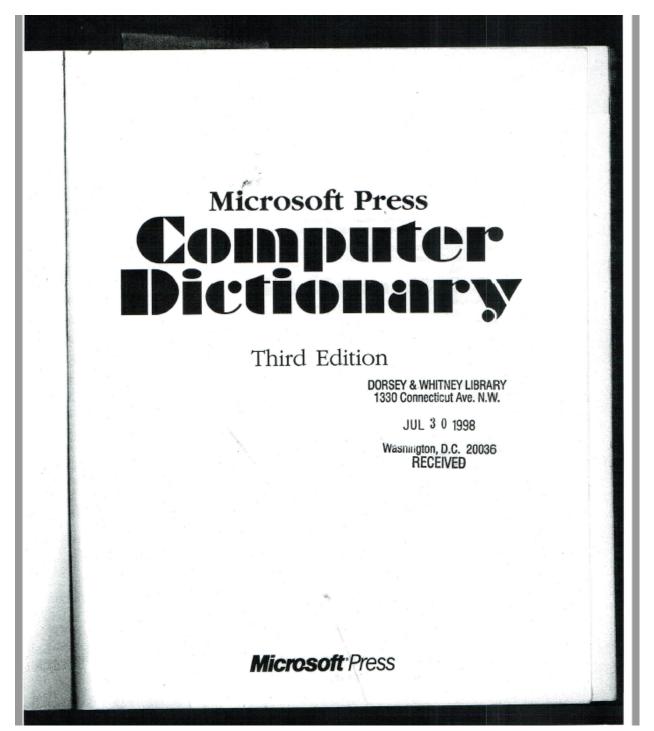
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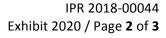
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triple-pass scanner

triple-pass scanner \trip'l-pas skan'ar\ n. A color scanner that performs one scanning pass on an image for each of the three primary colors of light (red, green, and blue). See also color scanner.

tristimulus values \tri-sti myə-lus val yooz\ n. In color graphics, the varying amounts of three colors, such as red, blue, and green, that are combined to produce another color. See also color, color model.

troff \trof\ n. Short for typesetting runoff. A UNIX text formatter often used to format man pages. See also man pages. Compare TeX.

Trojan horse \tro jon hors \n . A destructive program disguised as a game, utility, or application. When run, a Trojan horse does something harmful to the computer system while appearing to do something useful. See also virus, worm.

troll \trol\ vb. To post a message in a newsgroup or other online conference in the hopes that somebody else will consider the original message so outrageous that it demands a heated reply. A classic example of trolling is an article in favor of torturing cats posted in a pet lovers' newsgroup. See also YHBT.

troubleshoot \trub'l-shoot`\ vb. To isolate the source of a problem in a program, computer system, or network and remedy it.

trouble ticket \trab"l tik at\ n. A report of a problem with a particular device or system that is tracked through the workflow process. Originally written on paper, electronic trouble tickets are featured by many workflow and help-desk applications. See also help desk (definition 2), workflow application.

True BASIC \tropo ba sik\ n. A version of Basic created in 1983 by John Kemeny and Thomas Kurtz, the creators of the original Basic, to standardize and modernize the language. True BASIC is a compiled, structured version of Basic that does not require line numbers. True BASIC includes advanced control structures that make structured programming possible. See also Basic, structured programming. true color \tropo kalar\ n. See 24-bit color.

true complement \troo` kom'pla-mant\ n. See complement.

TrueType \troo 'tip\ n. An outline font technology introduced by Apple Computer, Inc., in 1991 and by Microsoft Corporation in 1992 as a means of

including high-grade fonts within the Apple Macintosh and Microsoft Windows operating system. TrueType is a WYSIWYG font technology, which means that the printed output of TrueType fonts is identical to what appears on the screen. See also bitmapped font, outline font, PostScript.

bitmapped ront, outline ront, PostScript.

truncate \trun kāt\ vb. To cut off the beginning or end of a series of characters or numbers; specifically, to eliminate one or more of the least significant (typically rightmost) digits. In truncation, numbers are simply eliminated, unlike rounding in which the rightmost digit might be incremented to preserve accuracy. Compare round.

trunk \trunk\ n. In communications, a channel connecting two switching stations. A trunk usually carries a large number of calls at the same time.

truth table \trooth' ta bl\ n. A table showing the value of a Boolean expression for each of the posible combinations of variable values in the expression. See also AND, Boolean operator, exclusive OR, NOT, OR.

TSAPI \T S-A-P-I \ n. Acronym for Telephony Services Application Programming Interface. The set of standards for the interface between a large telephone system and a computer network server, developed by Novell and AT&T and supported by many telephone equipment manufacturers and software developers. Compare TAPI.

TSR \TS-R\ n. Acronym for terminate-and-stayresident. A program that remains loaded in memory even when it is not running, so that it can be quickly invoked for a specific task performed while another program is operating. Typically, these programs are used with operating systems that are not multitasking, such as MS-DOS. See also hot key.

.tt \dot`T-T\\ n. On the Internet, the major geographic domain specifying that an address is located in Trinidad and Tobago.

TTFN \T-F-N\ n. Acronym for "Ta ta for now."
An expression sometimes used in Internet discussion groups, such as Internet Relay Chat (IRC), to signal a participant's temporary departure from the group. See also IRC.

TTL \T T-L\ n. See Time to Live, transistor-transistor logic.

TTY \TT-Y\ n. Acronym for teletypewriter. A device for low-speed communications over a



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