog sources, or can be digitally coupled with one or more audio devices, such as after-market CD players, CD changers, MP3 players, satellite receivers, DAB receivers, and the like, and integrated with an existing car stereo. Preferably, four auxiliary input sources are connectable with the interface 20, but any number of auxiliary input sources could be included. Audio from the auxiliary input sources 35 is selectively forwarded to the radio 10 under command of the user. As will be discussed herein in greater detail, a user can select a desired input source from the auxiliary input sources 35 by depressing one or more of the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 receives the command initiated from the control panel, processes same, and connects the corresponding input source from the auxiliary input sources 35 to allow audio therefrom to be forwarded to the radio 10 for playing. Further, the interface 20 determines the type of audio devices connected to the auxiliary input ports 35, and integrates same with the car stereo 10.

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As mentioned previously, the present invention allows one or more external audio devices to be integrated with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo, along with one or more auxiliary input sources, and the user can select between these sources using the controls of the car stereo. Such "dual input" capability allows operation with devices connected to either of the inputs of the device, or both. Importantly, the device can operate in "plug and play" mode, wherein any device connected to one of the inputs is automatically detected by the present invention, its device type determined, and the device automatically integrated with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo. Thus, the present invention is not dependent any specific device type to be connected therewith to operate. For example, a user can first purchase a CD changer, plug same into a dual interface, and use same with the car stereo. At a point later in time, the user could purchase an XM tuner, plug same into the device, and the tuner will automatically be detected and integrated with the car stereo, allowing the user to select from and operate both devices from the car stereo. It should be noted that such plug and play capability is not limited to a dual input device, but is provided for in every embodiment of the present invention. The dual-input configuration of the preset invention is illustrated in FIGS. 2E-**2H** and described below.

FIG. 2E is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein an external CD player/changer 15 and one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car stereo 10. Both the CD player 15 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 are electrically interconnected with the interface 20, which, in turn, is electrically interconnected to the radio 10. Using the controls 14 of the radio 10, a user can select between the CD player 15 and one or more of the inputs 35 to selectively channel audio from these sources to the radio. The command to select from one of these sources is received by the interface 20, processed thereby, and the corresponding source is channeled to the radio 10 by the interface 20. As will be discussed later in greater detail, the interface 20 contains internal processing logic for selecting between these sources.

FIG. 2F is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a satellite receiver or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources are integrated by the interface 20 with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. Similar to the embodiment of the present invention illustrated in FIG. 2E and described earlier, the

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interface 20 allows a user to select between the satellite/DAB receiver 25 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 using the controls 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 contains processing logic, described in greater detail below, for allowing switching between the satellite/DAB receiver 25 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35.

FIG. 2G is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player 30 and one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated by the interface 20 with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. Similar to the embodiments of the present invention illustrated in FIGS. 2E and 2F and described earlier, the interface 20 allows a user to select between the MP3 player 30 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 using the controls 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 contains processing logic, as will be discussed later in greater detail, for allowing switching between the MP3 player 30 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35.

FIG. 2H is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary interfaces 40 and 44 and an audio device 17 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car stereo 10. Importantly, the present invention can be expanded to allow a plurality of auxiliary inputs to be connected to the car stereo 10 in a tree-like fashion. Thus, as can be seen in FIG. 2H, a first auxiliary interface 40 is connected to the interface 20, and allows data and audio from the ports 42 to be exchanged with the car radio 10. Connected to one of the ports 42 is another auxiliary interface 44, which, in turn, provides a plurality of input ports 46. Any device connected to any of the ports 42 or 46 can be integrated with the car radio 10. Further, any device connected to the ports 42 or 46 can be inter-operable with the car radio 10, allowing commands to be entered from the car radio 10 (e.g., such as via the control panel 14) for commanding the device, and information from the device to be displayed by the car radio 10. Conceivably, by configuring the interfaces 40, 44, and successive interfaces in a tree configuration, any number of devices can be integrated using the present invention.

The various embodiments of the present invention described above and shown in FIGS. 1 through 2H are illustrative in nature and are not intended to limit the spirit or scope of the present invention. Indeed, any conceivable audio device or input source, in any desired combination, can be integrated by the present invention into existing car stereo systems. Further, it is conceivable that not only can data and audio signals be exchanged between the car stereo and any external device, but also video information that can be

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captured by the present invention, processed thereby, and transmitted to the car stereo for display thereby and interaction with a user thereat.

Various circuit configurations can be employed to carry out the present invention. Examples of such configurations are described below and shown in FIGS. 3A-3D.

FIG. 3A is an illustrative circuit diagram according to the present invention for integrating a CD player or an auxiliary input source with an existing car stereo system. A plurality of ports J1C1, J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH are provided for allowing connection of the interface system of the present invention between an existing car radio, an aftermarket CD player or changer, or an auxiliary input source. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. Port J1C1 connects to the input port of an OEM car radio, such as that manufactured by TOYOTA, Inc. Conceivably, port J1C1 could be modified to allow connection to the input port of an after-market car radio. Ports J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH connect to an after-market CD changer, such as that manufactured by PANASONIC, Inc., or to an auxiliary input source.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1C1, J2A1, and X2, and provides functionality for integrating the CD player or auxiliary input source connected to the ports J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH. For example, microcontroller U1 receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received at the connector J1C1, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the CD player or auxiliary input source via connector J2A1. Additionally, the microcontroller U1 receives information provided by the CD player or auxiliary input source via connector J2A1, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connector J1C1 for display on the display of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the ports J2A1, X2, RCH and LCH is selectively channeled to the car radio at port J1C1 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F628 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F628 chip is a CMOS, flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having an internal, 4 MHz internal oscillator, 128 bytes of EEPROM data memory, a capture/compare/PWM, a USART, 2 comparators, and a programmable voltage reference. Of course, any suitable

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microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller U1 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R13, diodes D1 through D4, capacitors C1 and C2, and oscillator Y1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller U1 with the hardware connected to the connectors J1C1, J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3A and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3B is a diagram showing an illustrative circuit configuration according to the present invention, wherein one or more after-market CD changers / players and an auxiliary input source are integrated with an existing car stereo, and wherein the user can select between the CD changer/player and the auxiliary input using the controls of the car stereo. A plurality of connectors are provided, illustratively indicated as ports J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2. Ports J4A, J4B, and J3 allow the audio device interface system of the present invention to be connected to one or more existing car stereos, such as an OEM car stereo or an after-market car stereo. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. For example, ports J4A and J4B can be connected to an OEM car stereo manufactured by BMW, Inc. Port J3 can be connected to a car stereo manufactured by LANDROVER, Inc. Of course, any number of car stereos, by any manufacturer, could be provided. Ports J1 and J2 allow connection to an after-market CD changer or player, such as that manufactured by ALPINE, Inc., and an auxiliary input source. Optionally, ports J5L1 and J5R1 allow integration of a standard analog (line-level) source. Of course, a single standalone CD player or auxiliary input source could be connected to either of ports J1 or J2.

Microcontroller **DD1** is in electrical communication with each of the ports **J4A**, **J4B**, **J3**, **J5L1**, **J5R1**, **J1**, and **J2**, and provides functionality for integrating the CD player and auxiliary input source connected to the ports **J1** and **J2** with the car stereo connected to the ports **J4A** and **J4B** or **J3**. For example, microcontroller **DD1** receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car

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radio and received at the connectors J4A and J4B or J3, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the CD player and auxiliary input source via connectors J1 or J2. Additionally, the microcontroller DD1 receives information provided by the CD player and auxiliary input source via connectors J1 or J2, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connectors J4A and J4B or J3 for display on the display of the car stereo. Further, the microcontroller DD1 controls multiplexer DA3 to allow selection between the CD player/changer and the auxiliary input. Audio signals provided at the ports J1, J2, J5L1 and J5R1 is selectively channeled to the car radio at ports J4A and J4B or J3 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller DD1.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller DD1 comprises the 16F872 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F872 chip is a CMOS, flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having 64 bytes of EEPROM data memory, self-programming capability, an ICD, 5 channels of 10 bit Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converters, 2 timers, capture/compare/PWM functions, a USART, and a synchronous serial port configurable as either a 3-wire serial peripheral interface or a 2wire inter-integrated circuit bus. Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller DD1 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention. Additionally, in a preferred embodiment of the present invention, triple, multiplexer DA3 comprises the CD4053 two-channel multiplexer/demultiplexer manufactured by FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR, Inc. Any other suitable multiplexer can be substituted for **DA3** without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R18, diodes D1 through D3, capacitors C1-C11, and G1-G3, transistors Q1-Q3, transformers T1 and T2, amplifiers LCH:A and LCH:B, oscillator XTAL1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller DD1 and the multiplexer DA3 with the hardware connected to the connectors J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers and multiplexers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar

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controllers and multiplexers. Thus, the circuit shown in **FIG. 3B** and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3C is a diagram showing an illustrative circuit configuration for integrating a plurality of auxiliary inputs using the controls of the car stereo. A plurality of connectors are provided, illustratively indicated as ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4. Port J1 allows the multimedia device integration system of the present invention to be connected to one or more existing car stereos. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. For example, port J1 could be connected to an OEM car stereo manufactured by HONDA, Inc., or any other manufacturer. Ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 allow connection with the left and right channels of four auxiliary input sources. Of course, any number of auxiliary input sources and ports/connectors could be provided.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4, and provides functionality for integrating one or more auxiliary input sources connected to the ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 with the car stereo connected to the port J1. Further, the microcontroller U1 controls multiplexers DA3 and DA4 to allow selection amongst any of the auxiliary inputs using the controls of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 are selectively channeled to the car radio at port J1 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F872 microcontroller discussed earlier. Additionally, in a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the multiplexers DA3 and DA4 comprises the CD4053 triple, two-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer, discussed earlier. Any other suitable microcontroller and multiplexers can be substituted for U1, DA3, and DA4 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R15, diodes D1 through D3, capacitors C1-C5, transistors Q1-Q2, amplifiers DA1:A and DA1:B, and oscillator Y1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller

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U1 and the multiplexers DA3 and DA4 with the hardware connected to the ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers and multiplexers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers and multiplexers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3C and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3D is an illustrative circuit diagram according to the present invention for integrating a satellite receiver with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo system. Ports J1 and J2 are provided for allowing connection of the integration system of the present invention between an existing car radio and a satellite receiver. These ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. Port J2 connects to the input port of an existing car radio, such as that manufactured by KENWOOD, Inc. Port 1 connects to an after-market satellite receiver, such as that manufactured by PIONEER, Inc.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1 and J2, and provides functionality for integrating the satellite receiver connected to the port J1 with the car stereo connected to the port J2. For example, microcontroller U1 receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received at the connector J2, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the satellite receiver via connector J2. Additionally, the microcontroller U1 receives information provided by the satellite receiver via connector J1, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connector J2 for display on the display of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the port J1 is selectively channeled to the car radio at port J2 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F873 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F873 chip is a CMOS, flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having 128 bytes of EEPROM data memory, self-programming capability, an ICD, 5 channels of 10 bit Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converters, 2 timers, 2 capture/compare/PWM functions, a synchronous serial port

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that can be configured as a either a 3-wire serial peripheral interface or a 2-wire interintegrated circuit bus, and a USART. Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller **U1** without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R7, capacitors C1 and C2, and amplifier A1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller U1 with the hardware connected to the connectors J1 and J2. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3D and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIGS. 4A through 6 are flowcharts showing processing logic according to the present invention. Such logic can be embodied as software and/or instructions stored in a read-only memory circuit (e.g., and EEPROM circuit), or other similar device. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the processing logic described herein is stored in one or more microcontrollers, such as the microcontrollers discussed earlier with reference to FIGS. 3A-3D. Of course, any other suitable means for storing the processing logic of the present invention can be employed.

FIG. 4A is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 100, for integrating a CD player or changer with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo system. Beginning in step 100, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 104 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 106 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 106 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 106, a CD handling process, indicated as block 108, is invoked, allowing the CD player/changer to exchange data and audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 110, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that a CD player/changer is present, and the signal is

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continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. If the car radio is an OEM car radio, the CD player presence signal need not be generated. Further, the signal need not be limited to a CD player device presence signal, but rather, could be any type of device presence signal (e.g., MP3 player device presence signal, satellite receiver presence signal, video device presence signal, cellular telephone presence signal, or any other type of device presence signal). Concurrently with step 110, or within a short period of time before or after the execution of step 110, steps 112 and 114 are invoked. In step 112, the audio channels of the CD player/changer are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the CD player/changer to be played through the car stereo. In step 114, data is retrieved by the present invention from the CD player/changer, including track and time information, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the external CD player/changer can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 110, 112, and 114 have been executed, control passes to step 116.

In steps 116, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for CD operational commands. Examples of such commands include track forward, track reverse, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track program, random track play, and other similar commands. In step 118, if a command is not detected, step 116 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 118 invokes step 120, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the CD player/changer connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command issued from a GM car radio is converted into a format recognizable by a CD player/changer manufactured by ALPINE, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car radio can be formatted for use by a CD player/changer of any type or manufacture. Once the command has been formatted, step 122 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the CD player/changer and executed. Step 110 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 4B is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 130, for integrating an MP3 player with an existing car stereo system. Examples of MP3 players that can be integrated by the present invention include, but are not limited to, the Apple

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iPod and other types of digital media devices. Beginning in step 132, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 134 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 136 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 136 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 136, an MP3 handling process, indicated as block 138, is invoked, allowing the MP3 player to exchange data and audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 140, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an MP3 player is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 142, the audio channels of the MP3 player are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the MP3 player to be played through the car stereo. In step 144, data is retrieved by the present invention from the MP3 player, including track, time, title, and song information, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the MP3 player can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 140, 142, and 144 have been executed, control passes to step 146.

In steps 146, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for MP3 operational commands. Examples of such commands include track forward, track reverse, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track program, random track play, and other similar commands. In step 148, if a command is not detected, step 146 is reinvoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 148 invokes step 150, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the MP3 player connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command issued from a HONDA car radio is converted into a format recognizable by an MP3 player manufactured by PANASONIC, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car radio can be formatted for use by an MP3 player of any type or manufacture. Once the command has been formatted, step 152 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the

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MP3 player and executed. Step **140** is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 4C is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 160, for integrating a satellite receiver or a DAB receiver with an existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 162, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 164 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 166 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 166 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 166, a satellite/DAB receiver handling process, indicated as block 168, is invoked, allowing the satellite/DAB receiver to exchange data and audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 170, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that a satellite or DAB receiver is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 172, the audio channels of the satellite/DAB receiver are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the satellite receiver or DAB receiver to be played through the car stereo. In step 174, data is retrieved by the present invention from the satellite/DAB receiver, including channel number, channel name, artist name, song time, and song title, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. The information could be presented in one or more menus, or via a graphical interface viewable and manipulable by the user at the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the receiver can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 170, 172, and 174 have been executed, control passes to step 176.

In steps 176, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for satellite/DAB receiver operational commands. Examples of such commands include station up, station down, station memory program, and other similar commands. In step 178, if a command is not detected, step 176 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 178 invokes step 180, wherein the received command is

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converted into a format recognizable by the satellite/DAB receiver connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command issued from a FORD car radio is converted into a format recognizable by a satellite receiver manufactured by PIONEER, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car radio can be formatted for use by a satellite/DAB receiver of any type or manufacture. Once the command has been formatted, step 182 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the satellite/DAB receiver and executed. Step 170 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 4D is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 190, for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 192, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 194 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 196 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 196 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 196, an auxiliary input handling process, indicated as block 198, is invoked, allowing one or more auxiliary inputs to be connected (channeled) to the car stereo. Further, if a plurality of auxiliary inputs exist, the logic of block 198 allows a user to select a desired input from the plurality of inputs. Beginning in step 200, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 202, the control panel buttons of the car stereo are monitored.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, each of the one or more auxiliary input sources are selectable by selecting a CD disc number on the control panel of the car radio. Thus, in step 204, a determination is made as to whether the first disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 206 is invoked, wherein the first auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 208 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the second disc number has been selected. If a positive determination

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is made, step 210 is invoked, wherein the second auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 212 is invoked, wherein a third determination is made as to whether the third disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 214 is invoked, wherein the third auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 216 is invoked, wherein a fourth determination is made as to whether the fourth disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 218 is invoked, wherein the fourth auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 200 is re-invoked, and the process disclosed for block 198 repeated. Further, if any of steps 206, 210, 214, or 218 are executed, then step 200 is re-invoked and block 198 repeated.

The process disclosed in block **198** allows a user to select from one of four auxiliary input sources using the control buttons of the car stereo. Of course, the number of auxiliary input sources connectable with and selectable by the present invention can be expanded to any desired number. Thus, for example, 6 auxiliary input sources could be provided and switched using corresponding selection key(s) or keystroke(s) on the control panel of the radio. Moreover, any desired keystroke, selection sequence, or button(s) on the control panel of the radio, or elsewhere, can be utilized to select from the auxiliary input sources without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

FIG. 4E is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 220, for integrating a CD player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 222, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 224 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 226 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the cars stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 226 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 226, then step 228 is invoked, wherein a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 230, a

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determination is made as to whether a CD player is present (i.e., whether an external CD player or changer is connected to the multimedia device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 231 and 232 are invoked. In step 231, the logic of block 108 of FIG. 4A (the CD handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the CD player/changer can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 232, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external CD player/changer to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 234 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 234 re-invokes step 228, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external CD player/changer to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 236 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the CD player/changer are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 238 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4D (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 230 (no external CD player/changer is connected to the present invention), then step 238 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

FIG. 4F is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 240, for integrating a satellite receiver or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 242, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 244 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 246 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 246 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 246, then step 248 is invoked, wherein a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being

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unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 250, a determination is made as to whether a satellite receiver or DAB receiver is present (i.e., whether an external satellite receiver or DAB receiver is connected to the multimedia device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 251 and 252 are invoked. In step 251, the logic of block 168 of FIG. 4C (the satellite/DAB receiver handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the satellite receiver can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 252, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external satellite receiver to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 254 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 254 re-invokes step 258, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external satellite/DAB receiver to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 256 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the satellite receiver are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 258 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4D (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 250 (no external satellite/DAB receiver is connected to the present invention), then step 258 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

FIG. 4G is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating an MP3 player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car stereo. Beginning in step 262, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 264 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 266 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 266 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 266, then step 268 is invoked, wherein a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present,

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and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 270, a determination is made as to whether an MP3 player is present (i.e., whether an external MP3 player is connected to the multimedia device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 271 and 272 are invoked. In step 271, the logic of block 138 of FIG. 4B (the MP3 handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the CD player/changer can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 272, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external CD player/changer to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 274 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 274 re-invokes step 278, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external MP3 player to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 276 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the MP3 player are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 278 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4D (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 270 (no external MP3 player is connected to the present invention), then step 278 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

As mentioned previously, to enable integration, the present invention contains logic for converting command signals issued from an after-market or OEM car stereo into a format compatible with one or more external audio devices connected to the present invention. Such logic can be applied to convert any car stereo signal for use with any external device. For purposes of illustration, a sample code portion is shown in **Table 1**, below, for converting control signals from a BMW car stereo into a format understandable by a CD changer:

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# Table 1

```
_____
    Radio requests changer to STOP (exit PLAY mode)
;
     Decoding 6805183801004C message
     _____
Encode_RD_stop_msg:
    movlw 0x68
    xorwf BMW Recv buff,W
     skpz
     return
    movlw 0x05
     xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+1,W
     skpz
    return
    movlw 0x18
    xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+2,W
     skpz
     return
    movlw 0x38
     xorwf BMW Recv buff+3,W
     skpz
    return
    movlw 0x01
     xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+4,W
     skpz
     return
     tstf BMW_Recv_buff+5
     skpz
     return
    movlw 0x4C
     xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+6,W
```

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skpz
return
bsf BMW\_Recv\_STOP\_msg
return

The code portion shown in **Table 1** receives a STOP command issued by a BMW stereo, in a format proprietary to BMW stereos. Preferably, the received command is stored in a first buffer, such as BMW\_Recv\_buff. The procedure "Encode\_RD\_stop\_msg" repetitively applies an XOR function to the STOP command, resulting in a new command that is in a format compatible with the after-market CD player. The command is then stored in an output buffer for dispatching to the CD player.

Additionally, the present invention contains logic for retrieving information from an after-market audio device, and converting same into a format compatible with the car stereo for display thereby. Such logic can be applied to convert any data from the external device for display on the car stereo. For purposes of illustration, a sample code portion is shown in **Table 2**, below, for converting data from a CD changer into a format understandable by a BMW car stereo:

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### Table 2

```
_____
     Changer replies with STOP confirmation
     Encoding 180A68390002003F0001027D message
Load_CD_stop_msg:
     movlw \overline{0}x18
     movwf BMW Send buff
     movlw 0x0A
     movwf BMW Send buff+1
     movlw 0x68
     movwf BMW_Send_buff+2
     movlw 0x39
     movwf BMW Send buff+3
     movlw 0x00
                              ;current status XX=00, power off
     movwf BMW Send buff+4
     movlw 0x02
                              ; current status YY=02, power off
     movwf BMW Send buff+5
     clrf BMW Send buff+6
                              ;separate field, always =0
     movfw BMW MM stat
                              ; current status MM , magazine config
     movwf BMW Send buff+7
     clrf BMW Send buff+8
                              ;separate field, always =0
     movfw BMW DD stat
                              ; current status DD , current disc
     movwf BMW Send buff+9
     movfw BMW_TT_stat
                              ;current status_TT , current track
     movwf BMW Send buff+10
      xorwf BMW_Send_buff+9,W ;calculate check sum
     xorwf BMW Send buff+8,W
     xorwf BMW Send buff+7,W
     xorwf BMW Send buff+6, W
     xorwf BMW Send buff+5,W
     xorwf BMW_Send_buff+4,W
     xorwf BMW_Send_buff+3,W
     xorwf BMW_Send_buff+2,W
     xorwf BMW_Send_buff+1,W
xorwf BMW_Send_buff,W
     movwf BMW Send buff+11 ;store check sum
     movlw D'1\overline{2}'
                              ;12 bytes total
     movwf BMW Send cnt
     bsf BMW Send on ; ready to send
     return
```

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The code portion shown in **Table 2** receives a STOP confirmation message from the CD player, in a format proprietary to the CD player. Preferably, the received command is stored in a first buffer, such as BMW\_Send\_buff. The procedure "Load\_CD\_stop\_msg" retrieves status information, magazine information, current disc, and current track information from the CD changer, and constructs a response containing this information. Then, a checksum is calculated and stored in another buffer. The response and checksum are in a format compatible with the BMW stereo, and are ready for dispatching to the car stereo.

The present invention also includes logic for converting signals from an OEM car stereo system for use with a digital media device such as an MP3, MP4, or Apple iPod player. Shown below are code samples for allowing commands and data to be exchanged between a Ford car stereo and an Apple iPod device:

### Table 3

```
//decoding Ford "play" command :41-C0-80-CA-01+
         if ( ACP rx ready == ON ) {
                   ACP rx ready = OFF;
                   ACP_rx_taddr = ACP_rx_buff[1];
                   ACP_rx_saddr = ACP_rx_buff[2];
                   ACP_rx_data1 = ACP_rx_buff[3];
                   ACP_rx_data2 = ACP_rx_buff[4];
ACP_rx_data3 = ACP_rx_buff[5];
if ((ACP_rx_saddr == 0x80))) {
                              switch ( ACP rx taddr )
                                        case 0 \times C0:
                                                  if (ACP rx data1 == 0xCA) {
                                                            if ( ACP rx data2 ==
0 \times 01 ) {
                                                                   flags.ACP_play_req
= 1;
                                                            break;
                                                  break;
                              }
                    }
```

In the code portion shown in **Table 3**, a "Play" command selected by a user at the controls of a Ford OEM car stereo is received, and portions of the command are stored in one or more buffer arrays. Then, as shown below in **Table 4**, the decoded portions of the

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command stored in the one or more buffer arrays are used to construct a "Play/Pause" command in a format compatible with the Apple iPod device, and the command is sent to the Apple iPod for execution thereby:

Table 4

While the code portions shown in **Tables 1-2** are implemented using assembler language, and the code portions shown in **Tables 3-4** are implemented using the C programming language, it is to be expressly understood that any low or high level language known in the art could be utilized without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention. It will be appreciated that various other code portions can be developed for converting signals from any after-market or OEM car stereo for use by an after-market external audio device, and vice versa.

FIG. 5 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 300 for allowing a user to switch between an after-market audio device, and one or more auxiliary input sources. As was discussed earlier, the present invention allows a user to switch from one or more connected audio devices, such as an external CD player/changer, MP3 player, satellite receiver, DAB receiver, or the like, and activate one or more auxiliary input sources. A selection sequence, initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo, allows such switching. Beginning in step 302, the buttons of the control panel are monitored. In step 304, a determination is made as to whether a "Track Up" button or sequence has been initiated by the user. The "Track Up" button or sequence can for a CD player, MP3 player, or any other device. If a negative determination is made, step 306 is invoked, wherein the sensed button or sequence is processed in accordance with the present invention and dispatched to the external audio device for execution. Then, step 302 is re-invoked, so that additional buttons or sequences can be monitored.

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In the event that a positive determination is made in step 304, step 308 is invoked, wherein the present invention waits for a predetermined period of time while monitoring the control panel buttons for additional buttons or sequences. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the predetermined period of time is 750 milliseconds, but of course, other time durations are considered within the spirit and scope of the present invention. In step 310, a determination is made as to whether the user has initiated a "Track Down" button or sequence at the control panel of the car stereo within the predetermined time period. These sequences can be used for a CD player, MP3 player, or any other device. If a negative determination is made, step 312 is invoked. In step 312, a determination is made as to whether a timeout has occurred (e.g., whether the predetermined period of time has expired). If a negative determination is made, step 308 is re-invoked. Otherwise, is a positive determination is made, step 312 invokes step 306, so that any buttons or key sequences initiated by the user that are not a "Track Down" command are processed in accordance with the present invention and dispatched to the audio device for execution.

In the event that a positive determination is made in step 310 (a "Track Down" button or sequence has been initiated within the predetermined time period), then step 314 is invoked. In step 314, the audio channels of the audio device are disconnected, and then step 316 is invoked. In step 316, the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4D (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is invoked, so that the user can select from one of the auxiliary input sources in accordance with the present invention. Thus, at this point in time, the system has switched, under user control, from the audio device to a desired auxiliary input. Although the foregoing description of the process 300 has been described with reference to "Track Up" and "Track Down" buttons or commands initiated by the user, it is to be expressly understood that any desired key sequence, keystroke, button depress, or any other action, can be sensed in accordance with the present invention and utilized for switching modes.

When operating in auxiliary mode, the present invention provides an indication on the display of the car stereo corresponding to such mode. For example, the CD number could be displayed as "1", and the track number displayed as "99," thus indicating to the user that the system is operating in auxiliary mode and that audio and data is being supplied from an auxiliary input source. Of course, any other indication could be

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generated and displayed on the display of the car stereo, such as a graphical display (e.g., an icon) or textual prompt.

FIG. 6 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 320, for determining and handling various device types connected to the auxiliary input ports of the invention. The present invention can sense device types connected to the auxiliary input ports, and can integrate same with the car stereo using the procedures discussed earlier. Beginning in step 322, the control panel buttons of the car stereo are monitored for a button or sequence initiated by the user corresponding to an auxiliary input selection (such as the disc number method discussed earlier with reference to FIG. 4D). In response to an auxiliary input selection, step 324 is invoked, wherein the type of device connected to the selected auxiliary input is sensed by the present invention. Then, step 326 is invoked.

In step 326, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is a CD player/changer. If a positive determination is made, step 328 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 108 of FIG. 4A (the CD handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the CD player is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 326, then step 330 is invoked. In step 330, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is an MP3 player. If a positive determination is made, step 334 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 138 if FIG. 4B (the MP3 handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the MP3 player is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 330, then step 336 is invoked. In step 336, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is a satellite receiver or a DAB receiver. If a positive determination is made, step 338 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 168 of FIG. 4C (the satellite/DAB receiver handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the satellite receiver is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 336, step 322 is re-invoked, so that additional auxiliary input selections can be monitored and processed accordingly. Of course, process 320 can be expanded to allow other types of devices connected to the auxiliary inputs of the present invention to be integrated with the car stereo.

The present invention can be expanded for allowing video information generated by an external device to be integrated with the display of an existing OEM or after-market car stereo. In such a mode, the invention accepts RGB (red/green/blue) input signals from

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the external device, and converts same to composite signals. The composite signals are then forwarded to the car stereo for display thereby, such as on an LCD panel of the stereo. Additionally, the present invention can accept composite input signals from an external device, and convert same to RGB signals for display on the car stereo. Further, information from the external device can be formatted and presented to the user in one or more graphical user interfaces or menus capable of being viewed and manipulated on the car stereo.

FIG. 7A is a perspective view of a docking station 400 according to the present invention for retaining an audio device within a car. Importantly, the present invention can be adapted to allow portable audio devices to be integrated with an existing car stereo. The docking station 400 allows such portable devices to be conveniently docked and integrated with the car stereo. The docking station 400 includes a top portion 402 hingedly connected at a rear portion 408 to a bottom portion 404, preferably in a clam-like configuration. A portable audio device 410, such as the SKYFI radio distributed by DELPHI, Inc., is physically and electrically connected with the docking portion 412, and contained within the station 100. A clasp 406 can be provided for holding the top and bottom portions in a closed position to retain the device 410. Optionally, a video device could also be docked using the docking station 400, and tabs 413 can be provided for holding the docking station 400 in place against a portion of a car. Conceivably, the docking station 400 could take any form, such as a sleeve-like device for receiving and retaining a portable audio device and having a docking portion for electrically and mechanically mating with the audio device. It should be noted that the docking station **400** could be formed without the top portion **402**.

FIG. 7B is an end view showing the rear portion 408 of the docking station 400 of FIG. 7A. A hinge 414 connects the top portion and the bottom portions of the docking station 400. A data port 416 is provided for interfacing with the audio device docked within the station 400, and is in electrical communication therewith. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the data port 416 is an RS-232 serial or USB data port that allows for the transmission of data with the audio device, and which connects with the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating the audio device with an OEM or after-market car stereo. Any known bus technology can be utilized to interface with any portable audio or video device contained within the docking

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station **400**, such as FIREWIRE, D2B, MOST, CAN, USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, or any other bus technology known in the art. It should be noted that the present invention can be operated without a docking station, *i.e.*, a portable audio or video device can be plugged directly into the present invention for integration with a car stereo or video system.

FIGS. 8A-8B are perspective views of another embodiment of the docking station of the present invention, indicated generally at 500, which includes the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, indicated generally at 540, incorporated therewith. As shown in FIG. 8A, the docking station 500 includes a base portion 530, a bottom member 515 interconnected with the base portion 530 at an edge thereof, and a top member 510 hingedly interconnected at an edge to the base portion 530. The top member 510 and the bottom member 515 define a cavity for docking and storing a portable audio device 520, which could be a portable CD player, MP3 player, satellite (e.g., XM, SIRIUS, or other type) tuner, or any other portable audio device. The docking station 500 would be configured to accommodate a specific device, such as an IPOD from Apple Computer, Inc., or any other portable device.

The multimedia device integration system 540, in the form of a circuit board, is housed within the base portion 530 and performs the integration functions discussed herein for integrating the portable device 520 with an existing car stereo or car video system. The integration system 540 is in communication with the portable device 520 via a connector 550, which is connected to a port on the device 520, and a cable 555 interconnected between the connector 550 and the integration system 540. The connector 550 could be any suitable connector and can vary according to the device type. For example, a MOLEX, USB, or any other connector could be used, depending on the portable device. The integration system 540 is electrically connected with a car stereo or car video system by cable 560. Alternatively, the integration system could wirelessly communicate with the car stereo or car video system. A transmitter could be used at the integration system to communicate with a receiver at the car stereo or car video system. Where automobiles include Bluetooth systems, such systems can be used to communicate with the integration system. As can be readily appreciated, the docking station 500 provides a convenient device for docking, storing, and integrating a portable device for use

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with a car stereo. Further, the docking station **500** could be positioned at any desired location within a vehicle, including, but not limited to, the vehicle trunk.

As shown in **FIG. 8B**, the top member **510** can be opened in the general direction indicated by arrow **A** to allow for access to the portable audio device **520**. In this fashion, the device **520** can be quickly accessed for any desired purpose, such as for inserting and removing the device **520** from the docking station **500**, as well as for providing access to the controls of the device **520**.

FIG. 9 is a block diagram showing the components of the docking station of FIGS. 8A-8B. The docking station 500 houses both a portable audio or video device 520 and a multimedia device integration system (or interface) 540. The shape and configuration of the docking station 500 can be varied as desired without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

The integration system of the present invention provides for control of a portable audio or video device, or other device, through the controls of the car stereo or video system system. As such, controls on the steering wheel, where present, may also be used to control the portable audio device or other device. Further, in all embodiments of the present invention, communication between the after-market device and a car stereo or video system can be accomplished using known wireless technologies, such as Bluetooth.

FIG. 10 is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, indicated generally at 600, wherein the interface 630 is incorporated within a car stereo or car video system 610. The interface 630 is in electrical communication with the control panel buttons 620, display 615, and associated control circuitry 625 of the car stereo or video system 610. The interface 630 could be manufactured on a separate printed circuit board positioned within the stereo or video system 610, or on one or more existing circuit boards of the stereo or video system 610. An after-market device 635 can be put into electrical communication with the interface 630 via a port or connection on the car stereo or video system 610, and integrated for use with the car stereo or video system 610.

The device 635 can be controlled using the control panel buttons 620 of the car stereo or video system 610, and information from the device 635 is formatted by the interface 630 and displayed in the display 615 of the car stereo or video system 610. Additionally, control commands generated at the car stereo or car video device 610 are

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converted by the interface 630 into a format (protocol) compatible with the multimedia device 635, and are dispatched thereto for execution. A plurality of multimedia devices could be integrated using the interface 630, as well as one or more auxiliary input sources 640. The after-market device 635 could comprise any audio, video, or telecommunications device, including, but not limited to, a CD player, CD changer, digital media player (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, or any other player), satellite radio (e.g., XM, Sirius, Delphi, etc.), video device (e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or any other type of device or combinations thereof. Additionally, one or more interfaces could be connected to the interface 630 ("daisy-chained") to allow multiple products to be integrated. The device 600 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed in FIGS. 3A-3D and modified depending upon the type of the aftermarket device 635.

FIG. 11A is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 645, wherein a cellular telephone 670 is integrated for use with a car stereo. The telephone 670 is in electrical communication with the interface 665, which receives data from the cellular telephone and formats same for displaying on the display 650 of the car stereo or video system 660. Commands for controlling the telephone 670 can be entered using the control panel buttons 655 of the car stereo or video system 660. The commands are processed by the interface 665, converted into a format (protocol) compatible with the telephone 670, and transmitted to the telephone 670 for processing thereby.

Additionally, audio and video from the telephone **670** can be channeled to the car stereo or video system **660** via the interface **665** and played through the speakers and/or display **650** of the car stereo or video system **660**. For example, if the telephone **670** is provided with the ability to download songs or music, such songs or music can be selected using the car stereo or video system **660** and played therethrough using the interface **665**. Further, the telephone **670** could be provided with the ability to receive live and/or streamed audio and/or video signals (*e.g.*, via QuickTime or RealSystem streaming files, or a live radio signal received by the telephone), satellite audio (*e.g.*, XM or SIRIUS satellite radio signals, received by a satellite-capable cellular telephone), mobile television (*e.g.*, "amp'd" mobile), or navigational information (*e.g.*, via the Global Positioning System (GPS)), which can be selected using the car stereo or video system **660** and played

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thereon (both audio and video) using the interface 665. For example, if the telephone 670 is equipped to receive SIRIUS satellite digital audio signals, a user could be presented with a menu of available channels that can be displayed and selected using the car stereo or video system 660, which causes corresponding audio signals to be played through speakers of the car stereo or video system 660. It is also noted that navigational and map data received by the telephone 670, including, but not limited to, Global Positioning System (GPS) maps and road / driving maps (e.g., Google driving / road maps, Telnav maps, etc.), can be displayed on the car stereo or video system 660. Additionally, other types of data, such as restaurant menus accessed by the telephone 670, could be displayed on the car stereo or video system 660.

It should be noted that control of the cellular telephone could be provided using one or more displays (e.g., LCD) of a car video system. Moreover, control of the cellular telephone 670 is not limited to the use of buttons on the car stereo or video system 660, and indeed, a software or graphically-driven menu or interface can be used to control the cellular telephone. The device 645 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed in FIGS. 3A-3D and modified for use with the cellular telephone 670.

FIG. 11b is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 647, for integrating a cellular telephone with a car radio. Beginning in step 649, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 651 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 653 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 649 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 653, a cellular telephone handling process, indicated as block 661, is invoked. Beginning in step 654, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that a cellular telephone is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 657, the audio channels of the cellular telephone are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the cellular telephone to be played through the car stereo. Video signals from the cellular telephone could also

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be processed in accordance with the present invention (e.g., RGB to composite signal conversion, or vice-versa), and the processed video could be sent by the interface to the car stereo system for display thereby. In step 659, data is retrieved by the present invention from the cellular telephone, such as song information corresponding to one or more songs downloaded onto the cellular telephone, satellite radio channel, artist name, genre, etc. After steps 654, 657, and 659 have been executed, control passes to step 663.

In steps 663, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for cellular telephone operational commands. In step 664, if a command is not detected, step 663 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 663 invokes step 667, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the cellular telephone connected to the present invention. Once the command has been formatted, step 669 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the cellular telephone and executed. Step 654 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 12A is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 675, wherein an after-market video device 695 is integrated for use with a car video system 685. In particular, the interface 675 allows a non-native video device 695 (i.e., a device which is alien to a car video system) to be used interchangeably with a car video system 685. The after-market video device 695 could comprise a portable DVD player, digital video (DV) camera, digital camera, rear-view camera, or any other video device. The interface 690 receives output video signals from the device 695, and converts same for display on one or more displays 680 (e.g., LCD seat-back displays in a minivan, fold-down displays mounted on the roof of a vehicle, vehicle navigation displays, etc.) of the car video system 685. The output signals could be transmitted via a wired or a wireless connection to the interface 690. The interface 690 could convert between composite and red/green/blue (RGB) video signals, and vice versa, using commerciallyavailable video format conversion chips such as the TDA8315, TDA4570, TDA3567, TDA3566A, and TDA3569A video conversion chips manufactured by Philips Corp., and the AL251 and AL250 video conversion chips manufactured by Averlogic Technologies, Inc., or any other suitable video conversion chips. Commands issued by a user using the car video system 685 or display(s) 680 for controlling the device 695 are received by the interface 690, converted into a format compatible with the device 695, and transmitted

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thereto for processing. The device 675 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed in FIGS. 3A-3D and modified for use with the video device 695.

FIG. 12B is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 671, for integrating an after-market video device with a car video system. Beginning in step 673, a determination is made as to whether the existing car video system is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 674 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car video system to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 677 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car video system is in a state responsive to signals external to the car video system. If a negative determination is made, step 673 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 677, an after-market video device handling process, indicated as block 687, is invoked. Beginning in step 679, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car video system. Importantly, this signal prevents the car video system from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 681, the audio and video channels of the after-market device are connected (channeled) to the car video system, allowing audio and video from the after-market device to be played through the car video system. In step 684, the display(s) of the car video system are updated with data from the after-market device. After steps 679, 681, and 684 have been executed, control passes to step 683.

In step **683**, the present invention monitors the car video system for after-market video device operational commands. In step **689**, if a command is not detected, step **683** is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step **689** invokes step **691**, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the after-market video device connected to the present invention. Once the command has been formatted, step **693** is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the after-market video device and executed. Step **679** is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 13A is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system 710 of the present invention, wherein configuration jumpers 720 and protocol conversion software blocks 724 are provided for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface. The jumpers 720 can be set to a plurality

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of different settings, each of which corresponds to an after-market device of a specific type (e.g., CD changer, CD player, digital media player, satellite radio, video device, cellular telephone, etc.) or from a specific manufacturer. Additionally, the jumpers 720 can be used to specify one or more device or manufacturer types for the car stereo or video system 705. The settings of the configuration jumpers 720 correspond to one or more protocol conversion software blocks 724 stored in memory (e.g., programmable flash memory, ROM, EEPROM, etc.) 725 of the interface 710. Each of the software blocks 724 controls the interface circuitry 715 and contains instructions for converting data from the device 707 into a format compatible with the car stereo or video system 705, and vice versa. For example, a first block could contain software for allowing communication between an Apple iPod and an in-dash car stereo manufactured by Sony, and a second block could contain software for allowing communication between a DVD player and a car video system. Any desired number of blocks could be stored in the memory 725 and can be selected as desired by the user via configuration jumpers 720. As such, a single interface 710 can be used for integrating numerous devices of various types and manufactures for use with one or more car stereo or video systems. The device 710 could include one or more of the circuits shown in FIGS. 3A-3D, with modifications depending upon the device types of the devices 705 and 707.

FIG. 13B is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein wiring harnesses 727 and 728 and protocol conversion software blocks 729 are provided for integrating multimedia devices of various types using a single interface 726. In this embodiment, the electrical configurations (pinouts) of each of the harnesses 727 and 728 correspond to car stereo / video systems and after-market devices of specific types and made by specific manufacturers (e.g., harness 727 could correspond to a BMW car stereo, and harness 728 could correspond to an ALPINE satellite tuner). The electrical configurations (pinouts) of the harnesses are utilized by the interface 726 to retrieve a specific protocol conversion software block 729 that allows communication between the devices. The interface 726 could be provided with a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks pre-loaded into memory in the interface, and could be provided with any desired harnesses. The interface 726 could include one or more of the circuits shown in FIGS. 3A-3D, with modification

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depending upon the device types of the devices attached to the wiring harnesses 727 and 728.

FIG. 14 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 730, of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface. In step 735, the interface determines types of devices that are connected thereto, including the car stereo or video system and one or more after-market devices to be integrated therewith. This could be achieved by the configuration jumper settings or the harness types connected to the interface and discussed with respect to FIGS. 13A and 13B. Then, in step 740, a protocol conversion software block is selected from blocks of conversion software (e.g., from the blocks 725 and 729 shown in FIGS. 13A and 13B). In step 745, instructions are converted using the selected conversion block to allow the car stereo or video system to operate with the multimedia device.

FIG. 15 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 750, of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for allowing a user to specify one or more after-market device types for integration using a single interface. In step 770, a user is provided with one or more lists of devices to be integrated, which are displayed on the display 760 of the car stereo or video device 755. Then, in step 775, using the buttons 765 of the car video device, the user can specify the type of multimedia device to be integrated (e.g., by scrolling through the lists). Additionally, the device type could be specified using a graphical or software menu displayed on the car stereo or car video system. In step 780, a determination is made as to whether a timeout has occurred (e.g., the user has not selected a device type within a predetermined period of time). If a positive determination is made, step 785 occurs, wherein a protocol conversion software block is selected from memory corresponding to the last device type displayed by the car stereo or video system. If a negative determination is made, step 790 is invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether the user has specified a device type. If a negative determination is made, step 775 is re-invoked so that the user can specify a device type. If a positive determination is made, step 795 is invoked, wherein a protocol conversion software block is selected from memory corresponding to the device specified by the user. In step 800, the protocol conversion software block is mapped to a logical address in memory. Then, in step 805, instructions to be exchanged between the car stereo or video

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system and the after-market device are converted using the software block to allow communication between the devices using compatible formats. Accordingly, the logic of **FIG. 15** allows a single interface having multiple protocol conversion software blocks to be used integrate a plurality of after-market devices with a car stereo or video system.

FIG. 16 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, indicated generally at 810, for allowing a user to quickly navigate through a list of songs on one or more after-market devices using the controls of a car stereo or video system (fast navigation technique). This method allows a user to quickly select a song from a list of songs available on an after-market device for playing on the car stereo or video system, and could be applied for use with any type of after-market device, including, but not limited to, a digital media player such as an MP3 player or Apple iPod player. Beginning in step 812, a user is provided with a list of alphanumeric characters on a display of the car stereo or video system. This list could include the letters A through Z, as well as the numbers 0 through 9. In step 814, the user can specify a desired alphanumeric character, which can be specified by scrolling through the list using one or more controls of the car stereo or video system and pressing a button once the desired character has been highlighted, or optionally, if an alphanumeric keypad (or touchscreen interface) is provided on the car stereo or video system, the user can directly enter the desired alphanumeric character.

When the desired alphanumeric character has been specified, in step 816 a remote database is queried using the alphanumeric character. The remote database could comprise a list of songs stored in one or more after-market devices integrated by the present invention for use with the car stereo or video system. In step 818, a list of potentially matching songs is retrieved from the database and presented on the display of the car stereo or video system for perusal by the user. For example, if the user specified the letter "A," the list could include all songs in the remote database having titles (or artists) beginning with the letter "A." In step 820, a determination is made as to whether a desired song appears in the list and is immediately viewable by the user, without requiring the user to scroll through the list. If a positive determination is made, step 822 is invoked, wherein the desired song is selected by the user and retrieved from the after-market device for playing on the car stereo or video system.

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In the event that a negative determination is made in step 820, step 824 is invoked, wherein the user can specify an additional alphanumeric character using the car stereo or video system. For example, if the user initially specified the letter "A" and the desired song is not visible in the list of songs without scrolling, the user can refine the query by adding an additional alphanumeric character. Thus, for example, the user can specify the letters "AN" to search for songs having titles (or artists) beginning with the letters "AN." In step 826, the remote database of the after-market device is queried using the specified letters. In step 828, a list of potential matches is presented to the user at the car stereo or video system. In step 830, a determination is made as to whether the desired song appears in the list and is immediately viewable without requiring the user to scroll through the list. If a positive determination is made, step 822 is invoked, wherein the user can select the desired song for retrieval from the after-market device and playing on the car stereo or video system. If a negative determination is made, step 832 is invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether a threshold number of alphanumeric characters has been specified by the user. For example, a maximum threshold of 3 alphanumeric characters could be specified, or any other desired number. If a negative determination is made, steps 824-832 are re-invoked in the manner disclosed herein to allow the user to specify additional alphanumeric characters for querying the remote database. If a positive determination is made (threshold met), then processing terminates and the user must scroll through the list of retrieved songs or repeat the processing disclosed in FIG. 16 to begin a new query.

FIG. 17 is a diagram showing an another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 850, wherein a plurality of external devices are integrated using a single interface 852. Any desired number or combination of devices can be integrated for use with a car stereo or video system using the interface 852. The interface 852 houses a plurality of ports 858 for connecting any desired number of external devices, and a port 856 for connection with a car stereo or video system. The ports 858 and 856 could be any suitable type of input port, and could vary depending upon the types of devices to be integrated. Additionally, the interface 852 includes integration electronics 854, which could include any desired electronics disclosed herein for integrating a plurality of external devices.

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As shown in **FIG. 17**, a CD player **860**, a digital media device **862**, a satellite tuner **864**, a video device **866**, a cellular phone **868**, and an auxiliary input **870** are connected to the interface **852** and integrated for use with a car stereo or video system. The CD player **860** could comprise any desired CD player or changer. The digital media device **862** could comprise any portable digital media device, such as an Apple iPod, MP3 player, MP4, player, WMV player, portable music center, or any other desired device. The satellite tuner **864** could comprise any desired satellite tuner, such as an XM or Sirius tuner. The video device **866** could comprise any desired video device, such as a DVD player. The cellular phone **868** could comprise any cellular telephone capable of downloading and storing music or video files. The auxiliary input **870** could comprise any desired external device. Any desired number of interfaces **852** could be interconnected ("daisy-chained"). Further, the interface **852** could form part of an existing car stereo or video system. Control of the external devices connected to the interface **852** is provided through the car stereo or video system.

FIG. 18 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 900, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system 910 and a portable audio and/or video device 924. The car system 910 could be any OEM or after-market car audio and/or video system. The portable device 924 could comprise a CD player, CD changer, digital media player (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, Apple video iPod), portable media center, portable media player, satellite receiver, digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver (also commonly referred to as a high-definition (HD) radio receiver), video device (e.g., DVD player or digital media player, such as the SONY PSP digital media player), cellular telephone, or any other portable device.

The car system **910** includes system electronics **912** (e.g., circuitry and components provided by an OEM or after-market car audio and/or video system manufacturer), a display **918**, a control panel **920** (e.g., buttons, touch screen display, etc.) for allowing user interaction and control, and a wireless interface or transceiver **916**. The wireless interface **916** could comprise an AT76C551 Bluetooth transceiver manufactured by Atmel, Inc., which includes a Bluetooth baseband controller with an integrated digital signal processor (DSP), and an AT7024 2.4 - 2.5 GHz band RF front end transceiver manufactured by Atmel, Inc., which includes a low-noise amplifier and transmit / receive

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switch driver. Any other suitable wireless transceiver (e.g., IEEE 802.11a, 802.11b, or 802.11g) could also be substituted. The display **918** could comprise any display associated with the car system **910**, including, but not limited to, a display panel, a seat-back display, a dashboard display, an LCD or plasma display, or any other display in a car or associated with a car audio and/or video system, positioned anywhere within a vehicle.

The portable device 924 includes device electronics 934 (e.g., circuitry and components provided by the portable device manufacturer), a wireless interface or transceiver 926, and an integration subsystem or module 932 positioned within the portable device 924. Optionally, the wireless interface 926 could be positioned external to the portable device 924. The wireless interface 926 is identical to the wireless interface 916, and both interfaces 916 and 926 establish a wireless communications channel or link 922 between the car system 910 and the portable device 924.

The integration subsystem 932 receives control commands that are issued at the car system 910 and wirelessly transmitted to the portable device 924 via the wireless communications link 922, processes the commands into a format compatible with the device electronics 934 of the portable device 924, and dispatches same to the device electronics 934 for execution thereby, so as to provide remote, wireless control of the portable device 924 using the car system 910. For example, a "Play" command could be entered at the car system 910 (which could be a BMW car stereo), wirelessly transmitted to the portable device 924 (which could be an Apple iPod), converted by the integration subsystem 932 into a format recognizable by the device electronics 934, and executed The integration subsystem 932 also receives data generated by the device electronics 934 (including, but not limited to, track information, artist information, song title, time information, etc.), processes same into a format compatible with the car system 910, and transmits the processed data to the car system 910 using the wireless link 922 for display thereon using the display 918. For example, playlists or other data generated by the portable device 924 could be processed by the integration subsystem 932 into a format compatible with the car system 910, and wirelessly transmitted thereto for display on the display 918.

Audio and video information generated by the portable device 924 can be transmitted digitally to the car system 910 using the wireless link 922. This information could also be transmitted via one or more analog RF carrier signals, using suitable digital-

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to-analog and analog-to-digital conversion circuitry known in the art. The integration subsystem 932 could also include conversion circuitry (e.g., using the video format conversion chips discussed above with respect to FIG. 12A) for converting video information generated by the portable device 924 for display on the display 918 of the car system 910 (e.g., by converting composite video signals to red, green, and blue (RGB) video signals, or vice versa). It should be noted that the integration subsystem 932 could also be utilized to process data, video, and audio information provided by the portable device 924 where the portable device 924 is connected to the Internet (e.g., via a wireless Internet connection established by a cellular telephone). In such circumstances, the display 918 of the car system 910 would function as an Internet browser, and the controls 920 of the car system 910 could be utilized to navigate the Internet.

The integration subsystem 932 contains circuitry similar to the circuitry disclosed in the various embodiments of the present invention discussed herein, and could include a PIC16F872 or PIC16F873 microcontroller manufactured by Microchip, Inc. and programmed in accordance with the flowchart discussed below with respect to FIG. 24. Additionally, the integration subsystem 932 generates a device presence signal for maintaining the car system 910 in a state responsive to the portable device 924. It should be noted that a non-wireless connection 930 could be provided between optional external interfaces ports 914 and 928 of the car system 910 and the portable device 924, respectively, using any suitable wired connection type such as serial, FIREWIRE, CAN/CAN2, USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, or any other connection, to allow for wired integration between the car system 910 and the portable device 924. Additionally, the non-wireless connection 930 could include a fiber-optic connection, such as a D2B or MOST fiber-optic connection. The device presence can be transmitted to the car system 910 using the wireless link 922 or, optionally, the non-wireless connection 930.

FIG. 19 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 1000, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system 1010 and a portable audio and/or video device 1024. The components shown in FIG. 19 are identical to the components shown in FIG. 18, and reference numerals of corresponding components have been increased by 100. In this embodiment, the integration subsystem 1032 is positioned internally within the car system 1010, which also includes system electronics 1012, wireless interface 1016, display 1018,

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control panel 1020, and, optionally, external interface port 1014. The portable device 1024 includes a wireless interface 1026 in communication with device electronics 1034, and optionally, an external interface port 1028 for communicating with the external interface port 1014 of the car system 1010 via non-wireless connection 1030.

FIG. 20 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 1100, wherein a docking slot 1140 is provided in a car audio and/or video system 1110 for receiving a portable audio and/or video device 1124. The car system 1110 includes system electronics 1112 (e.g., circuitry and components provided by an OEM or after-market car audio or video system manufacturer), a display 1118, and a control panel 1120. The portable device 1124 includes an integration subsystem or module 1132, device electronics 1134 (e.g., circuitry and components provided by the manufacturer of the portable device 1124) and an external interface port 1142 that interfaces with the docking slot 1140 to allow electrical communication between the integration subsystem 1132 of the car system 1110 and the device electronics 1134 of the portable device 1124. The electrical connection formed by the external interface port 1142 and the docking slot 1140 could include a FIREWIRE, CAN/CAN2, USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, or I Bus connection, or any other suitable connection type. Additionally, a fiber-optic connection could be formed between the external interface port 1142 and the docking slot 1140, using a D2B, MOST, or other suitable fiber-optic connection.

The portable device 1124 is inserted into the docking slot 1140 in the general direction indicated by arrow A. Once docked, the integration subsystem 1132 processes control commands issued at the car system 1110 into a format compatible with the portable device 1124, and processes data generated by the portable device 1124 into a format compatible with the car system 1110 in the manner described herein. Audio and video signals generated by the portable device 1124 are channeled by the integration subsystem 1132 to the system electronics 1112, for playing through the car system 1110. The portable device 1124 could comprise a digital media player (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, Apple video iPod, or other device), a portable media center, a portable media player, a satellite receiver, a digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver or high-definition (HD) radio receiver, a portable video device, a cellular telephone, or any other portable device.

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FIG. 21 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 1200, wherein a docking slot 1240 is provided in a car audio and/or video system 1210 for receiving a portable audio and/or video device 1224. The components shown in FIG. 21 are identical to those disclosed in FIG. 20, and reference numerals of corresponding components have been increased by 100. In this embodiment, the integration subsystem 1232 is positioned within the car system 1210, which also includes system electronics 1212, display 1218, and control panel 1220. The portable device 1224 includes device electronics 1234 and an external interface port 1242 for interfacing with the docking slot 1240 and providing electrical (and/or optical) communication with the integration subsystem 1232.

FIG. 22 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 1300, wherein wireless integration is provided between a car audio and/or video system 1310 and a portable audio and/or video device 1324, and voice synthesis and speech recognition capabilities are provided. More particularly, the portable device 1324 includes an integration subsystem or module 1332 having a voice recognition subsystem 1336 and a speech synthesizer 1338. As with the embodiments discussed earlier with respect to FIGS. 18-19, the car system 1310 includes system electronics 1312 (e.g., circuitry and components provided by an OEM or after-market car audio or video system manufacturer), an optional external interface port 1314, a wireless interface or transceiver 1316 (which could be a Bluetooth or other suitable wireless transceiver), a display 1318, and a control panel 1320.

The portable device **1324** could comprise a CD player, CD changer, digital media player (*e.g.*, MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, Apple video iPod, or other device), portable media center, portable media player, satellite receiver, digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, high-definition (HD) radio receiver, video device (*e.g.*, DVD player or digital media player, such as the SONY PSP digital media player), cellular telephone, or any other portable device. The portable device **1324** includes a wireless interface **1326** which communicates with the wireless interface **1316** to provide a wireless communications channel or link **1322**, an optional external interface port **1328** for providing a non-wireless connection **1330** with the external interface port **1314** (which could include any suitable wired connection, such as FIREWIRE, CAN/CAN2, USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, etc., or any suitable optical connection, such as D2B or

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MOST), device electronics 1334, and optional external audio output 1340 and optional external audio input 1342.

The voice recognition subsystem 1336 of the integration subsystem 1332 could comprise the HM2007 speech recognition processor manufactured by Hualon Microelectric Corporation, the VRP6679 speech recognition processor manufactured by Oki, Inc., or any other suitable speech recognition processor. The voice recognition subsystem 1336 receives control commands that are spoken by a user and are transmitted to the portable device 1324 via the wireless link 1322 or the non-wireless connection 1330 (where the car system 1310 another vehicle component connected to the car system 1310 includes a microphone for receiving voice commands). Optionally, a microphone could be connected to the external audio input 1342 of the portable device 1324 for receiving voice commands. Any desired, spoken commands could be received by the integration subsystem 1332 and processed by the voice recognition subsystem 1336 into a format compatible with the device electronics 1334 of the portable device 1324 for execution thereby. For example, a user could speak a desired artist name, whereupon the voice recognition subsystem 1336 processes the spoken artist name into a digital format, passes the processed artist name to the integration subsystem 1332, and the integration subsystem 1332 constructs a query command and passes the query command to the device electronics 1334 along with the processed artist name to the device electronics 1334. The device electronics 1334 then queries the portable device 1324 for all songs (e.g., by searching ID3 tags associated with each song and stored in the portable device 1324) having a matching The resulting list is then passed to the integration subsystem 1332, whereupon the information is processed into a format compatible with the car system 1310. Then, the information is transmitted to the car system 1310 via the wireless link 1322 or the non-wireless connection 1330 for display on the display 1318 of the car system 1310.

Voice recognition could also be used to retrieve other media files, such as video clips that are stored on the portable device 1324. Such files, one retrieved, could then be processed by the integration subsystem 1332 in the manner described herein, transmitted to the car system 1310 (via the wireless link 1322 or the non-wireless connection 1330), and displayed on the display 1318 of the car system 1310. An index of such files could

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also be generated by the integration subsystem 1332 for quick browsing and retrieval using car system 1310 or voice commands.

The speech synthesizer 1338 provides synthesized speech corresponding to data produced by the portable device 1324. For example, track lists, artist names, song titles, and other information (e.g., video clip titles, movie titles, etc.) could be retrieved from the portable device 1324 by the integration subsystem 1332 (e.g., in response to a command issued by the user at the car system 1310 or a spoken command processed by the voice recognition subsystem 1336), and synthesized speech corresponding to the retrieved information could be generated by the speech synthesizer 1338 using known text-tospeech software. The speech synthesizer 1338 could include the RC 8650 or RC 8660 speech synthesis chipsets manufactured by RC Systems, Inc., or any other suitable speech synthesizers. Synthesized speech could be transmitted to the car system 1310 via the wireless link 1322 or the non-wireless connection 1330 and played through the car system 1310, or optionally, the speech could be channeled to an external device via the optional external audio output 1340. It should be noted that the voice recognition subsystem 1336 and the speech synthesizer 1338 could be formed on a single integrated circuit forming part of the integration subsystem 1332. Additionally, the integration subsystem 1332 provides full control of the portable device 1324 using the car system 1310 and exchange of data, audio, and video signals between the portable device 1324 and the car system 1310, in the manner described herein.

FIG. 23 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 1400, wherein wireless integration is provide between a car audio and/or video system 1410 and a portable audio and/or video device 1424 and voice recognition and speech synthesis capabilities are provided. The components shown in FIG. 23 are functionally identical to the components shown in FIG. 22, and reference numerals of corresponding components have been increased by 100. In this embodiment, the integration subsystem 1432 is positioned in the car system 1410, which includes system electronics 1412, an optional external interface port 1414, a wireless interface 1416, a display 1418, and a control panel 1420. The integration subsystem 1432 includes a voice recognition subsystem 1436 and a speech synthesizer 1438, which provide the voice recognition and speech synthesis capabilities described above with reference to FIG. 22. The portable device 1424 includes a wireless interface 1426, and optional external

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interface port 1428, device electronics 1434, an optional external audio output port 1440, and an optional external audio input port 1442.

FIG. 24 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention, indicated generally at 1450, for wirelessly integrating a portable audio and/or video device for use with a car audio and/or video system. In step 1452, a wireless link is established between the portable device and the car audio and/or video system. As discussed above, the wireless link could be any suitable wireless communications link, such as a Bluetooth wireless link, an IEEE 802.11 link, or any other suitable link. In step 1454, the car audio and/or video system type is determined, such as the manufacturer name and/or model identifier. In step 1456, the portable audio and/or video device type is identified, such as the manufacturer name and/or model identifier. In step 1458, a protocol conversion software block is loaded from memory, based upon the corresponding device types of the car audio and/or video system and the portable audio and/or video device. The protocol conversion software block includes code for converting commands issued at the car audio and/or video system into a format compatible with the portable audio and/or video device, as well as code for converting data generated by the portable audio and/or video device into a format compatible with the car audio and/or video system.

In step 1460, data generated by the portable audio and/or video device is processed by the protocol conversion software block. Then, in step 1466, the processed data is transmitted to the car audio and/or video system for display thereon, using the wireless link. In step 1462, audio and/or video signal generated by the portable audio and/or video device are channeled to the car audio and/or video system using the wireless link. In step 1464, a determination is made as to whether commands from the car audio and/or video system are to be processed. If a negative determination is made, step 1458 is re-invoked. Otherwise, step 1468 is invoked, wherein the commands are processed using the protocol conversion software block. Then, in step 1470, the processed commands are transmitted to the car audio and/or video system using the wireless link. Step 1458 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

Importantly, the present invention allows video files in any format (including video clips, movies, pictures, etc.) that are stored on a portable device to be displayed on one or more displays of a car audio and/or video system, and playback of such files to be controlled using the car audio and/or video system. Examples of such files include, but

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are not limited to, MPEG, WMV, AVI, JPEG, GIF, TIFF, MP4, or any other suitable video format. Such files could be stored on a cell phone, a portable media center, a portable media player, or any other portable device which is integrated by the present invention (through a wired or wireless connection) for use with a car audio and/or video system. Thus, for example, a video clip downloaded to a cellular telephone or a video clip stored on a portable device (e.g., an Apple video iPod) can be displayed on one or more displays of a car audio and/or video system. Further, the present invention allows for live video streams, such as live television video received by a cellular telephone or other portable device, to be displayed on one or more displays of the car audio and/or video system.

FIG. 25A is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 1500, wherein a digital camera 1515 is integrated for use with a car audiovisual system 1505. The digital camera 1515 could comprise any commerciallyavailable digital still or video camera, such as a point-and-shoot or single-lens-reflex (SLR) digital camera. The digital camera 1515 is in electrical communication with the interface 1510 via any suitable electrical connection, such as USB, USB2, Firewire (IEEE 1394), etc., or any suitable wireless connection, such as BLUETOOTH, IEEE 802.11 (WiFi), etc. The interface 1510 receives data from the digital camera 1515 (such photographs or video clips) and formats same for displaying on a display 1520 of the car audiovisual system 1505. Instructions for controlling the digital camera 1515 can be entered using the control panel buttons 1525 of the car audiovisual system 1505. The instructions are processed by the interface 1510, converted into a format (protocol) compatible with the digital camera 1515, and transmitted to the digital camera 1515 for processing thereby. Output signals from the digital camera 1515 containing still images, full motion video, or multimedia data can be channeled to the car audiovisual system 1505 via the interface 1510 and played through the display 1520 and/or speakers of the car audiovisual system 1505. For example, a video file stored in the digital camera 1515 can be selected using the control panel buttons 1525, which causes the digital camera 1515 to produce corresponding output signals that are processed by the interface 1510, transmitted to the car audiovisual system 1505, and displayed on the display 1520. It should be noted that control of the digital camera 1515 can be performed using buttons on the car audiovisual system 1505, or a software or graphically-driven menu or interface, such as a

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touch screen, as well as controls on the digital camera 1515 itself. The interface 1510 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed herein and modified for use with the digital camera 1515, including, but not limited to a microcontroller programmed in accordance with the present invention as well as a video processing integrated circuit for converting video signals from the camera 1515 into video signals compatible with the car audiovisual system 1505.

FIG. 25B is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 1530, for integrating a digital camera with a car audiovisual system. Beginning at step 1535, a determination is made as to whether the existing car audiovisual system is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 1540 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car audiovisual system to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 1545 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car audiovisual system is in a state responsive to signals external to the car audiovisual system. If a negative determination is made, step 1535 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 1545, a digital camera handling process, indicated as block 1565, is invoked. Beginning in step 1550, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that a digital camera is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car audiovisual system. Importantly, this signal prevents the car audiovisual system from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 1555, video and/or audio channels of the digital camera are connected (channeled) to the car audiovisual system. In step 1560, data is retrieved by the present invention from the digital camera, such as title information corresponding to one or more files stored in the digital camera. For example, a list of files stored on the digital camera is presented on the display of the car audiovisual system for selection by a user. The user can then select a file, which could include a picture (.jpg, .gif, .tiff, etc.) or a video file (.wmv, .mpg, etc.), using the controls of the car audiovisual system, and display same on the display of the car audiovisual system. If conversion of the video signal is required, the present invention could convert the signal using any suitable video conversion circuitry (e.g., composite-to-RGB signal conversion, and/or vice versa) prior to displaying the signal on a display of the car audiovisual system. After steps 1550, 1555, and 1560 have been executed, control passes to step 1570.

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In step 1570, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car audiovisual system for digital camera operational instructions. In step 1575, if an instruction is not detected, step 1570 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if an instruction is received, step 1580 is invoked, wherein the received instruction is converted into a format recognizable by the digital camera connected to the present invention. For example, after a user selects a particular file name presented on the display, an instruction to output video signals that correspond to the selected file is generated. Once the instruction has been formatted, step 1585 is invoked, wherein the formatted instruction is transmitted to the digital camera and executed thereby. Step 1550 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 26A is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 1600, wherein a portable navigation device 1615 (e.g., a Garmin or Tom Tom GPS receiver, etc.) is integrated for use with a car audiovisual system 1605. The portable navigation device 1615 is in electrical communication (e.g., wired or wireless communication, as discussed hereinabove using any suitable wired or wireless connection methodology) with the interface 1610, which receives data from the portable navigation device 1615 and formats same for displaying on a display 1620 of the car audiovisual system 1605. Instructions for controlling the portable navigation device 1615 can be entered using control panel buttons 1625 of the car audiovisual system 1605. instructions are processed by the interface 1610, converted into a format (protocol) compatible with the portable navigation device 1615, and transmitted to the portable navigation device 1615 for processing thereby. Maps and audio cues from the portable navigation device 1615 can be channeled to the car audiovisual system 1605 via the interface 1610 and played through the display 1620 and/or speakers of the car audiovisual system 1605. For example, a driving destination may be specified using the control panel buttons 1625, which causes a digital map file (or a portion thereof) stored in the portable navigation device 1615 to be presented on the display 1620, and speech-synthesized driving instructions (generated by the portable navigation device 1615) to be played through speakers of the car audiovisual system 1605. It should be noted that control of the portable navigation device 1615 can be performed using buttons on the car audiovisual system 1605, or a software or graphically-driven menu or interface, such as a touch screen, as well as controls on the portable navigation device 1615 itself. One or more interfaces

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could be connected to the interface 1610 ("daisy-chained") to allow multiple products to be integrated. The device 1600 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed herein and modified for use with the portable navigation device 1615.

FIG. 26B is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 1630, for integrating a portable navigation device with a car audiovisual system. Beginning in step 1635, a determination is made as to whether the existing car audiovisual system is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 1640 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car audiovisual system to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 1645 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car audiovisual system is in a state responsive to signals external to the car audiovisual system. If a negative determination is made, step 1635 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 1645, a portable navigation device handling process, indicated as block 1665, is invoked. Beginning in step 1650, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that a portable navigation device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car audiovisual system. Importantly, this signal prevents the car audiovisual system from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source.

In step 1655, video and/or audio channels of the portable navigation device are connected (channeled) to the car audiovisual system. In step 1660, data is retrieved by the present invention from the portable navigation device, such as a menu for specifying a driving destination, and presented on the display of the car audiovisual system. After steps 1650, 1655, and 1660 have been executed, control passes to step 1670.

In step 1670, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car audiovisual system for portable navigation device operational instructions. In step 1675, if an instruction is not detected, step 1670 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if an instruction is received, step 1680 is invoked, wherein the received instruction is converted into a format recognizable by the portable navigation device connected to the present invention. For example, an instruction for displaying driving directions to a driving destination could be issued from the car audiovisual system and converted into a format compatible with the portable navigation device. Once the instruction has been formatted, step 1685 is invoked,

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wherein the formatted instruction is transmitted to the portable navigation device and executed thereby. Step **1650** is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 27 is a diagram showing another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 1700, wherein the integration system of the present is embodied as an interface integrated circuit 1725 (e.g., a microcontroller) that could be supplied to a manufacturer of a car audiovisual system 1705 and installed within the car audiovisual system 1705, at the time of manufacture of the car audiovisual system 1705 or thereafter. The integrated circuit 1725 could be fabricated as a single microchip, or a collection of associated microchips (e.g., a chipset). The integrated circuit 1725 is in electrical communication with the car audiovisual system electronics 1710 and an associated display 1715 and control panel buttons 1720. The interface integrated circuit 1725 is also in electrical communication with a communications port 1730 (e.g., FIREWIRE, CAN/CAN2, USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, MOST, or D2B) which could be formed integrally with the car audiovisual system 1705, e.g., accessible as a port on the front panel of the car audiovisual system 1705 (such as a USB port), or at some other location in a vehicle external to the car audiovisual system 1705 but in electrical communication Optionally, the interface integrated circuit 1725 could be in electrical therewith. communication with a wireless transceiver 1735 (e.g., Bluetooth, IEEE 802.11, WiFi, WiMAX, EVDO, Wireless USB, or HyperLAN) and or one or more auxiliary communications ports 1740, which could support the same or a different type of communications protocol as communications port 1730. The wireless transceiver 1735 allows wireless communication of data, audio, and/or video between the interface integrated circuit 1725 and the portable music player 1745.

A portable music player 1745 could be plugged directly into the communications port 1730 (e.g., using a USB or firewire connection) thereby placing the portable music player 1745 in electrical communication with the interface integrated circuit 1725. The interface integrated circuit 1725 receives data, audio, and/or video from the portable music player 1745 through the communications port 1730 and formats the data for display on and/or playing through the car audiovisual system 1705. Instructions for controlling the portable music player 1745 can be entered using the control panel buttons 1720 of the car audiovisual system 1705. The instructions are processed by the interface integrated circuit 1725, converted into a format (protocol) compatible with the portable music player 1745,

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and transmitted through the communications port 1730 to the portable music player 1745 for processing thereby. Audio from the portable music player 1745 can be channeled to the car audiovisual system 1705 via the interface integrated circuit 1725 and played through the display 1715 and/or speakers of the car audiovisual system 1705.

A music file stored in the portable music player 1745 may be selected using the control panel buttons 1720, which causes corresponding audio signals from the portable music player 1745 to be played through speakers of the car audiovisual system 1705. It should be noted that control of the portable music player 1745 is not limited to the use of buttons on the car stereo or video system 1720, and indeed, a software or graphically-driven menu or interface can be used to control the portable music player 1745. The car audiovisual system 1705 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed herein and modified for use with the portable music player 1740.

It should also be noted that a manufacturer of audiovisual system 1705 could be provided with protocol conversion software built into the interface integrated circuit 1725 and a schematic diagram with instructions for installing the interface integrated circuit 1725 into existing car audiovisual 1705 systems. Alternatively, a functional equivalent of the interface integrated circuit 1725 could be provided in the form of a protocol conversion software product or a firmware upgrade, which is loaded into an existing car audiovisual system and used by a microprocessor therein to allow integration with third-party devices. In this case, the existing car audiovisual system would include a data port or a wireless transceiver for communicating with third-party devices. Optionally, the interface integrated circuit 1725 could be sold to portable device manufacturers and implemented within portable audio and/or video devices. Alternatively, a functional equivalent of the interface integrated circuit 1725 could be provided in the form of a protocol conversion software product or a firmware upgrade, which is loaded into an existing portable and/or video device and used by a microprocessor therein to allow integration with third-party devices, such as an existing car audiovisual system.

In all embodiments of the present invention, the interface could allow audio and/or video signals generated by a car audiovisual system (whether from a live signal received by the car audiovisual system or from a stored medium) to be ported from the car audiovisual system to a portable audio and/or video device for recording same in the portable device. For example, a live radio signal received by the car audiovisual system

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(e.g., a live FM station or a live satellite station) could be ported by the interface of the present invention to the portable device (via a wired or wireless connection) and recorded ("ripped") on the portable audio and/or video device in a suitable format, such as one or more MP3 files. Further, the interface allows audio and/or video signals generated by a portable audio and/or video device (whether from a live signal received by the portable device or from a stored medium) to be ported from the portable device to the car audiovisual system for recording same using the car audiovisual system.

The interface of the present invention could include circuitry for wirelessly charging a battery of a portable audio or video device. For example, the interface could include an inductive battery charging circuit which transmits electrical power to the portable device using induction, when the device is located near the interface. In such circumstances, the portable device would also include a corresponding inductive circuit which receives the transmitted electrical power and applies same to the battery of the portable device. Such a circuit could operate in a "trickle charge" mode, wherein a low voltage and amperage electrical current is delivered to the battery of the portable device over time to charge a battery. Also, transmission of power from the interface to the portable device could be accomplished through the use of radio frequency (RF) transmissions between the interface and the portable device. In situations where the interface is installed in a car audio or video system (as discussed herein), a wireless battery charging circuit could also be installed in the car audio or video system.

Having thus described the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the foregoing description is not intended to limit the spirit and scope thereof.

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## **CLAIMS**

## What is claimed is:

- 1. A multimedia device integration system comprising:
  - a car audio system having a display associated therewith;
  - a portable device external to the car audio system;
  - a first wireless interface in communication with the car audio system;
- a second wireless interface in communication with the portable device, the first and second wireless interfaces establishing a wireless communications link between the car audio system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car audio system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem transmits the device presence signal to the car audio system, channels audio from the portable device to the car audio system using the wireless communications link, processes video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system, and transmits the processed video information to the car audio system using the wireless communications link for displaying the processed video information on the display of the car audio system.

- 2. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem processes data generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system and displays the processed data on the display of the car audio system.
- 3. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands issued at the car audio system and transmitted over the wireless communications link, processes the commands into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution thereby.
- 4. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

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- 5. The system of Claim 4, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.
- 6. The system of Claim 4, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.
- 7. The system of Claim 1, wherein the car audio system comprises an OEM car audio system.
- 8. The system of Claim 1, wherein the car audio system comprises an after-market car audio system.
- 9. The system of Claim 1, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.
- 10. The system of Claim 10, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.
- 11. The system of Claim 1, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media player.
- 12. The system of Claim 11, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.
- 13. The system of Claim 1, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.
- 14. The system of Claim 1, further comprising a non-wireless connection established between the car audio system and the portable device for exchanging data, commands, audio and video signals between the car audio system and the portable device.
- 15. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the portable device.
- 16. The system of Claim 1, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car audio system.

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- 17. The system of Claim 1, wherein the video information comprises a video file stored on the portable device.
- 18. The system of Claim 1, wherein the video information comprises a picture stored on the portable device.
- 19. The system of Claim 1, wherein the video information comprises a television signal received by the portable device.
- 20. A multimedia device integration system comprising:
  - a car video system having a display associated therewith;
  - a portable device external to the car video system;
  - a first wireless interface in communication with the car video system;
- a second wireless interface in communication with the portable device, the first and second wireless interfaces establishing a wireless communications link between the car video system and the portable device; and
- an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car video system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem transmits the device presence signal to the car video system, channels audio from the portable device to the car video system using the wireless communications link, processes video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system, and transmits the processed video information to the car video system using the wireless communications link for displaying the processed video information on the display of the car video system.
- 21. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem processes data generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system and displays the processed data on the display of the car video system.
- 22. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands issued at the car video system and transmitted over the wireless communications link, processes the commands into a format compatible with the portable

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device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution thereby.

- 23. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.
- 24. The system of Claim 23, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.
- 25. The system of Claim 23, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.
- 26. The system of Claim 20, wherein the car video system comprises an OEM car video system.
- 27. The system of Claim 20, wherein the car video system comprises an after-market car video system.
- 28. The system of Claim 20, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.
- 29. The system of Claim 28, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.
- 30. The system of Claim 20, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media player.
- 31. The system of Claim 30, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.
- 32. The system of Claim 20, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.
- 33. The system of Claim 20, further comprising a non-wireless connection established between the car video system and the portable device for exchanging data, commands, audio and video signals between the car video system and the portable device.

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- 34. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the portable device.
- 35. The system of Claim 20, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car video system.
- 36. The system of Claim 20, wherein the video information comprises a video file stored on the portable device.
- 37. The system of Claim 20, wherein the video information comprises a picture stored on the portable device.
- 38. The system of Claim 20, wherein the video information comprises a television signal received by the portable device.
- 39. A multimedia device integration system comprising:
  - a car audio system;
  - a portable device external to the car audio system;
- a docking slot formed in the car audio system for receiving the portable device and establishing electrical communication between the car audio system and the portable device; and
- an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car audio system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem receives data generated by the portable device, processes the data into a format compatible with the car audio system, and transmits the processed data, the device presence signal, and audio signals to the car audio system.
- 40. The system of Claim 39, wherein the processed data is displayed on a display of the car audio system.
- 41. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem processes a video file stored on the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system and transmits the video file to the car audio system for displaying the video file on a display of the car audio system.

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- 42. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands issued at the car audio system, processes the commands into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution thereby.
- 43. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.
- 44. The system of Claim 43, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.
- 45. The system of Claim 43, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.
- 46. The system of Claim 39, wherein the car audio system comprises an OEM car audio system.
- 47. The system of Claim 39, wherein the car audio system comprises an after-market car audio system.
- 48. The system of Claim 39, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.
- 49. The system of Claim 48, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.
- 50. The system of Claim 39, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media player.
- 51. The system of Claim 50, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.
- 52. The system of Claim 39, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.

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- 53. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the portable device.
- 54. The system of Claim 39, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car audio system.
- 55. A multimedia device integration system comprising:
  - a car video system;
  - a portable device external to the car video system;
- a docking slot formed in the car video system for receiving the portable device and establishing electrical communication between the car video system and the portable device; and

an integration subsystem for generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car video system in a state responsive to the portable device, wherein the integration subsystem receives data generated by the portable device, processes the data into a format compatible with the car video system, and transmits the processed data, the device presence signal, audio signals, and video signals to the car video system.

- 56. The system of Claim 55, wherein the processed data is displayed on a display of the car video system.
- 57. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem processes a video file stored on the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system and transmits the video file to the car video system for displaying the video file on a display of the car video system.
- 58. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem receives control commands issued at the car video system, processes the commands into a format compatible with the portable device, and dispatches the processed commands to the portable device for execution thereby.
- 59. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a voice recognition subsystem for processing spoken control commands issued by a user.

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- 60. The system of Claim 59, wherein the integration subsystem retrieves an audio file or a video file from the portable device in response to a spoken command.
- 61. The system of Claim 59, wherein the integration subsystem further comprises a speech synthesizer for generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.
- 62. The system of Claim 55, wherein the car video system comprises an OEM car video system.
- 63. The system of Claim 55, wherein the car video system comprises an after-market car video system.
- 64. The system of Claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a portable receiver.
- 65. The system of Claim 64, wherein the portable receiver comprises a digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, a high-definition (HD) radio receiver, or a satellite receiver.
- 66. The system of Claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a portable digital media player.
- 67. The system of Claim 66, wherein the portable digital media player comprises a video device, a portable media center, a portable media player, an MP3 player, an MP4 player, a WMV player, an Apple iPod, or an Apple video iPod.
- 68. The system of Claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a cellular telephone.
- 69. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the portable device.
- 70. The system of Claim 55, wherein the integration subsystem is positioned within the car video system.

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71. A method for wirelessly integrating a portable device for use with a car audio system comprising:

establishing a wireless communications link between the car audio system and the portable device;

generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car audio system in a state responsive to the portable device;

transmitting the device presence signal to the car audio system over the wireless communications link;

processing video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system;

transmitting the processed video information and audio signals generated by the portable device to the car audio system over the wireless communications link;

displaying the processed video information on a display of the car audio system; and

playing the audio signals over the car audio system.

- 72. The method of Claim 71, further comprising processing data generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car audio system.
- 73. The method of Claim 72, further comprising transmitting the processed data over the wireless communications link to the car audio system.
- 74. The method of Claim 73, further comprising displaying the processed data on a display of the car audio system.
- 75. The method of Claim 71, further comprising transmitting control commands issued by a user at the car audio system over the wireless communications link.
- 76. The method of Claim 75, further comprising receiving the control commands at the portable device and processing the control commands into a format compatible with the portable device.

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- 77. The method of Claim 76, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby.
- 78. The method of Claim 71, further comprising receiving spoken control commands with a voice recognition subsystem and processing the spoken control commands into a format compatible with the portable device.
- 79. The method of Claim 78, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby.
- 80. The method of Claim 71, further comprising generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.
- 81. A method for wirelessly integrating a portable device for use with a car video system comprising:

establishing a wireless communications link between the car video system and the portable device;

generating a device presence signal for maintaining the car video system in a state responsive to the portable device;

transmitting the device presence signal to the car video system over the wireless communications link;

processing video information generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system;

transmitting the processed video information and audio signals generated by the portable device to the car video system over the wireless communications link;

displaying the processed video information on a display of the car video system; and

playing the audio signals over the car video system.

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- 82. The method of Claim 81, further comprising processing data generated by the portable device into a format compatible with the car video system.
- 83. The method of Claim 82, further comprising transmitting the processed data over the wireless communications link to the car video system.
- 84. The method of Claim 83, further comprising displaying the processed data on a display of the car video system.
- 85. The method of Claim 81, further comprising transmitting control commands issued by a user at the car video system over the wireless communications link.
- 86. The method of Claim 85, further comprising receiving the control commands at the portable device and processing the control commands into a format compatible with the portable device.
- 87. The method of Claim 86, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby.
- 88. The method of Claim 81, further comprising receiving spoken control commands with a voice recognition subsystem and processing the spoken control commands into a format compatible with the portable device.
- 89. The method of Claim 88, further comprising dispatching the processed control commands to the portable device for execution thereby.
- 90. The method of Claim 81, further comprising generating synthesized speech corresponding to data generated by the portable device.
- 91. A docking station for docking and integrating a portable device for use with a car stereo, comprising:
  - a base portion;
  - a bottom member connected to the base portion;
- a top member removably connected to the base portion, the base portion, bottom member, and top member defining a cavity for receiving a portable device; and

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an integration device connected to the base portion for integrating the portable device with a car stereo.

- 92. A multimedia device integration system comprising:
  - a car audiovisual system having a display associated therewith;

a cellular telephone external to the car audiovisual system, the cellular telephone including a receiver for receiving a broadcast radio transmission transmitted to the cellular telephone; and

an interface in communication with the car audiovisual system and the cellular telephone, wherein the interface generates and transmits a device presence signal to the car audiovisual system to maintain same in a state responsive to the cellular telephone, processes the broadcast radio transmission received by the cellular telephone into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and transmits the processed broadcast radio transmission to the car audiovisual system for playing thereby.

- 93. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 92, wherein the broadcast radio transmission comprises a satellite radio transmission received by the cellular telephone.
- 94. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 92, wherein the broadcast radio transmission comprises a live radio transmission from a radio station.
- 95. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 92, wherein the broadcast radio transmission comprises a streamed audio transmission received by the cellular telephone.
- 96. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 92, wherein the broadcast radio transmission comprises a video transmission received by the cellular telephone.
- 97. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 96, wherein the video transmission comprises a live video transmission.
- 98. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 96, wherein the video transmission comprises a streamed video transmission.

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- 99. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 96, wherein the interface processes the video transmission into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system and transmits the processed video transmission to the car audiovisual system for display thereon.
- 100. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 92, wherein the interface receives control commands issued at the car audiovisual system, processes the control commands into a format compatible with the cellular telephone, and transmit processed control commands to the cellular telephone for execution thereby.
- 101. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 92, wherein the interface processes navigational information received by the cellular telephone into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and transmits processed navigational information to the car audiovisual system for display thereon.
- 102. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 101, wherein the navigational information comprises a road map.
- 103. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 101, wherein the navigational information comprises a Global Positioning System (GPS) map.
- 104. A multimedia device integration system comprising:
  - a car audiovisual system;
  - a digital camera external to the car audiovisual system; and
- an interface in electrical communication with the car audiovisual system and the digital camera, wherein the interface generates and transmits a device presence signal to the car audiovisual system to maintain same in a state responsive to the digital camera, processes output signals generated by the digital camera into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and transmits the processed output signals to the car audiovisual system for display thereby.
- 105. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 104, wherein the interface transmits audio signals generated by the digital camera device to the car audiovisual system for playing thereby.

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- 106. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 104, wherein the interface receives control commands issued at the car audiovisual system, processes the control commands into a format compatible with the digital camera, and transmits processed control commands to the digital camera for execution thereby.
- 107. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 104, wherein the output signal comprises a still video image.
- 108. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 104, wherein the output signal comprises a full motion video clip.
- 109. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 104, wherein the output signal comprises a live video signal.
- 110. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 104, wherein the output signal comprises a streaming video signal.
- 111. A multimedia device integration system comprising:
  - a car audiovisual system;
  - a portable navigation device external to the car audiovisual system;
- an interface in electrical communication with the car audiovisual system and the portable navigation device, wherein the interface processes video and data signals generated by the portable navigation device into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and transmits the processed video and data signals to the car audiovisual system for display thereby.
- 112. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 111, wherein the interface receives control commands issued at the car audiovisual system, processes the control commands into a format compatible with the portable navigation device, and transmits processed control commands to the portable navigation device for execution thereby.
- 113. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 111, wherein the portable navigation system comprises a portable Global Positioning System (GPS) device.

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114. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 111, wherein the video signals comprise a map generated by the portable navigation device and displayed on the car audiovisual system.

- 115. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 111, wherein the interface transmits audio signals generated by the portable navigation device to the car audiovisual system for playing thereby.
- 116. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 115, wherein the audio signals comprise synthesized speech generated by the portable navigation device.
- 117. A multimedia device integration system, comprising:

a car audiovisual system;

an after-market, portable audiovisual device external to the car audiovisual system; and

an interface integrated circuit installed in the portable audiovisual device and in communication with the car audiovisual system and the portable audiovisual device, the interface integrated circuit generating and transmitting a device presence signal for maintaining the car audiovisual signal in a state responsive to the portable audiovisual device and transmitting audio signals from the portable audiovisual device to the car audiovisual system for playing thereon.

- 118. The system of Claim 117, wherein the interface integrated circuit receives control commands issued at the car audiovisual system, processes the control commands into a format compatible with the portable audiovisual device, and transmits processed control commands to the portable audiovisual device for execution thereby.
- 119. The system of Claim 117, wherein the interface integrated circuit receives data generated by the portable audiovisual device, processes the data into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and transmits processed data to the portable audiovisual device for display thereby.
- 120. The system of Claim 117, wherein the interface integrated circuit receives video signals generated by the portable audiovisual device, processes the video signals into a

format compatible with the car audiovisual device, and transmits processed video signals to the car audiovisual device for display thereby.

- 121. The system of Claim 117, further comprising a communications port operatively associated with the interface integrated circuit and allowing communications between the interface integrated circuit and the portable audiovisual device.
- 122. The system of Claim 121, wherein the communications port comprises a Universal Serial Bus (USB) port.
- 123. The system of Claim 117, further comprising a wireless transceiver operatively associated with the interface integrated circuit and allowing wireless communications between the interface integrated circuit and the portable audiovisual device.
- 124. The system of Claim 123, wherein the wireless transceiver comprises a WiFi, Bluetooth, or IEEE 802.11 transceiver.
- 125. The system of Claim 117, wherein the integrated circuit transmits audio signals generated by the portable audiovisual device to the car audiovisual system for recording by the car audiovisual system.
- 126. The system of Claim 117, wherein the integrated circuit transmits audio signals generated by the car audiovisual system to the portable audiovisual device for recording by the portable audiovisual device.
- 127. The system of Claim 117, wherein the integrated circuit transmits video signals generated by the portable audiovisual device to the car audiovisual system for recording by the car audiovisual system.
- 128. The system of Claim 117, wherein the integrated circuit transmits video signals generated by the car audiovisual system to the portable audiovisual device for recording by the portable audiovisual device.
- 129. The system of Claim 117, wherein the integrated circuit comprises a single microchip.
- 130. The system of Claim 117, wherein the integrated circuit comprises a chipset.

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131. The system of Claim 117, wherein the integrated circuit comprises a microprocessor of the car audiovisual system.

132. A multimedia device integration system, comprising:

a car audiovisual system;

an after-market, portable audiovisual device external to the car audiovisual system; and

an interface integrated circuit installed in the car audiovisual system and in communication with the car audiovisual system and the portable audiovisual device, the interface integrated circuit generating and transmitting a device presence signal for maintaining the car audiovisual system in a state responsive to the portable audiovisual device and transmitting audio signals from the portable audiovisual device to the car audiovisual system for playing thereby.

- 133. The system of Claim 132, wherein the interface integrated circuit receives control commands issued at the car audiovisual system, processes the control commands into a format compatible with the portable audiovisual device, and transmits processed control commands to the portable audiovisual device for execution thereby.
- 134. The system of Claim 132, wherein the interface integrated circuit receives data generated by the portable audiovisual device, processes the data into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and transmits processed data to the portable audiovisual device for display thereby.
- 135. The system of Claim 132, wherein the interface integrated circuit receives video signals generated by the portable audiovisual device, processes the video signals into a format compatible with the car audiovisual device, and transmits processed video signals to the car audiovisual device for display thereby.
- 136. The system of Claim 132, further comprising a communications port operatively associated with the interface integrated circuit and allowing communications between the interface integrated circuit and the portable audiovisual device.

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- 137. The system of Claim 136, wherein the communications port comprises a Universal Serial Bus (USB) port.
- 138. The system of Claim 132, further comprising a wireless transceiver operatively associated with the interface integrated circuit and allowing wireless communications between the interface integrated circuit and the portable audiovisual device.
- 139. The system of Claim 138, wherein the wireless transceiver comprises a WiFi, Bluetooth, or IEEE 802.11 transceiver.
- 140. The system of Claim 132, wherein the integrated circuit transmits audio signals generated by the portable audiovisual device to the car audiovisual system for recording by the car audiovisual system.
- 141. The system of Claim 132, wherein the integrated circuit transmits audio signals generated by the car audiovisual system to the portable audiovisual device for recording by the portable audiovisual device.
- 142. The system of Claim 132, wherein the integrated circuit transmits video signals generated by the portable audiovisual device to the car audiovisual system for recording by the car audiovisual system.
- 143. The system of Claim 132, wherein the integrated circuit transmits video signals generated by the car audiovisual system to the portable audiovisual device for recording by the portable audiovisual device.
- 144. The system of Claim 142, wherein the integrated circuit comprises a single microchip.
- 145. The system of Claim 142, wherein the integrated circuit comprises a chipset.
- 146. The system of Claim 132, wherein the integrated circuit comprises a microprocessor of the car audiovisual system.
- 147. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car audiovisual system;

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a portable audio device external to the car audiovisual system;

an interface in communication with the car audiovisual system and the portable audio device, the interface generating and transmitting a device presence signal to the car audiovisual system to maintain the car audiovisual system in a state responsive to the portable audio device, the interface transmitting audio signals from the portable audio device to the car audiovisual system; and

a charging circuit for inductively charging a battery of the portable audio device

- 148. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 147, wherein the charging circuit comprises a first inductive charging circuit operatively associated with the interface and a second inductive charging circuit operatively associated with the portable audio device, the first and second inductive charging circuits inductively coupled to each other to transmit electrical power therebetween.
- 149. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 147, wherein the interface receives video signals from the portable audio device, processes same into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and transmits processed video signals to the car audiovisual system for display thereby.
- 150. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 147, wherein the interface receives control commands issued at the car audiovisual system, processes same into a format compatible with the portable audio device, and transmits processed control commands to the portable audio device for execution thereby.
- 151. A multimedia device integration system comprising:
  - a car audiovisual system;
  - a portable audio device external to the car audiovisual system;

an interface in communication with the car audiovisual system and the portable audio device, the interface generating and transmitting a device presence signal to the car audiovisual system to maintain the car audiovisual system in a state responsive to the portable audio device, the interface transmitting audio signals from the portable audio device to the car audiovisual system; and

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a charging circuit for wirelessly charging a battery of the portable audio device

- 152. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 151, wherein the charging circuit comprises a first wireless charging circuit operatively associated with the interface and a second wireless charging circuit operatively associated with the portable audio device, the first and second wireless charging circuits wirelessly coupled to each other to transmit electrical power therebetween.
- 153. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 151, wherein the interface receives video signals from the portable audio device, processes same into a format compatible with the car audiovisual system, and transmits processed video signals to the car audiovisual system for display thereby.
- 154. The multimedia device integration system of Claim 151, wherein the interface receives control commands issued at the car audiovisual system, processes same into a format compatible with the portable audio device, and transmits processed control commands to the portable audio device for execution thereby.

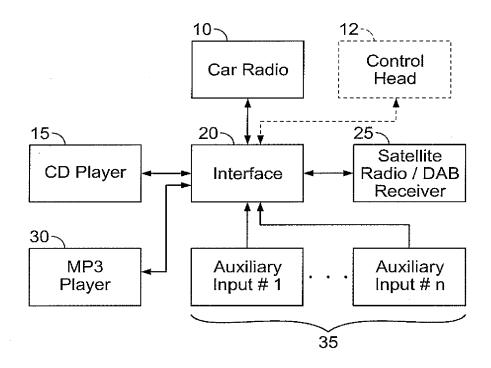


FIG. 1

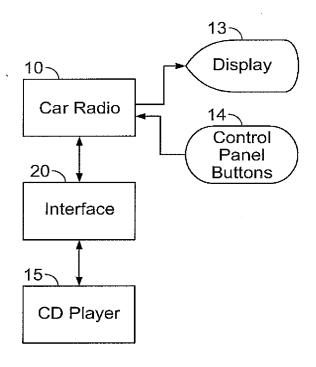


FIG. 2A

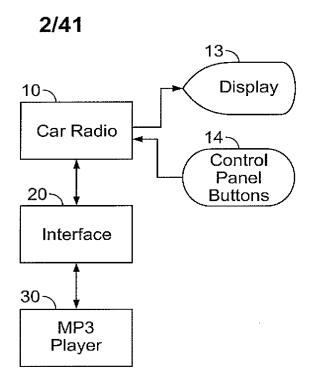


FIG. 2B

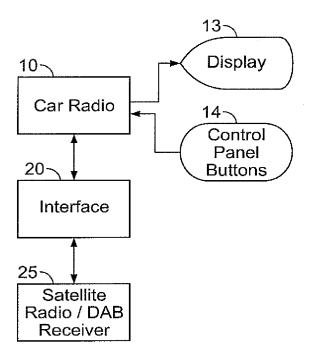


FIG. 2C

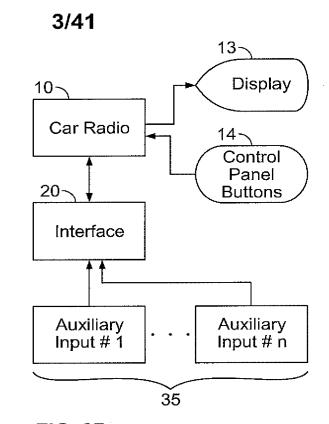


FIG. 2D

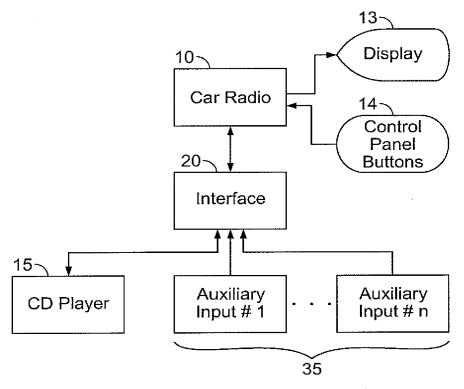


FIG. 2E

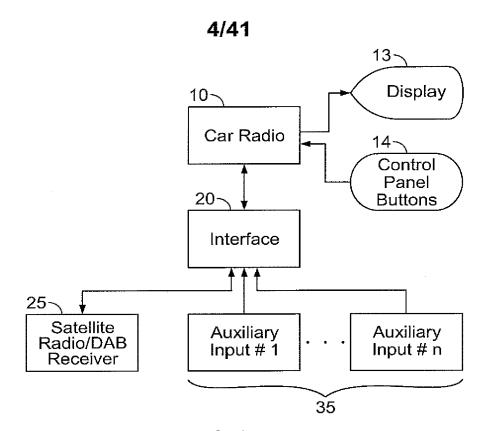


FIG. 2F

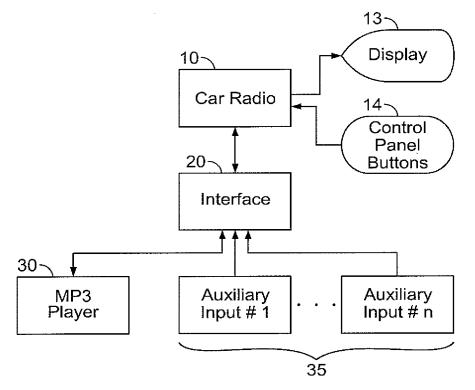


FIG. 2G

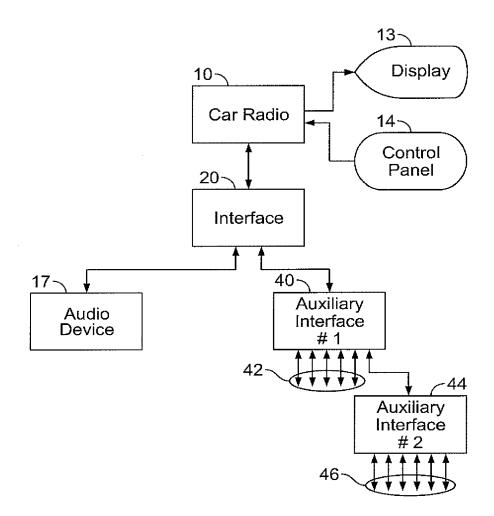
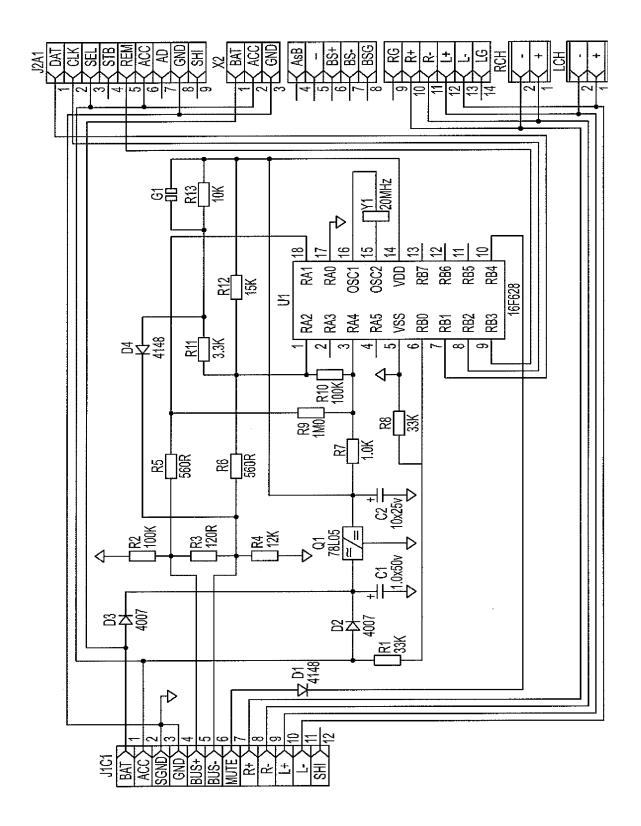
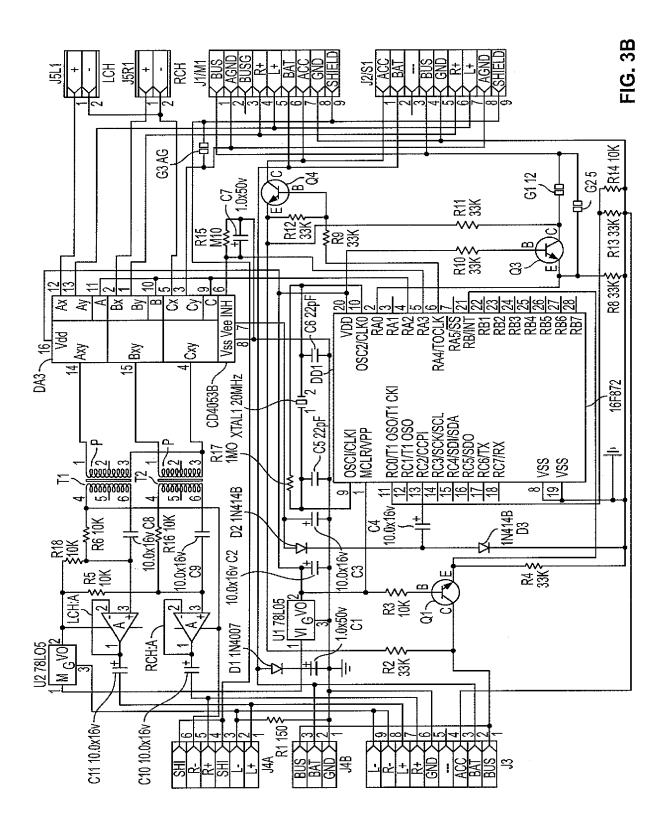


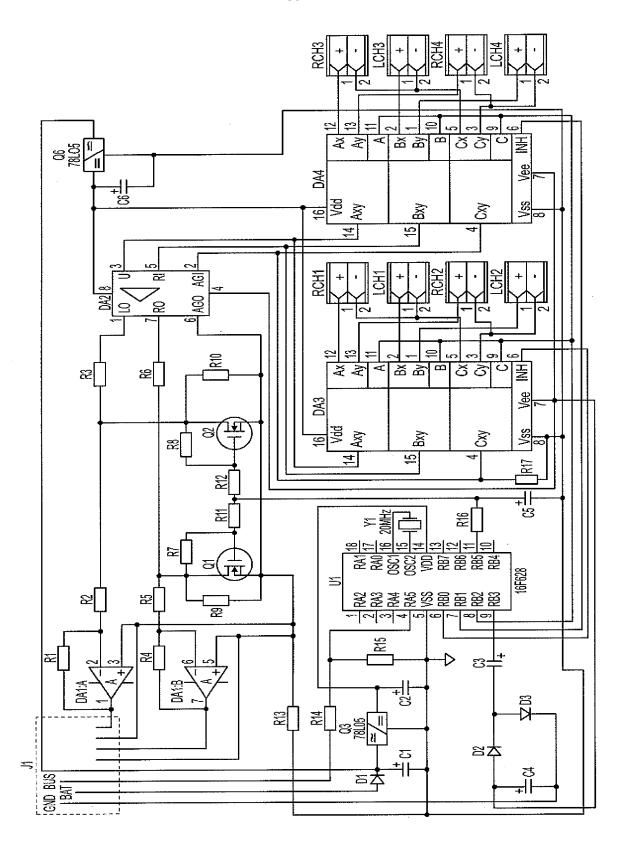
FIG. 2H

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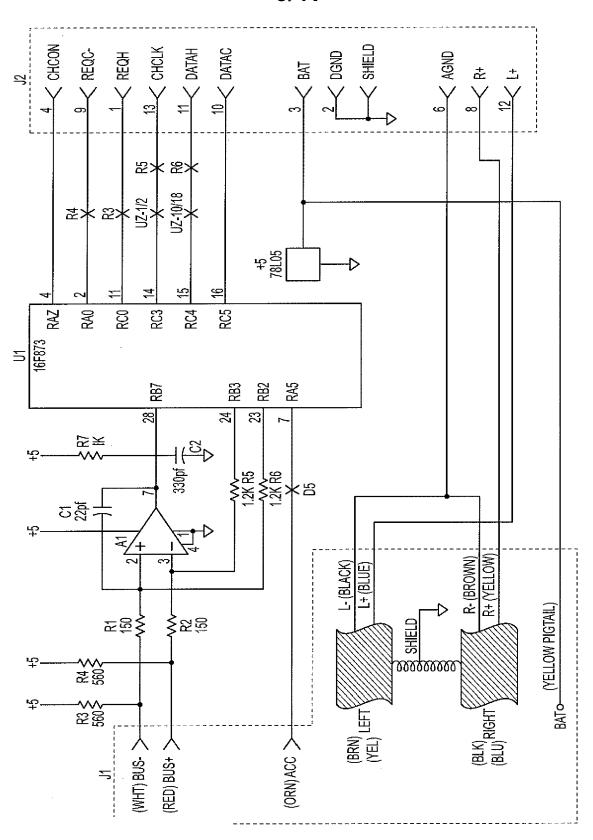


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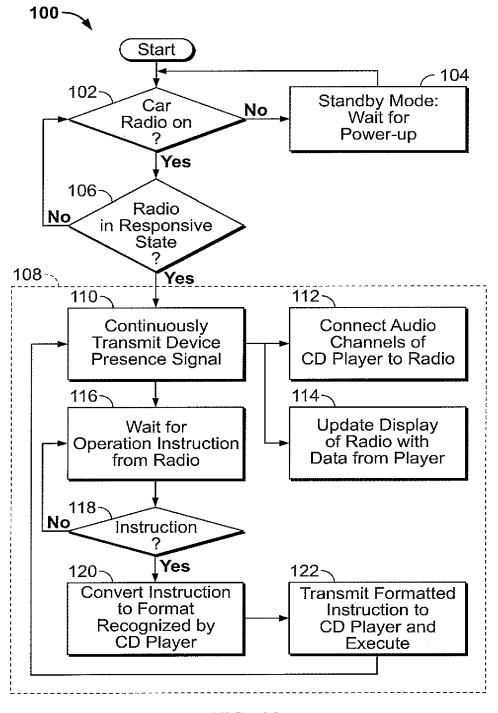


FIG. 4A

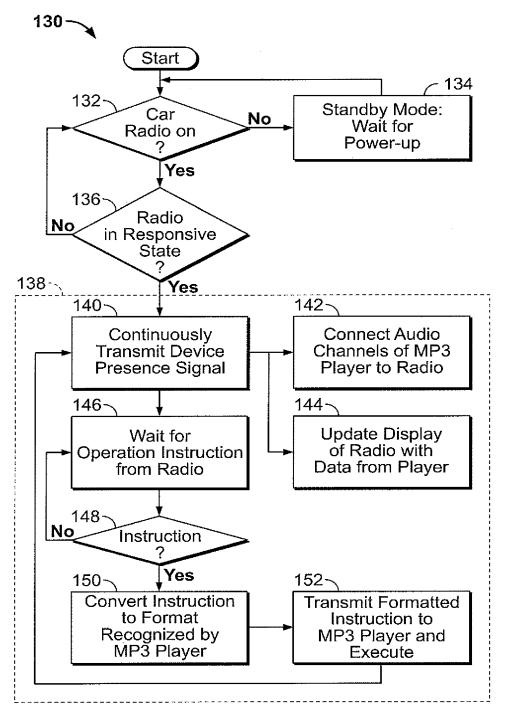


FIG. 4B

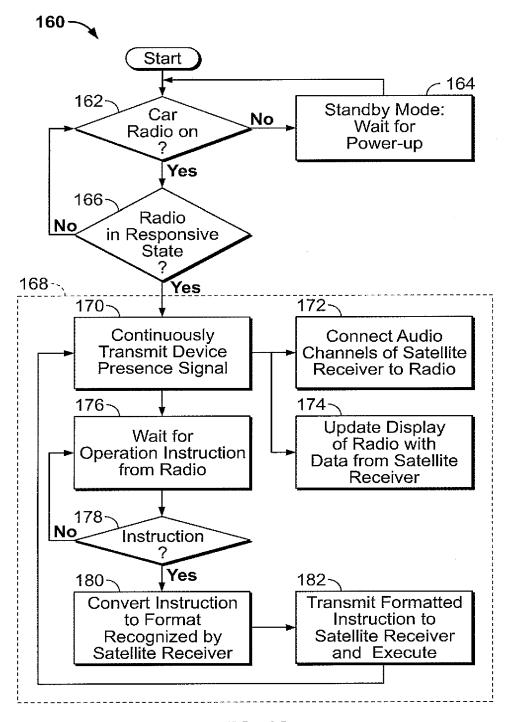


FIG. 4C

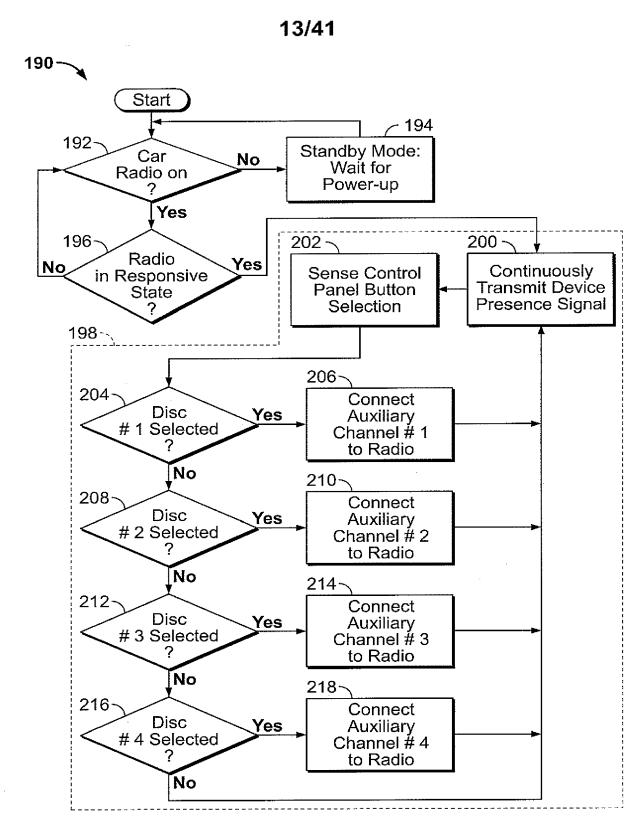


FIG. 4D

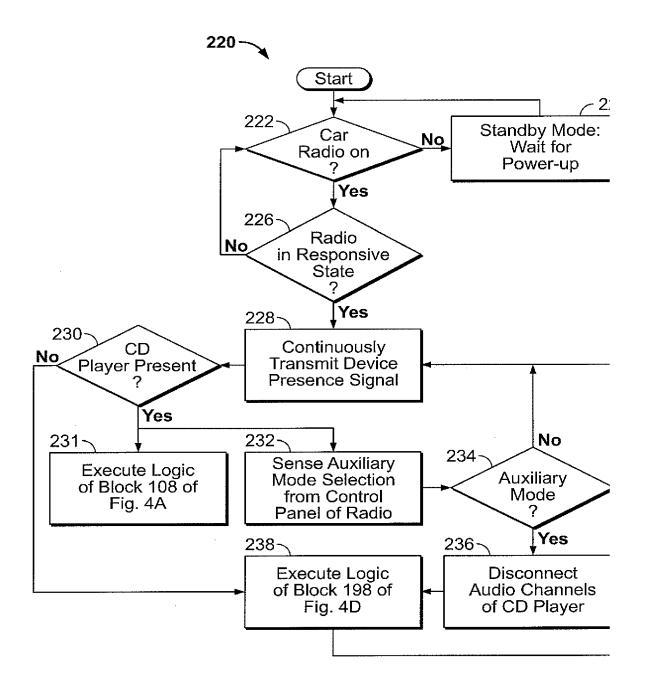


FIG. 4E

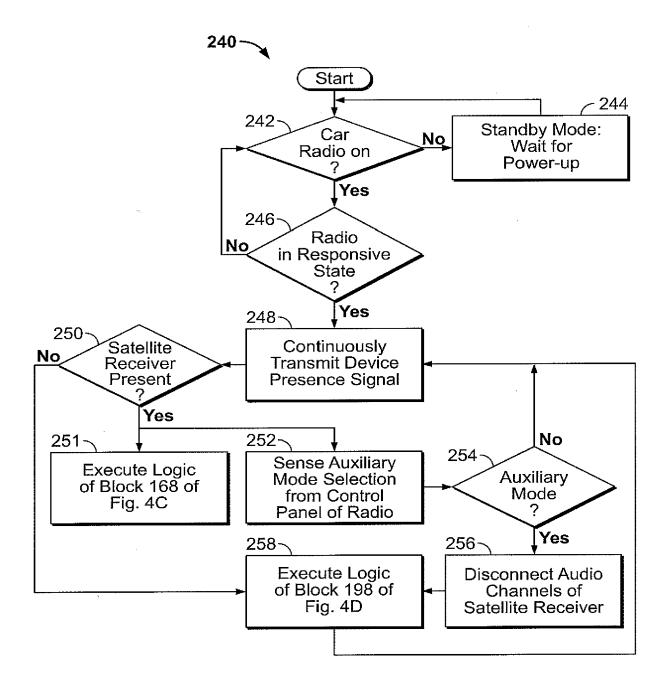


FIG. 4F

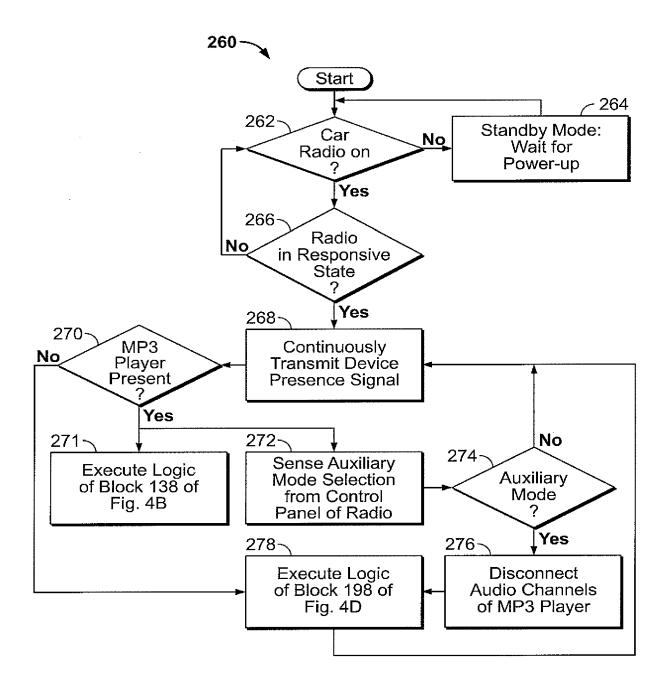


FIG. 4G

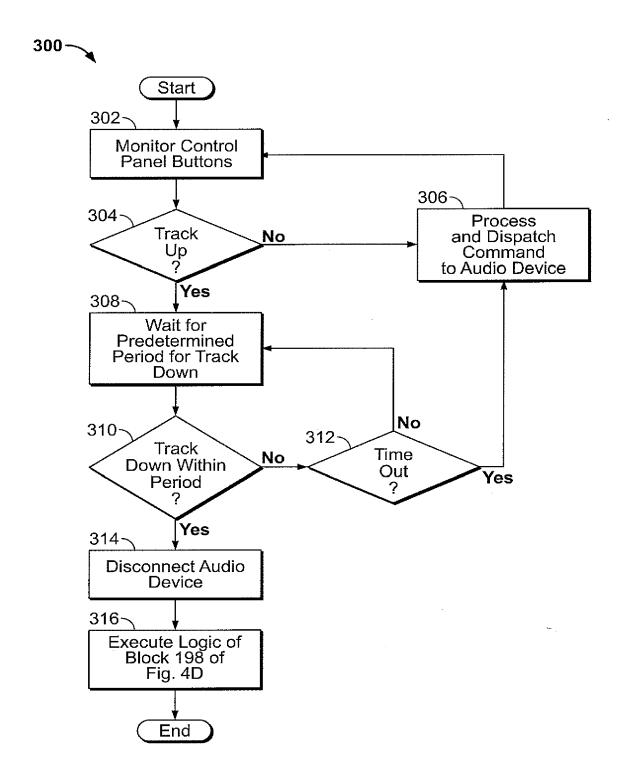


FIG. 5

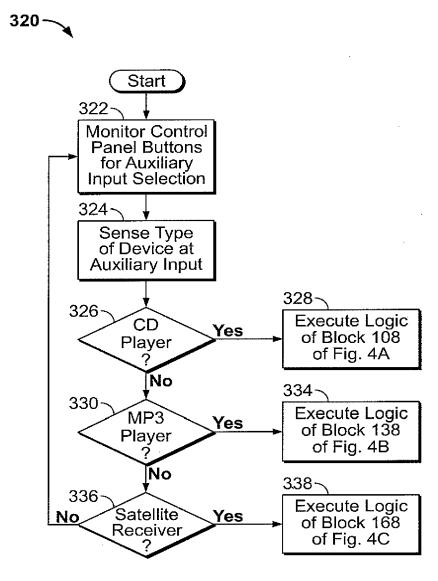


FIG. 6

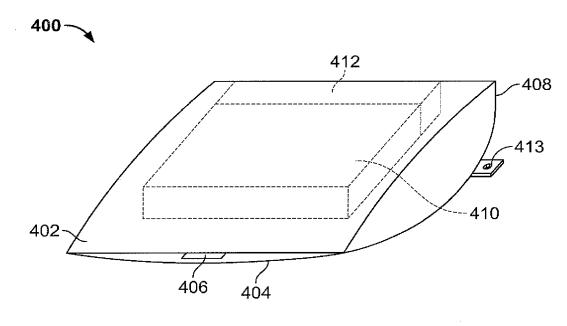


FIG. 7A

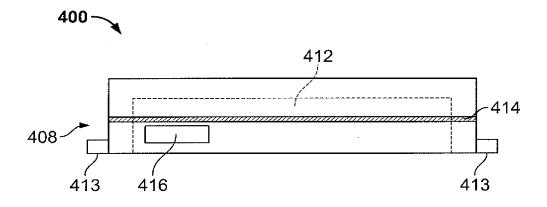
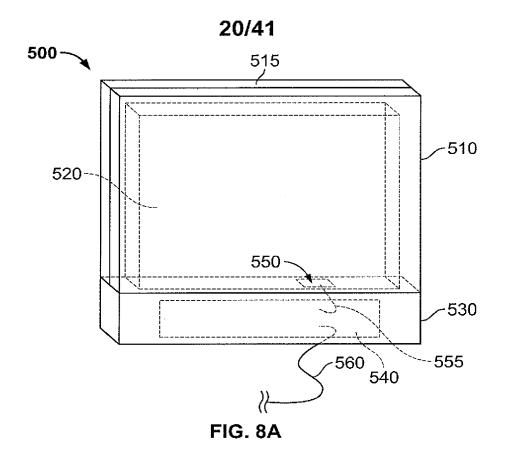
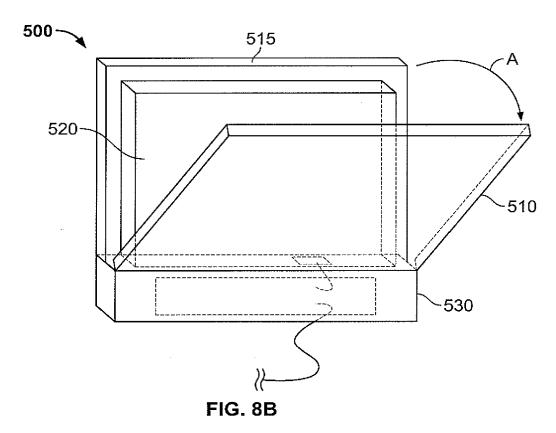


FIG. 7B





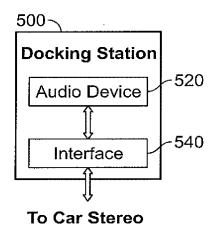


FIG. 9

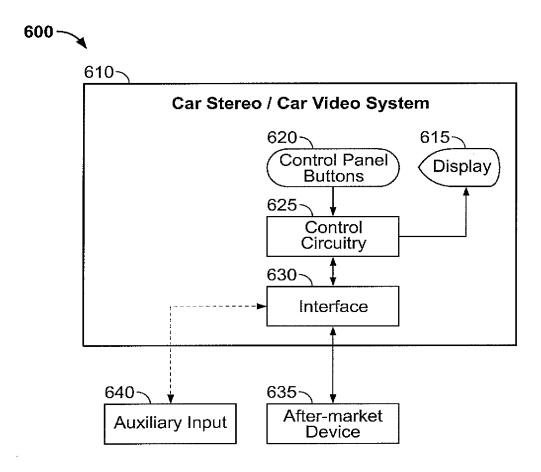
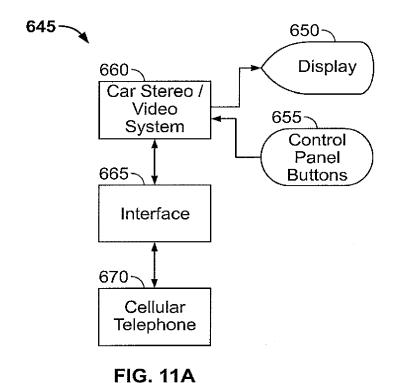
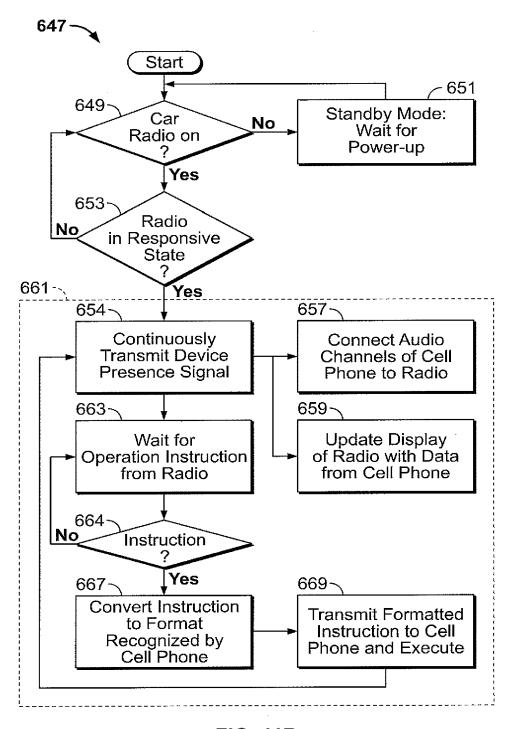
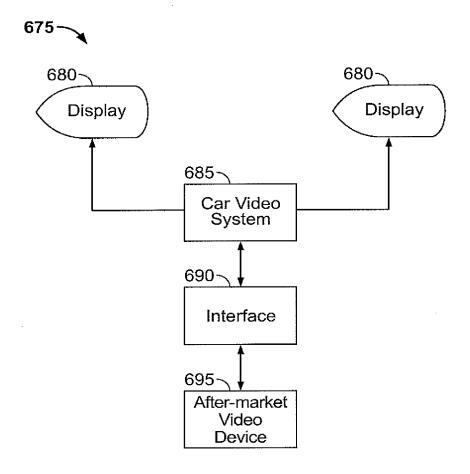


FIG. 10





**FIG. 11B** 



**FIG. 12A** 

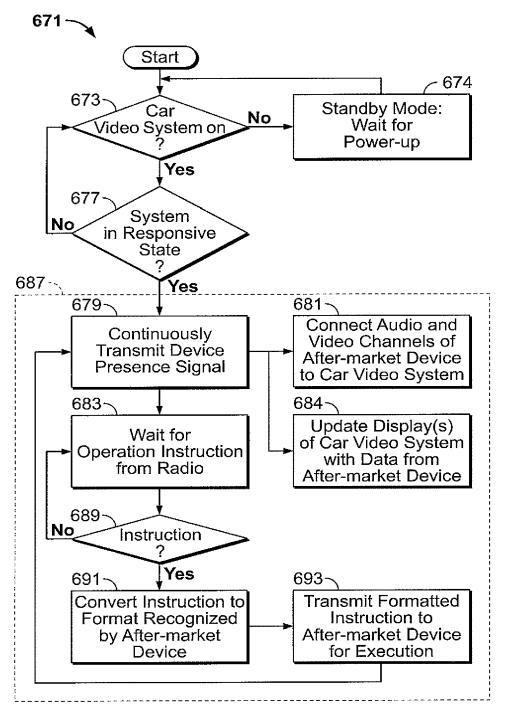
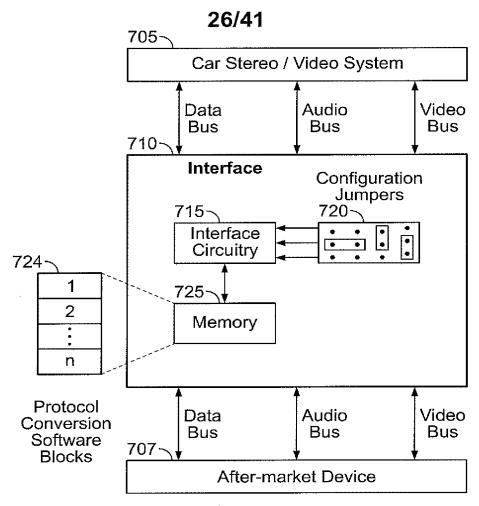
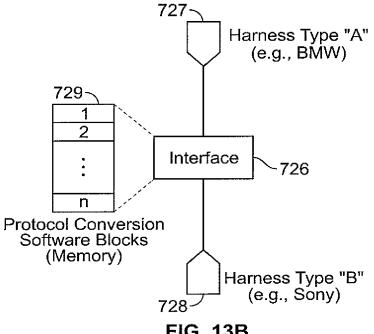
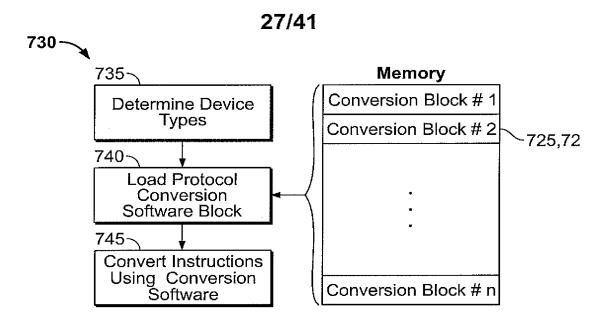


FIG. 12B

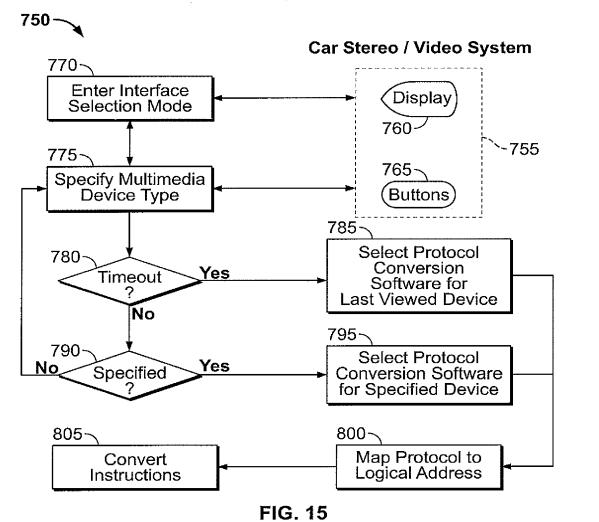


**FIG. 13A** 





**FIG. 14** 



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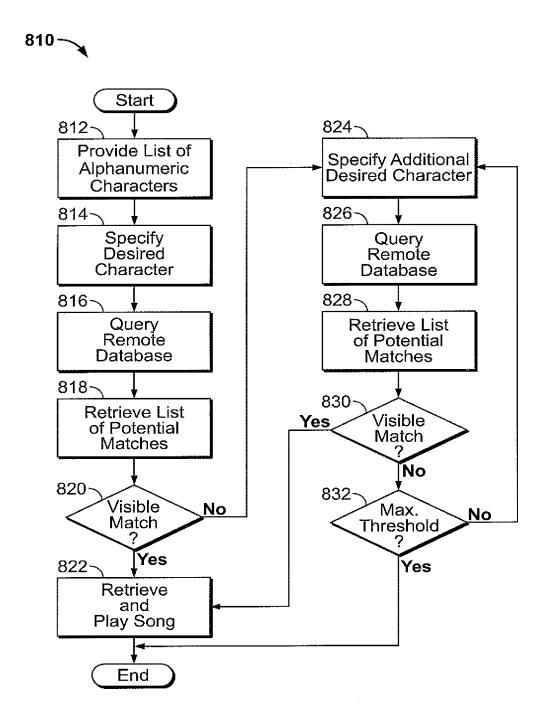


FIG. 16

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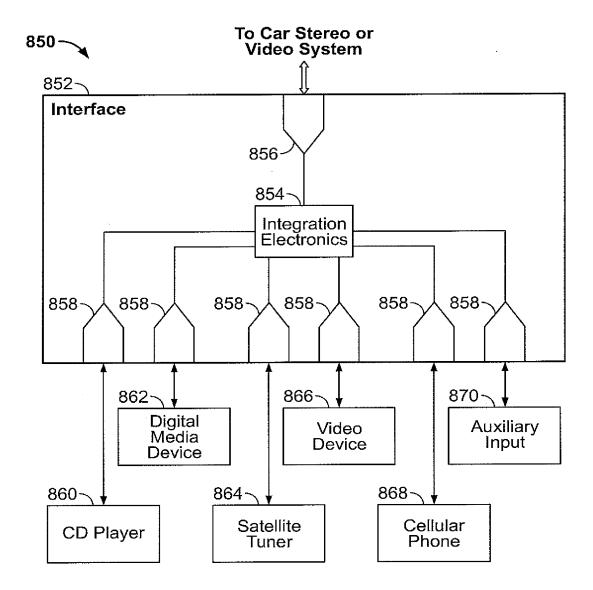
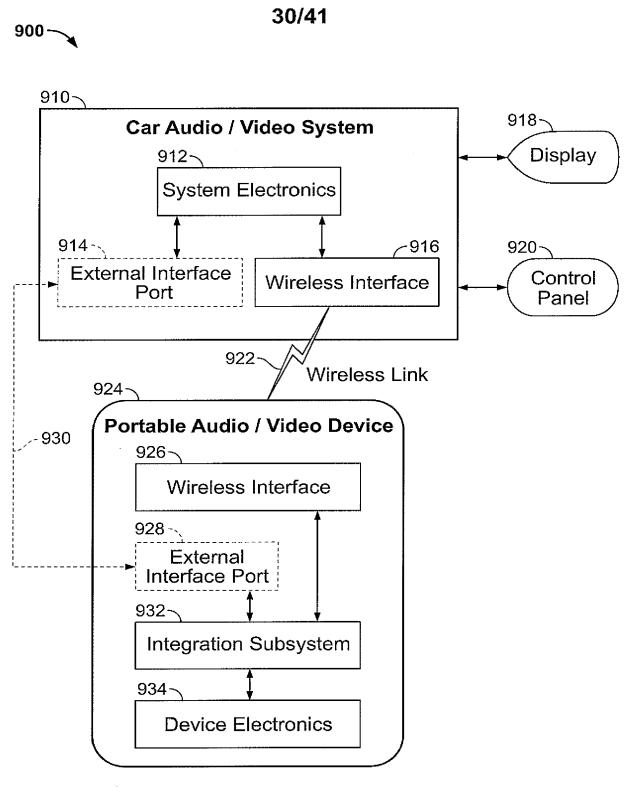


FIG. 17



**FIG. 18** 

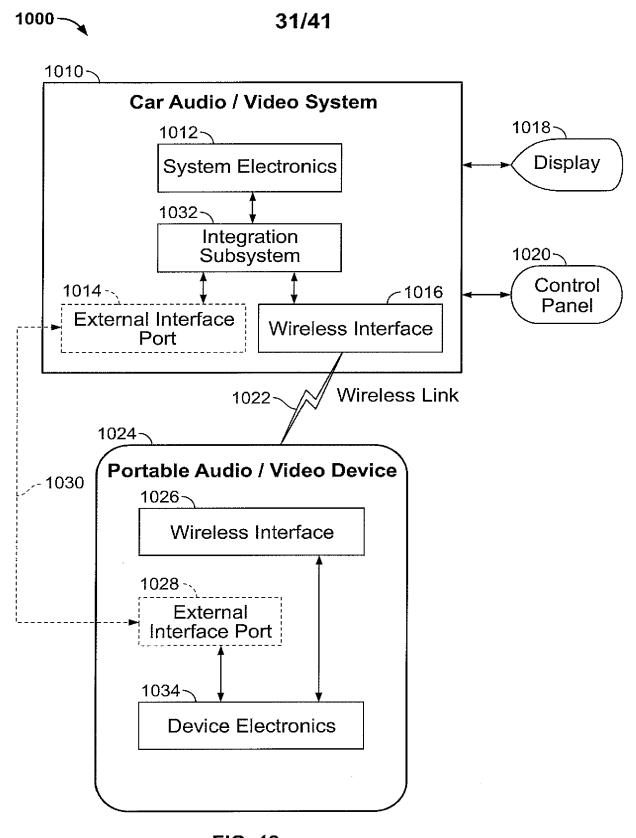


FIG. 19

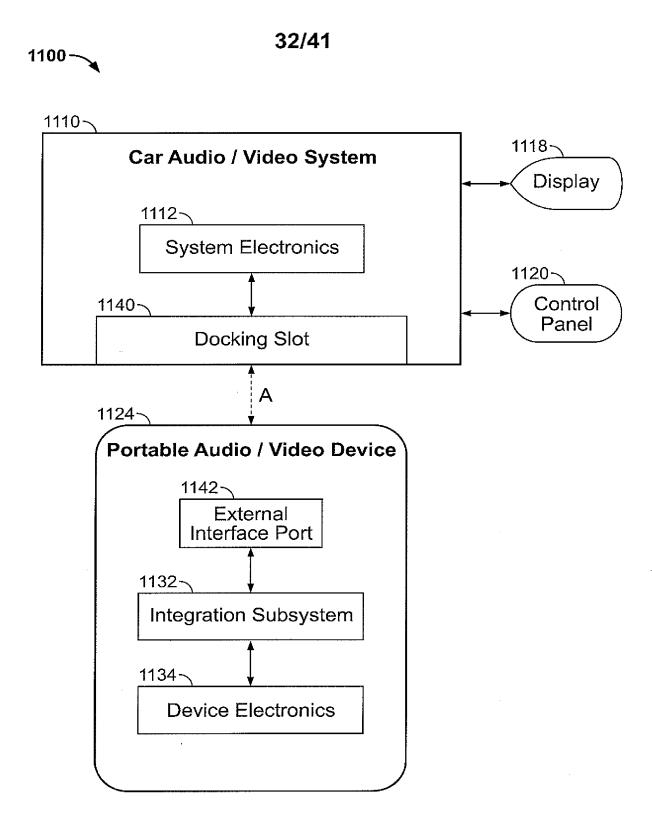
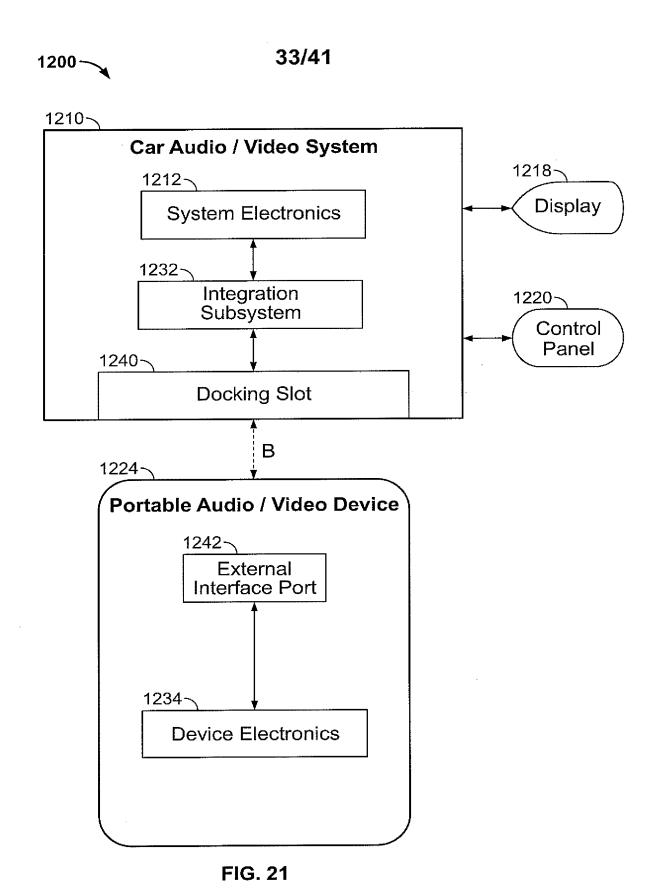
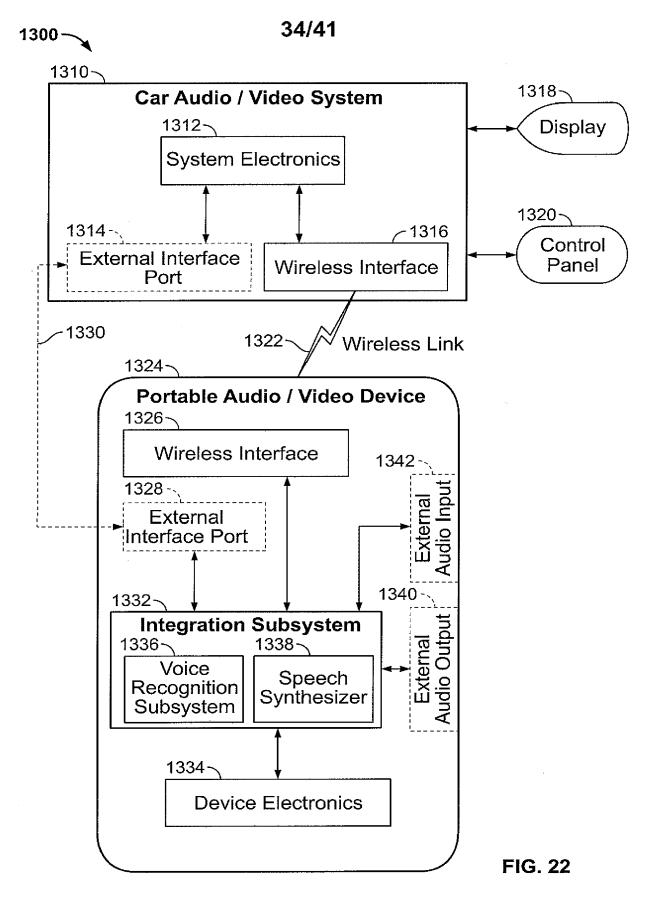
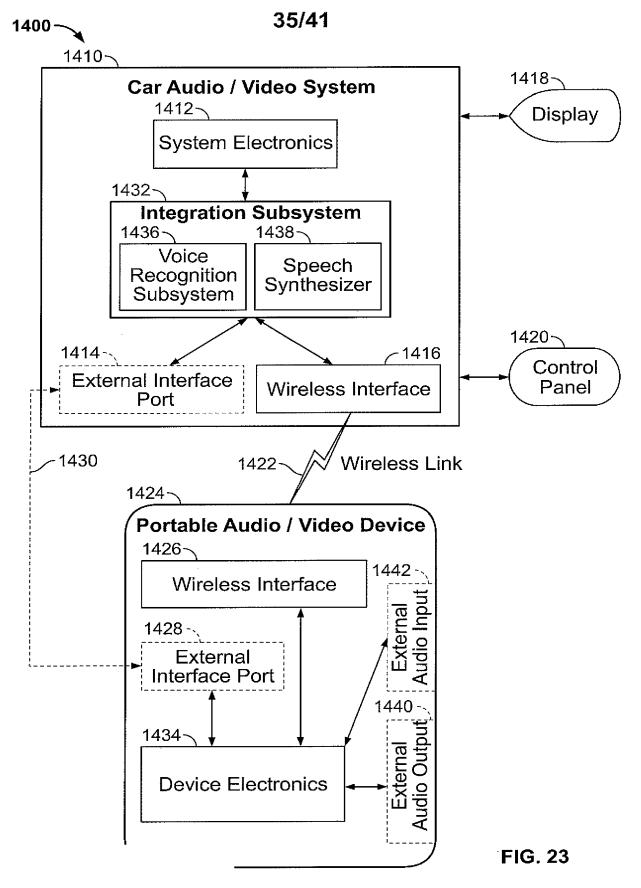


FIG. 20



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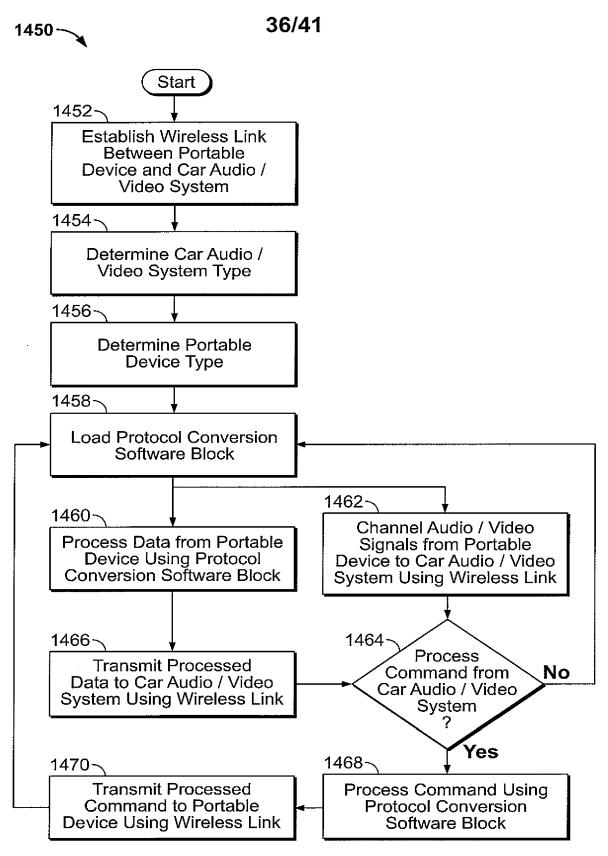
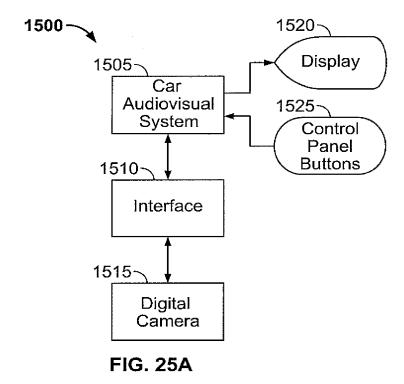


FIG. 24

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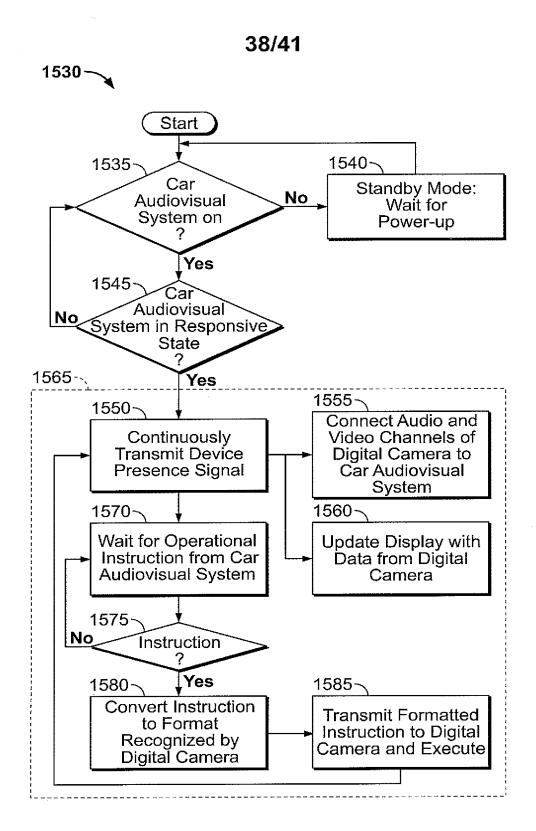


FIG. 25B

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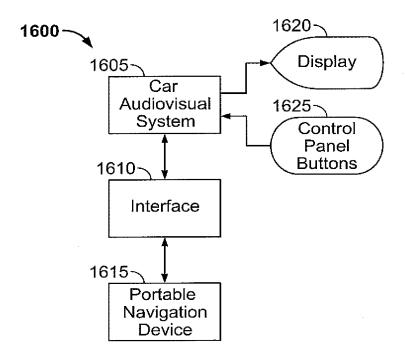
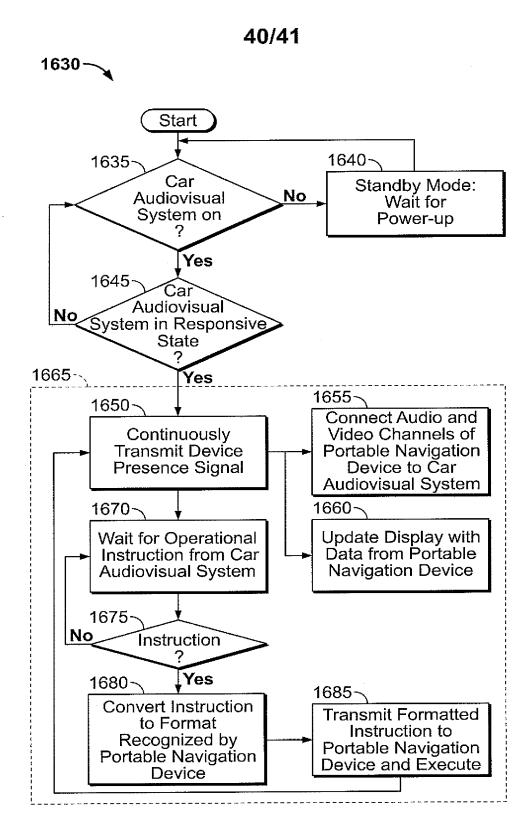
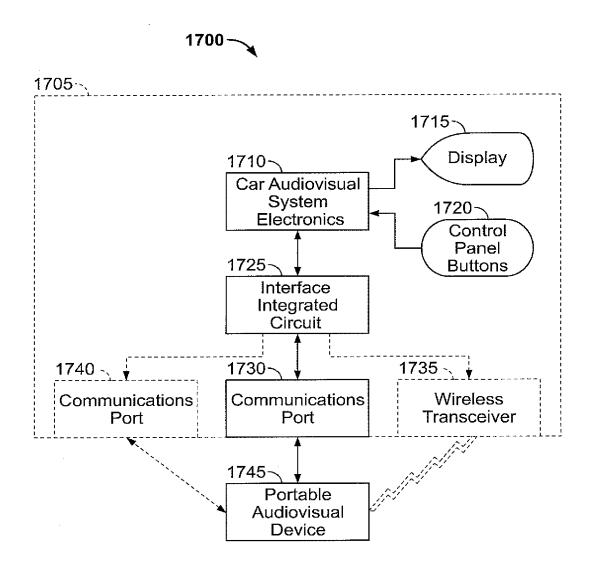


FIG. 26A



**FIG. 26B** 

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**FIG.27** 

# (19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau





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(74) Agent: FRISCIA, Michael; McCarter & English, LLP, Four Gateway Center, 100 Mulberry Street, Newark, NJ 07102 (US).

(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,

CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

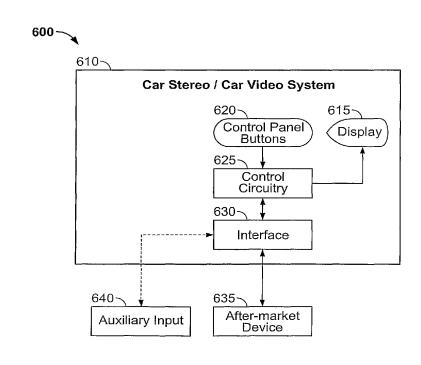
(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

#### **Published:**

 without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: MULTIMEDIA DEVICE INTEGRATION SYSTEM



(57) Abstract: An multimedia device integration system provided. One or more aftermarket audio or video devices, such as a CD player, CD changer, digital media device {e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, portable music center, or other device) satellite receiver {e.g., XM or Sirius receiver), DAB receiver, video device {e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or any other device or combinations thereof, is integrated for use with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo or video system, wherein control commands can be issued at the car stereo or video system and data from the after-market device can be displayed on the car stereo or video system. Control commands generated at the car stereo or video system are received, processed, converted into a format recognizable by the after-market device, and dispatched to the after-market device for execution. Information from the after-market

device is converted into a format recognizable by the car stereo or video system, and dispatched to the car stereo or video system for display thereon. One or more auxiliary input sources can be integrated with the car stereo or video system, and selected using the controls of the car stereo or video system. A docking station is provided for docking a portable audio or video device for integration with the car stereo or video system.

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

INVENTOR:

IRA MARLOWE

5 TITLE:

MULTIMEDIA

DEVICE

INTEGRATION

SYSTEM

## **SPECIFICATION**

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## **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system. More specifically, the present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system for integrating after-market components such as satellite receivers, CD players, CD changers, digital media devices (e.g., MP3 players, MP4 players, WMV players, Apple iPod devices, portable media centers, and other devices), Digital Audio Broadcast (DAB) receivers, auxiliary audio sources, video devices (e.g., DVD players), cellular telephones, and other devices for use with factory-installed (OEM) or after-market car stereo and video systems.

#### RELATED ART

Automobile audio systems have continued to advance in complexity and the number of options available to automobile purchasers. Early audio systems offered a simple AM and/or FM tuner, and perhaps an analog tape deck for allowing cassettes, 8-tracks, and other types of tapes to be played while driving. Such early systems were closed, in that external devices could not be easily integrated therewith.

With advances in digital technology, CD players have been included with automobile audio systems. Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) often produce car stereos having CD players and/or changers for allowing CDs to be played while driving. However, such systems often include proprietary buses and protocols that do not allow after-market audio systems, such as satellite receivers (e.g., XM satellite tuners), digital audio broadcast (DAB) receivers, digital media players (e.g., Apple iPod, MP3, MP4, WMV, etc.), CD changers, auxiliary input sources, video devices (e.g., DVD players), cellular telephones, and the like, to be easily integrated therewith. Thus, automobile purchasers are frequently forced to either entirely replace the OEM audio system, or use same throughout the life of the vehicle or the duration of ownership. Even if the OEM radio is replaced with an after-market radio, the after-market radio also frequently is not operable with an external device.

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A particular problem with integrating after-market audio and video systems with existing car stereo and video systems is that signals generated by both systems are in proprietary formats, and are not capable of being processed by the after-market system. Additionally, signals generated by the after-market system are also in a proprietary format that is not recognizable by the car stereo or video system. Thus, in order to integrate after-market systems with existing car stereo and video systems, it is necessary to convert signals between such systems.

It known in the art to provide one or more expansion modules for OEM and after-market car stereos for allowing external audio products to be integrated with the car stereo. However, such expansion modules only operate with and allow integration of external audio products manufactured by the same manufacturer as

the OEM / after-market car stereo. For example, a satellite receiver manufactured by PIONEER, Inc., cannot be integrated with an OEM car radio manufactured by TOYOTA or an after-market car radio manufactured by CLARION, Inc. Thus, existing expansion modules only serve the limited purpose of integrating equipment by the same manufacturer as the car stereo. Thus, it would be desirable to provide an integration system that allows any audio device of any manufacture to be integrated with any OEM or after-market radio system. Further, radio-frequency (RF) transmitters and cassette tape adapters have been developed for allowing music from a device external to a car radio, such as a portable CD player, to be played through the car radio using the FM receiver or the cassette deck of the radio. However, such systems are often prone to interference, and do not provide high fidelity.

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Moreover, it would be desirable to provide an integration system that not only achieves integration of various audio and video devices that are alien to a given OEM or after-market car stereo or video system, but also allows for information to be exchanged between the after-market device and the car stereo or video system. For example, it would be desirable to provide a system wherein station, track, time, and song information can be retrieved from the after-market device, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo or video system for display thereby, such as at an LCD panel of the car stereo or on one or more display panels of a car video system. Such information could be transmitted and displayed on both hardwired car stereo and video systems (e.g., radios installed in dashboards or at other locations within the car), or integrated for display on one or more software or graphically-driven radio systems operable with graphical display panels.

Additionally, it would be desirable to provide a multimedia device integration system that allows a user to control more than one device, such as a CD or satellite receiver and one or more auxiliary sources, and to quickly and conveniently switch between same using the existing controls of the car stereo or video system.

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Accordingly, the present invention addresses these needs by providing a multimedia device integration system that allows a plurality of after-market devices, such as CD players, CD changers, digital media devices (e.g., MP3 players, MP4 players, Apple iPod, WMV players, portable media centers, and other devices), satellite receivers, DAB receivers, auxiliary input sources, video devices (e.g., DVD players), cellular telephones, or any combination thereof, to be integrated into existing car stereo and video systems while allowing information to be displayed on, and control to be provided from, the car stereo or video system.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system. One or more after-market audio devices, such as CD players, CD changers, digital media devices (e.g., MP3 players, MP4 players, WMV players, Apple iPod devices, portable media centers, and other devices), satellite receivers (e.g., XM or Sirius receivers), digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, or auxiliary input sources, can be connected to and operate with an existing stereo system in an automobile, such as an OEM car stereo system or an after-market car stereo system installed in the automobile. The integration system connects to and interacts with the car stereo at any available port of the car stereo, such as a CD input port, a satellite input, or other known type of connection. If the car stereo system is an after-market car stereo system, the present invention generates a signal that is sent to the car stereo to keep same in an operational state and responsive to external data and signals. Commands generated at the control panel are received by the present invention and converted into a format recognizable by the after-market device. The formatted commands are executed by the after-market device, and audio therefrom is channeled to the car stereo. Information from the after-market device is received by the present invention, converted into a format recognizable by the car stereo, and forwarded to the car stereo for display thereby. formatted information could include information relating to a CD or MP3 track being played, channel, song, and artist information from a satellite receiver or DAB receiver, or video information from one or more external devices connected to the present invention. The information can be presented as one or more menus, textual, or graphical prompts for display on an LCD display of the radio, allowing

interaction with the user at the radio. A docking port may be provided for allowing portable external audio devices to be connected to the interface of the present invention.

In an embodiment of the present invention, a dual-input device is provided for integrating both an external audio device and an auxiliary input with an OEM or after-market car stereo. The user can select between the external audio device and the auxiliary input using the controls of the car stereo. The invention can automatically detect the type of device connected to the auxiliary input, and integrate same with the car stereo.

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In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with an existing car stereo system. A user can select between the auxiliary sources using the control panel of the car stereo. One or more after-market audio devices can be integrated with the auxiliary input sources, and a user can switch between the audio device and the auxiliary input sources using the car stereo. Devices connected to the auxiliary input sources are inter-operable with the car stereo, and are capable of exchanging commands and data via the interface.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating an external device for use with a car stereo or video system, wherein the interface is positioned within the car stereo or video system. The system comprises a car stereo or video system; an after-market device external to the car stereo or video system; an interface positioned within the car stereo or video system and connected between the car stereo or video system and the after-market device for exchanging data and audio or video signals between the car stereo or

video system and the after-market device; means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the after-market device from the car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the after-market device; and means for processing and displaying data from the after-market device on a display of the car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the car stereo or video system. The after-market device could comprise one or more of a CD changer, CD player, satellite receiver (e.g., XM or Sirius), digital media device (e.g., MP3, MP4, WMV, or Apple iPod device), video device (e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or any combination thereof.

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In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating a cellular telephone for use with a car stereo or video system. The system comprises a car stereo or video system; a cellular telephone external to the car stereo or video system; an interface connected between the car stereo or video system and the cellular telephone for exchanging data and audio or video signals between the car stereo or video system and the cellular telephone; means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the cellular telephone from the car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the cellular telephone; and means for processing and displaying data from the cellular telephone on a display of the car stereo or video system in a format compatible with the car stereo or video system.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating an external video system for use with a car video system. The system comprises a car video system; an after-market video device external to the car

video system; an interface connected between the car video system and the aftermarket video device for exchanging data, audio, and video signals between the car video system and the after-market video device; means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the after-market video device from the car video system in a format compatible with the after-market video device; and means for processing and displaying data from the after-market video device on a display of the car video system in a format compatible with the car video system.

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The present invention also provides an interface for integrating a plurality of after-market devices for use with a car stereo or video system using a single interface. In one embodiment, the system comprises an interface in electrical communication with a car stereo or video system and an after-market device; a plurality of configuration jumpers in the interface for specifying a first device type corresponding to the car stereo or video system and a second device type corresponding to the after-market device; and a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks stored in memory in the interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car stereo or video system and for converting signals from the car stereo or video system into a second format compatible with the after-market device, wherein at least one of the protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the interface using settings of the plurality of configuration jumpers. In another embodiment, the system comprises an interface in electrical communication with a car stereo or video system and an after-market device; first and second wiring harnesses attached to the interface, wherein the first wiring harness includes a first electrical configuration corresponding to the car stereo or video system and the second

wiring harness includes a second electrical configuration corresponding to the after-market device; and a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks stored in memory in the interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car stereo or video system and for converting signals from the car stereo or video system into a second format compatible with the after-market device, wherein at least one of the protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the interface using the first and second electrical configurations of the first and second wiring harnesses. A plurality of wiring harnesses can be provided for integrating a plurality of devices.

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The present invention also provides a method for integrating an aftermarket device for use with a car stereo or video system, comprising the steps of
interconnecting the car stereo or video system and the after-market device with an
interface; determining a first device type corresponding to the car stereo or video
system and a second device type corresponding to the after-market device; loading
a protocol conversion software block from memory in the interface using the first
and second device types; converting signals from the after-market device into a
first format compatible with the car stereo or video system using the protocol
conversion software block; and converting signals from the car stereo or video
system into a second format compatible with the after-market device using the
protocol conversion software block.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These and other important objects and features of the invention will be apparent from the following Detailed Description of the Invention, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing the multimedia device integration system of the present invention.

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- FIG. 2a is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a CD player is integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player is integrated with a car radio.
  - FIG. 2c is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a satellite or DAB receiver is integrated with a car radio.
  - FIG. 2d is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2e is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein a CD player and a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.
  - FIG. 2f is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a satellite or DAB receiver and a plurality of auxiliary input source are integrated with a car radio.

FIG. 2g is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player and a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.

FIG. 2h is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary interfaces and an audio device are integrated with a car stereo.

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- FIG. 3a is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating a CD player or an auxiliary input source with a car radio.
- 10 **FIG. 3b** is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating both a CD player and an auxiliary input source with a car radio, wherein the CD player and the auxiliary input are switchable by a user.
  - FIG. 3c is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio.
  - FIG. 3d is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating a satellite or DAB receiver with a car radio.
  - FIG. 4a is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a CD player with a car radio.
- FIG. 4b is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a MP3 player with a car radio.
  - FIG. 4c is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a satellite receiver with a car radio.
  - FIG. 4d is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio.

FIG. 4e is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a CD player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio.

FIG. 4f is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a satellite or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio.

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- FIG. 4g is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a MP3 player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car stereo.
- FIG. 5 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for allowing a user to switch between an after-market audio device and one or more auxiliary input sources.
- FIG. 6 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for determining and handling various device types connected to the auxiliary input ports of the invention.
  - FIG. 7a is a perspective view of a docking station according to the present invention for retaining an audio device within a car.
    - FIG. 7b is an end view of the docking station of FIG. 7a.
- FIGS. 8a-8b are perspective views of another embodiment of the docking station of the present invention, which includes the multimedia device integration system of the present invention incorporated therewith.
  - FIG. 9 is a block diagram showing the components of the docking station of FIGS. 8a-8b.

FIG. 10 is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein the interface is incorporated within a car stereo or car video system.

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- FIG. 11a is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating a cellular telephone for use with a car stereo or video system; FIG. 11b is a flowchart showing processing logic for integrating a cellular telephone for use with a car stereo or video system.
- FIG. 12a is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating an after-market video device for use with a car video system; FIG. 12b is a flowchart showing processing logic for integrating an after-market video device for use with a car video system.
  - FIG. 13a is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein configuration jumpers and protocol conversion software blocks are provided for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface.
- FIG. 13b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein wiring harnesses and protocol conversion software blocks are provided for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface.

FIG. 14 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface.

- FIG. 15 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for allowing a user to specify one or more after-market device types for integration using a single interface.
  - FIG. 16 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for allowing a user to quickly navigate through a list of songs on one or more after-market devices using the controls of a car stereo or video system.

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FIG. 17 is a diagram showing an another embodiment of the present invention, wherein a plurality of external devices are integrated using a single interface.

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### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a multimedia device integration system. One or more after-market devices, such as a CD player, CD changer, digital media player (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, portable media center, or other device), satellite receiver, digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, video device (e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or the like, can be integrated with an existing car radio or car video device, such as an OEM or after-market car stereo or video system. Control of the after-market device is enabled using the car stereo or car video system, and information from the after-market device, such as channel, artist, track, time, song, and other information information, is retrieved form the after-market device, processed, and forwarded to the car stereo or car video system for display thereon. The information channeled to the car stereo or video system can include video from the external device, as well as graphical and menu-based information. A user can review and interact with information via the car stereo. Commands from the car stereo or video system are received, processed by the present invention into a format recognizable by the after-market device device, and transmitted thereto for execution. One or more auxiliary input channels can be integrated by the present invention with the car stereo or video system. The user can switch between one or more after-market devices and one or more auxiliary input channels using the control panel buttons of the car stereo or video system.

As used herein, the term "integration" or "integrated" is intended to mean connecting one or more external devices or inputs to an existing car stereo or video system via an interface, processing and handling signals, audio, and/or video

information, allowing a user to control the devices via the car stereo or video system, and displaying data from the devices on the car stereo or video system. Thus, for example, integration of a CD player with a car stereo system allows for the CD player to be remotely controlled via the control panel of the stereo system, and data from the CD player to be sent to the display of the stereo. Of course, control of after-market devices can be provided at locations other than the control panel of the car stereo or video system without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention. Further, as used herein, the term "inter-operable" is intended to mean allowing the external audio or video device to receive and process commands that have been formatted by the interface of the present invention, as well as allowing a car stereo or video system to display information that is generated by the external audio or video device and processed by the present invention. Additionally, by the term "inter-operable," it is meant allowing a device that is alien to the environment of an existing OEM or after-market car stereo or video system to be utilized thereby.

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Also, as used herein, the terms "car stereo" and "car radio" are used interchangeably and are intended to include all presently existing car stereos, radios, video systems, such as physical devices that are present at any location within a vehicle, in addition to software and/or graphically- or display-driven receivers. An example of such a receiver is a software-driven receiver that operates on a universal LCD panel within a vehicle and is operable by a user via a graphical user interface displayed on the universal LCD panel. Further, any future receiver, whether a hardwired or a software/graphical receiver operable on one or more displays, is considered within the definition of the terms "car stereo" and "car

radio," as used herein, and is within the spirit and scope of the present invention. Moreover, the term "car" is not limited to any specific type of automobile, but rather, includes all automobiles. Additionally, by the term "after-market," it is meant any device not installed by a manufacturer at the time of sale of the car.

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FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing the multimedia device integration (or interface) system of the present invention, generally indicated at 20. A plurality of devices and auxiliary inputs can be connected to the interface 20, and integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. A CD player or changer 15 can be integrated with the radio 10 via interface 20. A satellite radio or DAB receiver 25, such as an XM or Sirius radio satellite receiver or DAB receiver known in the art, could be integrated with the radio 10, via the interface 20. Further, an MP3 player 30 could also be integrated with the radio 10 via interface 20. The MP3 player 30 could be any known digital media device, such as an Apple iPod or any other digital media device. Moreover, a plurality of auxiliary input sources, illustratively indicated as auxiliary input sources 35 (comprising input sources 1 through n, nbeing any number), could also be integrated with the car radio 10 via interface 20. Optionally, a control head 12, such as that commonly used with after-market CD changers and other similar devices, could be integrated with the car radio 10 via interface 20, for controlling any of the car radio 10, CD player/changer 15, satellite/DAB receiver 25, MP3 player 30, and auxiliary input sources 35. Thus, as can be readily appreciated, the interface 20 of the present invention allows for the integration of a multitude of devices and inputs with an OEM or after-market car radio or stereo.

FIG. 2a is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device interface system of the present invention, wherein a CD player/changer 15 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. The CD player 15 is electrically connected with the interface 20, and exchanges data and audio signals therewith. The interface 20 is electrically connected with the car radio 10, and exchanges data and audio signals therewith. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the car radio 10 includes a display 13 (such as an alphanumeric, electroluminescent display) for displaying information, and a plurality of control panel buttons 14 that normally operate to control the radio 10. The interface 20 allows the CD player 15 to be controlled by the control buttons 14 of the radio 10. Further, the interface 20 allows information from the CD player 15, such as track, disc, time, and song information, to be retrieved therefrom, processed and formatted by the interface 20, sent to the display 13 of the radio 10.

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Importantly, the interface 20 allows for the remote control of the CD player 15 from the radio 10 (e.g., the CD player 15 could be located in the trunk of a car, while the radio 10 is mounted on the dashboard of the car). Thus, for example, one or more discs stored within the CD player 15 can be remotely selected by a user from the radio 10, and tracks on one or more of the discs can be selected therefrom. Moreover, standard CD operational commands, such as pause, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track forward, and track reverse (among other commands) can be remotely entered at the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10 for remotely controlling the CD player 15.

FIG. 2b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein an MP3 player 30 is integrated with an OEM or after-market

car radio 10 via interface 20. As mentioned earlier, the interface 20 of the present invention allows for a plurality of disparate audio devices to be integrated with an existing car radio for use therewith. Thus, as shown in FIG. 2b, remote control of the MP3 player 30 via radio 10 is provided for via interface 20. The MP3 player 30 is electronically interconnected with the interface 20, which itself is electrically interconnected with the car radio 10. The interface 20 allows data and audio signals to be exchanged between the MP3 player 30 and the car radio 10, and processes and formats signals accordingly so that instructions and data from the radio 10 are processable by the MP3 player 30, and vice versa. Operational commands, such as track selection, pause, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, and other commands, are entered via the control panel buttons 14 of car radio 10, processed by the interface 20, and formatted for execution by the MP3 player 30. Data from the MP3 player, such as track, time, and song information, is received by the interface 20, processed thereby, and sent to the radio 10 for display on display 13. Audio from the MP3 player 30 is selectively forwarded by the interface 20 to the radio 10 for playing.

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FIG. 2c is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a satellite receiver or DAB receiver 25 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10 via the interface 20. Satellite/DAB receiver 25 can be any satellite radio receiver known in the art, such as XM or Sirius, or any DAB receiver known in the art. The satellite/DAB receiver 25 is electrically interconnected with the interface 20, which itself is electrically interconnected with the car radio 10. The satellite/DAB receiver 25 is remotely operable by the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10. Commands from the radio 10 are received by the

interface 20, processed and formatted thereby, and dispatched to the satellite/DAB receiver 25 for execution thereby. Information from the satellite/DAB receiver 25, including time, station, and song information, is received by the interface 20, processed, and transmitted to the radio 10 for display on display 13. Further, audio from the satellite/DAB receiver 25 is selectively forwarded by the interface 20 for playing by the radio 10.

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FIG. 2d is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. The auxiliary inputs 35 can be connected to analog sources, or can be digitally coupled with one or more audio devices, such as after-market CD players, CD changers, MP3 players, satellite receivers, DAB receivers, and the like, and integrated with an existing car stereo. Preferably, four auxiliary input sources are connectable with the interface 20, but any number of auxiliary input sources could be included. Audio from the auxiliary input sources 35 is selectively forwarded to the radio 10 under command of the user. As will be discussed herein in greater detail, a user can select a desired input source from the auxiliary input sources 35 by depressing one or more of the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 receives the command initiated from the control panel, processes same, and connects the corresponding input source from the auxiliary input sources 35 to allow audio therefrom to be forwarded to the radio 10 for playing. Further, the interface 20 determines the type of audio devices connected to the auxiliary input ports 35, and integrates same with the car stereo **10**.

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As mentioned previously, the present invention allows one or more external audio devices to be integrated with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo, along with one or more auxiliary input sources, and the user can select between these sources using the controls of the car stereo. Such "dual input" capability allows operation with devices connected to either of the inputs of the device, or both. Importantly, the device can operate in "plug and play" mode, wherein any device connected to one of the inputs is automatically detected by the present invention, its device type determined, and the device automatically integrated with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo. Thus, the present invention is not dependent any specific device type to be connected therewith to operate. For example, a user can first purchase a CD changer, plug same into a dual interface, and use same with the car stereo. At a point later in time, the user could purchase an XM tuner, plug same into the device, and the tuner will automatically be detected and integrated with the car stereo, allowing the user to select from and operate both devices from the car stereo. It should be noted that such plug and play capability is not limited to a dual input device, but is provided for in every embodiment of the present invention. The dual-input configuration of the preset invention is illustrated in FIGS. 2e-2h and described below.

FIG. 2e is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein an external CD player/changer 15 and one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car stereo 10. Both the CD player 15 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 are electrically interconnected with the interface 20, which, in turn, is electrically interconnected to the radio 10. Using the controls 14 of the radio 10, a user can select between the

CD player 15 and one or more of the inputs 35 to selectively channel audio from these sources to the radio. The command to select from one of these sources is received by the interface 20, processed thereby, and the corresponding source is channeled to the radio 10 by the interface 20. As will be discussed later in greater detail, the interface 20 contains internal processing logic for selecting between these sources.

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FIG. 2f is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a satellite receiver or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources are integrated by the interface 20 with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. Similar to the embodiment of the present invention illustrated in FIG. 2e and described earlier, the interface 20 allows a user to select between the satellite/DAB receiver 25 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 using the controls 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 contains processing logic, described in greater detail below, for allowing switching between the satellite/DAB receiver 25 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35.

FIG. 2g is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player 30 and one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated by the interface 20 with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. Similar to the embodiments of the present invention illustrated in FIGS. 2e and 2f and described earlier, the interface 20 allows a user to select between the MP3 player 30 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 using the controls 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 contains processing logic, as will be discussed later in greater detail, for allowing switching between the MP3 player 30 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35.

FIG. 2h is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary interfaces 40 and 44 and an audio device 17 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car stereo 10. Importantly, the present invention can be expanded to allow a plurality of auxiliary inputs to be connected to the car stereo 10 in a tree-like fashion. Thus, as can be seen in FIG. 2h, a first auxiliary interface 40 is connected to the interface 20, and allows data and audio from the ports 42 to be exchanged with the car radio 10. Connected to one of the ports 42 is another auxiliary interface 44, which, in turn, provides a plurality of input ports 46. Any device connected to any of the ports 42 or 46 can be integrated with the car radio 10. Further, any device connected to the ports 42 or 46 can be inter-operable with the car radio 10, allowing commands to be entered from the car radio 10 (e.g., such as via the control panel 14) for commanding the device, and information from the device to be displayed by the car radio 10. Conceivably, by configuring the interfaces 40, 44, and successive interfaces in a tree configuration, any number of devices can be integrated using the present invention.

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The various embodiments of the present invention described above and shown in FIGS. 1 through 2h are illustrative in nature and are not intended to limit the spirit or scope of the present invention. Indeed, any conceivable audio device or input source, in any desired combination, can be integrated by the present invention into existing car stereo systems. Further, it is conceivable that not only can data and audio signals be exchanged between the car stereo and any external device, but also video information that can be captured by the present invention,

processed thereby, and transmitted to the car stereo for display thereby and interaction with a user thereat.

Various circuit configurations can be employed to carry out the present invention. Examples of such configurations are described below and shown in FIGS. 3a-3d.

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FIG. 3a is an illustrative circuit diagram according to the present invention for integrating a CD player or an auxiliary input source with an existing car stereo system. A plurality of ports J1C1, J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH are provided for allowing connection of the interface system of the present invention between an existing car radio, an after-market CD player or changer, or an auxiliary input source. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. Port J1C1 connects to the input port of an OEM car radio, such as that manufactured by TOYOTA, Inc. Conceivably, port J1C1 could be modified to allow connection to the input port of an after-market car radio. Ports J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH connect to an after-market CD changer, such as that manufactured by PANASONIC, Inc., or to an auxiliary input source.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1C1, J2A1, and X2, and provides functionality for integrating the CD player or auxiliary input source connected to the ports J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH. For example, microcontroller U1 receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received at the connector J1C1, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the CD player or auxiliary input source via connector J2A1. Additionally, the microcontroller U1 receives information provided by the CD

player or auxiliary input source via connector J2A1, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connector J1C1 for display on the display of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the ports J2A1, X2, RCH and LCH is selectively channeled to the car radio at port J1C1 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1.

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In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F628 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F628 chip is a CMOS, flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having an internal, 4 MHz internal oscillator, 128 bytes of EEPROM data memory, a capture/compare/PWM, a USART, 2 comparators, and a programmable voltage reference. Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller U1 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R13, diodes D1 through D4, capacitors C1 and C2, and oscillator Y1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller U1 with the hardware connected to the connectors J1C1, J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3a and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3b is a diagram showing an illustrative circuit configuration according to the present invention, wherein one or more after-market CD changers / players and an auxiliary input source are integrated with an existing car stereo, and wherein the user can select between the CD changer/player and the auxiliary input using the controls of the car stereo. A plurality of connectors are provided, illustratively indicated as ports J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2. Ports J4A, J4B, and J3 allow the audio device interface system of the present invention to be connected to one or more existing car stereos, such as an OEM car stereo or an after-market car stereo. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. For example, ports J4A and J4B can be connected to an OEM car stereo manufactured by BMW, Inc. Port J3 can be connected to a car stereo manufactured by LANDROVER, Inc. Of course, any number of car stereos, by any manufacturer, could be provided. Ports J1 and J2 allow connection to an after-market CD changer or player, such as that manufactured by ALPINE, Inc., and an auxiliary input source. Optionally, ports J5L1 and J5R1 allow integration of a standard analog (line-level) source. Of course, a single standalone CD player or auxiliary input source could be connected to either of ports J1 or J2.

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Microcontroller DD1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2, and provides functionality for integrating the CD player and auxiliary input source connected to the ports J1 and J2 with the car stereo connected to the ports J4A and J4B or J3. For example, microcontroller DD1 receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received at the connectors J4A and J4B

or J3, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the CD player and auxiliary input source via connectors J1 or J2. Additionally, the microcontroller DD1 receives information provided by the CD player and auxiliary input source via connectors J1 or J2, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connectors J4A and J4B or J3 for display on the display of the car stereo. Further, the microcontroller DD1 controls multiplexer DA3 to allow selection between the CD player/changer and the auxiliary input. Audio signals provided at the ports J1, J2, J5L1 and J5R1 is selectively channeled to the car radio at ports J4A and J4B or J3 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller DD1.

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In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller **DD1** comprises the 16F872 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F872 chip is a CMOS, flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having 64 bytes of EEPROM data memory, self-programming capability, an ICD, 5 channels of 10 bit Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converters, 2 timers, capture/compare/PWM functions, a USART, and a synchronous serial port configurable as either a 3-wire serial peripheral interface or a 2-wire inter-integrated circuit bus. Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller **DD1** without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention. Additionally, in a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the multiplexer **DA3** comprises the CD4053 triple, two-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer manufactured by FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR, Inc. Any other suitable

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multiplexer can be substituted for **DA3** without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R18, diodes D1 through D3, capacitors C1-C11, and G1-G3, transistors Q1-Q3, transformers T1 and T2, amplifiers LCH:A and LCH:B, oscillator XTAL1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller DD1 and the multiplexer DA3 with the hardware connected to the connectors J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers and multiplexers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers and multiplexers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3b and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3c is a diagram showing an illustrative circuit configuration for integrating a plurality of auxiliary inputs using the controls of the car stereo. A plurality of connectors are provided, illustratively indicated as ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4. Port J1 allows the multimedia device integration system of the present invention to be connected to one or more existing car stereos. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. For example, port J1 could be connected to an OEM car stereo manufactured by HONDA, Inc., or any other manufacturer. Ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 allow connection with the left and right channels of four auxiliary input

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sources. Of course, any number of auxiliary input sources and ports/connectors could be provided.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4, and provides functionality for integrating one or more auxiliary input sources connected to the ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 with the car stereo connected to the port J1. Further, the microcontroller U1 controls multiplexers DA3 and DA4 to allow selection amongst any of the auxiliary inputs using the controls of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 are selectively channeled to the car radio at port J1 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F872 microcontroller discussed earlier. Additionally, in a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the multiplexers DA3 and DA4 comprises the CD4053 triple, two-channel multiplexer/demultiplexer, discussed earlier. Any other suitable microcontroller and multiplexers can be substituted for U1, DA3, and DA4 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R15, diodes D1 through D3, capacitors C1-C5, transistors Q1-Q2, amplifiers DA1:A and DA1:B, and oscillator Y1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller U1 and the multiplexers DA3 and DA4 with the hardware connected to the ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3,

LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers and multiplexers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers and multiplexers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3c and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

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FIG. 3d is an illustrative circuit diagram according to the present invention for integrating a satellite receiver with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo system. Ports J1 and J2 are provided for allowing connection of the integration system of the present invention between an existing car radio and a satellite receiver. These ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. Port J2 connects to the input port of an existing car radio, such as that manufactured by KENWOOD, Inc. Port 1 connects to an after-market satellite receiver, such as that manufactured by PIONEER, Inc.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1 and J2, and provides functionality for integrating the satellite receiver connected to the port J1 with the car stereo connected to the port J2. For example, microcontroller U1 receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received at the connector J2, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the satellite receiver via connector J2. Additionally, the microcontroller U1 receives information provided by the satellite receiver via connector J1, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connector J2

for display on the display of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the port J1 is selectively channeled to the car radio at port J2 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1.

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In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F873 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F873 chip is a CMOS, flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having 128 bytes of EEPROM data memory, self-programming capability, an ICD, 5 channels of 10 bit Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converters, 2 timers, 2 capture/compare/PWM functions, a synchronous serial port that can be configured as a either a 3-wire serial peripheral interface or a 2-wire inter-integrated circuit bus, and a USART. Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller U1 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R7, capacitors C1 and C2, and amplifier A1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller U1 with the hardware connected to the connectors J1 and J2. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3d and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIGS. 4a through 6 are flowcharts showing processing logic according to the present invention. Such logic can be embodied as software and/or instructions stored in a read-only memory circuit (e.g., and EEPROM circuit), or other similar device. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the processing logic described herein is stored in one or more microcontrollers, such as the microcontrollers discussed earlier with reference to FIGS. 3a-3d. Of course, any other suitable means for storing the processing logic of the present invention can be employed.

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FIG. 4a is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 100, for integrating a CD player or changer with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo system. Beginning in step 100, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 104 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 106 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 106 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 106, a CD handling process, indicated as block 108, is invoked, allowing the CD player/changer to exchange data and audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 110, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that a CD player/changer is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. If the

car radio is an OEM car radio, the CD player presence signal need not be generated. Further, the signal need not be limited to a CD player device presence signal, but rather, could be any type of device presence signal (e.g., MP3 player device presence signal, satellite receiver presence signal, video device presence signal, cellular telephone presence signal, or any other type of device presence signal). Concurrently with step 110, or within a short period of time before or after the execution of step 110, steps 112 and 114 are invoked. In step 112, the audio channels of the CD player/changer are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the CD player/changer to be played through the car stereo. In step 114, data is retrieved by the present invention from the CD player/changer, including track and time information, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the external CD player/changer can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 110, 112, and 114 have been executed, control passes to step 116.

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In steps 116, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for CD operational commands. Examples of such commands include track forward, track reverse, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track program, random track play, and other similar commands. In step 118, if a command is not detected, step 116 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 118 invokes step 120, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the CD player/changer connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command issued from a GM car radio is converted into a format recognizable by a CD player/changer manufactured by ALPINE, Inc. Any

conceivable command from any type of car radio can be formatted for use by a CD player/changer of any type or manufacture. Once the command has been formatted, step 122 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the CD player/changer and executed. Step 110 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

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FIG. 4b is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 130, for integrating an MP3 player with an existing car stereo system. Examples of MP3 players that can be integrated by the present invention include, but are not limited to, the Apple iPod and other types of digital media devices. Beginning in step 132, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 134 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 136 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 136 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 136, an MP3 handling process, indicated as block 138, is invoked, allowing the MP3 player to exchange data and audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 140, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an MP3 player is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 142, the audio channels of the MP3 player are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system,

allowing audio from the MP3 player to be played through the car stereo. In step 144, data is retrieved by the present invention from the MP3 player, including track, time, title, and song information, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the MP3 player can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 140, 142, and 144 have been executed, control passes to step 146.

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In steps 146, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for MP3 operational commands. Examples of such commands include track forward, track reverse, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track program, random track play, and other similar commands. In step 148, if a command is not detected, step 146 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 148 invokes step 150, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the MP3 player connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command issued from a HONDA car radio is converted into a format recognizable by an MP3 player manufactured by PANASONIC, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car radio can be formatted for use by an MP3 player of any type or manufacture. Once the command has been formatted, step 152 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the MP3 player and executed. Step 140 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 4c is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 160, for integrating a satellite receiver or a DAB receiver with an existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 162, a determination is made as to whether the

existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 164 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 166 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 166 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 166, a satellite/DAB receiver handling process, indicated as block 168, is invoked, allowing the satellite/DAB receiver to exchange data and audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 170, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that a satellite or DAB receiver is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 172, the audio channels of the satellite/DAB receiver are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the satellite receiver or DAB receiver to be played through the car stereo. In step 174, data is retrieved by the present invention from the satellite/DAB receiver, including channel number, channel name, artist name, song time, and song title, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. The information could be presented in one or more menus, or via a graphical interface viewable and manipulable by the user at the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the receiver can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 170, 172, and 174 have been executed, control passes to step 176.

In steps 176, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for satellite/DAB receiver operational commands. Examples of such commands include station up, station down, station memory program, and other similar commands. In step 178, if a command is not detected, step 176 is reinvoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 178 invokes step 180, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the satellite/DAB receiver connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command issued from a FORD car radio is converted into a format recognizable by a satellite receiver manufactured by PIONEER, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car radio can be formatted for use by a satellite/DAB receiver of any type or manufacture. Once the command has been formatted, step 182 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the satellite/DAB receiver and executed. Step 170 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

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FIG. 4d is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 190, for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 192, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 194 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 196 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 196 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 196, an auxiliary input handling process, indicated as block 198, is invoked, allowing one or more auxiliary inputs

to be connected (channeled) to the car stereo. Further, if a plurality of auxiliary inputs exist, the logic of block 198 allows a user to select a desired input from the plurality of inputs. Beginning in step 200, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 202, the control panel buttons of the car stereo are monitored.

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In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, each of the one or more auxiliary input sources are selectable by selecting a CD disc number on the control panel of the car radio. Thus, in step 204, a determination is made as to whether the first disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 206 is invoked, wherein the first auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 208 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the second disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 210 is invoked, wherein the second auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 212 is invoked, wherein a third determination is made as to whether the third disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 214 is invoked, wherein the third auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 216 is invoked, wherein a fourth determination is made as to whether the fourth disc number has been If a positive determination is made, step 218 is invoked, wherein the selected. fourth auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a

negative determination is made, step 200 is re-invoked, and the process disclosed for block 198 repeated. Further, if any of steps 206, 210, 214, or 218 are executed, then step 200 is re-invoked and block 198 repeated.

The process disclosed in block 198 allows a user to select from one of four auxiliary input sources using the control buttons of the car stereo. Of course, the number of auxiliary input sources connectable with and selectable by the present invention can be expanded to any desired number. Thus, for example, 6 auxiliary input sources could be provided and switched using corresponding selection key(s) or keystroke(s) on the control panel of the radio. Moreover, any desired keystroke, selection sequence, or button(s) on the control panel of the radio, or elsewhere, can be utilized to select from the auxiliary input sources without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

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FIG. 4e is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 220, for integrating a CD player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 222, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 224 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 226 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the cars stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 226 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 226, then step 228 is invoked, wherein a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo.

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Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 230, a determination is made as to whether a CD player is present (i.e., whether an external CD player or changer is connected to the multimedia device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 231 and 232 are invoked. In step 231, the logic of block 108 of FIG. 4a (the CD handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the CD player/changer can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 232, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external CD player/changer to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 234 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 234 re-invokes step 228, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external CD player/changer to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 236 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the CD player/changer are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 238 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 230 (no external CD player/changer is connected to the present invention), then step 238 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

FIG. 4f is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 240, for integrating a satellite receiver or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 242, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 244 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 246 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 246 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 246, then step 248 is invoked, wherein a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 250, a determination is made as to whether a satellite receiver or DAB receiver is present (*i.e.*, whether an external satellite receiver or DAB receiver is connected to the multimedia device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 251 and 252 are invoked. In step 251, the logic of block 168 of FIG. 4c (the satellite/DAB receiver handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the satellite receiver can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 252, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external satellite receiver to one or more auxiliary

input sources. Step 254 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 254 re-invokes step 258, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external satellite/DAB receiver to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 256 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the satellite receiver are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 258 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 250 (no external satellite/DAB receiver is connected to the present invention), then step 258 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

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FIG. 4g is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating an MP3 player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car stereo. Beginning in step 262, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 264 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 266 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 266 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 266, then step 268 is invoked, wherein a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external

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device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. Then, in step 270, a determination is made as to whether an MP3 player is present (i.e., whether an external MP3 player is connected to the multimedia device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 271 and 272 are invoked. In step 271, the logic of block 138 of FIG. 4b (the MP3 handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the MP3 player can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 272, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external MP3 player to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 274 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 274 re-invokes step 278, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external MP3 player to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 276 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the MP3 player are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 278 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 270 (no external MP3 player is connected to the present invention), then step 278 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

As mentioned previously, to enable integration, the present invention contains logic for converting command signals issued from an after-market or OEM car stereo into a format compatible with one or more external audio devices connected to the present invention. Such logic can be applied to convert any car stereo signal for use with any external device. For purposes of illustration, a sample code portion is shown in **Table 1**, below, for converting control signals from a BMW car stereo into a format understandable by a CD changer:

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## Table 1

	; =====================================
10	<pre>; Radio requests changer to STOP (exit PLAY mode) ; Decoding 6805183801004C message</pre>
	;
15	Encode_RD_stop_msg:
10	<pre>movlw 0x68 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff,W skpz</pre>
20	return
20	<pre>movlw 0x05 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+1,W skpz</pre>
25	return
	movlw 0x18 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+2,W skpz
30	return
	movlw 0x38 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+3,W skpz
35	return
	<pre>movlw 0x01 xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+4,W skpz return</pre>
40	tstf BMW_Recv_buff+5 skpz return
45	movlw 0x4C xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+6,W

```
skpz
return

bsf BMW_Recv_STOP_msg
return
```

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The code portion shown in **Table 1** receives a STOP command issued by a BMW stereo, in a format proprietary to BMW stereos. Preferably, the received command is stored in a first buffer, such as BMW\_Recv\_buff. The procedure "Encode\_RD\_stop\_msg" repetitively applies an XOR function to the STOP command, resulting in a new command that is in a format compatible with the after-market CD player. The command is then stored in an output buffer for dispatching to the CD player.

Additionally, the present invention contains logic for retrieving information from an after-market audio device, and converting same into a format compatible with the car stereo for display thereby. Such logic can be applied to convert any data from the external device for display on the car stereo. For purposes of illustration, a sample code portion is shown in **Table 2**, below, for converting data from a CD changer into a format understandable by a BMW car stereo:

20 Table 2

```
;
                Changer replies with STOP confirmation
          ;
                Encoding 180A68390002003F0001027D message
                ****************
25
          Load CD stop msg:
                movlw 0x18
                movwf BMW_Send_buff
30
                movlw 0x0A
                movwf BMW Send buff+1
                movlw 0x68
                movwf BMW_Send_buff+2
35
                movlw 0x39
```

		movwf	BMW_Send_buff+3		
5	off	movlw	0x00	;current	status_XX=00, power
		movwf	BMW_Send_buff+4		-
		movlw	0x02	;current	status_YY=02, power
10	off	movwf	BMW_Send_buff+5		
		clrf	BMW_Send_buff+6	;separate	field, always =0
15	config	movfw	BMW_MM_stat	;current	status_MM , magazine
		movwf	BMW_Send_buff+7		,
		clrf	BMW_Send_buff+8	;separate	field, always =0
20	disc	movfw	BMW_DD_stat	;current	status_DD , current
		movwf	BMW_Send_buff+9		
25	track	movfw	BMW_TT_stat	;current	status_TT , current
		movwf	BMW_Send_buff+10		
			BMW_Send_buff+9,W	;calculate	e check sum
30		xorwf	BMW_Send_buff+8,W BMW_Send_buff+7,W		
		xorwf	BMW_Send_buff+6,W BMW_Send_buff+5,W		
		xorwf	BMW_Send_buff+4,W BMW_Send_buff+3,W		
35		xorwf	BMW_Send_buff+2,W BMW_Send_buff+1,W		
			BMW_Send_buff,W	, .	,
40		movlw	BMW_Send_buff+11 D'12'	;store che ;12 bytes	
		movwf bsf	BMW_Send_cnt BMW_Send_on	;ready to	send
_		retur	n		

The code portion shown in **Table 2** receives a STOP confirmation message from the CD player, in a format proprietary to the CD player. Preferably, the received command is stored in a first buffer, such as BMW\_Send\_buff. The procedure "Load\_CD\_stop\_msg" retrieves status information, magazine information, current disc, and current track information from the CD changer, and constructs a response containing this information. Then, a checksum is calculated

and stored in another buffer. The response and checksum are in a format compatible with the BMW stereo, and are ready for dispatching to the car stereo.

The present invention also includes logic for converting signals from an OEM car stereo system for use with a digital media device such as an MP3, MP4, or Apple iPod player. Shown below are code samples for allowing commands and data to be exchanged between a Ford car stereo and an Apple iPod device:

Table 3

```
//decoding Ford "play" command :41-C0-80-CA-01+
10
              if ( ACP rx ready == ON ) {
                       ACP rx ready = OFF;
                       ACP_rx taddr = ACP rx buff[1];
                       ACP_rx_saddr = ACP_rx_buff[2];
                       ACP_rx_data1 = ACP_rx_buff[3];
15
                       ACP_rx_data2 = ACP_rx_buff[4];
ACP_rx_data3 = ACP_rx_buff[5];
                       if ( (ACP rx saddr == 0x80) ) {
                                switch ( ACP rx taddr )
                                         case 0xC0:
20
                                                  if ( ACP_rx_data1 == 0xCA)
                                                           if ( ACP rx data2
     == 0x01 ) {
25
            flags.ACP play req = 1;
                                                           break; ·
                                                  break;
30
                                }
                       }
```

In the code portion shown in **Table 3**, a "Play" command selected by a user at the controls of a Ford OEM car stereo is received, and portions of the command are stored in one or more buffer arrays. Then, as shown below in **Table 4**, the decoded portions of the command stored in the one or more buffer arrays are used to construct a "Play/Pause" command in a format compatible with the Apple iPod device, and the command is sent to the Apple iPod for execution thereby:

Table 4

While the code portions shown in **Tables 1-2** are implemented using assembler language, and the code portions shown in **Tables 3-4** are implemented using the C programming language, it is to be expressly understood that any low or high level language known in the art could be utilized without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention. It will be appreciated that various other code portions can be developed for converting signals from any after-market or OEM car stereo for use by an after-market external audio device, and vice versa.

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FIG. 5 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 300 for allowing a user to switch between an after-market audio device, and one or more auxiliary input sources. As was discussed earlier, the present invention allows a user to switch from one or more connected audio devices, such as an external CD player/changer, MP3 player, satellite receiver, DAB receiver, or the like, and activate one or more auxiliary input sources. A selection sequence, initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo, allows such switching. Beginning in step 302, the buttons of the control panel are monitored. In step 304, a determination is made as to whether a "Track Up" button or sequence has been

initiated by the user. The "Track Up" button or sequence can for a CD player, MP3 player, or any other device. If a negative determination is made, step 306 is invoked, wherein the sensed button or sequence is processed in accordance with the present invention and dispatched to the external audio device for execution. Then, step 302 is re-invoked, so that additional buttons or sequences can be monitored.

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In the event that a positive determination is made in step 304, step 308 is invoked, wherein the present invention waits for a predetermined period of time while monitoring the control panel buttons for additional buttons or sequences. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the predetermined period of time is 750 milliseconds, but of course, other time durations are considered within the spirit and scope of the present invention. In step 310, a determination is made as to whether the user has initiated a "Track Down" button or sequence at the control panel of the car stereo within the predetermined time period. These sequences can be used for a CD player, MP3 player, or any other device. If a negative determination is made, step 312 is invoked. In step 312, a determination is made as to whether a timeout has occurred (e.g., whether the predetermined period of time has expired). If a negative determination is made, step 308 is re-invoked. Otherwise, is a positive determination is made, step 312 invokes step 306, so that any buttons or key sequences initiated by the user that are not a "Track Down" command are processed in accordance with the present invention and dispatched to the audio device for execution.

In the event that a positive determination is made in step 310 (a "Track Down" button or sequence has been initiated within the predetermined time

period), then step 314 is invoked. In step 316, the audio channels of the audio device are disconnected, and then step 316 is invoked. In step 316, the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is invoked, so that the user can select from one of the auxiliary input sources in accordance with the present invention. Thus, at this point in time, the system has switched, under user control, from the audio device to a desired auxiliary input. Although the foregoing description of the process 300 has been described with reference to "Track Up" and "Track Down" buttons or commands initiated by the user, it is to be expressly understood that any desired key sequence, keystroke, button depress, or any other action, can be sensed in accordance with the present invention and utilized for switching modes.

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When operating in auxiliary mode, the present invention provides an indication on the display of the car stereo corresponding to such mode. For example, the CD number could be displayed as "1", and the track number displayed as "99," thus indicating to the user that the system is operating in auxiliary mode and that audio and data is being supplied from an auxiliary input source. Of course, any other indication could be generated and displayed on the display of the car stereo, such as a graphical display (e.g., an icon) or textual prompt.

FIG. 6 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 320, for determining and handling various device types connected to the auxiliary input ports of the invention. The present invention can sense device types connected to the auxiliary input ports, and can integrate same with the car stereo using the procedures discussed earlier. Beginning in step 322, the control panel buttons of

the car stereo are monitored for a button or sequence initiated by the user corresponding to an auxiliary input selection (such as the disc number method discussed earlier with reference to FIG. 4d). In response to an auxiliary input selection, step 324 is invoked, wherein the type of device connected to the selected auxiliary input is sensed by the present invention. Then, step 326 is invoked.

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In step 326, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is a CD player/changer. If a positive determination is made, step 328 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 108 of FIG. 4a (the CD handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the CD player is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 326, then step 330 is invoked. In step 330, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is an MP3 player. If a positive determination is made, step 334 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 138 if FIG. 4b (the MP3 handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the MP3 player is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 330, then step 336 is invoked. In step 336, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is a satellite receiver or a DAB receiver. If a positive determination is made, step 338 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 168 of FIG. 4c (the satellite/DAB receiver handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the satellite receiver is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 336, step 322 is re-invoked, so that additional auxiliary input selections can be monitored and processed accordingly. Of course, process 320 can be expanded to allow other types of devices connected to the auxiliary inputs of the present invention to be integrated with the car stereo.

The present invention can be expanded for allowing video information generated by an external device to be integrated with the display of an existing OEM or after-market car stereo. In such a mode, the invention accepts RGB (red/green/blue) input signals from the external device, and converts same to composite signals. The composite signals are then forwarded to the car stereo for display thereby, such as on an LCD panel of the stereo. Additionally, the present invention can accept composite input signals from an external device, and convert same to RGB signals for display on the car stereo. Further, information from the external device can be formatted and presented to the user in one or more graphical user interfaces or menus capable of being viewed and manipulated on the car stereo.

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FIG. 7a is a perspective view of a docking station 400 according to the present invention for retaining an audio device within a car. Importantly, the present invention can be adapted to allow portable audio devices to be integrated with an existing car stereo. The docking station 400 allows such portable devices to be conveniently docked and integrated with the car stereo. The docking station 400 includes a top portion 402 hingedly connected at a rear portion 408 to a bottom portion 404, preferably in a clam-like configuration. A portable audio device 410, such as the SKYFI radio distributed by DELPHI, Inc., is physically and electrically connected with the docking portion 412, and contained within the station 100. A clasp 406 can be provided for holding the top and bottom portions in a closed position to retain the device 410. Optionally, a video device could also be docked using the docking station 400, and tabs 413 can be provided for holding the docking station 400 in place against a portion of a car. Conceivably, the docking

station 400 could take any form, such as a sleeve-like device for receiving and retaining a portable audio device and having a docking portion for electrically and mechanically mating with the audio device.

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FIG. 7b is an end view showing the rear portion 408 of the docking station 400 of FIG. 7a. A hinge 414 connects the top portion and the bottom portions of the docking station 400. A data port 416 is provided for interfacing with the audio device docked within the station 400, and is in electrical communication therewith. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the data port 416 is an RS-232 serial or USB data port that allows for the transmission of data with the audio device, and which connects with the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating the audio device with an OEM or after-market car stereo. Any known bus technology can be utilized to interface with any portable audio or video device contained within the docking station 400, such as FIREWIRE, D2B, MOST, CAN, USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, or any other bus technology known in the art. It should be noted that the present invention can be operated without a docking station, i.e., a portable audio or video device can be plugged directly into the present invention for integration with a car stereo or video system.

FIGS. 8a-8b are perspective views of another embodiment of the docking station of the present invention, indicated generally at 500, which includes the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, indicated generally at 540, incorporated therewith. As shown in FIG. 8a, the docking station 500 includes a base portion 530, a bottom member 515 interconnected with the base portion 530 at an edge thereof, and a top member 510 hingedly interconnected at

an edge to the base portion **530**. The top member **510** and the bottom member **515** define a cavity for docking and storing a portable audio device **520**, which could be a portable CD player, MP3 player, satellite (e.g., XM, SIRIUS, or other type) tuner, or any other portable audio device. The docking station **500** would be configured to accommodate a specific device, such as an IPOD from Apple Computer, Inc., or any other portable device.

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The multimedia device integration system 540, in the form of a circuit board, is housed within the base portion 530 and performs the integration functions discussed herein for integrating the portable device 520 with an existing car stereo or car video system. The integration system 540 is in communication with the portable device 520 via a connector 550, which is connected to a port on the device 520, and a cable 555 interconnected between the connector 550 and the integration system 540. The connector 550 could be any suitable connector and can vary according to the device type. For example, a MOLEX, USB, or any other connector could be used, depending on the portable device. The integration system 540 is electrically connected with a car stereo or car video system by cable 560. Alternatively, the integration system could wirelessly communicate with the car stereo or car video system. A transmitter could be used at the integration system to communicate with a receiver at the car stereo or car video system. Where automobiles include Bluetooth systems, such systems can be used to communicate with the integration system. As can be readily appreciated, the docking station 500 provides a convenient device for docking, storing, and integrating a portable device for use with a car stereo. Further, the docking station 500 could be positioned at

any desired location within a vehicle, including, but not limited to, the vehicle trunk.

As shown in FIG. 8b, the top member 510 can be opened in the general direction indicated by arrow A to allow for access to the portable audio device 520. In this fashion, the device 520 can be quickly accessed for any desired purpose, such as for inserting and removing the device 520 from the docking station 500, as well as for providing access to the controls of the device 520.

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FIG. 9 is a block diagram showing the components of the docking station of FIGS. 8a-8b. The docking station 500 houses both a portable audio or video device 520 and a multimedia device integration system (or interface) 540. The shape and configuration of the docking station 500 can be varied as desired without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

The integration system of the present invention provides for control of a portable audio or video device, or other device, through the controls of the car stereo or video system system. As such, controls on the steering wheel, where present, may also be used to control the portable audio device or other device. Further, in all embodiments of the present invention, communication between the after-market device and a car stereo or video system can be accomplished using known wireless technologies, such as Bluetooth.

FIG. 10 is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, indicated generally at 600, wherein the interface 630 is incorporated within a car stereo or car video system 610. The interface 630 is in electrical communication with the control panel buttons 620, display 615, and associated control circuitry 625 of the car

stereo or video system 610. The interface 630 could be manufactured on a separate printed circuit board positioned within the stereo or video system 610, or on one or more existing circuit boards of the stereo or video system 610. An after-market device 635 can be put into electrical communication with the interface 630 via a port or connection on the car stereo or video system 610, and integrated for use with the car stereo or video system 610.

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The device 635 can be controlled using the control panel buttons 620 of the car stereo or video system 610, and information from the device 635 is formatted by the interface 630 and displayed in the display 615 of the car stereo or video system 610. Additionally, control commands generated at the car stereo or car video device 610 are converted by the interface 630 into a format (protocol) compatible with the multimedia device 635, and are dispatched thereto for execution. A plurality of multimedia devices could be intergrated using the interface 630, as well as one or more auxiliary input sources 640. The after-market device 635 could comprise any audio, video, or telecommunications device, including, but not limited to, a CD player, CD changer, digital media player (e.g., MP3 player, MP4 player, WMV player, Apple iPod, or any other player), satellite radio (e.g., XM, Sirius, Delphi, etc.), video device (e.g., DVD player), cellular telephone, or any other type of device or combinations thereof. Additionally, one or more interfaces could be connected to the interface 630 ("daisy-chained") to allow multiple products to be integrated. The device 600 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed in FIGS. 3a-3d and modified depending upon the type of the after-market device 635.

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FIG. 11a is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 645, wherein a cellular telephone 670 is intergrated for use with a car stereo. The telephone 670 is in electrical communication with the interface 665, which receives data from the cellular telephone and formats same for displaying on the display 650 of the car stereo or video system 660. Commands for controlling the telephone 670 can be entered using the control panel buttons 655 of the car stereo or video system 660. The commands are processed by the interface 665, converted into a format (protocol) compatible with the telephone 670, and transmitted to the telephone 670 for processing thereby. Additionally, audio from the telephone 670 can be channeled to the car stereo or video system 660 via the interface 665 and played through the speakers of the car stereo or video system 660. For example, if the telephone 670 is provided with the ability to download songs or music, such songs or music can be selected using the car stereo or video system 660 and played therethrough using the interface 665. It should be noted that control of the cellular telephone could be provided using one or more displays (e.g., LCD) of a car video system. Moreover, control of the cellular telephone 670 is not limited to the use of buttons on the car stereo or video ststem 660, and indeed, a software or graphically-driven menu or interface can be used to control the cellular telephone. The device 645 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed in FIGS. 3a-3d and modified for use with the cellular telephone 670.

FIG. 11b is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 647, for integrating a cellular telephone with a car radio. Beginning in step 649, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a

negative determination is made, step 651 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 653 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in a state responsive to signals external to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 649 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 653, a cellular telephone handling process, indicated as block 661, is invoked. Beginning in step 654, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that a cellular telephone is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 657, the audio channels of the cellular telephone are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the cellular telephone to be played through the car stereo. In step 659, data is retrieved by the present invention from the cellular telephone, such as song information corresponding to one or more songs downloaded onto the cellular telephone. After steps 654, 657, and 659 have been executed, control passes to step 663.

In steps 663, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for cellular telephone operational commands. In step 664, if a command is not detected, step 663 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 663 invokes step 667, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the cellular telephone connected to the present invention. Once the command has been formatted, step 669 is invoked, wherein the formatted

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command is transmitted to the cellular telephone and executed. Step 654 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 12a is a diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 675, wherein an after-market video device 695 is integrated for use with a car video system 685. The after-market video device 695 could comprise a portable DVD player, digital video (DV) camera, digital camera, or any other video device. The interface 690 receives output video signals from the device 695, and converts same for display on one or more displays 680 (e.g., LCD seat-back displays in a minivan, fold-down displays mounted on the roof of a vehicle, vehicle navigation displays, etc.) of the car video system 685. interface 690 could convert between composite and red/green/blue (RGB) video signals, and vice versa, using commercially-available video format conversion chips such as the TDA8315, TDA4570, TDA3567, TDA3566A, and TDA3569A video conversion chips manufactured by Philips Corp., and the AL251 and AL250 video conversion chips manufactured by Averlogic Technologies, Inc., or any other suitable video conversion chips. Commands issued by a user using the car video system 685 or display(s) 680 for controlling the device 695 are received by the interface 690, converted into a format compatible with the device 695, and transmitted thereto for processing. The device 675 could include one or more of the circuits disclosed in FIGS. 3a-3d and modified for use with the video device 695.

FIG. 12b is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 671, for integrating an after-market video device with a car video system. Beginning in step 673, a determination is made as to whether the existing car video

system is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 674 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car video system to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 677 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car video system is in a state responsive to signals external to the car video system. If a negative determination is made, step 673 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 677, an after-market video device handling process, indicated as block 687, is invoked. Beginning in step 679, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that an external device is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car video system. Importantly, this signal prevents the car video system from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. In step 681, the audio and video channels of the after-market device are connected (channeled) to the car video system, allowing audio and video from the after-market device to be played through the car video system. In step 684, the display(s) of the car video system are updated with data from the after-market device. After steps 679, 681, and 684 have been executed, control passes to step 683.

In step 683, the present invention monitors the car video system for aftermarket video device operational commands. In step 689, if a command is not detected, step 683 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 689 invokes step 691, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the after-market video device connected to the present invention. Once the command has been formatted, step 693 is invoked, wherein the formatted

command is transmitted to the after-market video device and executed. Step 679 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

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FIG. 13a is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system 710 of the present invention, wherein configuration jumpers 720 and protocol conversion software blocks 724 are provided for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface. The jumpers 720 can be set to a plurality of different settings, each of which corresponds to an after-market device of a specific type (e.g., CD changer, CD player, digital media player, satellite radio, video device, cellular telephone, etc.) or from a specific manufacturer. Additionally, the jumpers 720 can be used to specify one or more device or manufacturer types for the car stereo or video system 705. The settings of the configuration jumpers 720 correspond to one or more protocol conversion software blocks 724 stored in memory (e.g., programmable flash memory, ROM, EEPROM, etc.) 725 of the interface 710. Each of the software blocks 724 controls the interface circuitry 715 and contains instructions for converting data from the device 707 into a format compatible with the car stereo or video system 705, and vice versa. For example, a first block could contain software for allowing communication between an Apple iPod and an indash car stereo manufactured by Sony, and a second block could contain software for allowing communication between a DVD player and a car video system. Any desired number of blocks could be stored in the memory 725 and can be selected as desired by the user via configuration jumpers 720. As such, a single interface 710 can be used for integrating numerous devices of various types and manufactures for use with one or more car stereo or video systems. The device 710 could

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include one or more of the circuits shown in FIGS. 3a-3d, with modifications depending upon the device types of the devices 705 and 707.

FIG. 13b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, wherein wiring harnesses 727 and 728 and protocol conversion software blocks 729 are provided for integrating multimedia devices of various types using a single interface 726. In this embodiment, the electrical configurations (pinouts) of each of the harnesses 727 and 728 correspond to car stereo / video systems and after-market devices of specific types and made by specific manufacturers (e.g., harness 727 could correspond to a BMW car stereo, and harness 728 could correspond to an ALPINE satellite tuner). The electrical configurations (pinouts) of the harnesses are utilized by the interface 726 to retrieve a specific protocol conversion software block 729 that allows communication between the devices. The interface 726 could be provided with a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks pre-loaded into memory in the interface, and could be provided with any desired harnesses. The interface 726 could include one or more of the circuits shown in FIGS. 3a-3d, with modification depending upon the device types of the devices attached to the wiring harnesses 727 and 728.

FIG. 14 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 730, of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for integrating after-market devices of various types using a single interface. In step 735, the interface determines types of devices that are connected thereto, including the car stereo or video system and one or more after-market devices to be integrated therewith. This could be achieved by the configuration jumper settings

or the harness types connected to the interface and discussed with respect to FIGS. 13a and 13b. Then, in step 740, a protocol conversion software block is selected from blocks of conversion software (e.g., from the blocks 725 and 729 shown in FIGS. 13a and 13b). In step 745, instructions are converted using the selected conversion block to allow the car stereo or video system to operate with the multimedia device.

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FIG. 15 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 750, of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention for allowing a user to specify one or more after-market device types for integration using a single interface. In step 770, a user is provided with one or more lists of devices to be integrated, which are displayed on the display 760 of the car stereo or video device 755. Then, in step 775, using the buttons 765 of the car video device, the user can specify the type of multimedia device to be integrated (e.g., by scrolling through the lists). Additionally, the device type could be specified using a graphical or software menu displayed on the car stereo or car video system. In step 780, a determination is made as to whether a timeout has occurred (e.g., the user has not selected a device type within a predetermined period of time). If a positive determination is made, step 785 occurs, wherein a protocol conversion software block is selected from memory corresponding to the last device type displayed by the car stereo or video system. If a negative determination is made, step 790 is invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether the user has specified a device type. If a negative determination is made, step 775 is re-invoked so that the user can specify a device type. If a positive determination is made, step 795 is invoked, wherein a protocol conversion software block is selected from

memory corresponding to the device specified by the user. In step 800, the protocol conversion software block is mapped to a logical address in memory. Then, in step 805, instructions to be exchanged between the car stereo or video system and the after-market device are converted using the software block to allow communication between the devices using compatible formats. Accordingly, the logic of FIG. 15 allows a single interface having multiple protocol conversion software blocks to be used integrate a plurality of after-market devices with a car stereo or video system.

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FIG. 16 is a flowchart showing processing logic of the multimedia device integration system of the present invention, indicated generally at 810, for allowing a user to quickly navigate through a list of songs on one or more after-market devices using the controls of a car stereo or video system (fast navigation technique). This method allows a user to quickly select a song from a list of songs available on an after-market device for playing on the car stereo or video system, and could be applied for use with any type of after-market device, including, but not limited to, a digital media player such as an MP3 player or Apple iPod player. Beginning in step 812, a user is provided with a list of alphanumeric characters on a display of the car stereo or video system. This list could include the letters A through Z, as well as the numbers 0 through 9. In step 814, the user can specify a desired alphanumeric character, which can be specified by scrolling through the list using one or more controls of the car stereo or video system and pressing a button once the desired character has been highlighted, or optionally, if an alphanumeric keypad (or touchscreen interface) is provided on the car stereo or video system, the user can directly enter the desired alphanumeric character.

When the desired alphanumeric character has been specified, in step 816 a remote database is queried using the alphanumeric character. The remote database could comprise a list of songs stored in one or more after-market devices integrated by the present invention for use with the car stereo or video system. In step 818, a list of potentially matching songs is retrieved from the database and presented on the display of the car stereo or video system for perusal by the user. For example, if the user specified the letter "A," the list could include all songs in the remote database having titles (or artists) beginning with the letter "A." In step 820, a determination is made as to whether a desired song appears in the list and is immediately viewable by the user, without requiring the user to scroll through the list. If a positive determination is made, step 822 is invoked, wherein the desired song is selected by the user and retrieved from the after-market device for playing on the car stereo or video system.

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In the event that a negative determination is made in step 820, step 824 is invoked, wherein the user can specify an additional alphanumeric character using the car stereo or video system. For example, if the user initially specified the letter "A" and the desired song is not visible in the list of songs without scrolling, the user can refine the query by adding an additional alphanumeric character. Thus, for example, the user can specify the letters "AN" to search for songs having titles (or artists) beginning with the letters "AN." In step 826, the remote database of the after-market device is queried using the specified letters. In step 828, a list of potential matches is presented to the user at the car stereo or video system. In step 830, a determination is made as to whether the desired song appears in the list and

is immediately viewable without requiring the user to scroll through the list. If a positive determination is made, step 822 is invoked, wherein the user can select the desired song for retrieval from the after-market device and playing on the car stereo or video system. If a negative determination is made, step 832 is invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether a threshold number of alphanumeric characters has been specified by the user. For example, a maximum threshold of 3 alphanumeric characters could be specified, or any other desired number. If a negative determination is made, steps 824-832 are re-invoked in the manner disclosed herein to allow the user to specify additional alphanumeric characters for querying the remote database. If a positive determination is made (threshold met), then processing terminates and the user must scroll through the list of retrieved songs or repeat the processing disclosed in FIG. 16 to begin a new query.

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FIG. 17 is a diagram showing an another embodiment of the present invention, indicated generally at 850, wherein a plurality of external devices are integrated using a single interface 852. Any desired number or combination of devices can be integrated for use with a car stereo or video system using the interface 852. The interface 852 houses a plurality of ports 858 for connecting any desired number of external devices, and a port 856 for connection with a car stereo or video system. The ports 858 and 856 could be any suitable type of input port, and could vary depending upon the types of devices to be integrated. Additionally, the interface 852 includes integration electronics 854, which could include any desired electronics disclosed herein for integrating a plurality of external devices.

As shown in FIG. 17, a CD player 860, a digital media device 862, a satellite tuner 864, a video device 866, a cellular phone 868, and an auxiliary input 870 are connected to the interface 852 and integrated for use with a car stereo or video system. The CD player 860 could comprise any desired CD player or changer. The digital media device 862 could comprise any portable digital media device, such as an Apple iPod, MP3 player, MP4, player, WMV player, portable music center, or any other desired device. The satellite tuner 864 could comprise any desired satellite tuner, such as an XM or Sirius tuner. The video device 866 could comprise any desired video device, such as a DVD player. The cellular phone 868 could comprise any cellular telephone capable of downloading and storing music or video files. The auxiliary input 870 could comprise any desired external device. Any desired number of interfaces 852 could be interconnected ("daisy-chained"). Further, the interface 852 could form part of an existing car stereo or video system. Control of the external devices connected to the interface 852 is provided through the car stereo or video system.

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Having thus described the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the foregoing description is not intended to limit the spirit and scope thereof.

#### **CLAIMS**

#### What is claimed is:

1. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car stereo system;

an after-market device external to the car stereo system;

an interface positioned within the car stereo system and connected between the car stereo system and the after-market device for exchanging data and audio signals between the car stereo system and the after-market device;

means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the after10 market device from the car stereo system in a format compatible with the aftermarket device; and

means for processing and displaying data from the after-market device on a display of the car stereo system in a format compatible with the car stereo system.

- The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the after-market device comprises a CD
   player, CD changer, digital media player, Digital Audio Broadcast (DAB) receiver,
   satellite receiver, or a cellular telephone.
  - 3. The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the digital media player comprises an MP3 player, an MP4 player, WMV player, or an Apple iPod.
- 4. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising one or more auxiliary input sources connected to the interface.

5. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car stereo system;

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a cellular telephone external to the car stereo system;

an interface connected between the car stereo system and the cellular telephone for exchanging data and audio signals between the car stereo system and the cellular telephone;

means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the cellular telephone from the car stereo system in a format compatible with the cellular telephone; and

means for processing and displaying data from the cellular telephone on a display of the car stereo system in a format compatible with the car stereo system.

- 6. The apparatus of claim 5, further comprising songs or music downloadable through the cellular telephone.
- 7. The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the songs or music are playable through the car stereo system using the interface.
  - 8. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car video system;

a cellular telephone external to the car video system;

an interface connected between the car video system and the cellular telephone for exchanging data, audio, and video signals between the car video system and the cellular telephone;

means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the cellular telephone from the car video system in a format compatible with the cellular telephone; and

means for processing and displaying data from the cellular telephone on a display of the car video system in a format compatible with the car video system.

- 9. The apparatus of claim 8, further comprising songs or music downloadable10 through the cellular telephone.
  - 10. The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the songs or music are playable through the car video system using the interface.
  - 11. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car video system;

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an after-market video device external to the car video system;

an interface connected between the car video system and the after-market video device for exchanging data, audio, and video signals between the car video system and the after-market video device;

means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the after20 market video device from the car video system in a format compatible with the
after-market video device; and

means for processing and displaying data from the after-market video device on a display of the car video system in a format compatible with the car video system.

- 12. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the after-market video device5 comprises a DVD player.
  - 13. The appataus of claim 11, wherein the interface is positioned within the car video system.
  - 14. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

an interface in electrical communication with a car stereo system and an after-market device;

a plurality of configuration jumpers in the interface for specifying a first device type corresponding to the car stereo system and a second device type corresponding to the after-market device; and

a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks stored in memory in the

interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first format

compatible with the car stereo system and for converting signals from the car

stereo system into a second format compatible with the after-market device,

wherein at least one of the protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the

interface using settings of the plurality of configuration jumpers.

15. The system of claim 14, wherein the plurality of protocol conversion software blocks allow a plurality of after-market devices to integrated with the car stereo system.

- 16. The system of claim 14, wherein the plurality of configuration jumpers are settable by a user.
  - 17. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

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an interface in electrical communication with a car video system and an after-market device;

a plurality of configuration jumpers in the interface for specifying a first device type corresponding to the car video system and a second device type corresponding to the after-market device; and

a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks stored in memory in the interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car video system and for converting signals from the car video system into a second format compatible with the after-market device, wherein at least one of the protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the interface using settings of the plurality of configuration jumpers.

18. The system of claim 17, wherein the plurality of protocol conversion software blocks allow a plurality of after-market devices to integrated with the car video system.

19. The system of claim 17, wherein the plurality of configuration jumpers are settable by a user.

20. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

an interface in electrical communication with a car stereo system and an after-market device;

first and second wiring harnesses attached to the interface, wherein the first wiring harness includes a first electrical configuration corresponding to the car stereo system and the second wiring harness includes a second electrical configuration corresponding to the after-market device; and

- a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks stored in memory in the interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car stereo system and for converting signals from the car stereo system into a second format compatible with the after-market device, wherein at least one of the protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the interface using the first and second electrical configurations of the first and second wiring harnesses.
  - 21. The system of claim 20, further comprising a plurality of wiring harnesses corresponding to additional device types and connectable to the interface.
  - 22. A multimedia device integration system comprising:
- an interface in electrical communication with a car video system and an after-market device;

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first and second wiring harnesses attached to the interface, wherein the first wiring harness includes a first electrical configuration corresponding to the car video system and the second wiring harness includes a second electrical configuration corresponding to the after-market device; and

a plurality of protocol conversion software blocks stored in memory in the interface for converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car video system and for converting signals from the car video system into a second format compatible with the after-market device, wherein at least one of the protocol conversion software blocks are selected by the interface using the first and second electrical configurations of the first and second wiring harnesses.

- 23. The system of claim 22, further comprising a plurality of wiring harnesses corresponding to additional device types and connectable to the interface.
- 24. A method for integrating an after-market device for use with a car stereo system comprising:

interconnecting the car stereo system and the after-market device with an interface;

determining a first device type corresponding to the car stereo system and a second device type corresponding to the after-market device;

loading a protocol conversion software block from memory in the interface using the first and second device types;

converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car stereo system using the protocol conversion software block;

converting signals from the car stereo system into a second format compatible with the after-market device using the protocol conversion software block; and

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exchanging converted signals between the car stereo system and the aftermarket device.

- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the step of determining the first and second device types comprises determining jumper settings of the interface, wherein the jumper settings correspond to the first and second device types.
  - 26. The method of claim 24, wherein the step of determining the first and second device types comprises determining electrical configurations of wiring harnesses attached to the interface, wherein the electrical configurations correspond to the first and second device types.
  - 27. The method of claim 24, wherein the step of determining the first and second device types comprises allowing the user to specify a device type of the after-market device using the car stereo system.

28. A method for integrating an after-market device for use with a car video system comprising:

interconnecting the car video system and the after-market device with an interface;

determining a first device type corresponding to the car video system and a second device type corresponding to the after-market device;

loading a protocol conversion software block from memory in the interface using the first and second device types;

converting signals from the after-market device into a first format compatible with the car video system using the protocol conversion software block;

converting signals from the car video system into a second format compatible with the after-market device using the protocol conversion software block; and

- exchanging converted signals between the car video system and the aftermarket device.
  - 29. The method of claim 28, wherein the step of determining the first and second device types comprises determining jumper settings of the interface, wherein the jumper settings correspond to the first and second device types.

30. The method of claim 28, wherein the step of determining the first and second device types comprises determining electrical configurations of wiring harnesses attached to the interface, wherein the electrical configurations correspond to the first and second device types.

- 5 31. The method of claim 28, wherein the step of determining the first and second device types comprises allowing the user to specify a device type of the after-market device using the car video system.
  - 32. A method for retrieving a song from an after-market device from a car stereo system comprising:
- allowing a user to specify an alphanumeric character using controls of the car stereo system;

querying a database of songs in the after-market device using the alphanumeric character;

displaying a list of potentially matching songs in the after-market device on a dsplay of the car stereo system; and

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allowing the user to select a desired song from the list of potentially matching songs for playing the desired song on the car stereo system.

33. The method of claim 32, further comprising allowing the user to specify one or more additional alphanumeric characters using the controls of the car stereo system.

34. The method of claim 33, further comprising querying the remote database using the one or more additional alphanumeric characters and displaying a second list of potentially matching songs on the display of the car stereo system.

- 35. The method of claim 32, wherein the step of allowing the user to specify the alphanumeric character comprises providing the user with a list of alphanumeric characters on the display of the car stereo and allowing the user to select a desired character from the list of alphanumeric characters.
- 36. A multimedia device integration system comprising:

a car audiovisual system;

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a plurality of after-market devices external to the car audiovisual system;

an interface connected between the car audiovisual system and the plurality

of after-market devices for exchanging data, audio, and video signals between the

car audiovisual system and the plurality of after-market devices;

means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the plurality of after-market devices from the car audiovisual system in at least one format compatible with at least one of the plurality of after-market devices; and

means for processing and displaying data from the plurality of after-market devices on a display of the car audiovisual system in a format compatible with the car audiovisual system.

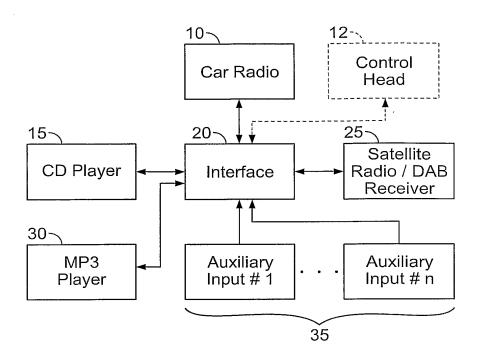


FIG. 1

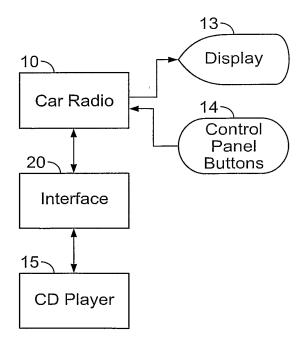


FIG. 2A

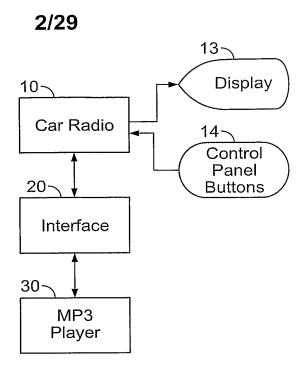


FIG. 2B

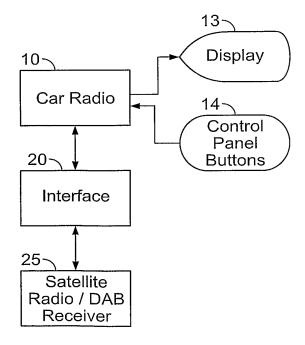


FIG. 2C

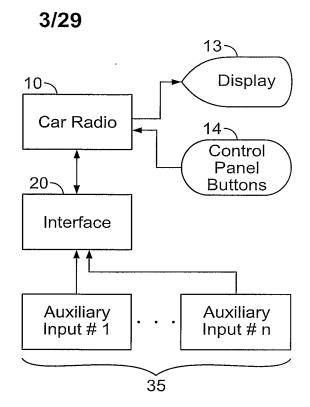


FIG. 2D

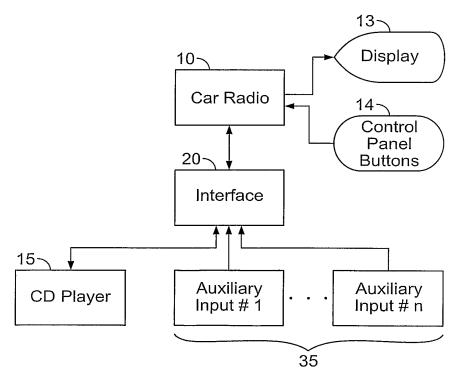


FIG. 2E

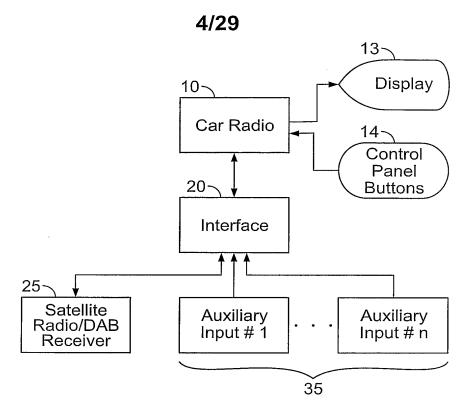
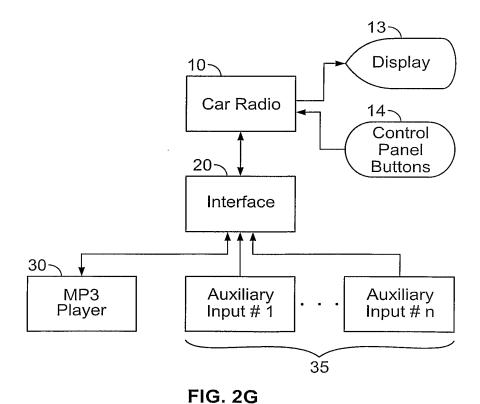


FIG. 2F



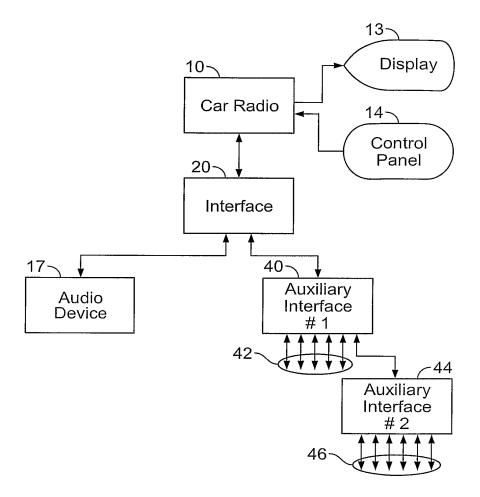
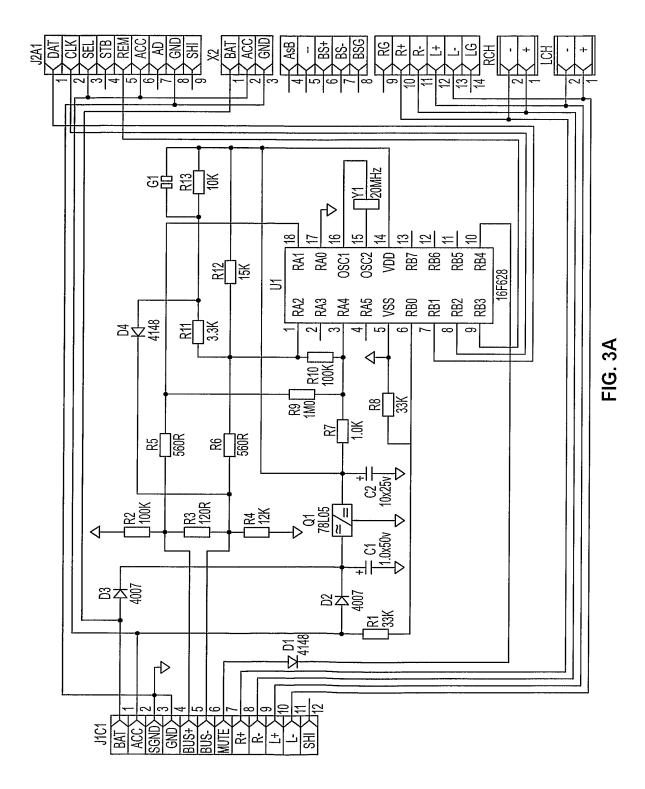
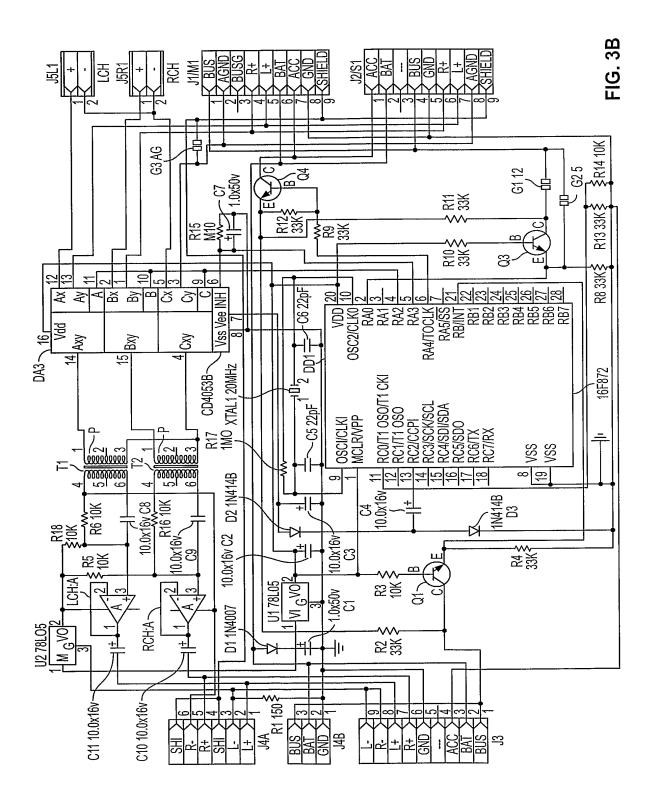


FIG. 2H

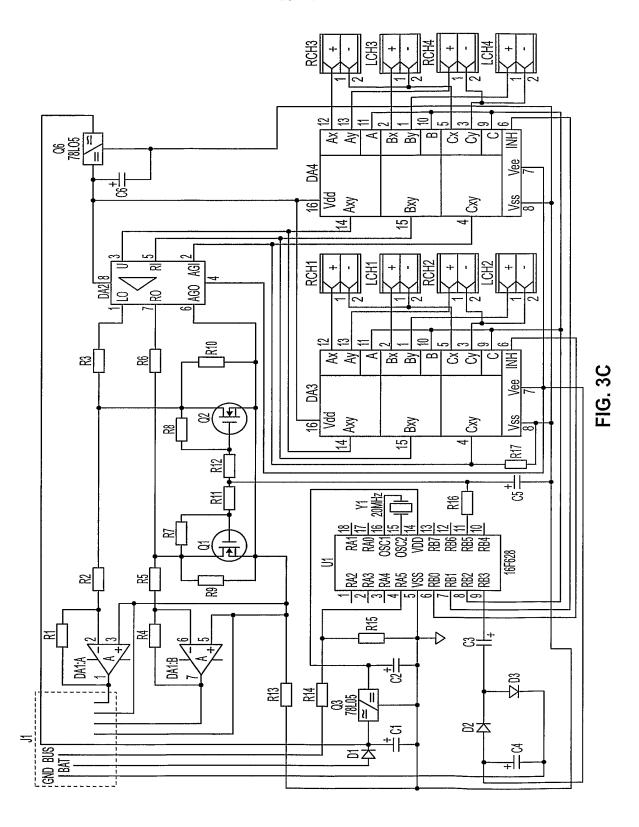
6/29



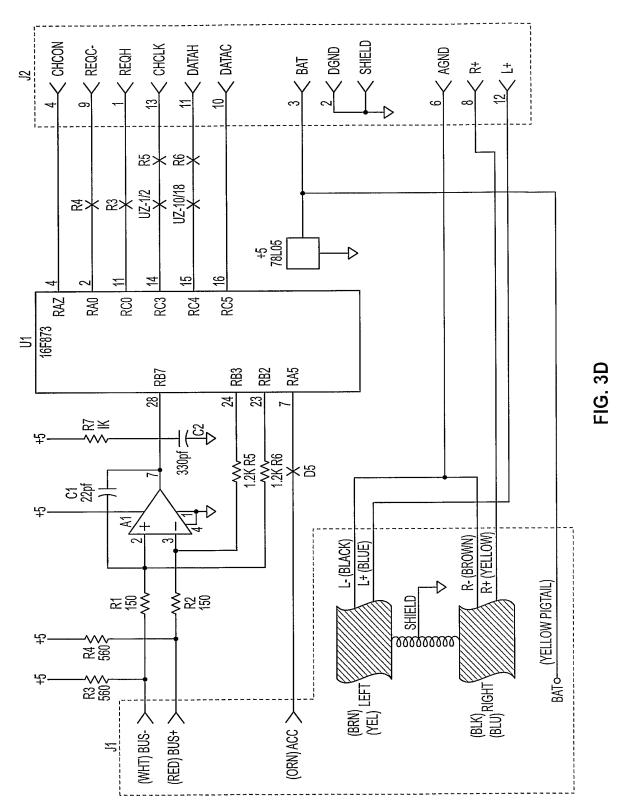
7/29



8/29







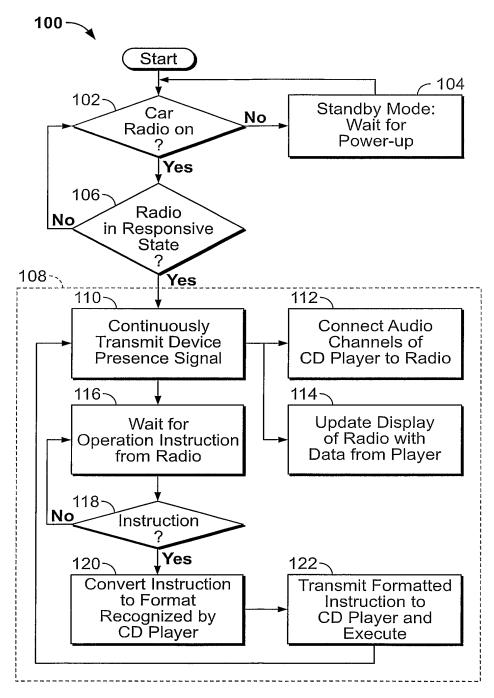


FIG. 4A

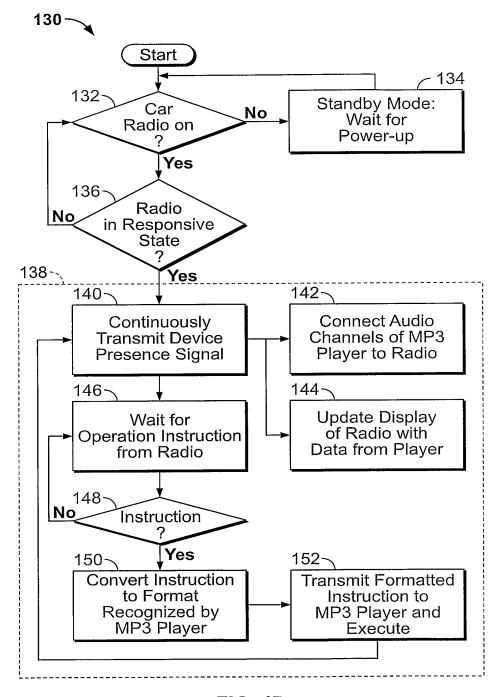


FIG. 4B

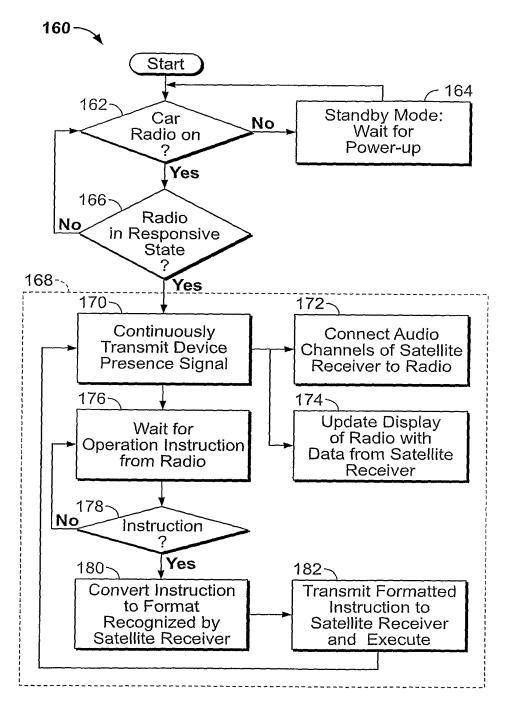


FIG. 4C



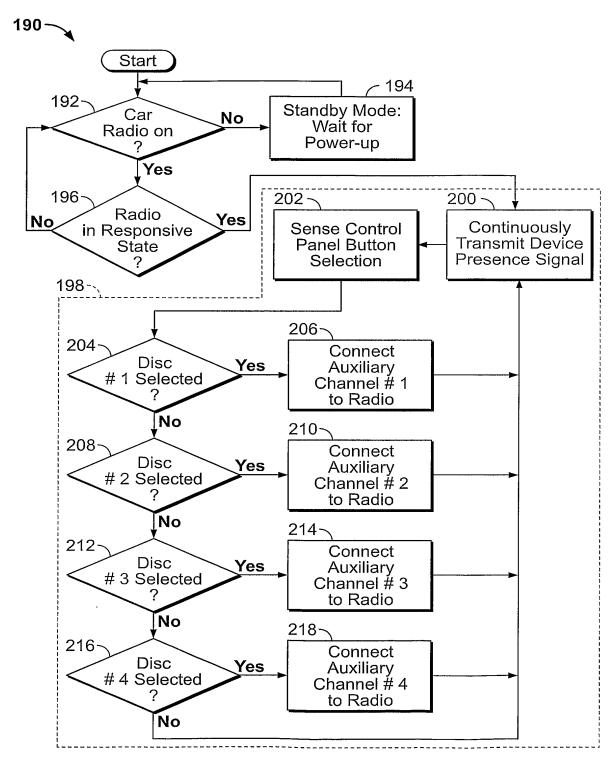


FIG. 4D

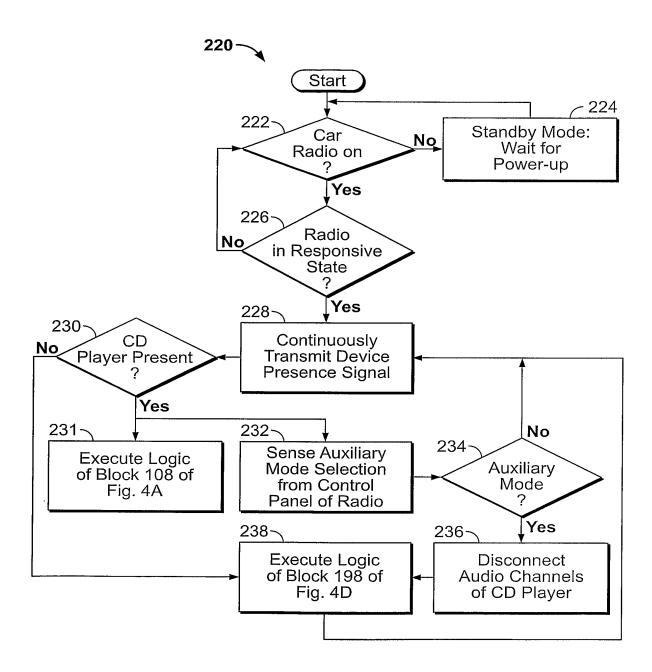


FIG. 4E

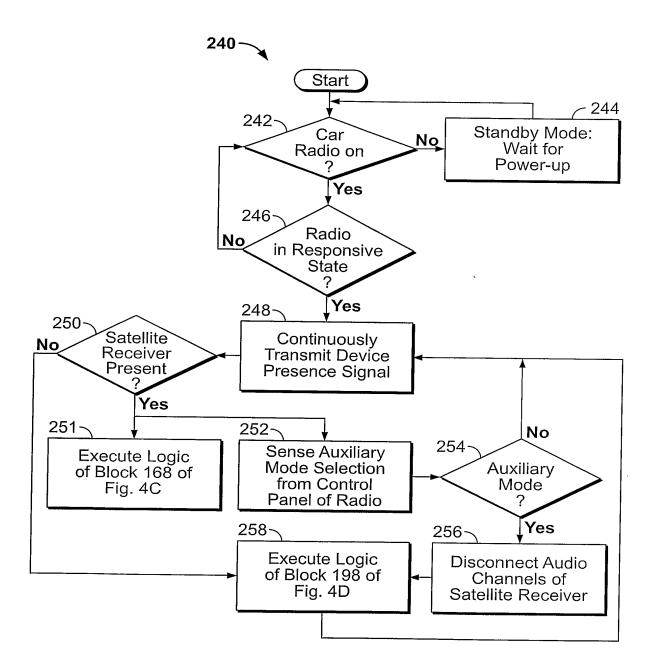


FIG. 4F

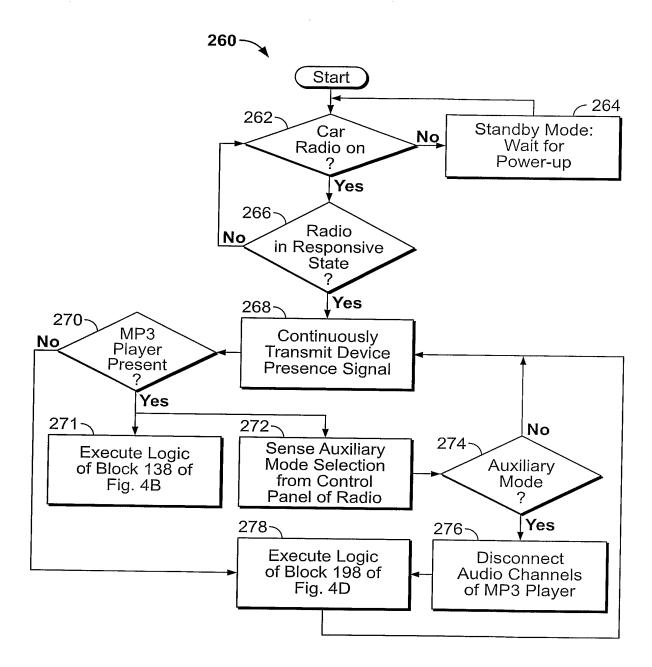


FIG. 4G

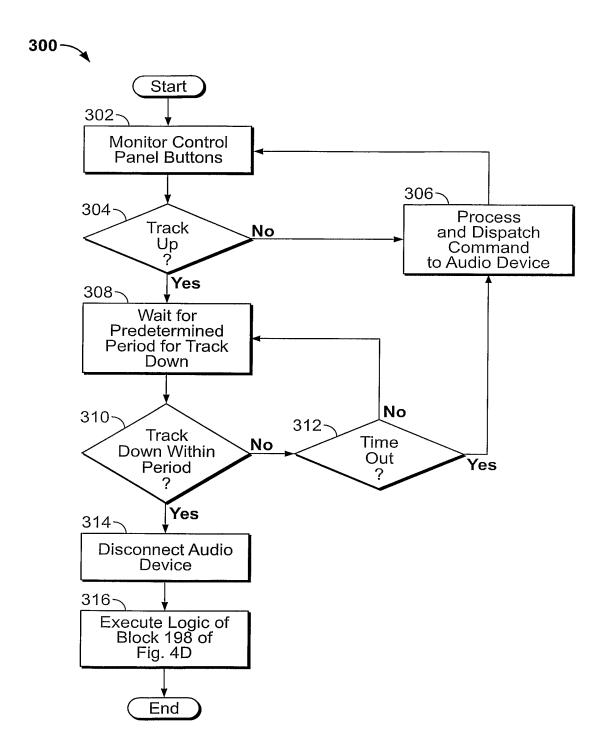


FIG. 5

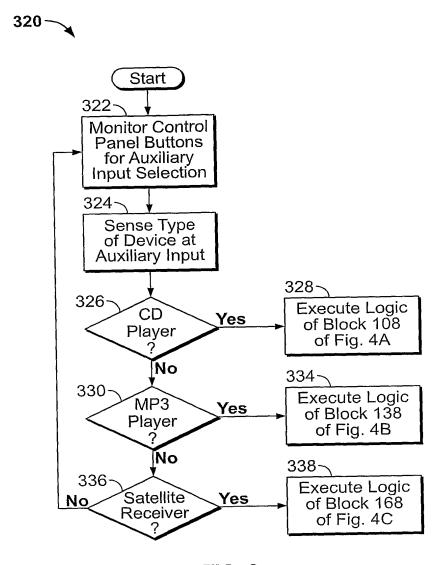


FIG. 6

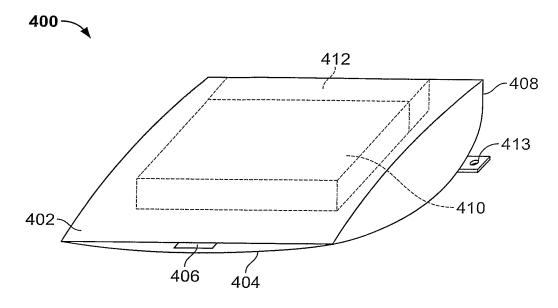


FIG. 7A

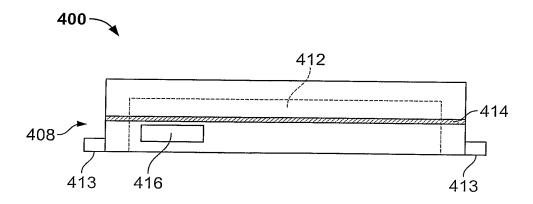


FIG. 7B

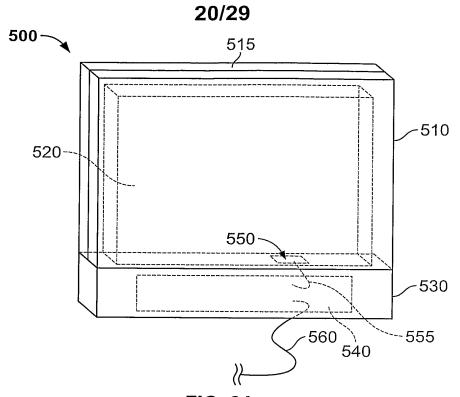
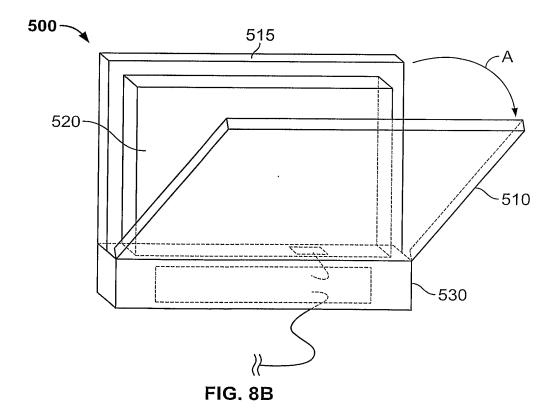


FIG. 8A



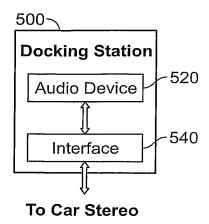


FIG. 9

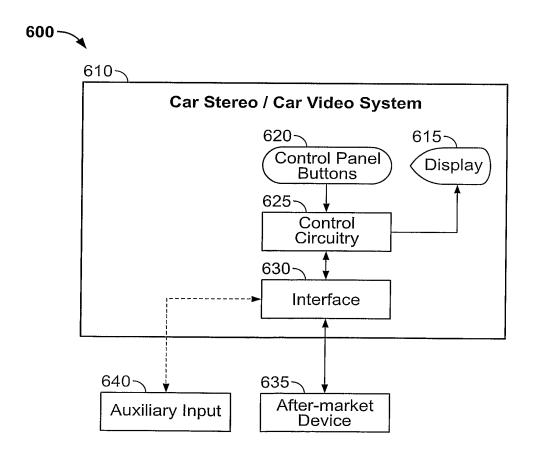
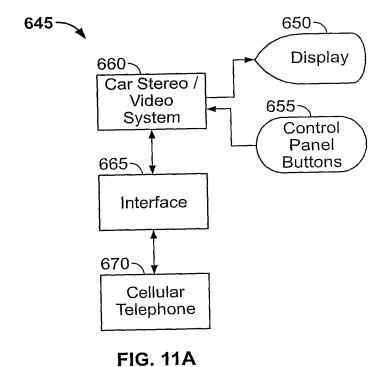


FIG. 10



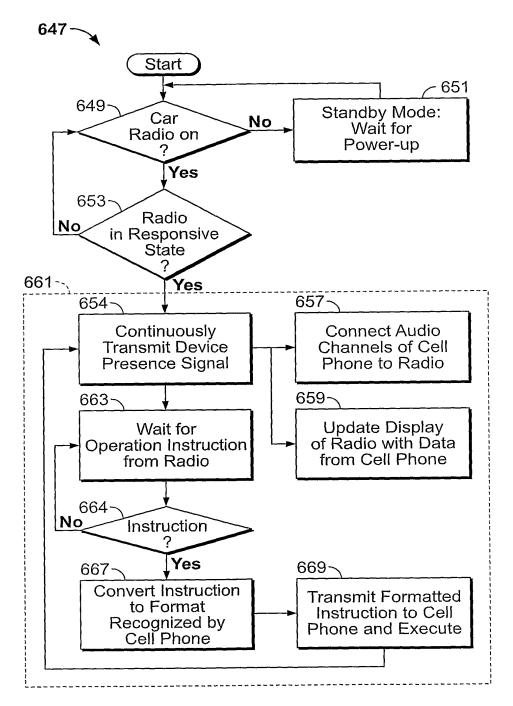


FIG. 11B

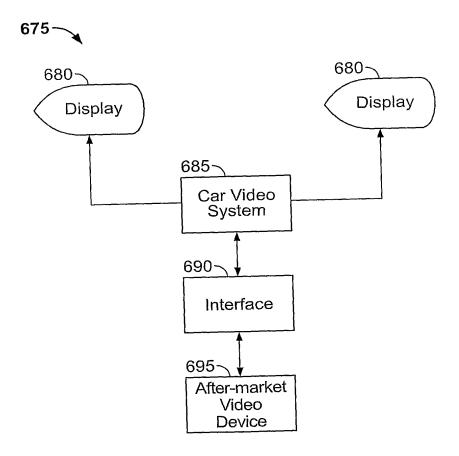


FIG. 12A

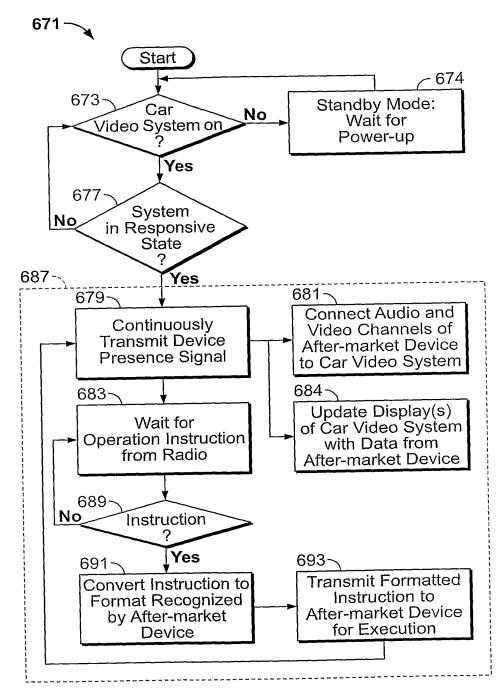


FIG. 12B

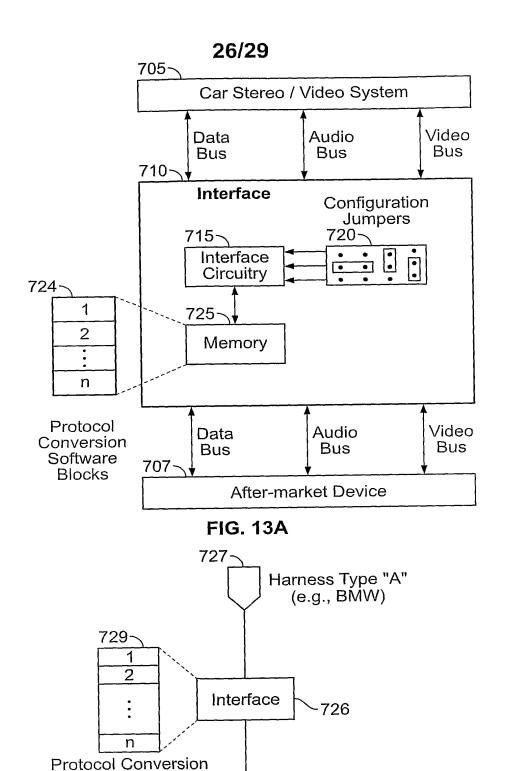


FIG. 13B

728~

Harness Type "B" (e.g., Sony)

Software Blocks (Memory)

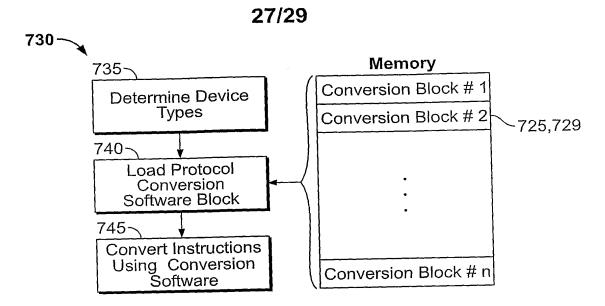
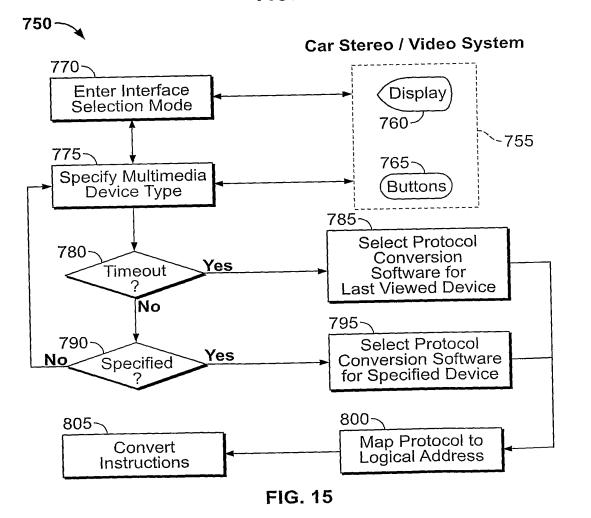


FIG. 14



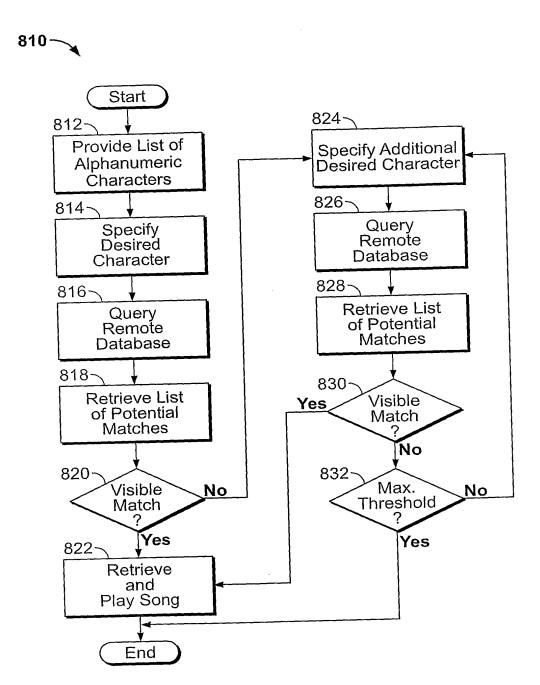


FIG. 16

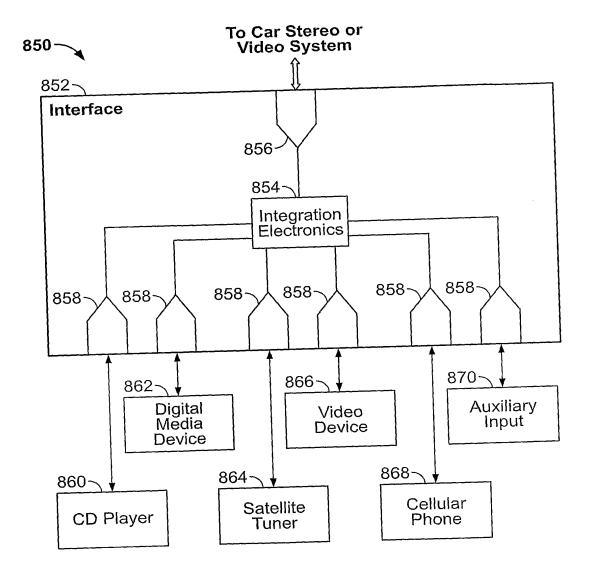


FIG. 17

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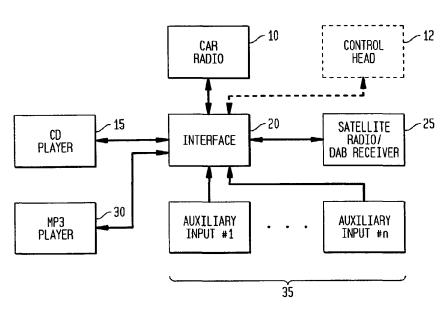
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[Continued on next page]

### (54) Title: AUDIO DEVICE INTEGRATION SYSTEM



(57) Abstract: An audio device integration system is provided. One or more after-market audio devices, such as a CD player (15), CD changer, MP3 player (30), satellite receiver (25), DAB receiver (25), or the like, is integrated for use with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo system, wherein control commands can be issued at the car stereo (10) and responsive data from the audio device (15, 25, 30) can be displayed on the stereo. Control commands generated at the car stereo (10) are received, processed, converted into a format recognizable by the audio device (15, 25, 30), and dispatched to the audio device (15, 25, 30) for execution. Information from the audio device (15, 25, 30), including track, disc, song, station, time, and other information, is received, processed, converted into a format recognizable by the car stereo, and dispatched to the car stereo (10) for display thereon.

WO 2004/053722

#### 

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

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### AUDIO DEVICE INTEGRATION SYSTEM

# SPECIFICATION BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to an audio device integration system. More specifically, the present invention relates to an audio device integration system for integrating after-market components such as satellite receivers, CD players, CD changers, MP3 players, Digital Audio Broadcast (DAB) receivers, auxiliary audio sources, and the like with factory-installed (OEM) or after-market car stereo systems.

### RELATED ART

Automobile audio systems have continued to advance in complexity and the number of options available to automobile purchasers. Early audio systems offered a simple AM and/or FM tuner, and perhaps an analog tape deck for allowing cassettes, 8-tracks, and other types of tapes to be played while driving. Such early systems were closed, in that external devices could not be easily integrated therewith.

With advances in digital technology, CD players have been included with automobile audio systems. Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) often produce car stereos having CD players and/or changers for allowing CDs to be played while driving. However, such systems often include proprietary buses and protocols that do not allow after-market audio systems, such as satellite receivers (e.g., XM satellite tuners), digital audio broadcast (DAB) receivers, MP3 players, CD changers, auxiliary input sources, and the like, to be easily integrated therewith. Thus, automobile purchasers are frequently forced to either entirely replace the OEM audio system, or use same throughout the life of the vehicle or the duration of ownership. Even if the OEM radio is replaced with an after-market radio, the after-market radio also frequently is not operable with an external device.

A particular problem with integrating after-market audio systems with existing car stereos is that signals generated by the car stereo is in a proprietary format, and is not capable of being processed by the after-market system. Additionally, signals

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generated by the after-market system are also in a proprietary format that is not recognizable by the car stereo. Thus, in order to integrate after-market systems with car stereos, it is necessary to convert signals between such systems.

It known in the art to provide one or more expansion modules for OEM and after-market car stereos for allowing external audio products to be integrated with the car stereo. However, such expansion modules only operate with and allow integration of external audio products manufactured by the same manufacturer as the OEM / after-market car stereo. For example, a satellite receiver manufactured by PIONEER, Inc., cannot be integrated with an OEM car radio manufactured by TOYOTA or an after-market car radio manufactured by CLARION, Inc. Thus, existing expansion modules only serve the limited purpose of integrating equipment by the same manufacturer as the car stereo. Thus, it would be desirable to provide an integration system that allows any audio device of any manufacture to be integrated with any OEM or after-market radio system.

Moreover, it would be desirable to provide an integration system that not only achieves integration of various audio devices that are alien to a given OEM or aftermarket stereo system, but also allows for information to be exchanged between the after-market device and the car stereo. For example, it would be desirable to provide a system wherein station, track, time, and song information can be retrieved from the after-market device, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display thereby, such as at an LCD panel of the car stereo. Such information could be transmitted and displayed on both hardwired radio systems (e.g., radios installed in dashboards or at other locations within the car), or integrated for display on one or more software or graphically-driven radio systems operable with graphical display panels. Additionally, it would be desirable to provide an audio integration system that allows a user to control more than one device, such as a CD or satellite receiver and one or more auxiliary sources, and to quickly and conveniently switch between same using the existing controls of the car stereo.

Accordingly, the present invention addresses these needs by providing an audio integration system that allows a plurality of audio devices, such as CD players, CD changers, MP3 players, satellite receivers, DAB receivers, auxiliary input sources,

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or a combination thereof, to be integrated into existing car stereos while allowing information to be displayed on, and control to be provided from, the car stereo.

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### **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to an audio device integration system. One or more after-market audio devices, such as a CD player, CD changer, MP3 player, satellite receiver (e.g., XM tuner), digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, or auxiliary input source, can be connected to and operate with an existing stereo system in an automobile, such as an OEM car stereo system or an after-market car stereo system installed in the automobile. The integration system connects to and interacts with the car stereo at any available port of the car stereo, such as a CD input port, a satellite input, or other known type of connector. If the car stereo system is an after-market car stereo system, the present invention generates a signal that is sent to the car stereo to keep same in an operational state and responsive to external data and signals. Commands generated at the control panel are received by the present invention and converted into a format recognizable by the after-market audio device. The formatted commands are executed by the audio device, and audio therefrom is channeled to the car stereo. Information from the audio device is received by the present invention, converted into a format recognizable by the car stereo, and forwarded to the car stereo for display thereby. The formatted information could include information relating to a CD or MP3 track being played, channel, song, and artist information from a satellite receiver or DAB receiver, or video information from one or more external devices connected to the present invention. The information can be presented as one or more menus, textual, or graphical prompts for display on an LCD display of the radio, allowing interaction with the user at the radio. A docking port is provided for allowing portable external audio devices to be connected to the interface of the present invention.

In an embodiment of the present invention, a dual-input device is provided for integrating both an external audio device and an auxiliary input with an OEM or aftermarket car stereo. The user can select between the external audio device and the auxiliary input using the controls of the car stereo. The invention can automatically detect the type of device connected to the auxiliary input, and integrate same with the car stereo.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an interface is provided for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with an existing car stereo system. A

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user can select between the auxiliary sources using the control panel of the car stereo. One or more after-market audio devices can be integrated with the auxiliary input sources, and a user can switch between the audio device and the auxiliary input sources using the car stereo. Devices connected to the auxiliary input sources are inter-operable with the car stereo, and are capable of exchanging commands and data via the interface.

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### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These and other important objects and features of the invention will be apparent from the following Detailed Description of the Invention, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, in which:

- FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing the audio device integration system of the present invention.
- FIG. 2a is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the audio device integration system of the present invention, wherein a CD player is integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the audio device integration system of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player is integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2c is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the audio device integration system of the present invention, wherein a satellite or DAB receiver is integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2d is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the audio device integration system of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2e is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the audio device integration system of the present invention, wherein a CD player and a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2f is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a satellite or DAB receiver and a plurality of auxiliary input source are integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2g is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player and a plurality of auxiliary input sources are integrated with a car radio.
- FIG. 2h is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary interfaces and an audio device are integrated with a car stereo.
- FIG. 3a is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating a CD player or an auxiliary input source with a car radio.

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- FIG. 3b is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating both a CD player and an auxiliary input source with a car radio, wherein the CD player and the auxiliary input are switchable by a user.
- FIG. 3c is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio.
- FIG. 3d is a circuit diagram showing a device according to the present invention for integrating a satellite or DAB receiver with a car radio.
- FIG. 4a is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a CD player with a car radio.
- FIG. 4b is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a MP3 player with a car radio.
- FIG. 4c is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a satellite receiver with a car radio.
- FIG. 4d is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio.
- FIG. 4e is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a CD player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio.
- FIG. 4f is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a satellite or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio.
- FIG. 4g is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating a MP3 player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car stereo.
- **FIG. 5** is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for allowing a user to switch between an after-market audio device and one or more auxiliary input sources.
- FIG. 6 is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for determining and handling various device types connected to the auxiliary input ports of the invention.
- FIG. 7a is a perspective view of a docking station according to the present invention for retaining an audio device within a car.

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FIG. 7b is an end view of the docking station of FIG. 7a.

FIGS. 8a-8b are perspective views of another embodiment of the docking station of the present invention, which includes the audio device integration system of the present invention incorporated therewith.

FIG. 9 is a block diagram showing the components of the docking station of FIGS. 8a-8b.

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### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to an audio device integration system. One or more after-market audio devices, such as a CD player, CD changer, MP3 player, satellite receiver, digital audio broadcast (DAB) receiver, or the like, can be integrated with an existing car radio, such as an OEM car stereo or an after-market car stereo. Control of the audio device is enabled using the car radio, and information from the audio device, such as channel, artist, track, time, and song information, is retrieved form the audio device, processed, and forwarded to the car radio for display thereon. The information channeled to the car radio can include video from the external device, as well as graphical and menu-based information. A user can review and interact with information via the car stereo. Commands from the car radio are received, processed by the present invention into a format recognizable by the audio device, and transmitted thereto for execution. One or more auxiliary input channels can be integrated by the present invention with the car radio. The user can switch between one or more audio devices and one or more auxiliary input channels using the control panel buttons of the car radio.

As used herein, the term "integration" or "integrated" is intended to mean connecting one or more external devices or inputs to an existing car radio or stereo via an interface, processing and handling signals and audio channels, allowing a user to control the devices via the car stereo, and displaying data from the devices on the radio. Thus, for example, integration of a CD player with a car stereo system allows for the CD player to be remotely controlled via the control panel of the stereo system, and data from the CD player to be sent to the display of the stereo. Of course, control of audio devices can be provided at locations other than the control panel of the radio without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention. Further, as used herein, the term "inter-operable" is intended to mean allowing the external audio device to receive and process commands that have been formatted by the interface of the present invention, as well as allowing a car stereo to display information that is generated by the external audio device and processed by the present invention. Additionally, by the term "inter-operable," it is meant allowing a device that is alien to the environment of an existing OEM or after-market car stereo to be utilized thereby.

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Also, as used herein, the terms "car stereo" and "car radio" are used interchangeably and are intended to include all presently existing car stereos and radios, such as physical devices that are present at any location within a vehicle, in addition to software and/or graphically- or display-driven receivers. An example of such a receiver is a software-driven receiver that operates on a universal LCD panel within a vehicle and is operable by a user via a graphical user interface displayed on the universal LCD panel. Further, any future receiver, whether a hardwired or a software/graphical receiver operable on one or more displays, is considered within the definition of the terms "car stereo" and "car radio," as used herein, and is within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

**FIG. 1** is a block diagram showing the audio device integration (or interface) system of the present invention, generally indicated at 20. A plurality of devices and auxiliary inputs can be connected to the interface 20, and integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. A CD player or changer 15 can be integrated with the radio 10 via interface 20. A satellite radio or DAB receiver 25, such as an XM radio satellite receiver or DAB receiver known in the art, could be integrated with the radio 10, via the interface 20. Further, an MP3 player could also be integrated with the Moreover, a plurality of auxiliary input sources, radio 10 via interface 20. illustratively indicated as auxiliary input sources 35 (comprising input sources 1 through n, n being any number), could also be integrated with the car radio 10 via interface 20. Optionally, a control head 12, such as that commonly used with aftermarket CD changers and other similar devices, could be integrated with the car radio 10 via interface 20, for controlling any of the car radio 10, CD player/changer 15, satellite/DAB receiver 25, MP3 player 30, and auxiliary input sources 35. Thus, as can be readily appreciated, the interface 20 of the present invention allows for the integration of a multitude of devices and inputs with an OEM or after-market car radio or stereo.

FIG. 2a is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the audio device interface system of the present invention, wherein a CD player/changer 15 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. The CD player 15 is electrically connected with the interface 20, and exchanges data and audio signals therewith. The interface 20 is electrically connected with the car radio 10, and exchanges data and

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audio signals therewith. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the car radio 10 includes a display 13 (such as an alphanumeric, electroluminescent display) for displaying information, and a plurality of control panel buttons 14 that normally operate to control the radio 10. The interface 20 allows the CD player 15 to be controlled by the control buttons 14 of the radio 10. Further, the interface 20 allows information from the CD player 15, such as track, disc, time, and song information, to be retrieved therefrom, processed and formatted by the interface 20, sent to the display 13 of the radio 10.

Importantly, the interface 20 allows for the remote control of the CD player 15 from the radio 10 (e.g., the CD player 15 could be located in the trunk of a car, while the radio 10 is mounted on the dashboard of the car). Thus, for example, one or more discs stored within the CD player 15 can be remotely selected by a user from the radio 10, and tracks on one or more of the discs can be selected therefrom. Moreover, standard CD operational commands, such as pause, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track forward, and track reverse (among other commands) can be remotely entered at the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10 for remotely controlling the CD player 15.

FIG. 2b is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein an MP3 player 30 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10 via interface 20. As mentioned earlier, the interface 20 of the present invention allows for a plurality of disparate audio devices to be integrated with an existing car radio for use therewith. Thus, as shown in FIG. 2b, remote control of the MP3 player 30 via radio 10 is provided for via interface 20. The MP3 player 30 is electronically interconnected with the interface 20, which itself is electrically interconnected with the car radio 10. The interface 20 allows data and audio signals to be exchanged between the MP3 player 30 and the car radio 10, and processes and formats signals accordingly so that instructions and data from the radio 10 are processable by the MP3 player 30, and vice versa. Operational commands, such as track selection, pause, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, and other commands, are entered via the control panel buttons 14 of car radio 10, processed by the interface 20, and formatted for execution by the MP3 player 30. Data from the MP3 player, such as track, time, and song information, is received by the interface 20, processed thereby.

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and sent to the radio 10 for display on display 13. Audio from the MP3 player 30 is selectively forwarded by the interface 20 to the radio 10 for playing.

FIG. 2c is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a satellite receiver or DAB receiver 25 is integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10 via the interface 20. Satellite/DAB receiver 25 can be any satellite radio receiver known in the art, such as XM or Sirius, or any DAB receiver known in the art. The satellite/DAB receiver 25 is electrically interconnected with the interface 20, which itself is electrically interconnected with the car radio 10. The satellite/DAB receiver 25 is remotely operable by the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10. Commands from the radio 10 are received by the interface 20, processed and formatted thereby, and dispatched to the satellite/DAB receiver 25 for execution thereby. Information from the satellite/DAB receiver 25, including time, station, and song information, is received by the interface 20, processed, and transmitted to the radio 10 for display on display 13. Further, audio from the satellite/DAB receiver 25 is selectively forwarded by the interface 20 for playing by the radio 10.

FIG. 2d is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. The auxiliary inputs 35 can be connected to analog sources, or can be digitally coupled with one or more audio devices, such as aftermarket CD players, CD changers, MP3 players, satellite receivers, DAB receivers, and the like, and integrated with an existing car stereo. Preferably, four auxiliary input sources are connectable with the interface 20, but any number of auxiliary input sources could be included. Audio from the auxiliary input sources 35 is selectively forwarded to the radio 10 under command of the user. As will be discussed herein in greater detail, a user can select a desired input source from the auxiliary input sources 35 by depressing one or more of the control panel buttons 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 receives the command initiated from the control panel, processes same, and connects the corresponding input source from the auxiliary input sources 35 to allow audio therefrom to be forwarded to the radio 10 for playing. Further, the interface 20 determines the type of audio devices connected to the auxiliary input ports 35, and integrates same with the car stereo 10.

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As mentioned previously, the present invention allows one or more external audio devices to be integrated with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo, along with one or more auxiliary input sources, and the user can select between these sources using the controls of the car stereo. Such "dual input" capability allows operation with devices connected to either of the inputs of the device, or both, Importantly, the device can operate in "plug and play" mode, wherein any device connected to one of the inputs is automatically detected by the present invention, its device type determined, and the device automatically integrated with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo. Thus, the present invention is not dependent any specific device type to be connected therewith to operate. For example, a user can first purchase a CD changer, plug same into a dual interface, and use same with the car stereo. At a point later in time, the user could purchase an XM tuner, plug same into the device, and the tuner will automatically be detected and integrated with the car stereo, allowing the user to select from and operate both devices from the car stereo. It should be noted that such plug and play capability is not limited to a dual input device, but is provided for in every embodiment of the present invention. The dualinput configuration of the preset invention is illustrated in FIGS. 2e-2h and described below.

FIG. 2e is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein an external CD player/changer 15 and one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car stereo 10. Both the CD player 15 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 are electrically interconnected with the interface 20, which, in turn, is electrically interconnected to the radio 10. Using the controls 14 of the radio 10, a user can select between the CD player 15 and one or more of the inputs 35 to selectively channel audio from these sources to the radio. The command to select from one of these sources is received by the interface 20, processed thereby, and the corresponding source is channeled to the radio 10 by the interface 20. As will be discussed later in greater detail, the interface 20 contains internal processing logic for selecting between these sources.

FIG. 2f is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a satellite receiver or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources are integrated by the interface 20 with an OEM or after-market car radio

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10. Similar to the embodiment of the present invention illustrated in FIG. 2e and described earlier, the interface 20 allows a user to select between the satellite/DAB receiver 25 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 using the controls 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 contains processing logic, described in greater detail below, for allowing switching between the satellite/DAB receiver 25 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35.

FIG. 2g is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a MP3 player 30 and one or more auxiliary input sources 35 are integrated by the interface 20 with an OEM or after-market car radio 10. Similar to the embodiments of the present invention illustrated in FIGS. 2e and 2f and described earlier, the interface 20 allows a user to select between the MP3 player 30 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35 using the controls 14 of the radio 10. The interface 20 contains processing logic, as will be discussed later in greater detail, for allowing switching between the MP3 player 30 and one or more of the auxiliary input sources 35.

FIG. 2h is a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention, wherein a plurality of auxiliary interfaces 40 and 44 and an audio device 17 are integrated with an OEM or after-market car stereo 10. Importantly, the present invention can be expanded to allow a plurality of auxiliary inputs to be connected to the car stereo 10 in a tree-like fashion. Thus, as can be seen in FIG. 2h, a first auxiliary interface 40 is connected to the interface 20, and allows data and audio from the ports 42 to be exchanged with the car radio 10. Connected to one of the ports 42 is another auxiliary interface 44, which, in turn, provides a plurality of input ports 46. Any device connected to any of the ports 42 or 46 can be integrated with the car radio 10. Further, any device connected to the ports 42 or 46 can be inter-operable with the car radio 10, allowing commands to be entered from the car radio 10 (e.g., such as via the control panel 14) for commanding the device, and information from the device to be displayed by the car radio 10. Conceivably, by configuring the interfaces 40, 44, and successive interfaces in a tree configuration, any number of devices can be integrated using the present invention.

The various embodiments of the present invention described above and shown in **FIGS. 1** through **2h** are illustrative in nature and are not intended to limit the spirit

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or scope of the present invention. Indeed, any conceivable audio device or input source, in any desired combination, can be integrated by the present invention into existing car stereo systems. Further, it is conceivable that not only can data and audio signals be exchanged between the car stereo and any external device, but also video information that can be captured by the present invention, processed thereby, and transmitted to the car stereo for display thereby and interaction with a user thereat.

Various circuit configurations can be employed to carry out the present invention. Examples of such configurations are described below and shown in **FIGS**. 3a-3d.

FIG. 3a is an illustrative circuit diagram according to the present invention for integrating a CD player or an auxiliary input source with an existing car stereo system. A plurality of ports J1C1, J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH are provided for allowing connection of the interface system of the present invention between an existing car radio, an after-market CD player or changer, or an auxiliary input source. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. Port J1C1 connects to the input port of an OEM car radio, such as that manufactured by TOYOTA, Inc. Conceivably, port J1C1 could be modified to allow connection to the input port of an after-market car radio. Ports J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH connect to an after-market CD changer, such as that manufactured by PANASONIC, Inc., or to an auxiliary input source.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1C1, J2A1, and X2, and provides functionality for integrating the CD player or auxiliary input source connected to the ports J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH. For example, microcontroller U1 receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received at the connector J1C1, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the CD player or auxiliary input source via connector J2A1. Additionally, the microcontroller U1 receives information provided by the CD player or auxiliary input source via connector J2A1, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connector J1C1 for display on the display of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the ports J2A1, X2, RCH and LCH is selectively channeled to the

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car radio at port J1C1 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F628 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F628 chip is a CMOS, flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having an internal, 4 MHz internal oscillator, 128 bytes of EEPROM data memory, a capture/compare/PWM, a USART, 2 comparators, and a programmable voltage reference. Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller U1 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R13, diodes D1 through D4, capacitors C1 and C2, and oscillator Y1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller U1 with the hardware connected to the connectors J1C1, J2A1, X2, RCH, and LCH. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3a and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3b is a diagram showing an illustrative circuit configuration according to the present invention, wherein one or more after-market CD changers / players and an auxiliary input source are integrated with an existing car stereo, and wherein the user can select between the CD changer/player and the auxiliary input using the controls of the car stereo. A plurality of connectors are provided, illustratively indicated as ports J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2. Ports J4A, J4B, and J3 allow the audio device interface system of the present invention to be connected to one or more existing car stereos, such as an OEM car stereo or an after-market car stereo. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. For example, ports J4A and J4B can be connected to an OEM car stereo manufactured by BMW, Inc. Port J3 can be connected to a car stereo manufactured by LANDROVER, Inc. Of course, any number of car stereos, by any manufacturer, could be provided. Ports J1 and J2 allow connection to an after-market CD changer or player, such as that manufactured by ALPINE, Inc., and an auxiliary input source.

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Optionally, ports **J5L1** and **J5R1** allow integration of a standard analog (line-level) source. Of course, a single standalone CD player or auxiliary input source could be connected to either of ports **J1** or **J2**.

Microcontroller **DD1** is in electrical communication with each of the ports J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2, and provides functionality for integrating the CD player and auxiliary input source connected to the ports J1 and J2 with the car stereo connected to the ports J4A and J4B or J3. For example, microcontroller DD1 receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received at the connectors J4A and J4B or J3, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the CD player and auxiliary input source via connectors J1 or J2. Additionally, the microcontroller DD1 receives information provided by the CD player and auxiliary input source via connectors J1 or J2, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connectors J4A and J4B or J3 for display on the display of the car stereo. Further, the microcontroller DD1 controls multiplexer DA3 to allow selection between the CD player/changer and the auxiliary input. Audio signals provided at the ports J1, J2, J5L1 and J5R1 is selectively channeled to the car radio at ports J4A and J4B or J3 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller DD1.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller **DD1** comprises the 16F872 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F872 chip is a CMOS, flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having 64 bytes of EEPROM data memory, self-programming capability, an ICD, 5 channels of 10 bit Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converters, 2 timers, capture/compare/PWM functions, a USART, and a synchronous serial port configurable as either a 3-wire serial peripheral interface or a 2-wire inter-integrated circuit bus. Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller **DD1** without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention. Additionally, in a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the multiplexer **DA3** comprises the CD4053 triple, two-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer manufactured by FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR, Inc. Any other suitable multiplexer can be substituted for **DA3** without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

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A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R18, diodes D1 through D3, capacitors C1-C11, and G1-G3, transistors Q1-Q3, transformers T1 and T2, amplifiers LCH:A and LCH:B, oscillator XTAL1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller DD1 and the multiplexer DA3 with the hardware connected to the connectors J4A, J4B, J3, J5L1, J5R1, J1, and J2. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers and multiplexers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers and multiplexers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3b and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3c is a diagram showing an illustrative circuit configuration for integrating a plurality of auxiliary inputs using the controls of the car stereo. A plurality of connectors are provided, illustratively indicated as ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4. Port J1 allows the audio device integration system of the present invention to be connected to one or more existing car stereos. Each of these ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. For example, port J1 could be connected to an OEM car stereo manufactured by HONDA, Inc., or any other manufacturer. Ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 allow connection with the left and right channels of four auxiliary input sources. Of course, any number of auxiliary input sources and ports/connectors could be provided.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4, and provides functionality for integrating one or more auxiliary input sources connected to the ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 with the car stereo connected to the port J1. Further, the microcontroller U1 controls multiplexers DA3 and DA4 to allow selection amongst any of the auxiliary inputs using the controls of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the ports RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4 are selectively channeled to the car radio at port J1 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1. In a preferred

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embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F872 microcontroller discussed earlier. Additionally, in a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the multiplexers **DA3** and **DA4** comprises the CD4053 triple, two-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer, discussed earlier. Any other suitable microcontroller and multiplexers can be substituted for U1, **DA3**, and **DA4** without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R15, diodes D1 through D3, capacitors C1-C5, transistors Q1-Q2, amplifiers DA1:A and DA1:B, and oscillator Y1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller U1 and the multiplexers DA3 and DA4 with the hardware connected to the ports J1, RCH1, LCH1, RCH2, LCH2, RCH3, LCH3, RCH4, and LCH4. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers and multiplexers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers and multiplexers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3c and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIG. 3d is an illustrative circuit diagram according to the present invention for integrating a satellite receiver with an existing OEM or after-market car stereo system. Ports J1 and J2 are provided for allowing connection of the integration system of the present invention between an existing car radio and a satellite receiver. These ports could be embodied by any suitable electrical connector known in the art. Port J2 connects to the input port of an existing car radio, such as that manufactured by KENWOOD, Inc. Port 1 connects to an after-market satellite receiver, such as that manufactured by PIONEER, Inc.

Microcontroller U1 is in electrical communication with each of the ports J1 and J2, and provides functionality for integrating the satellite receiver connected to the port J1 with the car stereo connected to the port J2. For example, microcontroller U1 receives control commands, such as button or key sequences, initiated by a user at control panel of the car radio and received at the connector J2, processes and formats same, and dispatches the formatted commands to the satellite receiver via connector J2. Additionally, the microcontroller U1 receives information provided by the

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satellite receiver via connector J1, processes and formats same, and transmits the formatted data to the car stereo via connector J2 for display on the display of the car stereo. Audio signals provided at the port J1 is selectively channeled to the car radio at port J2 under control of one or more user commands and processing logic, as will be discussed in greater detail, embedded within microcontroller U1.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the microcontroller U1 comprises the 16F873 microcontroller manufactured by MICROCHIP, Inc. The 16F873 chip is a CMOS, flash-based, 8-bit microcontroller having 128 bytes of EEPROM data memory, self-programming capability, an ICD, 5 channels of 10 bit Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converters, 2 timers, 2 capture/compare/PWM functions, a synchronous serial port that can be configured as a either a 3-wire serial peripheral interface or a 2-wire inter-integrated circuit bus, and a USART. Of course, any suitable microcontroller known in the art can be substituted for microcontroller U1 without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

A plurality of discrete components, such as resistors R1 through R7, capacitors C1 and C2, and amplifier A1, among other components, are provided for interfacing the microcontroller U1 with the hardware connected to the connectors J1 and J2. These components, as will be readily appreciated to one of ordinary skill in the art, can be arranged as desired to accommodate a variety of microcontrollers, and the numbers and types of discrete components can be varied to accommodate other similar controllers. Thus, the circuit shown in FIG. 3d and described herein is illustrative in nature, and modifications thereof are considered to be within the spirit and scope of the present invention.

FIGS. 4a through 6 are flowcharts showing processing logic according to the present invention. Such logic can be embodied as software and/or instructions stored in a read-only memory circuit (e.g., and EEPROM circuit), or other similar device. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the processing logic described herein is stored in one or more microcontrollers, such as the microcontrollers discussed earlier with reference to FIGS. 3a-3d. Of course, any other suitable means for storing the processing logic of the present invention can be employed.

FIG. 4a is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 100, for integrating a CD player or changer with an existing OEM or after-market car

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stereo system. Beginning in step 100, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 104 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 106 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in CD player mode. If a negative determination is made, step 106 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 106, a CD handling process, indicated as block 108, is invoked, allowing the CD player/changer to exchange data and audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 110, a signal is generated by the present invention indicating that a CD player/changer is present, and the signal is continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Importantly, this signal prevents the car stereo from shutting off, entering a sleep mode, or otherwise being unresponsive to signals and/or data from an external source. If the car radio is an OEM car radio, the CD player presence signal need not be generated. Concurrently with step 110, or within a short period of time before or after the execution of step 110, steps 112 and 114 are invoked. In step 112, the audio channels of the CD player/changer are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the CD player/changer to be played through the car stereo. In step 114, data is retrieved by the present invention from the CD player/changer, including track and time information, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the external CD player/changer can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 110, 112, and 114 have been executed, control passes to step 116.

In steps 116, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for CD operational commands. Examples of such commands include track forward, track reverse, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track program, random track play, and other similar commands. In step 118, if a command is not detected, step 116 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 118 invokes step 120, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the CD player/changer connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command issued from a GM car radio is converted into a format recognizable by a CD player/changer manufactured by ALPINE, Inc. Any conceivable command from any

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type of car radio can be formatted for use by a CD player/changer of any type or manufacture. Once the command has been formatted, step 122 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the CD player/changer and executed. Step 110 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 4b is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 130, for integrating an MP3 player with an existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 132, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 134 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 136 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in CD player mode. If a negative determination is made, step 136 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 136, an MP3 handling process, indicated as block 138, is invoked, allowing the MP3 player to exchange data and audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 140, the CD player presence signal, described earlier, is generated by the present invention and continuously transmitted to the car stereo. If the car radio is an OEM car radio, the CD player presence signal need not be generated. In step 142, the audio channels of the MP3 player are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the MP3 player to be played through the car stereo. In step 144, data is retrieved by the present invention from the MP3 player, including track, time, title, and song information, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the MP3 player can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 140, 142, and 144 have been executed, control passes to step 146.

In steps 146, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for MP3 operational commands. Examples of such commands include track forward, track reverse, play, stop, fast forward, rewind, track program, random track play, and other similar commands. In step 148, if a command is not detected, step 146 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 148 invokes step 150, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the MP3 player connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command

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issued from a HONDA car radio is converted into a format recognizable by an MP3 player manufactured by PANASONIC, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car radio can be formatted for use by an MP3 player of any type or manufacture. Once the command has been formatted, step 152 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the MP3 player and executed. Step 140 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 4c is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 160, for integrating a satellite receiver or a DAB receiver with an existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 162, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 164 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 166 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in CD player mode. If a negative determination is made, step 166 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 166, a satellite/DAB receiver handling process, indicated as block 168, is invoked, allowing the satellite/DAB receiver to exchange data and audio signals with any existing car stereo system. Beginning in step 170, the CD player presence signal, described earlier, is generated by the present invention and continuously transmitted to the car stereo. If the car radio is an OEM car radio, the CD player presence signal need not be generated. In step 172, the audio channels of the satellite/DAB receiver are connected (channeled) to the car stereo system, allowing audio from the satellite receiver or DAB receiver to be played through the car stereo. In step 174, data is retrieved by the present invention from the satellite/DAB receiver, including channel number, channel name, artist name, song time, and song title, formatted, and transmitted to the car stereo for display by the car stereo. The information could be presented in one or more menus, or via a graphical interface viewable and manipulable by the user at the car stereo. Thus, information produced by the receiver can be quickly and conveniently viewed by a driver by merely viewing the display of the car stereo. After steps 170, 172, and 174 have been executed, control passes to step 176.

In steps 176, the present invention monitors the control panel buttons of the car stereo for satellite/DAB receiver operational commands. Examples of such commands

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include station up, station down, station memory program, and other similar commands. In step 178, if a command is not detected, step 176 is re-invoked. Otherwise, if a command is received, step 178 invokes step 180, wherein the received command is converted into a format recognizable by the satellite/DAB receiver connected to the present invention. For example, in this step, a command issued from a FORD car radio is converted into a format recognizable by a satellite receiver manufactured by PIONEER, Inc. Any conceivable command from any type of car radio can be formatted for use by a satellite/DAB receiver of any type or manufacture. Once the command has been formatted, step 182 is invoked, wherein the formatted command is transmitted to the satellite/DAB receiver and executed. Step 170 is then re-invoked, so that additional processing can occur.

FIG. 4d is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 190, for integrating a plurality of auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 192, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 194 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 196 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in CD player mode. If a negative determination is made, step 196 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 196, an auxiliary input handling process, indicated as block 198, is invoked, allowing one or more auxiliary inputs to be connected (channeled) to the car stereo. Further, if a plurality of auxiliary inputs exist, the logic of block 198 allows a user to select a desired input from the plurality of inputs. Beginning in step 200, the CD player presence signal, described earlier, is generated by the present invention and continuously transmitted to the car stereo. If the car radio is an OEM car radio, the CD player presence signal need not be generated. Then, in step 202, the control panel buttons of the car stereo are monitored.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, each of the one or more auxiliary input sources are selectable by selecting a CD disc number on the control panel of the car radio. Thus, in step 204, a determination is made as to whether the first disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 206 is invoked, wherein the first auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car

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stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 208 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the second disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 210 is invoked, wherein the second auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 212 is invoked, wherein a third determination is made as to whether the third disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 214 is invoked, wherein the third auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 216 is invoked, wherein a fourth determination is made as to whether the fourth disc number has been selected. If a positive determination is made, step 218 is invoked, wherein the fourth auxiliary input source is connected (channeled) to the car stereo. If a negative determination is made, step 200 is re-invoked, and the process disclosed for block 198 repeated. Further, if any of steps 206, 210, 214, or 218 are executed, then step 200 is re-invoked and block 198 repeated.

The process disclosed in block 198 allows a user to select from one of four auxiliary input sources using the control buttons of the car stereo. Of course, the number of auxiliary input sources connectable with and selectable by the present invention can be expanded to any desired number. Thus, for example, 6 auxiliary input sources could be provided and switched using corresponding selection key(s) or keystroke(s) on the control panel of the radio. Moreover, any desired keystroke, selection sequence, or button(s) on the control panel of the radio, or elsewhere, can be utilized to select from the auxiliary input sources without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

FIG. 4e is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 220, for integrating a CD player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 222, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 224 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 226 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in CD player mode. If a negative determination is made, step 226 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 226, then step 228 is invoked, wherein the CD player presence signal, described earlier, is generated by the present invention and continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Then, in step 230, a determination is made as to whether a CD player is present (i.e., whether an external CD player or changer is connected to the audio device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 231 and 232 are invoked. In step 231, the logic of block 108 of FIG. 4a (the CD handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the CD player/changer can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 232, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external CD player/changer to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 234 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 234 re-invokes step 228, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external CD player/changer to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 236 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the CD player/changer are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 238 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 230 (no external CD player/changer is connected to the present invention), then step 238 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

FIG. 4f is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 240, for integrating a satellite receiver or DAB receiver and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car radio. Beginning in step 242, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 244 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 246 is invoked, wherein a second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in CD player mode. If a negative determination is made, step 246 is re-invoked.

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If a positive determination is made in step 246, then step 248 is invoked, wherein the CD player presence signal, described earlier, is generated by the present invention and continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Then, in step 250, a determination is made as to whether a satellite receiver or DAB receiver is present (i.e., whether an external satellite receiver or DAB receiver is connected to the audio device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 231 and 232 are invoked. In step 251, the logic of block 168 of FIG. 4c (the satellite/DAB receiver handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the satellite receiver can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 252, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external satellite receiver to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 254 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 254 re-invokes step 258, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external satellite/DAB receiver to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 256 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the satellite receiver are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 258 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 250 (no external satellite/DAB receiver is connected to the present invention), then step 258 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

FIG. 4g is a flowchart showing processing logic according to the present invention for integrating an MP3 player and one or more auxiliary input sources with a car stereo. Beginning in step 262, a determination is made as to whether the existing car stereo is powered on. If a negative determination is made, step 264 is invoked, wherein the present invention enters a standby mode and waits for the car stereo to be powered on. If a positive determination is made, step 266 is invoked, wherein a

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second determination is made as to whether the car stereo is in CD player mode. If a negative determination is made, step 266 is re-invoked.

If a positive determination is made in step 266, then step 268 is invoked, wherein the CD player presence signal, described earlier, is generated by the present invention and continuously transmitted to the car stereo. Then, in step 270, a determination is made as to whether an MP3 player is present (i.e., whether an external MP3 player is connected to the audio device integration system of the present invention). If a positive determination is made, steps 271 and 272 are invoked. In step 271, the logic of block 138 of FIG. 4b (the MP3 handling process), described earlier, is invoked, so that the CD player/changer can be integrated with the car stereo and utilized by a user. In step 272, a sensing mode is initiated, wherein the present invention monitors for a selection sequence (as will be discussed in greater detail) initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo for switching from the external CD player/changer to one or more auxiliary input sources. Step 274 is then invoked, wherein a determination is made as to whether such a sequence has been initiated. If a negative determination is made, step 274 re-invokes step 278, so that further processing can occur. Otherwise, if a positive determination is made (i.e., the user desires to switch from the external MP3 player to one of the auxiliary input sources), step 276 is invoked, wherein the audio channels of the MP3 player are disconnected from the car stereo. Then, step 278 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, allowing the user to select from one of the auxiliary input sources. In the event that a negative determination is made in step 270 (no external MP3 player is connected to the present invention), then step 278 is invoked, and the system goes into auxiliary mode. The user can then select from one or more auxiliary input sources using the controls of the radio.

As mentioned previously, to enable integration, the present invention contains logic for converting command signals issued from an after-market or OEM car stereo into a format compatible with one or more external audio devices connected to the present invention. Such logic can be applied to convert any car stereo signal for use with any external device. For purposes of illustration, a sample code portion is shown

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in **Table 1**, below, for converting control signals from a BMW car stereo into a format understandable by a CD changer:

### Table 1

```
Radio requests changer to STOP (exit PLAY mode)
    Decoding 6805183801004C message
    Encode_RD_stop_msg:
     movlw 0x68
     xorwf BMW_Recv_buff,W
     skpz
     return
     movlw 0x05
     xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+1,W
     skpz
     return
     movlw 0x18
     xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+2,W
     skpz
     return
     movlw 0x38
     xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+3,W
     skpz
     return
    movlw 0x01
     xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+4,W
     skpz
    return
     tstf BMW Recv buff+5
     skpz
     return
    movlw 0x4C
    xorwf BMW_Recv_buff+6,W
     skpz
    return
    bsf
         BMW_Recv_STOP_msg
    return
```

The code portion shown in **Table 1** receives a STOP command issued by a BMW stereo, in a format proprietary to BMW stereos. Preferably, the received command is stored in a first buffer, such as BMW\_Recv\_buff. The procedure "Encode\_RD\_stop\_msg" repetitively applies an XOR function to the STOP command, resulting in a new command that is in a format compatible with the after-market CD

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player. The command is then stored in an output buffer for dispatching to the CD player.

Additionally, the present invention contains logic for retrieving information from an after-market audio device, and converting same into a format compatible with the car stereo for display thereby. Such logic can be applied to convert any data from the external device for display on the car stereo. For purposes of illustration, a sample code portion is shown in **Table 2**, below, for converting data from a CD changer into a format understandable by a BMW car stereo:

Table 2

```
;
           Changer replies with STOP confirmation
     ;
           Encoding 180A68390002003F0001027D message
     ;
           _____
     Load_CD_stop_msg:
           movlw 0x18
           movwf BMW Send buff
           movlw 0x0A
           movwf BMW_Send_buff+1
           movlw 0x68
           movwf BMW_Send_buff+2
           movlw 0x39
           movwf BMW Send buff+3
           movlw 0x00
                                ;current status_XX=00, power off
           movwf BMW Send buff+4
           movlw 0x02
                                ; current status YY=02, power off
           movwf BMW_Send_buff+5
           clrf BMW Send buff+6
                                      ;separate field, always =0
           movfw BMW_MM_stat
                                ;current status_MM , magazine
config
           movwf BMW Send buff+7
           clrf BMW_Send_buff+8
                                      ;separate field, always =0
          movfw BMW DD stat
                                ; current status_DD , current disc
          movwf BMW_Send buff+9
          movfw BMW TT stat
                                ;current status_TT , current
track
          movwf BMW Send buff+10
          xorwf BMW_Send_buff+9,W ; calculate check sum
          xorwf BMW Send buff+8,W
          xorwf BMW_Send_buff+7,W
```

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```
xorwf BMW_Send_buff+6,W
xorwf BMW_Send_buff+5,W
xorwf BMW_Send_buff+4,W
xorwf BMW_Send_buff+3,W
xorwf BMW_Send_buff+2,W
xorwf BMW_Send_buff+1,W
xorwf BMW_Send_buff+1 ;store check sum
movVwf BMW_Send_buff+11 ;store check sum
movVwf BMW_Send_cnt
bsf BMW_Send_cnt
bsf BMW_Send_on ;ready to send
return
```

The code portion shown in **Table 2** receives a STOP confirmation message from the CD player, in a format proprietary to the CD player. Preferably, the received command is stored in a first buffer, such as BMW\_Send\_buff. The procedure "Load\_CD\_stop\_msg" retrieves status information, magazine information, current disc, and current track information from the CD changer, and constructs a response containing this information. Then, a checksum is calculated and stored in another buffer. The response and checksum are in a format compatible with the BMW stereo, and are ready for dispatching to the car stereo.

While the above code portions are shown using assembler language, it is to be expressly understood that any low or high level language known in the art, such as C or C++, could be utilized without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention. It will be appreciated that various other code portions can be developed for converting signals from any after-market or OEM car stereo for use by an after-market external audio device, and vice versa.

FIG. 5 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 300 for allowing a user to switch between an after-market audio device, and one or more auxiliary input sources. As was discussed earlier, the present invention allows a user to switch from one or more connected audio devices, such as an external CD player/changer, MP3 player, satellite receiver, DAB receiver, or the like, and activate one or more auxiliary input sources. A selection sequence, initiated by the user at the control panel of the car stereo, allows such switching. Beginning in step 302, the buttons of the control panel are monitored. In step 304, a determination is made as to whether a "Track Up" button or sequence has been initiated by the user. The "Track Up" button or sequence can for a CD player, MP3 player, or any other device. If a

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negative determination is made, step 306 is invoked, wherein the sensed button or sequence is processed in accordance with the present invention and dispatched to the external audio device for execution. Then, step 302 is re-invoked, so that additional buttons or sequences can be monitored.

In the event that a positive determination is made in step 304, step 308 is invoked, wherein the present invention waits for a predetermined period of time while monitoring the control panel buttons for additional buttons or sequences. preferred embodiment of the present invention, the predetermined period of time is 750 milliseconds, but of course, other time durations are considered within the spirit and scope of the present invention. In step 310, a determination is made as to whether the user has initiated a "Track Down" button or sequence at the control panel of the car stereo within the predetermined time period. The track down button or sequence can be for a CD player, MP3 player, or any other device. If a negative determination is made, step 312 is invoked. In step 312, a determination is made as to whether a timeout has occurred (e.g., whether the predetermined period of time has expired). If a negative determination is made, step 308 is re-invoked. Otherwise, is a positive determination is made, step 312 invokes step 306, so that any buttons or key sequences initiated by the user that are not a "Track Down" command are processed in accordance with the present invention and dispatched to the audio device for execution.

In the event that a positive determination is made in step 310 (a "Track Down" button or sequence has been initiated within the predetermined time period), then step 314 is invoked. In step 314, the audio channels of the audio device are disconnected, and then step 316 is invoked. In step 316, the logic of block 198 of FIG. 4d (the auxiliary input handling process), discussed earlier, is invoked, so that the user can select from one of the auxiliary input sources in accordance with the present invention. Thus, at this point in time, the system has switched, under user control, from the audio device to a desired auxiliary input. Although the foregoing description of the process 300 has been described with reference to "Track Up" and "Track Down" buttons or commands initiated by the user, it is to be expressly understood that any desired key sequence, keystroke, button depress, or any other action, can be sensed in accordance with the present invention and utilized for switching modes.

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When operating in auxiliary mode, the present invention provides an indication on the display of the car stereo corresponding to such mode. For example, the CD number could be displayed as "1", and the track number displayed as "99," thus indicating to the user that the system is operating in auxiliary mode and that audio and data is being supplied from an auxiliary input source. Of course, any other indication could be generated and displayed on the display of the car stereo, such as a graphical display (e.g., an icon) or textual prompt.

FIG. 6 is a flowchart showing processing logic, indicated generally at 320, for determining and handling various device types connected to the auxiliary input ports of the invention. The present invention can sense device types connected to the auxiliary input ports, and can integrate same with the car stereo using the procedures discussed earlier. Beginning in step 322, the control panel buttons of the car stereo are monitored for a button or sequence initiated by the user corresponding to an auxiliary input selection (such as the disc number method discussed earlier with reference to FIG. 4d). In response to an auxiliary input selection, step 324 is invoked, wherein the type of device connected to the selected auxiliary input is sensed by the present invention. Then, step 326 is invoked.

In step 326, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is a CD player/changer. If a positive determination is made, step 328 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 108 of FIG. 4a (the CD handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the CD player is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 326, then step 330 is invoked. In step 330, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is an MP3 player. If a positive determination is made, step 334 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 138 if FIG. 4b (the MP3 handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the MP3 player is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 330, then step 336 is invoked. In step 336, a determination is made as to whether the device connected to the auxiliary input is a satellite receiver or a DAB receiver. If a positive determination is made, step 338 is invoked, wherein the logic of block 168 of FIG. 4c (the satellite/DAB receiver handling process), discussed earlier, is executed, and the satellite receiver is integrated with the car stereo. If a negative determination is made in step 336, step 322 is re-

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invoked, so that additional auxiliary input selections can be monitored and processed accordingly. Of course, process 320 can be expanded to allow other types of devices connected to the auxiliary inputs of the present invention to be integrated with the car stereo.

The present invention can be expanded for allowing video information generated by an external device to be integrated with the display of an existing OEM or after-market car stereo. In such a mode, the invention accepts RGB input signals from the external device, and converts same to composite signals. The composite signals are then forwarded to the car stereo for display thereby, such as on an LCD panel of the stereo. Further, information from the external device can be formatted and presented to the user in one or more graphical user interfaces or menus capable of being viewed and manipulated on the car stereo.

FIG. 7a is a perspective view of a docking station 400 according to the present invention for retaining an audio device within a car. Importantly, the present invention can be adapted to allow portable audio devices to be integrated with an existing car stereo. The docking station 400 allows such portable devices to be conveniently docked and integrated with the car stereo. The docking station 400 includes a top portion 402 hingedly connected at a rear portion 408 to a bottom portion 404, preferably in a clam-like configuration. A portable audio device 410, such as the SKYFI radio distributed by DELPHI, Inc., is physically and electrically connected with the docking portion 412, and contained within the station 100. A clasp 406 can be provided for holding the top and bottom portions in a closed position to retain the device 410. Optionally, a video device could also be docked using the docking station 400, and tabs 413 can be provided for holding the docking station 400 in place against a portion of a car. Conceivably, the docking station 400 could take any form, such as a sleeve-like device for receiving and retaining a portable audio device and having a docking portion for electrically and mechanically mating with the audio device.

FIG. 7b is an end view showing the rear portion 408 of the docking station 400 of FIG. 7a. A hinge 414 connects the top portion and the bottom portions of the docking station 400. A data port 416 is provided for interfacing with the audio device docked within the station 400, and is in electrical communication therewith. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the data port 416 is an RS-232 serial or

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USB data port that allows for the transmission of data with the audio device, and which connects with the audio device integration system of the present invention for integrating the audio device with an OEM or after-market car stereo. Any known bus technology can be utilized to interface with any portable audio or video device contained within the docking station 400, such as FIREWIRE, D2B, MOST, CAN, USB/USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, or any other bus technology known in the art.

FIGS. 8a-8b are perspective views of another embodiment of the docking station of the present invention, indicated generally at 500, which includes the audio device integration system of the present invention, indicated generally at 540, incorporated therewith. As shown in FIG. 8a, the docking station 500 includes a base portion 530, a bottom member 515 interconnected with the base portion 530 at an edge thereof, and a top member 510 hingedly interconnected at an edge to the base portion 530. The top member 510 and the bottom member 515 define a cavity for docking and storing a portable audio device 520, which could be a portable CD player, MP3 player, satellite (e.g., XM, SIRIUS, or other type) tuner, or any other portable audio device. The docking station 500 would be configured to accommodate a specific device, such as an IPOD from Apple Computer, Inc., or any other portable device.

The audio device integration system 540, in the form of a circuit board, is housed within the base portion 530 and performs the integration functions discussed herein for integrating the portable audio device 520 with an existing car stereo. The integration system 540 is in communication with the portable audio device 520 via a connector 550, which is connected to a port on the audio device 520, and a cable 555 interconnected between the connector 550 and the integration system 540. connector 550 could be any suitable connector and can vary according to the device type. For example, a MOLEX, USB, or any other connector could be used, depending on the portable device. The integration system 540 is electrically connected with a car stereo by cable 560. Alternatively, the integration system could wirelessly communicate with the car stereo. A transmitter could be used at the integration system to communicate with a receiver at the car stereo. Where automobiles include Bluetooth systems, such systems can be used to communicate with the integration system. As can be readily appreciated, the docking station 500 provides a convenient device for docking, storing, and integrating a portable audio device for use with a car

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stereo. Further, the docking station 500 could be positioned at any desired location within a vehicle, including, but not limited to, the vehicle trunk.

As shown in FIG. 8b, the top member 510 can be opened in the general direction indicated by arrow A to allow for access to the portable audio device 520. In this fashion, the device 520 can be quickly accessed for any desired purpose, such as for inserting and removing the device 520 from the docking station 500, as well as for providing access to the controls of the device 520.

FIG. 9 is a block diagram showing the components of the docking station of FIGS. 8a-8b. The docking station 500 houses both a portable audio device 520 and an audio device integration system (or interface) 540. The shape and configuration of the docking station 500 can be varied as desired without departing from the spirit or scope of the present invention.

The integration system of the present invention provides for control of a portable audio device, or other device, through the controls of the car stereo system. As such, controls on the steering wheel, where present, may also be used to control the portable audio device or other device.

Having thus described the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the foregoing description is not intended to limit the spirit and scope thereof.

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### **CLAIMS**

### What is claimed is:

1. An audio device integration system comprising:

a car stereo;

an audio device external to the car stereo;

an interface connected between the car stereo and the audio device for exchanging data and audio signals between the car stereo and the audio device;

means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling the audio device from the car stereo in a format compatible with the audio device; and

means for processing and displaying data from the audio device on a display of the car stereo in a format compatible with the car stereo.

- 2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the car stereo is an OEM car stereo.
- 3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the car stereo is an after-market car stereo.
- 4. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the audio device comprises a CD player, CD changer, MP3 player, Digital Audio Broadcast (DAB) receiver, or satellite receiver.
- 5. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the interface further comprises a plug-andplay mode for automatically detecting a device type of the audio device and integrating the audio device based upon the device type.
- 6. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the interface generates a CD player presence signal for maintaining the car stereo in a state responsive to processed data and audio signals.
- 7. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the data comprises track and time information.
- 8. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the data comprises song title and artist information.
- 9. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the data comprises channel number and channel name information.
- 10. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the data comprises video information.
- 11. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the data is displayed as a menu on the display of the car stereo.
- 12. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the data is displayed in a graphical interface on a graphic panel.

- 13. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the commands are input by a user using one or more control buttons or presets on the car stereo.
- 14. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising one or more auxiliary input sources connected to the interface.
- 15. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein audio signals from the one or more auxiliary input sources are selectively channeled to the car stereo by the interface.
- 16. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein a user can select between the one or more auxiliary input sources by depressing keys on the car stereo.
- 17. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein a user can select one of the auxiliary input sources by entering a disc number at the car stereo.
- 18. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein a user can select one of the auxiliary input sources by entering a track number at the car stereo.
- 19. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein a user can select one of the auxiliary input sources by entering both disc and track numbers at the car stereo.
- 20. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein a user can select between the audio device and the one or more auxiliary input sources by entering a sequence at the car stereo.
- 21. The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the sequence comprises a track up selection followed by a track down selection.
- 22. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a second interface connected to the first interface for providing a plurality of auxiliary input sources.
- 23. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein both the first interface and the second interface are controllable using the car stereo.
- 24. An audio device integration system comprising:
  - a car stereo;
  - a plurality of auxiliary input sources;
- an interface connected between the car stereo and the plurality of auxiliary input sources;

means for processing and dispatching commands for controlling an audio device connected to one of the plurality of auxiliary input sources from the car stereo in a format compatible with the audio device;

means for processing and displaying data from the audio device on a display of the car stereo in a format compatible with the car stereo; and

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means for selecting one of the plurality of auxiliary input sources from the car stereo.

- 25. The apparatus of claim 24, wherein the means for selecting one of the plurality of auxiliary input sources comprises a disc or track selection entered by a user using control buttons of the car stereo.
- 26. The apparatus of claim 24, wherein the audio device comprises a CD player, CD changer, MP3 player, satellite receiver, or DAB receiver.
- 27. The apparatus of claim 24, wherein a device type of the audio device is automatically detected by the interface and the audio device is automatically integrated with the car stereo based upon the device type.
- 28. The apparatus of claim 24, wherein the interface is switchable into an auxiliary input mode by issuing a control sequence at the car stereo.
- 29. The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the control sequence comprises a track up command followed by a track down command.
- 30. A method for integrating a device with a car stereo comprising:

  connecting an interface to the car stereo and the device to the interface;

  receiving control commands from the car stereo at the interface;

  processing the control commands into a format compatible with the device and dispatching processed control commands to the device;

receiving data and audio from the device at the interface;

processing the data into a second format compatible with the car stereo and dispatching the audio and processed data to the car stereo; and

displaying the processed data on the car stereo and playing the audio through the car stereo.

- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein the step of receiving data from the device comprises retrieving CD track and time information from the device.
- 32. The method of claim 30, wherein the step of receiving data from the device comprises retrieving MP3 song, title, track, and time information from the device.
- 33. The method of claim 30, wherein the step of receiving data from the device comprises retrieving channel number, channel name, artist, and song information from the device.

- 34. The method of claim 30, wherein the step of receiving data from the device comprises retrieving video information from the device.
- 35. The method of claim 30, wherein the step of displaying the processed data comprises displaying the data in an LCD panel.
- 36. The method of claim 30, wherein the step of displaying the processed data comprises displaying the data in a graphical user interface at the car stereo.
- 37. The method of claim 30, wherein the step of displaying processed data comprises displaying video at the car stereo.
- 38. The method of claim 30, wherein the step of connecting the audio device to the interface comprises connecting a CD player, CD changer, MP3 player, satellite receiver, or DAB receiver to the interface.
- 39. The method of claim 30, further comprising connecting an auxiliary input source to the interface.
- 40. The method of claim 39, further comprising receiving a selection command from the car stereo and channeling data and audio from the auxiliary input source to the interface in response to the selection command.
- 41. The method of claim 40, further comprising processing the data from the auxiliary input source for display on the car stereo.
- 42. An apparatus for docking a portable device for integration with a car stereo comprising:
- a top member interconnected with a bottom member and defining a storage area for storing the portable device;
- a docking portion within the storage area for electrically communicating and physically mating with the portable device; and
- a data port disposed on the top member or the bottom member and in electrical communication with the docking portion, the data port connectable with a device for integrating the portable device with the car stereo.
- 43. The apparatus of claim 42, further comprising a hinge for connecting the top member and bottom member at an edge thereof.
- 44. The apparatus of claim 42, wherein the data port comprises an RS-232 or USB port.

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- 45. The apparatus of claim 42, wherein the top portion and the bottom portion define a sleeve for holding the portable audio device.
- 46. The apparatus of claim 42, further comprising a clasp for retaining the top and bottom members in a closed position.
- 47. A method of integrating an after-market device with an OEM or after-market car stereo comprising:

connecting the after-market device to an interface;

connecting the interface to a car stereo;

determining whether the car stereo is an OEM car stereo or an after-market car stereo:

if the car stereo is an after-market car stereo, generating and transmitting a presence signal to the car stereo to maintain the car stereo in an operational state responsive to external signals; and

selectively channeling data and audio signals from the after-market device to the car stereo using the interface.

- 48. The method of claim 47, further comprising receiving control commands from the car stereo at the interface.
- 49. The method of claim 48, further comprising converting the control commands into a format recognizable by the after-market audio device.
- 50. The method of claim 49, further comprising dispatching formatted commands to the after-market audio device for execution thereby.
- 51. The method of claim 47, further comprising converting data received at the interface from the after-market audio device into a format compatible with the car stereo.
- 52. The method of claim 51, further comprising displaying formatted data on the car stereo.
- 53. The method of claim 52, wherein the step of displaying formatted data comprises displaying channel numbers, channel names, titles, tracks, song names, or artist names on the car stereo.
- 54. The method of claim 52, wherein the step of displaying formatted data comprises displaying video on the car stereo.

- 55. A docking station for docking and integrating a portable audio device for use with a car stereo, comprising:
  - a base portion;
  - a bottom member connected to the base portion;
- a top member connected to the base portion, the base portion, bottom member, and top member defining a cavity for receiving a portable device; and
- an integration device positioned within the base portion for integrating the portable device with a car stereo.
- 56. The apparatus of claim 55, wherein the top member is hingedly connected at an edge to the base portion.
- 57. The apparatus of claim 55, wherein the base portion comprises a connector for connecting the integration device with the portable device.
- 58. The apparatus of claim 55, further comprising a cable interconnected at one end to the integration device and at an opposite end to the car stereo.
- 59. The apparatus of claim 55, wherein the integration device is wirelessly connected to the car stereo.
- 60. The apparatus of claim 59, wherein the integration device is connected to the car stereo by a Bluetooth wireless connection.
- 61. The apparatus of claim 55, wherein the portable device comprises a CD player, CD changer, MP3 player, Digital Audio Broadcast (DAB) receiver, or satellite receiver.
- 62. The apparatus of claim 61, wherein the satellite tuner comprises an XM or SIRIUS satellite tuner.
- 63. The apparatus of claim 55, wherein the integration device comprises a circuit board housed in the base portion.
- 64. The apparatus of claim 55, wherein the apparatus is mountable in a vehicle trunk.
- 65. The apparatus of claim 55, wherein the top member is pivotable away from the bottom member to allow access to the portable device.
- 66. The apparatus of claim 55, wherein the integration device is connected to the car stereo using a Firewire, D2B, MOST, CAN, USB, USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, or serial connection.

- 67. The apparatus of claim 55, wherein the car stereo is an OEM or after-market car stereo.
- 68. The apparatus of claim 55, further comprising one or more auxiliary input ports connected to the integration device for integrating additional portable devices external to the docking station.
- 69. A method for docking and integrating a portable audio device for use with a car stereo, comprising:

providing a docking station having a base portion, a bottom member connected to the base portion, a top member connected to the base portion, and an integration device housed within the base portion;

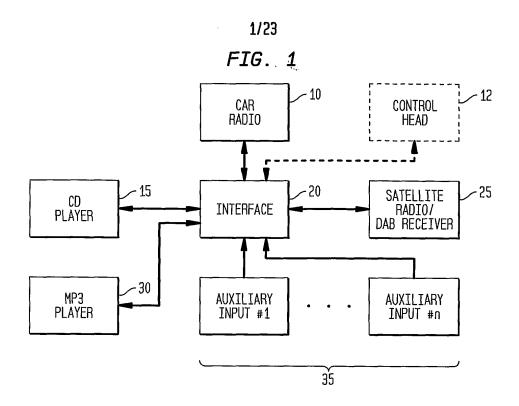
inserting a portable device into the docking station and connecting the portable device to a connector on the base portion; and

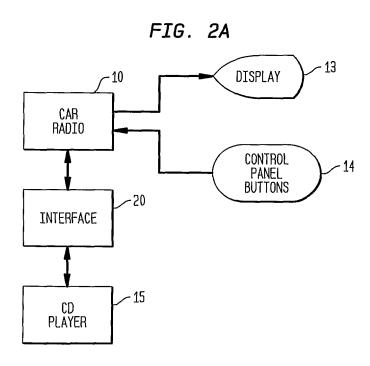
integrating the portable device with the integration device for use with a car stereo.

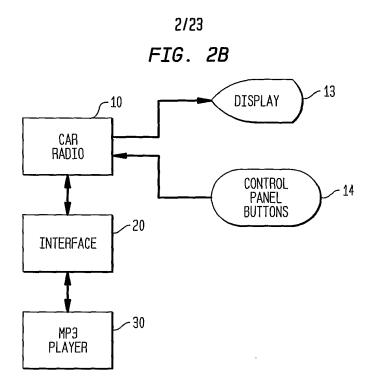
- 70. The method of claim 69, further comprising opening the top member away from the bottom member prior to inserting the portable device into the docking station.
- 71. The method of claim 69, further comprising closing the top member to retain the portable device in the docking station.
- 72. The method of claim 69, further comprising interconnecting the integration device with the car stereo with a cable.
- 73. The method of claim 69, further comprising establishing a wireless connection between the integration device and the car stereo.
- 74. The method of claim 73 further comprising establishing a Bluetooth wireless connection between the integration device and the car stereo.
- 75. The method of claim 69, further comprising integrating a CD player, CD changer, MP3 player, Digital Audio Broadcast (DAB) receiver, or satellite receiver with the car stereo.
- 76. The method of claim 69, further comprising integrating an XM or SIRIUS satellite tuner with the car stereo.
- 77. The method of claim 69, further comprising mounting the docking station in a vehicle trunk.

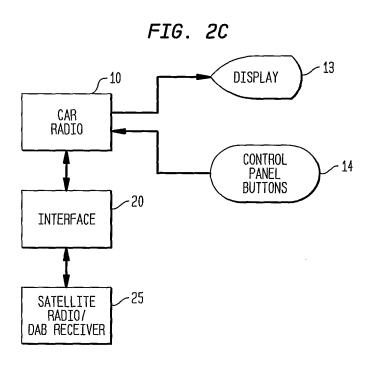
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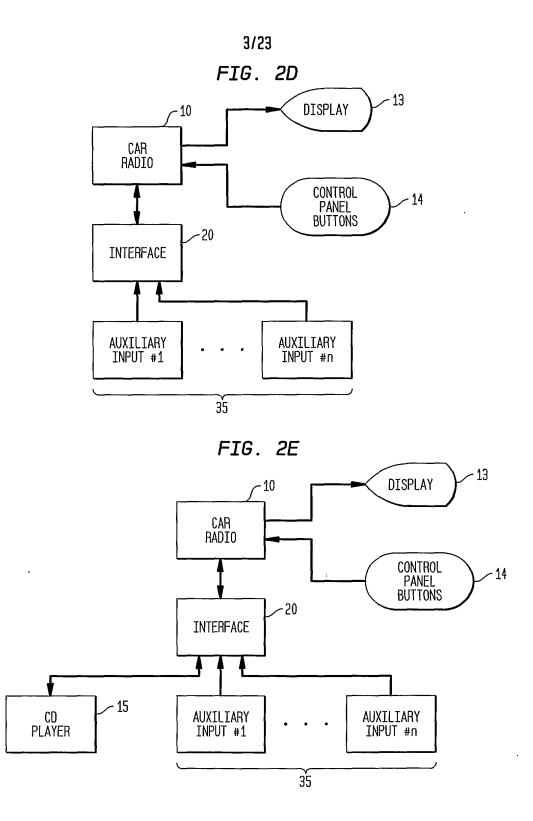
- 78. The method of claim 69, further comprising connecting the integration device to the car stereo using a Firewire, D2B, MOST, CAN, USB, USB2, IE Bus, T Bus, I Bus, or serial connection.
- 79. The method of claim 69, further comprising integrating the portable device with an after-market or OEM car stereo.
- 80. The method of claim 69, further comprising connecting an external portable device to an auxiliary input port on the docking station and integrating the external portable device with the car stereo.



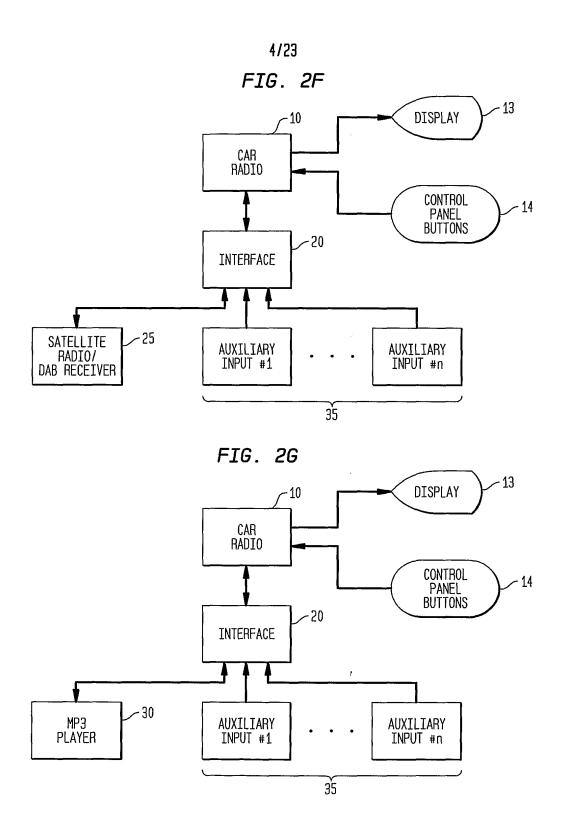






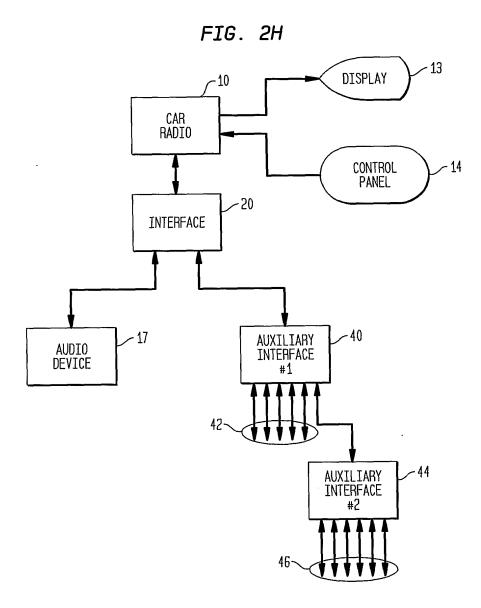


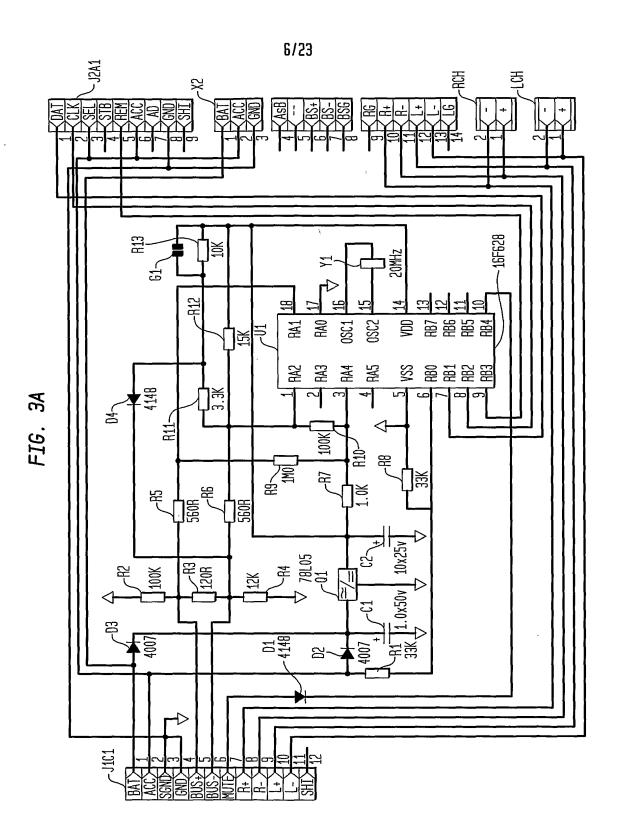
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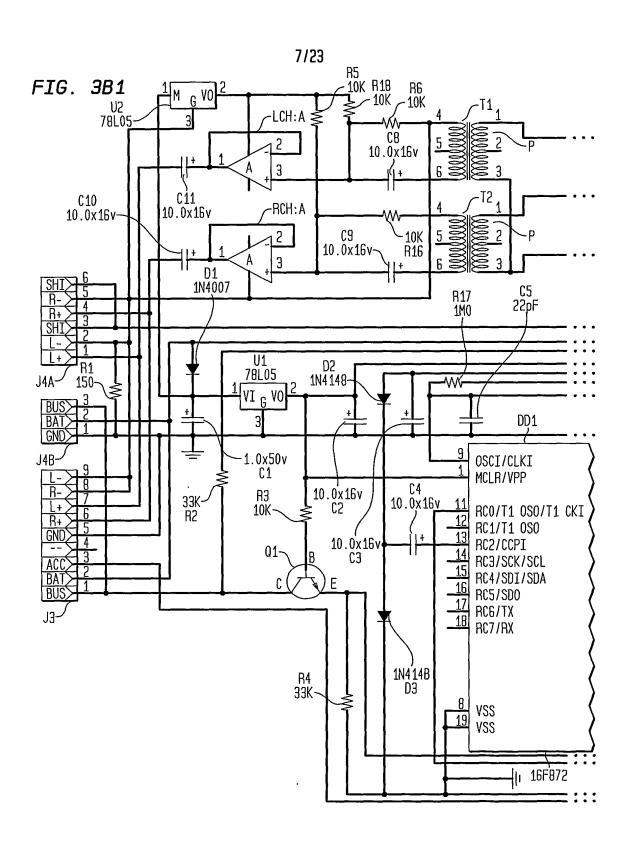
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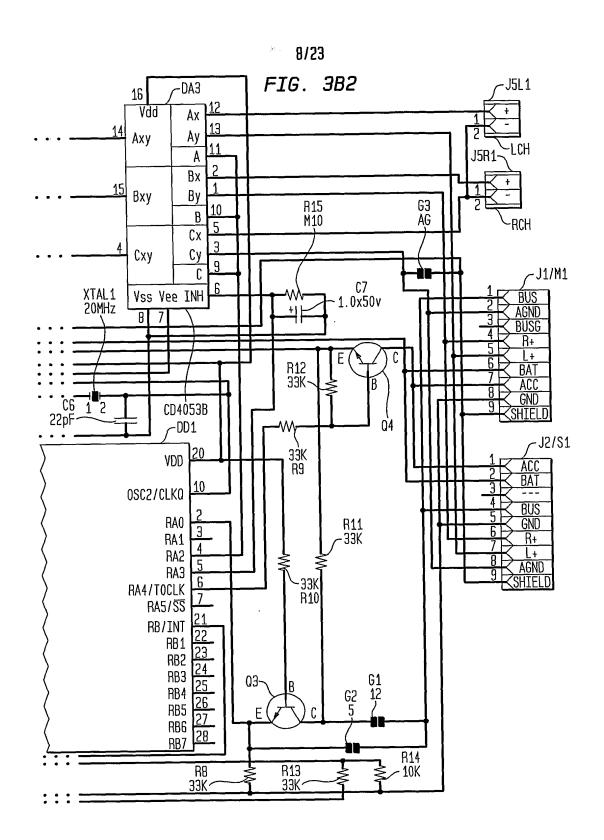
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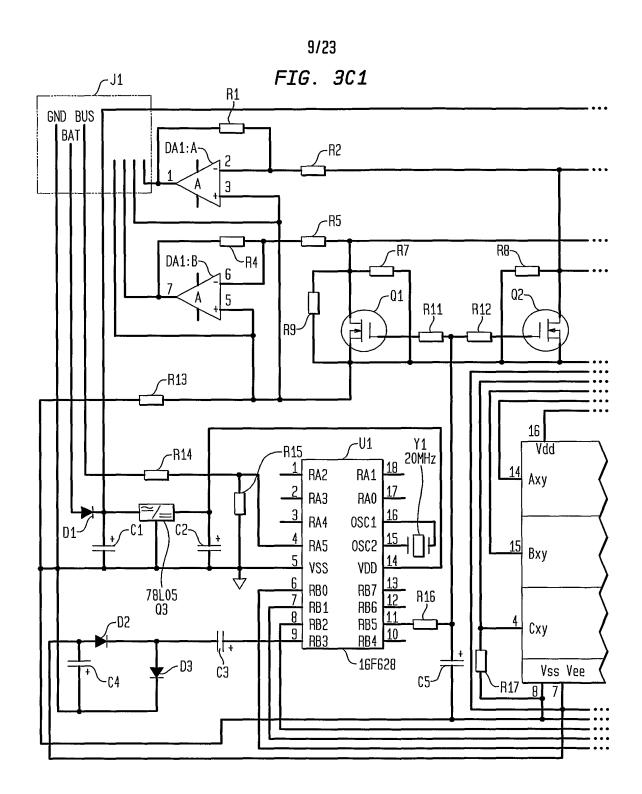




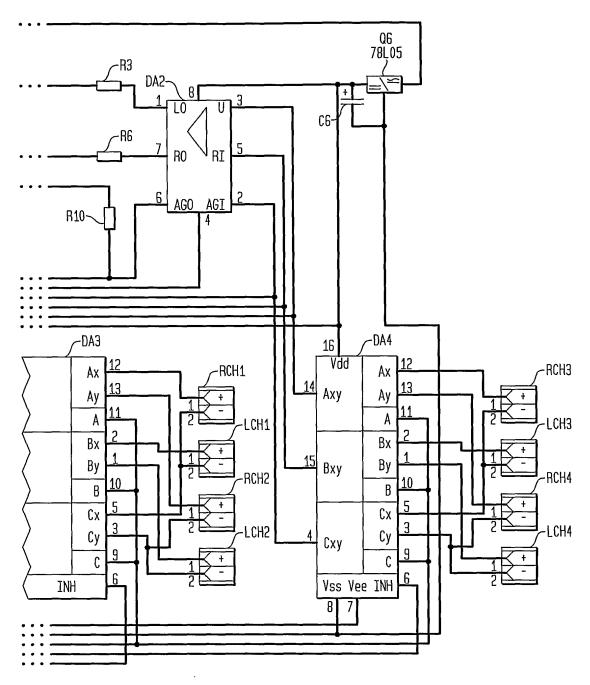
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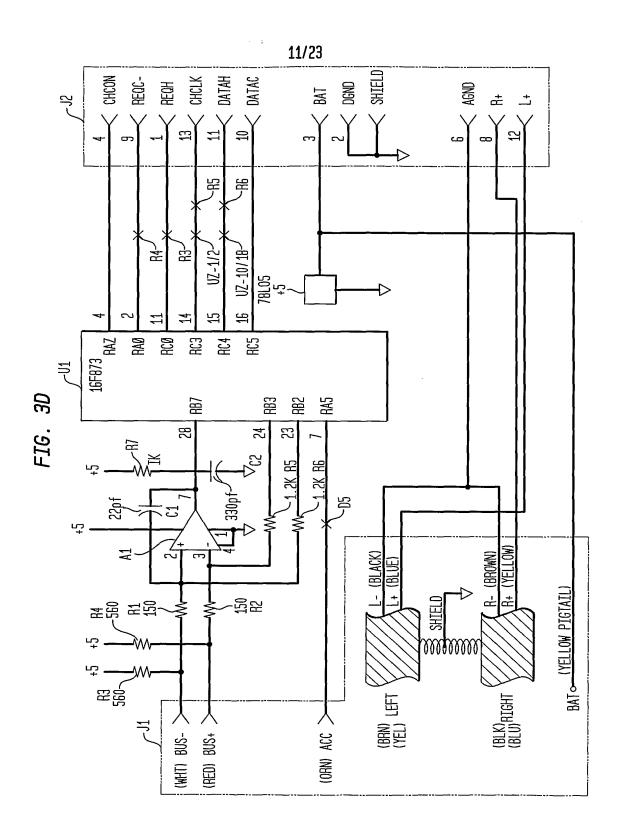


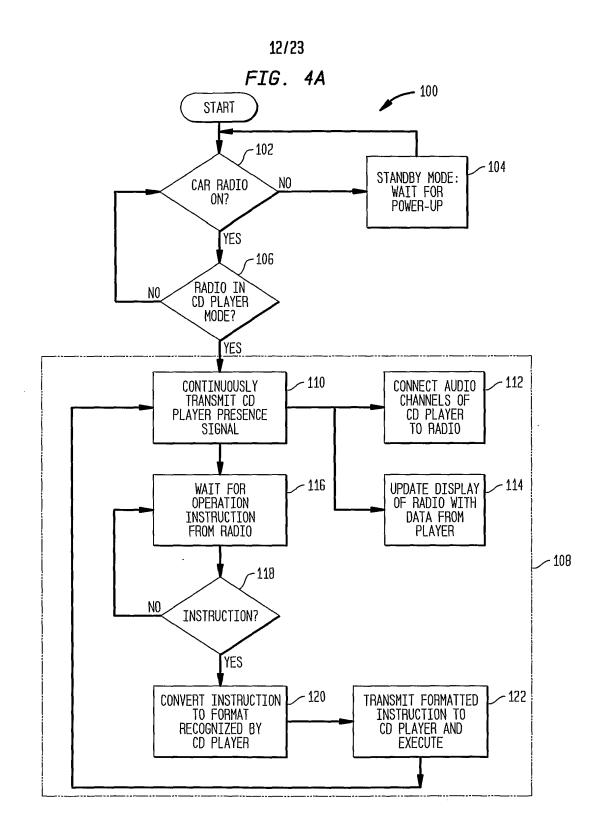


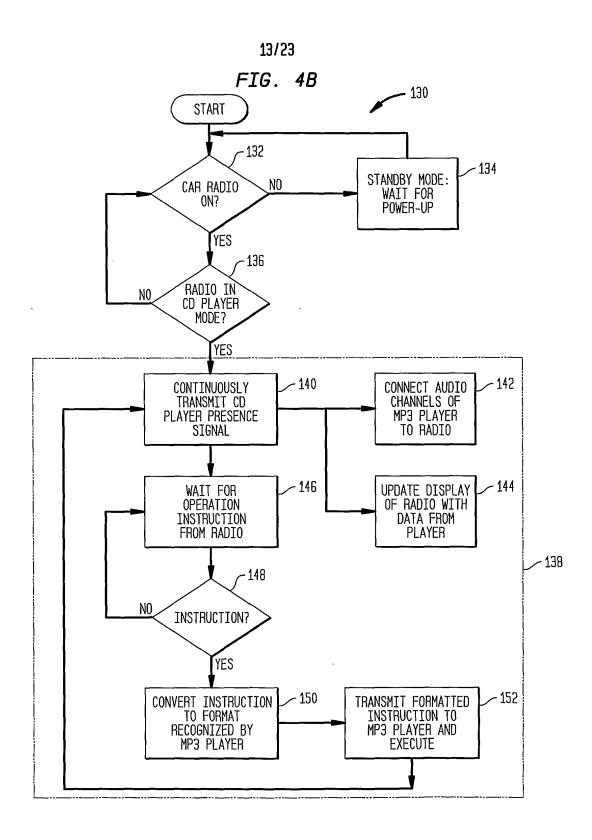


10/23 FIG. 3C2

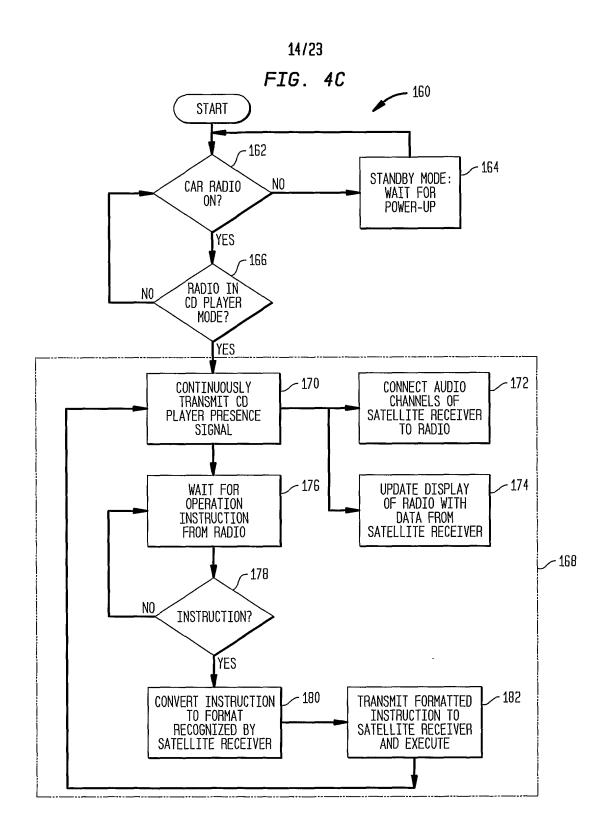


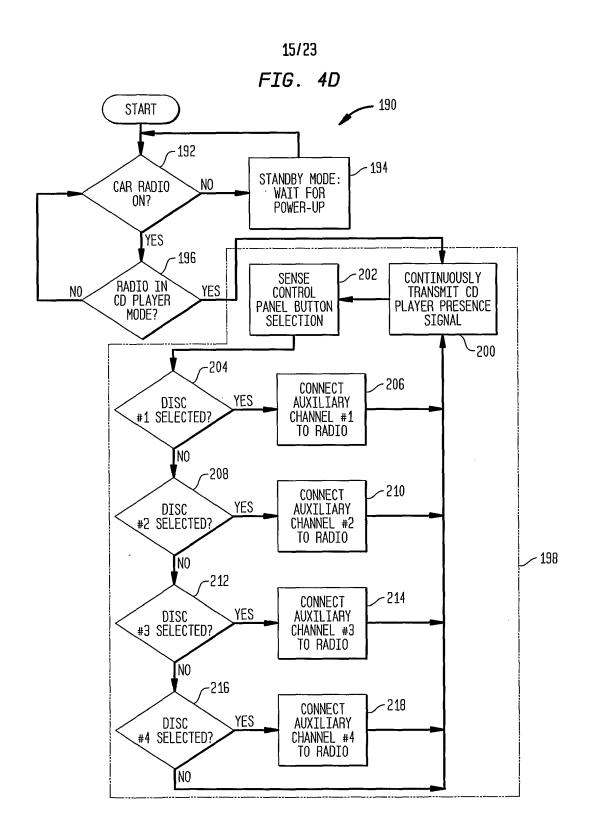




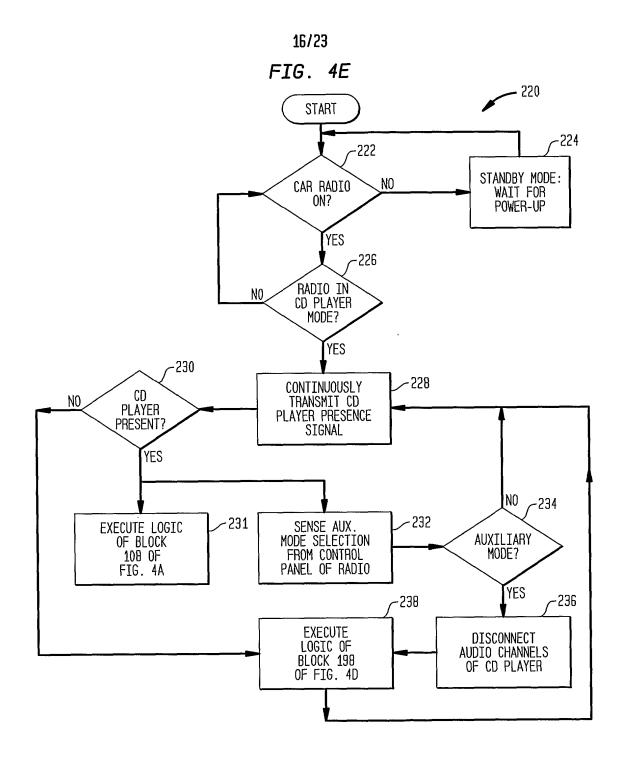


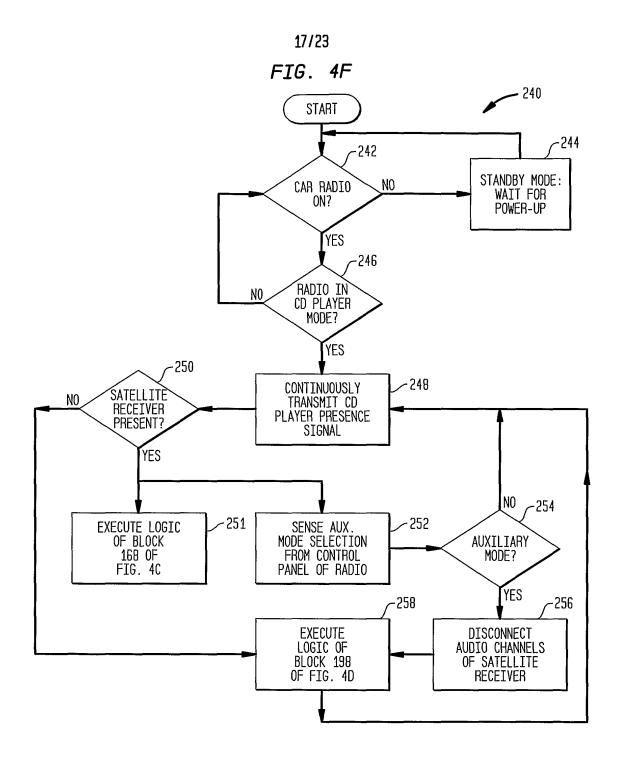
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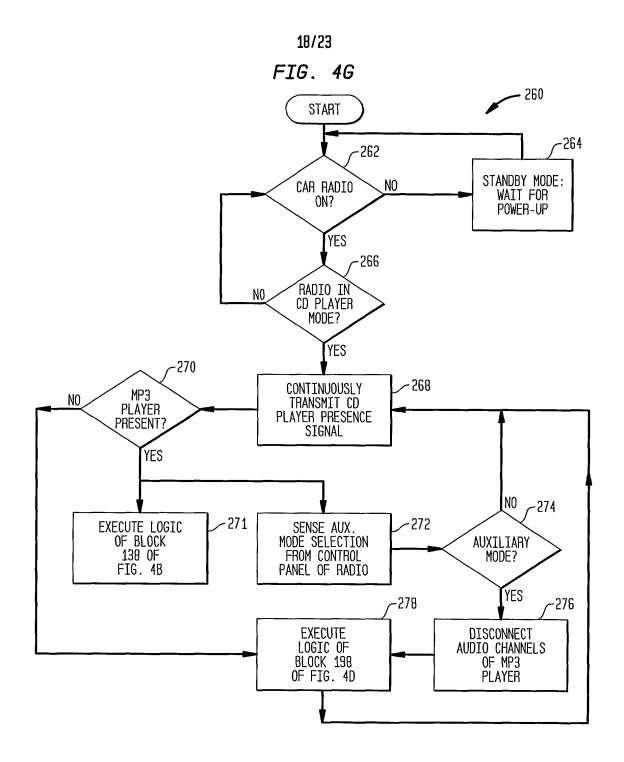


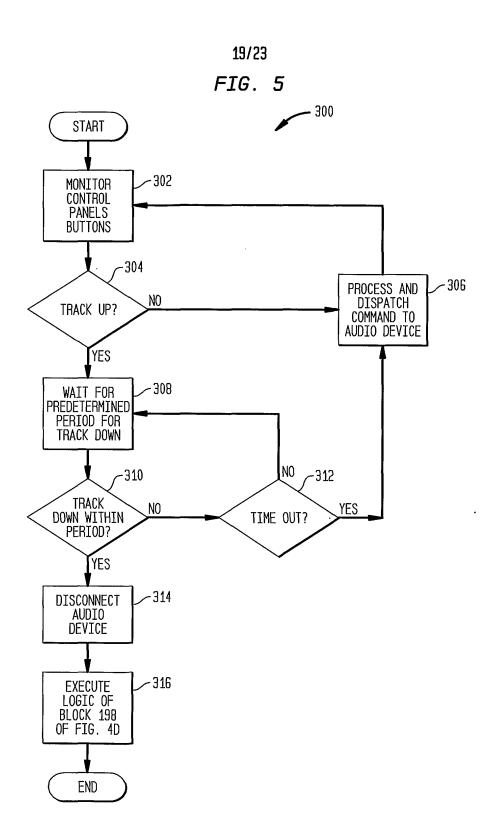


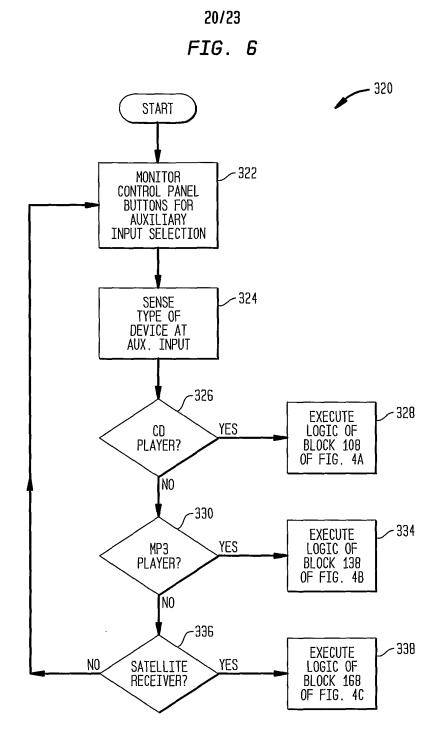
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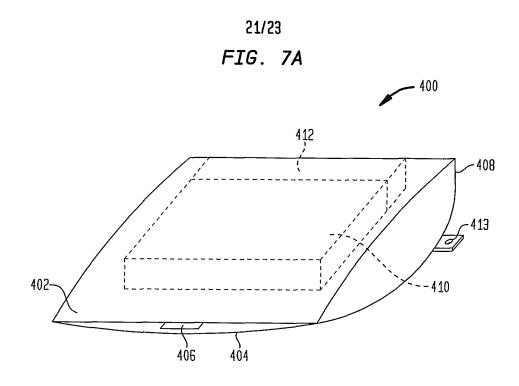


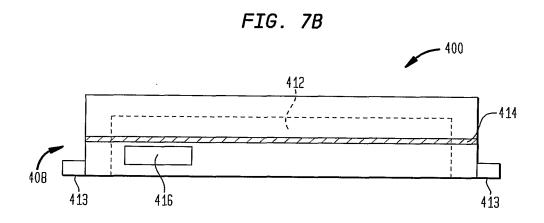






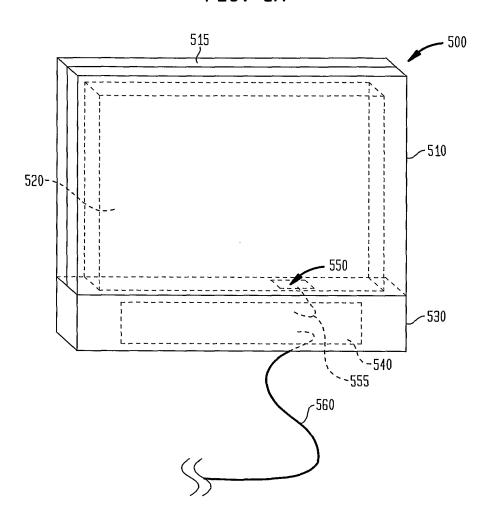


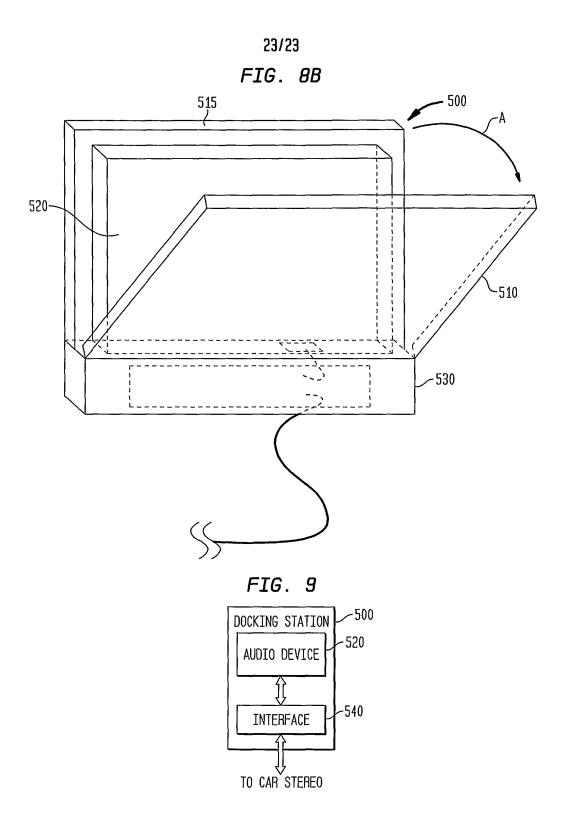




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FIG. 8A





# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US03/39493

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A. CLAS	SIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER : G06F 17/00; H04B 1/00, 3/00;				
US CL : 700/94; 381/86, 77					
	International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	national classification and IPC			
	DS SEARCHED				
	Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) U.S.: 700/94; 381/86, 77; 455/346,347; D14/434				
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched					
Databases av	ta base consulted during the international search (na ailable through EAST (USPAT, US-PGPUB, EPO,	me of data base and, where practicable, s JPO, DERWENT)	earch terms used)		
	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where a		Relevant to claim No.		
X  Y	US 6,396,164 B1 (BARNEA ET AL) 28 May 2002	2 (28.05.2902), see entire document.	1,2,5,11-21,24-25,27- 30,35-36,39-41		
_			3,4,6-10,22-23,26,31- 34,37-38,42-80		
Y, P	US 2003/0007649 A1 (RIGGS) 09 January 2003 (0 0092-0099.	9.01.2003), paragraphs 0037-0040 and	4,26,38,48-50,57,64, 67,73-76, 79		
Y	US 6,157,725 A (BECKER) 05 December 2000 (0 lines 6-46; col 8, line 20-col. 10, line 58.	5.12.2000), col. 4, lines 41-58; col. 6,	3,4,6,9-10,26,34- 38,44,47-54,61- 62,64,66-67,72,75-79		
Y	US 5,339,362 A (HARRIS) 16 August 1994 (16.08.1994), col. 3, line 25-col. 4, line 61 and Figures 2,3.		42-46,55-80		
Y	US 2001/0044664 A1 (MUELLER et al) 22 November 2001 (22.11.2001), paragraphs 4,7-12,26,31-38,51-0020-0028,0034-0035.				
Y	US 6,330,337 B1 (NICHOLSON) 11 December 20 line 32-col. 4,1 line 28.	01 (11.12.2001), Figure 2 and col. 3,	22-23,68,80		
	documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	See patent family annex.			
Special categories of cited documents:  "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance.		"T" later document published after the inte date and not in conflict with the applic principle or theory underlying the inve	ation but cited to understand the		
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"O" document	referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	combined with one or more other such being obvious to a person skilled in the	documents, such combination art		
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the "&" document member of the same patent family priority date claimed			amily		
Date of the actual completion of the international search  O7 April 2004 (07.04.2004)  Date of mailing of the international search report  12 MAY 2004					
Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450		Authorized officer  Bill Isen  Telephone No. 703-305-3900			
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230  Telephone No. 703-305-3960					

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PCT/USO	20100400	
PUTTING	14/44444	
101/000	30107770	

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

ategory *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim N
Y	US 4,772,079 A (DOUGLAS et al) 20 September 1988 (20.09.1988), col. 3, lines 25-64.	42-46,55-80
		,

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1998)

(19)

KOREAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFICE

#### KOREAN PATENT ABSTRACTS

(11)Publication number: 1020010035788 A (43) Date of publication of application:

07.05.2001

(21)Application number: 1019990042524

(71)Applicant:

PARK, GYU JIN

(22)Date of filing:

02.10.1999

(30)Priority:

(72)inventor:

PARK, GYU JIN

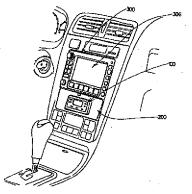
(51)Int. CI

G11B 20/10

### (54) CAR DIGITAL COMBINATION SYSTEM

### (57) Abstract:

PURPOSE: A car digital combination system is provided to enhance performance of a car A/V system by permitting a digital data each genre, such as a learning data, a car repair guide, a data for so called singing room realization, and so on which are processed in a caption player by organically coupling a digital caption player to a car A/V system, to be displayed on a large size screen for a car A/V system or a car navigation system. CONSTITUTION: A digital caption player(100) downloads various digital data including a caption synchronized with a digital audio, reproduce the digital



data, and digital-records a voice inputted from the outside. A docking station(200) accommodates the digital caption player(100) to fix it on a front face panel of a car and connects a digital caption character output signal and an audio output signal and a control signal for function selection/control from the digital caption layer(100) to a car A/V system(300). The car A/V system(300) receives digital data of the digital caption player (100) inputted through the docking station(200) and outputs the audio and caption data to display devices for a speaker and a monitor, respectively. The digital caption player(100) and the car A/V system(300) having a display device(306) of a large size screen are arranged in the vicinity of centerpesia of the car. The digital caption player(100) is organically coupled to the car A/V system(300) through the docking station(200) for holding the digital caption player(100). The car A/V system(300) may include a car navigation.

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Legal Status

Date of request for an examination (19991002)

Notification date of refusal decision (00000000)

Final disposal of an application (rejection)

Date of final disposal of an application (20020621)

Patent registration number ()

Date of registration (00000000)

Number of opposition against the grant of a patent ()

Date of opposition against the grant of a patent (00000000)

Number of trial against decision to refuse ()

Date of requesting trial against decision to refuse ()

### KOREAN PATENT ABSTRACTS XML 2(1-2)

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(19)

KOREAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFICE

### KOREAN PATENT ABSTRACTS

(11)Publication

1020010059192 A

number:

(43)Date of publication of application:

COMPANY

06.07.2001

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(71)Applicant:

HYUNDAI MOTOR

(22)Date of filing:

30.12.1999

(72)Inventor:

LEE, JAE GWANG

(30)Priority:

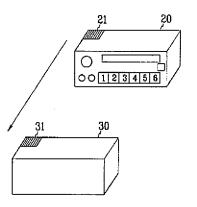
G11B 17/02

(51)Int. CI

(54) COMPACT DISK CHANGER OPERATING SYSTEM

#### (57) Abstract:

PURPOSE: A compact disk changer operating system is provided to reduce inconvenience caused by installing a cable and a cost by deleting DIN cable. CONSTITUTION: An audio head unit(20) is installed in a vehicle and has a wireless transmitting apparatus to be able to transmit by a wireless. A CD changer(30) has a wireless receiving apparatus receives a signal from the wireless transmitting apparatus and is made an operating control by the audio head unit(20). The wireless transmitting apparatus of the audio head unit(20) is composed of



an infrared emitting diode(21). The wireless receiving apparatus of the CD changer(30) is composed of a photo diode(31). The infrared emitting diode(21) and the photo diode(31) are just only one example of practice and is not restricted by practice example if only transmission and reception can be possible by the wirefess. In the same manner installation position of the infrared emitting diode(21) and the photo diode (31) also are not limited to a special position.

### (19)日本国特許庁(JP)

# (12) 公開特許公報(A)

(11)特許出顧公開番号 特開2000-286874 (P2000-286874A)

(43)公開日 平成12年10月13日(2000, 10.13)

(51) Int.Cl. <sup>7</sup>	識別和号	F I		テーマコード(参考)
H04L	12/40	H04L	11/00 3 2 0	3 D 0 2 0
B60R	11/02	B 6 0 R	11/02 B	5 K 0 3 2
H04L	12/28	H04L	11/00 3 1 0 Z	5 K 0 3 3

## 審査請求 未請求 請求項の数5 〇L (全 6 頁)

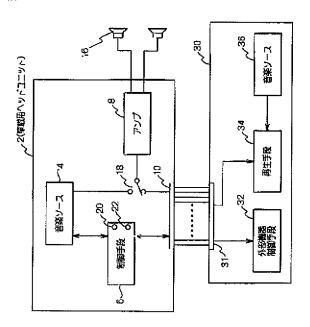
(21)出顧番号	特顯平11-90570	(71) 出願人 000002082
		スズキ株式会社
(22) 出顧日	平成11年3月31日(1999.3.31)	静岡県浜松市高場町300番地
		(72)発明者 植村 宏
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		会社内
		(74)代理人 100079164
		弁理士 高橋 勇
		Fターム(参考) 30020 BA02 BA05 BA09 BA10 BA13
		BB01 BC03 BE03
		5KO32 BA06 BA08 DB03 DB04
		5K033 BA06 BA03 DB03 DB04
		3,00 3,00 250 250

# (54) 【発明の名称】 車載用ヘッドユニット及び車載用外部機器

#### (57)【要約】

【課題】 車載用オーディオの外部機器を低コストでかつ利用しやすいものとすること。

【解決手段】 内部音楽ソース4からの音声信号を増幅するアンプ8と、外部機器を接続する外部機器コネクタ10にケーブルを介して接続される外部機器から入力される音声信号と前記内部音楽ソースから入力される音声信号とを切替える切替スイッチ18と、前記内部音楽ソース4と前記外部機器30との切替えを制御する制御手段6とを備えている。しかも、外部機器コネクタ31が、バス接続用の複数のバス用ピン12を接続するバス用ピン接続端子と、このバス用ピンに併設されコントロール信号を送受する2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子と、前記外部機器と接続される前記バス用ピンおよび前記コントロールピンとを有する1本のケーブルを係合するコネクタ本体11とを備えた。



#### 【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 内部音楽ソースからの音声信号を増幅するアンプと、外部機器を接続する外部機器コネクタと、この外部機器コネクタにケーブルを介して接続される外部機器から入力される音声信号と前記内部音楽ソースから入力される音声信号とを切替える切替スイッチと、前記内部音楽ソースと前記外部機器との切替えを制御する制御手段とを備えた車載用ヘッドユニットにおいて、前記外部機器コネクタが、バス接続用の複数のバス用ピン接続端子と、このバス用ピンに併設されコントロール信号を送受する2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子と、前記外部機器と接続される前記バス用ピンおよび前記コントロールピンとを有する1本のケーブルを係合するコネクタ本体とを備えたことを特徴とする車載用ヘッドユニット。

【請求項2】 前記制御手段が、前記始動時に前記バス 用ピンと前記コントロールピンとに接続チェック信号それぞれ送信すると共に当該接続チェック信号に応答があった側のピン接続端子を有効と設定する第1の接続開始 制御部を備えたことを特徴とする請求項1記載の車載用へッドユニット。

【請求項3】 前記制御手段が、前記始動時に前記2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子のうち一方を予め定められた一定期間中ハイにすると共に当該一定期間経過後は当該2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子への出力を前記始動時前の状態に戻す第2の接続開始制御部を備えたことを特徴とする請求項1記載の車載用ヘッドユニット。【請求項4】 ヘッドユニットに対して外部機器となるTV, CD又はMD等の外部音楽ソースを再生する再生手段と、この再生手段によって再生される音声信号を前記ヘッドユニットハケーブルを介して伝達するためのヘッドユニット用コネクタと、このヘッドユニット用コネクタと、このヘッドユニット用コネクタと、このヘッドユニット用コネクタと、このヘッドユニット用コネクタと、このヘッドユニット用コネクタから入力される制御信号に応じて前記再生手段を制御する外部機器制御手段とを備えた車載用外部機器において、

前記へッドユニット用コネクタが、バス接続用の複数のバス用ピン接続端子と、このバス用ピンに併設されコントロール信号を送受する2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子と、前記外部機器と接続される前記バス用ピンおよび前記コントロールピンとを有する1本のケーブルを係合するコネクタ本体とを備えると共に、

前記再生手段に、前記ヘッドユニット用コネクタから入力される接続チェック信号に応じて前記コントロール用ピン接続端子又は前記バス用ピン接続端子の一方を選択する接続切替手段を備えたことを特徴とする車載用外部機器。

【請求項5】 ヘッドユニットに対して外部機器となる TV, CD又はMD等の外部音楽ソースを再生する再生 手段と、前記ヘッドユニットから入力される制御信号に 応じて前記再生手段を制御する外部機器制御手段とを備 えた車載用外部機器において、

前記外部機器制御手段に、前記ヘッドユニット又は他の外部機器と接続する2以上の拡張コネクタを併設し、前記拡張コネクタが、バス接続用の複数のバス用ピン接続端子と、このバス用ピンに併設されコントロール信号を送受する2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子と、前記外部機器と接続される前記バス用ピンおよび前記コントロールピンとを有する1本のケーブルを係合するコネクタ本体とを備え、

前記外部機器制御手段が、前記ヘッドユニットが接続されたコネクタに対して前記コントロール用ピン接続端子を有効と設定すると共に前記他の外部機器が接続されたコネクタに対して前記バス用ピン接続端子を有効に設定する複数接続制御部を備えたことを特徴とする車載用外部機器。

#### 【発明の詳細な説明】

#### [0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】本発明は、車載用ヘッドユニット及び車載用外部機器に係り、特に、車載用ヘッドユニットに車載用外部機器を増設する際の接続方式に特徴のある車載用ヘッドユニット及び車載用外部機器に関する。

#### [0002]

【従来の技術】従来、車載用オーディオのヘッドユニットと外部機器の接続方式は、デッキ接続とバス接続の2通がある。一般的には、ヘッドユニットは例えばFM/AMラジオ付きカセットであり、一方、外部機器はCDプレーヤ、MDプレーヤまたはTV等である。

#### [0003]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】しかしながら、上記従来例では、デッキ接続とバス接続の接続方式は互換性がないため、CDプレーヤはデッキ接続用とバス接続用の二種類を用意しなければならない、という不都合があった。このため、ユーザは、外部機器を選定する時に、自分のヘッドユニットがデッキ接続用であるのか、それともバス接続用であるのかを確認しなければならなかった。

#### 【0004】

【発明の目的】本発明は、係る従来例の有する不都合を 改善し、特に、車載用オーディオの外部機器を低コスト でかつ利用しやすいものとすることのできる車載用ヘッ ドユニット及び車載用外部機器を提供することを、その 目的とする。

#### [0005]

【課題を解決するための手段】そこで、本発明による車 載用ヘッドユニットでは、内部音楽ソースからの音声信 号を増幅するアンプと、外部機器を接続する外部機器コネクタと、この外部機器コネクタにケーブルを介して接 続される外部機器から入力される音声信号と前記内部音 楽ソースから入力される音声信号とを切替える切替えて Petitioners

Ex. 1014 - Page 523

ッチと、前記内部音楽ソースと前記外部機器との切替えを制御する制御手段とを備えている。そして、外部機器コネクタが、バス接続用の複数のバス用ピン接続端子と、このバス用ピンに併設されコントロール信号を送受する2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子と、前記外部機器と接続される前記バス用ピンおよび前記コントロールピンとを有する1本のケーブルを係合するコネクタ本体とを備えた、という構成を採っている。これにより前述した目的を達成しようとするものである。

【0006】ここでは、外部機器コネクタが、バス接続用のバス用ピン接続端子と、デッキ接続用のコントロール用ピン接続端子とを備えたため、いずれの接続形式の外部機器であっても、同一のケーブルで接続される。このため、外部機器の購入に際して、ヘッドユニットのコネクタ形状に応じて外部機器を選択する必要がない。 【0007】

【発明の実施の形態】以下、本発明の実施の形態を図面を参照して説明する。図1は本発明による車載用ヘッドユニットと当該車載用ヘッドユニットに接続した車載用外部機器との構成を示すブロック図である。図1に示すように、車載用ヘッドユニット2は、内部音楽ソース4からの音声信号を増幅するアンプ8と、外部機器を接続する外部機器コネクタ10と、この外部機器コネクタ10にケーブルを介して接続される外部機器コネクタ10にケーブルを介して接続される外部機器コネクタ16にケーブルを介して接続される外部機器コネクタ16とを切替える切替スイッチ18と、前記内部音楽ソース4と前記外部機器30との切替えを制御する制御手段6とを備えている。

【0008】しかも、図2に示すように、外部機器コネクタ31が、バス接続用の複数のバス用ピン12を接続するバス用ピン接続端子(図2のピン番号1,2のBUS+と-)と、このバス用ピンに併設されコントロール信号を送受する2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子(図2のピン番号5,13のCONT1及び2)と、前記外部機器と接続される前記バス用ピンおよび前記コントロールピンとを有する1本のケーブルを係合するコネクタ本体11とを備えている。

【0009】図2に示すように、本実施形態ではヘッドユニット2と外部機器30とを接続するコネクタ及び信号ラインをデッキ接続用とバス接続用の両方を含む形態としている。デッキ接続Dは、図3(A)に示すように、外部機器を1台のみ接続する方式である。その長所は低コストで製造できる点にあり、対処は、1台のみの接続であることと、CDチェンジャーなどをヘッドユニットの操作により制御することができない点にある。デッキ接続では、例えば、ヘッドユニットの内部音楽ソース(ラジオ、テープ)が動作中はCONT1を"Hi"とする。外部機器が動作中にヘッドユニットが動作すると、CONT1を"Hi"とする。外部機器が動作中にヘッドユニットが動作すると、CONT1を"Hi"とする。これに応じて外部機器は

再生を停止し、CONT2を"Lo"とする。

【0010】一方、バス接続は複数台の外部機器の接続が可能であり、また、CDチェンジャッーなどの制御をヘッドユニットで行うことができる。バス接続では、各機器にアドレスを割り当ててバスにより接続し、動作、停止等の要求をやりとりすることで連携する。バス接続では、通信用ICが必要となり、マイコン処理が増えるため、コストが高くなってしまう。一般的に、デッキ接続は廉価品に、バス接続は高級品に使用されている。

【0011】本実施形態では、図1に示すように、図2 に示した方式の13ピンを用いることで、ヘッドユニッ トがバス接続であるのかまたはデッキ接続であるのかに 関わらず、同一の外部機器を接続することができる。図 1に示す例では、外部機器は、ヘッドユニットに対して 外部機器となるTV,CD又はMD等の外部音楽ソース を再生する再生手段34と、この再生手段34によって 再生される音声信号を前記ヘッドユニットヘケーブルを 介して伝達するためのヘッドユニット用コネクタ31 と、このヘッドユニット用コネクタ31から入力される 制御信号に応じて前記再生手段34を制御する外部機器 制御手段32とを備えている。そして、ヘッドユニット 用コネクタ31は、上述した外部機器コネクタと同一の 形状、構造を採っている。そして、ヘッドユニット用コ ネクタから入力される接続チェック信号に応じて再生手 段を前記コントロール用ピン接続端子又は前記バス用ピ ン接続端子の一方を選択する接続方式切替手段を備えて いる。この接続方式切替手段が、ヘッドユニットの採用 する接続方式に応じて、バス接続またはデッキ接続を選 択するため、ユーザがヘッドユニットの接続方式を確認 する必要がなくなる。これは、ヘッドユニット側がデッ キ接続またはバス接続のみに対応している場合に好適で ある。

【0012】また、ヘッドユニット側が両方の接続方式に対応していて、外部機器が一方の接続方式にのみ対応している場合には、図1に示したヘッドユニット2の制御手段6が、始動時(ACC ON時)にバス用ピンと前記コントロールピンとに接続チェック信号それぞれ送信すると共に当該接続チェック信号に応答があった側のピン接続端子を有効と設定する第1の接続開始制御部20を備えるとよい。

【0013】さらに、ヘッドユニットがデッキ接続のみに対応している場合には、第1の接続開始制御部20に代えて、始動時に前記2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子のうち一方を予め定められた一定期間中ハイにすると共に当該一定期間経過後は当該2つのコントロール用ピン接続端子への出力を前記始動時前の状態に戻す第2の接続開始制御部を備えるとよい。この場合、デッキ接続にのみ対応した外部機器や、または両方の接続方式に対応した外部機器との間でデッキ接続を確立する。

【0014】図4は本実施形態による13ピンの接続方 Petitioners 式を使用して複数台の外部機器を接続した例を示すブロック図である。図4に示す例では、ヘッドユニットを低コストとするためにデッキ接続専用としつつ、図2に示すコネクタを採用する。そして、外部機器として操作パネルを有するTVを設け、このTVから2台の他の外部機器をバス接続する。そして、TVの操作パネルを操作することで、デッキ接続を介してヘッドユニットに送信する音楽ソースを選択する。図4に示す他の外部機器30、38は、図2に示すコネクタを有しつつ、さらにデッキ接続とバス接続の両方に対応したものとすると、当該他の外部機器を直接ヘッドユニット2に接続することもでき、接続の形態に応じて外部機器の接続方式及びコネクタを選択する必要がなくなる。

【0015】図4に示す外部機器40は、ヘッドユニット又は他の外部機器と接続する2以上の拡張コネクタ41を備えている。そして、当該拡張コネクタは、図1に示す外部機器コネクタと同様の形式、構造を採っている。そして、この外部機器40のコントローラとなる外部機器制御手段は、ヘッドユニット2が接続されたコネクタ41に対して前記コントロール用ピン接続端子を有効と設定することでデッキ接続を行い、さらに、他の外部機器が接続されたコネクタ41に対して前記バス用ピン接続端子を有効に設定することでバス接続する複数接続制御部を備えている。これにより、ヘッドユニット2を低コストとしつつ、複数台の外部機器を接続でき、そして、すべて同一のケーブルを利用して接続できるため、接続及び機器の選定が容易となる。

【0016】図5は本発明による車載用ヘッドユニットの実施例の構成を示すブロック図である。図5に示す車載用ヘッドユニットは、FM/AMラジオ付カセットである。図5に示すように、FM/AMラジオ付カセットである。図5に示すように、FM/AMラジオ付カセットである。図5に示すように、FM/AMラジオ付カセット(ヘッドユニット)は、車両アンテナで受信する電波に同調するチューナー回路52と、カセットテープを再生するテープヘッド54からの再生信号を増幅するテープイコライザアンプ53と、外部機器30から入力される音声信号を増幅するグランドアイソレーションアンプ55と、これらの音楽ソースからの音声信号を切替信号に応じて切り替える音声信号切替スイッチ18とを備えている。

【0017】FM/AMラジオ付カセット2はさらに、切替スイッチから入力される音声信号の増幅を調整するボリウム回路7と、このボリウム回路の出力を増幅するパワーアンプ8とを備えている。また、このパワーアンプ8は、スピーカー16に接続されている。そして、外部機器30とデッキ接続される制御手段としての制御用マイコン6を備えている。

【0018】図6に示すように、FM/AMラジオ付カセット2と外部機器との接続の確立は、AccON時の接続チェック信号の送受信により行う。図6(A)はデッキ接続を確立するための接続チェック信号の一例を示

す波形図であり、FM/AMラジオ付カセット2は、A c c O N時に500 [ms] CONT1を"Hi"とする。これにより、FM/AMラジオ付カセット2がデッキ接続を要求していることを外部機器に伝達する。また、FM/AMラジオ付カセット2がバス接続を外部機器に要求するには、図6(B)に示すように、AccON時直後に接続チェック信号となるパルス信号を各機器に送信し、返事を待つ。外部機器から当該接続チェック信号に応じた信号が入力されると、当該外部機器とバス接続を確立する。

【0019】図7に示すように、外部機器30は、AccON時に、バス信号とCONT1信号とをチェックして現在接続されているヘッドユニットがどちらの方式かを判断する。すなわち、AccONとなると、バス接続用の接続チェック信号が入力されたか否かを確認し(ステップS1)、図6(B)に示す信号が入力された場合にはバス接続を確立する(ステップS2)。一方、バス接続用の接続チェック信号が入力されない場合には、図6(A)に示すCONT1が"Hi"であるか否かを判定する(ステップS3)。そして、CONT1が"Hi"であれば、デッキ接続を確立する(ステップS4)。

【0020】また、AccONから2秒間バス信号、CONT1も入力されないときには、外部機器はヘッドユニットに対して接続要求のバス信号を送信する。

【0021】上述したように本実施形態によると、1つの接続コネクタの中にデッキ接続とバス接続の2つの方式の配線を入れ、そして、外部機器は、接続されたヘッドユニットがどちらの方式のものであるかを識別するため、外部機器は1機種で対応できるため、品種を少なくすることができ、そして、ユーザが外部機器を選定するときに自分のヘッドユニットがどちらの接続方式であるかを考慮する必要がなくなる。

#### [0022]

【発明の効果】本発明は以上のように構成され機能するので、これによると、外部機器コネクタが、バス接続用のバス用ピン接続端子と、デッキ接続用のコントロール用ピン接続端子とを備えたため、いずれの接続形式の外部機器であっても、同一のケーブルで接続することができ、従って、同一の機能の外部機器についてコネクタ形状別に外部機器の製造を行う必要がなく、また、ユーザは、外部機器の購入に際して、ヘッドユニットのコネクタ形状に応じて外部機器を選択する必要がなく、このため、外部機器の増設作業を簡単に行うことができる、という従来にない優れた車載用ヘッドユニット及び車載用外部機器を提供することができる。

#### 【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】本発明の一実施形態の構成を示すブロック図である。

【図2】図1に示した外部機器コネクタ等の形式及び構 Petitioners 造の一例を示す説明図である。

【図3】ヘッドユニットと外部機器の接続の例を示すブロック図であり、図3(A)はデッキ接続の一例を示し、図3(B)はバス接続の一例を示す図である。

【図4】デッキ接続形式のヘッドユニットに複数の外部 機器を接続する例を示すブロック図である。

【図5】本発明の一実施例の構成を示すブロック図である。

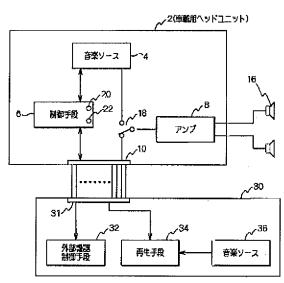
【図6】接続チェック信号の一例を示す波形図であり、図6(A)はデッキ接続での接続チェック信号の一例を示す図で、図6(B)はバス接続での接続チェック信号の一例を示す図である。

【図7】図6に示す接続チェック信号を用いた外部機器

側の接続確立処理の一例を示すフローチャートである。 【符号の説明】

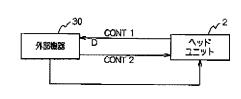
- 2 ヘッドユニット (例えば、FM/AMラジオ付カセット)
- 4 ヘッドユニットの音楽ソース(例えば、カセット)
- 6 制御手段(制御用マイコン)
- 8 アンプ
- 10 外部機器用コネクタ
- 16 スピーカ
- 30 外部機器 (例えば、CDプレーヤ)
- 31 ヘッドユニット用コネクタ
- 32 **外部機器接続制御手段(制御用マイコン及び通信** 用IC)

【図1】

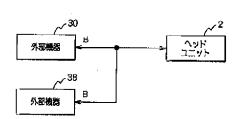


【図3】

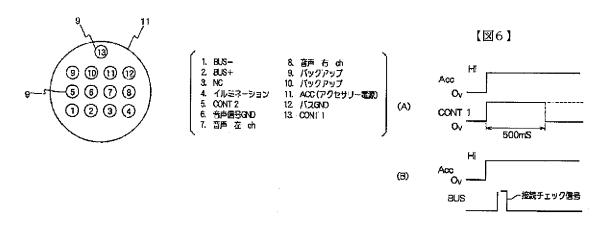
(A)

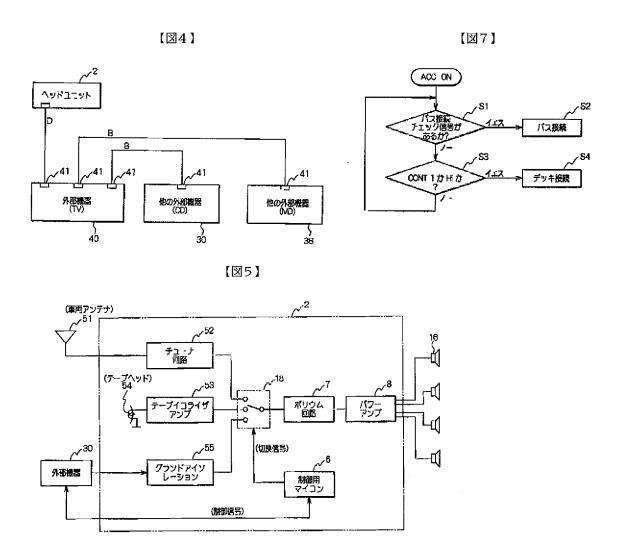


(B)



【図2】





# PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

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(71)Applicant : SUZUKI MOTOR CORP

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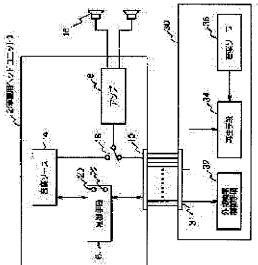
(72)Inventor: UEMURA HIROSHI

# (54) ON-VEHICLE HEAD UNIT AND ON-VEHICLE EXTERNAL DEVICE

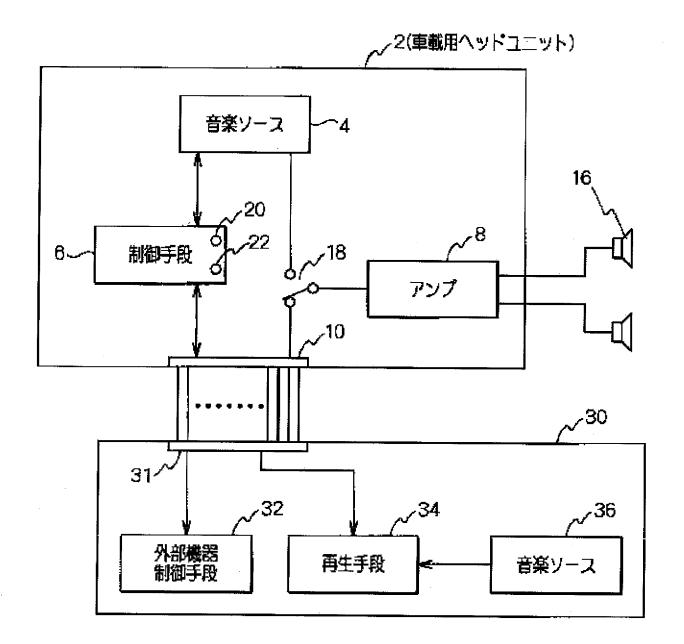
# (57)Abstract:

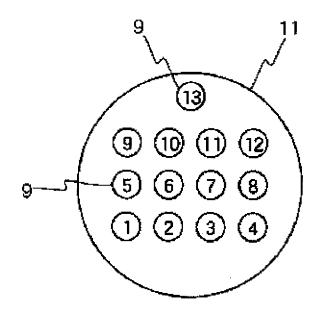
PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an external device for an on-vehicle audio unit which device is inexpensive and easily used.

SOLUTION: An on-vehicle head unit 2 is provided with an amplifier 8 that amplifies an audio signal from an internal music source 4, an external unit connector 10 for connecting the head unit 2 to an external device, a changeover switch 18 that selects an audio signal received from the external device connected to the external unit connector 10 via a cable or the audio signal received from the internal music source, and a control means 6 that controls switching between the internal music source 4 and the external device 30. Furthermore, an external device connector 31 is provided with bus use

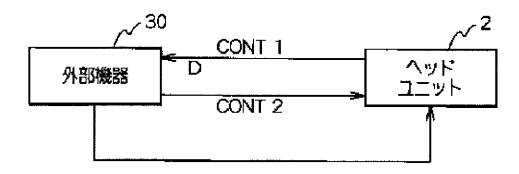


pin connection terminals connected to a plurality of bus pins for bus connection, two control pin connection terminals provided along the bus pins to send/receive a control signal, and a connector main body engaging one cable connected to the external device and having the bus pins and the control pins.

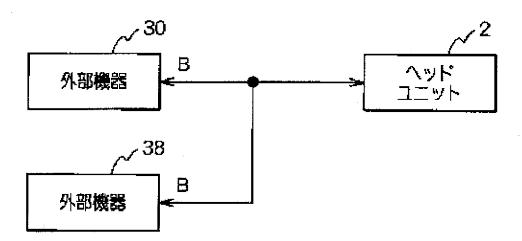


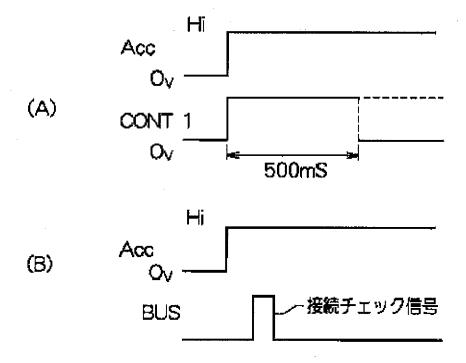


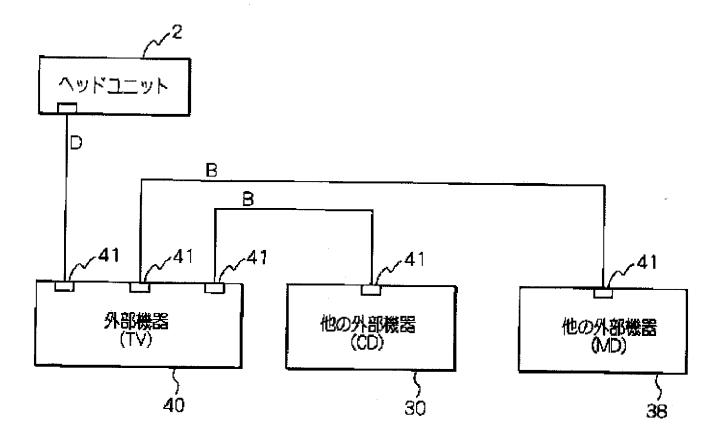
1				
	1.	BUS-	8.	音声を
	2.	BUS+	9.	バックテ
	3.	NC	10.	バックテ
	4.	イルミネーション	1 <b>1.</b>	ACC (ア
	5.	CONT 2	12	/TZGNI
	6.	音声信号GND	13.	CONT 1
	7.	音声左 ch		

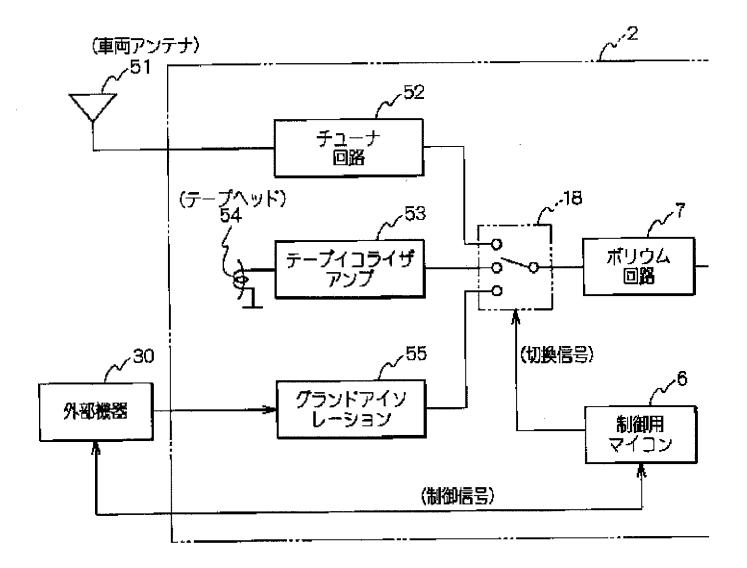


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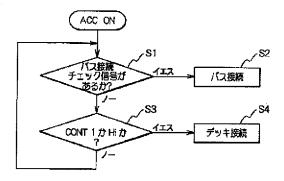








Drawing selection Drawing 7



[Translation done.]

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### CLAIMS

# [Claim(s)]

[Claim 1]Amplifier which amplifies an audio signal characterized by comprising the following from an internal music source, A changeover switch which changes an external device connector which connects an external instrument, and an audio signal inputted from an external instrument connected to this external device connector via a cable and an audio signal inputted from said internal music source, A head unit for mount provided with a control means which controls a change to said internal music source and said external instrument. A pin connection terminal for buses of plurality [ external device connector / said ] for bus connections.

Two pin connection terminals for control which are put side by side at this pin for buses, and send and receive a control signal.

Said pin for buses connected with said external instrument, and said control pin.

[Claim 2] Said control means, the time of said start up -- said pin for buses, and said control pin -- a connection check signal -- the head unit for mount according to claim 1 provided with the 1st starting connection control section that sets up a pin connection terminal of a side which it each transmitted and had a response in the connection check signal concerned as it is effective.

[Claim 3]Said control means, Make one side into a high in fixed time which was able to be defined beforehand between said two pin connection terminals for control at the time of said start up, and. The head unit for mount according to claim 1, wherein after the fixed time progress concerned is provided with the 2nd starting connection control section that returns an output to the two pin connection terminals for control concerned to a front state at the time of said start up.

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#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[0001]

[Field of the Invention] This invention relates to the head unit for mount, and the external instrument for mount, and relates to the head unit for mount and the external instrument for mount which have the feature in the connection type at the time of extending the external instrument for mount to the head unit for mount especially.

[0002]

[Description of the Prior Art]Conventionally, the head unit of the audio for mount and the connection type of an external instrument have two copies, deck connection and a bus connection. Generally, a head unit is for example, a cassette with FM/AM radio, and, on the other hand, an external instrument is a CD player, an MD player, or TV. [0003]

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention]However, in the above-mentioned conventional example, since the connection type of deck connection and a bus connection was incompatible, there was inconvenience that the CD player had to prepare two kinds, the object for deck connection and the object for bus connections. for this reason, when a user selects an external instrument, its head unit is an object for deck connection -- or it had to be checked whether it was an object for bus connections.

[0004]

[Objects of the Invention] This invention improves the inconvenience which the starting conventional example has, and sets it as the purpose to provide the head unit for mount which shall be low cost and shall be especially easy to use the external instrument of the audio for mount, and the external instrument for mount.

[0005]

[Means for Solving the Problem]So, in a head unit for mount by this invention. Amplifier which

amplifies an audio signal from an internal music source, and an external device connector which connects an external instrument, It has a changeover switch which changes an audio signal inputted from an external instrument connected to this external device connector via a cable, and an audio signal inputted from said internal music source, and a control means which controls a change to said internal music source and said external instrument. And a pin connection terminal for buses of plurality [ external device connector ] for bus connections, Composition of having had a connector body engaged in one cable which has two pin connection terminals for control which are put side by side at this pin for buses, and send and receive a control signal, and said pins for buses connected with said external instrument and said control pins is taken. It is going to attain the purpose which this mentioned above.

[0006]Here, since an external device connector was provided with a pin connection terminal for buses for bus connections, and a pin connection terminal for control for deck connection, even if it is an external instrument of which connection form, it is connected by the same cable. For this reason, it is not necessary when purchasing an external instrument to choose an external instrument according to connector shape of a head unit.

[0007]

[Embodiment of the Invention]Hereafter, an embodiment of the invention is described with reference to drawings. <u>Drawing 1</u> is a block diagram showing composition with the external instrument for mount linked to the head unit for mount by this invention, and the head unit for mount concerned. As shown in <u>drawing 1</u>, the head unit 2 for mount is provided with the following.

Amplifier 8 which amplifies the audio signal from the internal music source 4.

The external device connector 10 which connects an external instrument.

The changeover switch 18 which changes the audio signal inputted from the external instrument connected to this external device connector 10 via a cable, and the audio signal inputted from said internal music source.

The control means 6 which controls the change to said internal music source 4 and said external instrument 30.

[0008]And the pin connection terminal for buses (BUS+ and - of the pin numbers 1 and 2 of drawing 2) to which the external device connector 31 connects two or more pins 12 for buses for bus connections as shown in drawing 2, Two pin connection terminals for control (CONT1 of the pin numbers 5 and 13 of drawing 2, and 2) which are put side by side at this pin for buses, and send and receive a control signal, It has the connector body 11 engaged in one cable which has said pin for buses connected with said external instrument, and said control pin.

[0009]As shown in drawing 2, in this embodiment, the connector and signal line which connect

the head unit 2 and the external instrument 30 are made into the gestalt containing both the object for deck connection, and for bus connections. The deck connection D is a method which accepts one external instrument and connects, as shown in drawing 3 (A). The strong point is in the point which can be manufactured by low cost, and it being only one set of connection and the point which cannot control a CD changer etc. by operation of a head unit have management. In deck connection, while the internal music source (radio, tape) of a head unit operates, CONT1 is made into "Hi", and while the external instrument operates, CONT2 is made into "Hi", for example. An external instrument will make CONT1 "Hi", if the head unit operates working. According to this, an external instrument suspends reproduction and makes CONT2 "Lo".

[0010]On the other hand, connection of two or more sets of external instruments is possible for a bus connection, and it can control CD changer y- etc. by a head unit. At a bus connection, an address is assigned to each apparatus, and it connects by bus, and cooperates by exchanging the demand of operation, a stop, etc. In a bus connection, since IC for communication is needed and microcomputer processing increases, cost will become high. Generally, deck connection is used for low-priced goods, and the bus connection is used for quality articles. [0011] head unit is a bus connection in using 13 pins of the method shown in drawing 2 in this embodiment, as shown in drawing 1 - or although it is deck connection, it cannot be concerned, but the same external instrument can be connected. The reproduction means 34 which plays the alien-frequencies easy sauce in which an external instrument turns into an external instrument to a head unit, such as TV, CD, or MD, in the example shown in drawing 1, The connector 31 for head units for transmitting the audio signal reproduced by this reproduction means 34 to said head unit via a cable, It has the external instrument control means 32 which controls said reproduction means 34 according to the control signal inputted from this connector 31 for head units. And the connector 31 for head units has taken the same shape as the external device connector mentioned above, and structure. And it has the connection type switching means which chooses either said pin connection terminal for control, or said pin connection terminal for buses for a reproduction means according to the connection check signal inputted from the connector for head units. In order that this connection type switching means may choose a bus connection or deck connection according to the connection type which a head unit adopts, it becomes unnecessary for a user to check the connection type of a head unit. This is preferred when the head unit side supports only deck connection or a bus connection.

[0012]When the head unit side supports both connection types and the external instrument supports only one connection type, The control means 6 of the head unit 2 shown in drawing 1, the time of start up (at the time of ACC ON) -- the pin for buses, and said control pin -- a connection check signal -- it each transmits and it is good to have the 1st starting connection

control section 20 that sets up the pin connection terminal of the side which had a response in the connection check signal concerned as it is effective.

[0013]When the head unit supports only deck connection, It replaces with the 1st starting connection control section 20, One side is made into the high in fixed time which was able to be defined beforehand between said two pin connection terminals for control at the time of start up, and after the fixed time progress concerned is good to have the 2nd starting connection control section that returns the output to the two pin connection terminals for control concerned to a front state at the time of said start up. In this case, deck connection is established between the external instrument only corresponding to deck connection, or the external instrument corresponding to both connection types.

[0014]Drawing 4 is a block diagram showing the example which connected two or more sets of external instruments using the connection type of 13 pins by this embodiment. The connector shown in drawing 2 is adopted in the example shown in drawing 4, being only for deck connection, in order to make a head unit into low cost. And TV which has a navigational panel as an external instrument is formed, and the bus connection of two sets of other external instruments is carried out from this TV. And the music source which transmits to a head unit via deck connection by operating the navigational panel of TV is chosen. If other external instruments 30 and 38 shown in drawing 4 should correspond to both deck connection and a bus connection further, having a connector shown in drawing 2, being concerned -- others -- it becomes unnecessary to be also able to connect an external instrument to the head unit 2 directly, and to choose the connection type and connector of an external instrument according to the gestalt of connection

[0015]The external instrument 40 shown in drawing 4 is provided with the two or more expansion connectors 41 linked to a head unit or other external instruments. And the expansion connector concerned has taken the same form as the external device connector shown in drawing 1, and structure. And the external instrument control means used as the controller of this external instrument 40, Deck connection is made by setting up said pin connection terminal for control to the connector 41 to which the head unit 2 was connected, as it is effective, It has two or more connect control part which carries out a bus connection by setting up said pin connection terminal for buses effectively to the connector 41 to which other external instruments were connected. Thereby, making the head unit 2 into low cost, two or more sets of external instruments are connectable, and since it is altogether connectable using the same cable, connection and selection of apparatus become easy.

[0016] <u>Drawing 5</u> is a block diagram showing the composition of the example of the head unit for mount by this invention. The head unit for mount shown in <u>drawing 5</u> is a cassette with FM/AM radio. As shown in <u>drawing 5</u>, the cassette with FM/AM radio (head unit) is provided with the following.

The tuner circuit 52 which sides with the electric wave received with a vehicular antenna. Tape equalizer amplifier 53 which amplifies the regenerative signal from the tape head 54 which plays a cassette tape.

Grand isolation amplifier 55 which amplifies the audio signal inputted from the external instrument 30.

The audio signal changeover switch 18 which changes the audio signal from these music sources according to a switching signal.

[0017] The cassette 2 with FM/AM radio is provided with the BORIUMU circuit 7 which adjusts further amplification of the audio signal inputted from a changeover switch, and the power amplification 8 which amplifies the output of this BORIUMU circuit. This power amplification 8 is connected to the speaker 16. And it has the control oriented microcomputer 6 as a control means by which deck connection is made with the external instrument 30. [0018]As shown in drawing 6, transmission and reception of the connection check signal at the time of AccON perform establishment of connection between the cassette 2 with FM/AM radio, and an external instrument. Drawing 6 (A) is a wave form chart showing an example of the connection check signal for establishing deck connection, and the cassette 2 with FM/AM radio is 500 at the time of AccON. [ms] CONT1 is made into "Hi". This transmits to an external instrument that the cassette 2 with FM/AM radio is demanding deck connection. In order for the cassette 2 with FM/AM radio to require a bus connection of an external instrument, as shown in drawing 6 (B), he transmits the pulse signal which turns into a connection check signal immediately after at the time of AccON to each apparatus, and waits for the reply. If the signal according to the connection check signal concerned is inputted from an external instrument, the external instrument concerned and bus connection will be established. [0019] As shown in drawing 7, the head unit which the external instrument 30 checks a bus signal and CONT1 signal at the time of AccON, and is connected now judges which method it is. That is, when it comes to AccON, it checks whether the connection check signal for bus connections has been inputted (Step S1), and a bus connection is established when the signal shown in drawing 6 (B) is inputted (Step S2). On the other hand, when the connection check signal for bus connections is not inputted, it is judged whether CONT1 shown in drawing 6 (A) is "Hi" (Step S3). And deck connection will be established if CONT1 is "Hi" (step S4). [0020]When a bus signal and CONT1 are not inputted for 2 seconds from AccON, an external instrument transmits the bus signal of a connection request to a head unit. [0021]According to this embodiment, as mentioned above, put wiring of two methods, deck connection and a bus connection, in one connection connector, and and an external instrument, Variety can be lessened, and when a user selects an external instrument, it becomes unnecessary for its head unit to take into consideration which connection type it is,

since the external instrument can respond by 1 model in order to identify of which method the connected head unit is a thing.

[0022]

[Effect of the Invention]Since this invention was constituted as mentioned above, and functioned and the external device connector was provided with the pin connection terminal for buses for bus connections, and the pin connection terminal for control for deck connection according to this, Even if it is an external instrument of which connection form, can connect by the same cable, therefore it is not necessary to manufacture an external instrument according to connector shape about the external instrument of the same function and, and a user faces the purchase of an external instrument, It is not necessary to choose an external instrument according to the connector shape of a head unit, and, for this reason, the outstanding head unit for mount and the external instrument for mount which are not in the former that the extension work of an external instrument can be done easily can be provided.

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### TECHNICAL FIELD

[Field of the Invention] This invention relates to the head unit for mount, and the external instrument for mount, and relates to the head unit for mount and the external instrument for mount which have the feature in the connection type at the time of extending the external instrument for mount to the head unit for mount especially.

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# PRIOR ART

[Description of the Prior Art]Conventionally, the head unit of the audio for mount and the connection type of an external instrument have two copies, deck connection and a bus connection. Generally, a head unit is for example, a cassette with FM/AM radio, and, on the other hand, an external instrument is a CD player, an MD player, or TV.

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### EFFECT OF THE INVENTION

[Effect of the Invention]Since this invention was constituted as mentioned above, and functioned and the external device connector was provided with the pin connection terminal for buses for bus connections, and the pin connection terminal for control for deck connection according to this, Even if it is an external instrument of which connection form, can connect by the same cable, therefore it is not necessary to manufacture an external instrument according to connector shape about the external instrument of the same function and, and a user faces the purchase of an external instrument, It is not necessary to choose an external instrument according to the connector shape of a head unit, and, for this reason, the outstanding head unit for mount and the external instrument for mount which are not in the former that the extension work of an external instrument can be done easily can be provided.

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## TECHNICAL PROBLEM

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] However, in the above-mentioned conventional example, since the connection type of deck connection and a bus connection was incompatible, there was inconvenience that the CD player had to prepare two kinds, the object for deck connection and the object for bus connections, for this reason, when a user selects an external instrument, its head unit is an object for deck connection -- or it had to be checked whether it was an object for bus connections.

[0004]

[Objects of the Invention] This invention improves the inconvenience which the starting conventional example has, and sets it as the purpose to provide the head unit for mount which shall be low cost and shall be especially easy to use the external instrument of the audio for mount, and the external instrument for mount.

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#### **MEANS**

[Means for Solving the Problem]So, in a head unit for mount by this invention. Amplifier which amplifies an audio signal from an internal music source, and an external device connector which connects an external instrument, It has a changeover switch which changes an audio signal inputted from an external instrument connected to this external device connector via a cable, and an audio signal inputted from said internal music source, and a control means which controls a change to said internal music source and said external instrument. And a pin connection terminal for buses of plurality [ external device connector ] for bus connections, Composition of having had a connector body engaged in one cable which has two pin connection terminals for control which are put side by side at this pin for buses, and send and receive a control signal, and said pins for buses connected with said external instrument and said control pins is taken. It is going to attain the purpose which this mentioned above. [0006]Here, since an external device connector was provided with a pin connection terminal for buses for bus connections, and a pin connection terminal for control for deck connection, even if it is an external instrument of which connection form, it is connected by the same cable. For this reason, it is not necessary when purchasing an external instrument to choose an external instrument according to connector shape of a head unit.

# [0007]

[Embodiment of the Invention]Hereafter, an embodiment of the invention is described with reference to drawings. Drawing 1 is a block diagram showing composition with the external instrument for mount linked to the head unit for mount by this invention, and the head unit for mount concerned. As shown in drawing 1, the head unit 2 for mount is provided with the following.

Amplifier 8 which amplifies the audio signal from the internal music source 4. The external device connector 10 which connects an external instrument. The changeover switch 18 which changes the audio signal inputted from the external instrument connected to this external device connector 10 via a cable, and the audio signal inputted from said internal music source.

The control means 6 which controls the change to said internal music source 4 and said external instrument 30.

[0008] And the pin connection terminal for buses (BUS+ and - of the pin numbers 1 and 2 of drawing 2) to which the external device connector 31 connects two or more pins 12 for buses for bus connections as shown in drawing 2, Two pin connection terminals for control (CONT1 of the pin numbers 5 and 13 of drawing 2, and 2) which are put side by side at this pin for buses, and send and receive a control signal, It has the connector body 11 engaged in one cable which has said pin for buses connected with said external instrument, and said control pin.

[0009]As shown in drawing 2, in this embodiment, the connector and signal line which connect the head unit 2 and the external instrument 30 are made into the gestalt containing both the object for deck connection, and for bus connections. The deck connection D is a method which accepts one external instrument and connects, as shown in drawing 3 (A). The strong point is in the point which can be manufactured by low cost, and it being only one set of connection and the point which cannot control a CD changer etc. by operation of a head unit have management. In deck connection, while the internal music source (radio, tape) of a head unit operates, CONT1 is made into "Hi", and while the external instrument operates, CONT2 is made into "Hi", for example. An external instrument will make CONT1 "Hi", if the head unit operates working. According to this, an external instrument suspends reproduction and makes CONT2 "Lo".

[0010]On the other hand, connection of two or more sets of external instruments is possible for a bus connection, and it can control CD changer y- etc. by a head unit. At a bus connection, an address is assigned to each apparatus, and it connects by bus, and cooperates by exchanging the demand of operation, a stop, etc. In a bus connection, since IC for communication is needed and microcomputer processing increases, cost will become high. Generally, deck connection is used for low-priced goods, and the bus connection is used for quality articles. [0011]a head unit is a bus connection in using 13 pins of the method shown in drawing 2 in this embodiment, as shown in drawing 1 -- or although it is deck connection, it cannot be concerned, but the same external instrument can be connected. The reproduction means 34 which plays the alien-frequencies easy sauce in which an external instrument turns into an external instrument to a head unit, such as TV, CD, or MD, in the example shown in drawing 1, The connector 31 for head units for transmitting the audio signal reproduced by this reproduction means 34 to said head unit via a cable, It has the external instrument control means 32 which controls said reproduction means 34 according to the control signal inputted

from this connector 31 for head units. And the connector 31 for head units has taken the same shape as the external device connector mentioned above, and structure. And it has the connection type switching means which chooses either said pin connection terminal for control, or said pin connection terminal for buses for a reproduction means according to the connection check signal inputted from the connector for head units. In order that this connection type switching means may choose a bus connection or deck connection according to the connection type which a head unit adopts, it becomes unnecessary for a user to check the connection type of a head unit. This is preferred when the head unit side supports only deck connection or a bus connection.

[0012]When the head unit side supports both connection types and the external instrument supports only one connection type, The control means 6 of the head unit 2 shown in <u>drawing 1</u>, the time of start up (at the time of ACC ON) -- the pin for buses, and said control pin -- a connection check signal -- it each transmits and it is good to have the 1st starting connection control section 20 that sets up the pin connection terminal of the side which had a response in the connection check signal concerned as it is effective.

[0013]When the head unit supports only deck connection, it replaces with the 1st starting connection control section 20, One side is made into the high in fixed time which was able to be defined beforehand between said two pin connection terminals for control at the time of start up, and after the fixed time progress concerned is good to have the 2nd starting connection control section that returns the output to the two pin connection terminals for control concerned to a front state at the time of said start up. In this case, deck connection is established between the external instrument only corresponding to deck connection, or the external instrument corresponding to both connection types.

[0014] Drawing 4 is a block diagram showing the example which connected two or more sets of external instruments using the connection type of 13 pins by this embodiment. The connector shown in drawing 2 is adopted in the example shown in drawing 4, being only for deck connection, in order to make a head unit into low cost. And TV which has a navigational panel as an external instrument is formed, and the bus connection of two sets of other external instruments is carried out from this TV. And the music source which transmits to a head unit via deck connection by operating the navigational panel of TV is chosen. If other external instruments 30 and 38 shown in drawing 4 should correspond to both deck connection and a bus connection further, having a connector shown in drawing 2, being concerned -- others -- it becomes unnecessary to be also able to connect an external instrument to the head unit 2 directly, and to choose the connection type and connector of an external instrument according to the gestalt of connection

[0015]The external instrument 40 shown in <u>drawing 4</u> is provided with the two or more expansion connectors 41 linked to a head unit or other external instruments. And the

expansion connector concerned has taken the same form as the external device connector shown in <u>drawing 1</u>, and structure. And the external instrument control means used as the controller of this external instrument 40, Deck connection is made by setting up said pin connection terminal for control to the connector 41 to which the head unit 2 was connected, as it is effective, it has two or more connect control part which carries out a bus connection by setting up said pin connection terminal for buses effectively to the connector 41 to which other external instruments were connected. Thereby, making the head unit 2 into low cost, two or more sets of external instruments are connectable, and since it is altogether connectable using the same cable, connection and selection of apparatus become easy.

[0016]Drawing 5 is a block diagram showing the composition of the example of the head unit for mount by this invention. The head unit for mount shown in <u>drawing 5</u> is a cassette with FM/AM radio. As shown in <u>drawing 5</u>, the cassette with FM/AM radio (head unit) is provided with the following.

The tuner circuit 52 which sides with the electric wave received with a vehicular antenna. Tape equalizer amplifier 53 which amplifies the regenerative signal from the tape head 54 which plays a cassette tape.

Grand isolation amplifier 55 which amplifies the audio signal inputted from the external instrument 30.

The audio signal changeover switch 18 which changes the audio signal from these music sources according to a switching signal.

[0017]The cassette 2 with FM/AM radio is provided with the BORIUMU circuit 7 which adjusts further amplification of the audio signal inputted from a changeover switch, and the power amplification 8 which amplifies the output of this BORIUMU circuit. This power amplification 8 is connected to the speaker 16. And it has the control oriented microcomputer 6 as a control means by which deck connection is made with the external instrument 30.

[0018]As shown in drawing 6, transmission and reception of the connection check signal at the time of AccON perform establishment of connection between the cassette 2 with FM/AM radio, and an external instrument. Drawing 6 (A) is a wave form chart showing an example of the connection check signal for establishing deck connection, and the cassette 2 with FM/AM radio is 500 at the time of AccON. [ms] CONT1 is made into "Hi". This transmits to an external instrument that the cassette 2 with FM/AM radio is demanding deck connection. In order for the cassette 2 with FM/AM radio to require a bus connection of an external instrument, as shown in drawing 6 (B), he transmits the pulse signal which turns into a connection check signal immediately after at the time of AccON to each apparatus, and waits for the reply. If the signal according to the connection check signal concerned is inputted from an external instrument, the external instrument concerned and bus connection will be established.

[0019]As shown in drawing 7, the head unit which the external instrument 30 checks a bus signal and CONT1 signal at the time of AccON, and is connected now judges which method it is. That is, when it comes to AccON, it checks whether the connection check signal for bus connections has been inputted (Step S1), and a bus connection is established when the signal shown in drawing 6 (B) is inputted (Step S2). On the other hand, when the connection check signal for bus connections is not inputted, it is judged whether CONT1 shown in drawing 6 (A) is "Hi" (Step S3). And deck connection will be established if CONT1 is "Hi" (step S4). [0020]When a bus signal and CONT1 are not inputted for 2 seconds from AccON, an external instrument transmits the bus signal of a connection request to a head unit. [0021]According to this embodiment, as mentioned above, put wiring of two methods, deck connection and a bus connection, in one connection connector, and and an external instrument, Variety can be lessened, and when a user selects an external instrument, it becomes unnecessary for its head unit to take into consideration which connection type it is, since the external instrument can respond by 1 model in order to identify of which method the connected head unit is a thing.

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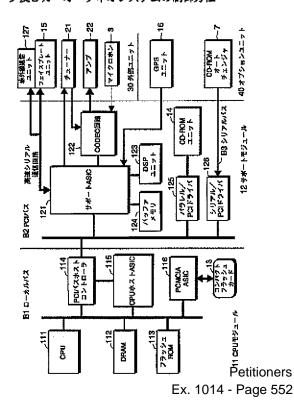
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## (54)【発明の名称】 カーオーディオシステム、車載用コンピュータ及びカーオーディオシステムの制御方法

### (57)【要約】

【課題】 汎用的なOSを持つ小形コンピュータとカー オーディオシステムとを組み合わせることで、互いの利 点を活かす。

【解決手段】 コンピュータに含まれるCPU1110 形式に対応したローカルバスB1と、カーオーディオシ ステムに含まれる機器15,21,22,3,16,7 を接続するためのPCIバスB2と、それぞれのバスB 1, B2の間でデータの形式を変換するPCIバスホス トコントローラ114と、を備える。フラッシュROM 113にはCPU111のためのOSを格納する。CP Uはメモリ112などを効率よくアクセスすることで複 雑な処理を高速に行う。コンピュータとカーオーディオ システムの両方の動作をスムースに行う。音の信号を再 生しながら別のバスで別の処理を行うといったマルチタ スクが容易になる。CPUの形式を変える場合もCPU の形式に対応したバスだけを変えればよい。



#### 【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 制御用のコンピュータを備えたカーオー ディオシステムにおいて、

前記コンピュータはオペレーティングシステムを備え、このオペレーティングシステムは、

コンピュータ上の資源を管理する手段と、

ユーザインタフェースを含む入出力を制御する手段と、 予め決められた形式のプログラムを実行する手段と、

を備えたことを特徴とするカーオーディオシステム。

【請求項2】 制御用のコンピュータを備えたカーオーディオシステムにおいて、

前記コンピュータに含まれるCPUの形式に対応した第 1のバスと、

前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる機器を接続する ための第2のバスと、

を備えたことを特徴とするカーオーディオシステム。

【請求項3】 制御用のコンピュータを備えたカーオー ディオシステムにおいて、

前記コンピュータに含まれるCPUの形式に対応したローカルバスと、

前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる機器を接続する ためのPCIバスと、

を備えたことを特徴とするカーオーディオシステム。

【請求項4】 それぞれの前記バスの間でデータの形式 を変換する手段を備えたことを特徴とする請求項2又は 3記載のカーオーディオシステム。

【請求項5】 前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる 複数の機器をデイジーチェイン形式で接続するための第 3のバスを備えたことを特徴とする請求項1から4のい ずれか1つに記載のカーオーディオシステム。

【請求項6】 予め決められた形式のプログラムを実行するために必要な環境を実現するオペレーティングシステムと、

カーオーディオシステムと、

前記カーオーディオシステムを制御する手段と、

を備えたことを特徴とする車載用コンピュータ。

【請求項7】 カーオーディオシステムを備えた車載用 コンピュータにおいて、

前記コンピュータに含まれるCPUの形式に対応した第 1のバスと、

前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる機器を接続する ための第2のバスと、

を備えたことを特徴とする車載用コンピュータ。

【請求項8】 カーオーディオシステムを備えた車載用 コンピュータにおいて、

前記コンピュータに含まれるCPUの形式に対応したローカルバスと、

前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる機器を接続する ためのPC Iバスと、

を備えたことを特徴とする車載用コンピュータ。

【請求項9】 それぞれの前記バスの間でデータの形式を変換する手段を備えたことを特徴とする請求項7又は8記載の車載用コンピュータ。

【請求項10】 前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる複数の機器をデイジーチェイン形式で接続するための第3のバスを備えたことを特徴とする請求項6から9のいずれか1つに記載の車載用コンピュータ。

【請求項11】 オペレーティングシステムを備えたコンピュータを使ってカーオーディオシステムを制御するカーオーディオシステムの制御方法において、

前記オペレーティングシステムが、予め決められた形式 のプログラムを実行するために必要な環境を実現するス テップと、

前記プログラムが前記カーオーディオシステムを制御するステップと、

を含むことを特徴とするカーオーディオシステムの制御 方法。

【請求項12】 コンピュータを使ってカーオーディオシステムを制御するカーオーディオシステムの制御方法 において、

前記コンピュータに含まれるCPUが、このCPUの形式に対応した第1のバスを通してデータをやり取りするステップと、

前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる機器が、機器を 接続するための第2のバスを通してデータをやり取りす るステップと、

を含むことを特徴とするカーオーディオシステムの制御 方法。

#### 【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】本発明は、汎用的なOSを持つ小形コンピュータとカーオーディオシステムとを組み合わせることで、互いの利点を活かす技術に関するものである。

#### [0002]

【従来の技術】近年、半導体の技術がめざましい進歩を とげており、いろいろな分野の電子機器が、半導体を使 うことによって小型化・高性能化している。このように 半導体を使うことで小型化・高性能化している電子機器 の1つに、パーソナルコンピュータ(以下「パソコン」 という)がある。

【0003】特に最近では、ハンドヘルド(持ち運び型)やパームトップなどと呼ばれる小型のパソコン(以下「ハンドヘルドパソコン」と総称する)も増えている。このようなハンドヘルドパソコンに適した基本ソフトウェア、すなわちオペレーティングシステム(Operating System:以下「OS」という)として、例えばWindows(マイクロソフト株式会社の登録商標)CEなどが知られている。

【0004】このような汎用的なOSは、コンドetitioners

の持っているCPUの処理能力やメモリなどをきめ細かく管理することで高度な処理能力を実現したり、プログラムに依存しない統一的で使いやすいユーザインタフェースを提供したり、予め決められた形式のプログラムであれば、自由に追加変更することでコンピュータの機能を追加変更できるといった利点を持っている。

【0005】同じように、半導体を使うことで小型化・高性能化している別の電子機器としては、自動車に搭載するカーオーディオシステムやカーナビゲーションシステムが挙げられる。このうちカーオーディオシステムは、俗にカーステレオなどと呼ばれ、CDプレーヤやAMやFMのチューナーなどを、アンプやスピーカなどと組み合わせたものである。また、カーナビゲーションシステムは、方位磁石、走行距離計、GPSなどを使って車の現在位置を特定しながら、指定された目的地まで、地図を画面表示したり道案内をするシステムである。

【0006】なお、最近では、カーオーディオシステムに、カーナビゲーションシステム、ハンズフリーの携帯電話、盗難防止用の警報システムなどを組み合わせることも多いので、以下、これら車載用の電子機器を「カーオーディオシステム」と総称する。

#### [0007]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】上に述べたような、O Sを備えたハンドヘルドパソコンと、カーオーディオシステムとは、従来では互いに全く別々のものであった。 つまり、広い意味でのコンピュータを、制御用に備えたカーオーディオシステムは存在したが、この場合のコンピュータは特定の目的だけのために働く組み込みシステムと呼ばれるものである。

【0008】この組み込みシステムは、必要最小限の能力を持ったCPUを使い、スイッチ操作を受け付けたりディスク再生機構を作動させる、といったハードウェアに対する必要最小限の処理を、アセンブラなどを使った小さなプログラムで実現したものである。このため、パソコンのようにデータの加工や保存をしたり、プログラムを変更追加することで機能を変更追加するといった使い方はできない。

【0009】一方、ハンドヘルドパソコンは、自ら音楽を鳴らしたり、カーオーディオシステムを制御する機能は持っていなかった。このため、ユーザは、ハンドヘルドパソコンを事実上車内に持ち込むことはあったが、カーオーディオシステムと関係付けて使うことはなかった。

【0010】ところで、最近のカーオーディオシステムは、ラジオのチューナー、カセットテープデッキやCDプレーヤといった従来の機器だけでなく、MDプレーヤ、CDやMDのオートチェンジャ、カーナビゲーションシステム、ユーザの命令を認識する音声認識装置、ハンズフリーの携帯電話、盗難防止用の警報システムという具合に、ますます多くの機器が組み込まれるようにな

ってきている。そして、このように複雑になってゆくカーオーディオシステムを、個々の装置に設けられたスイッチだけで使いこなすことは非常に難しい。

【0011】つまり、このようにカーオーディオシステムが複雑になると、操作キーやダイヤルといった多くのスイッチが車内のいろいろな場所にあることになる。このため、どれが何の操作キーなのかを覚えるのが大変である。

【0012】すなわち、複雑になってゆくカーオーディオシステムを使いこなすためには、複雑なシステムを制御する高度な処理能力、使いやすいユーザインタフェース、制御に関する機能を追加変更できるような柔軟性を持った小形コンピュータ、とりわけ汎用的なOSを備えたハンドヘルドパソコンと同等の情報処理装置を制御に使うことが望まれる。

【0013】また、ハンドヘルドパソコンの側から考えても、現代のように自動車を使うことが多く、渋滞も多い社会では、車内でも活用の幅を広げることが望まれる。特に、カーオーディオシステムと組み合わせることで、操作キーやメモリを兼用したり、ユーザが車内で知りたい情報をコンピュータを使った合成音声で読み上げさせ、その声をカーオーディオシステムのスピーカから聞いたり、カーオーディオシステムに組み込まれた携帯電話の回線で外部のコンピュータネットワークにアクセスしたり、といった使い方ができれば、今までよりも活用の幅を広げることができる。

【0014】なお、汎用的なOSを使うような高速なCPUと、カーオーディオシステムに含まれるような機器を組み合わせるときは、両者の動作速度の違いなどから、それぞれに合った別々のバスを備えることが望まれる。さらに、いくつもの機器を組み合わせたカーオーディオシステムでは、複数の機器を、単純なすっきりした配線で容易に接続できることが望まれる。

【0015】本発明は、上に述べたような従来技術の問題点を解決するために提案されたもので、その目的は、 汎用的なOSを持つ小形コンピュータとカーオーディオシステムとを組み合わせることで、互いの利点を活かすことである。また、本発明の別の目的は、複数のバスを使うことで、高速なCPUとその他の機器の両方を、無駄なくスムースに働かせることである。また、本発明の別の目的は、いろいろな機器をデイジーチェイン方式で芋づる式につなげるようにすることである。

# [0016]

【課題を解決するための手段】上に述べた目的を達成するため、請求項1の発明は、制御用のコンピュータを備えたカーオーディオシステムにおいて、前記コンピュータはオペレーティングシステムを備え、このオペレーティングシステムは、コンピュータ上の資源を管理する手段と、ユーザインタフェースを含む入出力を制御する手段と、予め決められた形式のプログラムを実行する証明のpers

と、を備えたことを特徴とする。請求項6の車載用コン ピュータは、予め決められた形式のプログラムを実行す るために必要な環境を実現するオペレーティングシステ ムと、カーオーディオシステムと、前記カーオーディオ システムを制御する手段と、を備えたことを特徴とす る。請求項11の発明は、請求項1の発明を方法という 見方からとらえたもので、オペレーティングシステムを 備えたコンピュータを使ってカーオーディオシステムを 制御するカーオーディオシステムの制御方法において、 前記オペレーティングシステムが、予め決められた形式 のプログラムを実行するために必要な環境を実現するス テップと、前記プログラムが前記カーオーディオシステ ムを制御するステップと、を含むことを特徴とする。請 求項1,6,11の発明では、カーオーディオシステム を制御するコンピュータが汎用的なOSを備えていて、 この汎用的なOSは、CPUやメモリといった資源を管 理することでコンピュータの能力を最大限発揮させ、ま た、プログラムに依存しない統一的で使いやすいユーザ インタフェースを提供し、さらに、予め決められた形式 のプログラムを追加したり変更することで機能の追加や 変更を容易にする。このため、複雑なカーオーディオシ ステムの制御が容易になる。また、車内でもいろいろな プログラムを使ったり、カーオーディオシステムの機器 を利用して情報処理をすることが可能になる。

【0017】請求項2の発明は、制御用のコンピュータ を備えたカーオーディオシステムにおいて、前記コンピ ュータに含まれるCPUの形式に対応した第1のバス と、前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる機器を接続 するための第2のバスと、を備えたことを特徴とする。 請求項7の発明は、カーオーディオシステムを備えた車 載用コンピュータにおいて、前記コンピュータに含まれ るCPUの形式に対応した第1のバスと、前記カーオー ディオシステムに含まれる機器を接続するための第2の バスと、を備えたことを特徴とする。請求項12の発明 は、請求項2の発明を方法という見方からとらえたもの で、コンピュータを使ってカーオーディオシステムを制 御するカーオーディオシステムの制御方法において、前 記コンピュータに含まれるCPUが、このCPUの形式 に対応した第1のバスを通してデータをやり取りするス テップと、前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる機器 が、機器を接続するための第2のバスを通してデータを やり取りするステップと、を含むことを特徴とする。請 求項3の発明は、制御用のコンピュータを備えたカーオ ーディオシステムにおいて、前記コンピュータに含まれ るCPUの形式に対応したローカルバスと、前記カーオ ーディオシステムに含まれる機器を接続するためのPC Iバスと、を備えたことを特徴とする。請求項8の発明 は、カーオーディオシステムを備えた車載用コンピュー 夕において、前記コンピュータに含まれるCPUの形式 に対応したローカルバスと、前記カーオーディオシステ

ムに含まれる機器を接続するためのPCIバスと、を備 えたことを特徴とする。請求項4の発明は、請求項2又 は3記載のカーオーディオシステムにおいて、それぞれ の前記バスの間でデータの形式を変換する手段を備えた ことを特徴とする。請求項9の発明は、請求項7又は8 記載の車載用コンピュータにおいて、それぞれの前記バ スの間でデータの形式を変換する手段を備えたことを特 徴とする。請求項2,3,7,8,12の発明では、コ ンピュータのCPUと、カーオーディオシステムの機器 とが、互いの形式に対応した違ったバスを使ってデータ をやり取りし、データは、2つのバスの間では必要に応 じて形式を変換して受け渡される(請求項4,9)。こ のため、各機器の動作よりCPUの動作が速くても、C PUは各機器の動作サイクルに合わせる必要がなく、メ モリなどを効率よくアクセスすることで複雑な処理を高 速に行うことができる。また、CPUがやり取りするデ ータと、機器がやり取りするデータとが、同じバスの伝 達能力を奪い合うことがないので、コンピュータとカー オーディオシステムの両方の動作をスムースに行うこと ができる。また、機器を接続するためのバスを使って音 の信号を再生しながら、同時に、CPUの形式に対応し たバスを使って別の処理を行うといったマルチタスクが 容易になる。また、CPUを別の形式のものに変える場 合も、各機器と、それら機器を接続するためのバスはそ のままで、CPUの形式に対応したバスだけを新しいC PUの形式に合わせて変えればよいので、CPUの変更 にも容易に対応することができる。

【0018】請求項5の発明は、請求項1から4のいず れか1つに記載のカーオーディオシステムにおいて、前 記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる複数の機器をデイ ジーチェイン形式で接続するための第3のバスを備えた ことを特徴とする。請求項10の発明は、請求項6から 9のいずれか1つに記載の車載用コンピュータにおい て、前記カーオーディオシステムに含まれる複数の機器 をディジーチェイン形式で接続するための第3のバスを 備えたことを特徴とする。請求項5、10の発明では、 複数の機器を芋づる式に次々と、デイジーチェイン形式 でつないでゆくことができる。このため、機器の数が増 えたり車内のあちこちに機器を分散設置するときも、ス ター方式のように長い配線が1箇所に集中することがな く、設置が容易になる。また、配線がすっきりわかりや すくなるので、構成を変えたり保守や修理をすることも 容易になる。

#### [0019]

【発明の実施の形態】次に、本発明の実施の形態(以下「実施形態」という)について、図面を参照して具体的に説明する。この実施形態は、CDプレーヤなどのいろいろな機器を備えたカーオーディオシステムであるが、ハンドヘルドパソコンで使うような汎用的なOSを備えたコンピュータを備えていて、カーオーディオを記述のers

の制御もこのコンピュータで行うものである。なお、以下の説明で使うそれぞれの図について、それより前で説明した図と同じ部材や同じ種類の部材については同じ符号をつけ、説明は省略する。

#### 【0020】[1. 構成]

〔1-1.全体の構成〕まず、図1は、この実施形態の全体構成を示すブロック図である。この実施形態は、この図に示すように、メインユニット1の他に、カーオーディオシステムを構成する各機器として、チューナーアンプユニット2と、マイクロホン3と、GPSアンテナ4と、セキュリティコントロールユニット5と、電話ユニット6と、CD-ROMオートチェンジャ7と、電源バックアップ用の補助バッテリ9と、を備えている。

【0021】このうちメインユニット1は、制御用のコンピュータを内蔵していて、このコンピュータによってシステム全体を制御する部分である。また、チューナーアンプユニット2は、AMとFMのアンテナ2aの他に、図示はしないが、ラジオチューナーと、スピーカを鳴らすためのアンプを備えた部分である。また、マイクロホン3は、音声認識による操作ができるように、ユーザの声を入力するためのものである。この音声認識の機能は、上に述べたコンピュータのプログラムによって実現される。

【0022】〔1-1-1.メインユニット〕また、メインユニット1は、コンパクトフラッシュカード13を差し込むためのソケット13Sと、付け外しできるフェイスプレートユニット15と、を備えている(図1)。コンパクトフラッシュカード13は、フラッシュメモリを使った記憶媒体で、メインユニット1に設けられたソケット13Sに差し込むことで、メインユニット1からデータを読み書きすることができる。このコンパクトフラッシュカード13は、データやプログラムなどを他のコンピュータとやり取りしたり、このカーオーディオシステムでのいろいろな設定データをバックアップしておくために使う。

【0023】また、付け外しできるフェイスプレートユニット15は、ユーザにいろいろな情報を表示する表示部と、ユーザがいろいろな操作をするための操作キーなどを設けた操作部と、を備えていて、DCP(Detachable Control Panel)とも呼ばれるものである。このフェイスプレートユニット15の表示部は、例えば横256ドット縦64ドットといった大型のカラーLCD(液晶表示装置)などである。

【0024】このフェイスプレートユニット15は、車を降りるときに取り外して持ち出せば、盗人がカーオーディオシステムを物色しても、肝心の表示部も操作部のないのを見て利用も転売もできないことをさとり、盗むことをあきらめるという盗難防止効果がある。取り外したフェイスプレートユニット15は、ケース15aに入れて持ち歩けば、それ自体や周りのものなどを傷つける

ことがない。

【0025】また、このフェイスプレートユニット15は、図1には示さないが、ハンドヘルドパソコン8とIrDAなどの形式でデータをやり取りするための赤外線通信ユニットを備えている。

【0026】〔1-1-2、他の機器〕また、GPSアンテナ4は、GPS衛星から電液を受け取るためのアンテナである。このGPSアンテナ4からの信号は、GPS受信機4aを経てメインユニット1内のGPSユニットに送られる。このGPSユニットは、図1には示さないが、受信機のある地球上の位置を電液から計算するものである。また、上に述べたコンピュータ上では、プログラムによってカーナビゲーションシステムの機能が実現され、計算結果はこのカーナビゲーションシステムの機能に渡される。

【0027】また、セキュリティコントロールユニット 5は、振動や衝撃を検出するセンサ5aで、盗難やいた ずらなどを検出すると、サイレン5bを鳴らすといった 対応をする部分である。また、電話ユニット6は、自動 車電話の機能を制御するユニットであり、電話アンテナ 6aやハンドセット6bを使った通話を実現する部分で ある。また、CDーROMオートチェンジャ7は、予め セットされた何枚かのCDを自動的に掛け替えることで、ユーザの選んだディスクや曲を再生するユニットで ある。

【0028】〔1-1-3.デイジーチェイン接続〕ここで、これらセキュリティコントロールユニット5、電話ユニット6及びCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7は、USB(Universal Serial Bus)によってメインユニット1に接続されている。このUSBは、複数の機器をデイジーチェイン形式で接続するためのシリアルバス(第3のバス)である。

【0029】この実施形態では、このようにUSBによって接続される機器は、外部とのデータのやり取りを、このUSBの形式で行うように構成されている。例えば、CD-ROMオートチェンジャ7は、アップストリーム用とダウンストリーム用のハブ(HUB)を備え、このCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7の内部では、音楽CDやCD-ROMからデジタルデータが一旦ATAPI形式(パラレル形式)で読み出されるが、読み出されたデータは、内蔵されているデータコンバータによって、シリアル形式であるUSB(Universal Serial Bus)形式に変換されたうえでUSBに送り出される。

【0030】この様な構成により、ユニット5,6、CD-ROMオートチェンジャ7の結線がシリアル結線となるので、それらユニット5,6,7をメインユニット1から離れた場所に設置する場合、その設置が容易となる。なお、図1ではユニット5、ユニット6、オートチェンジャ7の順で接続されているが、接続順は任意であり、また、必要なもののみの接続としても良いPetitioners

【0031】〔1-2.メインユニットの内部構成〕次に、図2は、上に述べた各部分のうち主なものを示したブロック図であり、特に、メインユニット1内部の具体的な構成を中心に説明するものである。この図の全体は、破線で4つに区切ってあり、左寄りがCPUモジュール11、中央がサポートモジュール12、右上が外部ユニット30、右下がオプションユニット40になっている。このうち、CPUモジュール11とサポートモジュール12は、メインユニット1の内部に設けられている。

【0032】また、外部ユニット30とオプションユニット40は、メインユニット1に接続されているいくつかずつの機器をまとめて指しているものである。なお、図2では、説明の都合で、コンパクトフラッシュカード13はCPUモジュール11の下の方に、フェイスプレートユニット15は、外部ユニット30の上の方に示している。

【0033】このうちCPUモジュール11とサポートモジュール12は、カーオーディオシステム全体を制御する制御用コンピュータを構成している。このうちCPUモジュール11は、CPU111を中心とした論理的な演算処理をする部分であり、サポートモジュール12は、カーオーディオシステムに含まれる他の機器との入出力を行う部分である。

【0034】CPUモジュール11でデータの主な通り 道になっているのは、CPU111を中心として形成さ れたローカルバスB1 (第1のバス)である。一方、サ ポートモジュール12でデータの主な通り道になってい るのは、各機器を接続するためのPCI(Peripheral Co mponent Interconnect) バスB2 (第2のバス)であ る。

【0035】〔1-2-1. CPUモジュールの構成〕 CPUモジュール11のローカルバスB1は、CPU111の形式に合わせたもので、このローカルバスB1には、DRAM112と、フラッシュROM113と、PCIバスホストコントローラ114と、CPUホストASIC116が接続されている。このうちDRAM112は、CPU111がカーオーディオシステムの制御などの情報処理を行うときに、変数領域などのワークエリアを提供する部分である。

【0036】また、フラッシュROM113は、書き換え可能なROMで、ここでは、OS、BIOS、アプリケーションプログラムといった広い意味でのソフトウェアを格納している部分である。ここに格納されているOSの機能は、コンピュータ上の資源を管理すること、ユーザインタフェースを含む入出力を制御すること、予め決められた形式のプログラムを実行することなどであり、例えば、従来技術のところで述べたWindows CEをベースにしたものなどが考えられる。

【0037】また、PCIバスホストコントローラ11 4は、ローカルバスB1とPCIバスB2とを接続し、 これら2つのバスの間でやり取りするデータの形式を変 換する手段である。

【0038】また、CPUホストASIC115などの「ASIC」は、Application Specific Integrated Circuit の略で、ROMやRAM、CPUといった汎用的な集積回路に対して、特定の用途向けに作られたICやLSIを指す。具体的には、このCPUホストASIC115は、ローカルバスB1とPCIバスホストコントローラ114とのインタフェース用のASICである。つまり、このCPUホストASIC115は、PCIバスB2とCPUモジュール11との間でやり取りされるデータの窓口になる部分であり、具体的には、CPUモジュール11と外部との入出力をCPU111に代わって行うほか、PCIバスB2から送られてきたデータについて、CPU111に渡す種類のものかどうかを見分ける。

【0039】そして、CPUホストASIC115は、CPU111に渡すべきものはローカルバスB1を通じてCPU111に送るが、それ以外のもの、例えば送られてきたデータに対してCPU111が演算をするまでもなく、予め決められた反応を機械的に返せば足りるものについては、そのような反応を返す。

【0040】また、PCMCIA・ASIC116は、コンパクトフラッシュカード13が、いわゆるPCカードとしてPCMCIA(Personal Computer Memory Card International Association)の規格に基づいているのに対応したインタフェース用の部分であり、コンパクトフラッシュカード13に対するデータの読み書きを制御する部分である。

【0041】〔1-2-2. サポートモジュールにかかわる構成〕次に、サポートモジュール12のPCIバスB2は、カーオーディオシステムを構成するいろいろな機器との間でデータをやり取りするためのバスである。ここで、このPCIバスB2に接続される機器としては、外部ユニット30とオプションユニット40があり、これらはそれぞれ、いくつかの機器をまとめて指しているものである。

【0042】つまり、外部ユニット30は、図1に示したメインユニット1とは別のユニットになっているもので、この例では具体的には、メインユニット1から付け外しできるフェイスプレートユニット15、チューナーアンプユニット2内に設けられたチューナー21とアンプ22、マイクロホン3である。このうちフェイスプレートユニット15は、赤外線通信ユニット127を備えている。

【0043】また、オプションユニット40は、このカーオーディオシステムに組み込むかどうかをオプションとして選べるユニットであり、この例では具体的価値ners

GPSユニット16とCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7である。さらに、メインユニット1の内部にはCD-ROMユニット14があり、このCD-ROMユニット14もPCIバスB2に接続されている。このCD-ROMユニット14は、1枚のCDやCD-ROMからデジタルデータを読み出すためのプレーヤである。これらCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7とCD-ROMユニット14はどちらも、いわゆる音楽CDからデータを読み出す事もできるという互換性のある(コンパチブルな)ものである。

【0044】サポートモジュール12において、PCIバスB2がこれらの機器との間でデータをやり取りするためには、サポートASIC121、CODEC回路122、DSPユニット123、バッファメモリ124、パラレル/PCIドライバ125、シリアル/PCIドライバ126が使われる。

【0045】このうちサポートASIC121は、サポートモジュール12と各機器との間で、どこから来たデータをどこへ送るかというデータの交通整理をする部分である。また、CODEC回路122の「CODEC」とは"Coder/Decoder" つまりデータの符号化復号化技術の略語であり、このCODEC回路122は、例えば、与えられたデジタルデータをアナログ信号に変換するD/A変換をしたり、逆に、アナログ信号をデジタルデータに変換するA/D変換などを行う部分である。

【0046】また、DSPユニット123の「DSP」はデジタルサウンドプロセッサ、つまりデジタル形式の音の信号を専門に処理する回路を意味する略語で、このDSPユニット123は、音楽などを表わすデジタルデータを与えられると、システムに設定されている左右のバランス、ボリューム、フェイダー、サラウンド、イコライザといった項目が音の内容に反映されるように、デジタルデータを処理する部分である。

【0047】また、バッファメモリ124は、CD-ROMユニットなどの音響機器とPCIバスB2とではデータを読み書きするサイクルが違うことから、データを蓄えて少しずつ取り出すことでこの違いを埋めるためのバッファであり、SRAMなどで構成されている。

【0048】また、パラレル/PCIドライバ125 は、CD-ROMユニット14から送られてくるパラレル形式のデジタルデータを、PCIバスB2のデータ形式に変換する部分である。また、シリアル/PCIドライバ126は、CD-ROMオートチェンジャ7から送られてくるシリアル形式のデジタルデータを、PCIバスB2のデータ形式に変換する部分である。

【0049】なお、赤外線通信ユニット127を含むフェイスプレートユニット15は、サポートASIC12 1に高速シリアル通信回路で接続され、GPSユニット 16はサポートASIC121に、UART(Universal Asynchronous Receiver-Transitter)などの調歩同期シリアル通信回路で接続されている。また、CD-ROMユニット14はパラレル/PCIドライバ125に、ATAPI(AT Attachment Packet Interface)などのパラレル通信回路で接続されている。また、図示はしないが、赤外線通信ユニット127には、赤外線によるデータのやり取りを司るASICが設けられている。

【0050】〔2.作用〕上に述べたように構成されたこの実施形態は次のように働く。

#### 〔2-1.全体的な作用〕

【2-1-1.データの入力】この実施形態では、各機器から入力されてくるデータのうち、デジタルデータは、サポートモジュール12のサポートASIC121に直接入力される。例えば、フェイスプレートユニット15からは、どのキーが押されたかというデータが送られてくる。また、GPSユニット16からは、GPS衛星からの電波を使って計算した緯度、経度といったデジタルデータが送られてくる。また、フェイスプレートユニット15に設けられた赤外線通信ユニット127からは、ハンドヘルドパソコン8から赤外線で転送されたデジタルデータが送られてくる。

【0051】また、CD-ROMユニット14及びCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7からは、音楽CDから読み出した音のデータ、すなわちオーディオデータや、CD-ROMから読み出したデジタルデータ、すなわちCD-ROMデータが、パラレル/PCIドライバ125やシリアル/PCIドライバ126によってPCIバスB2を由でサポートASIC121に送られてくる。

【0052】さらに、図2には示さないが、図1に示したセキュリティコントロールユニット5からは異常の発生を知らせるデジタルデータが送られてくる。同様に、図1に示した電話ユニット6からは、通話の着信や発信元の電話番号などを知らせるデジタルデータ、すなわち文字データが送られてくるし、通話中には、相手の話し声を伝えるデジタルデータ、すなわち音声データがサポートASIC121に送られてくる。

【0053】なお、これらセキュリティコントロールユニット5や電話ユニット6は、シリアルバスB3にデイジーチェイン接続されているので、セキュリティコントロールユニット5や電話ユニット6から送られてくる情報は、CD-ROMオートチェンジャ7からのデジタルデータと同じように、シリアル/PCIドライバ126によってPCIバスB2のデータ形式に変換されたうえで、PCIバスB2経由で送られてくる。

【0054】一方、各機器から入力されてくるデータの うち、アナログ信号は、一旦CODEC回路122に入 力され、このCODEC回路122によってデジタルデ ータに変換(A/D変換)されたうえで、サポートAS IC121に渡される。例えば、マイクロホンpartioners ユーザの声がアナログ信号で入力され、チューナー21 からは、チューニングの結果受信されたラジオの放送内 容がアナログ信号で入力されてくる。

【0055】〔2-1-2.入力されたデータの行き 先〕このように集まってくる情報に対して、サポートA SIC121はどの情報をどこに送るかという交通整理 の役割を果たす。すなわち、サポートASIC121 は、大まかには、音のデータはDSPユニット123で 処理したうえCODEC回路122を通してアンプ22 に送り、音以外のデータはCPUモジュール11に送 る。但し、音のデータのなかでもマイクロホン3から入 力されたデータは音声認識のためにCPUモジュール1 1に送る。

【0056】アンプ22に送られる音のデータとしては、例えば、チューナー21でチューニングされたラジオ放送の内容、CD-ROMユニット14やCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7で音楽CDから読み出された録音内容、電話ユニット6から送られてきた通話相手の話し声などが考えられる。

【0057】また、音以外のデータとしては、例えば、フェイスプレートユニット15でどの操作キーが押されたかのデータ、赤外線通信ユニット127から送られてきたファイルなどのデータ、GPSユニット16から送られてきた緯度、経度といったデジタルデータ、CD-ROMオートチェンジャ7で、CD-ROMから読み出されたカーナビゲーションシステム用の地図の内容や地域ごとの情報の内容、セキュリティコントロールユニット5から送られてくる異常発生を知らせるデータ、電話ユニット6から送られてくる通話着信や発信元の電話番号などを知らせるデータなどが考えられる。

【0058】〔2-1-3. CPUモジュールでの情報処理〕CPUモジュール11では、サポートASIC121からデジタルデータが送られてくると、PCIバスホストコントローラ114が、送られてきたデータをローカルバスB1のデータ形式に変換したうえでCPUホストASIC115は、CPU111に代わって入出力を司り、データを渡されると、そのデータがCPU111に渡すべきものかそうでないかを、データの形式などから判断する。

【0059】つまり、CPUホストASIC115は、機械的に一定の反応を返せば足りるデータに対しては、予め決められた反応を、PCIバスホストコントローラ114を通してサポートモジュール12に返すが、それ以外のデータはCPU111に渡す。

【0060】CPU111は、フラッシュROM113 に記録されているOSやプログラムのコードにしたがっ て、渡されたデータを処理し、この処理の際に必要なワ ークエリアなどの記憶領域としてはDRAM112を利 用する。例えば、マイクロホン3から入力されたユーザ の声が送られてくると、CPU1111は、予め用意して いる命令語の特徴を表わすパラメータや波形などと、受 け取ったユーザの声とを比較し、一番似ている命令語を ユーザが言ったものと推定し、その命令語にしたがって 動作を行う。

【0061】また、コンパクトフラッシュカード13の 読み書きは、CPUモジュール11において、CPU1 11からの依頼にしたがって、CPUホストASIC1 15がPCMCIA・ASIC116を制御することに よって行われる。

【0062】そして、CPU111による情報処理の結果は、PCIバスホストコントローラ114によってPCIバスB2のデータ形式に変換されたうえで、サポートモジュール12に送られる。情報処理の結果としてサポートモジュール12に送られるデータとしては、サポートモジュール12の各部分や各機器に対する動作の指令などであり、サポートモジュール12では、このように送られてきたデータにしたがって入出力などの処理が行われる。

【0063】〔2-1-4.サポートモジュールでの入出力などの処理〕例えば、CDからのデータ読み出しやラジオのチューニングをさせる指令がCPUモジュール11から届くと、CD-ROMユニット14、CD-ROMオートチェンジャ7やチューナー21がそれにしたがった動作を行う。また、スピーカから出ている音の音源を現在とは別の機器に切り替える指令がCPUモジュール11から届くと、サポートASIC121はCODEC回路122に送り出すデジタルデータを、それまでの機器のものから、新しく指定された機器によるものに切り替える。

【0064】なお、デジタルデータをアンプ22に出力する場合、アンプ22はアナログ信号しか受け付けないので、CODEC回路122は、デジタルデータをアナログ信号に変換(D/A変換)したうえでアンプ22に出力する。

【0065】また、例えばユーザに対する表示データが、CPUモジュール11やその他の機器からサポートASIC121に送られてくると、サポートASIC121は、この表示データを高速シリアル通信回路を通してフェイスプレートユニット15に転送する。この場合、フェイスプレートユニット15では、転送されてきた表示データにしたがって、ユーザに対する情報が表示部に表示される。

【0066】続いて、上に述べたような各部分の働きによって、ユーザがこの実施形態のカーオーディオシステムをどのように使うことができるのかを具体的に説明する。

【0067】〔2-2.操作と情報の表示〕この実施形態のカーオーディオシステムを操作するときは、ユーザ Petitioners

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は、フェイスプレートユニット15に設けられている操作キーを押してもよいし、操作の内用ごとに予め決められている語句を発話してもよい。例えば、ユーザがCDやFMチューナーを利用したいときは、CDに切り替える操作キーを押してもよいし、予め決められた語句として例えば「しーでぃー」や「えふえむ」などとマイクロホン3に向かって発話すればよい。

【0068】ユーザが操作キーを押したときは、そのデータがサポートASIC121からCPUモジュール11に転送され、CPU111が新たな表示データをサポートASIC121に送り、フェイスプレートユニット15の表示部は、この表示データを使って、ラジオを操作するための画面表示やCDを操作するための画面表示などに切り替わる。

【0069】また、例えば、ユーザが「しーでぃー」といった語句を発話すると、マイクロホン3からアナログ信号がCODEC回路122によってデジタルデータに変換され、このデジタルデータが、サポートASIC121からPCIバスホストコントローラとCPUホストASIC115を経てCPU111に送られ、CPU11は、このデジタルデータに基づいて、ユーザがどの言葉を言ったのかを認識し、認識結果に応じて、操作キーが押されたときと同じような対応をする。

【0070】なお、例えば、フェイスプレートユニット 15の表示部をタッチパネルにしておき、コンピュータ のグラフィカルユーザインタフェースとして、例えばそ の時点で使える機能をアイコンで表示部に表示し、ユー ザが使いたい機能のアイコンを指で触るとその機能が働 くようにすることもできる。さらに、例えば、そのよう なアイコンによる表示と音声認識を合わせて使えば、一 度にいくつかのアイコンが表示され、ユーザが「つぎ」 と発話すれば画面が切り替わって次のいくつかのアイコンが表示され、ユーザが「もどる」と発話すれば画面が 1つ前の状態に戻る、といった使い方も可能である。

【0071】〔2-3. ラジオを聞く場合〕上に述べたような操作で、例えばユーザが「えふえむ」と発話してラジオのFM放送を選び、CPU1111がそれを認識すると、サポートASIC121はCPU111からの命令にしたがってチューナー21をFMの受信状態に切り替え、また、アンプ22に送り出すデータのソースをチューナー21からの音声のデータに切り替える。この場合、チューナー21は、前回選局した周波数を受信してもよいし、また、例えば、ユーザが「シークアップ」といった語句を発話することで、周波数を少しずつ変えながら受信状態のよい次の周波数を自動的に探す(自動掃引)ようにしてもよい。

【0072】このようにラジオを聞く場合は、チューナー21から送られてくる受信内容はアナログ信号なので、このアナログ信号はCODEC回路122に入力され、デジタルデータに変換されたうえでサポートASI

C121に送られる。サポートASIC121は、CODEC回路122から受け取ったデジタルデータをDSPユニット123に渡し、DSPユニット123は、予めシステムの上で設定されているバランスやボリュームといった設定項目にしたがってこのデジタルデータを処理し、サポートASIC121に送り返す。

【0073】そして、サポートASIC121は、このように返ってきたデジタルデータをCODEC回路12 2に再び送り返し、CODEC回路122はこのデジタルデータを再びアナログ信号に変換して戻したうえで、今度はアンプ22に送ってスピーカから流れるようにする。

【〇〇74】〔2-4.CDの再生〕また、ユーザは、音楽CDを聞きたいときは、CD-ROMユニット14やCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7に聞きたい音楽CDをセットし、「すたーと」となどと音声などで再生を指示したり、次の曲へ飛ぶといった指示をすればよい。例えば、CD-ROMユニット14内の音楽CDを再生するときは、サポートASIC121からの指令によってCD-ROMユニット14が作動し、CD-ROMユニット14からはデジタルデータであるオーディオデータが送られてくる。

【0075】そして、パラレル/PCIドライバ125は、このオーディオデータをPCIバスB2のデータ形式に変換してサポートASIC121に送り、サポートASIC121は、PCIバスB2からオーディオデータを受け取ると、このオーディオデータを一旦DSPユニット123に渡して処理させ、処理されたオーディオデータを再びDSPユニット123から受け取ると、処理されたオーディオデータをデジタル入出力ポートからCODEC回路122に渡し、アナログ信号の形でアンプ22に出力させる。

【0076】音楽CDを再生するのがCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7のときは、シリアルバスB3から送られてくるシリアル形式のオーディオデータを、シリアル/PCIドライバ126がPCIバスB2のデータ形式に変換するが、それ以降の処理はCD-ROMユニット14の場合と同じように行われる。

【0077】なお、CD-ROMユニット14やCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7と、CODEC回路122やDSPユニット123とを相対的に比べると、前者は長い時間のサイクルでまとまった量のデータを送ってくるのに対して、後者は短い時間のサイクルでデータを少しずつ処理するため、両者の間にサイクルにずれがある。このため、サポートASIC121は、CD-ROMユニット14又はCD-ROMオートチェンジャ7がまとめて送ってきたデジタルデータをバッファメモリ124に格納し、一番古い部分から次々と取り出してはDSPユニット123に渡して処理させることで、上に述べたようなずれを埋めて再生が滑らかに行われるようにすりetitioners

る。

【0078】 [2-5. CD-ROMとカーナビゲーションの利用] また、ユーザが例えばカーナビゲーションシステムの機能を使いたいときは、例えばCD-ROMユニット14に、カーナビゲーションシステム用のデータ(アプリケーションソフト、地図等)が記録されたCD-ROMをセットしたうえで、カーナビゲーションシステムの機能を起動する。このようなカーナビゲーションシステムの機能は、例えばコンピュータのプログラムとしてCPUモジュール11のフラッシュROM113に記録しておき、CPU111にこのようなプログラムを実行させることによって実現することができる。

【0079】このようなカーナビゲーションシステムが、CD-ROMに記録された地図のデータや地域ごとのいろいろな情報などを読み出そうとするときは、例えばCD-ROMユニット14から読み出されたデジタルデータがパラレル/PCIドライバ125、PCIバスホストコントローラ114、CPUホストASIC115を経てCPU111に渡される。CPU111は、このように受け取った地図などのデータに基づいてフェイスプレートユニット15の表示部に表示するためのビットマップイメージをDRAM112上に作成したうえ、サポートモジュール12に送り出す。

【0080】また、このようにカーナビゲーションシステムを使うときは、図1に示したGPSアンテナ4でGPS衛星からの電波を受信し、図2のGPSユニット16がこの電波から緯度や経度などを計算し、このデータがCPU111に送られてくる。すると、CPU111は、これらの緯度や経度などのデータから、このカーオーディオシステムを積んだ車が現在どこを走っているのかを地図上で特定する事ができる。この結果、ユーザが入力しなくても出発地点として現在地を設定したり、現在の地点が中心となるような大まかな地図を表示したり、次の右折や左折を指示する図形を表示したりすることができる。

【0081】なお、ナビゲーション用のデータは、コンパクトフラッシュカード13(又はDRAM112)、又はフラッシュROM113に記憶しておいても良い。【0082】また、すでに説明したような音声認識による操作の仕方は、このようにカーナビゲーションシステムの機能を使うときにも利用することができ、例えば、曲がり角ごとに右折や左折といった指示を出すカーナビゲーションシステムを使う場合、1つ前の指示や1つ先の指示をユーザが見たいときは、「つぎ」とか「もどる」といった語句を発話することで次々と表示を切り替えることもできる。

【0083】さらに、このような道案内はアンプ22を 通して合成音声を出力することでユーザに知らせること もでき、このようにすれば、次にどこを曲がるか知るた めに表示部に視線を移す必要がなくなる。 【0084】〔2-6.電話の利用〕また、ユーザは、電話ユニット6を使って通話するとき、次のようにコンピュータの利点とカーオーディオシステムの利点を活かすことができる。例えば、ユーザは、コンピュータのプログラムを使って、自分の知っている人の電話番号と名前をシステムの、例えばDRAM112、コンパクトフラッシュカード13に予め登録しておく。

【0085】電話が着信すると、図2には図示しないが、電話ユニット6からシリアルバスB3とシリアル/PCIドライバ126を通じて、電話が着信したことを知らせるデジタルデータと、発信元の電話番号を表わすデジタルデータがサポートASIC121に送られる。これらのデータはさらに、CPUモジュール11のCPU111に送られ、CPU111は、予め登録された電話番号の中に、今かかってきている発信元の電話番号が登録されているかどうか検索する。

【0086】子め登録された電話番号の中に、今かかってきている発信元の電話番号があったときは、CPU111はその電話番号に対応する名前をサポートモジュール12に送り返すことで、フェイスプレートユニット15に電話をかけてきている人の名前を表示させたり、合成音声による「○○さんからです」といった案内を車載スピーカから流すことで、誰が電話をかけてきているのかをユーザに知らせることができる。

【0087】このような表示や案内、また呼び出し音などで電話がかかってきていることを知ったユーザが、予め決められた語句を発話して電話をつなぐように指示すると、相手の声がスピーカから流れると同時に、マイクロホン3から入力されるユーザの声がCODEC回路122によってデジタルデータに変換され、サポートASIC121、シリアル/PCIドライバ126、シリアルバスB3を経て電話ユニット6に送られ、ユーザは手を使わずにいわゆるハンズフリーの状態で通話を行うことができる。

【0088】なお、呼び出し音が一定の回数だけ鳴った ところで、例えば電話ユニット6やCPUモジュール1 1に用意された留守番電話機能などが電話に応答する。 【0089】また、ユーザの側から発信しようとすると きも、例えば、予め登録してある電話番号と名前を表示 画面の上でつぎつぎに表示させ、電話を掛けたい相手が 表示されたところで発信のアイコンなどを指でタッチす ると、その電話番号がCPUモジュール11からデジタ ルデータとして電話ユニット6に転送されて自動的に電 話がかかり、相手が出ればそのまま話すことができる。 【0090】また、ユーザが登録した名前を発話し、C PUモジュール11がこれを認識することでその名前に 対応する電話番号に自動的に発信したり、掛けたい電話 番号を1桁ずつ発話して認識させたり、ユーザが「りだ いやる」と発話したことを認識して電話を掛ける先を決 めるようにすることもできる。 Petitioners 【0091】〔2-7. セキュリティコントロールユニットの利用〕また、セキュリティコントロールユニット 5は、単独で使うこともできるし、上に述べた電話ユニット6と連動させて使うこともできる。例えば(図

1)、ユーザは車を離れるときに、セキュリティコントロールユニットラを作動させ、送信機5cを持って降りる。車両のユーザと何ら関係のない第三者がドアノブに触れたり、鍵穴をいじったり、ドアやトランクをこじ開けようとしたり、車を無断で移動させようとすると、それによる衝撃や振動をセンサ5aが感じ取り、センサ5aからの信号を受けたセキュリティコントロールユニット5は、例えばサイレン5bを大音量で鳴らす。これにより車外の環境に対し警報の効果がもたらされる。

【0092】ユーザ自身は、車に戻ってきたとき、持っている送信機5cを操作すれば、予め決められた暗号がセキュリティコントロールユニット5に送られ、セキュリティコントロールユニット5の機能は解除されるので、鍵を使ったり車を動かしてもサイレンが鳴ったりすることはない。

【0093】このようなセキュリティコントロールユニット5は、電話ユニット6と連動させて使えばさらに効果がある。つまり、センサ5 aが異常を感知したとき、セキュリティコントロールユニット5は、サイレンを鳴らすだけでなく、割り込み信号を送ってCPUモジュール11及びサポートモジュール12を含むカーオーディオシステムを起動させる。このような起動を可能にするためには、カーオーディオシステムの電源と起動スイッチに接続した電子回路を用意し、割り込み信号が来ていないかをこの電子回路に常に監視させておき、割り込み信号が来るとただちに電源と起動スイッチをオンにしてカーオーディオシステムを起動させればよい。

【0094】このように起動されたCPU1111は、セキュリティコントロールユニット5から異常発生を知らせるデータを受け取ると、電話ユニット6に指令を送ることで電話を掛けさせる。このときに電話を掛ける先は、異常時の通報先として予め設定しておけばよく、例えば、警察、ユーザの持っている携帯電話、警備会社などとすればよい。そして、掛けた先に電話がつながると、合成音声や予め録音したアナウンスを相手に聞かせることで異常を知らせる。このようにすれば、知らせを受けた者が現場に急行できる。

【0095】〔2-8.ユーティリティプログラムの利用〕また、通常のハンドヘルドパソコンと同じように、OSやアプリケーションプログラムの機能として、アドレス帳、カレンダー、スケジュール管理、音声録音、時計、電卓、ゲームといった機能を利用すれば、車の中でもいろいろな情報処理を行うことが可能となる。さらに、これらの機能を実現するアプリケーションプログラムを削除したり、新しいものに入れ替えたり、追加することで、個々のユーザが自分にあった情報処理の環境を

整えることができる。

【0096】〔2-9. コンパクトフラッシュカードの利用〕また、この実施形態のカーオーディオシステムでは、コンパクトフラッシュカード13を使うことで、他のハンドヘルドパソコンや他のカーオーディオシステムなどとの間で情報をやり取りすることができる。

【0097】例えば、コンパクトフラッシュカード13から新しいアプリケーションプログラムやOSをフラッシュROM113に読み込ませることで、新しい機能を追加するしたりOSを更新することが容易になる。特に、汎用のOSを使うことによって、一般のソフトウェアメーカーがアプリケーションプログラムやOSの機能モジュールなどを作りやすくなるので、それを記録したコンパクトフラッシュカード13も出回って手に入れやすくなり、ユーザはこのカーオーディオシステムを、コンピュータとしても、より便利に使えるようになる。

【0098】また、他のパソコンやハンドヘルドパソコンで作ったアドレス帳のような個人的なデータを、コンパクトフラッシュカード13でこのカーオーディオシステムに持ち込めば、それまでの作業をこのカーオーディオシステム上で続けることができる。さらに、これとは逆に、このカーオーディオシステムで作ったデータをコンパクトフラッシュカード13で他のパソコンやハンドヘルドパソコンに移して作業を続けることもできる。

【0099】また、上に述べたようなユーティリティプログラムを使って自分が作ったデータを、コンパクトフラッシュカード13にバックアップコピーしておけば、カーオーディオシステムの不調や他人が使ったためにデータが消えたような場合でも、コンパクトフラッシュカード13からデータを再びメインユニット1に読み込ませて情報処理を続けることができる。

【0100】また、自分に合ったカーオーディオシステムのいろいろな設定をコンパクトフラッシュカード13にバックアップコピーしておけば、たとえ家族の他の誰かが設定を変えても、自分が車を使うときは自分の持っていたコンパクトフラッシュカード13をメインユニット1に差し込んで内容を読み込ませることで、自分にとって使い勝手のよい元通りの設定でカーオーディオシステムを使うことができる。

【0101】〔2-10.ハンドヘルドパソコンとの通信〕さらに、この実施形態では、赤外線通信ユニット127を使うことで、ハンドヘルドパソコン8との間で、コンパクトフラッシュカード13を抜き差ししたりケーブルなどで接続するといった手間をかけずに、容易にデータをやり取りすることができる。このため、ハンドヘルドパソコン8内に記録しておいたファイルなどを使ってOSやアプリケーションプログラムを更新したり、カーオーディオシステム上で作った個人的なデータをハンドヘルドパソコン8に直接移し替えたり、そのような個人的なデータのバックアップを、ハンドヘルドパソコンPetitioners