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triple-pass scanner \trip'l-pas skan'ər\ *n.* A color scanner that performs one scanning pass on an image for each of the three primary colors of light (red, green, and blue). *See also* color scanner.

tristimulus values \tri'sti'mya-lus val'yōōz\ *n.* In color graphics, the varying amounts of three colors, such as red, blue, and green, that are combined to produce another color. *See also* color, color model.

troff \trof\ *n.* Short for **typesetting runoff**. A UNIX text formatter often used to format man pages. *See also* man pages. *Compare* TeX.

Trojan horse \trō'jən hōrs'\ *n.* A destructive program disguised as a game, utility, or application. When run, a Trojan horse does something harmful to the computer system while appearing to do something useful. *See also* virus, worm.

troll \trōl\ *vb.* To post a message in a newsgroup or other online conference in the hopes that somebody else will consider the original message so outrageous that it demands a heated reply. A classic example of trolling is an article in favor of torturing cats posted in a pet lovers' newsgroup. *See also* YHBT.

troubleshoot \trub'l-shōōt'\ *vb.* To isolate the source of a problem in a program, computer system, or network and remedy it.

trouble ticket \trəb'l'tik'ət\ *n.* A report of a problem with a particular device or system that is tracked through the workflow process. Originally written on paper, electronic trouble tickets are featured by many workflow and help-desk applications. *See also* help desk (definition 2), workflow application.

True BASIC \trōō' bā'sik\ *n.* A version of Basic created in 1983 by John Kemeny and Thomas Kurtz, the creators of the original Basic, to standardize and modernize the language. True BASIC is a compiled, structured version of Basic that does not require line numbers. True BASIC includes advanced control structures that make structured programming possible. *See also* Basic, structured programming.

true color \trōō' kə'lər\ *n.* *See* 24-bit color.

true complement \trōō' kom'plə-mənt\ *n.* *See* complement.

TrueType \trōō'tīp\ *n.* An outline font technology introduced by Apple Computer, Inc., in 1991 and by Microsoft Corporation in 1992 as a means of

including high-grade fonts within the Apple Macintosh and Microsoft Windows operating systems. TrueType is a WYSIWYG font technology, which means that the printed output of TrueType fonts is identical to what appears on the screen. *See also* bitmapped font, outline font, PostScript.

truncate \trun'kāt\ *vb.* To cut off the beginning or end of a series of characters or numbers; specifically, to eliminate one or more of the least significant (typically rightmost) digits. In truncation, numbers are simply eliminated, unlike rounding, in which the rightmost digit might be incremented to preserve accuracy. *Compare* round.

trunk \trunk\ *n.* In communications, a channel connecting two switching stations. A trunk usually carries a large number of calls at the same time.

truth table \trōōth'tā'bl\ *n.* A table showing the value of a Boolean expression for each of the possible combinations of variable values in the expression. *See also* AND, Boolean operator, exclusive OR, NOT, OR.

TSAPI \T'S-A-P-I'\ *n.* Acronym for **Telephony Services Application Programming Interface**. The set of standards for the interface between a large telephone system and a computer network server, developed by Novell and AT&T and supported by many telephone equipment manufacturers and software developers. *Compare* TAPI.

TSR \T'S-R'\ *n.* Acronym for **terminate-and-stay-resident**. A program that remains loaded in memory even when it is not running, so that it can be quickly invoked for a specific task performed while another program is operating. Typically, these programs are used with operating systems that are not multitasking, such as MS-DOS. *See also* hot key.

.tt \dot'T-T'\ *n.* On the Internet, the major geographic domain specifying that an address is located in Trinidad and Tobago.

TTFN \T-T-F-N'\ *n.* Acronym for "**Ta ta for now**." An expression sometimes used in Internet discussion groups, such as Internet Relay Chat (IRC), to signal a participant's temporary departure from the group. *See also* IRC.

TTL \T-T-L'\ *n.* *See* Time to Live, transistor-transistor logic.

TTY \T-T-Y'\ *n.* Acronym for **teletypewriter**. A device for low-speed communications over a