

•

PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT COVER SHEET This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53(c)

Express Mail Label No.: EV317193524 US						
INVENTORS						
Inventor Name		Residence			1	
Dishard M. Clautan		(City and either State or Foreign Country)			-	
		Phoenix, AZ USA			1	
Additional inventors are being named on the <u>1</u> separately numbered sheet attached hereto						
TITLE OF THE INVENTION (280 characters maximum)						
WIRELESS AUDIO ADAPTER FOR CAR RADIOS						
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS					1105	
OR				00 	05	
Address				<u></u>		
Address	·		······································	· · ·	<u></u>	
City		State		Zip]	
Country		Telephone		Fax	4	
ENCLOSED APPLICATION PARTS (check all that apply)						
	iumber of Pages V		CD(S), Number			
Drawings Number of Sheets Other (specify)						
Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76						
METHOD OF PAYMENT OF FILING FEES FOR THIS PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT						
Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27.						
A check or money order is enclosed to cover the filing fees						
X The Director is hereby authorized to charge filing fees or credit any overpayment to Filing Fee Amount (\$) X Deposit Account Number: 502117 \$160.00 Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. \$160.00						
The invention was made by an agency of the United States Government or under a contract with an agency of the United States Government.						
X No						
Yes, the name of the U.S. Government agency and the Government contract number are:						
Respectfully submitted,	16		Date _/	o-February-	2005	
SIGNATURE				0		
TYPED or PRINTED NAME	TYPED or PRINTED NAME Esteban A. Rockett		STRATION NO.	55,578		
TELEPHONE	215-323-1798	Docke	Docket Number: BCS03802			

PROVISIONAL APPLICATION COVER SHEET Additional Page

Docket Number: BCS03802

1

INVENTOR(S)/APPLICANT(S)				
Inventor Name	Residence			
	(City and either State or Foreign Country)			
Michael T. Osumand				
Michael I. Gaumond	Scottsdale, AZ USA			
	Phoenix, AZ USA			
Brian J. Tucker	Mesa, AZ USA			
······································				
· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Number _2_ of __2_

WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.



10

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 3



PREVIOUSLY FILED IN US PTO -

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 4

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR MANAGING CONTENT BETWEEN DEVICES IN VARIOUS DOMAINS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 This invention in general relates to managing content between devices in various domains and, more particularly, to a system and method for delaying or timeslipping broadcast content across different domains.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 Digital video recorders and other content storage devices exist that allow a user to store and playback content at later times. Conventional systems, however, are limited in that they deal with storage and playback of the broadcast content in a single domain.

A need exists for a user to seamlessly listen to (or watch) audio (or video)

- 15 content when moving from one domain (such as a vehicle) to a different domain (such as a home) without missing a portion of that content. For instance, assume that a vehicle operator would like to listen to a talk show or a sporting event that is scheduled for broadcasting one hour before the operator's commute time. It may not be feasible for the vehicle to store the broadcast itself because the vehicle is turned off
- 20 and the operator does not want to drain the vehicle's battery. Currently, a user cannot delay the playback of the originally broadcast program to a time period when the driver is in the vehicle. The same applies for video, e.g., delay the playing of a regularly scheduled video program on an entertainment system in the vehicle for a time that the occupants may be in the vehicle.

IS01600TC – Gaumond, et al.

It is, therefore, desirable to provide a system and method to overcome or minimize most, if not all, of the preceding problems especially in the area of managing content in different domains.

5

20

25

- William

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a system having client devices in different domains supported by a host system located at a home or at a central service provider;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a client device;

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of the inside of a vehicle illustrating one

10 embodiment of a client device in the vehicular domain;

FIG. 4 is a perspective view of the inside of a vehicle illustrating another embodiment of a client device in the vehicular domain;

FIG. 5 is a block diagram of another embodiment of a client device in

communication with a separate local wireless communication device;

15 FIG. 6 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a host system that communicates with different client devices in different domains;

FIG. 7 is a diagram of one embodiment of a database that may reside in a host system to access information and characteristics about a particular client device;

FIG. 8 is a flow diagram of one method for managing broadcast content and providing for the ability of delaying the broadcast content for a later time; and

FIG. 9 is a flow diagram of another method for managing content between a first client device and a second client device.

While the invention is susceptible to various modifications and alternative forms, specific embodiments have been shown by way of example in the drawings and will be described in detail herein. However, it should be understood that the invention is not intended to be limited to the particular forms disclosed. Rather, the invention is to cover all modifications, equivalents and alternatives falling within the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

3

5

20

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

What is described is a system and method for managing content between different client devices in various domains (such as vehicle, home, person, hotspot, workplace, or school). To this end, in one embodiment there is a method for managing content that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period. The

10 method comprises the steps of: receiving an input from a user on a first device to delay the content to a second time period, the second time period being different from the first time period; determining whether the first device is connected to a first wireless communication system; sending a data message to a host controller if the first device is connected to the first wireless communication system; and obtaining the 15 content scheduled for broadcast during the first time to permit the user to playback the

content during the second time period.

The broadcast content may be obtained in a variety of ways. The broadcast content could be obtained by the host controller from a content provider through an Internet connection. The broadcast content may also be obtained by the host controller through a digital satellite communication system that will store the broadcast content during the first time period. Broadcast content may also be obtained from local radio broadcasters over a radio tuner.

Moreover, the step of obtaining the content may further include a determination of whether a broadcast program is stored in whole or in part. If the

25 broadcast program is stored in part, then the host system will store a first segment of

the broadcast program and send the first segment of the broadcast program to the first device. The first device will then begin recording the second segment of the broadcast program and connect or overlap the first segment to the second segment of the broadcast program to provide seamless playback to the user.

In one embodiment, the first communication system is a short-range wireless communication system such as a Bluetooth[™] communication system, an IEEE 802.11 communication system, an IEEE 802.16 communication system, an IEEE 802.20 communication system, a Wireless Universal Serial Bus (WUSB) system, or a Dedicated Short-Range Communications (DSRC) system. The first device may also

- 10 include a second transceiver for communication with a second wireless communication system such as a cellular communication network. In a further embodiment, where the first device has a second transceiver, the method may further include the steps of: determining whether the first device is connected to the second wireless communication system and sending the data message over the second
- 15 wireless communication system if a connection exists. If the first client device is not connected to either the first or second wireless communication system, the first client device may store the data message for later transmission.

In another embodiment, there is a method for managing content between a first client device and a second client device that is scheduled for broadcast during a

first time period, where the first client device is in a first domain (such as a vehicle) and the second client device is in a second domain (such as in a home or on the person). The method comprises the steps of: receiving a data message from the first device over a wireless communication system, the data message being received in response to an input from a user on the first device to delay the content to a second time period; obtaining the content scheduled for broadcast during the first time

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

5

period; and sending the content to the second device over the wireless communication system to permit the user to playback the content on the second device during the second time period. Here, the data message sent to the wireless gateway comprises a plurality of information elements that includes at least a store

5 content instruction. Additionally, the method may further include the steps of determining a content type associated with the second device and formatting the content in the content type associated with the second device before sending the content to the second device.

In a further embodiment, there is a client device in a communication system where the system is capable of managing content that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period. The client device includes at least a user interface, a first wireless transceiver, a controller, and a memory. The user interface is used to receive an input from a user to access content during a second time period where the second time period is different from the first time period. The first wireless transceiver is

- 15 capable of wirelessly connecting the client device to a first wireless communication system. The controller, in response to the input from the user, determines whether the client device is connected to the first wireless communication system. If so, the controller generates and sends a data message to a remote host controller over the first communication system. The data message sent to the wireless gateway includes at
- 20 least a delay content instruction and any additional information as described in more detail below. The memory is used for storing the content that is scheduled for broadcast during the first time period. The content stored in memory is received from the remote host controller in response to the data message sent to the remote host controller. The content may be an entire program broadcast or be a smaller segment
- 25 of the original program broadcast.

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 9

5

Control of

In another embodiment, there is a host system for managing content for a mobile client device that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period. The mobile client device is selected from one of the domains mentioned above. The host system includes at least a wireless gateway, a database, and a controller. The wireless

- 5 gateway is configured to receive a data message from the client device that includes a delay content instruction. The data message comprises a plurality of information elements including at least a store content instruction. The database is configured to store information regarding the client device and any other client devices of the user. The controller is connected to the wireless gateway and the database. The controller
- 10 is capable of identifying the client device from the database and obtaining the content scheduled for broadcast during the first time period. The controller then sends the content to the client device over the wireless communication system to permit the user to playback the content on the client device during the second time period.

Now, turning to the drawings, FIG. 1 illustrates a top-level block diagram of

- 15 an example use of a communication system 20 for the present invention. Generally, the communication system 20 may include a plurality of client devices 22a, 22b, 22c, 22d that exist in various domains such as the vehicle, home, and person. For instance, a client device 22a in the vehicular domain may be incorporated into a vehicle's head unit and/or entertainment system. A client device 22b, 22c in the home domain may
- 20 include items such as a personal computer, a home entertainment system, a digital audio recorder, and/or a digital video recorder. A client device 22d in the personal domain may include items such as a portable electronic device such as a personal digital assistant (PDA), a digital music player, and/or a portable phone. Client devices may also exist in other domains such as a hotspot, workplace, or school.

The communication system 20 also includes a central service provider 24 that can communicate with the client devices 22a-d through a combination of wireless and wired links. In one embodiment, the central service provider 24 is connected to a high-speed Internet network 34. The central service provider 24 may assist in

5 managing the distribution and control of content between different client devices 22ad. The central service provider 24 may further provide additional services or be incorporated into the services of other service providers such as a cellular service provider, a satellite broadcast content provider, a cable television content provider, or a stored Internet content provider. Moreover, some or all of the functions of managing the distribution and control of the content between client devices 22a-d may

reside locally with a user in the home domain.

In one embodiment, where the client device 22a-d has a content receiver, the client devices 22a-d may receive broadcast content (audio and/or video) from a satellite content provider 26. This is shown in FIG. 1 through an exemplary satellite content provider and the receipt of a communication link A to the client devices 22a-d. In other embodiments, the client device 22a-d may also have a receiver to receive broadcast content via radio signals from local content broadcasters (not shown). The client device 22a-d may also receive stored content from an Internet content provider 27. The Internet content provider 27 may provide stored broadcast content to users or be part of a cable television provider. If the client device is a portable or mobile unit (such as a client device 22a in the vehicular domain or a client device 22d in the person domain), as explained in more detail below, the client device may receive stored broadcast content from a home gateway 28 or a hot spot gateway 30 through a short-range communication system.

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 11

As illustrated in FIG. 1, the client devices 22a-d may wirelessly communicate in the communication system 20 through different communication links (see communication arrows B-E). The wireless communication links B-E may be divided into individual sets (B-C, D-E) for different types of wireless communication

- 5 protocols. For instance, the client devices 22a-d may include a first wireless transceiver that is capable of establishing a wireless communication link B-C through a short-range wireless communication system or network. In this embodiment, the short-range wireless communication system or network may include a Bluetooth[™] communication system, an IEEE 802.11 communication system, an IEEE 802.16
- 10 communication system, an IEEE 802.20 communication system, a Wireless Universal Serial Bus (WUSB) system, or a Dedicated Short-Range Communications (DSRC) system. The short-range wireless transceiver in a client device 22a-d may provide direct communication to another client device 22a-d through a home wireless gateway 28 (such as from the client device 22a in the vehicle to the client device 22b, 22c in
- 15 the home). Alternatively, the short-range wireless transceiver in a client device 22a-d may provide indirect wireless communication to another client device through a hot spot gateway 30 (such as from a client device 22a in the vehicle, through the hot spot gateway 30, to the client device 22b, 22c in the home). The wireless communication links over the short-range communication system can provide for the exchange of data
- 20 messages as well as the transfer of stored broadcast content to client devices.

Additionally, the client devices 22a-d may include a second wireless transceiver that is capable of establishing a wireless communication link D-E through a second wireless communication system, such as a cellular communication system and network 32. The cellular communication system and network 32 can operate according to a wireless communication protocol such as a Global System for Mobile

Communications (GSM) protocol, a Universal Mobile Telphony System (UMTS) protocol, a Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) protocol, a Wideband CDMA (WCDMA) protocol, a CDMA2000 protocol, or a Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) protocol. Here, the cellular system or network 32 is further coupled to the

- 5 Internet 34 by the cellular service provider 36 or other wired network on route to the central service provider 24, which may ultimately act as the host for data message communications between client devices 22a-d. Alternatively, the cellular system or network 32 is coupled to the Internet 34 or other wired network on route to another client device (such as from the client device 22a in the vehicle, through to the cellular network provider 36, to the client device 22b, 22c in the home). The above described wireless communication protocols are merely representative of existing protocols that
 - could be used in the present invention.

An exemplary client device 22a in a vehicular domain will now be described in further detail with relation to FIGS. 2-4. In one embodiment, a client device 22a in
a vehicle may comprise of two main components: a head unit 40 and a Telematics control unit 70. Although shown as separate components for purposes of illustration, one skilled in the art having the benefit of this disclosure will recognize that aspects of the head unit 40 and the Telematics control unit 70, and components thereof, can be combined or swapped. In any event, in the embodiment as shown in FIG. 2, the
head unit 40 may include a controller 42, a user interface 44, 46, a content receiver 48, a first wireless transceiver 50, a memory 52.

The user interface includes a user input 44 and a user output 46. The user input 44 may include a keypad or a specific user dedicated set of buttons 54. The user may use the keypad or dedicated buttons to perform particular functions of the present invention, including a request to delay or reschedule content that is scheduled for a

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

25

first time period. As described in more detail below, the user may request that broadcast content that is originally scheduled for a first time period be delayed to a second time period. The present invention is particular advantageous for users that want to re-schedule and delay an original broadcast to fit the user's personal schedule.

- 5 For instance, if the user knows that they regularly commute to work at 7:00 am but would like to listen to a broadcast (such as a talk show) that begins at 6:30 am, the user may specify that the broadcast be delayed or otherwise time-slipped by 30 minutes. Alternatively, the broadcast content could be delayed to a later time after receiving further input from the user. In addition to allowing the user to provide a
- 10 delay request through the user interface in the vehicular client device 22a, the user may also make this selection from another client device 22b-22d (such as a personal computer or another mobile device) that is directed to the vehicular client device 22a. Additionally, a microphone 56 in the client device 22a may also be used to pick up a speaker's voice in the vehicle, and/or possibly to give commands to the head unit 40 if

15 it is equipped with a voice recognition module 58.

Ultimately, user inputs 44 are processed by the controller 42 in the head unit 40. The controller 42 also executes processes to provide outputs to the occupants in the vehicle through the user output 46, such as through a speaker 60 and/or a display 62. The speakers 60 employed can be the audio (radio) speakers normally present in the vehicle, of which there are typically four or more, although only one is shown for convenience.

The content receiver 48 in the client device 22a is capable of receiving broadcast content (audio and/or video) from a content provider 26. This is shown in FIG. 3 through an exemplary satellite content provider by the receipt of a

25 communication link A to the client device 22a. The user may use the user interface to

10

select one of a plurality of satellite channels that are received by the satellite receiver antenna 64. In other embodiments, as shown in FIG. 4, the client device 22a may also have an antenna 66 and a radio receiver to receive broadcast content via radio signals F from local content broadcasters in the geographic area. This type of broadcast content may be obtained through the content receiver 48 by tuning a radio receiver to

5 content may be obtained through the content receiver 48 by tuning a radio receiver 1 a specific radio frequency.

Referring back to FIG. 2, the client device 22a may also obtain stored broadcast content (as well as exchange data messages with a host system or other client devices) through the use of the first wireless transceiver 50. The first wireless 10 transceiver 50 is used for establishing wireless communications B-C over a shortrange wireless communication system or network as discussed above. Although shown as part of the head unit 40, the first wireless transceiver 50 could also be included as part of the Telematics control unit 70 or other vehicle control unit. In any event, the short-range wireless transceiver 50 may provide wireless communication to

a remote host system 90 (see FIG. 6) over a home gateway 28 or may providewireless communication to a remote host controller 90 through a hot spot gateway 30.

Additionally, the client device 22a includes a memory 52 for storing broadcast content. In one embodiment, the type of content stored in memory 52 may include content that was scheduled for broadcast during an original broadcast time that the

- 20 user wishes to playback during a later second time period. The content may be received through the first wireless transceiver 50 from the home gateway 28. For instance, assume that a user of the vehicular client device 22a would like to delay the listening of specific broadcast content that is scheduled during an original first time period. The user may select an input (either on the client device 22a or from another
- client device 22b-22d) to delay the playback of an original broadcast program content.

A remote host system 90 will obtain the content (in whole or in part) and send the content to the client 22a for storage in memory 52. The content would then be automatically played back to the user at the designated second time period.

In the embodiment where the client device 22a is incorporated into the head unit 40 of a vehicle, the controller 42 may also be configured to communicate via a vehicle bus interface 68 to a vehicle bus 80, which carries communication information and other operational data throughout the vehicle. This connection may be important to allow the controller 42 to utilize a cellular communication transceiver in the Telematics control unit 70 to transmit and receive data messages. In particular, the

Telematics control unit 70 is similarly coupled to the vehicle bus 80, via a vehicle bus interface 72, and hence the head unit 40. The Telematics control unit 70 is responsible for sending and receiving voice or data communications to and from the vehicle over a cellular communication network. As such, it comprises a Telematics controller 74 to organize such communications, and a network access device (NAD)
that includes a cellular wireless transceiver 76, which may be used as a second

wireless transceiver for purposes of the present invention as described further below. In an alternative embodiment, the client device 22a may be configured to seek

out a local wireless communication device to determine whether a data message may be sent over a second wireless communication system. For instance, in FIG. 5, the controller 42 in the client device 22a may determine whether it has access to a second wireless communication network through another wireless communication device 110 that is within proximity of the short-range wireless transceiver 50. Here, the wireless communication device 110, such as a cellular phone, has its own controller 112, a short-range wireless transceiver 114 and a cellular wireless transceiver 116. The

25 short-range wireless transceivers 50 and 114 may communication with each other

through a short-range communication protocol. The benefit of this design is that it will allow the controller 42 to utilize a cellular transceiver in the local wireless communication device 110 to transmit and receive data messages, which may be used as a second wireless transceiver for purposes of the present invention as described

5 further below.

In a further embodiment, the wireless communication device 110 in FIG. 5 could serve as a client device itself. For instance, the wireless communication device 110 may include a controller 112, a memory 115, and transceivers 114, 115. In this case, the audio or video from any content stored on the wireless communication

10 device 110 could be sent or transmitted over the short-range wireless transceiver 114 to another system or device, such as the head unit 40 in a vehicle. The transmitted audio or video may then be outputted over the speakers 60 or display 62.

The client device 22a illustrated above can provide a great deal of communicative flexibility within vehicle to manage and control content with other 15 client devices 22b-d owned by a user. For example, assume for purposes of illustration that a driver of the vehicle, using client device 22a, is driving to his/her workplace in the morning and hears an advertisement through their content receiver 48 for a broadcast program such as a talk show or a sporting event that is scheduled for broadcast during the driver's work day (e.g., beginning at 2 pm). However, the 20 driver is unable to listen to the broadcast program during its originally scheduled time period because the driver will be at work. The present invention allows the driver to delay the playback of that originally broadcast program to a later time when the driver will be back inside the vehicle (e.g., the commute home from work at 5:30 pm). The driver can initiate this function by submitting an input that requests the content to start 25 at a second time period such as 5:30 pm or at another time specified by the driver. In

13

*** •\$*

response to the user's input, the controller 42 in the client device 22a will send a data message to a remote host controller through either the first wireless transceiver 50 (short-range transceiver) or through the second wireless transceiver 72 (cellular transceiver), depending on the location of the client device 22a. The remote host controller will obtain the originally scheduled broadcast content and then send the content to the client device 22a for subsequent playback to the driver during the driver's designated time period. In one embodiment, the content may be sent to the client device 22a, from the remote host controller, through a hot spot gateway 30 that is located at the driver's workplace.

10 The example provided above presents a situation where the entire broadcast program is obtained by the home gateway 28 and sent to the client device for later playback. The present invention also solves the problem where the user of the client device 22a only wants to delay or time-slip the content over a relatively short period of time. For instance, in another illustrative example, the driver of a vehicle having a 15 client device 22a may know that a regularly scheduled talk show starts at 6:30 am and

would like to listen to the broadcast from the beginning of the talk show. However, the driver knows that they do not start their commute to work until 6:45 am (15 minutes later). In one embodiment, the driver can use a client device (such as a
personal computer having a client device 22b) to delay the program by 15 minutes.

- 20 Here, the driver would submit an input into the client device 22b to request a delay of the broadcast content during a second time period. The home gateway 28 would then obtain a first segment of the content (e.g., the first 15 minutes of the broadcast) and then send the first segment of the content to the vehicular client device 22a. The first segment of the content received by the vehicular client device 22a would then be
- stored in the memory 52 of the client device 22a. The vehicular client device 22a

14

would then store the second segment of the content (e.g., the remainder of the program) itself through its own content receiver 48. The controller 42 would couple together or overlap the first and second segments of the program to provide seamless playback to the user of the vehicular client device 22a.

In one embodiment, before sending a data message that requests delaying content to a later time, the controller 42 would determine whether the client device 22a in the vehicle is connected to, or capable of sending messages over, a first wireless communication system. This may be done by having the controller 42 determine whether the first wireless transceiver 50 is connected to a wireless gateway

- 10 28 in the home or a hot spot gateway 30 mentioned above. If the client device 22a in the vehicle is not connected to, or not capable of sending data messages over, a first wireless communication system, the controller 42 may then make a determination whether the client device 22a in the vehicle is connected to, or capable of sending data message over, a second wireless communication system. The second wireless
- 15 communication system in FIG. 2 is shown as a cellular wireless transceiver 72 in the Telematics control unit 70 and in FIG. 5 as a cellular wireless transceiver 116 in a portable wireless communication device 110. If the client device 22a is not connected to either the first or second communication system, then the controller 74 may store the data message for later transmission.

20 The data message may be formatted in a number of ways. In one embodiment, the information in the data message will depend on the type of content being played by the driver of the vehicle. For instance, assume that the content receiver 48 is a digital satellite receiver and that the type of content to be delayed is digital broadcast content. In this case, the data message may include a plurality of information

25 elements or fields that includes at least a delay content instruction and a satellite

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 19

channel identification. To enhance the functionality of the system, the data message may also include other information elements or fields such as an address (for identifying a host for the driver's content), a client device identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected the delay content command. This later information may be used to delay content that is not readily storable as well as provide specific information to a user about stored content for later selection.

In another instance, assume that the content receiver 48 is a radio tuner and the type of content to be delayed is analog broadcast content. In this case, the data message may include a plurality of information elements or fields that includes at

- 10 least a delay content instruction and radio frequency identification. Additionally, to enhance functionality, the data message may also include other information elements or fields such as an address (for identifying a host for the driver's content), a client device identification, a content type identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected the delay content command.
- 15 FIG. 6 shows a block diagram of one embodiment of a remote host system 90 for managing content for purposes of delaying or time-slipping content across domains. In one embodiment, the remote host system includes a wireless gateway 28, a controller 92, and a database 94. Additionally, the system 90 may include other components such as a user inputs 96, user outputs 98, other memory 100, and a
- 20 content receiver 102. In one embodiment, components of the host system may be included in one of the client devices 22b, such as a home personal computer.
 However, one skilled in the art having the benefit of this disclosure will recognize that aspects of the host system, and components thereof, can be combined or swapped with other types of devices and systems. For instance, instead of having the remote

16

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

host system located in the home, the controller 92, database 94, and memory 100 may be located and managed remotely by the central service provider 24.

The wireless gateway 28 may include a wireless transceiver 104 and an Internet interface 106. In one embodiment, the wireless transceiver 104 is capable of wirelessly connecting to the first and second client devices 22a, 22c over a shortrange wireless communication system through a system described above. The Internet interface 106 may be used for communicating with a central service provider 24. The connection with the central service provider 24 may also be used to facilitate communications with the first and second client device 22a, 22c, if the client devices are connected to other wireless gateways (such as a hot spot gateway 30) or connected

to another wireless communication system (such as a cellular communication system). Moreover, the connection with the central service provider 24 may be used to facilitate access to content providers in addition to, or separate from, the content receiver 102.

- In any event, in addition to transferring stored broadcast content to client devices, the wireless gateway 28 is used to receive data messages from the first and second client devices 22a, 22c, including any data messages that have an instruction to delay broadcast content. In one embodiment, as described above, data messages that are received from a client device include a plurality of information elements or
- 20 fields that include at least a delay content instruction. If the content is broadcast content, the data message may further include information elements or fields that identify the type of client device, identify the content (a specific satellite channel or a radio frequency), and identify the time and date of the delay instruction.

The database 94 is used by the system to store information regarding features and operations of the different client devices 22a-d. The database 94 may also be

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

used to store user preferences and keep track of user stored content. The database 94 may be configurable by the user to facilitate the storage and delay of content for different client devices 22a-d in various domains. For instance, the database 94 may identify the different types of client devices 22a-d, associated with a particular user.

- 5 Referring to FIG. 7, the database 94 may also include information specific to individual client devices 22a-d such as: the client device identification (122); the client type (124); the domain (126); whether the client device has a short-range transceiver (128); whether the client device has a cellular transceiver (130); the size of memory on the client device (132); whether the client device retains stored content
- 10 (134); whether the client device has access to Internet content (136); whether the client device has access to satellite content (138); whether the client device has access to RF radio content (140); and whether the client device has access to cable television (142).

Referring back to FIG. 6, the host controller 92 is connected to the wireless gateway 28 and the database 94. The host controller 92 is capable of receiving data messages from a first client device 22a and then using the database 94 to identify other client devices 22b-d associated with a specific user. As mentioned above, the data message will include an instruction to delay content and associated information about the delayed content. In one embodiment, the controller 92 is capable of

20 generating and sending a second set of data messages to other client devices 22b-d after receiving the data message from the first client device 22a.

In another embodiment, the host controller 94 is capable of accessing content from the central service provider 24 in response to receiving the data message (containing the delay instruction) from the first client device 22a. This feature may be

25 beneficial if the other client devices 22b-d do not have their own content receiver or is

unable to store their own content at the scheduled time of the original broadcast. Additionally, after accessing content from the central service provider 24, the controller 92 may locally store the content in memory 100 or pass the content onto the other client devices 22c, 22d connected to the host system 90.

5 FIG. 8 shows a flow diagram illustrating one embodiment of a method for managing content that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period (e.g., original broadcast time). In one embodiment, the method includes a process block 150 that receives an input from a user on the client device to delay the content. As mentioned above, this input may be an instruction by the user to delay the content 10 (e.g., by pressing a button on a keypad or a dedicated delay button 54). The process

then proceeds to decision block 152.

system, then the process proceeds to process block 154.

15

At decision block 152, the client device will make a determination whether the client device is connected to a first wireless communication system. In the context of embodiment described in FIGS. 2 and 3, this may include having the controller 42 determine whether a short-range wireless transceiver 50 is connected to another short-range communication device such as to a home wireless gateway 28 or a hot spot gateway 30. If the client device is connected to the first wireless communication

At process block 154, the client device will generate and transmit a data 20 message over the first communication system to a host system. In one embodiment, as described above, the data message may depend on the type of content being played by the user of the client device. For instance, assume that the type of content to be delayed is broadcast content from a satellite radio provider. In this case, the data message may include a plurality of information elements or fields that includes at least a delay content instruction and a broadcast content identification (such as a

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 23

satellite channel). To enhance the functionality of the system, the data message may also include other information elements or fields such as an address, a client device identification, a content type identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected the delay content command.

5 If the client device is not connected to the first wireless communication system, then the process proceeds to decision block 156. In one embodiment, a determination is then made whether the user is capable of connection through a second wireless communication system. As described above, this may be accomplished by having the controller 42 determine whether a data message may be

- transmitted via a cellular wireless transceiver 72 in a connected Telematics control unit 70 (see FIG. 2). Alternatively, this may be accomplished by having the controller
 42 determine whether a data message may be transmitted via a cellular wireless transceiver 116 in a wirelessly connected communication device 110 (see FIG. 5).
 Moreover, the decision on whether the user is capable of connecting to a second
- 15 wireless communication system may include a determination of whether the user has subscribed to preferred services plan of the central service provider 24. If so, the process proceeds to process block 158 and where the client device will generate and send a data message over the second communication system.

If the client device is not connected to the first wireless communication system or the second wireless communication system, then the client device 22a will generate a data message but will store the data message instead of immediately transmitting the data message (block 160). The process will return to decision blocks 152 and 156 to wait until the client device is connected to the first or second wireless communication system.

Once the data message is transmitted, at process block 162, the host system 90 will receive the data message from the client device over the first communication system or the second communication system. As mentioned above, the first communication system may be a short-range wireless communication system

- 5 transmitted directly to a home gateway 28 or to the home gateway 28 through a remote hot spot gateway 30. The second communication system may be a cellular system that transmits the message to the host system 90 through a cellular network. In response, the host system 90 will obtain the content that is being delayed. As explained above, the content may be obtained from a variety of sources depending on
- 10 the type of content being sought. For instance, the broadcast content can be obtained over an Internet connection 106. The broadcast content can also be obtained from a content receiver 102 such as a digital satellite receiver or a radio tuner. Any obtained content may then be sent to the client device for later playback to the user at the designated time for the delay or time-slip.
- In one embodiment, the host system may further make a determination of
 whether the entire content can be obtained or only a portion of the content. This
 feature is particularly useful where the delay time is relatively short. For instance,
 when the original broadcast is still playing during the delay time period. Accordingly,
 at decision block 164, the host system 90 may determine whether the entire content
 can be obtained or only a portion of the content. If the entire broadcast can be
 obtained, then the process continues to block 166.

At process block 166, the host system 90 will obtain the entire broadcast content. In process block 168, the host system 90 will then send or transmit the broadcast content to the client device 22a. The client device 22a may be the same client device that made the delay request or may be a different client device 22b-d of

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

25

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 25 the user. The broadcast content may be sent to the client device 22a through the home wireless gateway 28 or through a hot spot gateway 30, depending on the location of the client device 22a. At process block 170, the client device 22a will then store the broadcast content in its memory 52. The client device 22a will playback the content at the specified second time period (e.g., the delayed time period) in process block 172.

Referring back to decision block 164, if it is determined that only a portion of the content can be obtained by the host system 90, the process will then proceed to block 174 where the host system 90 will obtain a first segment of the broadcast

- 10 content. At process block 176, the host system 90 will then send the first segment of the broadcast content to the client device 22a (or another designated client device 22b-d). Again, the first segment of the broadcast content may be sent to the client device 22a through the home wireless gateway 28 or through a hot spot gateway 30, depending on the location of the client device 22a. In process block 178, the client
- 15 device 22a will store the first segment of the broadcast content that it received from the host system 90 and then begin recording the second segment of the broadcast content. At process block 180, the controller 42 of the client device 22a will then connect the stored first segment and the recording second segment to provide seamless playback to the user of the client device 22a. The client device 22a will playback the content at the specified second time period (e.g., the delayed time

period) in process block 182, beginning with the start of the first segment.

FIG. 9 shows a flow diagram illustrating a further embodiment of a method for managing content that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period (e.g., original broadcast time). This method is similar to the one described with relation to

25 FIG. 8, but provides for the exchange of information between different client devices

. . .

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

in different domains. In one embodiment, the method includes a process block 250 that receives an input from a user on a first device to delay the content. As mentioned above, this input may be an instruction by the user to delay the content (e.g., by pressing a button on a keypad or a dedicated delay button 54). The process then

5 proceeds to decision block 252.

10

At decision block 252, the first device will make a determination whether the first device is connected to a first wireless communication system. In the context of embodiment described in FIGS. 2 and 3, this may include having the controller 42 determine whether a short-range wireless transceiver 50 is connected to another short-range communication device such as to a home wireless gateway 28 or a hot spot gateway 30. If the first device is connected to the first wireless communication system, then the process proceeds to process block 254.

At process block 254, the first device will generate and transmit a data message over the first communication system to the host system 90. In one

- 15 embodiment, as described above, the data message may depend on the type of content being played by the user of the first device. For instance, assume that the type of content to be delayed is digital broadcast satellite content. In this case, the data message may include a plurality of information elements or fields that includes at least a delay content instruction and a broadcast content identification (such as a
- 20 satellite channel). To enhance the functionality of the system, the data message may also include other information elements or fields such as an address, a client device identification, a content type identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected the delay content command.

If the first device is not connected to the first wireless communication system, then the process proceeds to decision block 256. In one embodiment, a determination

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 27 is then made whether the user is capable of connection through a second wireless communication system. As described above, this may be accomplished by having the controller 42 determine whether a data message may be transmitted via a cellular wireless transceiver 72 in a connected Telematics control unit 70 (see FIG. 2).

- 5 Alternatively, this may be accomplished by having the controller 42 determine whether a data message may be transmitted via a cellular wireless transceiver 116 in a wirelessly connected communication device 110 (see FIG. 5). Moreover, the decision on whether the user is capable of connecting to a second wireless communication system may include a determination of whether the user has
- 10 subscribed to preferred services plan of the central service provider 24. If so, the process proceeds to process block 258 and where the first device will generate and send a data message over the second communication system.

If the first device is not connected to the first wireless communication system or the second wireless communication system, then the first device 22a will generate a

15 data message but will store the data message instead of immediately transmitting the data message (block 260). The process will return to decision blocks 252 and 256 to wait until the first device is connected to the first or second wireless communication system.

Once the data message is transmitted, at process block 262, the host system 90 20 will receive the data message from the first device over the first communication system or the second communication system. As mentioned above, the first communication system may be a short-range wireless communication system transmitted directly to a home gateway 28 or to the home gateway 28 through a remote hot spot gateway 30. The second communication system may be a cellular 25 system that transmits the message to the host system 90 through a cellular network.

In response, the host system 90 will generate and send a second data message to other second devices. As explained below, the second data message may be a modified data message that is addressed directly to the second devices associated with the user of the first device and based on the features and capabilities of the second device.

5 For instance, at decision block 264, the host system 90 may determine from the database 94 whether the second device 22c has access to the content that the user desires to be stored. If the second device has direct access to the same content, then at process block 266, the second device will receive a data message from the host system 90. The data message may include a plurality of information elements or

10 fields that includes at least a delay content instruction and other instructional information. For instance, if the second device has a satellite receiver, the data message may also include a satellite channel and the time period for the original broadcast of the content. To enhance the functionality of the system, the data message may also include other information elements or fields such a first device 15 identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected for the

delay time period.

In response to the data message from the host system, the second device will then begin to record (or otherwise obtain) the broadcast content based on the information contained in the data message. In decision block 268, in one

20 embodiment, the second device will wait until the second time period arrives (e.g., the delay time period) to playback the original broadcast content (block 270).

Alternatively, in process block 272, if the second device 22c does not have access to the same content or the second device 22c cannot obtain the broadcast content itself, then the host system 90 may record the content or access the content

25 from a content service provider. The ability to access content from a content service

provider can provide significant benefits to the user. For instance, if the data message originally sent to the host system is late (e.g., if the data message with the delay instruction was not sent immediately), the host system 90 may connect to a service provider to download the requested content. At process block 274, once the content is

- 5 accessed by the host system 90, the host system 90 will transmit or send the accessed content to the second device. Here, the host system 90 may further use its database 94 of client devices to check memory constraints, user output abilities, and other characteristics of the second client device 22c. Depending on those characteristics or attributes, the host system 90 may format the content for playback on the second
- 10 device 22c. The process then proceeds to decision block 276 and process block 270 where the second device resumes playback of the content at the specified delayed time period.

What has been described is a communication system in a vehicle that includes the capability of managing and controlling content between different devices in different domains. The system and method allow a user to delay the listening (or watching) of audio (or video) content to fit a user's personal schedule. The above description of the present invention is intended to be exemplary only and is not intended to limit the scope of any patent issuing from this application. The present invention is intended to be limited only by the scope and spirit of the following

20 claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A method for managing content that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving an input from a user on a first device to delay the content to a
second time period, the second time period being different from the first time period;
determining whether the first device is connected to a first wireless communication system;
sending a data message to a host controller if the first device is
connected to the first wireless communication system, the data message comprising a plurality of information elements including at least a delay content instruction; and obtaining the content scheduled for broadcast during the first time period to permit the user to playback the content during the

second time period;

wherein the first device being in a domain selected from a group consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person.

The method in claim 1, wherein the step of obtaining the content
 includes the host controller obtaining the content through an Internet connection from a content provider.

3. The method in claim 1, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes the host controller obtaining the content through a digital satellite

25 communication system.

15

4. The method in claim 3, wherein the plurality of information elements of the data message also includes at least a satellite channel identification.

5 5. The method in claim 1, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes the host controller obtaining the content through a radio tuner.

6. The method in claim 5, wherein the plurality of information elements of the data message also includes at least a radio frequency identification.

10

7. The method in claim 1, wherein the content is a broadcast program and the step of obtaining the content includes the step of determining whether to obtain the entire broadcast program or a portion of the broadcast program.

15 8. The method in claim 7, wherein the host controller obtains a first segment of the broadcast program if it is determined to obtain a portion of the broadcast program and sends the first segment of the broadcast program to the first device.

20 9. The method in claim 8, wherein the first device stores a second segment of the broadcast program and connects the first segment of the broadcast program to the second segment of the broadcast program.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 32 10. The method in claim 9, wherein the first device begins to automatically play the broadcast program to the user at a beginning of the first segment during the second time period.

5 11. The method in claim 1 further comprising the step of storing the data message in the first device if it is determined that the data message is not connected to the first wireless communication system, the data message being sent to the host controller when it is determined that the first device is connected to the first wireless communication system.

10

12. The method in claim 1, wherein the first wireless communication system is selected from a group consisting of a Bluetooth[™] communication system, an IEEE 802.11 communication system, an IEEE 802.16 communication system, an IEEE 802.20 communication system, a Wireless Universal Serial Bus (WUSB)

15 system, or a Dedicated Short-Range Communications (DSRC) system.

13. The method in claim 12, wherein the first device has a first transceiver to communicate with the first wireless communication system and a second transceiver to communicate with a second wireless communication system.

20

14. The method in claim 13, wherein the second wireless communication system is a cellular communication system.

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

15. The method in claim 14 further comprising the steps of:
determining whether the first device is connected to the second
wireless communication system if it is determined that the first
device is not connected to the first wireless communication
system;

sending the data message to the host controller if the first device is connected to the second wireless communication system.

16. The method in claim 15 further comprising the step of storing the data

10 message in the first device if it is determined that the data message is not connected to the second wireless communication system, the data message being sent to the host controller when it is determined that the first device is connected to the first wireless communication system or the second wireless communication system.

15 17. The method in claim 13 further comprising the steps of:
 determining whether the user of the first device has subscribed to a preferred service plan; and
 connecting to the second wireless communication system if it is
 determined that the user of the first device has subscribed to the
 20 preferred service plan.

18. The method in claim 1 further comprising the step of sending the obtained content to the first device to permit the user to playback the content during a second time period on the first device.

5

19. The method in claim 18 further comprising the steps of determining in the host controller a content type associated with the first device and formatting the content according to the content type associated with the first device before the step of sending the obtained content to the first device.

5

20. The method in claim 1 further comprising the step of sending the obtained content to a second device to permit the user to playback the content during a second time period on the second device, the first device being in a domain that is different than the second device.

10

21. The method in claim 20 further comprising the steps of determining in the host controller a content type associated with the second device and formatting the content according to the content type associated with the second device before the step of sending the obtained content to the second device.

15

22. The method in claim 20 further comprising the step of sending at least a portion of the obtained content from the second device to a third device to permit the user to playback the content during the second time period on the third device.

20 23. The method in claim 1 further comprising the step of sending the obtained content to a plurality of client devices to permit the user to playback the content during a second time period on at least one of the client devices.

_
25. A method for managing content for a first device that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period, the first device being in a first domain that is selected from a group consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person, the method comprising the steps of:

5 receiving a data message from the first device over a wireless communication system, the data message being received in response to an input from a user on the first device to delay the content to a second time period, the second time period being different from the first time period;

10 obtaining the content scheduled for broadcast during the first time period; and

sending the content to the first device over the wireless communication system to permit the user to playback the content on the first device during the second time period;

wherein the data message comprises a plurality of information elements including at least a delay content instruction.

26. The method in claim 25, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining the content through an Internet connection from a content provider.

20

15

27. The method in claim 25, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining the content through a digital satellite communication system.

28. The method in claim 27, wherein the plurality of information elementsof the data message also includes at least a satellite channel identification.

29. The method in claim 25, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining the content through a radio tuner.

5 30. The method in claim 29, wherein the plurality of information elements of the data message includes at least a radio frequency identification.

31. The method in claim 25, wherein the content is a broadcast program and the step of obtaining the content includes the step of determining whether to
10 obtain the entire broadcast program or a portion of the broadcast program.

32. The method in claim 31, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining a first segment of the broadcast program if it is determined to obtain a portion of the broadcast program.

15

20

33. The method in claim 25, wherein the wireless communication system is selected from a group consisting of a Bluetooth[™] communication system, an IEEE
802.11 communication system, an IEEE 802.16 communication system, an IEEE
802.20 communication system, a Wireless Universal Serial Bus (WUSB) system, or a Dedicated Short-Range Communications (DSRC) system.

34. The method in claim 25, wherein the wireless communication system is a cellular communication system.

35. The method in claim 25 further comprising the steps of determining a content type associated with the first device and formatting the content in the content type associated with the first device before sending the content to the first device.

- 5 36. The method in claim 25, wherein the first device is selected from a group consisting of a vehicular entertainment system, a home entertainment system, and a portable electronic device.
- 37. The method in claim 23 further comprising the step of sending the10 content from the first device to a second device to permit the user to playback thecontent on the second device.
 - 38. The method in claim 23 further comprising the step of sending the content to a plurality of client devices to permit the user to playback the content on at

15 least one of the client devices.

39. A method for managing content between a first device and a second device that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period, the first device being in a first domain and the second device being in a second domain, the first domain and the second domain selected from a group consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person, the method comprising the steps of: 5 receiving a data message from the first device over a wireless communication system, the data message being received in response to an input from a user on the first device to delay the content to a second time period, the second time period being 10 different from the first time period; obtaining the content scheduled for broadcast during the first time period; and sending the content to the second device over the wireless communication system to permit the user to playback the 15 content on the second device during the second time period.

40. The method in claim 39, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining the content through an Internet connection from a content provider.

20 41. The method in claim 39, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining the content through a digital satellite communication system.

42. The method in claim 41, wherein the plurality of information elements of the data message also includes at least a satellite channel identification.

43. The method in claim 39, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining the content through a radio tuner.

44. The method in claim 43, wherein the plurality of information elements
of the data message also includes at least a radio frequency identification.

45. The method in claim 39, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes the step of determining whether the second device has access to the content.

10 46. The method in claim 45, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes the step of storing the content in a host system and sending the content to the second device if the second device does not have access to the content.

47. The method in claim 45, wherein the step of obtaining the content

15 includes the step of generating and sending a second data message to the second device instructing the store the content if the second device has access to the content.

48. The method in claim 39, wherein the wireless communication system is selected from a group consisting of a Bluetooth[™] communication system, an IEEE 802.11 communication system, an IEEE 802.16 communication system, an IEEE 802.20 communication system, a Wireless Universal Serial Bus (WUSB) system, or a

49. The method in claim 39, wherein the wireless communication system25 is a cellular communication system.

Dedicated Short-Range Communications (DSRC) system.

20

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 41

50. The method in claim 39 further comprising the steps of determining a content type associated with the second device and formatting the content in the content type associated with the second device before sending the content to the

5 second device.

51. The method in claim 39, wherein the first device and the second device is selected from a group consisting of a vehicular entertainment system, a home entertainment system, and a portable electronic device.

10

-.

52. A client device in a communication system, the communication system being capable of managing content that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period between the client device and other client devices, the client device and other client devices being in different domains, the domains selected from a group

5 consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person, the client device comprising:

a user interface for receiving an input from a user to delay content to a second time period, the second time period being different from the first time period;

a first wireless transceiver that is capable of wirelessly connecting the client device to a first wireless communication system;

a controller, responsive to the input from the user to access the content during a second time period, for determining whether the client device is connected to the first wireless communication system and sending a data message to a remote host controller if the client device is connected to the first wireless communication system; and

a memory for storing the content that is scheduled for broadcast during the first time period to permit the user to playback the content during the second time period, the content stored in the memory received from the remote host controller in response to the data message sent to the remote host controller; wherein the data message sent to the remote host controller comprises a plurality of information elements including at least a delay content instruction.

10

15

20

53. The client device in claim 52, wherein the first wireless communication system is selected from a group consisting of a Bluetooth[™] communication system, an IEEE 802.11 communication system, an IEEE 802.16 communication system, an IEEE 802.20 communication system, a Wireless Universal Serial Bus (WUSB) system, or a Dedicated Short-Range Communications (DSRC)

5 Serial Bus (WUSB) system, or a Dedicated Short-Range Communications (DSRC) system.

54. The client device in claim 53 further comprising a second transceiver to communicate with a second wireless communication system.

10

55. The client device in claim 54, wherein the second wireless communication system is a cellular communication system.

56. The client device in claim 54, wherein the controller further determines 15 whether the client device is connected to the second wireless communication system if it is determined that the client device is not connected to the first wireless communication system and sends the data message to the remote host controller if the client device is connected to the second wireless communication system.

20 57. The client device in claim 56, wherein the controller further stores the data message in the client device if it is determined that the data message is not connected to the second wireless communication system, the data message being sent to the remote host controller when it is determined that the client device is connected to the first wireless communication system or the second wireless communication

25 system.

58. The client device in claim 52, wherein the client device is selected from a group consisting of a vehicular entertainment system, a home entertainment system, and a portable electronic device.

5

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

59. A host system for managing content for a mobile client device that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period, the mobile client device being in a domain selected from a group consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person, the host system comprising:

a wireless gateway for receiving a data message over a wireless
communication system from the client device, the data message
being received in response to an input from a user on the client
device to delay the content to a second time period, the data
message comprising a plurality of information elements
including at least a delay content instruction;
a database for storing information regarding the client device; and
a controller connected to the wireless gateway, the controller capable
of identifying the client device from the database and obtaining
the content scheduled for broadcast during the first time period;
wherein the controller sends the content to the client device over the
wireless communication system to permit the user to playback

the content on the client device during the second time period.

60. The host system in claim 59, wherein the controller obtains the content20 through an Internet connection from a content provider.

61. The host system in claim 59, wherein the controller obtains the content through a digital satellite communication system.

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

62. The host system in claim 61, wherein the information elements of the data message further including at least a satellite channel identification.

63. The host system in claim 59, wherein the step of obtaining the content5 includes obtaining the content through a radio tuner.

64. The host system in claim 63, wherein information elements of the data message further including at least a radio frequency identification.

10 65. The host system in claim 59, wherein the wireless communication system is selected from a group consisting of a Bluetooth[™] communication system, an IEEE 802.11 communication system, an IEEE 802.16 communication system, an IEEE 802.20 communication system, a Wireless Universal Serial Bus (WUSB) system, or a Dedicated Short-Range Communications (DSRC) system.

15

66. The host system in claim 59, wherein the wireless communication system is a cellular communication system.

67. The host system in claim 59 wherein the controller is further capable of
 20 determining a content type associated with the client device and formatting the
 content in the content type associated with the client device before sending the
 content to the client device.

68. The method in claim 59, wherein the client device is selected from a group consisting of a vehicular entertainment system, a home entertainment system, and a portable electronic device.

69. A method for managing content for a first device that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period, the first device being in a first domain that is selected from a group consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person, the method comprising the steps of:

5 receiving a data message from a user, the data message being received in response to an input from the user to delay the content to a second time period, the second time period being different from the first time period;

obtaining the content scheduled for broadcast during the first time

period; and

sending the content to the first device over a wireless communication system to permit the user to playback the content on the first device during the second time period;

wherein the data message comprises a plurality of information

elements including at least a delay content instruction.

70. The method in claim 69, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining the content through an Internet connection from a content provider.

20 71. The method in claim 69, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining the content through a digital satellite communication system.

72. The method in claim 71, wherein the plurality of information elements of the data message also includes at least a satellite channel identification.

25

10

15

IS01600TC - Gaumond, et al.

73. The method in claim 69, wherein the step of obtaining the content includes obtaining the content through a radio tuner.

74. The method in claim 73, wherein the plurality of information elements5 of the data message includes at least a radio frequency identification.

75. The method in claim 69, wherein the content is a broadcast program and the step of obtaining the content includes the step of determining whether to obtain the entire broadcast program or a portion of the broadcast program.

10

76. The method in claim 69 further comprising the steps of determining a content type associated with the first device and formatting the content in the content type associated with the first device before sending the content to the first device.

- 15 77. The method in claim 69, wherein the first domain is the vehicle domain and the data message is generated by a personal computer in a second domain, the second domain being different from the first domain.
- 78. The method in claim 69 further comprising the step of sending the
 20 content to a plurality of client devices to permit the user to playback the content on at least one of the client devices.

79. A method for managing content for a first device that is scheduled for broadcast during a first time period, the first device being in a first domain that is selected from a group consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person, the method

5 comprising the steps of:

receiving a first data message from a user, the first data message being received in response to an input from the user to delay the content to a second time period, the second time period being different from the first time period;

10 using a database to obtain information about the first device; generating a second data message that comprises a plurality of information elements including at least a delay content instruction; and

> sending the second data message to the first device over a wireless communication system to permit the user to playback the content on the first device during the second time period.

80. The method in claim 79, wherein the plurality of information elements of the second data message also includes at least a satellite channel identification.

20

15

81. The method in claim 79, wherein the plurality of information elements of the second data message also includes at least a radio frequency identification.

82. The method in claim 79 further comprising the steps of determining a content type associated with the first device and the plurality of information elements of the second data message also includes at least information associated with the content type.

5

83. The method in claim 79, wherein the first domain is the vehicle domain and the first data message is generated by a personal computer in a second domain, the second domain being different from the first domain.

10 84. The method in claim 79 further comprising the step of sending the second data message to a plurality of client devices to permit the user to playback the content on at least one of the client devices.

ABSTRACT

A system and method for managing content between different client devices in various domains (such as vehicle, home, and person). The system and method include receiving an input from a user on the first client device to delay the content. After receiving the input, the first client device determines whether the first client device is connected to a wireless communication system. If the first client device is connected to the wireless communication system, the first client device sends a data message to a host system. In one embodiment, the host system will then obtain the 10 content (in whole or in part) after receiving the data message to permit the user to

resume playback of the content on the first client device or another client device.

• •







FIG. 3

•



FIG. 4



FIG. 5

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 58



94

<u>USER 1</u>

				•	, ,				
Cable TV Content	Z	N	z	z	z	z	z	•••	
RF Radio Content	Υ	N	z	z	z	z	z	•••	
Satellite Content	Y	ү	z	Y	z	z	z	•••	
Internet Content	N	Υ	Z	z	z	z	Y	•••	
Stored Content	Y	Υ	Ч	Y	Y	Υ	Y	•••	
Memory Size	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	•••	1
Cellular Transceiver	Y	z	z	z	Y	Z	Y	•••	1
Short-Range Transceiver	Y	Υ	λ	Y	Y	Y	Y	•••	
Domain	Vehicle	Home	Home	Home	Person	Person	Person	•••	
Client Type	Head-Unit	PC	Audio Recorder	Video Recorder	Cell Phone	MP3 Player	PDA	•••	
Device ID	IQ	D2	D3	D4	DS	D6	D7	•••	

FIG. 7





•

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR MANAGING CONTENT BETWEEN DEVICES IN VARIOUS DOMAINS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention in general relates to managing content between devices in various domains and, more particularly, to a system and method for pausing content in one device and resuming playback of the content in another device that may be in a different domain.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Digital video recorders exist that allow a user to pause and store video content and playback the video content at a later time. Conventional systems, however, are limited in that they only deal with storing video content and playing back the content in a single domain.

15 A need exists for a user to seamlessly listen to (or watch) audio (or video) content when moving from one domain (such as a vehicle) to a different domain (such as a home) without missing a portion of that content. For instance, assume that a user is driving in their vehicle and listening to an audio broadcast content such as a talk show or a sporting event. When the user arrives at their home and parks the vehicle, 20 the user may wish to continue listening to the broadcast content at a later time and, preferably, in a different domain (such as their home). Currently, the user cannot pause the broadcast content in the vehicle and resume the broadcast content at the exact spot later in their home. The same applies for video, e.g., pause a digital video recorder at home and resume playing the video content on an entertainment system in

the vehicle.

5

10

IS01598TC - Gaumond, et al.

5

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a system having client devices in different domains supported by a server at a central service provider;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a client device;

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of the inside of a vehicle illustrating one

10 embodiment of a client device in the vehicular domain;

FIG. 4 is a perspective view of the inside of a vehicle illustrating another embodiment of a client device in the vehicular domain;

FIG. 5 is a block diagram of another embodiment of a client device in

communication with a separate local wireless communication device;

15 FIG. 6 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a communication system that communicates with different client devices in different domains;

FIG. 7 is a diagram of one embodiment of a database that may reside in a host system to access information and characteristics about a particular client device;

FIG. 8 is a flow diagram of one method for managing content between a first

20 client device and a second client device; and

FIG. 9 is a flow diagram of another method for managing content between a first client device and a second client device.

While the invention is susceptible to various modifications and alternative forms, specific embodiments have been shown by way of example in the drawings

and will be described in detail herein. However, it should be understood that the

invention is not intended to be limited to the particular forms disclosed. Rather, the invention is to cover all modifications, equivalents and alternatives falling within the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

5

20

25

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

What is described is a system and method for managing content between
different client devices in various domains (such as vehicle, home, person, hotspot, workplace, or school). To this end, in one embodiment there is a method for managing content between a first client device and a second client device. The
10 method comprises the steps of: receiving an input from a user on the first client device to pause the content, determining whether the first client device is connected to a first wireless communication system, sending a data message to the second client device if the first client device is connected to the first wireless communication system; and storing the content in the second client device after receiving the data
15 message to permit the user to resume playback of the content on the second client device.

The content may be a variety of types including broadcast content and stored content. Broadcast content may include digital content such as from a digital satellite communication system. Broadcast content may also include analog or digital content from local radio broadcasters over a radio tuner. The content may also be stored content in that a user may have the system store and manage personal content and content that is accessible from Internet content providers.

In one embodiment, the first communication system is a short-range wireless communication system such as a Bluetooth[™] communication system or an IEEE 802.11 communication system. The first device may also include a second

IS01598TC - Gaumond, et al.

transceiver for communication with a second wireless communication system such as a cellular communication network. In a further embodiment, where the first device has a second transceiver, the method may further include the steps of: determining whether the first device is connected to the second wireless communication system and sending the data message over the second wireless communication system if a connection exists. If the first client device is not connected to either the first or second wireless communication system, the first client device may store the data

message for later transmission.

5

In another embodiment, there is a method for managing content between a 10 first client device and a second client device, where the first client device is in a first domain (such as a vehicle) and the second client device is in a second domain (such as in a home or on the person). The method comprises the steps of: receiving an input from a user on the first device to pause the content; determining whether the first device is connected to a first wireless communication system; and sending a data

- 15 message to a wireless gateway if the first device is connected to the first wireless communication system. Here, the data message sent to the wireless gateway comprises a plurality of information elements that includes at least a pause content instruction. If the content is broadcast content, the information elements in the data message may further include a content identification (such as a satellite channel
- 20 identification or a radio frequency identification). The information elements may also include a host address, a content type identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected the pause content command. If the content is stored content, the information elements in the data message may further include a content identification and a pause location identification as well as other information to
- 25 enhance user functionality.

In a further embodiment, there is a client device in a communication system where the system is capable of managing content between the client device and other client devices in various domains. The client device includes at least a user interface, a first wireless transceiver, and a controller. The user interface is used to receive an input from a user to pause the content. The first wireless transceiver is capable of wireless connecting the client device to a first wireless communication system. The controller, in response to the input from the user to pause the content, determines whether the client device is connected to the first wireless communication system. If so, the controller generates and sends a data message to a wireless gateway over the first communication system. The data message sent to the wireless gateway includes

at least a pause content instruction and any additional information as described briefly above and in more detail below.

In another embodiment, there is a communication system for managing content between a first client device and a second client device. The communication system includes at least a wireless gateway, a database, and a controller. The wireless gateway is configured to receive a first data message from the first client device. The data message comprises a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction. The database is configured to store information regarding the first client device and the second client device. The controller is connected to the wireless

20 gateway and the database. The controller is capable of identifying the second device from the database and sending a second data message (or the content itself) to the second client device in response to receiving the first data message from the first client device.

Now, turning to the drawings, FIG. 1 illustrates a top-level block diagram of an example use of a communication system 20 for the present invention. Generally,

IS01598TC - Gaumond, et al.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 67

the communication system 20 may include a plurality of client devices 22a, 22b, 22c, 22d that exist in various domains such as the vehicle, home, and person. For instance, a client device 22a in the vehicular domain may be incorporated into a vehicle's head unit and/or entertainment system. A client device 22b, 22c in the home domain may include a personal computer, a home entertainment system, a digital audio recorder, and/or a digital video recorder. A client device 22d in the personal domain may include a portable electronic device such as a personal digital assistant (PDA), a digital music player, and/or a portable phone. Client devices may also exist in other domains such as a hotspot, workplace, or school.

10 The communication system 20 also includes a central service provider 24 that can communicate with the client devices 22a-d through a combination of wireless and wired links. In one embodiment, the central service provider 24 is connected to a high-speed Internet network 34. The central service provider 24 may assist in managing the distribution and control of content between different client devices 22a-

15 d. The central service provider 24 may further provide additional services or be incorporated into the services of other service providers such as a cellular service provider, a satellite broadcast content provider, a cable television content provider, or a stored Internet content provider. Moreover, some or all of the functions of managing the distribution and control of the content between client devices 22a-d may

20 reside locally with a user in the home domain.

In one embodiment, where the client device 22a-d has a content receiver, the client devices 22a-d may receive broadcast content (audio and/or video) from a satellite content provider 26. This is shown in FIG. 1 through an exemplary satellite content provider and the receipt of a communication link A to the client devices 22a-

d. In other embodiments, the client device 22a-d may also have a receiver to receive

6

broadcast content via radio signals from local content broadcasters (not shown). The client device 22a-d may also receive stored content from an Internet content provider 27. The Internet content provider 27 may provide stored music or video content to users or be part of a cable television provider. If the client device is a portable or

5 mobile unit (such as a client device 22a in the vehicular domain or a client device 22d in the person domain), as explained in more detail below, the client device may receive stored content from a home gateway 28 or a hot spot gateway 30 through a short-range communication system.

As illustrated in FIG. 1, the client devices 22a-d may wirelessly communicate in the communication system 20 through different communication links (see communication arrows B-E). The wireless communication links B-E may be divided into individual sets (B-C, D-E) for different types of wireless communication protocols. For instance, the client devices 22a-d may include a first wireless transceiver that is capable of establishing a wireless communication link B-C through

- 15 a short-range wireless communication system or network. In this embodiment, the short-range wireless communication system or network may include a Bluetooth[™] communication system or an IEEE 802.11 communication system. The short-range wireless transceiver in a client device 22a-d may provide direct communication to another client device 22a-d through a home wireless gateway 28 (such as from the
- 20 client device 22a in the vehicle to the client device 22b, 22c in the home). Alternatively, the short-range wireless transceiver in a client device 22a-d may provide indirect wireless communication to another client device through a hot spot gateway 30 (such as from a client device 22a in the vehicle, through the hot spot gateway 30, to the client device 22b, 22c in the home). The wireless communication

links over the short-range communication system can provide for the exchange of data messages as well as the transfer of stored content to client devices.

Additionally, the client devices 22a-d may include a second wireless transceiver that is capable of establishing a wireless communication link D-E through a second wireless communication system, such as a cellular communication system and network 32. The cellular communication system and network 32 can operate according to a wireless communication protocol such as a Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) protocol, a Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) protocol, or a Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) protocol. Here, the cellular

- 10 system or network 32 is further coupled to the Internet 34 by the cellular service provider 36 or other wired network on route to the central service provider 24, which may ultimately act as the host for data message communications between client devices 22a-d. Alternatively, the cellular system or network 32 is coupled to the Internet 34 or other wired network on route to another client device (such as from the
- 15 client device 22a in the vehicle, through to the cellular network provider 36, to the client device 22b, 22c in the home). The above described wireless communication protocols are merely representative of existing protocols that could be used in the present invention.

An exemplary client device 22a in a vehicular domain will now be described in further detail with relation to FIGS. 2-4. In one embodiment, a client device 22a in a vehicle may comprise of two main components: a head unit 40 and a Telematics control unit 70. Although shown as separate components for purposes of illustration, one skilled in the art having the benefit of this disclosure will recognize that aspects of the head unit 40 and the Telematics control unit 70, and components thereof, can be combined or swapped. In any event, in the embodiment as shown in FIG. 2, the

8

head unit 40 may include a controller 42, a user interface 44, 46, a content receiver 48, a first wireless transceiver 50, a memory 52.

The user interface includes a user input 44 and a user output 46. The user input 44 may include a keypad or a specific user dedicated set of buttons 54. The user may use the keypad or dedicated buttons to perform particular functions of the present invention, including a request to pause content or a request to resume playback of content. Additionally, a microphone 56 may also be used to pick up a speaker's voice in the vehicle, and/or possibly to give commands to the head unit 40 if it is equipped with a voice recognition module 58.

10 Ultimately, user inputs 44 are processed by the controller 42 in the head unit 40. The controller 42 also executes processes to provide outputs to the occupants in the vehicle through the user output 46, such as through a speaker 60 and/or a display 62. The speakers 60 employed can be the audio (radio) speakers normally present in the vehicle, of which there are typically four or more, although only one is shown for

15 convenience.

5

The content receiver 48 in the client device 22a is capable of receiving broadcast content (audio and/or video) from a content provider 26. This is shown in FIG. 3 through an exemplary satellite content provider by the receipt of a communication link A to the client device 22a. The user may use the user interface to select one of a plurality of satellite channels that are received by the satellite receiver antenna 64. In other embodiments, as shown in FIG. 4, the client device 22a may also have an antenna 66 and a radio receiver to receive broadcast content via radio signals F from local content broadcasters in the geographic area. This type of broadcast content may be obtained through the content receiver 48 by tuning a radio receiver to

25 a specific radio frequency.

Referring back to FIG. 2, the client device 22a may also obtain stored content (as well as exchange data messages with a host system or other client devices) through the use of the first wireless transceiver 50. The first wireless transceiver 50 is used for establishing wireless communications B-C over a short-range wireless

5 communication system or network. For instance, as mentioned above, the short-range wireless communication system or network may include a Bluetooth[™] communication system or an IEEE 802.11 communication system. Although shown as part of the head unit 40, the first wireless transceiver 50 could also be included as part of the Telematics control unit 70 or other vehicle control unit. In any event, the

- 10 short-range wireless transceiver 50 may provide wireless communication to another client device 22b-d over a home gateway 28 (such as a data message from the client device 22a in the vehicle to the client device 22b, 22c in the home) or may provide wireless communication to another client device or content provider through a hot spot gateway 30 (such as a data message from the client device 22a in the vehicle,
- 15 through the hot spot gateway 30, to the client device 22b, 22c in the home; or such as obtaining stored content from the internet content provider 27, through the hot spot gateway 30, to the client device 22a).

Additionally, the client device 22a includes a memory 52 for storing content. The memory 52 is controlled by the controller 42 and is responsive to user inputs 44

and to certain data messages that may be received by the controller 42 from other
client devices 22b-d. For instance, assume that a user of the vehicular client device
22a is listening to broadcast content on a specific satellite channel over the content
receiver 48. The user may desire to pause the broadcast content while the user talks
to another occupant in the vehicle. The user may then select an input on the keypad
or other dedicated button 54 to pause the content. The system may also be configured

IS01598TC – Gaumond, et al.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 72
to automatically generate a pause command upon the initiation of a user action such as the changing of a channel, selecting a mute button on the entertainment system, or turning off the entertainment system or vehicle.

In response to that input (generated directly or indirectly by the user), the controller 42 would use the memory 52 to begin storing the broadcast content on the specific satellite channel to enable the user to play back the content at a later time. Additionally, the memory 52 may be used for storing specific programs of the broadcast content that a user desires to playback at a time that is different from the original broadcast time. For example, as explained below, the controller 42 in the

10 vehicular client device 22a may receive data messages from another client device 22b-d in a different domain (i.e. home or person). That data message may include an instruction to start the recording of a program of the broadcast content (in whole or in part) on a specific satellite channel. Moreover, the memory 52 may be used to download specific content from an Internet content provider 27 through a home

15

20

25

5 gateway 28 or a hot spot gateway 30.

In the embodiment where the client device 22a is incorporated into the head unit 40 of a vehicle, the controller 42 may also be configured to communicate via a vehicle bus interface 68 to a vehicle bus 80, which carries communication information and other operational data throughout the vehicle. This connection may be important to allow the controller 42 to utilize a cellular communication transceiver in the Telematics control unit 70 to transmit and receive data messages. In particular, the Telematics control unit 70 is similarly coupled to the vehicle bus 80, via a vehicle bus interface 72, and hence the head unit 40. The Telematics control unit 70 is responsible for sending and receiving voice or data communications to and from the vehicle over a cellular communication network. As such, it comprises a Telematics

controller 74 to organize such communications, and a network access device (NAD) that includes a cellular wireless transceiver 76, which may be used as a second wireless transceiver for purposes of the present invention as described further below.

- In an alternative embodiment, the client device 22a may be configured to seek out a local wireless communication device to determine whether a data message may be sent over a second wireless communication system. For instance, in FIG. 5, the controller 42 in the client device 22a may determine whether it has access to a second wireless communication network through another wireless communication device 110 that is within proximity of the short-range wireless transceiver 50. Here, the wireless
- communication device 110, such as a cellular phone, has its own controller 112, a short-range wireless transceiver 114 and a cellular wireless transceiver 116. The short-range wireless transceivers 50 and 114 may communication with each other through a short-range communication protocol such as is set forth in the BluetoothTM communication system and an IEEE 802.11 communication system. The benefit of this design is that it will allow the controller 42 to utilize a cellular transceiver in the local wireless communication device 110 to transmit and receive data messages, which may be used as a second wireless transceiver for purposes of the present invention as described further below.

The client device 22a illustrated above can provide a great deal of communicative flexibility within vehicle to manage and control content with other client devices 22b-d owned by a user. For example, assume for purposes of illustration that a driver of the vehicle, using client device 22a, is listening to a program of audio broadcast content such as a talk show or a sporting event on the content receiver 48. When the driver arrives at their home, the driver may select an

input on the keypad or other dedicated button 54 to pause the playback of the content.

Additionally, as mentioned above, the system may also be configured to automatically generate a pause command input upon the initiation of a user action such as the changing of a channel, selecting a mute button on the entertainment system, or turning off the entertainment system or vehicle. In either event, in response to that input, the controller 42 would use the memory 52 to begin storing the broadcast content from the content receiver 48. This would permit the driver to playback the stored content at a later time in the vehicle. Additionally, in response to that input, the controller 42 would generate a data message for transmission to other client devices 22b-d.

In one embodiment, before sending a data message, the controller 42 would

- 10 determine whether the client device 22a in the vehicle is connected to, or capable of sending messages over, a first wireless communication system. This may be done by having the controller 42 determine whether the first wireless transceiver 50 is connected to a wireless gateway 28 in the home or a hot spot gateway 30 mentioned above. If the client device 22a in the vehicle is not connected to, or not capable of
- 15 sending data messages over, a first wireless communication system, the controller 42 may then make a determination whether the client device 22a in the vehicle is connected to, or capable of sending data message over, a second wireless communication system. The second wireless communication system in FIG. 2 is shown as a cellular wireless transceiver 72 in the Telematics control unit 70 and in
- FIG. 5 as a cellular wireless transceiver 116 in a portable wireless communication device 110. If the client device 22a is not connected to either the first or second communication system, then the controller 74 may store the data message for later transmission.

The data message may be formatted in a number of ways. In one embodiment, the information in the data message will depend on the type of content being played

13

by the driver of the vehicle. For instance, assume that the content receiver 48 is a digital satellite receiver and that the type of content to be paused is broadcast content. In this case, the data message may include a plurality of information elements or fields that includes at least a pause content instruction and a satellite channel

5 identification. To enhance the functionality of the system, the data message may also include other information elements or fields such as an address (for identifying a host for the driver's content), a client device identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected the pause content command. This later information may be used to access content that is not readily storable as well as provide specific

information to a user about stored content for later selection.

that the user selected the pause content command.

10

In another instance, assume that the content receiver 48 is a radio tuner and the type of content to be paused is broadcast content. In this case, the data message may include a plurality of information elements or fields that includes at least a pause content instruction and a radio frequency identification. Additionally, to enhance 15 functionality, the data message may also include other information elements or fields such as an address (for identifying a host for the driver's content), a client device identification, a content type identification, a user identification, and a date and a time

In a further instance, assume that the client device 22a contains stored content 20 and the user was listening to a specific song of the stored content or a previously stored broadcast program. In this case, the data message may include a plurality of information elements or fields that includes at least a pause content instruction, a content identification, and a pause location identification. Other information elements or fields that may be included, for enhancing functionality, include an address (for

identifying a host for the driver's content), a client device identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected the pause content command.

FIG. 6 shows a block diagram of one embodiment of a host system 90 for managing content between a first client device (such a client device 22a in a vehicle) and a second client device (such as a client device 22c in the home). In one embodiment, the host system includes a wireless gateway 28, a controller 92, and a database 94. Additionally, the system 90 may include other components such as a user inputs 96, user outputs 98, other memory 100, and a content receiver 102. In one embodiment, components of the host system may be included in one of the client devices 22b, such as a home personal computer. However, one skilled in the art 10 having the benefit of this disclosure will recognize that aspects of the host system, and components thereof, can be combined or swapped with other types of devices and systems. For instance, instead of having the host system located in the home, the

controller 92, database 94, and memory 100 may be located and managed remotely by the central service provider 24. 15

The wireless gateway 28 may include a wireless transceiver 104 and an Internet interface 106. In one embodiment, the wireless transceiver 104 is capable of wirelessly connecting to the first and second client devices 22a, 22c over a shortrange wireless communication system such as a Bluetooth[™] communication system and an IEEE 802.11 communication system. The Internet interface 106 may be used 20 for communicating with a central service provider 24. The connection with the central service provider 24 may also be used to facilitate communications with the first and second client device 22a, 22c, if the client devices are connected to other wireless gateways (such as a hot spot gateway 30) or connected to another wireless

25 communication system (such as a cellular communication system). Moreover, the

15

5A.

connection with the central service provider 24 may be used to facilitate access to content providers in addition to, or separate from, the content receiver 102.

In any event, in addition to transferring stored content to client devices, the wireless gateway 28 is used to receive data messages from the first and second client devices 22a, 22c, including any data messages that have an instruction to pause broadcast content or stored content. In one embodiment, as described above, data messages that are received from a client device include a plurality of information elements or fields that include at least a pause content instruction. If the content is broadcast content, the data message may further include information elements or fields that identify the type of client device, identify the content (a specific satellite channel or a radio frequency), and identify the time and date of the pause instruction. If the content is stored content, the data message may further include information elements or fields that identify the type of client device, identify the content (a specific satellite channel or a radio frequency), and identify the time and date of the pause instruction. If the content is stored content, the data message may further include information elements or fields that identify the type of client device, identify the content (a

specific artist, album, song, or stored broadcast program), and identify the location of the pause instruction.

The database 94 is used by the system to store information regarding features and operations of the different client devices 22a-d. The database 94 may also be used to store user preferences and keep track of user stored content. The database 94 may be configurable by the user to facilitate the storage and playback of content

- 20 between different client devices 22a-d in various domains. For instance, the database 94 may identify the different types of client devices 22a-d, associated with a particular user. Referring to FIG. 7, the database 94 may also include information specific to individual client devices 22a-d such as: the client device identification (122); the client type (124); the domain (126); whether the client device has a short-range
- transceiver (128); whether the client device has a cellular transceiver (130); the size of

memory on the client device (132); whether the client device retains stored content (134); whether the client device has access to Internet content (136); whether the client device has access to satellite content (138); whether the client device has access to RF radio content (140); and whether the client device has access to cable television (142).

Referring back to FIG. 6, the controller 92 is connected to the wireless gateway 28 and the database 94. The controller 92 is capable of receiving data messages from a first client device 22a and then using the database 94 to identify other client devices 22b-d associated with a specific user. As mentioned above, the 10 data message will include an instruction to pause content and associated information about the paused content. In one embodiment, the controller 92 is capable of generating and sending a second set of data messages to other client devices 22b-d after receiving the data message from the first client device 22a. This may be beneficial if the other client devices 22b-d have their own content receiver and

15 memory.

20

5

In another embodiment, the controller 94 is capable of accessing content from the central service provider 24 in response to receiving the data message (containing the pause instruction) from the first client device 22a. This feature may be beneficial if the other client devices 22b-d do not have their own content receiver. Additionally, after accessing content from the central service provider 24, the controller 92 may locally store the content in memory 100 or pass the content onto the other client devices 22c, 22d connected to the host system 90.

FIG. 8 shows a flow diagram illustrating one embodiment of a method for managing content between a first client device and a second client device. For

25 purposes of illustration, the first client device will be in a first domain and the second

client device will be in a second domain. In one embodiment, the method includes a process block 150 that receives an input from a user on the first device to pause the content. As mentioned above, this input may be a direct instruction by the user to pause the content (e.g., by pressing a button on a keypad or a dedicated pause button 54) or the input may be a result of some action taken by the user (e.g., changing a channel, selecting a mute button on the entertainment system, or turning off the entertainment system or vehicle). Moreover, the content may include either broadcast content or stored content. The process then proceeds to decision block 152.

At decision block 152, the first device will make a determination whether the 10 first device is connected to a first wireless communication system. In the context of embodiment described in FIGS. 2 and 3, this may include having the controller 42 determine whether a short-range wireless transceiver 50 is connected to another shortrange communication device such as to a home wireless gateway 28 or a hot spot gateway 30. If the first device is connected to the first wireless communication 15 system, then the process proceeds to process block 154.

At process block 154, the first device will generate and transmit a data message over the first communication system to the second device. In one embodiment, as described above, the data message may depend on the type of content being played by the user of the first device. For instance, assume that the type of content to be paused is broadcast content. In this case, the data message may include a plurality of information elements or fields that includes at least a pause content instruction and a broadcast content identification (such as a satellite channel or a radio frequency). To enhance the functionality of the system, the data message may also include other information elements or fields such as an address, a client device

18

IS01598TC - Gaumond, et al.

5

identification, a content type identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected the pause content command.

In another instance, assume that the first device contains stored content and the user was listening to a specific song of the stored content or a previously stored 5 broadcast program. In this case, the data message may include a plurality of information elements or fields that includes at least a pause content instruction, a content identification, and a pause location identification. Other information elements or fields that may be included, for enhancing functionality, include an address, a client device identification, a user identification, and a date and a time that the user selected

10 the pause content command.

In any event, if the first device is not connected to the first wireless communication system, then the process proceeds to decision block 156. In one embodiment, a determination is then made whether the user is capable of connection through a second wireless communication system. As described above, this may be accomplished by having the controller 42 determine whether a data message may be transmitted via a cellular wireless transceiver 72 in a connected Telematics control unit 70 (see FIG. 2). Alternatively, this may be accomplished by having the controller 42 determine whether a data message may be transmitted via a cellular wireless transceiver 116 in a wirelessly connected communication device 110 (see FIG. 5).

20 Moreover, the decision on whether the user is capable of connecting to a second wireless communication system may include a determination of whether the user has subscribed to preferred services plan of the central service provider 24. If so, the process proceeds to process block 158 and where the first device will generate and send a data message over the second communication system.

If the first device is not connected to the first wireless communication system or the second wireless communication system, then the first device 22a will generate a data message but will store the data message instead of immediately transmitting the data message (block 160). In this case, it is preferred that the information in the data message include a paused location for the content such as a date and a time or a record and a track. The process will return to decision blocks 152 and 156 to wait until the first communication device is connected to the first or second wireless communication system.

Once the data message is transmitted, at process block 162, the host system 90 10 will receive the data message from the first device over the first communication system or the second communication system. As mentioned above, the first communication system may be a short-range wireless communication system transmitted directly to a home gateway 28 or to the home gateway 28 through a remote hot spot gateway 30. The second communication system may be a cellular

- 15 system that transmits the message to the host system 90 through a cellular network. In response, the host system 90 will generate and send a second data message to other second devices. As explained below, the second data message may be a modified data message that is addressed directly to the second devices associated with the user of the first device and based on the features and capabilities of the second device.
- For instance, at decision block 164, the host system 90 may determine from the database 94 whether the second device 22c has access to the content that the user desires to be stored. If the second device has direct access to the same content, then at process block 166, the second device will receive a data message from the host system 90. In response to the data message from the host system, the second device

25 will then begin to record the content based on the information contained in the data

20

message. As illustrated in decision block 168, in one embodiment, the second device will continue to store the content on a particular satellite channel or a radio frequency until the second device receives an input from the user to resume playback of the content on the second device. Alternatively, the second device may be configured to store the content for a predetermined period of time after receiving the pause instruction (such as 2 hours) or may be configured to store the content until a particular program on the broadcast content is completed.

Alternatively, in process block 170, if the second device 22c does not have access to the same content, then the host system may record the content itself or

- 10 access the content from a content service provider. The ability to access content from a content service provider can provide significant benefits to the user. For instance, if the data message originally sent to the host system is late (e.g., if the data message with the paused instruction was not sent immediately), the host system 90 may connect to a service provider to download the requested content. As illustrated in
- 15 decision block 172, in one embodiment, the host system 90 will continue to store the content or access the content until the second device receives an input from the user to resume playback of the content on the second device. At process block 174, once the user desires to playback the content, the host system 90 will transmit the stored or accessed content to the second device. The process then proceeds to block 176 where the second device resumes playback of the content.

FIG. 9 shows a flow diagram illustrating a further embodiment of a method for managing content between a first client device and a second client device. This method is similar to the one described with relation to FIG. 8, but adds additional steps 180, 182, and 184. In particular, if it is determined that the second device does

not have access to the same content (decision block 164), the host system 90 will then

21

access the content from another source (block 180). For instance, the host system 90 could obtain any paused content from the Internet content provider 27 shown in FIG. 1. In process block 182, the host system 90 will then transfer the accessed content to the second device 22c. The transferred content should also include a data message that identifies the content and paused location of the content. Then, in decision block

184, the second device will wait until the user has selected to resume the content on the second device 22c. At that point, the process proceeds to block 176 where the second device resumes playback of the content.

What has been described is a communication system in a vehicle that includes

10 the capability of managing and controlling content between different devices in different domains. The system and method allow a user to seamlessly listen (or watch) audio (or video) content when moving from one domain (such as a vehicle) to a different domain (such as home) without missing a portion of that content. The above description of the present invention is intended to be exemplary only and is not

15 intended to limit the scope of any patent issuing from this application. The present invention is intended to be limited only by the scope and spirit of the following claims.

22

What is claimed is:

1.	A method for managing content between a first device and a second
device, the m	nethod comprising the steps of:

receiving an input from a user on the first device to pause the content; determining whether the first device is connected to a first wireless communication system;

> sending a data message to the second device if the first device is connected to the first wireless communication system; and storing the content in the second device after receiving the data message to permit the user to resume playback of the content on the second device;

wherein the first device being in a first domain and the second device being in a second domain, the first domain and the second domain selected from a group consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person.

2. The method in claim 1, wherein the first device and the second device is selected from a group consisting of a vehicular entertainment system, a home entertainment system, and a portable electronic device.

20

5

10

15

3. The method in claim 1, wherein the content is broadcast content and received by a digital satellite communication system.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 85

4. The method in claim 3, wherein the data message comprises a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction and a satellite channel identification.

5 5. The method in claim 1, wherein the content is broadcast content received by a radio tuner.

6. The method in claim 5, wherein the data message comprises a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction and a radio frequency identification.

7. The method in claim 1, wherein the content is stored content received by a content provider through a wireless gateway.

- 15 8. The method in claim 1, wherein the content is video and the first device is a digital video recorder and the second device is a vehicular video entertainment system.
- 9. The method in claim 1, wherein the content is video and the first
 20 device is a digital video recorder and the second device is a portable digital video recorder.

10. The method in claim 1 further comprising the step of storing the data message in the first device if it is determined that the data message is not connected to the first wireless communication system.

IS01598TC - Gaumond, et al.

10

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 87 11. The method in claim 1, wherein the first wireless communication system is at least one of a Bluetooth[™] communication system and an IEEE 802.11 communication system.

5

12. The method in claim 11, wherein the first device has a first transceiver to communicate with the first wireless communication system and a second transceiver to communicate with a second wireless communication system.

10 13. The method in claim 12, wherein the second wireless communication system is a cellular communication system.

14. The method in claim 13 further comprising the steps of:
determining whether the first device is connected to the second
15 wireless communication system if it is determined that the first device is not connected to the first wireless communication system;

sending the data message to the second device if the first device is connected to the second wireless communication system.

20

15. The method in claim 14 further comprising the step of storing the data message in the first device if it is determined that the data message is not connected to the second wireless communication system.

16. The method in claim 12 further comprising the steps of:
determining whether the user of the first device has subscribed to a preferred service plan; and
connecting to the second wireless communication system if it is
determined that the user of the first device has subscribed to the

preferred service plan.

17. The method in claim 1 further comprising the step of determining whether the content is broadcast content or stored content prior to sending the data message to the second device.

18. The method in claim 17 wherein, if it is determined that the content is broadcast content, the data message comprising a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction and a satellite channel identification.

15

10

5

19. The method in claim 17 wherein, if it is determined that the content is stored content, the data message comprising a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction, a content identification, and a pause location identification.

20

26

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 89

IS01598TC - Gaumond, et al.

20. A method for managing content between a first device and a second device, the first device being in a first domain and the second device being in a second domain, the first domain and the second domain selected from a group consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person, the method comprising the steps

5 of:

receiving an input from a user on the first device to pause the content; determining whether the first device is connected to a first wireless communication system; and

sending a data message to a wireless gateway if the first device is

10 connected to the first wireless communication system; wherein the data message sent to the wireless gateway comprises a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction.

15 21. The method in claim 20, wherein the first device and the second device is selected from a group consisting of a vehicular entertainment system, a home entertainment system, and a portable electronic device.

22. The method in claim 20, wherein the content is broadcast content andreceived by a digital satellite communication system.

23. The method in claim 22, wherein the information elements in the data message sent to the wireless gateway further comprises a satellite channel identification.

25

IS01598TC - Gaumond, et al.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 90 24. The method in claim 20, wherein the content is broadcast content received by a radio tuner.

25. The method in claim 24, wherein the information elements in the data
5 message sent to the wireless gateway further comprises a radio frequency identification.

26. The method in claim 20, wherein the content is stored content received by a content provider through a wireless gateway.

10

27. The method in claim 20, wherein the content is video and the first device is a digital video recorder and the second device is a vehicular video entertainment system.

15 28. The method in claim 20, wherein the content is video and the first device is a digital video recorder and the second device is a portable digital video recorder.

29. The method in claim 20 further comprising the step of storing the data
20 message in the first device if it is determined that the data message is not connected to the first wireless communication system.

30. The method in claim 20, wherein the first wireless communication system is at least one of a Bluetooth[™] communication system and an IEEE 802.11

25 communication system.

28

IS01598TC - Gaumond, et al.

31. The method in claim 30, wherein the first device has a first transceiver to communicate with the first wireless communication system and a second transceiver to communicate with a second wireless communication system.

5

10

15

÷ .

32. The method in claim 31, wherein the second wireless communication system is cellular communication system.

33. The method in claim 20 further comprising the steps of:

receiving the data message in a host system, the host system connected to the wireless gateway;

determining in the host system whether the second device has access to the content;

sending a second data message to the second device if it is determined that the second device has access to the content.

- 34. The method in claim 20 further comprising the steps of:
 receiving the data message in a host system, the host system connected to the wireless gateway;
- 20 accessing the content from a central service provider in response to receiving the data message in the host system.

.

•

35. The method in claim 34 further comprising the step of sending the content accessed from the central service provider to the second device in response to a playback instruction by the user.

36. A client device in a communication system, the communication system being capable of managing content between the client device and other client devices, the client device and other client devices being in other domains, the domains selected from a group consisting of at least the home, vehicle, and person, the client device

5 comprising:

10

15

20

a user interface for receiving an input from a user to pause the content;
a first wireless transceiver that is capable of wirelessly connecting the client device to a first wireless communication system;
a controller, responsive to the input from the user to pause the content, for determining whether the client device is connected to the system;

first wireless communication system and sending a data message to a wireless gateway if the client device is connected to the first wireless communication system;

wherein the data message sent to the wireless gateway comprises a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction.

37. The client device in claim 36, wherein the client device is selected from a group consisting of a vehicular entertainment system, a home entertainment system, and a portable electronic device.

38. The client device in claim 36, wherein the client device further comprises a satellite radio receiver, the content being broadcast content received from the satellite radio receiver.

25

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 94 39. The client device in claim 38, wherein the plurality of information elements of the data message further includes at least a satellite channel identification.

40. The client device in claim 36, wherein the client device further comprises a radio tuner, the content being broadcast content received from the radio tuner.

41. The client device in claim 40, wherein the plurality of information elements of the data message further includes at least a radio frequency identification.

42. The client device in claim 36, wherein the content is stored content received by a content provider through a wireless gateway.

43. The client device in claim 36, wherein the content is video and the client device is a home digital video recorder.

44. The client device in claim 36, wherein the first wireless
 communication system is at least one of a Bluetooth[™] communication system and an
 IEEE 802.11 communication system.

20

5

10

15

45. The client device in claim 44, wherein the client device further comprises a second wireless transceiver that is capable of wireless connecting the client device to a cellular wireless communication system.

46. The client device in claim 45, wherein the controller sends the data message through the second wireless transceiver if the client device is not connected to the first wireless communication system.

- 5 47. The client device in claim 36, wherein the controller further determines whether the user of the client device has subscribed to a preferred service plan and sends the data message through the second wireless transceiver if the client device has subscribed to the preferred service plan.
- 10 48. The client device in claim 36, wherein the controller further determines whether the content is broadcast content or stored content prior to sending the data message to the wireless gateway.
- 49. The client device in claim 48, wherein the plurality of information
 15 elements of the data message further includes at least a satellite channel identification
 if it is determined that the content is broadcast content.

50. The client device in claim 48, wherein the plurality of information elements of the data message further includes at least a content identification and a pause location identification if it is determined that the content is stored content.

51. The client device in claim 36, wherein the wireless gateway is in the home domain and connected to a host system, the host system having a database that contains information about the other client devices associated with the user.

25

52. A communication system for managing content between a first device and a second device, the communication system comprising:

	a wireless gateway for receiving a first data message from the first
	device, the first data message comprising a plurality of
5	information elements including at least a pause content
	instruction;
	a database for storing information regarding the first device and the
	second device; and
	a controller connected to the wireless gateway, the controller capable
10	of identifying the second device from the database and sending
	a second data message to the second device in response to
	receiving the first data message from the first device;
	wherein the first device being in a first domain and the second device
	being in a second domain, the first domain and the second
15	domain selected from a group consisting of at least the home,
	vehicle, and person.

53. The communication system in claim 52, wherein the first device and the second device is selected from a group consisting of a vehicular entertainment
20 system, a home entertainment system, and a portable electronic device.

54. The communication system in claim 52, wherein the content is broadcast content and received by a digital satellite communication system.

IS01598TC - Gaumond, et al.

• •

•

34

**. .

5 56. The communication system in claim 52, wherein the content is broadcast content received by a radio tuner.

57. The communication system in claim 56, wherein the plurality of information elements of the first data message further includes at least a radio frequency identification.

58. The communication system in claim 52, wherein the content is stored content received by a content provider through a wireless gateway.

15 59. The communication system in claim 52, wherein the content is video and the first device is a digital video recorder and the second device is a vehicular entertainment system.

60. The communication system in claim 52, wherein the wireless gateway 20 includes a wireless transceiver that is capable of wirelessly connecting to the first device and the second device over a wireless communication system, the wireless communication system being at least one of a BluetoothTM communication system and an IEEE 802.11 communication system.

61. The communication system in claim 52 further comprising of an Internet interface for communicating with a central service provider.

62. The communication system in claim 61, wherein the controller is

5 further capable of accessing the content from the central service provider in response to receiving the first data message.

63. The communication system in claim 62 further comprising a memory for storing content accessed from the central service provider.

10

64. The communication system in claim 61, wherein the wireless gateway is capable of receiving a playback data message from the second device, the second data message comprising a plurality of information elements including at least a playback instruction.

15

65. The communication system in claim 64, wherein the controller is further capable of transferring content to the second device that was accessed from the central service provider in response to receiving the playback data message.

20 66. The communication system in claim 52 further comprising a memory for storing content, wherein the controller stores content in response to receiving the first data message from the first device. 67. The communication system in claim 66, wherein the wireless gateway is capable of receiving a playback data message from the second device, the second data message comprising a plurality of information elements including at least a playback instruction.

5

68. The communication system in claim 67, wherein the controller is further capable of transferring content to the second device that was stored in memory in response to receiving the playback data message.

- 10 69. The communication system in claim 52, wherein the first device includes a satellite radio receiver and the second device includes a satellite radio receiver.
- 70. The communication system in claim 69, wherein the controller is further capable of identifying whether the second device has access to the same content as the first device and, if so, the second data message sent to the second device comprising a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction, a satellite channel identification, and a store content instruction.
- 20 71. The communication system in claim 70, wherein, if the second device does not have access to the same content as the first device, the controller is capable of accessing the content from an Internet content provider and transfers the content to the second client device.

72. The communication system in claim 52, wherein the first device includes a radio tuner and the second device includes a radio tuner.

- 73. The communication system in claim 72, wherein the controller is
 5 further capable of identifying whether the second device has access to the same content as the first device and, if so, the second data message sent to the second device comprising a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction, a radio frequency identification, and a store content instruction.
- 10 74. The communication system in claim 73, wherein, if the second device does not have access to the same content as the first device, the controller is capable of accessing the content from an Internet content provider and transfers the content to the second client device.
- 15 75. The communication system in claim 52, wherein the first device is an audio entertainment system and the second device is a digital video recorder.
- 76. The communication system in claim 75, wherein the controller is further capable of identifying that the second device is a digital video recorder and, if
 20 so, the second data message sent to the second device comprising a plurality of information elements including at least a pause content instruction, a channel identification, and a store content instruction.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 101

ABSTRACT

A system and method for managing content between different client devices in various domains (such as vehicle, home, and person). The system and method include receiving an input from a user on the first client device to pause the content. 5 After receiving the input, the first client device determines whether the first client device is connected to a wireless communication system. If the first client device is connected to the wireless communication system, the first client device sends a data message to the second client device through a host system. In one embodiment, the second client device will then store the content in the second client device after

10 receiving the data message to permit the user to resume playback of the content on the second client device. In another embodiment, the host system will store the content itself or access the content from a content provider and transfer the content directly to the second device with a data message that indicates the paused location of the content.



٠

·· .•





.

FIG. 3



** 3 m_

•

.

FIG. 4

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 106







•

.
4 4

•

•

USER 1

				• •						
Cable TV Content	z	N	z	z	z	z	z	•••		
RF Radio Content	Y	N	z	z	z	z	z	•••		
Satellite Content	Υ	А	z	Y	z	z	z	•••		
Internet Content	Z	Υ	z	z	z	Z	Y	•••		
Stored Content	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	•••].	I
Memory Size	ххх	XXX	XXX	xxx	XXX	ХХХ	XXX	•••]	()
Cellular Transceiver	Y	N	z	Z	Y	Z	Y	•••		
Short-Range Transceiver	Υ	Υ	¥	Y	Y	Y	Y	•••		
Domain	Vehicle	Home	Home	Home	Person	Person	Person	•••		
Client Type	Head-Unit	PC	Audio Recorder	Video Recorder	Cell Phone	MP3 Player	PDA	•••		
Device ID	DI	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	•••		



.

•

•



,

...



Motorola Confidential Proprietary



Brainstorming July 20th, 2004





 Allows to aggregate "owned" music library to mix with external content into daily sets Preferably links with well known media players as Real, WM or Turnes rather than imposing its own (case of SimpleC. My Daily SGEs) Preferably links with well known media players as Real, WM or Turnes rather than imposing its own (case of SimpleC. My Daily SGEs) Create 128Mbytes of compressed music/ spoken words updated each day at least partially for the content either stale to in Abarch, that would allow between 15 hours to 2 hours per channel with a 50% mix music vs. talk, in WMA about thour/channel and probably 30 minutes/ channel in MP3 Channel #1. My Yahoo Presonal Music Digital Music downloads Channel #2. My Yahoo Presonal Music Channel Al based upgestion Channel #2. My Yahoo Presonal Music Channel Channel #2. My Vahoo Presonal Music Channel Channel #2. My Vahoo Presonal Music Channel Channel #2. My Vahoo Presonal Music Channel Channel #2. My Vahob Presonal Music Channel Channel #2. My Vahob Lawas to compassion Channel #2. My Vahob Presonal Music Channel Channel #2. My Vahob Lawas to come and players and player and probabition Channel #2. My Vahob Lawas to come and the channel with a 50% mix music vs. talk, in WMA about to hand the filter stale Channel #2. My Vahob Lawas to come and the channel with a 50% mix music vs. talk, in WMA about to hand the filter stale Channel #2. My Vahob Lawas to come and the play there and delayed one touch Pust to device and key terme awili be demoved. Play there and delayed one touch Pust to device and the filterence that the user correate Daliy. J advanced programming desed or MM content an IM3 to the termer to some of the content and the predictive daliy sets, auto downed and refresh daliy. J advanced program to provide there and delayed one to		ier contiguration webpage
 Allows to aggregate "owned" music library to mix with external content into daily sets Preferably links with well known media players as Real, WM or Tunes rather than imposing its own (case of SimpleC. My Dayly Sets Created 128Mbytes of compressed music/ spoken words updated each day at least partially for the content either state to. In AAC+, that would allow between 15 hours to 2 hours per channel with a 50% mix music vs. talk, in WMA about thour/channel and probably 30 minutes/ channel in MP3 Created 128Mbytes of compressed music/ spoken words updated each day at least partially for the content either state to. In AAC+, that would allow between 15 hours to 2 hours per channel with a 50% mix music vs. talk, in WMA about Thour/channel and probably 30 minutes/ channel in MP3 Channel #2. My "ahoo" Personal Music Channel Diptal Music downloads Channel #2. My valob Personal Music Channel Channel #2. My valob Posts Channel #2. My valob books Channel #2. My valob Posts Channel #3. My valob books Channel #3. My valob books Channel #3. My valob books Channel #5. My Sports radio Score rews, stats, scores Channel #5. My Sports radio Score rews, stats, scores Channel #5. My Sports radio Score rews, stats, scores Channel #5. My Sports radio Score rews, stats, scores Channel #6. My Lifestyfes Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? My does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? My does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. AM centric? My does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. AM centric? My sit better than a combo XM in the car + POD plug n play?<th></th><th>Allows to register for service, access catalog library of contents from service provider like webcast radios, personalized subscription channels</th>		Allows to register for service, access catalog library of contents from service provider like webcast radios, personalized subscription channels
 My Daily Sets Create 128Mbytes of compressed music/ spoken words updated each day at least partially for the content either state to in AAC+, that would alow between 1.5 hours to 2 hours per channel with a 50% mix music vs. talk, in WMA about in bur/channel and probably 30 minutes/ channel in MP3 Channel #1: My "dipidal music" Digital Music downloads Channel #2: My Yatk show Personal Music Channel Channel #3: My Vatk show radio shows Channel #3: My Liftestyles Channel #5: My Sports radio Channel #5: My Sports radio Channel #6: My Liftestyles Channel #5: My Liftestyles Channel #6: My Liftestyles Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Mich devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Pust. Mist the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric Vs. XM centric? My take the user feedback and intelligent autonated refreshment of some of the content lable interval interval interval intelligent autonated refreshment of some of the content lable interval interval interval interval intelligent autonated refreshment of some of the content lable interval interval interval intelligent autonated refreshment of some of the content lable interval interval interval intelligent autonated refreshment		Allows to aggregate "owned" music library to mix with external content into daily sets Preferably links with well known media plavers as Real. WM or iTunes rather than imposing its own (case of SimpleCent
 Create 128Mbytes of compressed music/ spoken words updated each day at least partially for the content either state to . In AAC+, that would allow between 1.5 hours to 2 hours per channel with a 50% mix music vs. talk, in WMA about thour/channel and probably 30 minutes/ channel in MP3 Channel #1: My 'digital music" CD ripped collection CD ripped collection Digital Music downloads Channel #2: My 'Yahoo" Personal Music Channel Channel #2: My Yahoo" Personal Music Channel Channel #2: My Yadoo" Personal Music Channel Channel #3: My Yadoo" Personal Music Channel Channel #4: My Audible books Channel #5: My Lifestyles Channel #5: My Lifestyles Channel #5: My Lifestyles Channel #5: My Lifestyles Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Dis	2	/ Daily Sets
 Channel #1: My "digital music" CD ripped collection CD ripped collection CD ripped collection Channel #2: My "rahoo" Personal Music Channel Al based suggestion Channel #3: My talk show radio shows Cannel #4: My Audible books Channel #5: My Sports radio Cannel #4: My Audible books Channel #5: My Lifestyles Scorer news, stats, scores Scorer news, stats, scores Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Mucies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Alacovery and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Pusity theore and the demovary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that news cancer cated play/sit/ advanced programming based on XM content an (ibrary only and XM could be listened live as well as cache "in the car. No handover to phone if live music (possible at hon the struct and intelligent automated erfreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and alog autoi on the user fract and intelligent automated erfreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and alog autoi on the user and cated play/sif/ advanced in Alacover of the content of the contend on the		Create 128Mbytes of compressed music/ spoken words updated each day at least partially for the content either stale or to. In AAC+, that would allow between 1.5 hours to 2 hours per channel with a 50% mix music vs. talk, in WMA about thour/channel and probably 30 minutes/ channel in MP3
 CD ripped collection Digital Music downloads Channel #2: My "Yahoo" Personal Music Channel Al based suggestion Channel #3: My talk show radio shows Channel #3: My Lubble books Channel #5: My Sports radio Soccer news, stats, scores Channel #5: My Lifestyfes Soccer news, stats, scores Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Mich devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Mich devices and key features will be difference that the user cancer and network for the network (possible at hon the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast cancer can carging for the car- No handover to phone if five music (possible at hon the site than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Mis is thetter than a cormbo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Mis is th		Channel #1: My "digital music"
 Channel #2: My "Yahoo" Personal Music Channel Al based suggestion Al based suggestion Channel #3: My talk show radio shows Channel #5: My Sports radio Channel #5: My Sports radio Channel #6: My Lifestyles Soccer news, stats, scores Soccer news, stats, scores Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Novies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Function and the demo'ed?: Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Pust Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Pust Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Pust May be vices and key features that the user case create play/ist / advanced programming based on XM content ant library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache" in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at hon library only and XM could be listened tive as well as cache" and the care of the content (albeit more limited) and also auto Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Bings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also auto 		 CD ripped collection Digital Music downloads
 Al based suggestion Channel #3: My talk show radio shows Channel #4: NN Audible books Cannel #5: My Sports radio Soccer news, stats, scores Soccer news, stats, scores Channel #5: My Lifestyles Soccer news, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Mich devices and key features will be demoved? Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Pust. Mich devices and key features will be demoved? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content ant library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache "in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at hon the library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache "in the car- No handover to phone if live at who in the car is the library only and intellept at hone the library on the library on the library on the library on the l		Channel #2: My "Yahoo" Personal Music Channel
 Car talk. CNBC McEnroe Channel #4: My Audible books Channel #5: My Sports radio Soccer news, stats, scores Channel #6: My Lifestyles Soccer news, stats, scores Channel #6: My Lifestyles Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Pust. Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Pust. Who does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content an library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache "in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at hon this is the user reacted or plug n play? Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more minited) and also auton and the libra of the content (albeit more minited) and also auton and the libra of the content (albeit more minited) and also auton and the libra of the content (albeit more minited) and als		 Al based suggestion Channel #3: Mv talk show radio shows
 Channel #4: My Audible books Channel #5: My Sports radio Soccer news, stats, scores Channel #6: My Lifestyles Soccer news, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? How does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. X		– Car talk, CNBC McEnroe
 Channel #5: My Sports radio Soccer news, stats, scores Soccer news, stats, scores Channel #6: My Lifestyles Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? Move the demo vary if the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content and the cart + iPOD plug n play? Why is it better than a combo XM in the cart + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of		Channel #4: My Audible books
 Soccer news, stats, scores Channel #6: My Lifestyles Channel #6: My Lifestyles Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Push Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Push Mow does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content an ilbrary only and XM could be listened live as well as cache" in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at hon Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? My is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? My is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? My is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? My is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? My is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? My is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? My is the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content		Channel #5: My Sports radio
 Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Push Now does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content an library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache "in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at hon Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also auton 		 Soccer news, stats, scores Channel #6: Mv I ifestyles
 Key questions to answer: Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Push How does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content and library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache" in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at hon why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (abeit more limited) and also auto 		 Movies reviews, Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History
 Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?: Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Push Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Push How does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content an library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache "in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at hon "bibrary only and XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also autoit and the user can be carded or the content of some of the content (abeit more limited) and also autoit and the user card be carded or the content (abeit more limited) and also autoit and the user card be also and the content of some of the content (abeit more limited) and also autoit and also autoit and the distribution of the content (abeit more limited) and also autoit and also autoit and also autoit and the card and the card and the card also autoit and the autoit and the distribution of the content (abeit more limited) and also autoit and the card also autoit and the distribution of the content (abeit more limited) and also autoit and the card also autoit and also a	_	y questions to answer:
 Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Push How does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content and library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache " in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at hon Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also auto 		Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?:
 How does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content and library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache" in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at hor Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (about more limited) and also autoited and the car at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about more limited) and also autoit at the care of the content (about at the care of the content of the content of the care of the content of the care of the care		- Organization into predictive daily sets, auto download and refresh daily, pause her play there and delayed one touch Push to
 May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content and library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache " in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at horn Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated in the car at the content of the content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about more limited) and also automated refreshment of some content (about a transformed to the content with of about of the content (about a transformed to the content with of about of the content (about a transformed to the content of the content (about a transformed to the content of the content (about a transformed to the content to the content (about a transformed to the content of the content (about a transformed to the content to the content (about a transformed to the content to the content (about a transformed to the content to the content (about a transformed to the content a transformed to the content to the content (about a transfo		How does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric?
 Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automated refreshment of some of the content of the content of some of the content of the con		 May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content and or library only and XM could be listened live as well as cache" in the car- No handover to phone if live music (possible at home)
Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also autor		Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play?
Lister on Xiv-purchase on Huries scenario. Also, provides a rue seariless continuity of the same contrent wintout prog- o (arguable if this is a BlueTooth –iPOD or Motorola iPTunes phoneFood for thoughts)		 Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automat Listen on XM-purchase on iTunes scenario. Also, provides a true seamless continuity of the same content without plug- unpl (arouable if this is a BlueTooth -iPOD or Motorola iPTunes phoneFood for thoughts)

Use Case Compliance Matrix

DEMO CES use c	1585 OVATVIOW				HUME				19 ⁻¹	Un-The-Go				ē	
			C gateway N	IS1000	Home	Wireless Audio	Graphic	E680 MP	i X	Tunes head	Portable	ipaq wifi	OmniFi	Wireless car	Logacy
	Key Featuros	Use cases		-		Invendo	Controller			p (p	layer			adapter	
	Custom Daily sets	provide web user interface to create and aggregate various	×	×											
n oitezi n	Personnalized channels	Yahoo Launchcast creating a subset of 1-2 hours as part of one of the daily set channels	×	×											
notzu O tne	Recently Purchased Music channel	Automatically load the song that will be acquired during the demo and display it with a delay to drive the point that it is not done in real-time through the pinne	×	×											
tnoJ	Access / conversion personal music library ("ripped" or downloaded)	can be part of the creation of personnalized channel or create a random playfist each day	×	×											
	Intelligent selection download = ((bandwidth, freshness, battery life, memory	Huge available content is fittered to 128MB and synchronized with content that was listened before		×	×										
l briwei e	Pause herePlay there	Light signalling service handoff between home receiver and car and phone. May need to create a buffer for "now playing" song if it is not part of the daily set	×	×	×	×	ė	×		ė			٢	×	×
) diyg I diyg	Skip forward / backward Browse through Playlist	Use the left/right arrows of the CD keys on headunit or on the phone	×	×	×	×	ć	×		i			¢	×	×
) Sjesn	Events recording	N/A (IP T/Vo and GoTo/T? Done by daily sets off-line													
84 8	Instant buffering (replay/rewind)	N/A (IP TIVo and GoToIT?)													
tnew l	Legal push to buy	Demonstrate a live download from napster or Musicret that will be transferred on both the phone and the car	×	×	×	×		×		~			~	×	×
tne:	Find Music through mood engines	NIA							T						
inoJ sse	Find / Search music QBH, playlists	N/A could demonstrate QBH but may dillute key messages													
oosA	DRM coordination TBD	N/A													
ivi tin	Instant Music Clips Messenger	NIA							Π						
ي د د ب ۱ س ۱ س	Share play-lists	NIA													
tetr 1 mo	Push to Vote / register	Z NIA T NIA													
ц С	Push to learn more	NA						-							

intelligence 🗙 everywhere"

Motorola Confidential Proprietary





Motorola Confidential Proprietary intelligence 📉 everywhere"







Key Messages		"My Audio Daily Set	Follows Me: • Home to Car •Car to Phone	and I can interact with it	intelligence 🔊 everywhere
<u> </u>					ntial Proprietary
life of a consumer	to be automatically daily -processing / set-up) c", service provider subscription ken-words catalog based content Car Talk, jokes of the day, trivia,	that will be available on the car endly interactive bargraph to mix % depending codecs & content) annel, My Sports, My Talk radio, My Morning Latte, My energy boost, My	er course of normal day: ome Theater from MS1000 NAS y car stereo eset to browse through various prepared ceive live phone call – interrupts music- resume listening experience with	I back to home vice and likes it: push-to-buy on (tags the music title / artist/ CD) d (WiFi) from car and instantly ecently purchased" folder on the PC ght away on Home Theater carn more" function that flags artist	Motorola Confider
<u>An "Audio Day" in the l</u>	 On PC, user prepares 5-6 "Play-list" content i refreshed & downloaded to car and phone (pre- Single user interface to access "owned music library, Internet audible books and other spol library. Internet audible books and other spol - E.g. Itunes jukebox, Yahoo Launchcast,NPR's horoscope, new movies reviews, sports reports. 	 Organize in 5 or 6 main "supersets / genres" radio head-unit 5-6 preset keys with user frie of content preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours c – E.g. My Ripped Music, My personal music cha Audible book. Genres could also be organized by mood: My relaxation, My learning channel… 	 Start demo to show "domains" transitions ov Start listening to 1st program streamed on Hc Jump in the car – Seamless handoff to legacy Use familiar CD radio controls and memory pr contents, can pause, skip forward and back. Re handsfree on car stereo. Park the car- Finish phone conversation and phone earphones or external speakerphone 	 End of the day: Come back in the car at then Listen to a "pop tune" from subscription servadio depressing the CD start Key 2 seconds When entering the home, request is uploaded donwloaded from Music services into "My r Purchased Content can then be listened to rig Also, "Tag Event" could have a "Push-to-Le bios on PC, possible concerts in the area etc. 	
	An "Audio Day" in the life of a consumer Key Messages	 An "Audio Day" in the life of a consumer On PC, user prepares 5-6 "Play-list" content to be automatically daily On PC, user prepares 5-6 "Play-list" content to be automatically daily On PC, user prepares 5-6 "Play-list" content to be automatically daily On PC, user prepares 5-6 "Play-list" content to be automatically daily On PC, user prepares 5-6 "Play-list" content to be automatically daily On PC, user prepares 5-6 "Play-list" content to be automatically daily Single user interface to access "owned music", service provider subscription Ibrary, Internet audible books and other spoken-words catalog based content E.g. Itunes jukebox, Yahoo Launchcast, NPR's Car Talk, jokes of the day, trivia, horoscope, new movies reviews, sports reports 	 An "Audio Day" in the life of a consumer On PC, user prepares 5-6 "Play-list" content to be automatically daily refreshed & downloaded to car and phone (pre-processing / set-up) Single user interface to access "owned music", service provider subscription library, Internet audible books and other spoken-words catalog based content - E.g. function is 5 of main "supersets / genres" that will be available on the car radio head-unit 5-6 preset keys with user friendly interactive bargraph to mix % of content preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours depending codecs & content) E.g. My Ripped Music, My personal music channel, My Sports, My Talk radio, My relaxion, My moring Latte, My energy boost, My entry banded. 	 An "Audio Day" in the life of a consumer An "Audio Day" in the life of a consumer Single user interface to access "owned music", service provider subscription library, Internet audible books and phone (pre-processing' set-up) Single user interface to access "owned music", service provider subscription library, Internet audible books and phone (pre-processing' set-up) Single user interface to access "owned music", service provider subscription library, Internet audible books and phone (pre-processing' set-up) Single user interface to access "owned music", service provider subscription library, Internet audible books and other sopher souths and object set with user friendly interactive bargraph to mix % to content preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours depending codecs & content) Deg Nus Ripped Music, My personal music channel, My Sport, My Tak radio, My audio Daily Set Grant preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours depending codecs & content) E.g. My Ripped Music, My personal music channel, My Sport, My Tak radio, My audio Daily Set Grant preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours depending codecs & content) E.g. My Ripped Music, My personal music channel, My Sport, My Tak radio, My audio Daily Set Grant preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours depending codecs & content) E.g. My Ripped Music, My personal music channel, My sport, My Tak radio, My audio Daily Set Grant listening to 1st Program streamed on Houne Theater from MS1000 NAS Unup in the car - Saamless handoff to legacy car strero Use familiar CD radio controls and menory preset to howse through various prepared on the car finish phone conversation and resume listening experience with phone earphones or external speakerphone Park the car-Finish phone conversation and resume listening experience with phone earphones or external speakerphone 	An "Audio Day" in the life of a consumeral with the references of "Play-list" content to be automatically daily refressing "sterup) Key Messages • On PC, user prepares 5.6 "Play-list" content to be automatically daily refressing "sterup) Key Messages • Single user interface to access "owned music", service provider subscription library, Internet audible books and other spoken-works callop sterior, "service provider subscription library, Internet audible books and other spoken-window content preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours depending codecs & content) May Audio Daily Set • Expansion provide the spoken-window content preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours depending codecs & content) May Audio Daily Set • Expansion provide the spoken-window content preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours depending codecs & content) May Audio Daily Set • Expansion provide the set of the day. With the days content preferences (128Meg / 4-6 hours depending codecs & content) May Audio Daily Set • Team of the value or set of the day. With the days for the day in the days for the day. With the days for the day with the days for the days with the days for the day with the days for the days for the day with the days for the days for the days with

Message

From: Villevieille J-P26721
Sent: Tuesday, September 07, 2004 9:04 AM
To: Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND; Clayton Mark-AMC036; Ulmer Dave-E42721
Subject: RE: Patent for wireless adapter
See my prior email. The email was around 6/22. the 6/23 powerpoint to MotoLabs does not mention it clearly. I have notes on 7/2 mentioning alternative to Apple solution and also 7/14 brainstorm session with Dave & Mark. Besides BT streaming, I do not recall we "spilled the beans" to UEI/SD on 6/30 visit on the presets mapping. I have not seen Mark's paperwork so it may be too narrow and we will have to rely on disclosing the "end2end" iradio simplified solution mapping auto content generation (including hot content updates) with presets.

regards...JMV

Jean-Marc Villevieille Director Engineering Advanced Solutions Motorola Tempe, AZ (W)602-659-8177 (M)480-236-3446 jmv@motorola.com

> -----Original Message----- **From:** Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND **Sent:** Tuesday, September 07, 2004 8:47 AM **To:** Clayton Mark-AMC036; Villevieille J-P26721; Ulmer Dave-E42721 **Subject:** RE: Patent for wireless adapter

JMV - do you have anything in writing (powerpoint, email, etc.) dated prior to June 30? mike

-----Original Message----- **From:** Clayton Mark-AMC036 **Sent:** Friday, September 03, 2004 3:03 PM **To:** Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND; Villevieille J-P26721; Ulmer Dave-E42721 **Subject:** Patent for wireless adapter

I've created a draft disclosure for the wireless audio adapter, with you folks included as innovators so you will start to get weekly reminders until the draft is submitted. I expect the draft will be refined over the next couple of weeks. I included Tom as a witness since he has the iRadio background.

I recall discussing the idea with someone (Mike?) at least a few days before our June 30 visit to Simple Devices. It would be nice if we had some proof of those hallway discussions. Any suggestions? I'm a little concerned that Simple Devices may already have filed papers even though they hadn't thought of the key CD changer part when we visited.

Mark

Message

From: Villevieille J-P26721 Sent: Tuesday, September 07, 2004 9:12 AM To: Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND; Clayton Mark-AMC036; Ulmer Dave-E42721 Subject: RE: Patent for wireless adapter It was never backed up as there was no more server room at MCG for emails. If one of you are automatically backed-up then we should be able to retrieve it (Jeff may have been copied as well, 3rd week in June). ...JMV

Jean-Marc Villevieille Director Engineering Advanced Solutions Motorola Tempe, AZ (W)602-659-8177 (M)480-236-3446 jmv@motorola.com

> -----Original Message----- **From:** Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND **Sent:** Tuesday, September 07, 2004 9:07 AM **To:** Villevieille J-P26721; Clayton Mark-AMC036; Ulmer Dave-E42721 **Subject:** RE: Patent for wireless adapter

i don't have any notes from you prior to 7/16 - can we get IT to ressurect the June 15-July 15 emails you sent?

-----Original Message----- **From:** Villevieille J-P26721 **Sent:** Tuesday, September 07, 2004 7:24 AM **To:** Clayton Mark-AMC036; Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND; Ulmer Dave-E42721 **Subject:** RE: Patent for wireless adapter

I think the genesis came from our analysis from the iPOD-BMW announcement. I had sent an email detailing the Bluetooth solution enhancement as an answer to MikeG (but I cleaned all my sent folder for June & July so I am relying on you guys to keep a track of the message I am referring to). I can't recall the date in June but the announcement was June 22nd on The Register. We then had hallway discussions and the brainstorming in Saguaro room 7/14th. By that time, we had disclosed some of these ideas to Simple Devices (at least the BT link). ...JMV

Jean-Marc Villevieille Director Engineering Advanced Solutions Motorola Tempe, AZ (W)602-659-8177 (M)480-236-3446 jmv@motorola.com

> -----Original Message----- **From:** Clayton Mark-AMC036 **Sent:** Friday, September 03, 2004 3:03 PM **To:** Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND; Villevieille J-P26721; Ulmer Dave-E42721 **Subject:** Patent for wireless adapter

I've created a draft disclosure for the wireless audio adapter, with you folks included as innovators so you will start to get weekly reminders until the draft is submitted. I expect the draft will be refined over the next couple of weeks. I included Tom as a witness since he has the iRadio background.

I recall discussing the idea with someone (Mike?) at least a few days before our June 30 visit to Simple Devices. It would be nice if we had some proof of those hallway discussions. Any suggestions? I'm a little concerned that Simple Devices may already have filed papers even though they hadn't thought of the key CD changer part when we visited.

Mark

Message

From: Villevieille J-P26721 Sent: Tuesday, September 07, 2004 9:12 AM To: Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND; Clayton Mark-AMC036; Ulmer Dave-E42721 Subject: RE: Patent for wireless adapter It was never backed up as there was no more server room at MCG for emails. If one of you are automatically backed-up then we should be able to retrieve it (Jeff may have been copied as well, 3rd week in June). ...JMV

Jean-Marc Villevieille Director Engineering Advanced Solutions Motorola Tempe, AZ (W)602-659-8177 (M)480-236-3446 <u>jmv@motorola.com</u>

> -----Original Message-----From: Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND Sent: Tuesday, September 07, 2004 9:07 AM To: Villevieille J-P26721; Clayton Mark-AMC036; Ulmer Dave-E42721 Subject: RE: Patent for wireless adapter

i don't have any notes from you prior to 7/16 - can we get IT to ressurect the June 15-July 15 emails you sent?

-----Original Message-----From: Villevieille J-P26721 Sent: Tuesday, September 07, 2004 7:24 AM To: Clayton Mark-AMC036; Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND; Ulmer Dave-E42721 Subject: RE: Patent for wireless adapter

I think the genesis came from our analysis from the iPOD-BMW announcement. I had sent an email detailing the Bluetooth solution enhancement as an answer to MikeG (but I cleaned all my sent folder for June & July so I am relying on you guys to keep a track of the message I am referring to). I can't recall the date in June but the announcement was June 22nd on The Register. We then had hallway discussions and the brainstorming in Saguaro room 7/14th. By that time, we had disclosed some of these ideas to Simple Devices (at least the BT link). ...JMV

Jean-Marc Villevieille **Director Engineering Advanced Solutions** Motorola Tempe, AZ (W)602-659-8177 (M)480-236-3446 jmv@motorola.com

> -----Original Message-----From: Clayton Mark-AMC036 Sent: Friday, September 03, 2004 3:03 PM To: Gaumond Mike-MGAUMOND; Villevieille J-P26721; Ulmer Dave-E42721 Subject: Patent for wireless adapter

I've created a draft disclosure for the wireless audio adapter, with you folks included as innovators so you will start to get weekly reminders until the draft is submitted. I expect the draft will be refined over the next couple of weeks. I included Tom as a witness since he has the iRadio background.

I recall discussing the idea with someone (Mike?) at least a few days before our June 30 visit to Simple Devices. It would be nice if we had some proof of those hallway discussions. Any suggestions? I'm a little concerned that Simple Devices may already have filed papers even though they hadn't thought of the key CD changer part when we visited.

Mark

Motorola Confidential Proprietary



MOTOROLA

Road-Map Wireless Clients

JMV 8/9/04

Codec CD Custom TiVo 128 USB +DRM changer Radio record Mbytes pont	Codec +DRMCD changerCustom TiVoT28USB USB+DRMCatewayBusrecordMbytespontCodec codecCD changerCustom RulsTiVo128USB Dont+DRMCatewayRadio RulsrecordMbytespont			CD Custom	+DRM Gateway Bus Mbytes pont	+DRM Codec changer Radio Mbytes port	H +DRM Gateway Bus Mbytes			Features / Bandwidth	intellinence
ss Car Adaptor	Map	ler Radio TiVo 128 USB av Bus record Mbytes poit	Her Radio Trivo 128 USB ay Bus record Mbytes port	ler Radio TiVo 128 USB ay Bus record Mbytes port	record Mbytes point	fer Radio Trivo 128 USB WSB ay Bus record Mbytes point	er Radio ay Bus Mbytes port	er Radio Mbytes port	er Radio Mbytes Bus	er Radio Bus Bus	Motorola Confidential Pro
Wirele	\$ Price	BT Codec CD +DRM Gatew	BT Codec CD +DRM Gatew	BT Codec CD +DRM Gatew	BT Codec CD +DRM Gatew	BT Codec CD +DRM Gatew	BT Codec CD +DRM Gatew	BT Codec CD +DRM Gatew	BT Codec CD +DRM Gatew	BT Codec CD +DRM Gatewa	

1. 19 1. 19

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 126

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

	evelopment Candidates
•	Simple Devices:
	 Is going "alone" embracing our BT link but with their content management client in Java to be ported on the phone. Rely on an external "Soundgate"-like Cd changer adapter (\$()!!!) and does not know about our pre-set keys mapping
	 Quote the same to the Telematics team!!! (Sean McBride)
•	SSI America: have reverse-engineered multiple proprietary bus. We may be able to
	engineering in Germany
•	Zeevo & SMART: low cost Blue tooth ARM7 single chip solution for wireless CD-like
	stereo. SMART is doing embedded designs modules with memory caching expertise
•	Soundgate: specialized in peripherals OEMs bus adaptors- can modify the XM or Sirius retrofit
•	Blitzsafe: same as Soundgate- specialized for XM and CDs retrofit
٠	Rockford-Fosgate / Omnifi: may be able to strike a different deal from SD for
	developping direct hardware (next door neighbours)?
•	Motorola Tomhawk4 platform: needs a low cost application – GSG team + some
	ACES automotive resources?

MOTOROLA

Motorola Confidential Proprietary



intelligence K everywhere

C MOTOROLA





Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 129 Motorola Confidential Proprietary

M MOTOROLA

Wireless Car Adaptor Topology- Mid-Tier



intelligence K everywhere

MOTOROLA

Wireless Car Adaptor Topology- High-end





SimpleDevices Opportunities

June 30, 2004

Home System Comparison

FEATURE	SC	SC+	iRadio
Digital Media Library	x	×	×
Music Player	х	×	×
Media ID Tools	х	x	*
MP3 & WMA Support	x	×	×
Device Manager / *(Profile- Mood based Events Record "scheduler" & daily sets- browser based rather than .exe)	х	x	*
Wi-Fi Wireless Media Delivery	×	×	×
Watch Folders	x	×	2
CD-Ripper-		×	
Media Explorer		×	*
Live365, LAUNCHcast, Virgin Radio, SHOUTcast (stream to PC)		×	×
NewsCenter (legal download & automated upload to client)		×	×
Other content partners download & multi domain upload			×
Song Downloads		×	×
Audio Books		×	×
Interactive Buy/Rate/ Vote			×
Interface with Server for Multi-Domain Coordination			×
Auto recording of content for controlled distribution			×
Community referrals/playlist eXchange			×
Multi codec / Multi DRM support			×
Subscriber Management System			×

Home

- Selection of appropriate controller/control point and renderer devices to support iRadio features.
- **DRM solution for UPnP Renderer**
- demonstrate /Radio type features SimpleCenter enhancements to

Car

- support/demonstrate /Radio features. Enhance Omnifi in the car to
- If Omnifi won't work for some reason, then help select/build another device for demo and trials (PDA, media player with audio BT/WiFi node...?)

Scope:	Products we want :
	1- Initially for demonstration: a universal CD adaptor for a majority of OEM
	and aftermarket head-units forwarding on a 2 wire serial bus at 9.6kbps
	(RS232 or 11L) all the head-unit key events along with pushing CD text
	Information back to the head-unit. This should be based on SSI IPOD or
	XIVI CD adaptor box technology
	2- For thats, an integrated core reference design that could be licensed to an ODM of Motorola's choice based on ADI Black Ein technology or
	integrated into Zeevo BlueTooth system on chin. This reference design
	will integrate Motorola's iRadio BlueTooth stack and control middleware
	with SSI universal CD changer adapter technology
	3- To be Negotiated: small series of 100-200 wireless adaptors based on
	reference design to be demonstrated in Q2 2005 for limited trial.
Licensing:	Source code and SW license from the CD adaptor +BT+iRadio middleware
	Hardware reference design based on BlackFin
Ownership of	Motorola – SSI will be able to license it back close to royalty free
sw	
14/	
vvarranties	
Technical	
assistance and	
Post Warranty	
Services	
IP Indomnification	SSI brings:
indemnication	- Blackfin integration
	- USB host solution
	- FM broadcast synthesizer
	-
Term	
Most Favored	
Customer	
L	

.









Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 138

ون Radio™







Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 140



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 141



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 142





Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 143 intelligence M everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 6

MOTOROLA

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 144

High End

гом Епd

iRadio Car Adaptation Road-Map ون Radio™

Gen)		Herd Drive				×
ation (Next	dellewere	Media Memory Cand		×	×	
nit Integr	iredio Mb	Wilfi			×	×
Head-U		Elte	×	×		
		Voice Commands				×
		Multi- Codees		×		×
	ldleware	EM Broadcast		×		×
	dio Mic	USB Heat		×		\times
	IRa	Media Memony Genel		×	×	×
tor (tor		Ma			×	×
<u>Wire</u> <u>Adap</u> (Lega		Eltre Ticoth	×	×		

intelligence everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 7


Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 145



Overview

وت Radio™ intelligence 🗙 everywhere"

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 2



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 147





Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 148

Wireless Car Adaptor Closed Topology- Low Tier -ن ج: Radio™



intelligence 🗙 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 5

ن المامية Radio™ Wireless Car Adaptor Topology- Mid-Tier



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 150 intelligence everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 6

र्दे _{Radio™} Wireless Car Adaptor Opened Topology- High tier



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 151 intelligence 🗙 everywhere"

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 7

Car Universal Audio Adapter Road-Map بن Radio™

	Low Tier		Tier	, biM	Tier	AgiH
	oiasd oibsAi OfewelbbiM			nsweibb Terefr	oiM oibs 9911117	Яi
Blue	×	×	×			×
Direct Cer Deck Conncet	×		×	×	×	×
With				×	×	×
Media Memory Card			×	×	×	×
USB Host Dual USB slots			×		×	×
FM Broadcast		×	×		×	×
Cooless	SBC or MP3 only	SBC, MP3, WMA, AAC+				
Digital Recording			۰.			×
Voice Commend						×
Processor	Zeevo/ ARM7	ARM9 or BlackFin				

1

intelligence A everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 8

MOTOROLA

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 152

iRadio Media Control Protocol

Motorola Labs

Revision History				
Working Draft v0.1	September 28, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.2	September 29, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.3	September 30, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.4	October 1, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.5	October 7, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.6	October 13, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.7	October 15, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.8	October 24, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.9	October 27, 2004	Ed Costello		
Working Draft v0.10	October 28, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.11	November 2, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.12	November 19, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.13	December 2, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.14	December 16, 2004	Michael Pearce		
Working Draft v0.15	<u>January 26, 2005</u>	Andrew Will		

Table of Contents

Table (Working Draft v0.11 Working Draft v0.12 Working Draft v0.13 Working Draft v0.14 Working Draft v0.15	November 2, 2004 November 19, 2004 December 2, 2004 December 16, 2004 January 26, 2005	Michael Pearce Michael Pearce Michael Pearce Michael Pearce Andrew Will
Table (Working Draft v0.12 Working Draft v0.13 Working Draft v0.14 Working Draft v0.15	November 19, 2004 December 2, 2004 December 16, 2004 January 26, 2005	Michael Pearce Michael Pearce Michael Pearce <u>Andrew Will</u>
able o	Working Draft v0.13 Working Draft v0.14 Working Draft v0.15	December 2, 2004 December 16, 2004 January 26, 2005	Michael Pearce Michael Pearce <u>Andrew Will</u>
able o	Working Draft v0.14 Working Draft v0.15	December 16, 2004 January 26, 2005	Michael Pearce Andrew Will
able o	Working Draft v0.15	January 26, 2005	Andrew Will
able o	of Contonts		1
Tunter-	duction		
Theo	auction		••••••
2 1 Inco	Ty of Operation		
2.1	Termination	••••••	••••••••••••••••
2.2 State	Machines	••••••	
	Mobile Client State Macl	hine	••••••••••••••
2.7	Peer State Machine		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
3.2	Protocol Interface		•••••••••••••
3.5	Example Message Seque	nces	••••••••••••••
Mess	age Framing and Encodi	ng	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
4.1	Framing	-0	
4.2	Control Channel		
4.3	Content Channel		
4.4	Harmonization		
4.5	Management Channel	•••••••	
Secu	rity Considerations		

Deleted: 2
Inserted: 2
Deleted: 3
Deleted: 2
Inserted: 2
Deleted: 3
Deleted: 3
Inserted: 3
Deleted: 4
Deleted: 5
Inserted: 5
Deleted: 6
Deleted: 6
Inserted: 6
Deleted: 7
Deleted: 9
Inserted: 9
Deleted: 10
Deleted: 9
Inserted: 9
Deleted: 10
Deleted: 9
Inserted: 9
Deleted: 10
Deleted: 10
Inserted: 10
Deleted: 11
Deleted: 20
Inserted: 20
Deleted: 21

1 Introduction

This protocol is intended to support playback of content in the distributed environment envisioned by iRadio. It supports distributed control of playback and supports optional streaming of content from a handset to a player via Bluetooth.

2 Theory of Operation

The system is envisioned to consist of three classes of devices:

- The Mobile Client (a.k.a. handset), which contains a synchronized subset of the content. The Mobile Client also contains a playback control user interface and is capable of rendering the content locally as well as remotely controlling rendering of the content. The Mobile Client can optionally stream the content to a remote renderer.
- 2. The gateway, which contains the master copy of the content. The gateway also contains a playback control user interface and is capable of rendering the content locally or via remote control.
- 3. The WACA (Wireless Audio Car Adapter), which does not contain a copy of the content. The WACA contains a playback control user interface and is capable of rendering the content received in a stream from the Mobile Client.

Throughout this document, in contexts where either the gateway or the WACA would be playing the same role, the term "peer" is used to refer them interchangeably. However, this does not imply equivalence between these devices in the overall system architecture. Rather, it is used to in this specification to simplify the description of the protocol.

2.1 Initiation

iMCP operates over a Bluetooth serial port profile (SPP) connection. The Mobile Client is always the SPP server, while the gateway and WACA are always SPP clients. This means the gateway and WACA must be periodically scanning for the presence of the Mobile Client and, when its presence is detected, initiating an SPP connection to the Mobile Client. Once such a connection is established between the Mobile Client and either the gateway or the WACA, the control channel is used to exchange MSG_SYN and MSG_SYN_ACK messages (which includes an indication by the peer of whether it will require streamed audio content or not). At this point, the protocol is ready to carry other control messages as well as streamed audio content (if necessary).

2.2 Termination

iMCP termination is implied by tearing down the Bluetooth SPP connection. A peer may optionally indicate termination via a MSG_POWERDOWN message prior to closing the Bluetooth SPP connection

3 State Machines

In the following sections, the state machines are specified using tables (one per state). In each table, only the relevant events are included. Events that occur in a state that are not

Deleted:

specified in these tables are to be ignored for purposes of state transitions. This includes any event that occurs without a matching condition to what is specified in the table.

The Mobile Client state machine should be implemented by the handset (or other nonhandset controller).

The peer state machine should be implemented by the WACA and the gateway peers.

3.1 Mobile Client State Machine



Mobile Client State Diagram

3.1.1 CLOSED State

In this state, the Bluetooth transport connection is closed. The implementation should be listening for incoming Bluetooth SPP connections.

Event	Condition	Next State	Action
New Transport Connection		OPEN_WAIT	

3.1.2 OPEN_WAIT State

In this state, the Bluetooth transport connection should be open. The state machine is waiting for the upper layer to request a connection.

Event	Condition	Next State	Action
PRIM_OPEN_CONN		SYN_SENT	Tx(MSG_SYN)
Rx(EOF)		CLOSED	Notify(CONN_FAILURE)

3.1.3 SYN_SENT State

In this state, the state machine is awaiting a response to the MSG_SYN message.

Event	Condition	Next State	Action
Rx(MSG_SYN_ACK)		CONNECTED	Notify(CONN_OPEN)
Rx(MSG_ERR)		CLOSED	Notify(CONN_FAILURE)
Rx(EOF)		CLOSED	Notify(CONN_FAILURE)
PRIM_CLOSE_CONN		CLOSED	Tx(MSG_ERR)

3.1.4 CONNECTED State

In this state, the connection has been successfully opened.

Event	Condition	Next State	Action
Rx(MSG_POWERDOWN)		CLOSED	Notify(CONN_CLOSED)
Rx(EOF)		CLOSED	Notify(CONN_CLOSED)
PRIM_CLOSE_CONN		CLOSED	

3.2 Peer State Machine



Peer State Diagram

3.2.1 CLOSED State

In this state, the Bluetooth transport connection is closed. The implementation should be periodically scanning for the presence of the Mobile Client. When the Mobile Client is detected, a new SPP connection should be initiated to the Mobile Client.

Event	Condition	Next State	Action
New Transport Connection		SYN_WAIT	

3.2.2 SYN_WAIT State

In this state, the Bluetooth transport connection should be open. The state machine is waiting for an MSG SYN message.

Event	Condition	Next State	Action
Rx(MSG_SYN)		SYN_RCVD	Notify(CONN_REQUEST)
Rx(EOF)		CLOSED	Notify(CONN_FAILURE)

3.2.3 SYN_RCVD State

In this state, the peer has received a MSG_SYN and is waiting for the upper layer to either accept or reject the connection.

Event	Condition	Next State	Action
PRIM_ACCEPT_CONN	<i></i>	CONNECTED	Tx(MSG_SYN_ACK)
PRIM_REJECT_CONN		CLOSED	Tx(MSG_ERR)
Rx(MSG_ERR)		CLOSED	Notify(CONN_FAILURE)
Rx(EOF)		CLOSED)	Notify(CONN_FAILURE)

3.2.4 CONNECTED State

In this state, the connection has been successfully opened.

Event	Condition	Next State	Action
PRIM_POWERDOWN		CLOSED	Tx(MSG_POWERDOWN)
Rx(EOF)		CLOSED	Notify(CONN_CLOSED)
Rx(MSG_ERR)		CLOSED	Notify(CONN_REJECT)

3.3 Protocol Interface

The primitives and notifications in the protocol interface describe only the state-changing events that drive (and are generated from) the state machines specified in section 3. Data types referenced in this section are abstract only (and should be self-explanatory).

This is not intended to be an application programming interface. It is merely intended to describe the events that are exchanged between the state machine and the upper layer. A primitive is an event received by the state machine from the upper layer, while a notification is an event delivered to the upper layer from the state machine.

3.3.1 Mobile Client Interface

3.3.1.1 Primitives

3.3.1.1.1 PRIM_OPEN_CONN

Sent to the state machine by the upper layer when the upper layer wishes to initiate the iMCP connection establishment procedures.

3.3.1.1.2 PRIM_CLOSE_CONN

Sent to the state machine by the upper layer when the upper layer wishes to initiate the iMCP connection close procedures.

3.3.1.2 Notifications

3.3.1.2.1 CONN_OPEN

Sent by the state machine to the upper layer to indicate the iMCP protocol is now open. Information included in this notification is described below.

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
iMCP_Version	Integer	Mandatory	Protocol version supported by peer
ContentAvail	Boolean	Mandatory	True: Peer has local content
			False: Peer needs streamed content
HardwareId	Integer	Mandatory	0: No Interaction Hardware
			0x1-0xFFFFFFFF: Hardware Identifier

3.3.1.2.2 CONN_FAILURE

Sent by the state machine to the upper layer to indicate the iMCP protocol failed to open. Information included in the notification is described below.

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
ErrorCode	Integer	Mandatory	Error Code
ErrorMsg	String	Mandatory	Error Message

3.3.1.2.3 CONN_CLOSED

Sent by the state machine to the upper layer to indicate the iMCP protocol has been closed.

3.3.1.2.4 CONN_REJECT

Sent by the state machine to the upper layer to indicate the mobile client does not wish to be connected to the peer at this time. Information included in the notification is described below.

Parameter	Type	Required	Description
ErrorCode	Integer	Mandatory	Error Code
ErrorMsg	String	Mandatory	Error Message

3.3.2 Peer Interface

3.3.2.1 Primitives

3.3.2.1.1 PRIM_ACCEPT_CONN

Sent by the upper layer to the state machine to indicate the upper layer wishes to accept the offered connection. Information included in this primitive is described below.

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description

--- [Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Content Avail	Boolean	Mandatory	True: Peer has local content
ContentAvan	Boolean	1.1	Folge: Reer needs streamed content
			Faise. Feel needs streamed content
HardwareId	Integer	Mandatory	0: No Interaction Hardware
			0x1-0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

3.3.2.1.2 PRIM_REJECT_CONN

Sent by the upper layer to the state machine to indicate the upper layer does not wish to accept the offered connection. Information included in this primitive is described below.

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
ErrorCode	Integer	Mandatory	Error Code
ErrorMsg	String	Mandatory	Error Message

3.3.2.1.3 PRIM_POWERDOWN

Sent by the upper layer to the state machine to indicate the upper layer is powering off and the iMCP protocol should be closed.

3.3.2.2 Notifications

3.3.2.2.1 CONN_REQUEST

Sent by the state machine to the upper layer to indicate an new connection has been requested. Information included in this notification is described below.

	Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
	iMCP_Version	Integer	Mandatory	Protocol version supported by Mobile Client

3.3.2.2.2 CONN_FAILURE

Sent by the state machine to the upper layer to indicate the connection has failed. Information included in this notification is described below.

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
ErrorCode	Integer	Mandatory	Error Code
ErrorMsg	String	Mandatory	Error Message

3.3.2.2.3 CONN_CLOSED

Sent by the state machine to the upper layer to indicate the connection has been closed.

3.4 Example Message Sequences



Figure 1 Normal Connection Open and Close

4 Message Framing and Encoding

Boolean data is encoded as a single byte having either a 0x00 (false) or 0x01 (true) value.

Integer data is encoded in big-endian variable length fields, depending on the maximum range of values allowed for the field in question. Integer field lengths must be 1, 2, 4, or 8 bytes long. Integers are unsigned unless otherwise indicated.

String data is encoded using a 2-byte (big-endian) length prefix followed by the specified number of bytes of UTF8-encoded character data (note: the length prefix specifies the number of bytes of character data, not the number of characters in the string). The longest string that may be transferred using this encoding is 65535 characters, assuming none of the characters requires more than one byte.

Note that this encoding scheme is compatible with the commonly used java.io.DataInputStream and java.io.DataOutputStream classes.

4.1 Framing

All messages begin with a 4-byte synchronization sequence¹ (0xDEADBEEF) followed by a 1-byte channel identifier, allowing control and content information to be multiplexed across a single byte stream.

Each message is framed using a length-prefix scheme. Immediately following the channel identifier is a 2-byte message length field. The 7 bytes of synchronization, channel

¹ The synchronization sequence is present in every message, but is only included in table 1 in this document.

identification and message length information are not included in the message size, allowing a maximum enclosed message size of 65535 bytes.

Table 1 Framing Header

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
SYNC	Integer	4	0xDEADBEEF	Synchronization Sequence
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0-1	Channel Identifier:
				0: Control
				1: Content
				2: Harmonization
				255: Management
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	0-65535	Message Length

4.2 Control Channel

Control messages begin with a 1-byte message type field. The remainder of the message format is type-specific. The message types are enumerated below:

Table 2 Control	Message	Types
-----------------	---------	-------

Message Type	Value
MSG_SYN	0x00
MSG_SYN_ACK	0x01
MSG_ERR	0x02
MSG_DISPLAY	0x03
MSG_META	0x04
MSG_CREDIT	0x05
MSG_FLUSH	0x06
MSG_POWERDOWN	0x07
MSG_RENDER_CMD	0x08
MSG_SERVER_CMD	0x09
MSG_ECHO	0x0A

4.2.1 MSG_SYN

This message is only sent by the Mobile Client to either the gateway or WACA peers.

Tiend Type Length Value Description

		(bytes)		
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	2	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x00	MSG_SYN
IMCP_VERSION	Integer	1	0x01	Protocol Version Number

4.2.2 MSG_SYN_ACK

This message is only sent by the gateway or WACA peers to the Mobile Client in response to a MSG_SYN. If the peer has a local content cache (e.g., the gateway), then it should set the FLAG_CONTENT_AVAIL to true, causing the Mobile Client to avoid sending content on the content channel as well as metadata in MSG_META messages. If the peer does not have a local content cache (e.g., the WACA), then it should set the FLAG_CONTENT_AVAIL to false, causing the Mobile Client to stream content on the content channel as well as metadata in MSG_META messages.

The HW_ID field indicates the interaction hardware identifier. The gateway should return a zero for this field, while the WACA should return an identifier specific to the head unit it's attached to. This will enable the Mobile Client to properly interpret the interaction events for that device.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	7	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x01	MSG_SYN_ACK
IMCP_VERSION	Integer	1	0x01	Protocol Version Number
FLAG_CONTENT_AVAIL	Boolean	1	0, 1	True: Local content available
				False: Need content
HW_ID	Integer	4	0x0- 0xFFFFFFFF	0: No Interaction Hardware
				0x1-0xFFFFFFFF: Hardware Id

4.2.3 MSG_ERR

This message may be sent by either the Mobile Client or the peers in response to MSG_SYN or MSG_EVT messages.

Alternatively, this message may be sent by the Mobile Client in response to a MSG_SYN_ACK message.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	Variable	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x02	MSG_ERR
ERR_CODE	Integer	1	0-255	Error Code
ERR_MSG	String	Variable		Error Message

Table 3 Error Codes

Error Type	Code	Description
UNKNOWN_EVENT	0x80	An unknown or invalid event message was received
PEER_REJECTED	<u>0x81</u>	The peer receiving this message should temporarily stop its attempts to connect to the mobile client.

4.2.4 MSG_DISPLAY

This message is sent from the Mobile Client to a content-receiving peer to indicate a request to display a short text message for a minimum amount of time.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	Variable	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x03	MSG_DISPLAY
MESSAGE	String	Variable		Message to display
EXPIRES	Integer	1	0-255	0: Display until explicitly cancelled by user
				until cancelled)

4.2.5 MSG_META

This message is sent from the Mobile Client to a content-receiving peer to indicate a change in the relevant content metadata, and will be inserted immediately prior to the content message to which it applies. This message would be sent as a result of a GOTO_CHANNEL event or a transition from one track to another within a channel. Note that not all of the tag information will be sent in every META message – the Mobile Client may only include the most relevant information in a given message. For example, when a new track begins within a channel, the CHANNEL_NUM and CHANNEL_NAME tags would not be sent again since they haven't changed.

This message will also be sent from the WACA and Gateway to the Mobile Client to indicate when the playback process actually makes the metadata relevant. In the WACA case, this is necessary due to the buffering on the WACA, while in the Gateway case, the Mobile Client has no other way to determine exactly when track playback begins.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	Variable	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x04	MSG_META
NUM_TAGS	Integer	1	1-255	Number of metadata tags that follow
Repeat the following NUM_TAGS times:				
TAG_ID	Integer	1	0-255	Tag Identifier
TAG_LENGTH	Integer	2	0-65535	Tag Length (bytes that follow)
TAG_DATA		Variable		Tag Data

Table 4 Tag Identifiers

Tag	Id	Comment
ARTIST	0x00	Artist Name
TITLE	0x01	Track Title
ALBUM	0x02	Album Title
GENRE	0x03	Genre
CHANNEL_NUM	0x04	Channel Number
CHANNEL_NAME	0x05	Channel Name
TRACK	0x06	Track Number
NUM_TRACKS	0x07	Number of Tracks in Channel
CHANNEL_LEN	0x08	Length of Channel
TRACK_LEN	0x09	Length of Track
CHANNEL_REMAIN	0x0A	Channel Time Remaining
TRACK_REMAIN	0x0B	Track Time Remaining
ALBUM_ART_PNG	<u>0x0C</u>	binary image in PNG format
ALBUM_ART_GIF	<u>0x0D</u>	binary image in GIF format
ALBUM_ART_JPG	<u>0x0E</u>	binary image in JPG format

4.2.5.1 Artist Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
ARTIST	String	Variable	-	Artist Name

4.2.5.2 Track Title Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
TITLE	String	Variable		Track Title

4.2.5.3 Album Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
ALBUM	String	Variable		Album Title

4.2.5.4 Genre Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
GENRE	String	Variable		Genre

4.2.5.5 Channel Number Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL_NUM	Integer	1	0-255	Channel Number

4.2.5.6 Channel Name Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL_NAME	String	Variable		Channel Name

4.2.5.7 Track Number Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
TRACK	Integer	1	0-255	Track Number

4.2.5.8 Total Tracks Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
NUM_TRACKS	Integer	1	0-255	Number of Tracks in Channel

4.2.5.9 Channel Length Tag

		Length			
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description	l
CHANNEL_LEN	Integer	2	0-65535	Length of Channel (in seconds)	

4.2.5.10 Track Length Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
TRACK_LEN	Integer	2	0-65535	Length of Track (in seconds)

4.2.5.11 Channel Time Remaining Tag

		Length]
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description	
CHANNEL_REMAIN	Integer	2	0- 65535[Channel Time remaining (in seconds)	

4.2.5.12 Track Time Remaining Tag

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
TRACK_REMAIN	Integer	2	0-65535	Track Time remaining (in seconds)

4.2.5.13 Album Art PNG Tag

		Length					
Field	<u>Type</u>	(bytes)	<u>Value</u>	Description			
ALBUM_ART_PNG	<u>binary</u>	variable		binary image in PNG format			
4.2.5.14 Album Art GIF Tag							
Field	Type	Length	Value	Description			

Comment: Using a 16-bit integer here allows just over 18 hours to be expressed. If we think we need more than that, then we should bump this up to 32 bits.

Comment: Using a 16-bit integer here allows just over 18 hours to be expressed. If we think we need more than that, then we should bump this up to 32 bits.

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

-- (Formatted: Heading 4

		(bytes)	
ALBUM ART_GIF	<u>binary</u>	<u>variable</u>	 binary image in GIF format

.... (Formatted: Heading 4

4.2.5.15 Album Art JPG Tag

		Length		
<u>Field</u>	<u>Type</u>	(bytes)	<u>Value</u>	Description
ALBUM_ART_JPG	<u>binary</u>	variable		binary image in JPG format

4.2.6 MSG_CREDIT

This message is sent from a content-receiving peer to the Mobile Client to control the flow of content. The CREDIT field indicates the number of bytes of new content should be transmitted to the receiver before waiting for another CREDIT message.

New content bytes need not be delivered in a single message matching the value in the CREDIT field. They may be delivered in several content messages as long as no more than CREDIT bytes of new content are delivered prior to receiving a new MSG_CREDIT message (this may be necessary, for example, if the tail of one track contains fewer bytes than the advertised credit; in this case, two content messages would be sent, one with the tail of the current track, and another with the head of the next track in the channel).

New MSG_CREDIT messages may be transmitted before all of the content fulfilling the previous MSG_CREDIT message has been delivered. This pipelining may be necessary to minimize buffering in the receiver.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	3	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x05	MSG_CREDIT
CREDIT	Integer	2	0-65535	Content Credit

4.2.7 MSG_FLUSH

This message is sent from the Mobile Client to a content-receiving peer to cause the peer's content buffers to be flushed. This message would be sent as a result of a discontinuity in the playback due to, for example, a GOTO_CHANNEL event. This message resets any accumulated credit to zero. As a result, the content-receiving peer should immediately send a new MSG CREDIT message indicating a new credit value.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel

MSG_LEN	Integer	2	1	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x06	MSG_FLUSH

4.2.8 MSG_POWERDOWN

This message is sent from the WACA to indicate it is powering down and the session should be terminated.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	1	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x07	MSG_POWERDOWN

4.2.9 MSG_RENDER_CMD

This message is sent from the Mobile Client to either the WACA or the gateway peer to control playback. It may also be sent from the WACA to the Mobile Client to indicate a local change in playback state (as a result of the user interaction), in which case it is informative only and will not result in a corresponding MSG_RENDER_CMD from the Mobile Client to the WACA.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	2	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x08	MSG_RENDER_CMD
RCMD_TYPE	Integer	1	0-255	Command Type

Table 5 Render Command Types

Command Type	Code	Comment
RCMD_PLAY	0x00	Begin Playback
RCMD_PAUSE	0x01	Pause Playback

4.2.10 MSG_SERVER_CMD

This message is sent from the Mobile Client to the gateway peer or from the WACA to the Mobile Client to control content selection.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel

MSG_LEN	Integer	2	3	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x09	MSG_SERVER_CMD
SCMD_TYPE	Integer	1	0-255	Command Type
CMD_PARAM	Integer	1	0-255	Command Parameter

Table 6 Server Command Types

Command Type	Code	Comment
SCMD_FFW	0x00	Skip Forward CMD_PARAM tenths of a second
SCMD_REW	0x01	Skip Backwards CMD_PARAM tenths of a second
SCMD_NEXT_TRACK	0x02	Next Track
SCMD_PREV_TRACK	0x03	Previous Track
SCMD_NEXT_CHANNEL	0x04	Next Channel
SCMD_PREV_CHANNEL	0x05	Previous Channel
SCMD_GOTO_CHANNEL	0x06	Go to Channel in CMD_PARAM (zero-based)
SCMD_PURCHASE	0x07	Purchase Current Track
SCMD_GOTO_TRACK	0x08	Go to Track in CMD_PARAM (zero-based)
SCMD_GOTO_OFFSET	0x09	Go to Track offset CMD_PARAM seconds

Comment: Interpreting this as a skip ahead should minimize the messaging overhead and will keep the user interface implementation local.

Comment: If 255 seconds isn't enough, then we may need to widen the CMD_PARAM field out to beyond 8 bits.

The expected operation of the SCMD_FFW and SCMD_REW messages is as follows: the CMD_PARAM field indicates a skip forward or backward in tenths of a second. A single SCMD_FFW or SCMD_REW command can therefore indicate up to 25.5 seconds of skip. For typical user interfaces that use the >> and << buttons held down as FFW/REW, this means the user interface will need to show the user a clock running forward or backward while the button is held down. If the user accumulates more than 25.5 seconds of skip, a SCMD_FFW or SCMD_REW will need to be sent. When the user releases the button, another message will need to be sent with the remainder.

The SCMD_GOTO_CHANNEL command uses zero-based channel indexing for the CMD_PARAM field. This allows up to 256 channels numbered zero through 255.

The SCMD_GOTO_TRACK command uses zero-based track indexing for the CMD_PARAM field. This allows up to 256 tracks numbered zero through 255.

The SCMD_GOTO_OFFSET command CMD_PARAM field indicates an absolute track offset at which playback should continue. Interpreting the CMD_PARAM field in seconds allows this command to indicate an offset up to 255 seconds (4 minutes 15 seconds) into the track.

Many of the server commands imply a discontinuity in the audio stream. If the mobile client is streaming audio content to a peer, the discontinuity will be handled by sending a MSG_FLUSH (see Section 4.2.7).

4.2.11 MSG_ECHO

This message is sent from either the Mobile Client or one of the peers (gateway or WACA). MSG_ECHO with FLAG_REQ_RESP == 0 is an echo request, while FLAG_REQ_RESP == 1 is an echo response. On reception of an echo request, an echo response must be sent immediately. The echo response ECHO_DATA field must exactly match the ECHO_DATA field of the original echo request message (in order to correlate a response with a particular request). If a response to an echo request is not received in some implementation-defined interval, the sender may determine the connection is no longer usable and disconnect.

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	0	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	5	Message Length
MSG_TYPE	Integer	1	0x0A	MSG_ECHO
FLAG_REQ_RESP	Integer	1	0-1	Request/Response Flag
				0: Echo Request
				1: Echo Response
ECHO_DATA	Integer	4	Any	Response Correlation

4.3 Content Channel

Blocks of encoded audio content are sent in messages across the content channel from the Mobile Client to the peer if the peer indicated a need for content during the control channel establishment (see Section <u>Error! Reference source not found.</u>). The size and pacing of content messages is determined by the receiving peer, which sends MSG_CREDIT messages on the control channel to the Mobile Client indicating how many more bytes of content it wishes to receive (see Section 4.2.6). There is no correlation between content channel message boundaries and MPEG frames.

Deleted: Error! Reference source not found.				
Inserted: Error! Reference source not found.				
Deleted: 4.2.2				

		Length		
Field	Туре	(bytes)	Value	Description
CHANNEL	Integer	1	1	Control Channel
MSG_LEN	Integer	2	Variable	Message Length
CODEC_TYPE	Integer	1	0-255	Codec Identifier
CONTENT	Bytes	Variable		Audio Content

Table 7 Codec Identifiers

Codec	Id	Comment
WAV	0x00	Microsoft WAV File Format

SBC	0x01	Sub Band Codec
MP3	0x02	MPEG Layer 3 Audio
MP3_PRO	0x03	MP3 Pro
AAC	0x04	Advanced Audio Codec
AAC_PLUS	0x05	AAC w/SBR
WMA	0x06	Windows Media Audio
OGG_VORBIS	0x07	Ogg Vorbis Audio

4.4 Harmonization

The iRadio Harmonization Protocol (iHP) messages may be carried in iMCP channel 2 when the Mobile Client is connected to the Gateway. iHP is not supported between the Mobile Client and WACA. All Mandatory and Optional iHP fields must be included in iHP messages.

At this time, only the Playpoints message (iradio.plp, type 0x0011) is supported. Immediately following transition to the CONNECTED state, the Mobile Client will transmit its current Playpoint information to the Gateway in a channel 2 iMCP frame. The Gateway should immediately respond with a harmonized Playpoint message which the Mobile Client will use to replace its current Playpoint information.

4.5 Management Channel

Need to capture the management channel requirement and protocol. Fundamentally, the Mobile Client is able to send firmware or other operationally-relevant information (e.g., model-specific translation tables) to the WACA. The WACA should be capable of updating this information by re-flashing itself or otherwise remembering it. The Management Channel will be used to update the WACA when new car radio models are introduced with new user event commands or new features.

5 Security Considerations

Since this protocol is intended to run over Bluetooth, this specification relies on the Bluetooth authentication and encryption facilities for security.

iRadio Car Radio Interface Serial Protocol

.

iRadio Group Motorola, Inc.

> Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 173

> > الر

Revision Number	Date of revision	Author	Comments
X0.1	12/1/200 4	Brian Tucker	Initial draft
X0.2	12/1/200 4	JMV	Formatting
X0.3	12/1/200 4	Brian Tucker	Formatting, Additional Button Codes, Return Radio Type Command Added
X0.4	12/1/200 4	Brian Tucker	Formatting, Additional display types
X0.5	12/3/200 4	Ronny	Theory of Operation, key codes, radio type answer, <= Modify 3.3.8 is <= new
X0.6	12/15/20 04	Ronny	Scroll speed
	<u> </u>		

,

Table of Content

.

1	INTF	RODUCTION	4
2	THE	ORY OF OPERATION	4
3	MES	SSAGES	5
	3.1 ME	ESSAGE OVERVIEW	5
	3.1.1	Message Structure	5
	3.1.2	Physical Layer	5
	3.1.3	Transmission Order	5
	3.1.4	Byte Order	5
	3.1.5	Checksum Calculation	5
	3.2 ME	ESSAGE HEADER	6
	3.3 ME	ESSAGE PAYLOAD	6
	3.3.1	Key Press	6
	3.3.1.1	Valid Key Codes	. 6
	3.3.2	Key Release	7
	3.3.3	Radio Power Change	8
	3.3.4	Source Change	8
	3.3.5	Radio Type	9
	3.3.5.1	Valid Car Radio Types	. 9
	3.3.6	Return Radio Type	9
	3.3.7	METADATA Text 1	10
	3.3.7.1	METADATA Types	10

.

1 Introduction

This iRadio Car radio Interface Serial Protocol (iCRISP) is intended to unify the interface between the Wireless Audio Car Adapter (WACA) and the Car Radio Serial Interface. The primary purpose of this protocol is to notify the WACA of key presses and releases on the car radio and provide a mechanism for the WACA to display METADATA text on the car radio interface.

2 Theory of Operation

The system will consist of two primary functionalities:

- 2. The WACA needs to be aware of key presses and key release on the car radio head unit. Each possible key will be assigned a value that will provide a universal set of key codes across all car radio makes and models. The Car Radio Serial Interface will send a message to the WACA for each key press and key release.
- 3. The WACA needs to provide information to the user via the user interface of the car radio. This protocol will provide a consistent interface for sending audio METADATA text and general informational messages to the car radio for display
- 4. It'sn't gruanted that every head unit supports the key release function.

3 Messages

3.1 Message Overview

3.1.1 Message Structure

iCRISP messages will be consistent for all messages sent to and from the WACA and Car Radio Serial Interface. Each message will consist of a 4 bytes header followed by the message payload followed by a two byte checksum of the Header and payload message.

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description
Header	Integer	4	See next	Indicates the start of an
			paragraph	iCRISP message. Includes
				start header and message
				length
Payload	Integer	Variable	See rest of	Commands or car radio events
Message			document	codes
Checksum	Integer	2	0x0-	Sum of header and payload
	_		0xFFFF	Message

3.1.2 Physical Layer

The physical layer is an USART. The protocol is one start bit, eight data bits, and one stop bit. The baud rate is 9600 or preferred 56kbauds.

3.1.3 Transmission Order

The transmission order is Octet 0, Octet 1, \ldots , Octet n. Within each octet, the transmission order is Bit7, Bit 6, \ldots Bit 1, Bit 0.

3.1.4 Byte Order

In all cases where a data element is greater than one byte, a Little Endian format will be used.

3.1.5 Checksum Calculation

The checksum is calculated by summing up all of the bytes in the message into a 16 bit counter.

3.2 Message Header

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5,	Indicates the start of an
			0x5A	iCRISP message.
Message	Integer	2	0-65535	Length of message payload.
Length				This does not include the 4
				byte header of 2 byte
				checksum.

3.3 Message Payload

3.3.1 Key Press

This message is sent from the Car Radio Serial Interface to the WACA when a key on the car radio is pressed.

Field 😱 🗼 🦲	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5,	Indicates the start of an
			0x5A	iCRISP message.
Message	Integer	2	0x0002	Length of message payload.
Length				This does not include the 4
				byte header of 2 byte
				checksum.
Command	Integer	1	0x10	Key press command
Key Pressed	Integer	1	0-255	Key code of key that was
				pressed. See included chart
				for valid key codes
Checksum	Integer	2	0-65535	Sum of header and payload
	_			Message

3.3.1.1 Valid Key Codes

Here are the valid key codes that the Car Radio Serial Interface can send to the WACA.

Key Description *	Code	Radio Type
Channel 1	0x41	0x01,0x04
Channel 2	0x42	0x01,0x04
Channel 3	0x43	0x01,0x04
Channel 4	0x44	0x01,0x04
Channel 5	0x45	0x01,0x04
Channel 6	0x46	0x01,0x04
Channel Band	0x50	0x01

Right	0x51	0x01
Left	0x52	0x01
Up	0x53	0x01
Down	0x54	0x01
Text Display Change	0x55	0x01
Tune Right	0x60	0x04
Tune Left	0x61	0x04
p Type Right	0x62	0x04
p Type Left	0x63	0x04
Previous Track	0x10	0x00
Next Track	0x11	0x00
Disc Up	0x12	0x00
Disc Down	0x13	0x00
Repeat	0x14	0x00
Shuffle	0x15	0x00
Fast Forward	0x16	0x00
Reverse	0x17	0x00
Mute	0x18	
Enter/Select	0x19	
Cancel	0x20	
Menu	0x21	
Source	0x22	
Mode	0x23	
Play/pause	0x24	
Unknown	0xFF	

3.3.2 Key Release Pioneer

This message is sent from the Car Radio Serial Interface to the WACA when a key on the car radio is released (as available per car radio models)

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5,	Indicates the start of an
			0x5A	iCRISP message.
Message	Integer	2	0x0002	Length of message payload.
Length				This does not include the 4
				byte header of 2 byte
				checksum.
Command	Integer	1	0x13	Key release command
Key	Integer	1	0-255	Key code of key that was
Released				pressed. See included chart
				for valid key codes
Checksum	Integer	2	0-65535	Sum of header and payload
				Message

3.3.3 Radio Power Change

This message is sent from the Car Radio Serial Interface to the WACA when the car radio is turned on or off. This message implies that the car radio has been turned off or on and not the car ignition as the WACA draw its power from the +12V ignition.

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description
Start	Integer	2	0xA5,	Indicates the start of an
Header			0x5A	iCRISP message.
Message	Integer	2	0x0002	Length of message payload.
Length				This does not include the 4
				byte header of 2 byte
				checksum.
Command	Integer	1	0x11	Radio power command
On/Off	Integer	1	0x00, 0x01	0x00 = Radio OFF
				0x01 = Radio ON
Checksum	Integer	2	0-65535	Sum of header and payload
				Message

3.3.4 Source Change

This message is sent from the Car Radio Serial Interface to the WACA when the user selects/deselects the iRadio source. This command should not be confused with the concept of changing bands within a source. For example, FM presets may have multiple bands or pages. This command detects a change in source, i.e.: CD, Tuner, Aux, iRadio, etc... Band change detection is accomplished through key press and release commands.

Field	Туре	Length	Value	Description
		(bytes)	P	
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5,	Indicates the start of an iCRISP
			0x5A	message
Message	Integer	2	0x0002	Length of message payload. This
Length				does not include the 4 byte header
				of 2 byte checksum.
Command	Integer	1	0x12	Source select command
Select/Desele	Integer	1	0x00, 0x01	0x00 = iRadio deselected
ct				0x01 = iRadio selected
Checksum	Integer	2	0-65535	Sum of header and payload
				Message
3.3.5 Request Radio Type

This message is sent from the WACA to the Car Radio Serial Interface to retrieve the car radio type that is connected to the Car Radio Serial Interface.

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5, 0x5A	Indicates the start of an iCRISP message.
Message Length	Integer	2	0-65535	Length of message payload. This does not include the 4 byte header of 2 byte checksum.
Command	Integer	1	0x15	Return radio type command
Checksum	Integer	2	0-65535	Sum of header and payload Message

3.3.6 Radio Type Answer

This message is sent from the Car Radio Serial Interface to the WACA after the WACA has asked for the type of car radio that is connected to the Car Radio Serial Interface.

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description	
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5,	Indicates the start of an iCRISP	
			0x5A	message.	
Message	Integer	2	0x0003	Length of message payload. This	
Length				does not include the 4 byte header	
				of 2 byte checksum.	
Command	Integer	1	0x14	Radio type command	
Туре	Integer	1	0-255	Type of radio that is connected to	
	_			the Car Radio Serial Interface.	
Source status	Integer	1	0x00, 0x01	0x00 = iRadio deselected	
				0x01 = iRadio selected	
				0xFF=Unknown	
Text size	Integer	1	0-255	Length of Text on the radio display	
Checksum	Integer	2	0-65535	Sum of header and payload	
				Message	

3.3.6.1 Valid Car Radio Types

Here are the valid car radio types

Key Description	Code	Supported Radios (Tested)
Sony 1	0x00	XR-CA350X
Pioneer 1	0x01	DEH-P4600MP

Alpine 1	0x02	
Kenwood 1	0x03	
GM 1	0x04	
TBD		

3.3.7 DISPLAY Text Sony

This message is sent from the WACA to the Car Radio Serial Interface to send DISPLAY text to the car radio with various time constraints parameters and scroll types.

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description		
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5,	Indicates the start of an iCRISP		
			UXJA	message.		
Message	Integer	2	0-65535	Length of message payload. This		
Length				does not include the 4 byte header		
				of 2 byte checksum.		
Command	Integer	1	0x20	DISPLAY text command		
Text Type	Integer	1	0-255	Type of DISPLAY being sent to the		
				car radio. See the include chart for		
				valid types.		
DISPLAY	String	Variabl		DISPLAY text		
text		e				
Checksum	Integer	2	0-65535	Sum of header and payload		
				Message		

3.3.7.1 DISPLAY Types

Here are the valid DISPLAY text types

DISPLAY Type	Code
Artist Name	0x00
Song Title	0x01
Time Remaining	0x02
Preset Channel Names	0x03
Banner	0x04

3.3.8 DISPLAY Text GM/Pioneer

This message is sent from the WACA to the Car Radio Serial Interface to send DISPLAY text to the car radio without scrolling.

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5,	Indicates the start of an iCRISP
			UXSA	Leasth of message payload This
Message Length	Integer	2	0-65535	does not include the 4 byte header
				of 2 byte checksum.
Command	Integer	1	0x40	DISPLAY text command
Channel	Integer	2	0-9999	[LSB][MSB].
Number				DISPLAY text max 16 chars
DISPLAY	String	Variable		DIGI LATI TOAT MAR TO CHART
text				G Classical newload
Checksum	Integer	2	0-65535	Sum of neader and payload
Checksum	0			Message

This message is sent from the WACA to the Car Radio Serial Interface to send DISPLAY text to the car radio with scrolling. The text must be zero terminate.

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5, 0x5A	Indicates the start of an iCRISP message.
Message Length	Integer	2	0-65535	Length of message payload. This does not include the 4 byte header of 2 byte checksum.
Command	Integer	1	0x50	DISPLAY text command
Channel	Integer	2	0-9999	[LSB][MSB].
Number DISPLAY	String	Variable		DISPLAY text max 255 chars
text		2	0-65535	Sum of header and payload
Checksum	Integer	2	0-05555	Message

This message is sent from the WACA to the Car Radio Serial Interface to send DISPLAY scroll speed to the car radio. It's only supported for pioneer with the actual version.

Field	Туре	Length (bytes)	Value	Description
Start Header	Integer	2	0xA5,	Indicates the start of an iCRISP
	U		0x5A	message.
Message Length	Integer	2	0-65535	Length of message payload. This does not include the 4 byte header of 2 byte checksum.
Command	Integer	1	0x60	DISPLAY scroll-speed command
Channel	Integer	1	0-1	0 -> faster 1 -> lower.
DISPLAY	Integer	1	0-255	speed offset
Checksum	Integer	2	0-65535	Sum of header and payload Message

ī

Feb 8, 2004

Ever since we first talked about the Wireless Audio Car Adapter we have used the analogy to the car being a really big set of bluetooth head phones. This gives the basics of the goal and presents a strong (slightly ridiculus image). The WACA does much more than a set of head phones since it includes content metadata and a variety of sepcific actions which the listener can take. For the January demo we used a propriatary Bluetooth protocol to meet our goals becuase of platform limitations.

For trials, we planned to use a standard Bluetooth protocol A2DP if it would meet our needs. AVRCP would also be used if it could meet our goals. In the last month, Brian identified a vendor specific loophole in AVRCP which will allow use to be standards complient and still meet our goals.

Mark

iRadio WACA (Wireless Audio Car Adapter) Use Cases

.

,

Revision Number	Date of revision	Author	Comments
0.1	12/2/2004	Mark Clayton	Initial draft

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION	4
IHOLLYWOOD SHOW	4
CES DEMO	4
TRIAL	5
USE CASES	5
COLD START TO AUDIO STREAMING	5
SWITCHING IRADIO CHANNELS FROM CAR RADIO	5
SWITCHING IRADIO CHANNELS FROM STREAMER	6
PLAYING NEXT TRACK IN IRADIO CHANNEL	7
PAUSE AND RESUME OF STREAMING CONTENT	7
PURCHASE CURRENT CONTENT	8
NOT DISCOVERABLE BY OTHER BLUETOOTH DEVICES	8

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Introduction

Use cases describe the functionality which is required at a particular point in time. The iRadio project has the following timing requirements:

Dec 8, 2004iHollywood showJan 6, 2005CES DemoApr 4, 2005Trial startSep 30, 2005Product launch

This note covers the first two items in the list with a testing focus rather than software development.

iHollywood Show

Hollywood has the following high-level WACA requirements:

- fits in the Hummer
- supports Pioneer car radio
- supports BT receipt and display of metadata
- supports BT streaming of MP3 audio (at least 96 Kbps)
- supports BT switching of MP3 audio streams

The following WACA use cases exist for this show:

- Cold start to audio streaming
- Switching iRadio channels from streamer
- Playing next track in iRadio channel
- Pause and resume of streaming content
- Not discoverable by other Bluetooth devices

CES Demo

The CES functionality is based on the 0.4 Demo Script for CES.

The CES demo has the following high-level WACA requirements:

- o fits in the CES kiosk
- o supports Pioneer car radio
- supports BT transmission of car radio presets
- supports BT transmission of pause, resume, and purchase
- o supports BT receipt and display of metadata
- o supports BT streaming of MP3 audio (at least 96 Kbps)
- o supports BT switching of MP3 audio streams
- supports BT echo of metadata back to streamer

The following WACA use cases must be supported for the demo:

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Comment: WACA is never discoverable, or so I thought...

- Cold start to audio streaming
- Switching iRadio channels from car radio ٠
- Switching iRadio channels from streamer
- Playing next track in iRadio channel
- Pause and resume of streaming content •
- •
- Purchase current content Not discoverable by other Bluetooth devices •

Trial

The Trial will add use cases associated with installation and tighter metadata presentation.

Use Cases

All use cases are from the perspective of the WACA as the system.

Cold start to audio streaming

This use case describes the process of the streaming device and WACA coming together and content being played.

Actors: Streamer (E680), Car radio

Pre-Conditions:

- Bluetooth binding/association has already occurred
- Streamer already has content •
- WACA is already connected to the car radio
- Car radio is already powered and in iRadio mode

Flow of Events:

- 1. WACA uses iMCP to connect to streamer
- 2. Streamer sends initial car radio text over iMCP
- 3. Car radio displays initial text on car radio
- 4. Streamer sends metadata for song
- 5. Metadata is displayed on car radio display
- 6. Streamer sends MP3 audio data as a stream
- 7. iRadio channel audio is playing from car radio

Post-Conditions:

- Audio content is playing from car radio
- Associated metadata is displayed on car radio

Switching iRadio channels from car radio

This use case describes the process of changing from one iRadio channel to another via the preset buttons on the car radio. This same series of steps occurs then a track is skipped within a channel.

Actors: Streamer (E680), Car radio

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

5

Comment: Are we still supporting this? Comment: WACA is never discoverable, or so I thought

Pre-Conditions:

- Bluetooth binding/association has already occurred
- Streamer already has content and is streaming an iRadio channel
- WACA is powered and already connected to the car radio which is in iRadio mode

Flow of Events:

- 1. Car radio sends preset press notification to WACA
- 2. WACA notifies streamer via iMCP connection of button press
- 3. Streamer commands WACA to stop an flush current content
- 4. Streamer sends metadata for song on new channel
- 5. Metadata is displayed on car radio display
- 6. Streamer sends MP3 audio data as a stream
- 7. iRadio channel audio is playing from car radio

Post-Conditions:

- Audio content for new channel is playing from car radio
- Associated metadata is displayed on car radio

Switching iRadio channels from streamer

This use case describes the process of changing from one iRadio channel to another without using the car radio interface. This same series of steps occurs then a track is skipped within a channel without using the car radio interface. Since the car radio interface isn't used to initiate the change in audio flow, presumably some user interface associated directly with the streamer is used.

Actors: Streamer (E680), Car radio

Pre-Conditions:

- Bluetooth binding/association has already occurred
- Streamer already has content and is streaming an iRadio channel
- WACA is powered and already connected to the car radio which is in iRadio mode

Flow of Events:

- 1. Streamer commands WACA to stop an flush current content
- 2. Streamer sends metadata for song on new channel
- 3. Metadata is displayed on car radio display
- 4. Streamer sends MP3 audio data as a stream
- 5. iRadio channel audio is playing from car radio

Post-Conditions:

- Audio content for new channel is playing from car radio
- Associated metadata is displayed on car radio

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Playing next track in iRadio channel

This use case describes the process associated with one track naturally ending and a new one starting.

Actors: Streamer (E680), Car radio

Pre-Conditions:

- Bluetooth binding/association has already occurred
- Streamer already has content and is streaming an iRadio channel
- WACA is powered and already connected to the car radio which is in iRadio mode

Flow of Events:

- 1. Streamer streams last bit of previous track to WACA
- 2. Streamer sends metadata for song on new channel
- 3. Last bit of previous track plays on car radio
- 4. Metadata is displayed on car radio display
- 5. Streamer sends MP3 audio data as a stream
- 6. iRadio channel audio is playing from car radio

Post-Conditions:

- · Audio content for new channel is playing from car radio
- Associated metadata is displayed on car radio

Pause and resume of streaming content

This use case describes the process associated with pausing the current track and resuming it a short time later. This use case assumes that the pause and resume were initiated from the streamer interface rather than the car radio interface. The only difference is the button information received by the WACA from the car radio and the additional iMCP button notifications.

Actors: Streamer (E680), Car radio

Pre-Conditions:

- · Bluetooth binding/association has already occurred
- Streamer already has content and is streaming an iRadio channel
- WACA is powered and already connected to the car radio which is in iRadio mode

Flow of Events:

- 1. Streamer sends a pause command to WACA via iMCP
- 2. WACA stops sending audio information to the car radio
- 3. Time passes with the car radio being silent
- 4. Streamer sends resume command to the WACA via iMCP
- 5. WACA resumes sending audio information to the car radio

Post-Conditions:

- Audio content is playing from car radio
- Associated metadata is displayed on car radio

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 192

Purchase current content

This use case describes the process associated with purchasing the current audio track.

Actors: Streamer (E680), Car radio

Pre-Conditions:

- Bluetooth binding/association has already occurred
- Streamer already has content and is streaming an iRadio channel
- WACA is powered and already connected to the car radio which is in iRadio mode

Flow of Events:

- 1. Car radio sends button press notification to WACA which corresponds to purchase
- 2. WACA notifies streamer via iMCP connection of button press
- 3. Streamer sends a "Purchased" text display command to WACA via iMCP with a TBD (5?) second timeout
- 4. car radio displays the "Purchased" text for TBD (5?) seconds

Post-Conditions:

- Audio content is playing from car radio
- Associated metadata is displayed on car radio

Issues:

~

• What type of feedback does the user get if the track can not be purchased or is already owned?

Not discoverable by other Bluetooth devices

This use case describes the process associated with ignoring other Bluetooth devices in the vicinity, including other streamers which the WACA doesn't already have a relationship with.

Actors: Streamer (E680), Car radio, a 3rd Bluetooth device

Pre-Conditions:

- Bluetooth binding/association has already occurred with associated streamer
- WACA is powered and already connected to the car radio which is in iRadio mode
- A second Bluetooth device (not associated with the WACA) is present

Flow of Events:

- 1. A Bluetooth SDP scan by a device (with is not the associated streamer)
- 2. WACA does not respond and WACA doesn't show up in the list of close Bluetooth devices

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Post-Conditions:

- No change to WACA
- WACA is not in list of discovered devices

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

ź

iRadio what it is/isn't

For the purposes of this note Phase 1 (P1) is the first trial system and P0 is an internal proof of concept. Finally, Px is some phase in the far future. The in between phases are pretty arbitrary to me right now.

My System Assumptions

- Our goal is to have a user's content available to the user where ever the user is.
 - The primary means of achieving this is to sync relavent content into storage/rendering which travel with the user. -- P1
 - Sharing of of content with others (either copy or independent capability to render at will) would only be done under a license which allowed this. -- Px
- Streaming within the home is a problem solved by UPnP and we will use that as our mechanism possibly with extensions to meet specific requirements.
- Initially iRadio is about commercially prepared content (on-line purchased or CD ripped), not user generated content like movies or photos.
- If content deals allow controlled access to content over Internet rather than recording XM, then we only need to sync media content from server to car. No need to sync media content the other way. Still need to sync metadata back to home or service provider.
- Service provider would keep track of all purchases and supply content if it wasn't on your gateway/cache.
- Devices (car and home) always update service provider of significant media events when a free high capacity connection is available. (Events would include: content paused/stopped, content listened to, user feedback)
- Initially I assume that a hotspot will just be a pipe back to the service provider which could be used for syncing.

Initial (P1) System roles and variables

Initial (P1) system has components with the following roles and capabilities: (Some combinations, like no service provider, are won't work because of business reasons, but might work for P0.)

Place to purchase content from

- Service Provider aggregates content -- strong iRadio tie-in
- Some existing music store used -- weak iRadio relationship
- Very important business issue, but not big technical issue for a simple system.

Home Internet connection

- high capacity download (DSL, Cable, Satellite)
- moderate capacity download ~256Kbps (capped: DSL, Cable, Satellite)
- low capacity download ~ 56Kbps POTS

http://pts-web.tcg.mcg.mot.com/.ir/patents/common/2004_0421email.html

Lower speed increases importance of local cache.

Server (sync functionality & main content store)

- Home PC is repository, syncer and purchaser (no service provider)
- Home PC is local repository cache and syncer (backed by service provider for non-cached content)
- No home PC, remote Service Provider is syncer and content store. Home network is just a packet router/wireless gateway with NAT.
- MS-1000 takes place of PC as local repository cache, syncer and purchaser (no service provider)
- MS-1000 takes place of local repository cache and syncer (backed by service provider for non-cached content)

Without a local cache & syncer, download speed will suffer or require protocol tweaks.

Wireless connectivity in home/garage

- 1 Mbps (BlueTooth)
- 11 Mbps (802.11b)
- 54 Mbps (802.11a/g)
- 480 Mbps (UWB)

Affects device download speed.

In home music listening solution (UPnP assumed)

- Thin dedicated render & controller device
- Stereo component render & controller device
- Does MS-1000 have an audio output?

Car device with local content storage

• Main variable is amount of storage, given a car, huge is possible.

Small storage will place more emphasis on syncer to make right choices, but no architecture difference.

Car device network connectivity

- high capacity only (needs to match home/garage)
- cellular and high capacity only (needs to match home/garage)

A WiFi only device wouldn't give you the immediacy of a cellular packet enabled system for "buy" but would fill most use cases.

Less Tame Thoughts

User can select and play any of their content where ever they are so long as there is an "available" renderer.

The user's actual presence could confidently be inferred from:

- SIM/smartcard
- Personal BlueTooth device (cellphone) which implies user is very close.

If accessing his media store via a foreign device then password and BlueTooth signal would both be required to select content. If via a personal device (cellphone app), then no password required. The rendering of the user's content would require the user's presence more-or-less continuously. Of course, your private rendering devices would work without the enabling SIM or signal.

I think there are some pretty strong arguments that this approach could be as secure as the iTunes

http://pts-web.tcg.mcg.mot.com/.ir/patents/common/2004_0421email.html

3 device limit.

Miscellaneous: (When) Do We ...

I need to grow this list over time.

Function	P0	P1	P1.5	P2	P3	Px	notes
Bridge DRM from say Microsoft to OMA domains						?	As needed by requirements and content deals
Support user generated content (movies & photos)				?			
Support user's MP3 files	?						
Support Cellphone as audio controller				?			Depends of use cases/requirements
Support remote or for foreign device rendering					?		Depends of use cases/requirements



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 198

ф. . . C RadioTM Services Partners Assumptions

INTERNET PERSONAL RADIO & MUSIC STORE (Yahoo Launcast, iTunes?)	 "personal" Content Push subscription Focused on trigger song purchase through music suggestions Some community / playlist referrals and teasers exchane (Instant Music messenger) 	 Limited "personal Music" or pre- tuned channels streaming" Rating to influence referral engine Pay-per-song download / Interactive purchase Pause and Xdomains resume IM messenger music community for chat, referrals, teasers exchange
INTERNET SUBSCRIPTION MUSIC LIBRARY (Napster, MusicNet)	 Unlimited library subscription Pre-canned Internet radio catalog Few music sales for out of circle users (hard CD copy) Extremely strong community / playlist referrals 	 Unlimited Music streaming & download: Music DRM-clock based Music DRM-clock based Possible migration Talk segments renders legacy libraries and "shady P2P content obsolete Personnalized or pre-tuned channels (>100+) Personalized Play-lists Pause and Xdomains resume Community exchanges (play-lists, music pointers, teasers Legal Music xfer on CDs on the top of secured clock devices
XM / SDARS	 Broadcast Rich niche aggregated content Interactive back-channel Cache & autorecord XM specific events/ tunes XM community IM interaction Possible Internet Radio/Music Store 	 Interactive button: Live or delayed buy action Vote, data mining, PTL Cache of XM contents on live 1st hand segments scheduled broadcasts EPG based scheduled events catalog based Scheduled events catalog based Bause and Xdomains resume "Deferred" community interactivity Possible Internet Direct play: Personal radio channels referal-based engine XM Music store
Content / Services providers	Key Value proposition	Detailed Features

intelligence 🗙 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 2

MOTOROLA



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 200

ই Radio™ Building Blocks Status (1)

DBILE CLIENTS cars/phome/home Connection Services - updating engine (iRe - updating engine (iRe - wedia Services (only need to co - ocontent channel stor - content channel stor - content channel stor - ocontent channel stor - ocontent channel stor - DRM enforcement df - DRM enforcement df - Ul - User Interface Ul - User Interface Ul - User Interface - UPnP AV renders and control - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforces Media Services (only meed to co - UPnP AV renders and control - updated metadata to - UPnP AV renders and control - enhancements/hooks enforces - ORM enforcement di - ORM enforcement di - DRM enforces - ORM enforces - ORM enforces - ORM enforces - ORM enforces<	econnections to iRadio Server/Home Gateway Radio Server and Home Gateway) Sever one or a small number of users) cover one or a small number of users) orage etadata storage (dynamic & static) intere encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring stale content) r daemon (expiring stale content) r daemon (expiring stale content) f caant event log	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	
Connection Services - registry of possible c - updating engine (iRa Media Services (only need to co - content channel stor - content channel stor - content channel stor - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforces - UI - User Interface UI - User Interface - UPAP A/V renders and controll - enhancements/hooks to captuin - enhancements/hooks to captuin - enhancements/hooks to captuin - enhancements/hooks to captuin - enhancements/hooks enforce/ Media Services - DRM enforcement distor - DRM enforces - IPAP A/V services	e connections to iRadio Server/Home Gateway Radio Server and Home Gateway) cover one or a small number of users) cover one or a small number of users) corage etadata storage (dynamic & static) riate encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring stale content) r daemon (expiring stale content) r crant event log	SDIA SDIA SDIA SDIA SDIA SDIA SDIA SDIA	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	
• registry of possible c • updating engine (iRe • updating engine (iRe • media Services (only need to co • content auxilary met • content auxilary met • content auxilary met • DRM enforcement d • DRM enforces/configu • DRM enforces • UI - User Interface • UP AV renders and control • enhancements/hooks to captur • enhancements/hooks to captur • enhancements/hooks to captur • DRM enforces • DRM enforces • Enhancements/hooks to captur • Orthert auxilaty met • Orthert auxilaty met • DRM enforces	s connections to iRadio Server/Home Gateway Radio Server and Home Gateway) cover one or a small number of users) corage crage (dynamic & static) riate encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring stale content) r daemon (expiring stale content) r crant event log uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) log	SDA	日本 日本 の の の の の の の の の の の の の	
- registry or possible control - updating engine (Radional stortage - media Services (only need to content channel stortage - content channel stortage - DRM enforcement d - UPnP AV renders and control - UPnP AV renders and control - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - DRM enforces	r connections to Irkadio Server and Home Gateway Radio Server and Home Gateway) cover one or a small number of users) corage orage retadata storage (dynamic & static) riate encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring state content) r d daemon (expiring state content) r d daemon of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	
- updating engine (iRa Media Services (only need to co - media storage - content auxilary met - content auxilary met - DRM enforcement d - Ul - User Interface Control rentancements/hooks and control rentancements/hooks endoted to content auxilary met - DRM enforcement storage rentancements/hooks endoted rent	Radio Server and Home Gateway) cover one or a small number of users) corage etadata storage (dynamic & static) riate encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring state content) r daemon (expiring state content) r carte event log	SD SD/A	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	
Media Services (only need to co - media storage - media - content auxilary met - content auxilary met - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforcement d - Broadcast recorder - UI - User Interface - Ulaser Interface - UPnP AV renders and controligu - enhancements/hooks to captui - enhancements/hooks to captui - enhancements/hooks to captui - UPnP AV renders and controli - enhancements/hooks to captui - DRM enforces - Content auxilary met - DRM enforces - enhancements/hooks to captui - OPnP AV renders and controli - enhancements/hooks to captui - OPnP AV renders and controli - enhancements/hooks to captui - DRM enforces - OPN - DRM enforces - enhancements/hooks to captui - OPN - OPN - DRM enforces - enhancements/hooks to captue - DRM enforces - enhancements/hooks enforces - DRM enforces - content auxilary met - DRM enforces - entent auxilary met - DRM enforces - entent auxilary met - DRM enforces - entent <	cover one or a small number of users) orage etadata storage (dynamic & static) fiate encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring stale content) r r curation of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) urration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) ficant event log	SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	
Media Services (only need to co - media storage - content auxilary metr - content auxilary metr - DRM enforcement d - Broadcast recorder UI - User Interface UI - User Interface - UPNP AV renders and control - UPNP AV renders and control - enhancements/hooks to coption - enhancements/hooks to coption - enhancements/hooks to coption - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforces - ORD - DRM enforces - DRM enforces - DRM enforces - ORD - ORD - ORD - ORD - ORD - ORD - Enhancements/hooks to coption - ORD - DRM enforces - Device updating eng - IPnP AV Services	cover one or a small number of users) crage etadata storage (dynamic & static) riate encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring stale content) r daemon (expiring stale content) r caent event log cant event log	SDA	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	
- media storage - content channel stor - content channel stor - DRM enforcement di - DRM enforcement di - DRM enforcement di - DRM enforcement di - Broadcast recorder UI - User Interface UI - User Interface - Ur - User Interface - Urner - enhance - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/ Media Services (only need to co - Ornnection Services - Ornnection Services - Ornnection Services - Ornnection Services (only need to co - Ornnection Services (only need to co - Ornnection Services - DRM enforcement discr - Ornnection Services - DRM enforcement discr - DRM enforces - Ornnection Services - Device updating eng - IPnP A/V Services	orage orage letadata storage (dynamic & static) retadata storage (dynamic & static) daemon (expiring stale content) r r uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log	SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	
- content channel stor - content auxilary metion - DRM enforcement drip - DRM enforcement drip - DRM enforcement drip - Broadcast recorder UI - User Interface - UI - User Interface - Support Services Support Services - UPnP AV renders and controli - UPnP AV renders and controli - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - ORM RE GATEWAY Media Services (only need to co - ORM - ORM - DRM enforcement distor - ORM - ORM - E GATEWAY Redia Services (only need to co - ORM - DRM enforcement distor - DRM enforces - DRM enforcement distor - DRM enforcement distor - DRM enforces - DRM enforces - DRM enforces	orage etadata storage (dynamic & static) riate encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring stale content) r uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log		SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	
	etadata storage (dynamic & static) riate encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring stale content) r uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log	SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA	SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD SD S	
- player with appropriation of the structure of the	riate encoding/DRM support daemon (expiring stale content) r uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log	SD/A	SD SD/A	
- DRM enforcement diality - UI - User Interface UI - User Interface UI - User Interface Support Services Support Services Support Services - UPnP AV renders and controll - UPnP AV renders and controll - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks and controll - enhancements/hooks and controll - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks and controll - enhance - enhance - enhance - onnection Services - Devices - i.Radio Services - i.Radio Services	daemon (expiring stale content) r uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log	SDA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA	SD SD/NA SD/NA	×
UI - User Interface - Broadcast recorder UI - User Interface - preferences/configur Support Services - disposition & signific: Support Services - disposition & signific: - UPnP AV renders and controli - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/ - enforce/ - entent channel stor - entent channel stor - DRM enforces - entent channel stor - DRM enforces - entent enter - IPnP A/V Services - entent	r uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log	SDINA SDII[Core SDINA SDINA SDINA		S.
UI - User Interface UI - User Interface UI - User Interface Support Services Support Services Support Services Support Services Support Services Out - UPnP AV renders and controlling - UPnP AV renders and controlling - enhancements/hooks to captur - enter enter - enter - enter - enter - enter - enter - enter	uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log	ANIQS SOLUTION SOLUTION	SD/NA	RN
UI - User Interface UI - User Interface Support Services Support Services Support Services and controll - UPnP AV renders and controll - UPnP AV renders and controll - UPnP AV renders and controll - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancement data - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancement data - DRM enforcer - enhance - enhance - enhance - enhancement data - DRM enforcer - enhance - DRM enforce - Device updating eng - IPnP AV Services	uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log	SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA	SD/NA SD/NA	Ø.
Or - User interrace Support Services Support Services Support Services - disposition & signification - UPnP AV renders and controlling - UPnP AV renders and controlling - UPnP AV renders and controlling - enhancements/hooks to controlling - enhance - entot ender - enhance <td>uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log</td> <td>SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA</td> <td>SDINA SDINA</td> <td>¢N</td>	uration of UI heirarchy (interface abstraction) cant event log	SDINA SDINA SDINA SDINA	SDINA SDINA	¢N
- prerences/comgulated metadata lo Support Services Support Services - updated metadata lo - UPnP AV renders and controll - UPnP AV renders and controll - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/ Media Services (only meed to co Media Services (only meed to co - entent channel stor - content channel stor - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforcement d - UPnP AV Services	uration of Ur netrarcity (Interrace abstraction) cant event log	SD/NA SD/NA SD/NA	SD/NA SD/NA	
Support Services Support Services - updated metadata lo - UPnP AV renders and controlit - UPnP AV services and controlit - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/s - content auxilary met - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforces - envice updating eng - 10nn A/V Services	cant event log	SD/NA SD/NA	SD/NA SD/NA	
IE - updated metadata lo - updated metadata lo - UPnP AV renders and controli - UPnP AV renders and controli - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforceki - enhancements/hooks enforceki - enhancements/hooks enforceki - enhancements/hooks enforceki - enhancements/hooks enforceki - enhancements/hooks enforceki - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforcement d - Device updating eng - IRadio Server updating eng - UPnP AV Services	cant event log	SDINA	SD/NA	
- updated metadata to - updated metadata to - UPnP AV renders and controli- - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/ - enhancements/hooks enforce/ - entancements/hooks enforce/ - entancementary met - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforcement d - Device updating eng - Device updating eng - NPnP AV Services	cant event tog	SDINA SDINA	SD/NA	
- updated metadata to - UPnP AV renders and controlit - UPnP AV renders and controlit - UPnP AV senders and controlit - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforces/ E GATEWAY Media Services (only need to co Media Services (only metetta) - content channel stor - content auxilary metetta - DRM enforcement d - UPnP AV Services	60 60	SD/NA	SD/NA	
IE - UPnP A/V renders and controll - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/ IE GATEWAY Media Services (only need to co Media Services (only meet to co - content tauxilary met - DRM enforcement distor - Devices - Devices - Devices - Devices - Devices - Devices				_
IE - UPnP AV renders and controll - UPnP AV renders and controll - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/s Media Services (only need to co - ocntent auxiliary metr - DRM enforcement disc - DRM enforcement disc - DRM enforcement disc - Device updating eng - Device updating eng - Device vucdeting eng - Device updating eng - Device vucdeting eng - Device vucdeting eng - Device vucdeting eng - Device vucdeting eng - NPnP AV Services			23	
IE - UPnP AV renders and controll - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/i Media Services (only need to co) - nedia Services - ORM enforcement di - DRM enforcement di - Device updating eng - Device updating eng - IRadio Server updati - UPnP AV Services				
- UPnP AV renders and controll - enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/ E GATEWAY Media Services (only need to co Media Services (only need to co - entent channel stor - content channel stor - content auxilary met - DRM enforcement d - DRM enforce		÷ 80 ÷	00	
- enhancements/hooks to captur - enhancements/hooks enforce/s - enhancements/hooks enforce/s Media Services (only need to co' Connection Services Connection Services Orent dualing eng - Device updating eng UPnP AN Services	olters			(as
E GATEWAY E GATEWAY Media Services (only need to co Media Services (only need to co - content tauxilary meti - content auxilary meti - content auxilary meti - DRM enforcement d - Device updating eng - IPnP AV Services	ure content disposition and allow instant buy capture	A SD A		
E GATEWAY Media Services (only need to co - media storage - media Services - content auxilary meth - content auxilary meth - DRM enforcement di - Devices - Devices - Devices - Devices - Devices	e/support DRM?	SD SD ST	(0S) (1	(SD)
IE GATEWAY Media Services (only need to co) - media storage - content channel stor - content auxilary meti - DRM enforcement di Connection Services - Device updating eng - Remote device disc - Devices - Devices				
Media Services (only need to co - media storage - content channel stor - content auxilary meti - DRM enforcement di - ORM enforce				
- media storage - content channel stor - content auxilary meti - DRM enforcement di - DRM enforcement di - Connection Service updating eng - iRadio Server updati	cover a small number of users)			
- content channel storr - content auxilary met - DRM enforcement di Connection Services Connection Services - Remote device disc - Device updating eng - iRadio Server updati			Sex Sex	
- Content auxilary meta - DRM enforcement di - DRM enforcement di - Connection Services - Remote device disc - Device updating eng - iRadio Server updati UPnP AN Services	Drade		September 1	
Content auxiliary merican diagramment di Connection Services Connection Service disco - Device updating eng - IRadio Server updati UPnP AV Services	otadota atacase (dimensity distin)			
- UKM enforcement of Connection Services - Remote device disco - Device updating eng - iRadio Server updati UPnP AV Services	cianala siviaye (uyilalilic & stalic)	00		
Connection Services - Remote device disco - Device updating eng - iRadio Server updati UPnP AV Services	daemon (expiring stale content)		NAV	
- Remote device disco - Device updating eng - iRadio Server updati UPnP AV Services				
- Device updating eng - iRadio Server updati UPnP AV Services	coverv registry	SDIC.	Solution Solution	
- iRadio Server updati	naine (nroxv)	(US)	en e	
- Induio Server upuani UPnP AV Services				
UPnP AV Services	aung engine/interrace			
				2 A A
- device discovery reg	AnsiB:			L
- content repository			SD)	(US)
Common Services (lightweight s	slaves to counterparts on the iRadio Server)			
			55 CD C	
- protile/preterences		S0	20%	
 user/device authentic 	tication	SP SP	SDR.	
2 session managemen	ent		NA.	NA)
- usage tracking			SDR S	
- clock synchronization	00	CAXN	(NAV)	

intelligence K everywhere" Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 4



E Radio™ Building Blocks Status (2)

			Availability (nev	v or preferred s	source
	DOMAINS	Detailed description	Demo	Trial	Product
IRADIO SERVEI	κ				
Web	Pages				
	user playlist creation pages		A CSD: MAN		
	user configuration web site		······································		
	 customer relations management web site 		NA	NA	
	- OA&M adhoc website				
	- usage tracking report generatation				
		•			
Medi	a Storage Services (need to cover millions of users)				
	- media storage				-
	- content channel storage				
	- content auxilary metadata storage (dynamic & static)				
	- audio format conversion				
	- content encoding				
	- DRM enforcement daemon (expiring stale content)			NA	
Broad	Icast Media Services				
	Radio guide storage & lookup				
Conn	ection Services				
	- Remote device discovery registry		NA	NA NA	NAN
	- Home Gateway discovery registry				
	- Device updating engine (proxy)		NA NA	NA NA	NA
	- Home Gateway updating engine (proxy)			and the state of the second state of the state of the second state	
	- Content Provider Interface(s)				
Comr	non Services				
	- profile/preferences		CORE I NA	COLE INA	
-	- user/device authentication			CORE I NA	
	7 session management				
	 user groups, buddy and community functionality 		NA)	NA	(NA)
	usage tracking		COR	Gote	GOR
	- usage tracking reporting and mining interface				
	- billing support			NA	
	- clock synchronization		NA NA		
CONTENT PRO	VIDER				
- Seci	ure Internet access to pull user content		i nar		
- Inter	net access to pull radio schedule (both future and historical)		NAR	-	
- cloc	k synchronization (we may need to know the provider's idea of current time)		I. NAR		
		# 00 ······			

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 5

intelligence 🗙 everywhere"

Feature Set SIMPLE CENTER vs iRADIO center Radio™

FEATURE	sc	SC+	IRadio
Digital Media Library	×	×	×
Music Player	×	×	×
Media ID Tools	×	×	*
MP3 & WMA Support	×	×	×
Device Manager / *(Profile- Mood based Events Record "scheduler" & daily sets- browser based rather than .exe)	×	×	*
WI-FI Wireless Media Delivery	×	×	×
Watch Folders	×	×	2
CD-Ripper-		×	
Media Explorer		×	*
Live365, LAUNCHcast, Virgin Radio, SHOUTcast (stream to PC)		×	×
NewsCenter (legal download & automated upload to client)		×	×
Other content partners download & multi domain upload			×
Song Downloads		×	×
Audio Books		×	×
Interactive Buy/Rate/ Vote			×
Interface with Server for Multi-Domain Coordination			×
Auto recording of content for controlled distribution			×
Community referrals/playlist eXchange		÷	×
Multi codec / Multi DRM support			×
Subscriber Management System			×
Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 6		intelligence	

Use cases / Features Phase Plan (prelim for discussion) بن Radio™

DEMO CES	TRIAL C1 2005	Product 1.0 G2-G3 '05
 Home to Phone Remote controller E680 Media daily set update Seamless pause & resume Xdomains 	 Home to car "My daily" content auto update "Seamless pause-resume home theatre to HiFi car stereo Push to Buv "differed" through Internet 	• TBD
 Home to Car E680 Media daily set update Seamless pause & resume Xdomains Auto record / wake-up from web profile EPG or catalog based 	 EPG or catalog based event recording with power/resource available & bandwidth management TBD 	
 Home to phone to car Seamless synch home theatre to phone/media player to HiFi car stereo Push to buy from car or phone delivered to the home directly 		

intelligence 🗙 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 7



C Radio™ Key Challenges/Holes

- Need definition CES, trial, product
- Engineering Hiring is a little behind
- Need rules of engagement with SimpleDevices
- DRM
- Legacy content support (if needed)



Motorola Confidential Proprietary Page 8





CES Demo Script High-Level Requirements

Draft Revision 0.2

Motorola, Inc. iRadio, Media Services Dave Ulmer /JMV/ MC /SR/EC September 9th, 2004

Motorola Proprietary Confidential

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 206

& Radio™

1	GOAL		3
2	TENT	ATIVE SCRIPT: "A DAY IN THE LIFE" SCRIPT	4
2	2.1 Ho 2.1.1	ME TO WORK Alarm*	4 4
	2.1.2 2.1.3	Pause Here Resume There	4 4
2	2.2 Wo 2.2.1	DRK TO MCDONALDS	4 4
	2.2.2 2.2.3	Skip* Pause	4 4
2	2.3 Mc	DONALDS TO GYM	4 ∡
-	2.3.2 2.3.2	Phone rings*	5
-	2.4.1	Push to Buy	5
3	USER	R INTERFACE CONCEPT	Э .6
3	3.1 ON	тне РС	6
3	3.2 On <i>3.2.1</i>	THE PHONE	8 8
3	3.2.2 3.3 On	E680 Navigation keys	9 0

1 Goal

Showcase key tenets of iRADIO initial service:

1. Notion of a personalized "daily set" selection out of a library of audio choices, whether thematic music channels personalized to your tastes or spoken words / talks segments mixed with personal collection of owned music

Expectations:

- User friendly drag & drop selection menu on a PC emulating the Serenade Player interface with the addition of creating channels from the consumer's owned music library.
- High Speed Synchronization through USB with the phone
- 2. Seamless mobility between domains: demonstrate seamless portability and playability from "at home" to "on the go" to "in the car" through wireless synchronization without user's interaction.

Expectations:

- After USB Synchronization, downloaded content can be played through home, being paused and resumed over the phone then switched to car radio.
- Phone call interruptions or other interferences in the listening pattern results in resuming where the listener left off, regardless of the media player used.
- 3. User friendly experience moving from home to car. Re-use of "car legacy" to turn it into a digital media player using very well known CD user interface and preset keys.

Expectations:

- Phone user interface mimics the car radio preset keys and can be used as remote control
 of the car radio
- Car radio buttons are also used as direct user interface to control the audio streaming coming from the phone
- The pre-sets keys are automatically mapped to the "channels categories" configured on the PC
- Program associated data are displayed on the car radio 1 or multiple lines as well as on the phone.
- 4. Multi-domain Push-to-Buy: Show that a "discovered" song in one media player (coming from dynamic content refreshed daily by the content provider) can be tagged and stored in one domain (car or in the phone) for temporary usage while a permanent selection, potentially with better codec bandwidth and attributes like 5:1 channels

Expectations:

- Depressing a key x seconds on the phone or pushing the CD play button x seconds simulate a Push-to-buy: the song is automatically appended to "my owned music library" subset and can be replayed/skipped unlike the other "webcast" channels
- When at home, the song also appears on the "My owned music library" potentially in a different compression format (128k or 192kbps vs 32k-64kbps original webcast
- Billing account is incremented by one transaction

2 Tentative Script: "A Day in the Life" Script



2.1 Home to Work

2.1.1 Alarm*

- Dave wakes up, and smashes his alarm off -(regular alarm)
- Picks up his phone near the bed and selects his "Smooth Jazz #1" channel, which starts to play on his stereo
- During his morning coffee, he switches over to his high-energy "Espresso Mix #2"

2.1.2 Pause Here

- Pausing the mix, he runs out the door, leaving his MP3 player on the dresser

2.1.3 Resume There

- He hits resume as he drives away to work
- Along the way, Dave quickly checks a "Traffic #3" report, then switches back to "Espresso Mix #2" and it's smooth sailing on into work

2.2 Work to McDonalds

- 2.2.1 Drive McDonalds
 - Dave decides to grab a Big Mac and heads to McDonalds, playing through his "home MP3 collection #4"
- 2.2.2 Skip*
 - He skips ahead through multiple tracks looking for one he wants
 - He decides to switch over to "NPR #5" to hear his favorite talk show

2.2.3 Pause

- Not wanting to miss a word, he hits pause as he pulls into the drive-up, then

2.3 McDonalds to Gym

- 2.3.1 Resume
 - Resumes the talk show as he pulls away chomping on a burger

Motorola Proprietary Confidential

& Radio™

2.3.2 Phone rings*

- The phone rings in mid sentence
- He answers and the radio mutes during the call and resumes afterwards

2.4 Gym to Home

- He plugs earphones into his cell phone and works out to his ""home MP3 collection #4"" channel
- Heading home he puts his radio on "Classic Rock #6"

2.4.1 Push to Buy

 Hearing his favorite Eric Clapton track and remembering that concert back in '82, he decides to buy the album on the spot

2.4.2 Play

 Pulling into his garage, he shuts off the car, goes inside, grabs a beer, and settles down in his easy chair, clicking play on his phone to play the song he just bought on his home stereo (higher definition codec potentially surround sound...)

Page 5 of 10 Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 210

3 User Interface Concept

3.1 On the PC

Example of Serenade UI which would need to be "hyped up" to facilitate the similar look and feel home-phone-car application concept with presets keys:





3.2 On the phone

3.2.1 E680 example



Motorola Proprietary Confidential

Page 8 of 10 Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 213

3.2.2 E680 Navigation keys

Idea is to emulate the behavior of "the leader of the pack" in user friendliness a.k.a iPOD and anticipate the fact that the future entertainment phone from MOT will duplicate iPOD functionality. The 4+1 rocking switch / joystick will be used for all Play/pause/Skip back and forth and access to the extended menu. The central rocker switch is used to ENTER/SELECT and short-cut functions like PTB

A small icon representing the key functions can be displayed just like the V600 player as a visual reminder of the 'soft keys" for total user transparency: Pause will appear when playing and vice-versa



Keys	Role	Comments
Up Arrow	MENU access	Just like IPOD accesses
	Serves also as the Escape/back	playlists browsing, set-up
	key in hierarchical menus	menus. In our case, can also
		open the "Vote +/-" menu or
		the Push-to-Buy selection
Down Arrow	Play or Pause	Alternatively- Pause acts as a
		stop
Right arrow	Skip to next track or fast	Continuous activation fast
	forward within a track	forward like in a CD player
Left arrow	Skip back track or fast rewind	Same idea
Center key	1. SELECT/ENTER or NEXT	Used for hierarchical tree
	SCREEN	based menu navigation. Will
		ultimately allow scroll through
		various playlists within a given
		channel (major genre and sub-
		genre)
	2. NEXT DISPLAY	e.g. In non MENU mode (play
		mode), it is used as toggle key
		for various display like Name



•

	3. Push-To-Buy	artist and song in big letters or CD coverart with artist data as represented in the picture Shortcut key activation for the PTB function: depressing 3 seconds could display the PTB window with the usual: do you confirm you really want to buy it requiring a second push (unless you have activated the Amazon IP protected single button activation!)
Red Phone key	Phone level escape key / ON- OFF	Could be potentiall
Green Phone	Phone level menu access /	
Кеу	phone answer etc	
Top left hard	Iradio Launcher	May be coming from other
key		main menus and may not be needed
Top Right	Unused	May have some other
hard key		functions in the phone

3.3 On the car radio



Motorola Proprietary Confidential

Page 10 of 10 Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 215


Core Solutions Platform



Concept Architecture



intelligence ᄊ everywhere"

•	
	solutions in multiple domains (home, person, car, work/school):
	 Enable common user experience (not UI) across domains
	 Seamless transition between domains
	 Personalized for user, device and domain
	 Interacting solutions to enrich user experience
	 Easy re-branding for different service providers
٠	Support for incremental adoption of solutions
٠	Support for multiple deployment models:
	 Independently hosted with loose administrative coupling to customer operations, e.g., Avis, BREW
	 Independently hosted with tighter administrative coupling to customer onerations of OnStar
	 Integrated into customer operations, e.g., 4thpass carrier deployments
٠	A vibrant developer community

×

	illiess actively of solutions in titulipie autiants (itotife,
ber	son, car, work/school):
I	Solution available in multiple domains
I	Experience optimized in each domain
I	Intelligent hand-off between domains to provide a seamless user experience
Pla	form support to reduce development load:
I	Look-and-Feel components to ensure consistent UI for each domain, e.g., JUIX UI components
I	Consistent APIs enabling ease of transfer of functionality between domain, e.g., location APIs,
I	Enablers to seamlessly transfer experience across domains, e.g., Aud
I	Seamless connectivity/hand-off between solution spaces
I	Platform/domain emulators with consistent core APIs

Core Solutions Platform

Goals





oprietary 🗮 Karati intelligence 🥂 everywhere"



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 221

System Architecture

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 222

Client

MOTOROLA

End-to-End Software Architecture



intelligence 阏 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Server

Solution vs. Device JUIX



- Enablers whose implementation is more tightly coupled with a device platform
- E.g., UI Mgr, JVM, OSGi stack, Device Mgmt, etc.
- Includes the current phone JUIX platform and those planned for the vehicle and home

Solution JUIX

- Enablers that leverage Device JUIX whenever available
- Also straddles non-Java platforms like BREW
- Device independent and straddle domains

intelligence ᄊ everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

M MOTOROLA



JUIX Client Software Stack



* Click on underlined boxes in Slide Show mode for more details

📈 everywhere"

intelligence

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

M MOTOROLA



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 225





Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 226

Backup

purcriase, etc. ROLA intelligence A everyw	nd MOTOROLI
 videos Business transaction support: e.g., free Wireless LAN with 	- Bu
 Hot-spot specific content: e.g., Starbucks musak, Blockbuster 	ι Έ
 Location specific caching: e.g., Nashville country, NOLA blues, 	י ר ו
The advantages of a Hot-spot:	• The
 Server Home is permanent: personal content store 	- Ho
 Hot-spot is transient – mainly a fat pipe to back-end or home 	Ho Ho
Home vs. hot-spot:	• Home
 Another (cheaper/free) way to access the remote server 	- An
The need for a Gateway:	• The r
e solutions cateway	うして

E

ere





Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 228

Device JUIX

Platform Applications

- Applications specific to a domain/platform
- **Mobile Handset**
- Phone settings (ring tone, answer modes, etc) I
- Phone book, calendar, etc
- Phone browser
- Vehicle
- Vehicle settings
- Vehicle diagnostics
- Secure vehicle gateway
- Home
- Home network settings
- Home network component settings



intelligence ᄊ everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary



Ul Manager

- Abstract UI widget set that supports multimodal I/O for each platform/domain.
- Third-party application developers sheltered from the various look-and-feels
- OEMs may provide their own branding lookand-feel.



intelligence ᄊ everywhere



Application Manager

- Allows rapid deployment of a rich portfolio of services culled from multiple vendors
- Secure installation/update of applications
- Remote administrative functionality
- Server support for preprocessing apps:
- byte code verification, compiling, signatures, profile/manifest I
- OSGi compliance





Motorola Confidential Proprietary

intelligence ᄊ everywhere"

rs (DM							5
vice paramete	patching	s	lanagement			s) downloads	
set/monitor dev ML)	'native software	intent download	to Application N	ets:	Sync	ontent (e.g., ringtone	
Remotely Tree/Sync	Firmware/	Secure co	Interface t	On hands	– PIM Data	 Secure co 	
•	•	•	•	٠			

Device Management

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 232

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

intelligence 📉 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary	LO
Supports interfaces with VPN framework	٠
Provide device/HW level DRM security	•
 Policy objects manage relationships between CodeSource objects and Permission objects 	
 Gated access to sensitive services 	
 containment, privacy Auditing 	
 authentication, authorization, non-repudiation 	
Executes on top of Java 2 Security to provide:	•

Security Manager

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 233

E

sre

Power Manager

- Deliver Power status change events to applications:
 - Power ON
- Power OFF
- Sleep/Accessory Mode
- Enforce low-power behavior in emergency situations
- Monitor power consumption to detect power hogs and enforce appropriate policies



intelligence ᄊ everywhere"



Resource Manager

- Manage priority based access to system resources:
- processor, threads
- Memory
- UI: display, input devices, audio/speech 1
- communications
- Enforce priority/precedence policies
- For example, free required resources for an emergency call: kill/suspend current applications I





intelligence ᄊ everywhere







1



Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Personalization - Profile Manager

- Portable User Profiles
- Access same profile from multiple devices and domains
- Supports user profile segmentation by domain, solution
- Supports preferences at the Solution and core enabler levels
- Device/Domain Profiles
- Allows preferences to control solution behavior based on device or domain.
- E.g., allow audio content transcoding based on device capabilities/domain preferences
- Application Configurations
- Allow service providers to turn on/off features
- Control access and usage of features
- User-friendly, intuitive web based profile editor
 - User profiles
- Device provisioning/App config. facilities for service providers

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

M MOTOROLA

intelligence ᄊ everywhere"



User/Community Manager

- Secure, distributed User administration
- Common shared model for a User across solutions I
 - Create and administer Users
- Share User between solutions
- Secure Community management:
- Support simple buddy-lists on server
- Leverage existing messaging services on client, e.g., SMS
- Leverage existing communities when possible, e.g., AOL I
- Support anonymous, ad-hoc community leaders: 1
- E.g., an "influencer" play-list sharing community



intelligence ᄊ everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Manager
onnection
Ö
Session /
Ń

- Manage mobile session across networks and domains
- Persistent, intermittently connected sessions 1
- secure each session (authentication, encryption) I
- handoffs between interfaces
- BW and link-cost aware
- Straddle session across networks, domains:
- Internet, enterprise intranets
- Seamlessly transfer between home, person, car I



intelligence ᄊ everywhere"

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

- Manage Solution context
- Across domains seamless hand-offs
- Support Context based UE:
- E.g, location based adaptation of DP local news, weather
 - E.g., time based adaptation of iRadio play-lists
 - Enforce policies based on Context:

I

- E.g., DRM policies that vary in different domains
- Share context between Solutions:
- Supports interaction of solutions
- Context synchronization support:
- Support Pause-Resume across domains
 - Update Context based on time, location
- Works closely with Session Management & Solution Disovery





Motorola Confidential Proprietary

intelligence ᄊ everywhere

Solution Discovery

- Detect the docking of Devices and Gateways
- E.g., a handset being brought into a car
- E.g., a car being driven within range of a hotspot/home gateway
- Lightweight, secure Service Discovery:
- Discover available components as a result of docking that result in new Service
- E.g., A music download service when near a Gateway
 - E.g., Starbucks Drive-thru service near their hotspot 1

 \bigcirc

- E.g., Hands-free phone call when entering a car.
- - Works closely with Session and Context Management:



M MOTOROLA

Recommendation Engine

- Recommendation Engine/Agent based on usage observation:
- Enforce privacy policies, if any
- Interface implementation may leverage commercial engines if available, e.g., Gracenotes for music I
- Support for common tools for usage analysis
- Leverage common Usage Tracking enabler component
- Works closely with Usage Tracking/Debug service:



Motorola Confidential Proprietary



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 243

















Motorola Confidential Proprietary

MOTOROLA

E

- Allows applications to use their own address books:
 - List of friends
- List of places to go to for errands/business travel I
- List of houses to check out for real-estate deals
- Allows street addresses to be validated as navigable, i.e., can be geo-coded to the map-database.
- Allows application to enter street addresses easily (optional).





Motorola Confidential Proprietary

intelligence ᄊ everywhere

Set Alternate Origin

- Allows application to set an alternate origin
- Default is usually the current position.
- Alternate origin useful for:
- Setting an origin on a navigable point when living in unmapped remote areas
- familiar with most of the route except near the end (freer Setting an origin closer to destination when you are to listen to music uninterrupted by unnecessary maneuver instructions)





intelligence ᄊ everywhere



Robust Ro	oute (upcoming fe	eature)
 Allows sys potential a back into t 	stem to "carpet" a spe alternative "routelets" the main route	scified area with that merge
 Robust rol Getting or a navigab Getting ba 	ute useful for efficient route for the first time whe le area, e.g., parking lot, lar ick on route when straying	tly: en not starting from ge malls/campuses off-route by accident
OTOROLA	Motorola Confidential Proprietary	intelligence 📉 everywhere"

•

Navigation Preferences

- Allows application to set preferences for route calculation
- Preferences include:
- Fastest (balanced) route default
- Avoid freeways
- Avoid tollways
- Avoid bridges, tunnels, …





MOTOROLA









Server



 \bigcirc

intelligence ᄊ everywhere"

MOTOROLA

Media Enablers









Motorola Confidential Proprietary

MOTOROLA

intelligence ᄊ everywhere"







intelligence 📉 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

A Vibrant Development Community

- Client SDKs
- Server SDKs



|--|

4

ì


intelligence everywhere



Brainstorming July 20th, 2004



RadioTM

MOTOROLA Motorola Confidential Proprietary Intelligence everywhere	 centric? Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? 	 Key questions to answer: Which devices and key features will be demo'ed? How does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM 	 Simplify to only 2 or 3 key messages Big on behavior, lower on technology "taking content you are used to somewhere else" 	Goals of CES Demo:	Results Brainstorming CES Demo scripts 7/20/04
					Petitioners

-

-

.

	configuration webpage Allows to register for service, access catalog library of contents from service provider like webcast radios, personalized
	subscription channels Allows to aggregate "owned" music library to mix with external content into daily sets Preferably links with well known media players as Real, WM or iTunes rather than imposing its own (case of SimpleCenter)
My I	Daily Sets Create 128Mbytes of compressed music/ spoken words updated each day at least partially for the content either stale or listene to in AAC+, that would allow between 1.5 hours to 2 hours per channel with a 50% mix music vs. talk, in WMA about
•	Thour/channel and probably 30 minutes/ crianine in win o Channel #1: My "digital music"
	 CD ripped collection Digital Music downloads Channel #2: Mv "Yahoo" Personal Music Channel
•	
•	Channel #3. My tain show radio of 2010 - Car taik, CNBC McEnroe
••	Channel #4: My Audiole pooks Channel #5: My Sports radio
•	 Soccer news, stats, scores Channel #6: My Lifestyles Analise Entertainment gossip, Discovery, History
Ke.	r questions to answer: Which devices and key features will be demo'ed?:
•	 Organization into predictive dairy sets, and common sets, and contrict S. XM centric? How does the demo vary if this is Yahoo Launcast centric vs. XM centric? May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content and owner's May be very similar with the difference that the user can create playlist / advanced programming based on XM content and owner's
•	 Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Why is it better than a combo XM in the car + iPOD plug n play? Brings the user feedback and intelligent automated refreshment of some of the content (albeit more limited) and also automates the Listen on XM-purchase on iTunes scenario. Also, provides a true seamless continuity of the same content without plug- unplug (arguable if this is a BlueTooth -iPOD or Motorola iPTunes phoneFood for thoughts)

.

Use Case Compliance Matrix

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

intelligence A everywhere







intelligence 🗙 everywhere"

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

/Audioplayer

ł

····· BlueTooth

.... Wireless

WiFi

Wireline

MOTOROLA





 Pemo Script DeSCrp Pin the life of a consumer "in the life of a consumer "content to be automatically daily phone (pre-processing / set-up) wned music", service provider subscription do ther spoken-words catalog based content cheast, NPR's Car Talk, jokes of the day, trivia, sports reports (4-6 hours depending codecs & content) (4-6 hours depending codecs & content) main music channel, My Sports, My Talk radio, My wnood: My Morning Latte, My energy boost, My mood: My Morning Latte, My set adio, My "aned on Home Theater from MS 1000 NAS off to legacy car stereo off to legacy car stereo off to legacy car stereo maneory preset to browse through various prepared dand back. Receive live phone call - interrupts music-interrupts music-interrupts music-interrupts music-interrupts music-interrupts music-interrupts music-interrupts music-interruption 	y on / CD) mtly on the PC gs artist	ala Confidential
 ADIO CES D An "Audio Day" On PC, user prepares 5-6 "Play-lis refreshed & downloaded to car and j refreshed & downloaded to car and j refreshed & downloaded to car and j regraves. Itunes jukebox, Yahoo Laun horoscope, new movies reviews, work of main "superse radio head-unit 5-6 preset keys work of content preferences (128Meg / Judible book. Organize in 5 or 6 main "superse radio head-unit 5-6 preset keys work of content preferences (128Meg / Judible book. Organize in 5 or 6 main "superse radio head-unit 5-6 preset keys work of content preferences (128Meg / Judible book. E.g. My Ripped Music, My perse Audible book. E.g. My Ripped Music, My perse Audible book. B.g. My Ripped Music, My perse Audible book. B.g. My Ripped Music, My perse Audible book. B.g. My Ripped Music, My perse Audible book. Durp in the car - Seamless hand Jump in the car - Seamless hand phone controls a contents, can pause, skip forwar handsfree on car sterco. Park the car- Finish phone converse phone converse or external spector phone earphones or external spector phone earphones or external spector phone and bark to the day: Come back in the car- Finish phone converse or external spector phone earphones or external spector phone earphones or external spector phone and bark to the day: Come back in the car- Finish phone converse or external spector phone converse or external spector phone earphones or external spector phone earphones or external spector phone phone phone converse or external spector phone phone phone phones or external spector phone phone phone phone phone phones or external spector phone p	 Listen to a "pop tune" from subscription service and likes it: push-to-bu radio depressing the CD start Key 2 seconds (tags the music title / artist radio depressing the home, request is uploaded (WiFi) from car and insta donwloaded from Music services into "My recently purchased" folder of the purchased Content can then be listened to right away on Home Theater Also, "Tag Event" could have a "Push-to-Learn more" function that fla bios on PC, possible concerts in the area etc 	

-



. . .

(((c\$d)))

MOTOROLA

intelligence 🗙 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary





· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 <u>e de constante de cons</u>	
and and an	<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	wth	

Propics
Broadband
Broadband
Grove
Gr

• .

MOTOROLA

intelligence 🔥 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary



S

Gend Mr03 Awros Pre-Paid Cellular Mr04 Pre-Paid Cellular Mr05 Pre-Paid Cellular Mr06 Pre-Paid Cellular Mr07 Pre-Paid Cellular Mr08 Pre-Paid Cellular Mr09 Pre-Paid Cellular Mr07 Pre-Paid Cellular Mr08 Pre-Paid Cellular Mr09	OnStar Portfo	lio	MY04
Gend myoz Moz Moz Myoz Myoz Manyauo Memo Record Manyauo Emergency Call Memo Record Manyauo Emergency Call Manyauo Emergency Call Manyauo Emergency Call		Gen5 MY03	
Mann Record Pre-Paid Cellular Memo Record Venicle Data Upload Memo Record Venicle Data Upload Memo Record Venicle Data Upload Pre-Paid Cellular Memo Record Memo Record Venicle Data Upload Pre-Paid Cellular Memo Record Memo Record Venicle Data Upload Memo Record Class2 Dating / Modem Sharing Memo Record Class2 Dating / Modem Sharing Memo Record LockUnlock Request Man/Auto Emergency Call LockUnlock Request Man/Auto Emergency Call Hands-Free Audio Man/Auto Emergency Call	Gen4 ^{MY02}		
Monocol			Pre-Paid Cellular Memo Record
 Venicle Uata Upload Pre-Paid Cellular Demo Play Advisor Call Advisor Call		Pre-Paid Cellular Memo Record	 Vehicle Data Upload Demo Play Class2 Dialing / Modem Sharing
 Pre-Paid Cellular Pre-Paid Cellular Pre-Paid Cellular Pre-Paid Cellular Personal Calling Vehicle Data Upload Vehicle Totes Velice Prompts Veice Prompts<!--</td--><td></td><td> Vehicle Data Upicau Demo Play Class2 Dialing / Modem Sharing </td><td> Man/Auto Emergency Call Advisor Call Lock/Unlock Request </td>		 Vehicle Data Upicau Demo Play Class2 Dialing / Modem Sharing 	 Man/Auto Emergency Call Advisor Call Lock/Unlock Request
 Memo Record Vehicle Data Upload Vehicle Pata Upload Vehicle Data Upload Vehicle Data Upload Vehicle Data Upload Vehicle Pata Upload Vehicle Pata Upload Vehicle Pata Upload Vehicle Pata Value Velice Prompts Venoral Screte Verore Prompts Vehicle Pata Value Vehicle Pata Va	Pre-Paid Cellular	Man/Auto Emergency Call Advisor Call Advisor Call Advisor Call	Personal Calling Hands-Free Audio
 Demo Play Demo Play Class2 Dialing / Modem Sharing Class2 Dialing / Modem Sharing Man/Auto Emergency Call Man/Auto Emergency Call Man/Auto Emergency Call Mari/Auto Emergency Call Mari/Auto Emergency Call Mari/Auto Emergency Call Motion Emergency Call Motoral Integrated) Lock/Unlock Request Lock/Unlock Request<td> Memo Record Vehicle Data Upload </td><td>Personal Calling</td><td> Continuous Voice Recognition Voice Prompts </td>	 Memo Record Vehicle Data Upload 	Personal Calling	 Continuous Voice Recognition Voice Prompts
 Mar/Auto Emergency Call Mar/Auto Emergency Call Advisor Call Advisor Call Class2 Flash Program Lock/Unlock Request Lock/Unlock Request	 Demo Play Class2 Dialing / Modem Sharing 	 Hands-Free Audio Discrete Voice Recognition Voice Brownts 	 Digital NAD GPS (on-board integrated)
 Lock/Unlock Request Button Barge-In Personal Calling Personal Calling Personal Calling Hands-Free Audio Hands-Free Audio Class2 Flash Programming Hands-Free Audio Class2 Flash Programming Class2 Flash Programming NMHU GPS Interface Class2 Flash Programming NMHU GPS Interface Class2 Flash Programming Class2 Flash Programming NMHU GPS Interface Class2 Flash Programming Class2 Flash Programming Class2 Flash Programming NMHU GPS Interface Class2 Flash Programming Class2 Flash Programming Combinance Class2 Flash Programming Combinance Compliance Combinance Combina	 Man/Auto Emergency Call Advisor Call 	Analog NAD CDS (on hoard internated)	 Class2 Flash Programming MMHU GPS Interface
 Hands-Free Audio Hands-Free Audio Discrete Voice Recognition Noice Prompts Voice Prompts Voice Prompts Vench VR & Interface Button Barge-In VR DTMF Tones CPS (on-board discrete) CPS (on-board discrete)	 Lock/Unlock Request Personal Calling 	Classical (Controlling) LS/HS-GMLAN Support Classical Decomming	 Button Barge-In VR DTMF Tones
 Voice Prompts Analog NAD GPS (on-board discrete) Intelligence MOTOROLA M Motorola Confidential Proprietary Intelligence 	 Hands-Free Audio Discrete Voice Recognition 	Classz Flasil Flogianinnig MMHU GPS Interface	 French/Spanish VR & Prompts E911 Compliance
GPS (on-board discrete) French VR & Prompts Motorola Confidential Proprietary intelligence	 Voice Prompts Analog NAD 	 Button Barge-In VR DTMF Tones 	
Motorola Confidential Proprietary intelligence	 GPS (on-board discrete) 	 French VR & Prompts 	
	MOTOROLA	Motorola Confidential	Proprietary intelligence

.....





.

|--|

...'

• • •

. .

	GM/OnStar would like to integrate XM receiver hardware and software in the TCU	 GM/OnStar requesting Telematics suppliers to chose one of two component design options 	 XM chipset integration XM module integration 	 Integrated XM receiver will provide the same features and functionality as remote receiver 	 GM/OnStar intends to augment XM audio services with new digital data services 	OnStar enhanced XM traffic	OnStar reverse path B2B	Group messaging	 Large and multimedia file broadcast 	Motorola Confidential Proprietary intelligence everywhere
·	na Na	•		•	•					3

. .

. .

·

. . .

-

.



sert package Dwight Sakuma

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 272

everywhere

₹

intelligence

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

(((**§**)))

MOTOROLA

Ş

·

Popics Broadband

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 273

intelligence 💦 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

(((系)))

MOTOROLA





Dotitio

iRadio . . . Enabling your digital music to seamlessly follow you!



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 276





- Home entertainment system 🧾
 - Home PC
- Car stereo
- Portable digital music player
 - Cellular handset
- And whatever comes next



MOTOROLA

intelligence everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary



|--|

Ex. 1003 - Page 280

.

. .

. .

.

.

- -

.







•

life of the An Audio entertainment day in consumer

Script for demo CES or other scenario tightly coupled to XM relevance

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 285



Motorola Confidential Proprietary

(((§)))

MOTOROLA

Collaboration Opportunities Assessment

- XM road-map & challenge presentation
- Joint Brainstorming...

MOTOROLA (((Š)))

intelligence 🔣 everywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary








-



Server

J2EE

and a second second

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 291

-

mptions Case Assu Ose emo

nobile device Bluetooth used for al communications.

dering client enc n-car device is a

Jse Actors	The end user of the system.	This is one of many possible content providers which provide concent including playlists and genre channels.	This includes the iRadio Server and the Home Gateway. Their respective roles are no separated at this level of detail.	This includes the render device and remote control. (At this level it doesn't matter whether the remote is the personal device or a dedicatedremote. Behind the scenes the Home Gateway provides extra Home capabilites.	For the demo this is the E680.	This is a standard car radio with theiRadio functionality contained in a device attached to the CD changer connector.
	User	Content Provider	System	Home Player & Remote	Personal Device	Car Device

· · · · · · · · · · · · original a more se . •. • • e len len •

_

.

· · · · · ·

·-. ·...

.

ase	
Ose	
)emo	
	Jemo Use Case

•

. . .

· · · · ·

.

	•	
#	Name	Description
		the user at home
1	Wakeup alarm	A previously set ataint waves up are use and the previously set ataint waves up are used
2	Change iRadio channels in home from remote	In any domain, change to another iRadio channel
	Play content on an isolated personal device	Play content on the personal device, not at home or in the car
4	Buy currently playing content	The currently playing conten t is purchased with a single button press
	Skip currently playing track	Skip to the next track/song on the same iRadio channel
0	Phone call	Take a phone call while listening to iRadio content using car or personal device
	Load daily set into personal device	Load or update newly purchased content onto the personal device
. ∝	Play content in the car	Play content in the car
。 		nltout at home
6	Play content at home	Play content at notice

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 294

......

a second and the second se

. . <u>.</u>

•••

22 - 19 - A - A - A - A

.

Cancels the or changes the content using the in-home remote. (See stop or change use cases) Starts playing configured content at proscribed time and volume Wakeup alarn Use Case Description C •User is sleeping at hom •Alarm has been set nitial Conditions: Home device Actor User ٦. # 2

Use Case 2	hannels in home from remote	eady playing iRadio channel content		Description	Selects another iRadio channel via the remotef	Notifies the system via the update mechanism that the old content was stopped at a particular point	Notifies the system via the update mechanism that new content has been selected	Remote works with other home device components stop the old content and start new content	Starts playing content on the specified channel	
e e, i. i. ¹¹¹¹¹	ge iRadio c	e device is alt	 			•		emote control)	enderer)	
	Chan	•Home	 	# Actor	I User	2 Home Device	3 Home Device	3 Home device (re	4 Home device (re	

....

.

 $\cdot x$

. . .

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 296

·-- · ·

. . . .

• •

Use Case 3 an isolated personal device		Description	Personal device U/I is used to select an iRadio channel	Notifies the system via the update mechanism that content has been selected	Starts playing content on the specified channel	
Initial Conditions:	application has foc	# Actor	User	2 Personal device	3 Personal device	

. . .

·

. . .

÷.

Use Case 4	Buy currently playing content	itions:	dio U/I is available in some domain	content is already playing	Description	Pushes the buy button on the iRadio U/I	Locally moves the playing content into the owned conter	Notifies the system via the update mechanism of the con purchase	Starts playing content on the specified channel	When update finally occurs, Content provider is contact	Uses update mechanism to move purchased content into	
		Initial Condi	•An iRac	•iRadio (# Actor	1 User	2 Device	3 Device	4 Device	5 System	6 System	

- ..

- - -

.

• ••

. .

• • •

.

-

.

Use Case 5	rently playing track		vailable in some domain	ready playing	Description	Pushes the skip button on the iRadio U/I	Notifies the system via the update mechanism that the current content was skipped at a certain point and that nest content was started	Starts playing the next content on the same channel	
	Skip cu	onditions:	iRadio U/I is a	dio content is a					
		Initial Co	•An i	•iRac	# Actor	1 User	3 Device	4 Device	

.

......

- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
	Use Case 6
	Phone Call
itial Conditions:	
•An iRadio U/I is a	vailable in the car or phone domain
•iRadio content is a	lready playing
Actor	Description
Cellular phone system	A call comes in to the user's mobile phone
Car of Phone Device	Stops the currently playing content
Car of Phone Device	Notifies the system via the update mechanism that the current content has been paused at a certain point for a phone call
Car or Phone Device	Handles the phone call in the natural way for that domain
Car or Phone Device	Resumes the previously playing content
Car or Phone Device	Notifies the system via the update mechanism that the content has been resumed
	itial Conditions: • An iRadio U// is av • An iRadio U// is av • IRadio content is a Actor Actor Car or Phone System Car or Phone Device Car or Phone Device

. .

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 300

. .. .

· ·.

. .

.....

.

. .

Use Case 7 set into personal device	on and iRadio software 1s active sarily playing)	Description	Update mechanism contacts system on a regular basis	Sends daily set to personal device	
Initial Conditions:	 Personal device is (although not neces) 	# Actor	1 Personal Device	2 Systěm	

_

n 1911 - Standard Maria, 1913 1911 - Standard Maria, 1913 . **.** . e en per . •

بيج الدابور والديمية فمتستنبيتها والمماد بمرماستا الرزوانية م

. . .

. . . .

.. .

Jse Case 8	ontent in the Car	if neded) is	personal device it incouch as able of playing	Description	Car device U/I is used to select an iRadio channel	Notifies the system via the update mechanism that content has been selected	Starts playing content on the specified channel on the car speakers		
	Play c	Initial Conditions:	•The car device (and	# Actor		1 User	2 Car device	3 Car device	

.. ..

. . .

.

۰.

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 302

.

Use Case 9 content at home	are powered on and the iRadio	Description Description Select an iRadio channel	Home device U/1 (remote control) is used in that content has been selected Notifies the system via the update mechanism that content has been selected	Starts playing content on the specified channel	
Play	Initial Conditions: •The home devices application has foc	# Actor:	1 User	2 Home device 2 Home device (renderer)	

.



What we hoped to accomplish	• To identify the top compelling categories of product requirements	• To start thinking about the minimum performance criteria necessary in these	• To agree on some common terminology	
				Petitioners

Ex. 1003 - Page 305

. :

• •



Petitio

Ex. 1003 - Page 306



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 307

.....



.

Content customization	 Genre-specific channels programmed by the service provider, i.e. Progressive brazilian jazz "Personalized" channels "Personalized" channels "Personalized" channels Self-customized content channels, i.e. Mike's favorite jazz artists or My Driving Tunes playlist Our edge = 'owning the buttons" - Enabling presets to select various content category options micne Me Manalized 	

.....

• •

•



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 310

•







Intelligence Reverywhere

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

M MOTOROLA

lients Ľ lab **N-N** 090

6/8

.

tresson tresson (1999) and an arrest and a stresson (1999) arrest arrest arrest arrest arrest arrest arrest

- · ·

R						_					ss vidth	
SR	SR						· · · .	• •	••••	•	ature andw	•
TTS	TTS	STT STT	. . .			port	· .				Не Не	
USB port	USB port	USB port				/tes						
128 Abytes	128 bytes	128 Abyte:				I Mby		es				
riVo ecord N	TVo cord M	TiVo ecord N					Mby	Mbyt				
idio us	dio dio re	stom adio			Custom	Radio Bus Custorr	Bus	Bus				
er Ra ay Bi	er Ra ay Bu	Jer Ra	a .			nger way	nger	nger				
chang Gatew:	CD chang Gatew	CD chanç Gatew			0 	Chai Gate	A Gate	A Cha Gate		· · · ·		
+DRM	Codec	+DRM	<u> </u>	···· · · · ·		+DRM	Code +DRN	Code +DRN	· · · ·			
WEI:			R			MEL.	MIFI	MFI				
<u>>:</u>	5	5	SR	SR			2			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.,	
	د. 		rs	ΓS	0		· · ·		4 	• • • • •		
<u>5</u>	میں جمعہ محمد ہیں یہ محمد ہیں ہے	· · · · ·				- <u> </u>			ana araying Ang tangga	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ap i		· •.	USB port	USB port	USB port	USB port	USB port	USB port	··· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · ·	1	
Ada			128 Mbytes	128 Mbytes	128 Mbytes	128 Mbytes	128 Mbytes	128 Mbytes	USB port			
ar			TiVo record	TiVo record	TiVo record	TiVo record	TiVo record		128 Mbytes	128 Mbytes		
S S	lap		Custom Radio Bus	Custom Radio Bus	Custom Radio Bus							
les		·	CD changer Gateway	CD changer Gateway	CD changer Gateway							
1												
Vire	Roal		Codec +DRM	Codec +DRM	Codec +DRM							

.. . . .

......

•	Simple Devices:
	-
	 Is going "alone" embracing our BT link but with their content management client in Java to be acted on the above Poly on an external "Scingation of above reference" (# 2000)
	ported on the phone. Kely on an external soundgate-like ou changer adapter (\$()!!!) and does not know about our preset keys mapping
	 Quote the same to the Telematics team!!! (Sean McBride)
•	SSI America: have reverse-engineered multiple proprietary bus. We may be able to
	re-use some open source on their NEO programs (HDD)- Fast track people-
	engineering in Germany
•	Zeevo & SMART: low cost Blue tooth ARM7 single chip solution for wireless CD-like
	stereo. SMART is doing embedded designs modules with memory caching expertise
•	Soundgate: specialized in peripherals OEMs bus adaptors- can modify the XM or
	Sirius retrofit
•	Blitzsafe: same as Soundgate- specialized for XM and CDs retrofit
•	Rockford-Fosgate / Omnifi: may be able to strike a different deal from SD for
	developping direct hardware (next door neighbours)?
•	Motorola Tomhawk4 platform: needs a low cost application – GSG team + some
	ACES automotive resources?
5	



intelligence (XX) everywhere

MOTOROLA

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 317

•

Fopology- Low-end 'ireless Car Adaptor 7



Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 318 intelligence A everywhere

MOTOROLA





and a second second

intelligence (XX) everywhere"

MOTOROLA

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

/ireless Car Adaptor Topology- High-end



Motorola Confidential Proprietary

MOTOROLA

Midleware Off-the She iRadio SW librarie

Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 320 intelligence K everywhere







· :

and a second A second secon




Licensing approaches - hopefully content is How do we browse owned content via the individual license files for each device to Personalization approaches – what is the user experience. Meeting scheduled for phone (local phone content and home encrypted once with relatively small content). Best case is we don't. access the content. Friday to discuss.

ssues

ssues (cont.)

- How much does server bandwidth cost? Radio will transfer LOTS of data.
- Conten Ĺ OUL k wi low will we wo Provider(s)?

Petitioners

Ex. 1003 - Page 327



intelligence everywhere

Wireless Audio Car Adaptor Introduction

Draft Revision X0

.

سلافة المراطبين فيسا

. .

Motorola, Inc. Jean-Marc Villevieille October 25th, 2004

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

2/11/200510/27/2004

Revision	Date of	Author	Comments
Number	revision		
X0	10/25/04	JM Villevieille	Initial draft
X1	10/26/04	Jeff Stinson	Mark up for distribution
·			

.

.

Page 2

Table of Content

1	BACKGROUND & SCOPE	.5
1.1 1.2 1. 1. 1.3 1.4 1.5	BACKGROUND OVERVIEW PHASES	5556678
2	WIRELESS AUDIO CAR ADAPTOR OPTIONS	.9
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 CR/ 2.6	BASIC WACA ARCHITECTURE 1 WACA#1: BLUETOOTH BASELINE THIN CLIENT 1 WACA #2: "No INSTALL - TOTALLY WIRELESS" THIN CLIENT 1 WACA #3: WIRED AUDIO CAR ADAPTOR 1 WACA #4: "HANDS-FREE" KIT AUDIO ADAPTOR - HYBRID BLUETOOTH + US 1 ADLE 1 WACA #5: "THICK CLIENT" ROAD-MAP EVOLUTIONS 1	9 1 1 1 8 12
3	TIMELINE	15
3.1 3.2	IRADIO TIMELINE 1 WACA TIMELINE 1 ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES 1	15 15 16
4.1 4.2	MOTOROLA:	16 16

. ... · ·· · ·

. . .

ا <u>میگرد.</u> موجود استان استان ا محمد میکرد ویژند ویژند

· · · ·

Page 3

· · ·

2/11/200510/27/2004 Petitioners Ex. 1003 - Page 331

١

Table of Figures

The second state of the se	9
Figure 1: generic waca Architecture	10
Figure 2: Baseline thin client WACA Architecture	
Figure 3: "Totally wireless" thin client WACA Architecture	11
Figure 5. Totally whether the start WACA Architecture	
Figure 4: Wired USB thin client WACA Architecture	13
Figure 5: "Hybrid" hands-Free expandable thin client WACA Architecture	
Figure 6. "High End" expandable thin client WACA Architecture	14
Figure 0: fingu-End expandable this entert with the	

and a second second

Motorola Confidential Proprietary

Page 4

2/11/200510/27/2004

1 Background & Scope

1.1 Background Overview

As part of its "Seamless Mobility "strategy, Motorola desires to develop a user friendly aural experience, allowing seamless transition between the cellular domain and in-vehicle car radio, without resorting to a full Telematics architecture for its "Entertainment Series" phones (new generation cellular phones with media player and associated media storage capabilities along with some short range wireless "personal area network" (PAN) capabilities such as BlueTooth or WiFi). This feature is part of the more global "iRadio" solution, which will provide a new "end-to-end" audio entertainment listening experience to the user starting summer of 2005.

The goal is to develop a "smart" and inexpensive massproduction wireless audio adaptor which will decode audio streaming content coming from the phone and interface with a majority of already installed or available OEM and afermarket car radio head-units which have either an auxiliary port or a CD changer port or some kind of satellite digital radio compatibility.

The basic concept is a "Master" phone driving a "Slave" head-unit through this wireless adaptor and can be define into multiple device variations in a road map that is identified in this document.

1.2 Phases

. . <u>-</u>

1.2.1 Demo

The CES 2005 demo will take place Jan 6–9. The current demo will use at least 2 or 3 entertainment phones with different operating systems (Linux, Pocket PC, Symbian) communicating with 2 to three different radio headunits deck, preferably one after-market and one OEM with various degrees of display capabilities. Wireless adaptor could be in two pieces, one for the cellular phone interface and one for the head-unit interface, communicating through a two-wire serial port.

1.2.2 Trial

A trial with two hundred users will occur during the second quarter of 2005. The Trial will demonstrate seamless operation between the home, onthe-go and car domains. Ideally the Trial system will be a natural evolution of the Demo system. This evolution would include the implementation of missing features from the CES demo as well as testing and function enhancements. In addition to securing valuable user feedback, the trial *a*so has an important

2/11/200510/27/2004